



**POLITECNICO
DI MILANO**

www.polimi.it

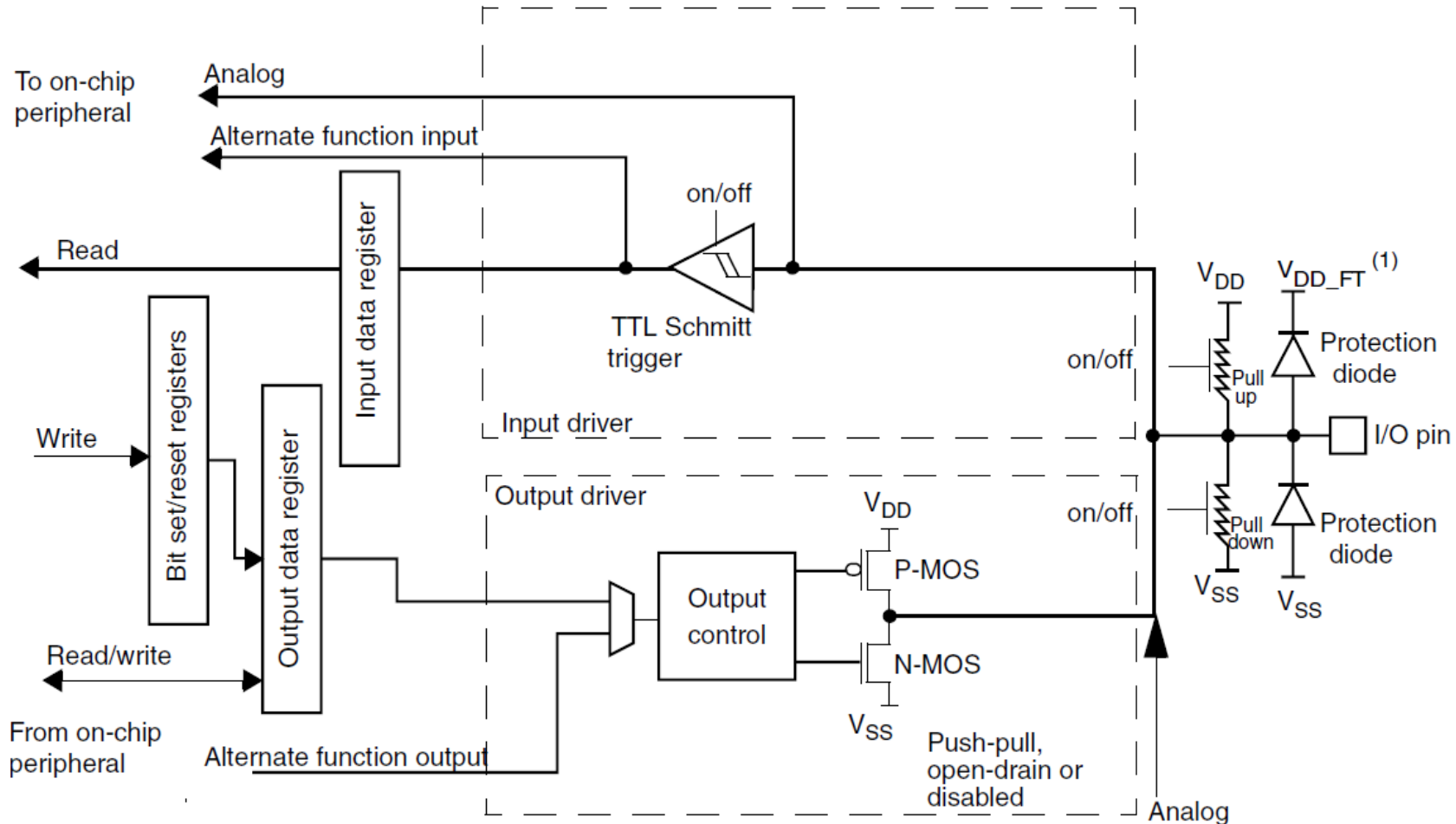


GPIO and Interrupt

Dr. Federica Villa



General Purpose Input/Outputs

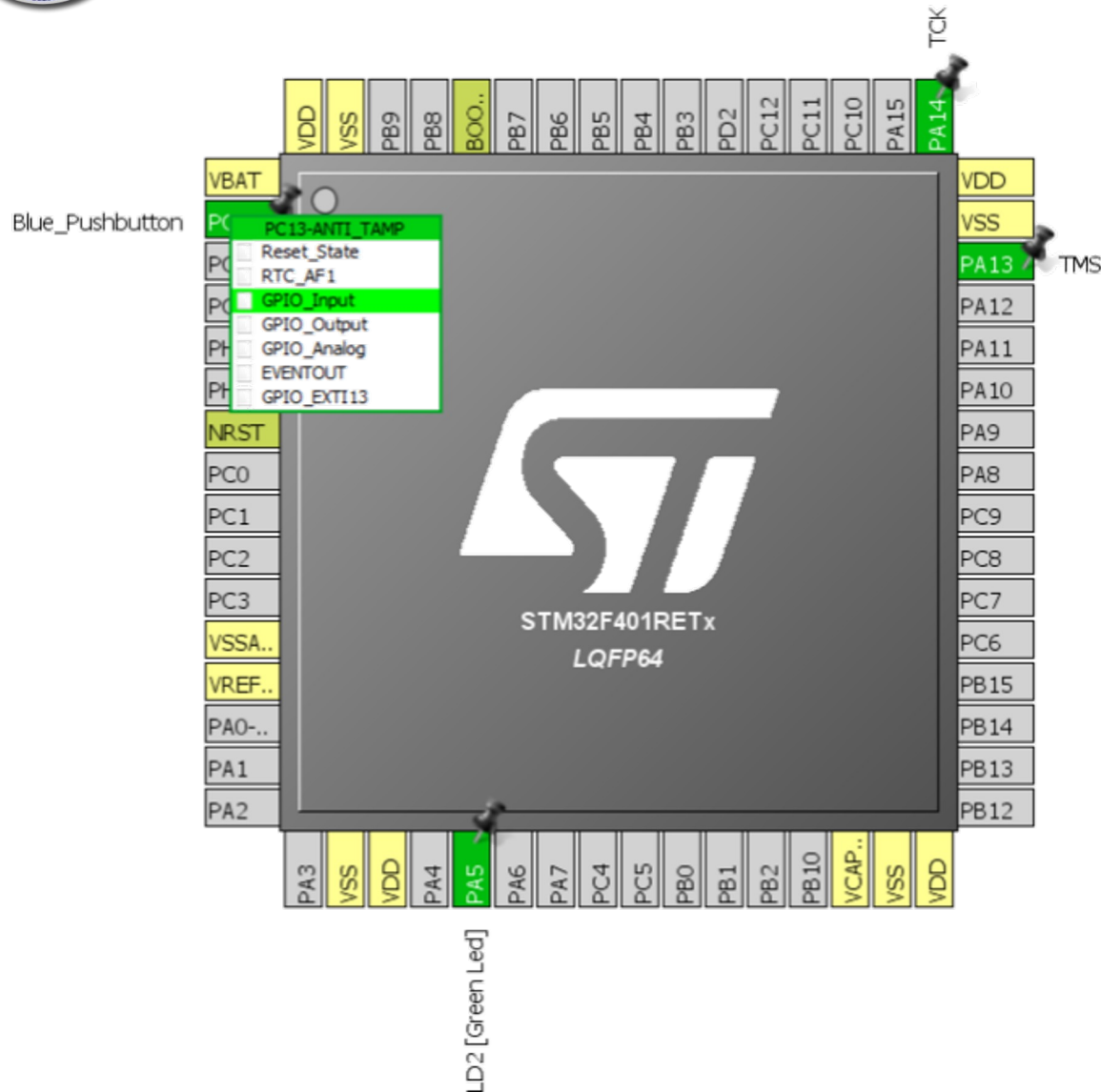


GPIO:
6 ports (A...E, H)
each port 16 PIN

... but in STM32F401RE we have less GPIOs



CUBE project Pinout



- Open a new project (use default)



GPIO HAL functions

GPIO_PinState **HAL_GPIO_ReadPin**(GPIO_TypeDef* GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin)

void **HAL_GPIO_WritePin**(GPIO_TypeDef* GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin, GPIO_PinState PinState)

void **HAL_GPIO_TogglePin**(GPIO_TypeDef* GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin)

__weak void **HAL_GPIO_EXTI_Callback**(uint16_t GPIO_Pin)

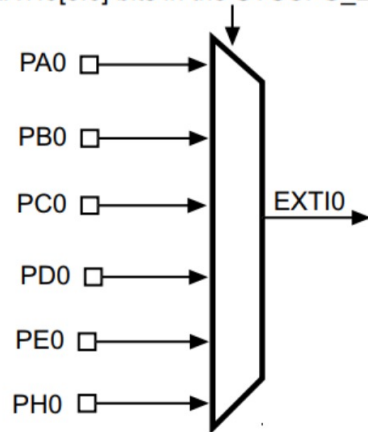
function called in the interrupt routine (after flag reset), it can be redefined by user in main.c



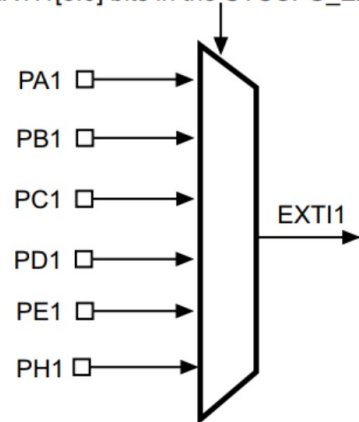
External interrupt/event line mapping

Up to 81 GPIOs (STM32F401xB/C and STM32F401xD/E) are connected to the 16 external interrupt/event lines in the following manner:

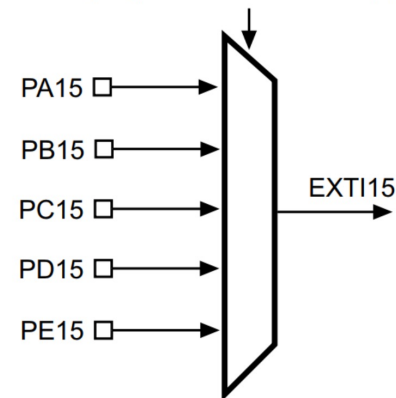
EXTI0[3:0] bits in the SYSCFG_EXTICR1 register



EXTI1[3:0] bits in the SYSCFG_EXTICR1 register



EXTI15[3:0] bits in the SYSCFG_EXTICR4 register



The five other EXTI lines are connected as follows:

- EXTI line 16 is connected to the PVD output
- EXTI line 17 is connected to the RTC Alarm event
- EXTI line 18 is connected to the USB OTG FS Wakeup event
- EXTI line 21 is connected to the RTC Tamper and TimeStamp events
- EXTI line 22 is connected to the RTC Wakeup event

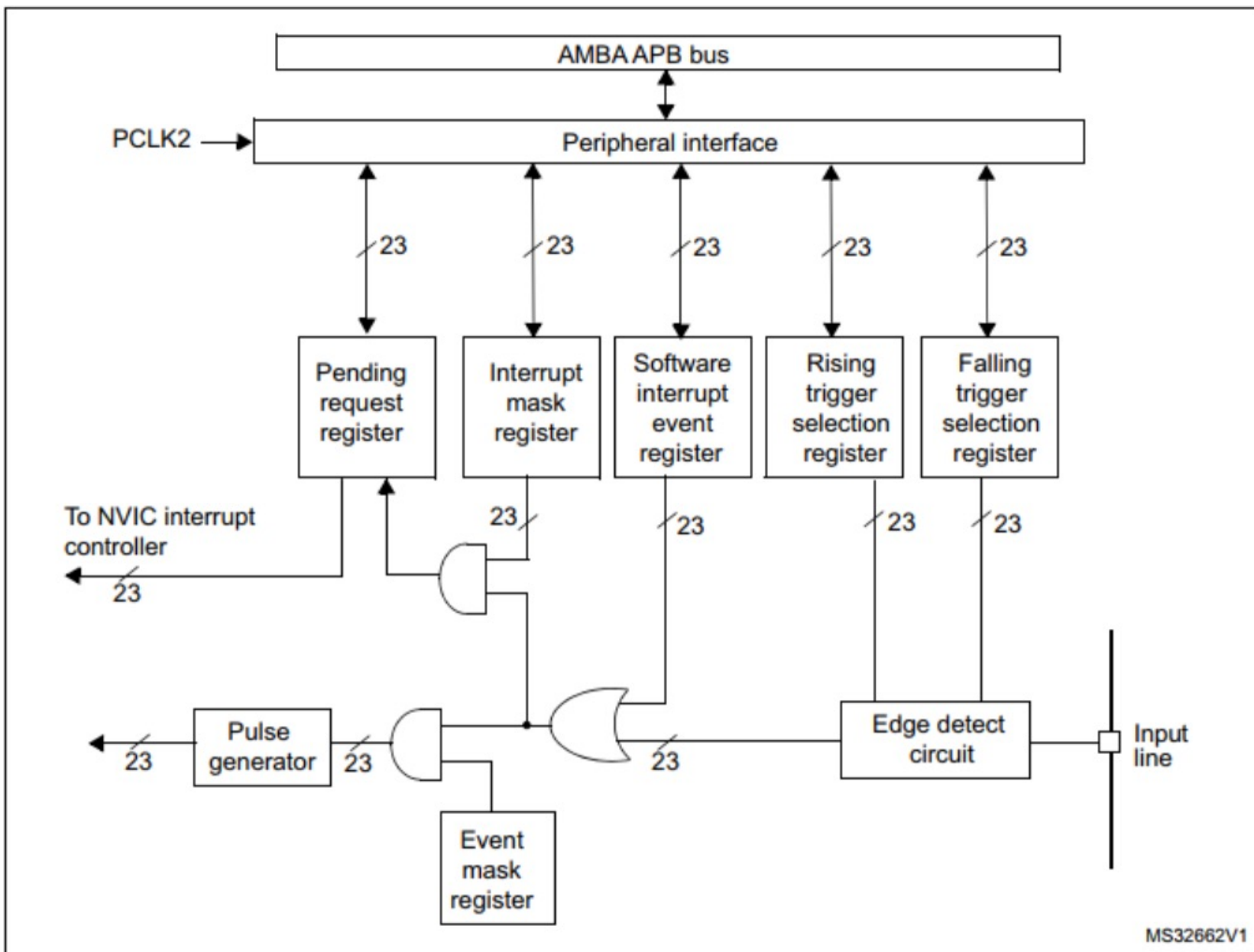


SYSCFG Register map

Offset	Register	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0x00	SYSCFG_MEMRMP	Reserved																														MEM_MODE	
	Reset value																															x	x
0x04	SYSCFG_PMC	Reserved														ADC1DC2	Reserved																
	Reset value															0																	
0x08	SYSCFG_EXTICR1	Reserved														EXTI3[3:0]				EXTI2[3:0]				EXTI1[3:0]				EXTI0[3:0]					
	Reset value															0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x0C	SYSCFG_EXTICR2	Reserved														EXTI7[3:0]				EXTI6[3:0]				EXTI5[3:0]				EXTI4[3:0]					
	Reset value															0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x10	SYSCFG_EXTICR3	Reserved														EXTI11[3:0]				EXTI10[3:0]				EXTI9[3:0]				EXTI8[3:0]					
	Reset value															0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x14	SYSCFG_EXTICR4	Reserved														EXTI15[3:0]				EXTI14[3:0]				EXTI13[3:0]				EXTI12[3:0]					
	Reset value															0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0x20	SYSCFG_CMPCR	Reserved																						READY	Reserved						CMP_PD		
	Reset value																								0								

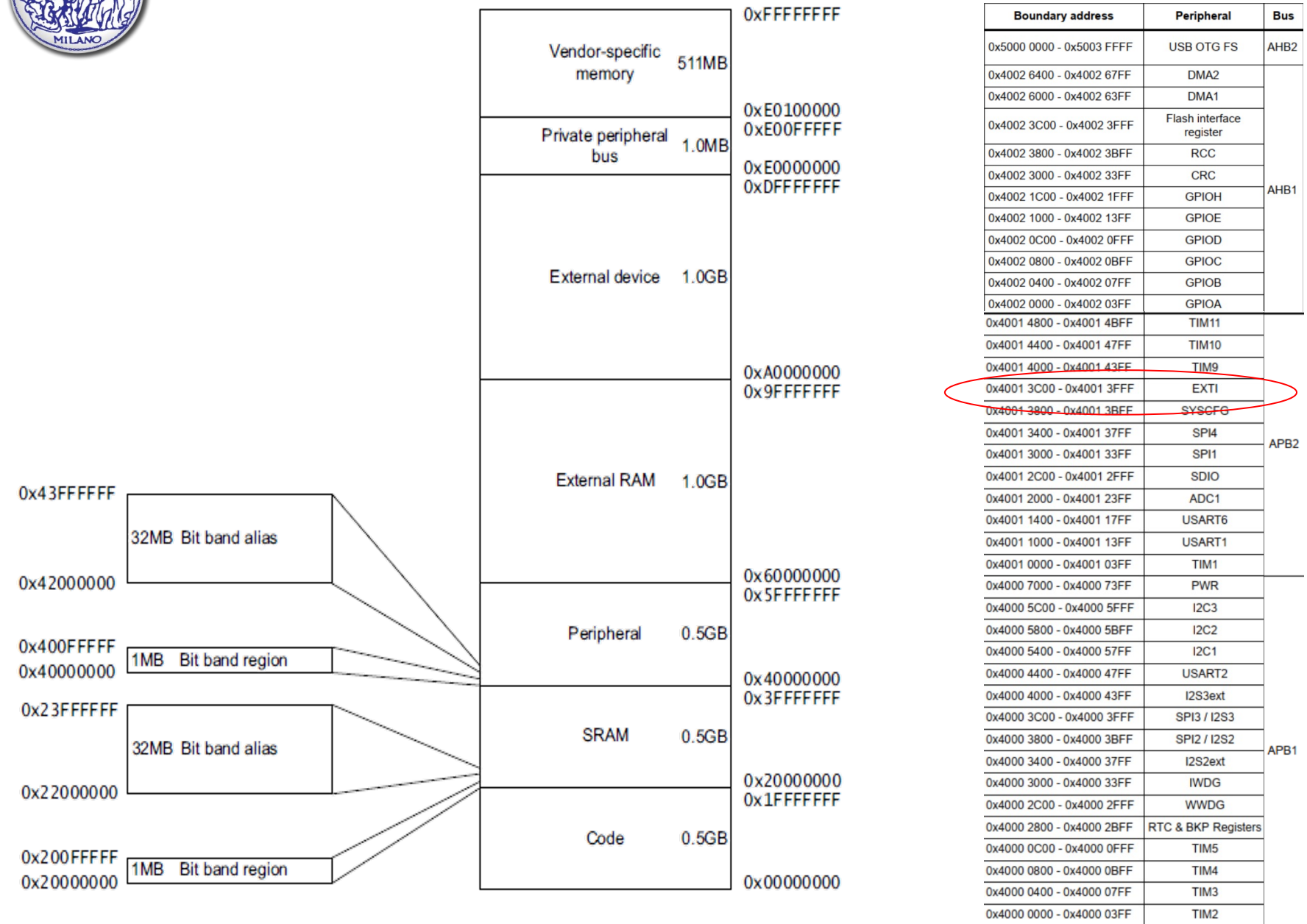


EXTI block diagram





EXTI location in memory





EXTI register map

Offset	Register	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0x00	EXTI_IMR	Reserved										MR [22:21]	Reser ved	MR[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x04	EXTI_EMR	Reserved										MR [22:21]	Reser ved	MR[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x08	EXTI_RTSR	Reserved										TR [22:21]	Reser ved	TR[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x0C	EXTI_FTSR	Reserved										TR [22:21]	Reser ved	TR[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x10	EXTI_SWIER	Reserved										SWIER [22:21]	Reser ved	SWIER[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0x14	EXTI_PR	Reserved										PR [22:21]	Reser ved	PR[18:0]																			
	Reset value											0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



EXTI vector table

23	30	settable	EXTI9_5	EXTI Line[9:5] interrupts	0x0000 009C
24	31	settable	TIM1_BRK_TIM9	TIM1 Break interrupt and TIM9 global interrupt	0x0000 00A0
25	32	settable	TIM1_UP_TIM10	TIM1 Update interrupt and TIM10 global interrupt	0x0000 00A4
26	33	settable	TIM1_TRG_COM_TIM11	TIM1 Trigger and Commutation interrupts and TIM11 global interrupt	0x0000 00A8
27	34	settable	TIM1_CC	TIM1 Capture Compare interrupt	0x0000 00AC
28	35	settable	TIM2	TIM2 global interrupt	0x0000 00B0
29	36	settable	TIM3	TIM3 global interrupt	0x0000 00B4
30	37	settable	TIM4	TIM4 global interrupt	0x0000 00B8
31	38	settable	I2C1_EV	I ² C1 event interrupt	0x0000 00BC
32	39	settable	I2C1_ER	I ² C1 error interrupt	0x0000 00C0
33	40	settable	I2C2_EV	I ² C2 event interrupt	0x0000 00C4
34	41	settable	I2C2_ER	I ² C2 error interrupt	0x0000 00C8
35	42	settable	SPI1	SPI1 global interrupt	0x0000 00CC
36	43	settable	SPI2	SPI2 global interrupt	0x0000 00D0
37	44	settable	USART1	USART1 global interrupt	0x0000 00D4
38	45	settable	USART2	USART2 global interrupt	0x0000 00D8
40	47	settable	EXTI15_10	EXTI Line[15:10] interrupts	0x0000 00E0



Interrupts

- Interrupts must be enabled in CUBE
- All the interrupt routines are handled in `stm32f4xx_it.c`



Project 1a: Pushbutton - polling

Objective of this project is
**to switch on the green LED on Nucleo
board (LD2),
every time the blue pushbutton is pressed
and to switch it off
when the pushbutton is released.**

A **polling** operation will be used to monitor the
state of the pushbutton.



Project hints

1. Use the NUCLEO board Manual to find the GPIO connected to the blue push-button and LD2.
2. Configure the GPIO in CUBE and generate the code.
3. In NUCLEO board Manual find the state of the blue button (0 or 1) when it is pressed.
4. Use the GPIO function to check the state of the push-button and consequently update the state of LD2.
5. Debug and verify if the LED is ON when you press it and OFF when you release it.



Project 1b: Pushbutton - interrupt

Objective of this project is
to switch on an LED
every time the blue pushbutton is pressed,
and to switch it off
when the pushbutton is released.

The pushbutton input will be used in interrupt mode.



Project hints

1. Configure CUBE, remembering to enable the interrupt for the pushbutton. Note that you need to modify the status of the LED both when you press and when you release the pushbutton.
2. Check in the `stm32f4xx_it.c` file that the routine which handles the EXTI from the pushbutton has been automatically prepared by CUBE.
3. Use the `HAL_GPIO_EXTI_Callback` to manage the interrupt (switch ON/OFF the LED), using the GPIO functions.
4. Debug and verify if the LED is ON when you press it and OFF when you release it. You should see the same behavior you had in the first project (polling), **but now you are not using CPU resources just to wait for an event!**