

# Optimization Methods.

## Seminar 2. Convex sets.

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- Objective of the Optimization Methods course
- General optimization problem statement
- Examples of optimization problems:
  - linear programming
  - least squares problem
  - convex optimization problems
- Why convex optimization problems are good?

# Affine sets

## Affine set

Let  $A$  be affine set if for any  $x_1, x_2 \in A$  and  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$  point  $\theta x_1 + (1 - \theta)x_2 \in A$ .

Examples:  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , hyperplane, single point.

## Affine combination of points

Assume  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in G$ , then point  $\theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_k x_k$  is called affine combination of the points  $x_1, \dots, x_k$  if  $\sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i = 1$ .

## Affine hull of set

A set  $\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i x_i \mid x_i \in G, \sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i = 1 \right\}$  is called affine hull of set  $G$  and is denoted by  $\mathbf{aff}(G)$ .

## Claim 1

A set  $G$  is affine if and only if it contains all affine combinations of points from  $G$ .

## Claim 2

A set  $G$  is affine if and only if it can be represented in the form  $G = \{\mathbf{x} | \mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}\}$ .

# Convex set

## Convex set

Let  $C$  be a convex set if

$$\forall x_1, x_2 \in C, \theta \in [0, 1] \rightarrow \theta x_1 + (1 - \theta)x_2 \in C.$$

$\emptyset$  and  $\{x_0\}$  are also convex by definition.

Examples:  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , affine set, half-open segment, segment.

## Convex combination of points

Assume  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in G$ , then point  $\theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_k x_k$  is called convex combination of points  $x_1, \dots, x_k$  if  $\sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i = 1, \theta_i \geq 0$ .

## Convex hull

A set  $\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i x_i \mid x_i \in G, \sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i = 1, \theta_i \geq 0 \right\}$  is called convex combination of a set  $G$  and is denoted by **conv**( $G$ ).

# Operations that preserve convexity

- Intersection of any number (finite or infinite) of convex sets is convex set.
- Image of convex set under affine function is convex function
- Linear combination of convex sets is convex
- Direct product of convex sets is convex

# Examples

Check if the following sets are affine and/or convex:

1. Half-space:  $\{\mathbf{x} | \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{x} \leq c\}$
2. Polyhedron:  $\{\mathbf{x} | \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} \preceq \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}\}$
3. A ball induced by norm in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ :  
 $B(r, \mathbf{x}_c) = \{\mathbf{x} \mid \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_c\| \leq r\}$
4. Ellipsoid:  $\mathcal{E}(\mathbf{x}_c, \mathbf{P}, r) = \{\mathbf{x} \mid (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_c)^T \mathbf{P}^{-1} (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_c) \leq r\}$
5. A set of symmetric and positive-definite matrices:  
 $\mathbf{S}_+^n = \{\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \mid \mathbf{X}^T = \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{X} \succeq \mathbf{0}\}$
6.  $\{\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \mid \text{Tr}(\mathbf{X}) = \text{const}\}$
7. Hyperbolic set:  $\{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}_+^n \mid \prod_{i=1}^n x_i \geq 1\}$

# Cone

## Cone (convex)

Let a set  $C$  be a cone (convex cone), if

$$\forall x \in C, \theta \geq 0 \rightarrow \theta x \in C$$

$$(\forall x_1, x_2 \in C, \theta_1, \theta_2 \geq 0 \rightarrow \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2 \in C)$$

Examples:  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , affine set with 0, half-open segment.

## Conical (non-negative) combination of points

Assume  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in G$ , then point  $\theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_k x_k$  is called conic (non-negative) combination of points  $x_1, \dots, x_k$  if  $\theta_i \geq 0$ .

## Conical hull

A set  $\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^k \theta_i x_i \mid x_i \in G, \theta_i \geq 0 \right\}$  is called conical hull of a set  $G$  and is denoted by **cone**( $G$ ).



# Examples

1.  $\mathbf{S}_+^n$
2. Normal cone:  $\{(\mathbf{x}, t) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \mid \|\mathbf{x}\| \leq t\}$   
In case of  $\ell_2$  norm it is called second-order cone or Lorentz cone
3. Some special cases

# Recap

- Affine set
- Convex set
- Cone
- Methods to check properties of given set