

SWERC NoteBook

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March 19, 2022

1 Parcours de graphes

1.1 Implémentation des graphes

1.1.1 C/C++

1.1.2 Python

1.2 DFS - Depth First Search

1.3 BFS - Breadth First Search

1.4 Topological Sort

1.5 Composantes connexes

1.6 Composantes bi-connexe

1.7 Composantes fortement connexe

1.8 2-SAT

1.9 Postier Chinois

1.10 Chemin eulérien

1.11 Chemin le plus court

1.11.1 Poids positif ou nul - Dijkstra

1.11.2 Poids arbitraire - Bellman-Ford

1.11.3 Floyd-Warshall

2 Points et polygones

2.1 Points

2.1.1 Points

```
1 class Point:
2     def __init__(self, x, y):
3         self.x = x
4         self.y = y
5     def subtract(self, p):
6         return Point(self.x - p.x, self.y - p.y)
7     def __str__(self):
8         return '(' + str(self.x) + ', ' + str(self.y) + ')'
```

2.1.2 Cross-product

```
1 def cross_product(p1, p2):
2     return p1.x * p2.y - p2.x * p1.y
```

2.1.3 Direction

```
1 def direction(p1, p2, p3):
2     return cross_product(p3.subtract(p1), p2.subtract(p1))
3 # checks if p3 makes left turn at p2
4 def left(p1, p2, p3):
5     return direction(p1, p2, p3) < 0
6 # checks if p3 makes right turn at p2
7 def right(p1, p2, p3):
8     return direction(p1, p2, p3) > 0
9 # checks if p1, p2 and p3 are collinear
10 def collinear(p1, p2, p3):
11     return direction(p1, p2, p3) == 0
```

2.2 Enveloppe convexe

2.2.1 Marche de Jarvis

```
1 def jarvis_march(points):
2     a = min(points, key = lambda point: point.x)
3     index = points.index(a)
4     l = index
5     result = []
6     result.append(a)
7     while (True):
8         q = (l + 1) % len(points)
9         for i in range(len(points)):
10             if i == l:
11                 continue
12             d = direction(points[l], points[i], points[q])
13             if d > 0 or (d == 0 and distance_sq(points[i], points[l]) > distance_sq(points[q], points[l])):
14                 q = i
15         l = q
16         if l == index:
17             break
18         result.append(points[q])
19     return result
```

2.2.2 Graham Scan

2.3 Aire d'un polygone

2.4 Paire de points les plus proches

3 Ensembles

3.1 Rendu de monnaie

3.2 Sac à dos

3.3 k-somme

4 Calculs

4.1 PGCD

```
1 def pgcd(a,b):
2     return a if b == 0 else pgcd(b,a%b)
```

4.2 Coefficients de Bézout

```
1 def bezout(a,b):
2     if b == 0:
3         return (1,0)
4     else:
5         u,v = bezout(b,a%b)
6         return (v, u - (a//b) *v)
7 def inv(a,p):
8     return bezout(a,p)[0]%p
```

4.3 Coefficients binomiaux

```
1 def binom(n,k,p):
2     prod = 1
3     for i in range(k):
4         prod = (prod * (n-i)) // (i+1) %p
5     return prod
6 #Enlever le p et mod p pour sans modulo
```
