Namespace and Executable Packages



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Overview

Introduce namespace packages

Demonstrate executable directories

Execute code from zipped directories

Make executable packages

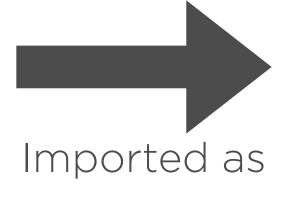
Namespace Packages

Packages in Multiple Directories

Multiple Distinct Directories

path1/
 package_name/
 module_a.py

path2/
 package_name/
 module_b.py



Single Logical Package

package_name

package_name.module_a

package_name.module_b

PEP 420: Implicit Namespace Packages

"Namespace packages are a mechanism for splitting a single Python package across multiple directories on disk."

python.org/dev/peps/pep-0420/

Namespace packages may not have __init__.py

Namespace Package Discovery Algorithm

- Scan each directory in sys.path
- Import standard package if found
- Import standard module if found
- Otherwise, all matching directories contribute to a namespace package

Conversion to Namespace Package

```
organizing-larger-programs
Project
 organizing-larger-programs
    ■demo_reader
       □ compressed
          init__.py
          bzipped.py
          gzipped.py
     ▼ ■util
          ...init__.py
          writer.py
       ...init__.py
       multireader.py
```

```
organizing-larger-programs
Project
 organizing-larger-programs
    path1
    demo_reader

▼ □util

           .py
           writer.py
         multireader.py
    □path2
     demo_reader
         □ compressed
           init__.py
           bzipped.py
           gzipped.py
```

Executable Directories

You can execute a directory if it contains __main__.py

__main__.py will be executed

Using __main__.py and sys.path

1. Added to sys.path



2. Executed by "python directory"

Using __main__.py and sys.path

1. Added to sys.path



2. Executed by "python program"

Executable Zip Files

The zip file contains the same contents as the directory, not the directory itself

Executable Packages

Using __main__.py in Packages

1. Must be accessible as package



2. Executed by "python -m package"

Executing Directories vs. Packages

python directory

Executing a *directory*

"directory" added to sys.path

"directory/__main__.py" is not in a package

python -m directory

Executing a package

- The "-m" tells Python to treat it as a module

"directory" treated as a package

"directory/__main__.py" is a submodule of the directory package

__init__.py vs.__main__.py

__init__.py can execute any code it likes on import . . .

... but only a package with __main__.py can be executed

Summary

Construct packages from multiple directories with *namespace packages*

Namespace packages cannot contain __init__.py

Directories can be made executable with __main__.py

Python can execute zip files like directories

Packages can be both importable and executable with __main__.py