

JAVA Date and Time CheatSheet



1) The current date

LocalDate date = LocalDate.now();

2) The current time

LocalTime time = LocalTime.now();

3) It will give us the current time and date

LocalDateTime current = LocalDateTime.now();

4) to print in a particular format

DateTimeFormatter format = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd-MM-yyyy HH:mm:ss");

String formatedDateTime = current.format(format);

5) getting months days and seconds

Month month = current.getMonth();
int day = current.getDayOfMonth();
int seconds = current.getSecond();



6) Get some specified date

LocalDate date2 = LocalDate.of(1950,1,26);

7) Get date with current time.

LocalDateTime specificDate =
current.withDayOfMonth(24).withYear(2016);

8) To get the current zone

ZonedDateTime currentZone = ZonedDateTime.now();

9) Getting time zone of specific place we use withZoneSameInstant(): it is used to return a copy of this date-time with a different time-zone, retaining the instant.

ZoneId tokyo = ZoneId.of("Asia/Tokyo");

ZonedDateTime tokyoZone = currentZone.withZoneSameInstant(tokyo);



10) find Period between two dates

LocalDate date1 = LocalDate.now(); LocalDate date2 = LocalDate.of(2017, Month.DECEMBER, 19); Period gap = Period.between(date2, date1);

11) Adding five hours to the current

LocalTime time1 = LocalTime.now(); Duration fiveHours = Duration.ofHours(5); LocalTime time2 = time1.plus(fiveHours);

LocalDate date = LocalDate.now();

13) Adding 2 years to the current date

LocalDate year = date.plus(2, ChronoUnit.YEARS);

14) Adding 1 month to the current date

LocalDate nextMonth = date.plus(1, ChronoUnit.MONTHS);

15) Adding 1 week to the current date

LocalDate nextWeek = date.plus(1, ChronoUnit.WEEKS);

16) Adding 2 decades to the current date

LocalDate Decade = date.plus(2, ChronoUnit.DECADES);



LocalDate date = LocalDate.now();

17) To get the first day of next month

LocalDate dayOfNextMonth = date.with(TemporalAdjusters.firstDayOfNextMonth());

18) Get the next Saturday

LocalDate nextSaturday = date.with(TemporalAdjusters.next(DayOfWeek.SATURDAY));

19) first day of the current month

LocalDate firstDay = date.with(TemporalAdjusters.firstDayOfMonth());

20) last day of the current month

LocalDate lastDay = date.with(TemporalAdjusters.lastDayOfMonth());

21) Convert java.util.Date to java.time.ZonedDateTime

Date now = new Date();

ZonedDateTime utc = ZonedDateTime.ofInstant(now.toInstant(), ZoneOffset.UTC);

ZonedDateTime auckland = ZonedDateTime.ofInstant(now.toInstant(),

ZoneId.of("Pacific/Auckland"));

ZonedDateTime plusOne = ZonedDateTime.ofInstant(now.toInstant(),

ZoneOffset.of("+1"));



22) Convert java.time.ZonedDateTime to java.util.Date

ZonedDateTime utc = ZonedDateTime.now(ZoneOffset.UTC); Date now = Date.from(utc.toInstant());

23) Convert java.time.ZonedDateTime to milliseconds from Epoch (java.util.Date#getTime)

ZonedDateTime utc = ZonedDateTime.now(ZoneOffset.UTC); utc.toInstant.toEpochMilli();

24) Start of today

ZonedDateTime startOfToday =
LocalDate.now().atStartOfDay(ZoneOffset.UTC);

25) Start of this week (Monday)

ZonedDateTime startOfWeek = LocalDate.now().atStartOfDay(ZoneId.of("Europe/London")).with(Tempor alAdjusters.previousOrSame(DayOfWeek.MONDAY));

26) Start of this month

ZonedDateTime startOfMonth = LocalDate.now().atStartOfDay(ZoneOffset.UTC).with(TemporalAdjusters.f irstDayOfMonth());



27) Days between dates

LocalDate today = LocalDate.now(); LocalDate threeDaysAgo = today.minusDays(3); long days = ChronoUnit.DAYS.between(threeDaysAgo, today);

28) java.sql.date to java.time.Instant

java.sql.Date sqlDate = new java.sql.Date(1446853831381L); Instant i = Instant.ofEpochMilli(sqlDate.getTime());

29) Can also convert to LocalDate directly sqlDate.toLocalDate();

Follow Vikash Singh (@full_stack_geek) for more learning.