

Week 12

Networking Programming

Name: Ronit Kumar

Reg: RA2111032010009

Batch: CSE w/s IOT [T2]

1. Create a Simple Client Server Application using TCP Socket where the server issues a command which will be executed at the client side as a process of remote command execution.

```
import socket

def run_server():
    # create a socket object
    server_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)

    # get local machine name
    host = socket.gethostname()
    port = 9999

    # bind the socket to a public host, and a well-known port
    server_socket.bind((host, port))

    # become a server socket
    server_socket.listen(1)

    print("Server is listening on {}:{}".format(host, port))

    while True:
        # establish a connection
        conn, address = server_socket.accept()

        print("Connected by:", address)

        # send a command to the client
        conn.send(b"echo 'Hello, world!'")

        # close the connection
        conn.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    run_server()
```

```
def run_client():
    # create a socket object
    client_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)

    # get local machine name
    host = socket.gethostname()
    port = 9999

    # connection to hostname on the port.
    client_socket.connect((host, port))

    # receive the command from the server
    command = client_socket.recv(1024).decode()

    # execute the command and get the output
    output = subprocess.check_output(command, shell=True)

    # print the output
    print(output.decode())

    # close the client socket
    client_socket.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    run_client()
```

Output:

The screenshot shows a code editor with a terminal window. The terminal is divided into two panes. The left pane shows the output of running a server program, and the right pane shows the output of running a client program.

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing % python server.py
zsh: command not found: python
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing % python3 server.py
Server is listening on Ronits-MacBook-Air.local:9999
Connected by: ('127.0.0.1', 56075)
Connected by: ('127.0.0.1', 56076)
Connected by: ('127.0.0.1', 56077)
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing % python3 client.py
Hello, world!
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing %
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing % python3 client.py
Hello, world!
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing % python3 client.py
Hello, world!
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air Networking Programing %
```

2. Write a Socket-based Python server program that responds to client messages as follows: When it receives a message from a client, it simply converts the message into all uppercase letters and sends back the same to the client. Write both client and server programs demonstrating this.

```
server.py x client.py
server.py >
1 import socket
2
3 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
4 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
5
6 # create a socket object
7 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
8     # bind the socket object to a specific address and port
9     s.bind((HOST, PORT))
10    # listen for incoming connections
11    s.listen()
12    print(f"Server is listening on (HOST):(PORT)")
13    # accept a new connection
14    conn, addr = s.accept() (variable) addr: _RetAddress
15    with conn:
16        print(f"Connected by {addr}")
17        while True:
18            # receive data from the client
19            data = conn.recv(1024)
20            if not data:
21                break
22            # convert the data to uppercase
23            response = data.decode().upper()
24            # send the response back to the client
25            conn.sendall(response.encode())
26
client.py x
client.py >
1 import socket
2
3 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
4 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
5
6 # create a socket object
7 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
8     # connect to the server
9     s.connect((HOST, PORT))
10    # send a message to the server
11    message = "hello, world!"
12    s.sendall(message.encode())
13    # receive the response from the server
14    data = s.recv(1024)
15    # print the response
16    print(f"Received: {data.decode()}")
17
```

Output:

```
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 server.py
Server is listening on localhost:8000
Connected by ('127.0.0.1', 64354)
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB %

data = s.recv(1024)
KeyboardInterrupt
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 client.py
Received: HELLO, WORLD!
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB %
```

3. Write a ping-pong client and server application. When a client sends a ping message to the server, the server will respond with a pong message. Other messages sent by the client can be safely dropped by the server.

```
server.py x client.py
server.py >
1 import socket
2
3 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
4 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
5
6 # create a socket object
7 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as s:
8     # bind the socket object to a specific address and port
9     s.bind((HOST, PORT))
10    print(f"Server is listening on (HOST):(PORT)")
11    while True:
12        # receive data from the client
13        data, addr = s.recvfrom(1024)
14        # check if the message is a ping
15        if data.decode() == "ping":
16            # send a pong back to the client
17            s.sendto("pong".encode(), addr)
18
client.py x
client.py >
1 import socket
2 import time
3
4 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
5 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
6
7 # create a socket object
8 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as s:
9     # send a ping to the server every second
10    while True:
11        # send a ping to the server
12        s.sendto("ping".encode(), (HOST, PORT))
13        # wait for a response
14        data, addr = s.recvfrom(1024)
15        # check if the message is a pong
16        if data.decode() == "pong":
17            print("pong received")
18        # wait for one second before sending the next ping
19        time.sleep(1)
20
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 server.py
Server is listening on localhost:8000
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 client.py
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
pong received
```

4. Write a Socket based program server-client to simulate a simple chat application where the server is multithreaded which can serve multiple clients at the same time.

```
server.py
1 import socket
2 import threading
3
4 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
5 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
6 clients = set() # a set to keep track of connected clients
7
8 # function to handle incoming connections from clients
9 def handle_client(conn, addr):
10     print(f"Connected by {addr}")
11     clients.add(conn)
12     while True:
13         # receive data from the client
14         data = conn.recv(1024)
15         if not data:
16             break
17         # send the data to all other clients
18         for client in clients:
19             if client != conn:
20                 client.sendall(data)
21         # remove the client from the set when the connection is closed
22         clients.remove(conn)
23         conn.close()
24
25 # create a socket object
26 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
27     # bind the socket object to a specific address and port
28     s.bind((HOST, PORT))
29     # listen for incoming connections
30     s.listen()
31     print(f"Server is listening on {HOST}:{PORT}")
32     while True:
33         # accept a new connection
34         conn, addr = s.accept()
35         # create a new thread to handle the connection
36         thread = threading.Thread(target=handle_client, args=(conn, addr))
37         thread.start()
38
client.py
1 import socket
2 import threading
3
4 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
5 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
6
7 # function to handle incoming messages from the server
8 def handle_messages(sock):
9     while True:
10         # receive data from the server
11         data = sock.recv(1024)
12         if not data:
13             break
14         # print the message to the console
15         print(data.decode())
16
17 # create a socket object
18 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
19     # connect to the server
20     s.connect((HOST, PORT))
21     # create a new thread to handle incoming messages from the server
22     thread = threading.Thread(target=handle_messages, args=(s,))
23     thread.start()
24     # send messages to the server
25     while True:
26         message = input()
27         # send the message to the server
28         s.sendall(message.encode())
29
```

Output:

```
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 server.py
Server is listening on localhost:8000
Connected by ('127.0.0.1', 64386)
Connected by ('127.0.0.1', 64396)
```

5. Write a Socket based program server-client to simulate Simple File Transfer Protocol using TCP Sockets.

```
server.py x client.py x client2.py
server.py: handle_client
1 import socket
2 import threading
3
4 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
5 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
6
7 # function to handle incoming connections from clients
8 def handle_client(conn, addr):
9     print(f"Connected by {addr}")
10    while True:
11        # receive the filename from the client
12        filename = conn.recv(1024).decode()
13        if not filename:
14            break
15        try:
16            # open the file and read its contents
17            with open(filename, 'rb') as file:
18                data = file.read()
19            # send the file contents to the client
20            conn.sendall(data)
21        except FileNotFoundError:
22            # if the file doesn't exist, send an error message to the client
23            conn.sendall(b"File not found.")
24    conn.close()
25
26 # create a socket object
27 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
28     # bind the socket object to a specific address and port
29     s.bind((HOST, PORT))
30     # listen for incoming connections
31     s.listen()
32     print(f"Server is listening on {HOST}:{PORT}")
33     while True:
34         # accept a new connection
35         conn, addr = s.accept()
36         # handle the connection in a separate thread
37         handle_thread = threading.Thread(target=handle_client, args=(conn,
38         handle_thread.start()

client.py x
client.py: > ...
1 import socket
2
3 HOST = 'localhost' # the server's hostname or IP address
4 PORT = 8000 # the port used by the server
5
6 # create a socket object
7 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM) as s:
8     # connect to the server
9     s.connect((HOST, PORT))
10    while True:
11        # ask the user to input a filename
12        filename = input("Enter the filename: ")
13        # send the filename to the server
14        s.sendall(filename.encode())
15        # receive the file contents from the server
16        data = s.recv(1024)
17        if not data:
18            break
19        # save the file contents to disk
20        with open(f"received_{filename}", 'wb') as file:
21            file.write(data)
22        print(f"File received: {filename}")
23
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
o huloiarната@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 server.py
Server is listening on localhost:8000
Connected by ('127.0.0.1', 64430)

o huloiarната@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 client.py
Enter the filename: hello.txt
File received: hello.txt
Enter the filename: 
```

6. Write a Socket based program server-client to simulate DNS Service where client request for Domain name using IP address and server responds with the Name.

```
server.py x client.py x
server.py: > ...
1 import socket
2
3 # Define a dictionary with IP address and domain name mappings
4 DNS = {
5     '192.168.1.1': 'example.com',
6     '192.168.1.2': 'google.com',
7     '192.168.1.3': 'facebook.com'
8 }
9
10 # Set up a socket to listen for client requests
11 HOST = '' # Listen on all available network interfaces
12 PORT = 5000 # Choose a port number that is not in use
13
14 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as s:
15     s.bind((HOST, PORT))
16     print(f"Server listening on {HOST}:{PORT}...")
17     while True:
18         # Wait for a client request
19         data, addr = s.recvfrom(1024)
20         # Look up the domain name from the IP address in the request
21         ip_address = data.decode()
22         domain_name = DNS.get(ip_address, 'Unknown')
23         # Send the domain name back to the client
24         s.sendto(domain_name.encode(), addr)
25

client.py: > ...
1 import socket
2
3 # Set up a socket to send requests to the DNS server
4 HOST = 'localhost' # Replace with the DNS server's IP address
5 PORT = 5000
6
7 with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM) as s:
8     # Prompt the user for an IP address to look up
9     ip_address = input("Enter an IP address: ")
10    # Send the IP address to the DNS server
11    s.sendto(ip_address.encode(), (HOST, PORT))
12    # Receive the domain name from the DNS server
13    data, _ = s.recvfrom(1024)
14    domain_name = data.decode()
15    # Print the domain name
16    print(f"The domain name for {ip_address} is {domain_name}")
17
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL

huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 server.py
Server listening on :5000...
█

huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 client.py
Enter an IP address: 192.168.1.1
The domain name for 192.168.1.1 is example.com
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % python3 client.py
Enter an IP address: 192.168.1.2
The domain name for 192.168.1.2 is google.com
huloiarnata@Ronits-MacBook-Air APP LAB % █
```