Given a binary tree, return the *inorder* traversal of its nodes' values.

**Example:**

**Input:** [1,null,2,3]

1

\

2

/

3

**Output:** [1,3,2]

Runtime: 0 ms, faster than 100.00% of Java online submissions for Binary Tree Inorder Traversal.

Memory Usage: 36.2 MB, less than 22.59% of Java online submissions for Binary Tree Inorder Traversal.