任务概述

本章任务,主要是要建立对Spark引擎的一个整体认识,宏观上了解Spark的体系结构,知道Spark的应用场景,解决了什么问题。

同时,还需掌握如何搭建Linux集群和Spark集群。

在基础设施建立完毕后,还需要知道如何在单机模式、伪分布式模式、集群模式上运行Spark应用。

1.下载spark

spark有提供与hadoop相对应的预版本,下载时请根据自己需要进行选择,这里我们选择不依赖于具体hadoop的spark版本,在使用时我们再根据自己hadoop版本设置相应的环境参数。

spark目前最新的稳定版是2.4.5,版本3.0还是预览发行状态。



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Download Apache Spark™

- 1. Choose a Spark release: 2.4.5 (Feb 05 2020)

 2. Choose a package type Pre-built with user-provided Apache Hadoop

 3. Download Spark spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop.tgz
- 4. Verify this release using the 2.4.5 signatures, checksums and project release KEYS.

Note that, Spark is pre-built with Scala 2.11 except version 2.4.2, which is pre-built with Scala 2.12.

wget http://mirror.bit.edu.cn/apache/spark/spark-2.4.5/spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop.tgz

注意:原连接使用的是https协议,下载速度可能很慢,这里改为使用http协议,速度会快很多,如果http协议被禁止不能使用,请改回https协议进行下载。

2.解压spark文件到/opt,并建立相应的soft links文件

```
tar zxvf spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop.tgz
ln -sf lspark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop spark
ln -sf /opt/spark /usr/local/spark
```

3.检查java及相关环境变量设置,这里我们仍以hadoop身份来运行spark,当然也可以单独指定一个帐号来运行,如果是单独一个运行帐号,后续在使用hdfs时,需要注意对hdfs分布式文件系统设置相应的权限。

```
java -version
prpm -qa | grep java ##----> 1.8.0 jdk
env | grep JAVA
env | grep HOME
```

环境变量设置

vi .bash_profile 或 vi .bashrc

```
1 # User specific environment and startup programs
 2
   JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java
   JRE_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre
   export JAVA_HOME
 5
   export JRE_HOME
 6
   export HADOOP_HOME=/opt/hadoop
 7
   #export SPARK_HOME=/usr/local/spark
9
   export SPARK_HOME=/opt/spark
   export PYTHONPATH=$$PARK_HOME/python:$$PARK_HOME/python/lib/py4j-0.10.8.1-
10
    src.zip
11
    export PYSPARK_PYTHON=python3
12
13
    PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin:$JAVA_HOME/bin:$JAVA_JRE/bin:$HADOOP_HOME/bin:$HADOOP_
    HOME/sbin:$SPARK_HOME/bin
   export PATH
14
15
16 alias vi=vim
```

4.编辑配置文件spark-env.sh

```
1 cp spark-env.sh.template spark-env.sh
2 vi spark-env.sh
```

spark-env.sh内容:

```
1 export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java
    export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=/opt/hadoop/etc/hadoop
 3
    export HADOOP_HOME=/opt/hadoop/
 4
 5
   export SPARK_MASTER_HOST=master.lab.hwadee.com
 6
   #export SPARK_MASTER_PORT=7077
 7
    #export SPARK_MASTER_WEBUI_PORT=8080
    #export SPARK_WORKER_CORES=1
9
    #export SPARK_WORKER_MEMORY=1024M
10
11
   export SPARK_PID_DIR=/var/lib/spark
12
   export SPARK_LOG_DIR=/var/log/spark
13
   export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$HADOOP_HOME/lib/native/:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
14
    export SPARK_DIST_CLASSPATH=$(${HADOOP_HOME}/bin/hadoop classpath)
```

创建PID及日志目录并修改属主

```
1  mkdir /var/log/spark
2  chown hadoop:hadoop /var/log/spark
3  mkdir /var/lib/spark
4  chown hadoop:hadoop /var/lib/spark
```

5.加入节点

```
vim slaves
datanode01.lab.hwadee.com
datanode02.lab.hwadee.com
datanode03.lab.hwadee.com
```

6.同步资料到其它节点

修改文件属主为运行帐号:

```
1 chown hadoop:hadoop /opt/spark* -R
```

分发spark文件到其它节点:

a.)分发修改后登录脚本

```
scp ~haoop/.bash_profile hadoop@datanode01.lab.hwadee.com:~/
scp ~haoop/.bash_profile hadoop@datanode02.lab.hwadee.com:~/
scp ~haoop/.bash_profile hadoop@datanode03.lab.hwadee.com:~/
```

b.) 分发spark程序到其它节点

```
scp -r /opt/spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop
hadoop@datanode01.lab.hwadee.com:/opt
scp -r /opt/spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop
hadoop@datanode01.lab.hwadee.com:/opt
scp -r /opt/spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop
hadoop@datanode01.lab.hwadee.com:/opt
```

c.)创建相关的link文件和目录

```
ssh datanode01 "cd /opt;ln -sf /spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop hadoop;ln -
sf /opt/spark /usr/local/spark"
ssh datanode02 "cd /opt;ln -sf /spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop hadoop;ln -
sf /opt/spark /usr/local/spark"
ssh datanode03 "cd /opt;ln -sf /spark-2.4.5-bin-without-hadoop hadoop;ln -
sf /opt/spark /usr/local/spark"
```

```
ssh datanode01 "mkdir /var/lib/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/lib/spark"
ssh datanode01 "mkdir /var/log/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/log/spark"

ssh datanode02 "mkdir /var/lib/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/lib/spark"
ssh datanode02 "mkdir /var/log/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/log/spark"

ssh datanode03 "mkdir /var/lib/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/lib/spark"
ssh datanode03 "mkdir /var/lib/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/lib/spark"
ssh datanode03 "mkdir /var/log/spark;chown hadoop:hadoop /var/log/spark"
```

7.启动spark

```
1 /opt/spark/sbin/start-all.sh
```

8.测试验证:

put 文件到hdfs

vi 123.txt

```
1 aaaa
2 bbb
3 dd
4 ddd
5 cc
6 sss sss
7
```

vi 456.txt

```
1 | 1111
2 | 2222
3 | 3333
4 | 4444
5 | 5555
```

```
hadoop fs -put 123.txt /
hadoop fs -put 456.txt /
hadoop fs -ls /
```

9.运行 spark-shell

```
val f1 = sc.textFile("hdfs://master.lab.hwadee.com/123.txt")
val f2 = spark.read.textFile("/456.txt")
f1.count()
f2.count()
f1.first()
f2.first()
```

10.提交任务到spark

```
/opt/spark/bin/spark-submit --master spark://master.lab.hwadee.com:7077 --
class org.apache.spark.examples.SparkPi /opt/spark/examples/jars/spark-
examples_2.11-2.4.5.jar 2>/dev/null
```