

EDR 致盲大作戰：解密 APT 攻擊中的 Evasion 藝術



趙偉捷 / oalieno

- 現為**奧義智慧**資安研究員
- 專注於**惡意程式分析**以及**沙盒系統開發**
- 畢業於**台灣大學**電機所資安碩士班
- 於 HITCON、CODEBLUE、IEEE DSC、SECCON 等研討會發表研究
- 於第二十六、二十七屆 **DEFCON CTF** 與 BFS 戰隊、BFKinesiS 聯隊獲得第十二名與第二名的成績
- 於 **Flareon9** 逆向工程挑戰中獲得獎章

APT (Advanced Persistent Threat)

新聞

您現在位置：首頁 > 新聞

超強後門！中國APT攻擊者「黑木」已潛伏 5年以上

2024 / 01 / 29 - 編輯部

https://www.informationsecurity.com.tw/article/article_detail.aspx?aid=10923

< APT 攻擊 > ”有本事就來抓我啊~” 駭客平均躲藏天 數 205 天

📅 2015 年 08 月 07 日 👤 趨勢科技 TrendMicro 📁 APT / APT攻擊 / APT 進階持續性威脅 / Advanced Persistent Threat



APT 駭客如何在你周圍四處遊走而不被發現

<https://blog.trendmicro.com.tw/?p=13483>

大綱

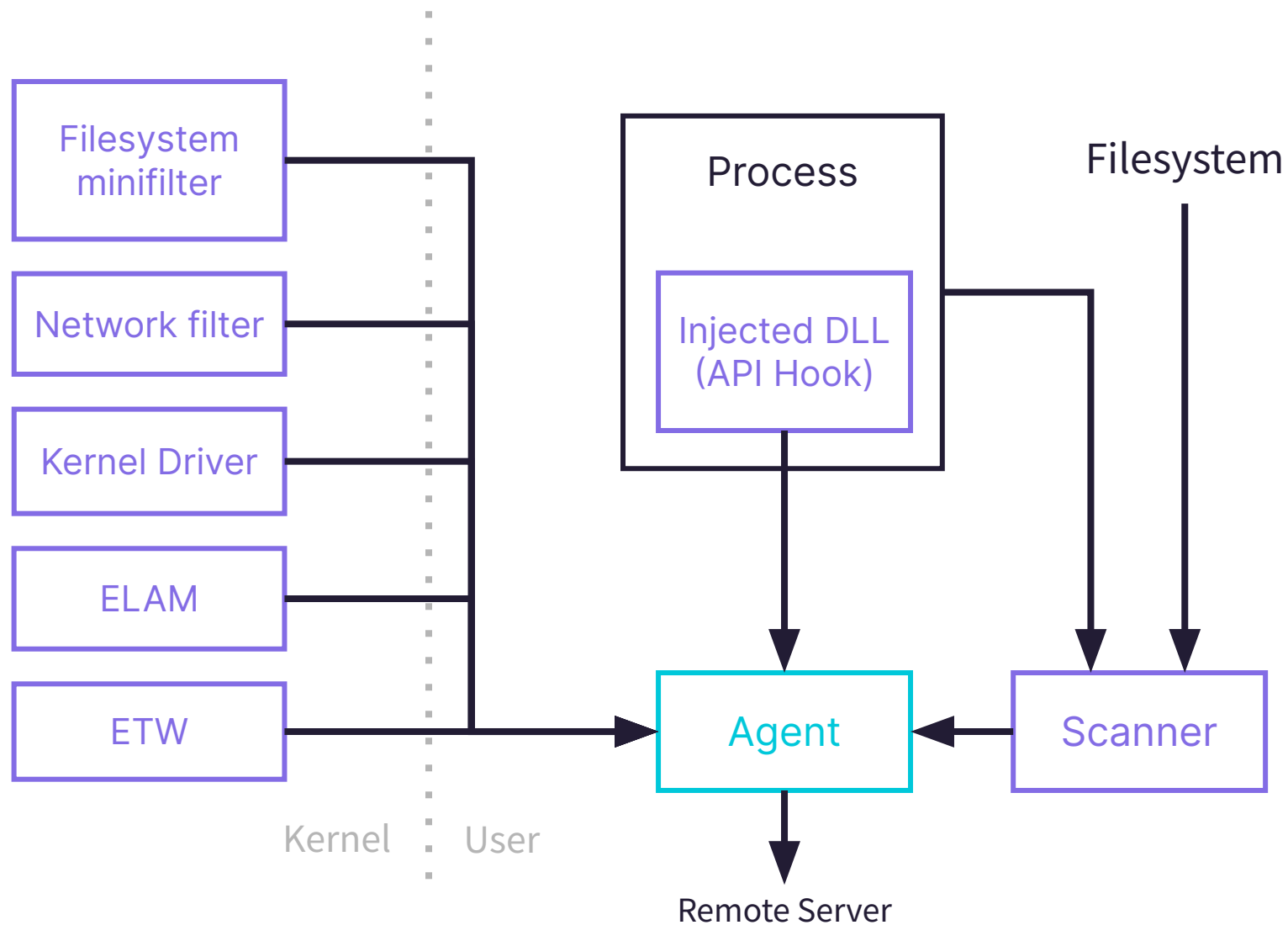
- EDR 怎麼運作
 - EDR 基本架構
 - 被動躲避和主動繞過的優缺點
- 實際 APT 案例剖析
 - 高科技產業 APT 案例
- Evasion 技術深入解析
 - API Hooking 的攻防戰
 - PPID Spoofing 只是 feature?



EDR 怎麼運作

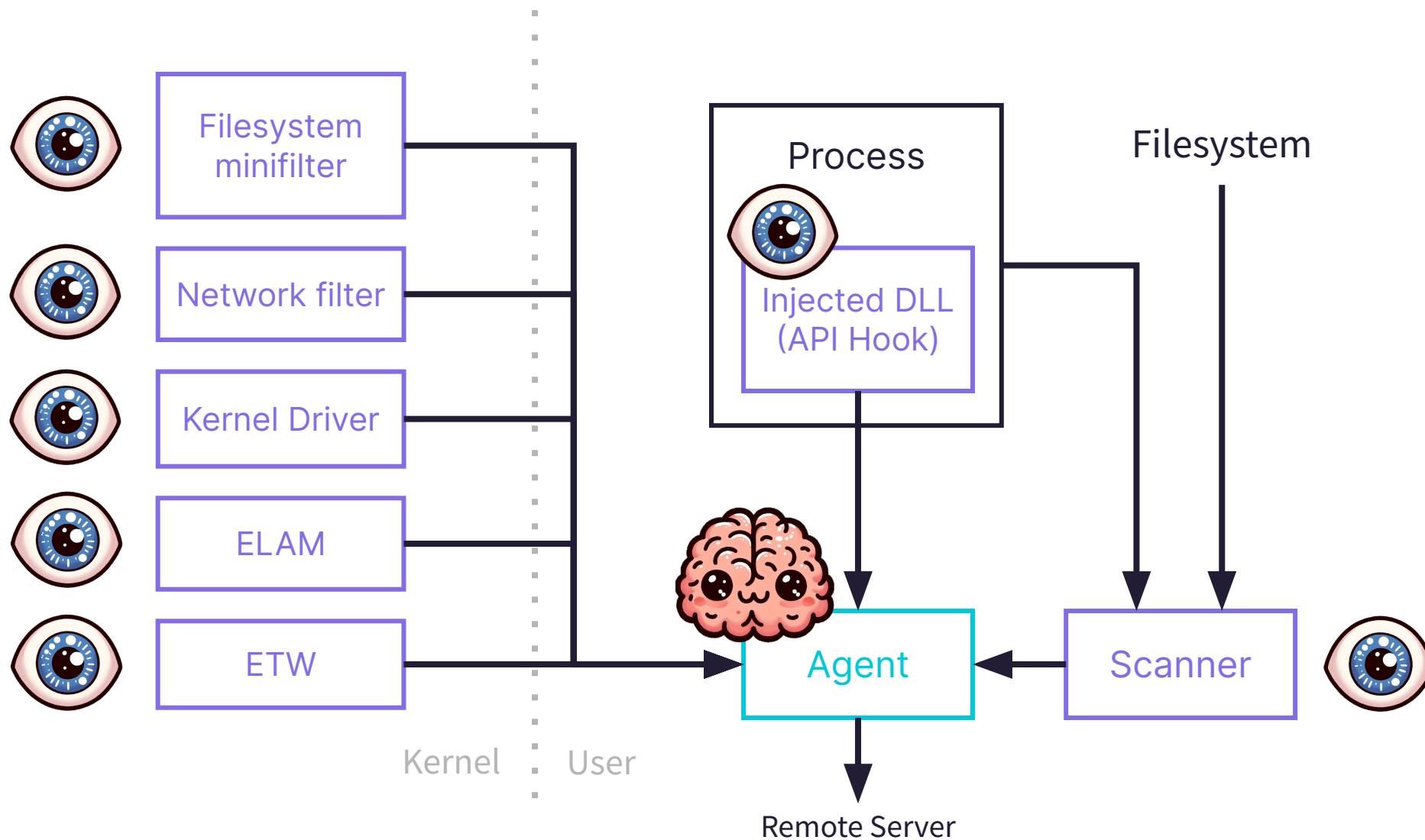
EDR 基本架構

■ Agent
■ Sensors



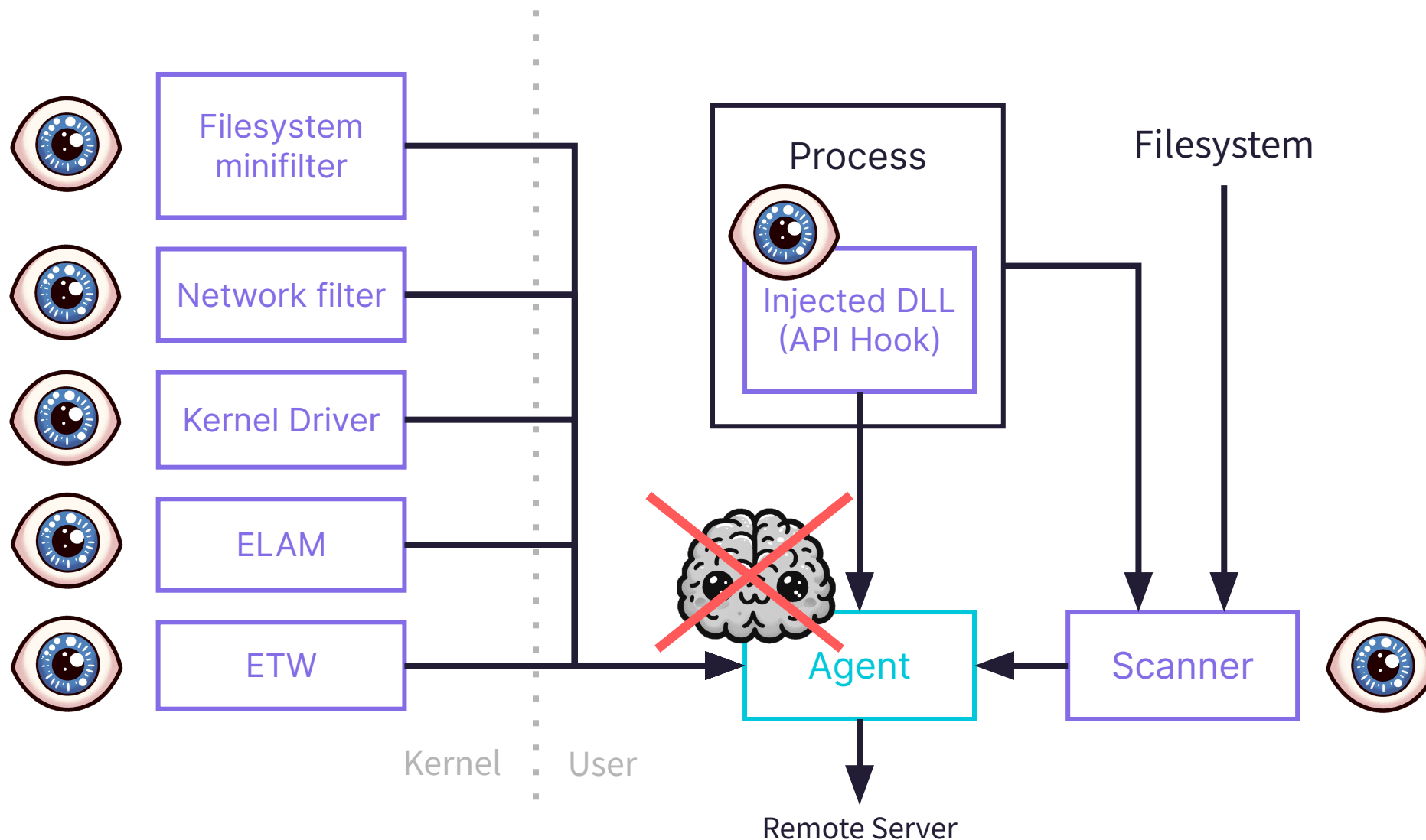
EDR 基本架構

■ Agent
■ Sensors

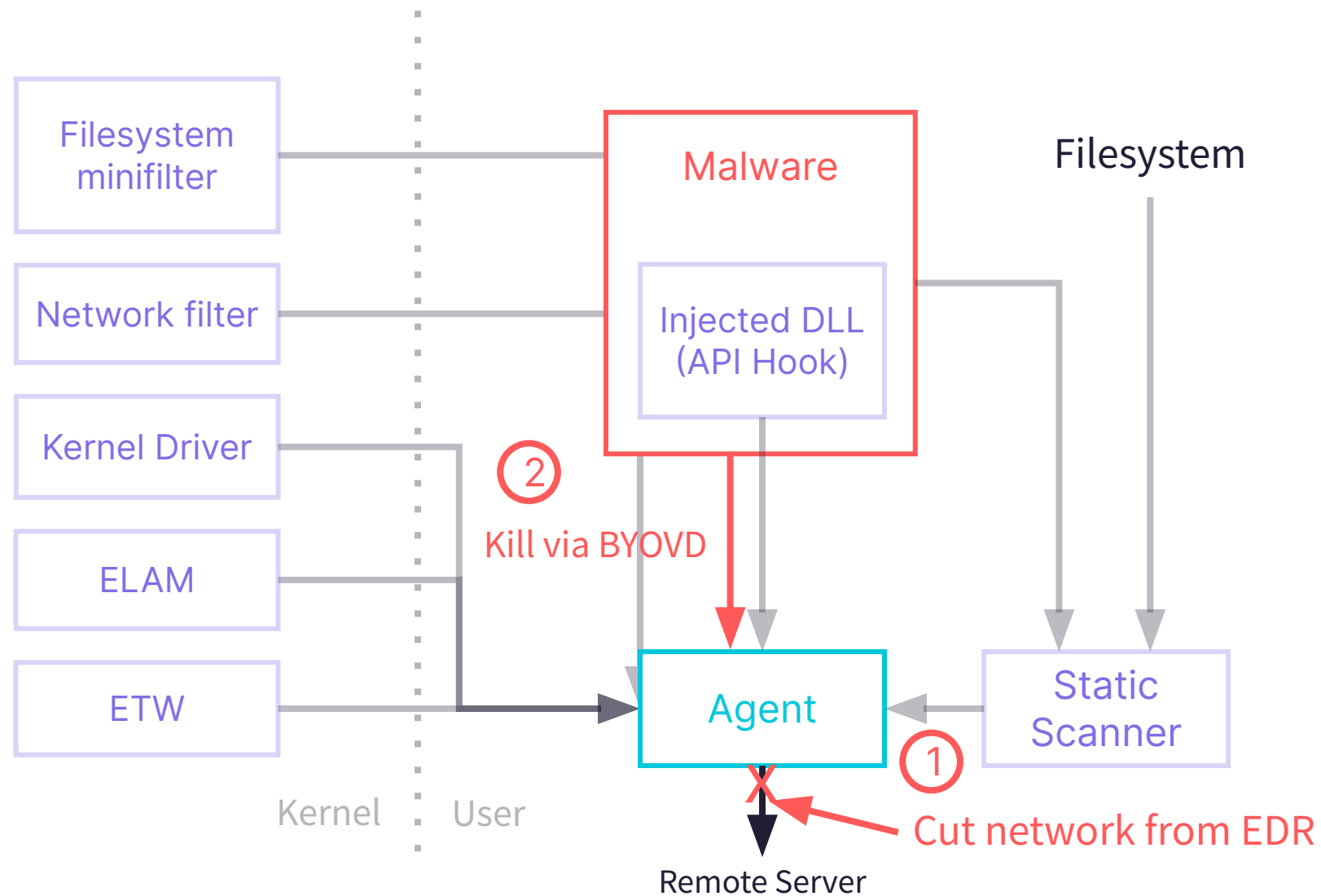


主動出擊，廢掉大腦

■ Agent
■ Sensors

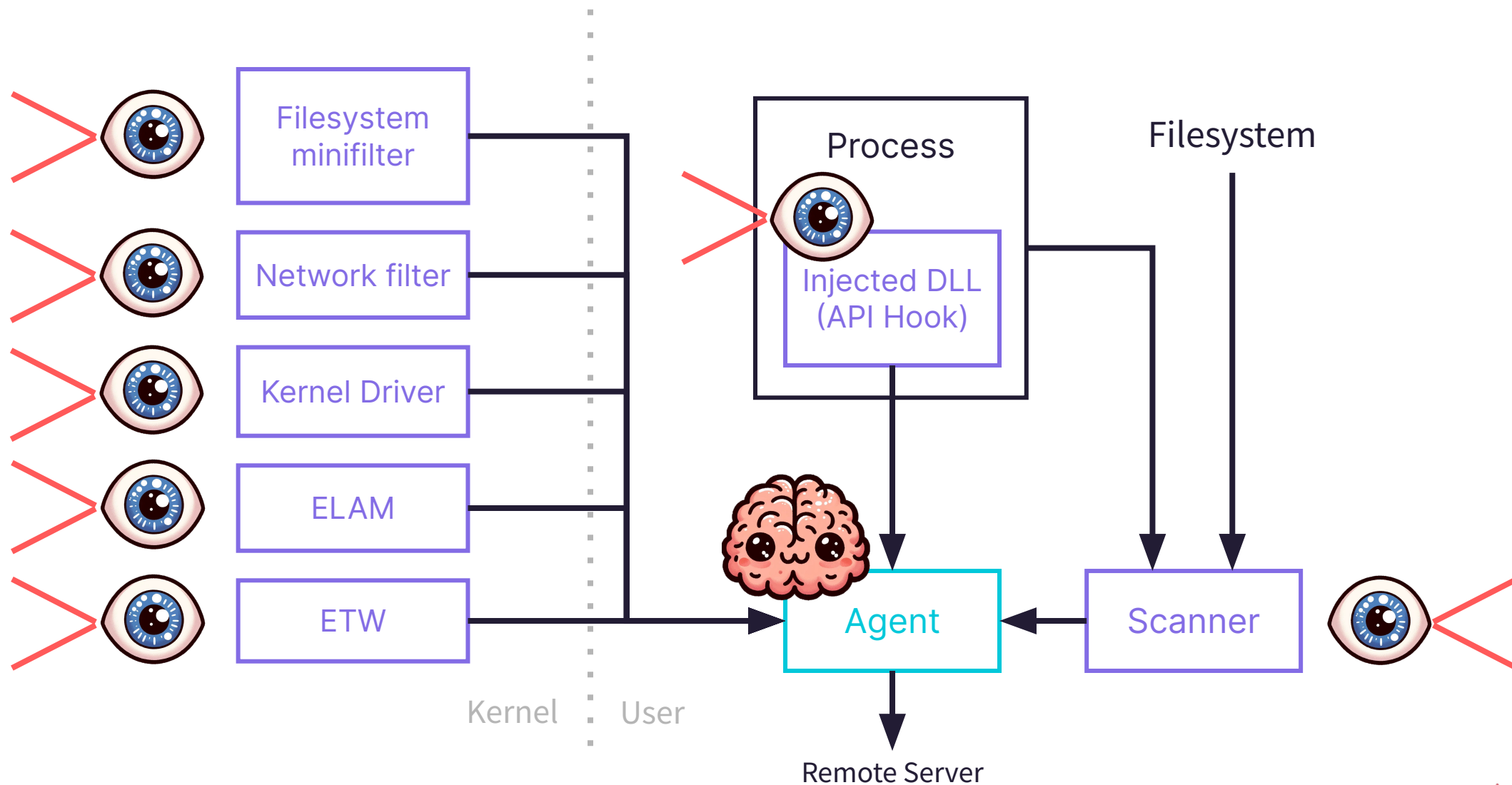


主動出擊

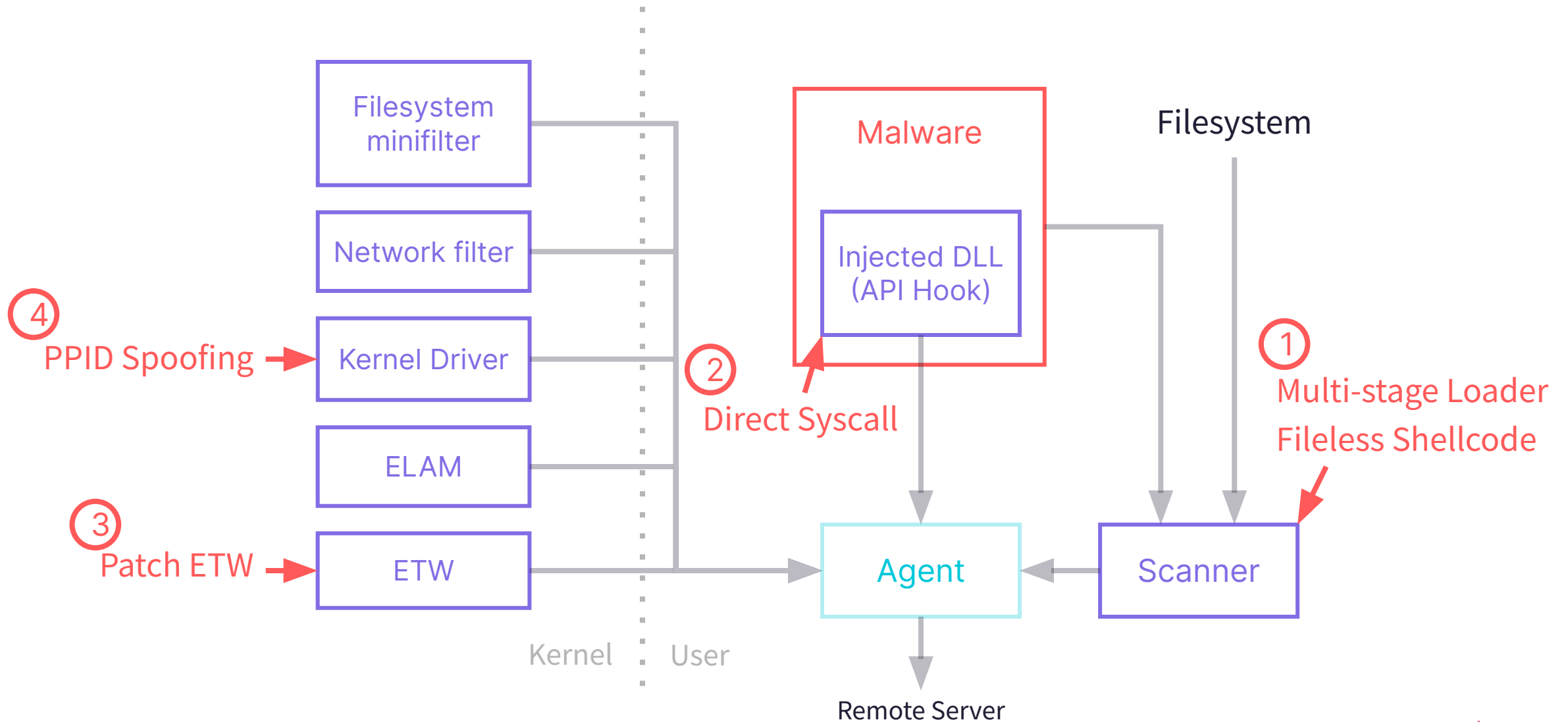


被動躲避，逃出視野

■ Agent
■ Sensors



被動躲避





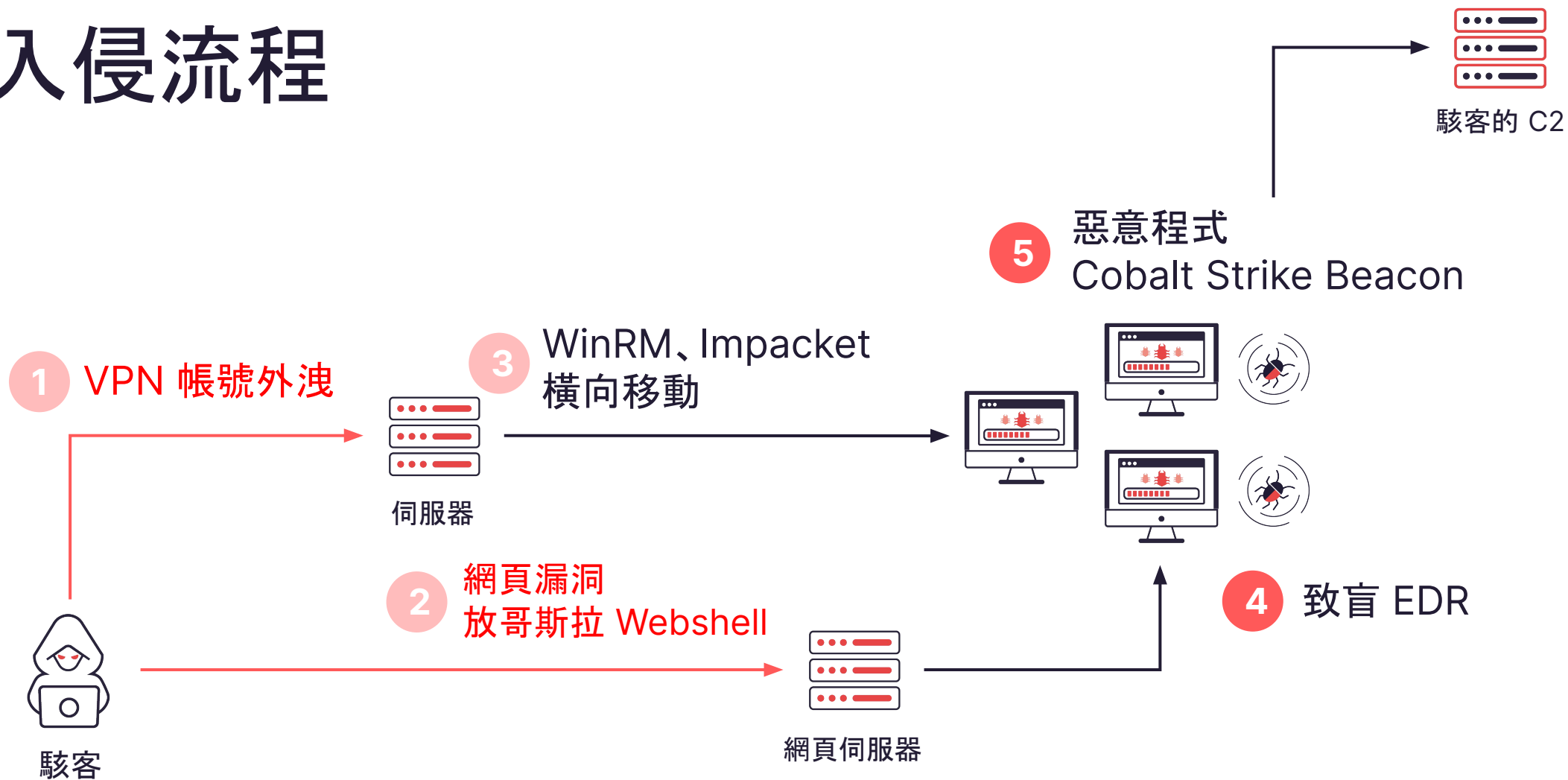
實際 APT 案例剖析



前情提要

- 高科技產業
- 發現網路怪怪的，懷疑有駭客入侵
- 請求我們協助做鑑識調查，發現有被埋 webshell
- 我們檢查了整個系統，追查出惡意程式和 Cobalt Strike 後門

入侵流程

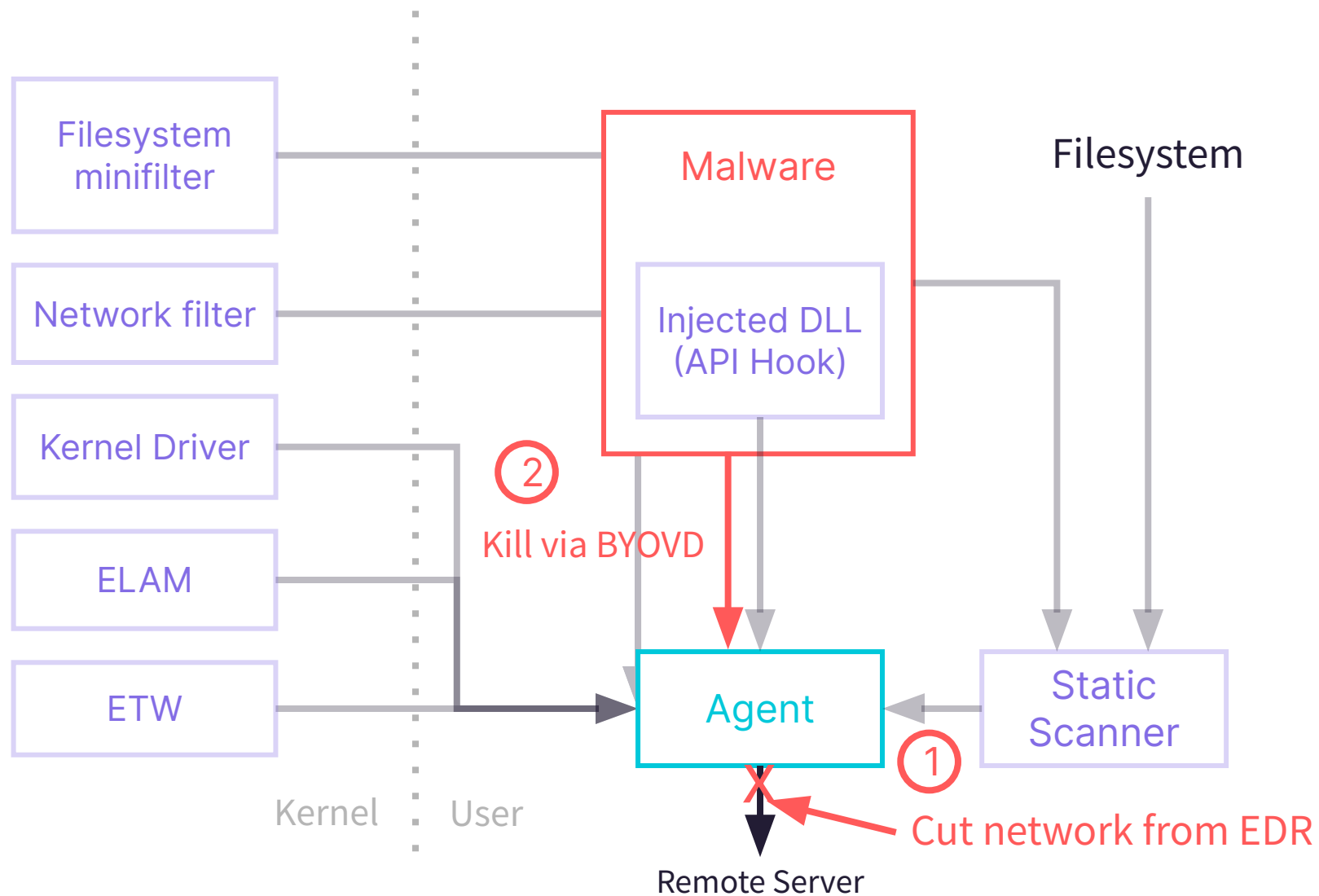


致盲 EDR



主動出擊 Agent

■ Agent
■ Sensors



竄改 /etc/hosts

```
echo 1.5.3.4 securedr.com >> C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts  
netsh advfirewall firewall add rule name=BlockIP dir=out action=block remoteip=1.2.3.4
```

Kill EDR (using BYOVD)

[ReCryptLLC/CVE-2022-42045 \(github.com\)](https://github.com/ReCryptLLC/CVE-2022-42045)

BYOVD

Windows 安全性



首頁

病毒與威脅防護

帳戶防護

防火牆與網路保護

應用程式與瀏覽器控制

裝置安全性

裝置效能與運作狀況

家長監護選項

保護歷程記錄

設定

核心隔離

您的裝置上可用、且使用虛擬化型安全性的安全性功能。

記憶體完整性

防止攻擊將惡意程式碼插入高安全性處理序中。

☒ 開啟

[深入了解](#)

記憶體存取保護

保護您裝置的記憶體免遭惡意的外部裝置的攻擊。

[深入了解](#)

Microsoft Defender Credential Guard

Credential Guard 正保護您的帳戶登入免於遭受攻擊。

[深入了解](#)

Microsoft 易受攻擊的驅動程式封鎖清單

Microsoft 阻止具有安全性弱點的驅動程式在您的裝置上執行。

☐ 開啟

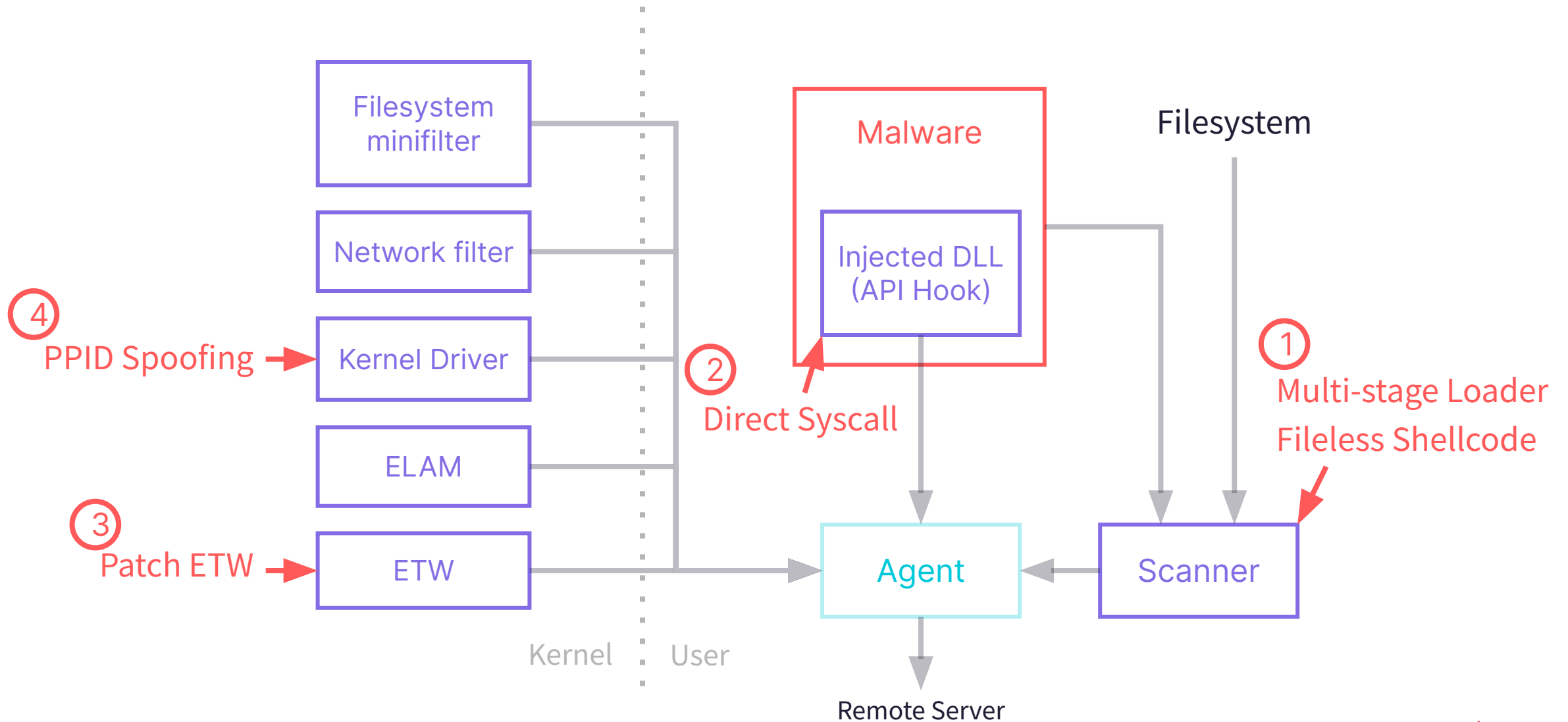
[深入了解](#)

惡意程式分析



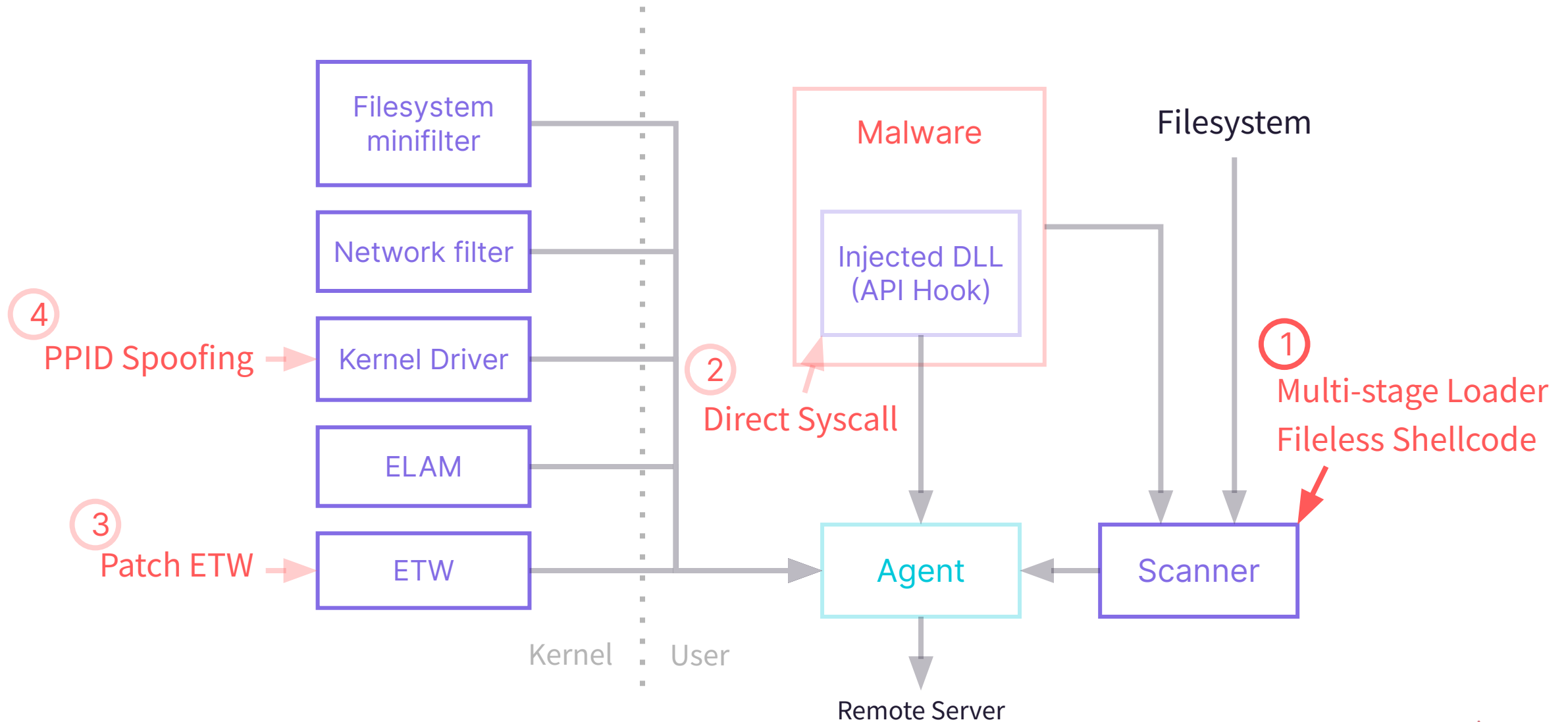
被動躲避 Sensors

■ Agent
■ Sensors

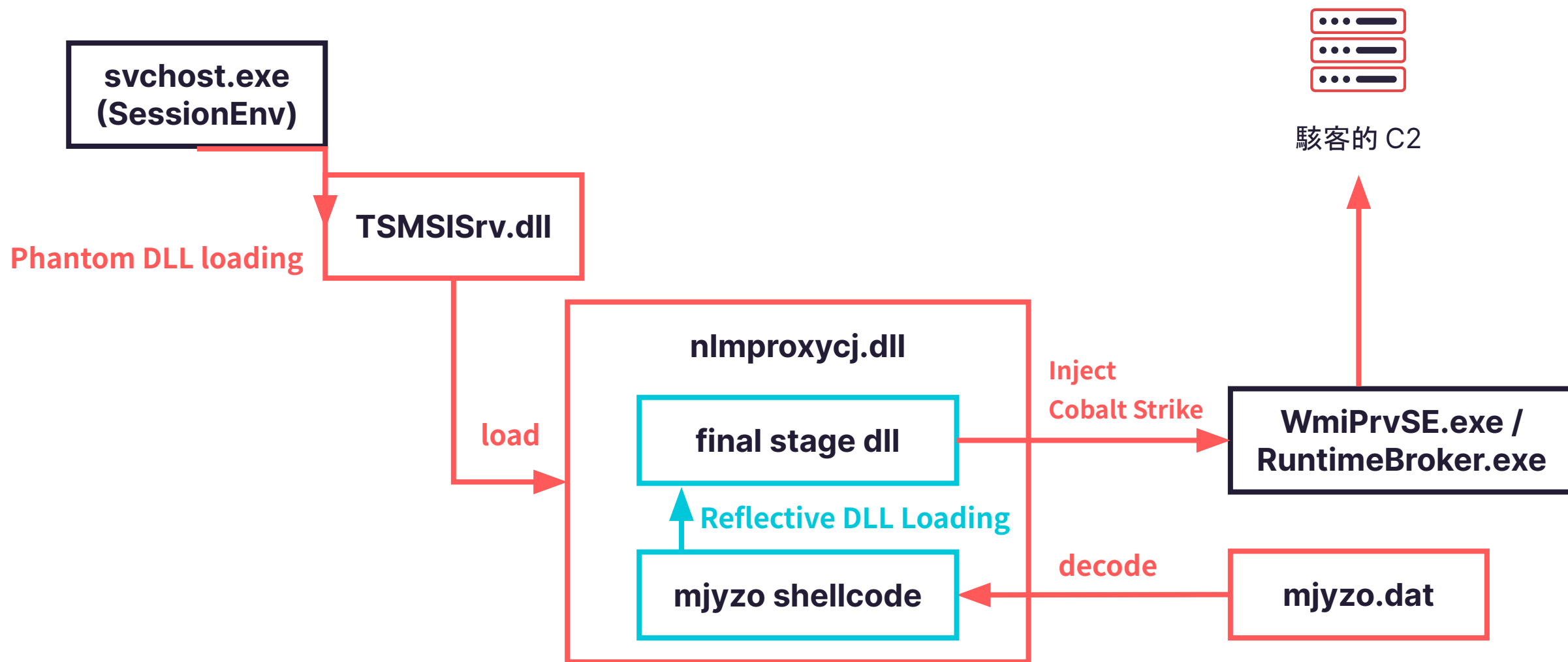


被動躲避 Sensors

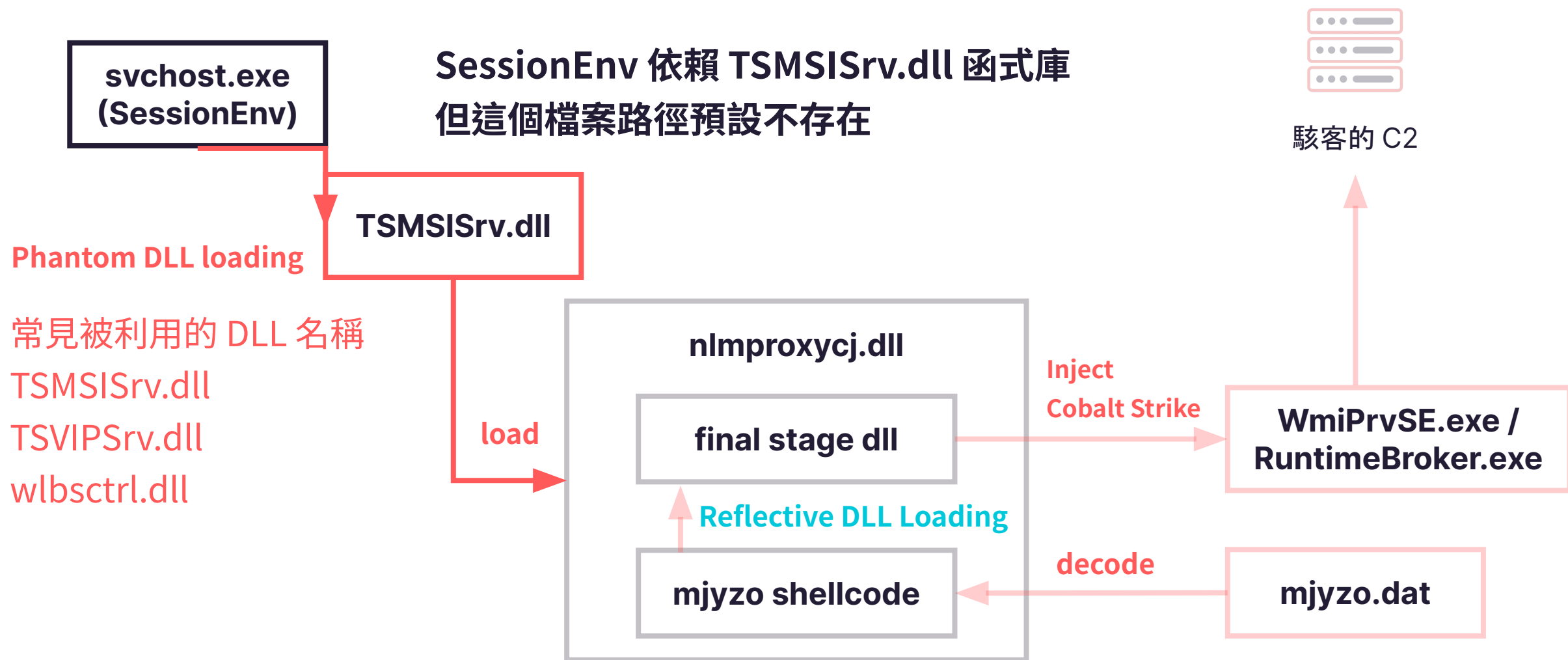
■ Agent
■ Sensors



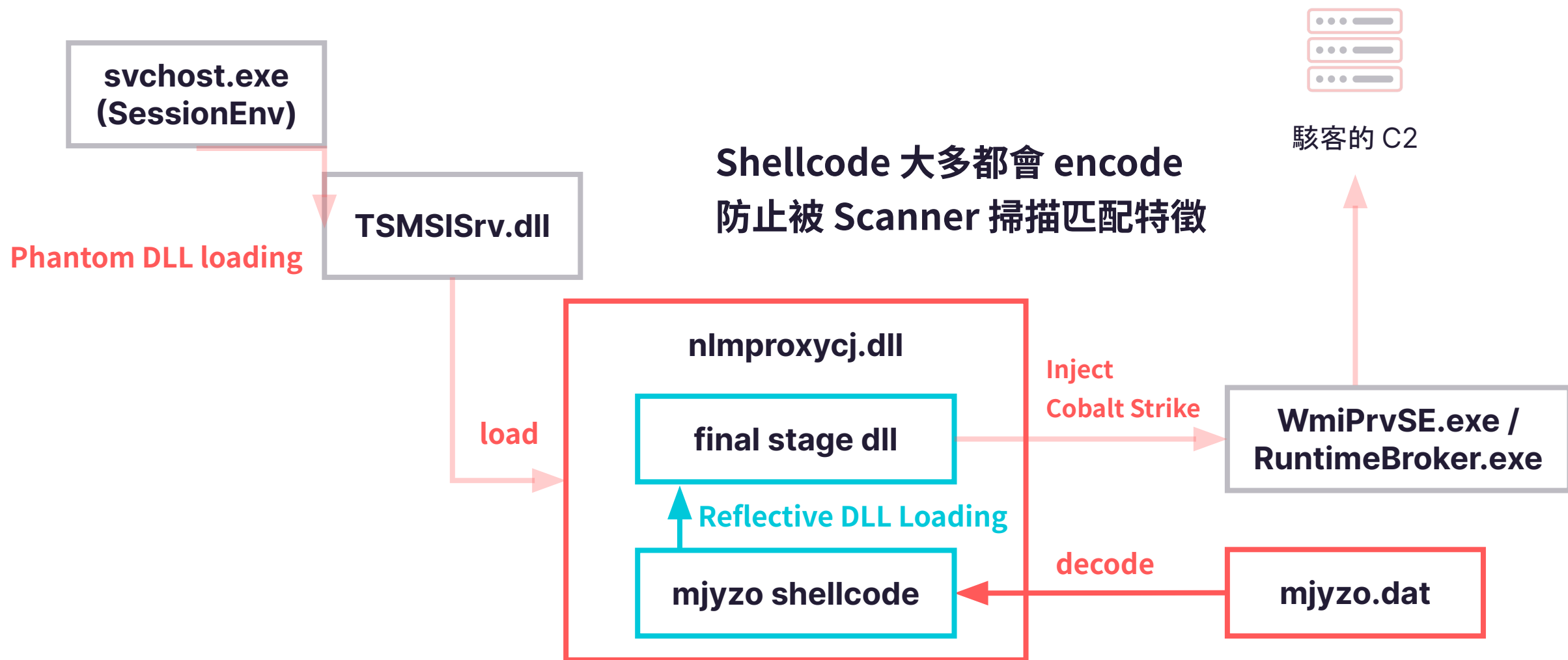
Multi-Stage Loader



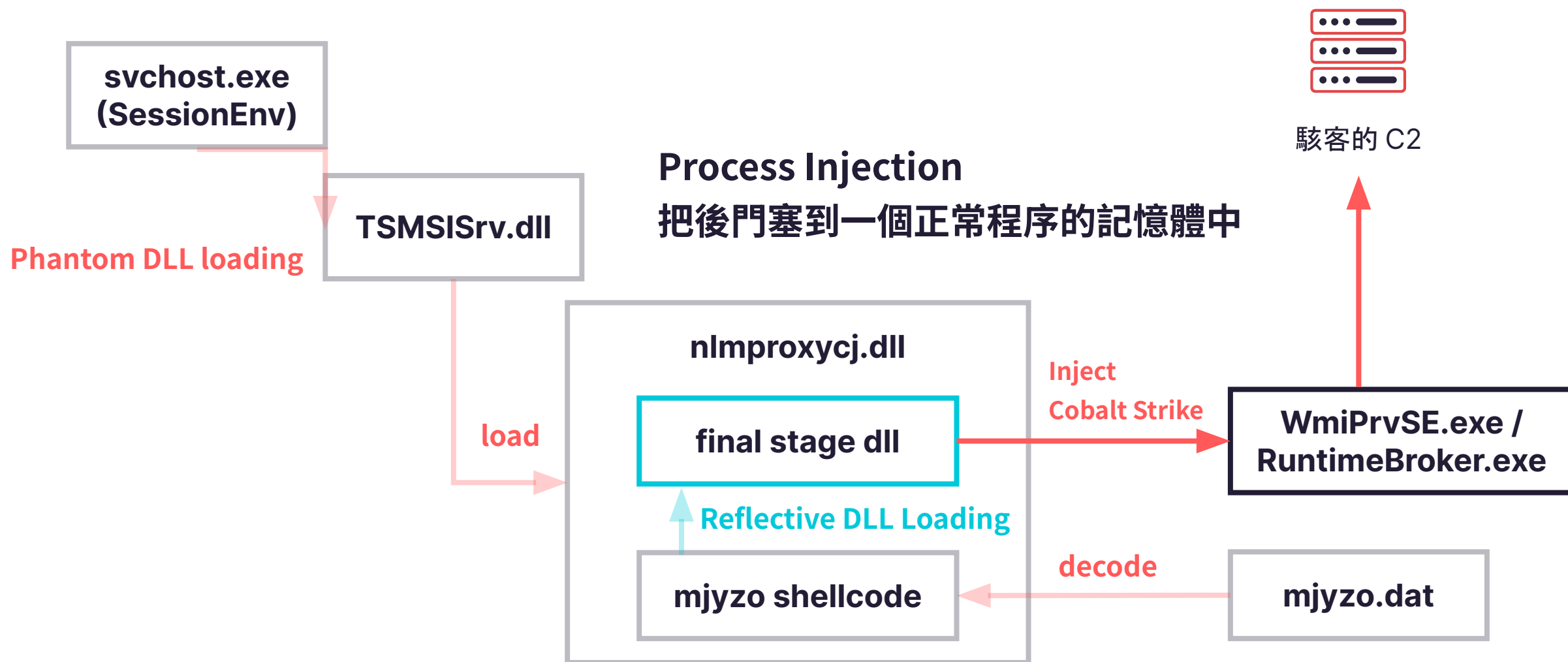
Phantom DLL Loading



Decode Shellcode

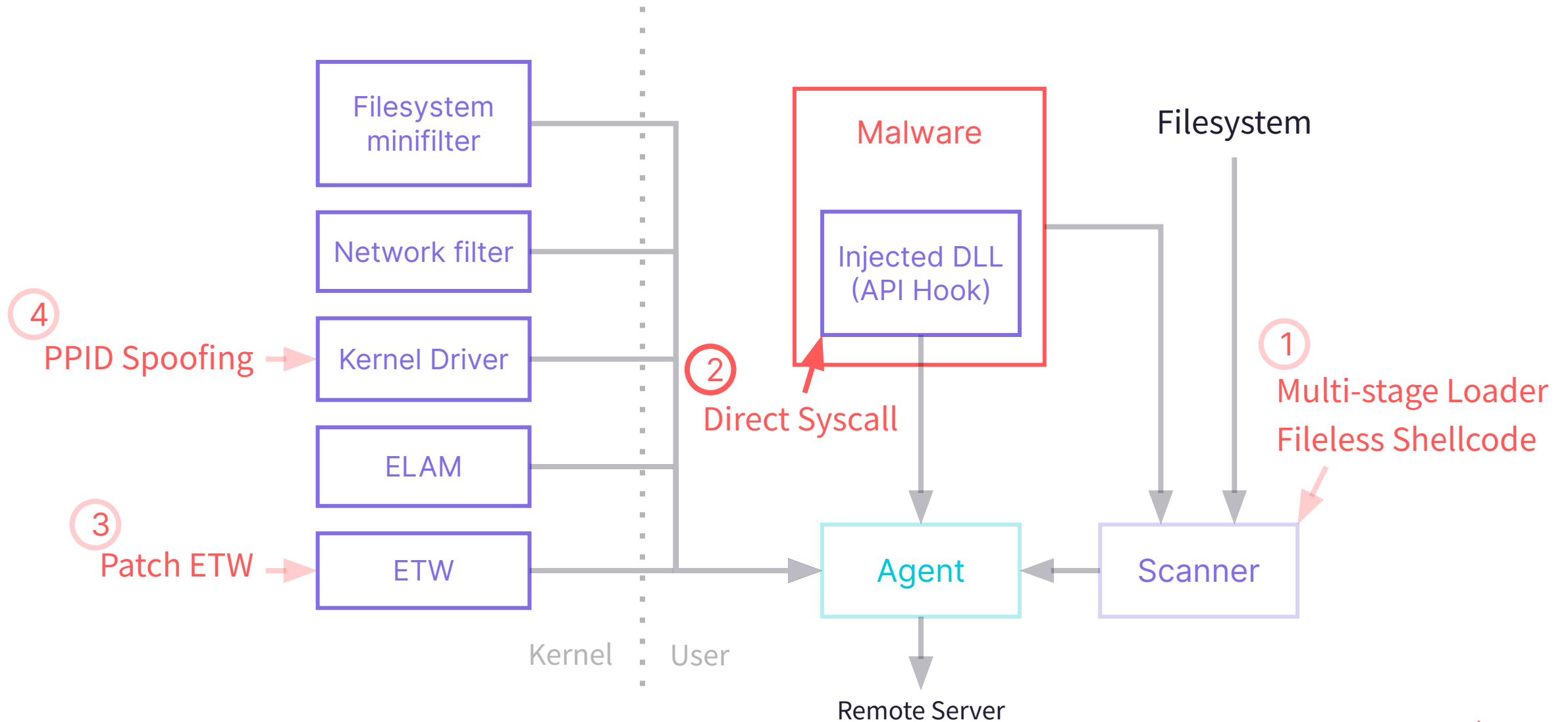


Process Injection

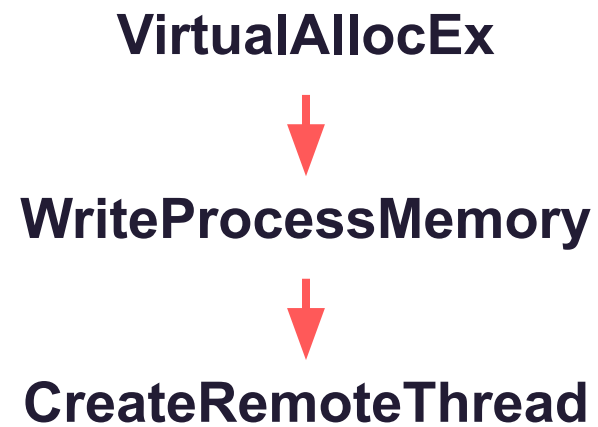


被動躲避 Sensors

■ Agent
■ Sensors



API Hooking

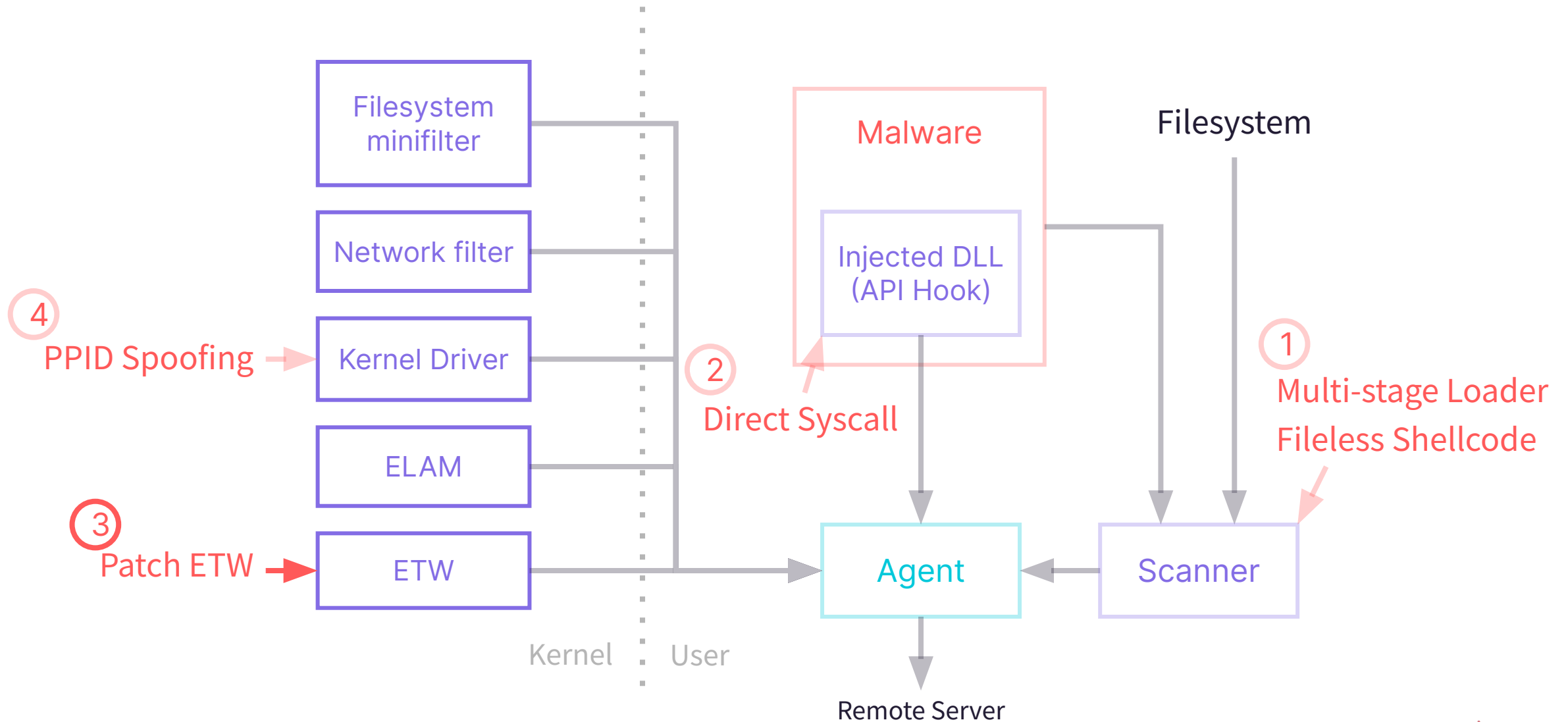


Direct Syscall

```
NTSTATUS __stdcall NtProtectVirtualMemory(  
    HANDLE ProcessHandle,  
    PVOID *BaseAddress,  
    SIZE_T *NumberOfBytesToProtect,  
    ULONG NewAccessProtection,  
    PULONG OldAccessProtection)  
{  
    NTSTATUS result; // eax  
  
    result = _sub_180004830_resolve_syscall_number_by_hash(0xB53FF1F);  
    __asm { syscall; Low latency system call }  
    return result;  
}
```

被動躲避 Sensors

■ Agent
■ Sensors



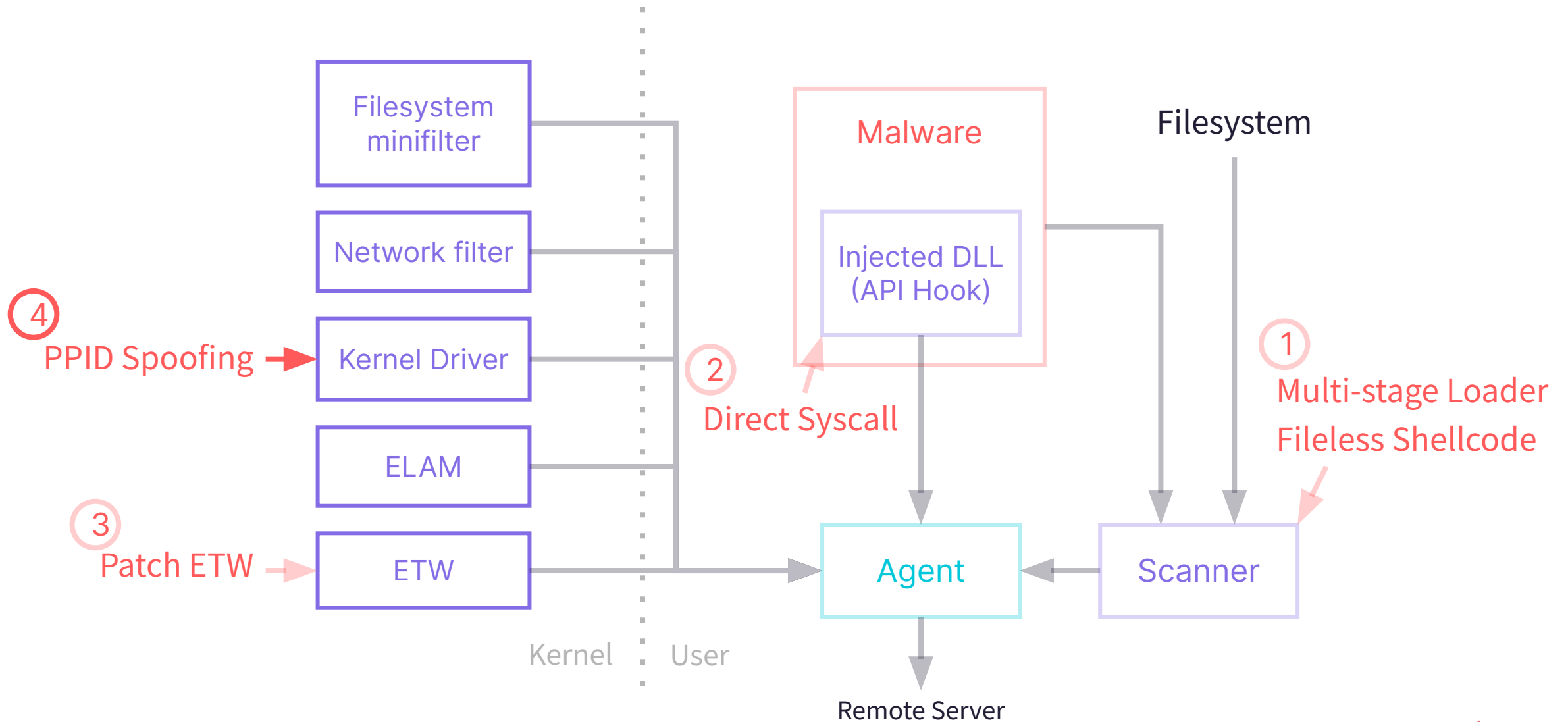
Hook EtwEventWrite

```
int64 __fastcall sub_180004870_EtwEventWrite_Hook( int64 a1, unsigned __int16 *a2, int a3, int64 a4)
{
    int v5; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-28h]
    unsigned int v6; // [rsp+44h] [rbp-24h]
    unsigned int (__fastcall *EtwEventWriteFull)(int64, unsigned __int16 *, _QWORD, _QWORD, _QWORD, int, int64); // [rsp+48h] [rbp-20h]
    int64 Library; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-18h]

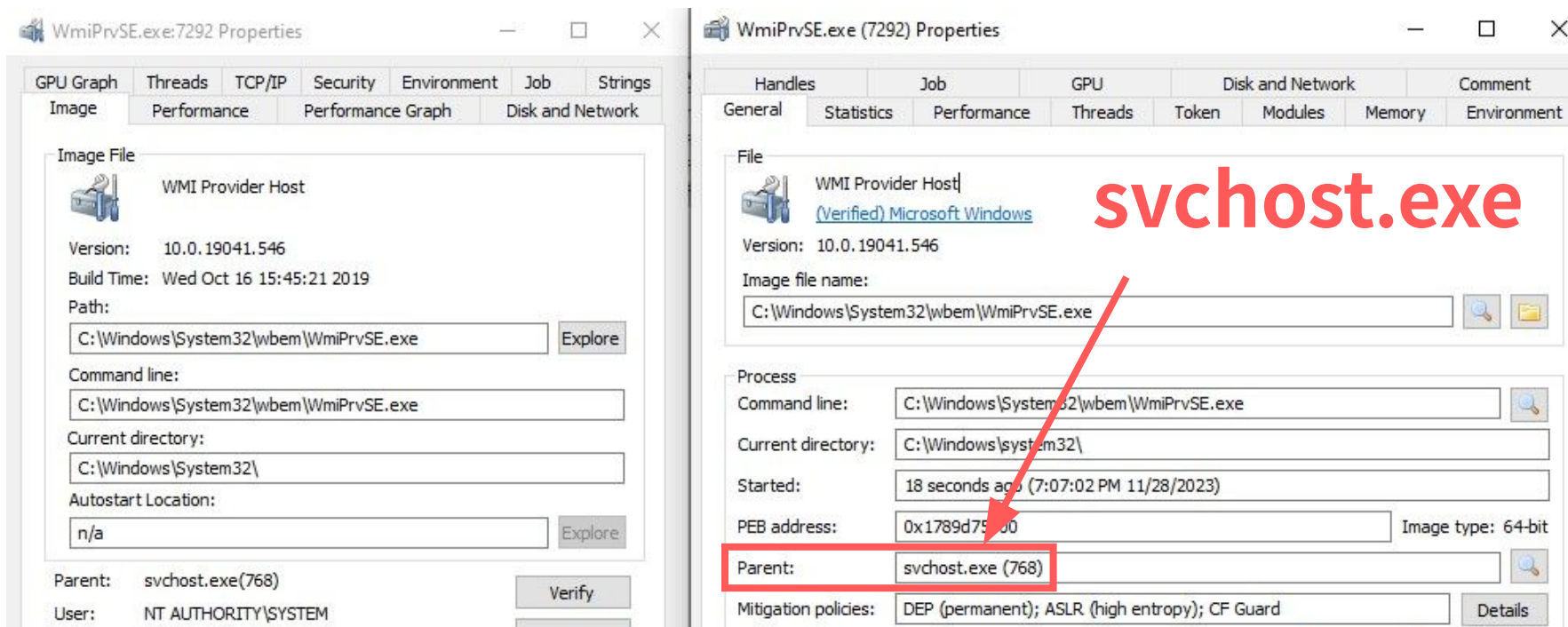
    Library = _sub_180005080_LoadLibrary(0xDDB0C76F);
    EtwEventWriteFull = (unsigned int (__fastcall *))(int64, unsigned __int16 *, _QWORD, _QWORD, _QWORD, int, int64)_sub_180004F30_GetProcAddress(Library, 0x701D3D4F);
    v6 = 0;
    if ( !EtwEventWriteFull )
        return 1i64;
    v5 = *a2;
    if ( v5 != 0x58 && v5 != 0x8F && v5 != 0x9B )
        return EtwEventWriteFull(a1, a2, 0i64, 0i64, 0i64, a3, a4);
    return v6;
}
```

被動躲避 Sensors

■ Agent
■ Sensors

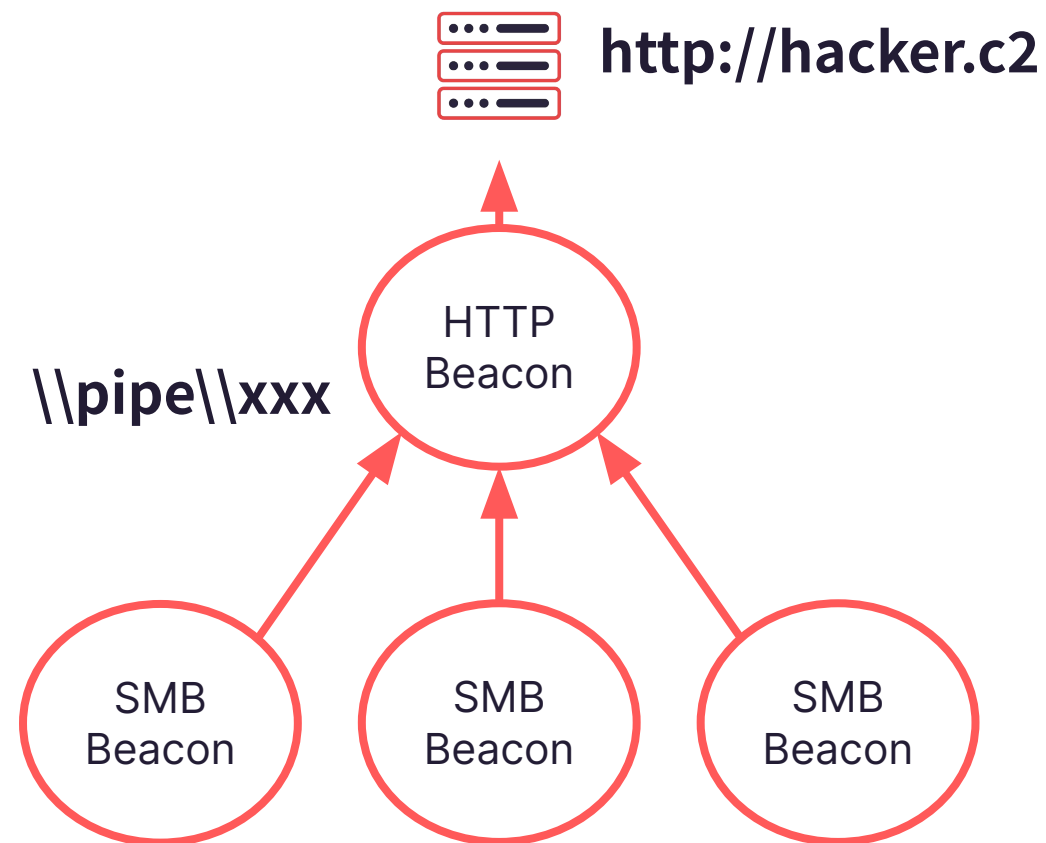


Parent PID Spoofing



Cobalt Strike

```
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.119 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.39 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
192.168.202.39 >> \ipcsvc.6327.2791.721364981276491273623b
```

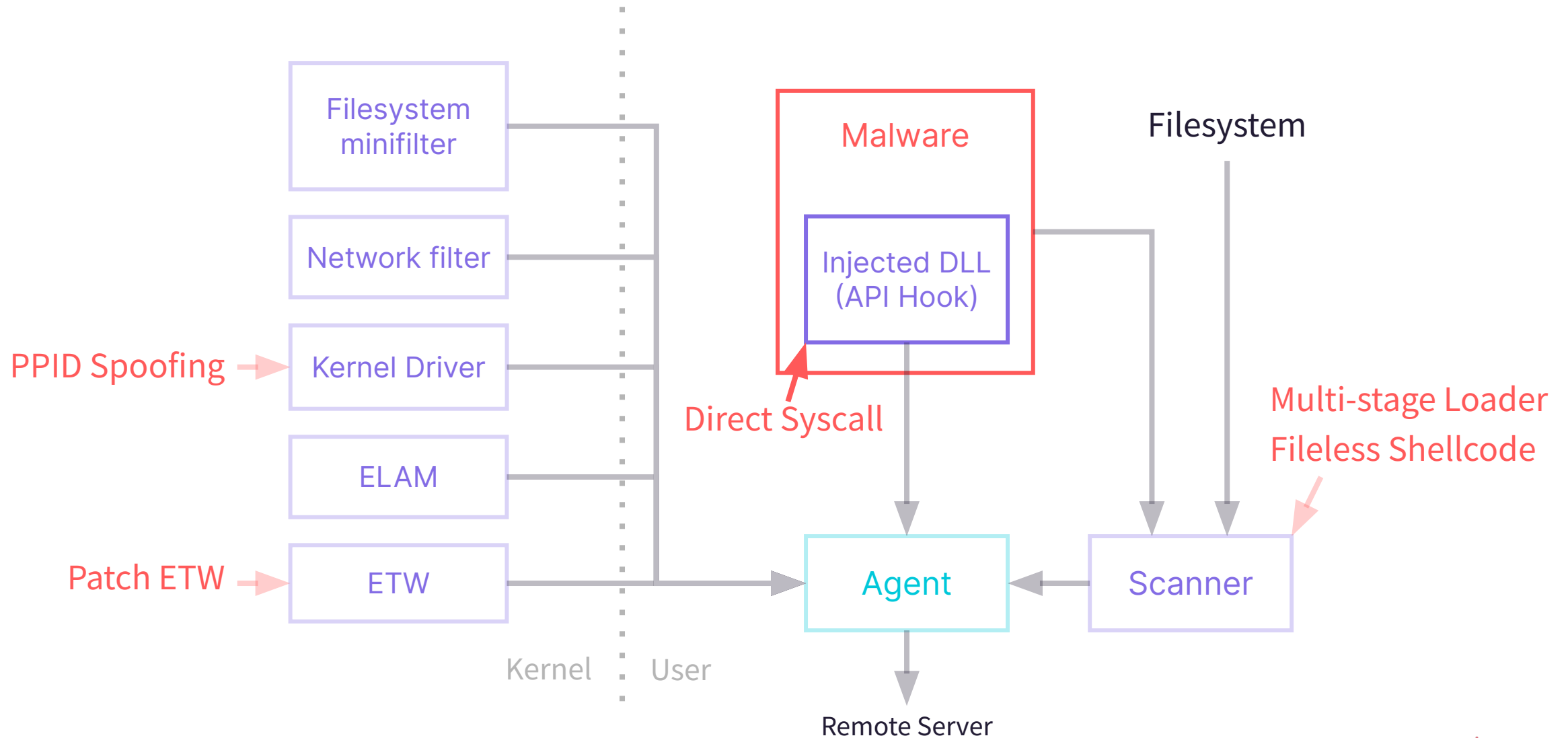




Evasion 攻防戦



API Hooking



API Hooking

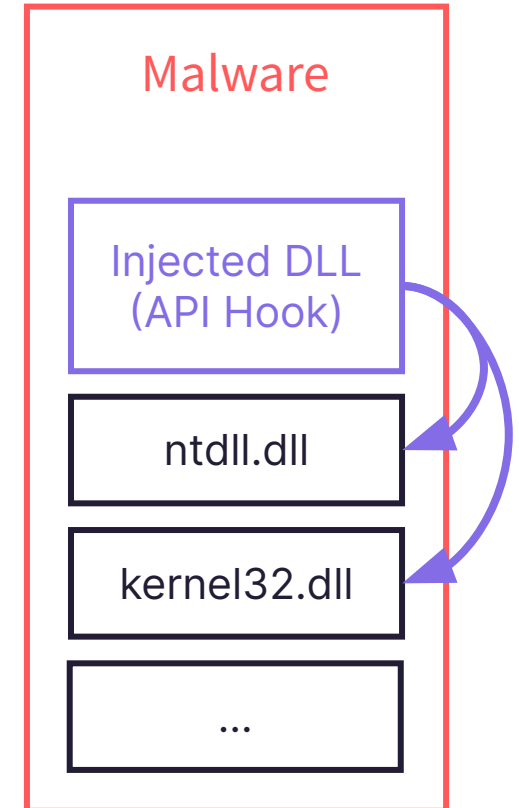
Before

TargetFunction:
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
...

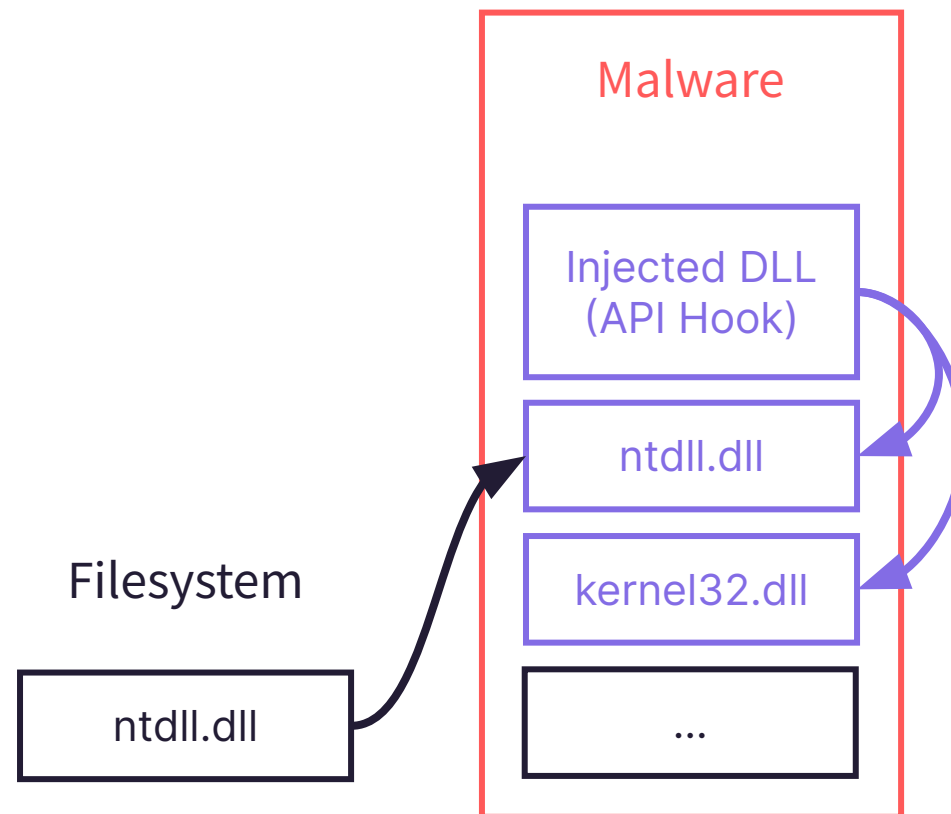


After

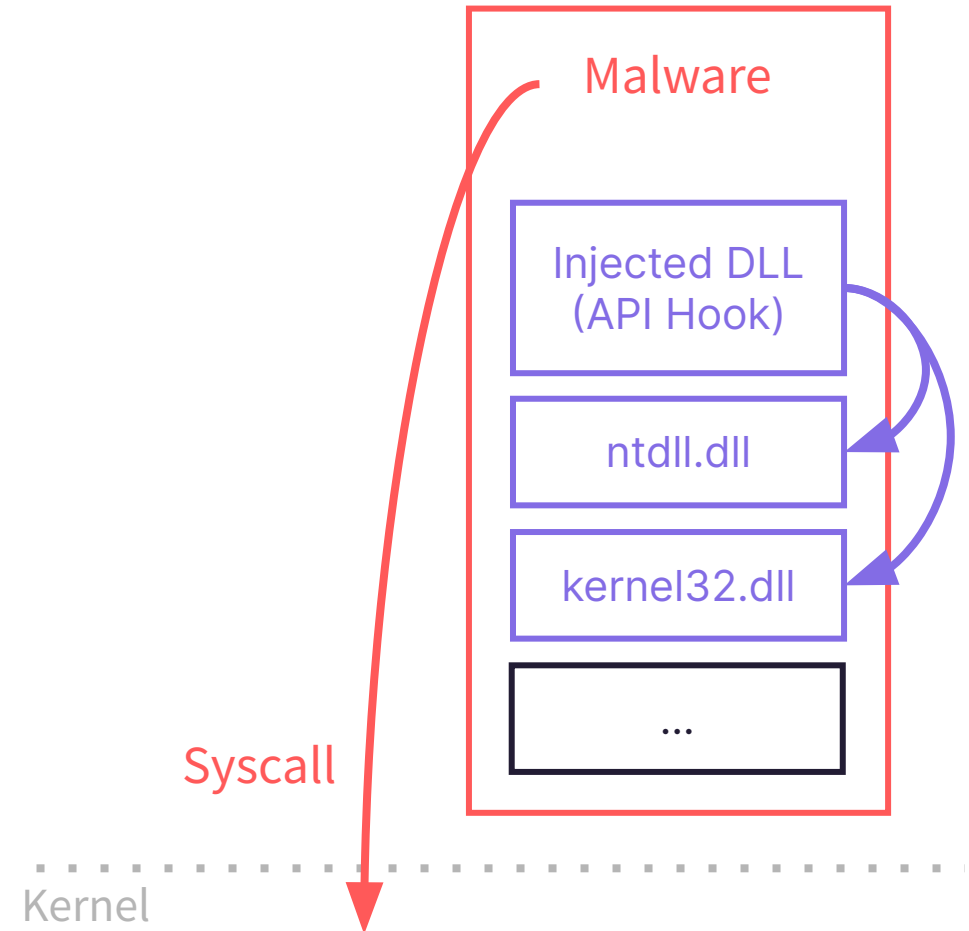
TargetFunction:
jmp MyFunction
...



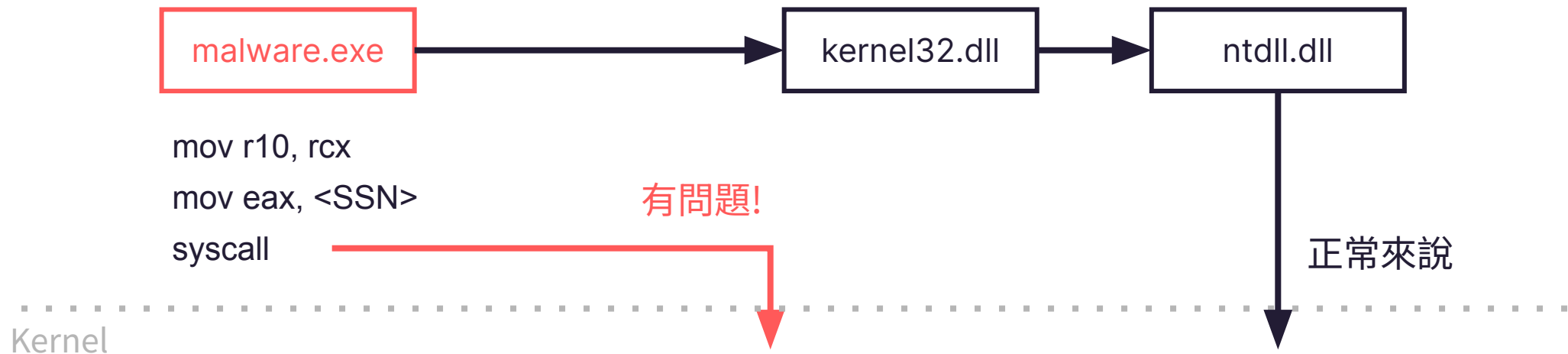
Evade API Hooking



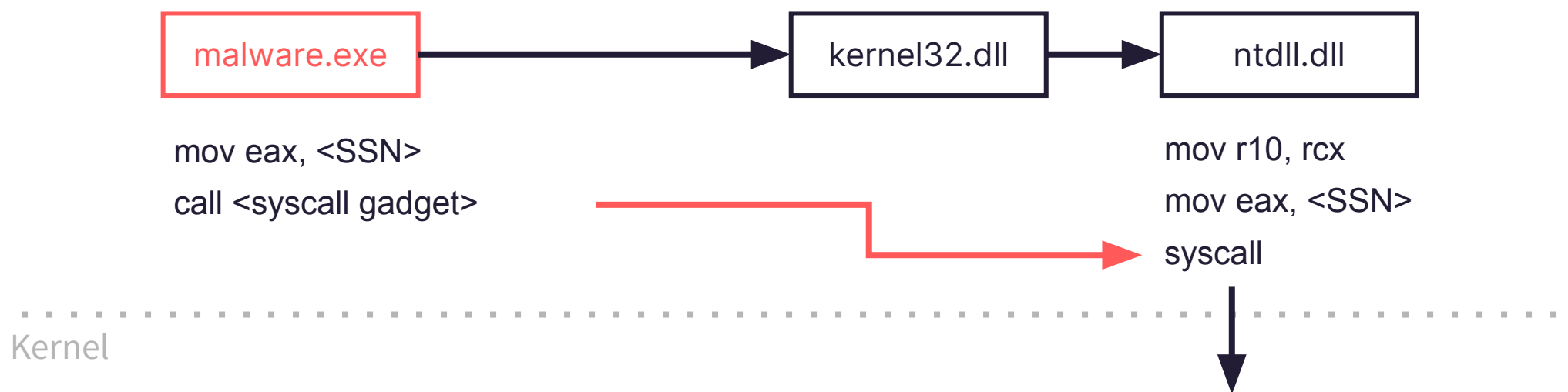
Evade API Hooking



Bypass Evade API Hooking

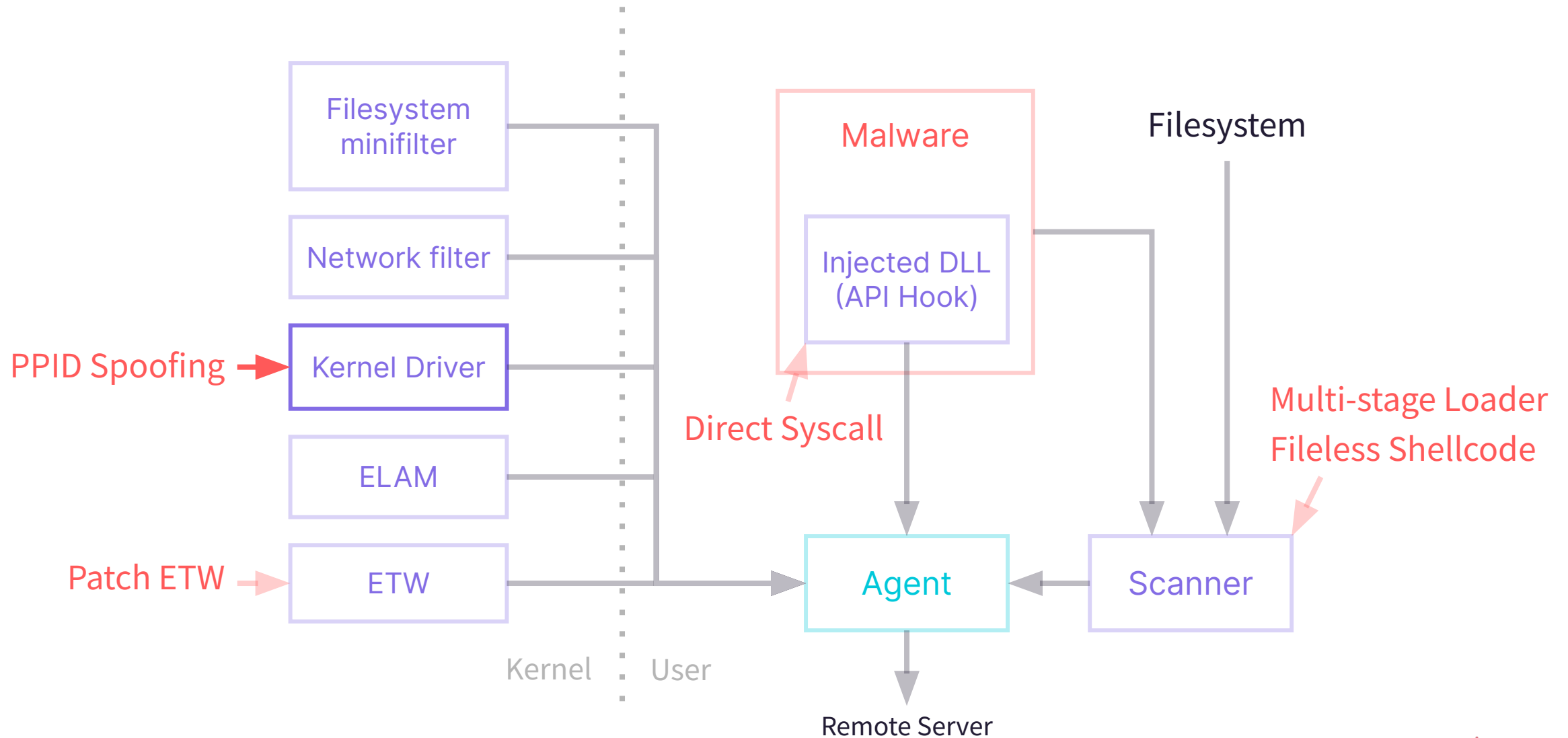


Evade Bypass Evade API Hooking



API Hooking 小結

PPID Spoofing



PPID Spoofing

```
Administrator: Windows Powe
PS C:\Users\jedi\Desktop> .\PPIDspoofing.exe 672
TEB address: 000000227F748000
Original PID: 1764
Modified PID: 672
Press any key to continue...
```

svchost.exe	7080	2.63 MB	...\SYSTEM	Host Process fo...	System
svchost.exe	4236	1.66 MB	...\SYSTEM	Host Process fo...	System
svchost.exe	6440	2.69 MB	...\SYSTEM	Host Process fo...	System
TrustedInstaller.exe	7732	1.83 MB	...\SYSTEM	Windows Mod...	System
svchost.exe	7988	1.58 MB	...\SYSTEM	Host Process fo...	System
▼ lsass.exe	672	5.55 MB	...\SYSTEM	Local Security ...	System
notepad.exe	8012	2.23 MB	DES...\jedi	Notepad	High
fontdrvhost.exe	808	1.44 MB	...\UMFD-C	Usermode Font...	Low

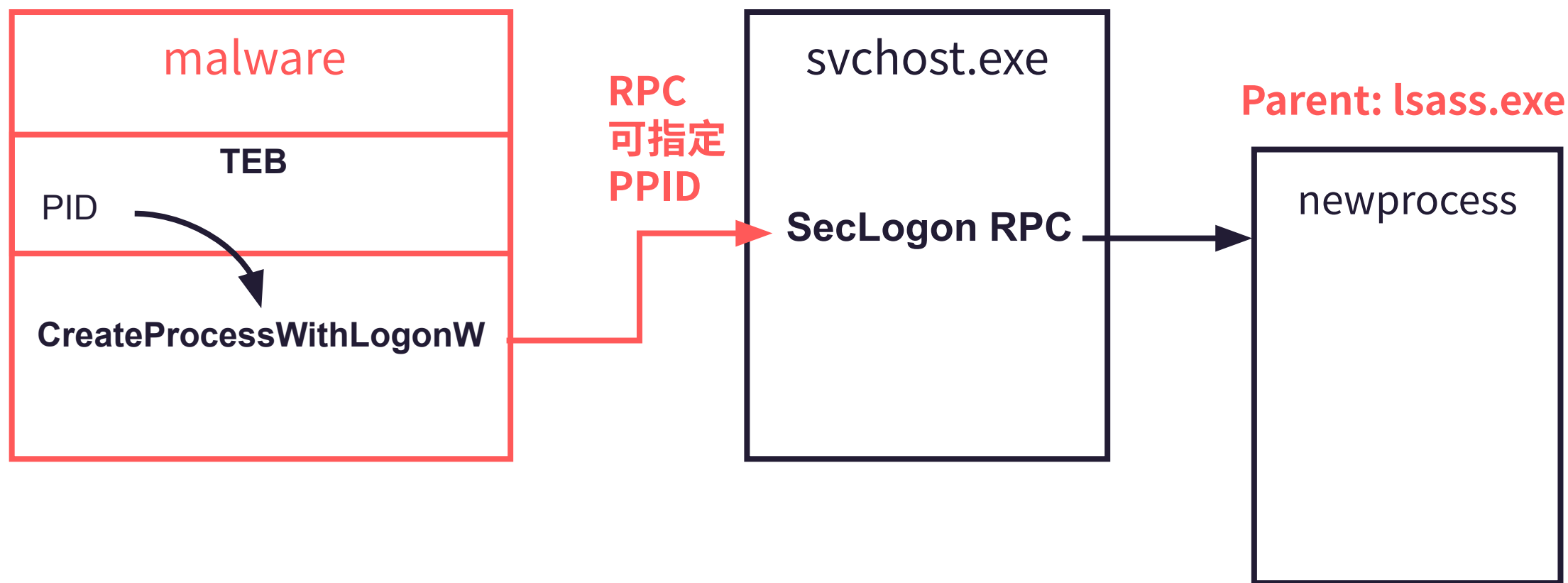
PPID Spoofing: 第一種作法

`PROC_THREAD_ATTRIBUTE_PARENT_PROCESS`

The *lpValue* parameter is a pointer to a handle to a process to use instead of the calling process as the parent for the process being created. The process to use must have the `PROCESS_CREATE_PROCESS` access right.

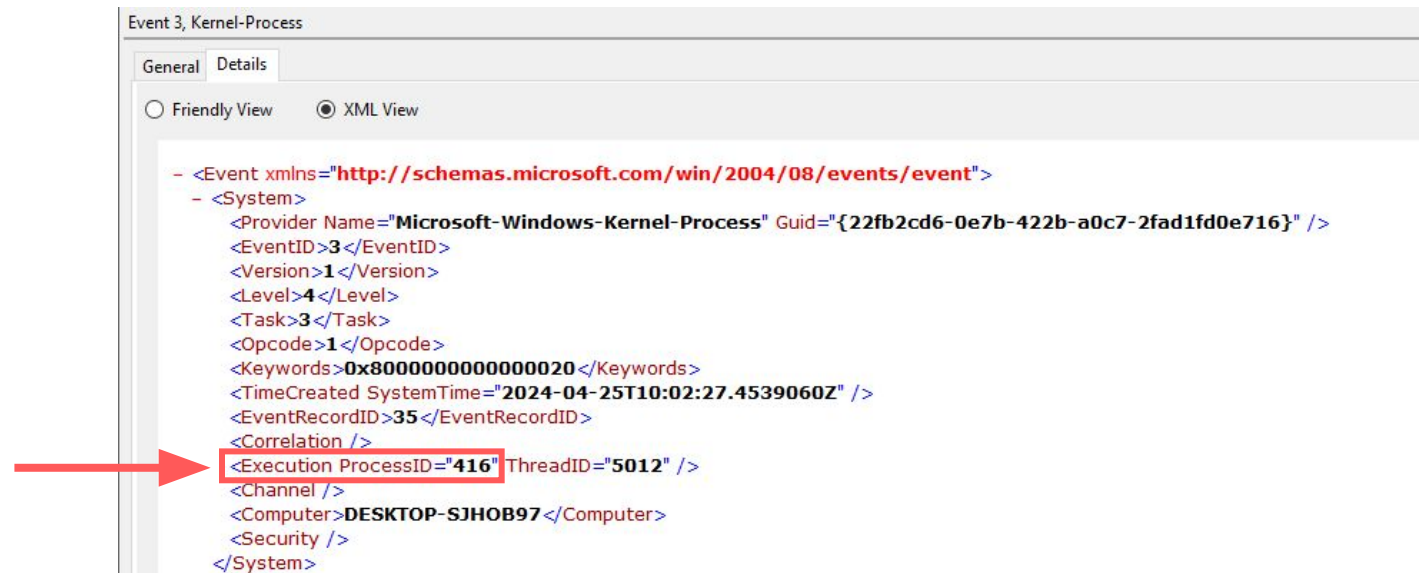
PPID Spoofing: 第二種作法

1. 改 TEB 上的 PID
2. 呼叫 CreateProcessWithLogonW



工具: MalSeclogon

Detect PPID Spoofing



Event 3, Kernel-Process

General Details

☐ Friendly View ☒ XML View

```
- <Event xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/win/2004/08/events/event">
- <System>
  <Provider Name="Microsoft-Windows-Kernel-Process" Guid="{22fb2cd6-0e7b-422b-a0c7-2fad1fd0e716}" />
  <EventID>3</EventID>
  <Version>1</Version>
  <Level>4</Level>
  <Task>3</Task>
  <Opcode>1</Opcode>
  <Keywords>0x8000000000000020</Keywords>
  <TimeCreated SystemTime="2024-04-25T10:02:27.4539060Z" />
  <EventRecordID>35</EventRecordID>
  <Correlation />
  <Execution ProcessID="416" ThreadID="5012" />
  <Channel />
  <Computer>DESKTOP-SJHOB97</Computer>
  <Security />
</System>
```

Takeaway

- 防止 BYOVD, 可以把常被利用的驅動加入黑名單
- Direct Syscall 目前主流 Bypass API Hooking 手法, 有 syscall 的程式通常有問題
- Parent Process 不一定等於 Process Creator

奧義 AI 資安年會



台灣首場資安為主題的 AI 技術研討會

2024.07.12 (五) 08:30 - 17:00



資料科學研發處長 楊政霖 博士

創辦人 邱銘彰 (Birdman)

資安研究處長 陳仲寬



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