

myPCA

2020 年 5 月 6 日

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In [1]: import numpy as np
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def myPCA(x, var_contribution_threshold=0.8):  
    '''  
    自编程实现主成分分析  
    x 样本矩阵  
    var_contribution_threshold 方差贡献率阈值  
    '''  
  
    # 样本矩阵减去每列特征的均值  
    x_zero_mean=(x.T- np.mean(x, axis=1)).T  
    # 计算协方差矩阵  
    n=x_zero_mean.shape[1]  
    var=np.sum(x_zero_mean*x_zero_mean, axis=1)/(n-1)  
    # 对样本矩阵进行标准化  
    x_std=(x_zero_mean.T/var**0.5).T  
    # 计算样本矩阵对应的相关矩阵 r  
    r=x_std.dot(x_std.T)/(x_zero_mean.shape[1]-1)  
    # 对相关矩阵 r 进行对角化分解  
    evalue, evector=np.linalg.eig(r)  
  
    # 计算方差贡献率  
    contribution=evalue/np.sum(evalue)  
    var_accumulative_percent=0.0  
    for k in range(len(contribution)):  
        var_accumulative_percent+=contribution[k]  
        if var_accumulative_percent>=var_contribution_threshold:  
            break  
    # 计算因子载荷量  
    n=x.shape[0]
```

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factor = np.mat(np.zeros((n,n)), dtype=float)
for i in range(len(evalue)):
    for j in range((len(evector))):
        print(evalue[j], evector[i,j], var[i])
        factor[i, j] = evalue[j]**0.5*evector[i,j]/var[i]**0.5

# 对数据进行降维, 取前 k 个
evalue=evalue[0:k+1]
evector=evector[:, 0:k+1]
contribution=contribution[0:k+1]
factor=factor[0:k+1, :]
y=evector.T.dot(x_std)

return y, evalue, evector, contribution, factor

In [2]: np.random.seed(5)
a = 10*np.random.rand(6,6)
a

Out[2]: array([[2.21993171, 8.70732306, 2.06719155, 9.18610908, 4.88411189,
6.11743863],
[7.65907856, 5.18417988, 2.96800502, 1.87721229, 0.80741269,
7.38440296],
[4.41309223, 1.58309868, 8.79937031, 2.74086462, 4.14235019,
2.96079933],
[6.28787909, 5.7983781 , 5.99929197, 2.65819118, 2.84685881,
2.53588206],
[3.27563948, 1.44164301, 1.65612861, 9.63930529, 9.60226715,
1.88414656],
[0.24306562, 2.04555546, 6.99843614, 7.79514586, 0.22933092,
5.77662858]])

In [3]: x=np.loadtxt('data16-1.txt', dtype=float)
x

Out[3]: array([[2., 3., 3., 4., 5., 7.],
[2., 4., 5., 5., 6., 8.]])

In [4]: var_contribution_threshold=1
y, evalue, evector, contribution, factor=myPCA(x, var_contribution_threshold)
print("样本主成分值 (方差贡献率前%d%): " %(var_contribution_threshold*100))
print(y)

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print("特征值 (方差贡献率前%d%%): " %(var_contribution_threshold*100))
print(evalue)
print("单位向量和主成分的方差贡献率%d%%: " %(var_contribution_threshold*100))
print(np.vstack((evector, contribution)).T)
print("主成分的因子负载量 (方差贡献率前%d%%): " %(var_contribution_threshold*100))
print(factor)

```

```

1.9503288904374105 0.7071067811865475 3.2
0.049671109562589466 -0.7071067811865475 3.2
1.9503288904374105 0.7071067811865475 4.0
0.049671109562589466 0.7071067811865475 4.0

```

样本主成分值 (方差贡献率前 100%):

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[[-1.85122959 -0.7488381 -0.39528471 0.          0.7488381  2.24651429]
 [-0.27009076  0.04173132  0.39528471 0.         -0.04173132 -0.12519395]]

```

特征值 (方差贡献率前 100%):

```
[1.95032889 0.04967111]
```

单位向量和主成分的方差贡献率 100%:

```

[[ 0.70710678  0.70710678  0.97516445]
 [-0.70710678  0.70710678  0.02483555]]

```

主成分的因子负载量 (方差贡献率前 100%):

```

[[ 0.5520316 -0.08809717]
 [ 0.49375207  0.0787965 ]]

```