# Census Project

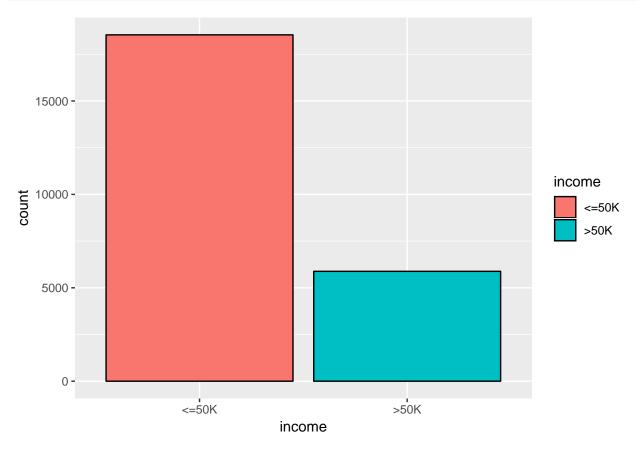
1. Load requied libraries. Install package install.packages("caret") Install package install.packages("corrplot") Install package install.packages('Boruta')

```
library(ggplot2)
library(corrplot)
## corrplot 0.84 loaded
library(Boruta)
## Loading required package: ranger
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
  2. Load census data.
setwd("c:/Ryerson University/Semester 4/ProjectCode")
loc<-getwd()</pre>
censusdata <- read.csv(file="census.csv",header=TRUE,sep=",", na.string = "?")</pre>
2.1. Divide the data into train and test data.
inTrain <- createDataPartition(y=censusdata$income, p= 0.75, list=FALSE)</pre>
training <- censusdata[inTrain,]</pre>
testing <- censusdata[-inTrain,]</pre>
  3. Display dimensions, summary of data, names and structure of data.
data <- training
dim(data)
## [1] 24421
                 15
nrow(data)
## [1] 24421
ncol(data)
## [1] 15
dim(testing)
## [1] 8140
               15
summary(data)
##
                                 workclass
                                                    fnlwgt
         age
##
    Min.
           :17.00
                     Private
                                      :16985
                                                Min.
                                                      : 12285
    1st Qu.:28.00
                     Self-emp-not-inc: 1947
                                                1st Qu.: 118088
##
##
  Median :37.00
                     Local-gov
                                      : 1570
                                                Median: 178530
##
    Mean
           :38.63
                     State-gov
                                         972
                                                       : 190094
    3rd Qu.:48.00
                     Self-emp-inc
                                      : 836
                                                3rd Qu.: 237272
##
   Max.
           :90.00
                     (Other)
                                         734
                                                       :1455435
                                                Max.
##
                     NA's
                                      : 1377
##
           education
                         education.num
                                                         marital.status
##
                :7866
                         Min.
                                 : 1.00
                                         Divorced
                                                                 : 3309
  HS-grad
```

```
Some-college:5427
                        1st Qu.: 9.00
                                        Married-AF-spouse
   Bachelors :4041
##
                        Median:10.00
                                        Married-civ-spouse
                                                             :11220
                        Mean :10.08
##
   Masters
                :1301
                                        Married-spouse-absent:
                                        Never-married
##
   Assoc-voc
                :1023
                        3rd Qu.:12.00
                                                             : 8043
##
   11th
                : 872
                        Max. :16.00
                                        Separated
                                                                790
##
    (Other)
                :3891
                                        Widowed
                                                               729
                                   relationship
##
              occupation
                                                                 race
                                                 Amer-Indian-Eskimo:
##
   Prof-specialty :3117
                           Husband
                                         :9877
##
   Craft-repair
                   :3066
                           Not-in-family :6250
                                                 Asian-Pac-Islander:
##
   Exec-managerial:3054
                           Other-relative: 755
                                                 Black
                                                                   : 2336
  Adm-clerical
                  :2873
                           Own-child
                                         :3799
                                                 Other
                                                                      204
##
   Sales
                   :2746
                           Unmarried
                                         :2567
                                                 White
                                                                   :20868
##
   (Other)
                   :8184
                           Wife
                                         :1173
##
   NA's
                   :1381
##
                                                     hours.per.week
        sex
                   capital.gain
                                    capital.loss
##
   Female: 8093
                   Min.
                        :
                               0
                                   Min. :
                                              0.00
                                                     Min.
                                                           : 1.00
##
                                              0.00
                                                     1st Qu.:40.00
   Male :16328
                   1st Qu.:
                               0
                                   1st Qu.:
##
                   Median:
                                   Median :
                                              0.00
                                                     Median :40.00
##
                                             87.29
                                                     Mean
                                                           :40.52
                   Mean
                        : 1066
                                   Mean
##
                   3rd Qu.:
                               0
                                   3rd Qu.:
                                              0.00
                                                     3rd Qu.:45.00
##
                   Max.
                          :99999
                                   Max.
                                          :4356.00
                                                     Max.
                                                            :99.00
##
##
          native.country
                            income
   United-States:21865
                          <=50K:18540
##
   Mexico
                          >50K : 5881
##
                 : 477
  Philippines : 145
##
  Germany
                     94
   Canada
                     92
## (Other)
                 : 1303
## NA's
                 : 445
names (data)
    [1] "age"
                                                           "education"
##
                         "workclass"
                                          "fnlwgt"
    [5] "education.num"
                         "marital.status" "occupation"
                                                           "relationship"
   [9] "race"
                         "sex"
                                          "capital.gain"
                                                           "capital.loss"
## [13] "hours.per.week" "native.country" "income"
str(data)
                    24421 obs. of 15 variables:
## 'data.frame':
##
                    : int 90 82 66 54 41 34 38 74 68 41 ...
                    : Factor w/ 8 levels "Federal-gov",..: NA 4 NA 4 4 4 4 7 1 4 ...
##
   $ workclass
                    : int 77053 132870 186061 140359 264663 216864 150601 88638 422013 70037 ...
##
  $ fnlwgt
##
   $ education
                    : Factor w/ 16 levels "10th", "11th", ...: 12 12 16 6 16 12 1 11 12 16 ...
   $ education.num : int 9 9 10 4 10 9 6 16 9 10 ...
   $ marital.status: Factor w/ 7 levels "Divorced", "Married-AF-spouse",..: 7 7 7 1 6 1 6 5 1 5 ...
##
                   : Factor w/ 14 levels "Adm-clerical",..: NA 4 NA 7 10 8 1 10 10 3 ...
   $ occupation
   $ relationship : Factor w/ 6 levels "Husband", "Not-in-family",...: 2 2 5 5 4 5 5 3 2 5 ...
##
##
   $ race
                    : Factor w/ 5 levels "Amer-Indian-Eskimo",..: 5 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
##
                    : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female", "Male": 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 ...
   $ sex
   $ capital.gain : int 0000000000...
   $ capital.loss : int 4356 4356 4356 3900 3900 3770 3683 3683 3004 ...
   $ hours.per.week: int 40 18 40 40 40 45 40 20 40 60 ...
  $ native.country: Factor w/ 41 levels "Cambodia", "Canada", ...: 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 ...
## $ income
                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "<=50K",">50K": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 ...
```

4. Display Class Distributions.

```
# Imbalance data
result = summary(data$income)/nrow(data) * 100
ggplot(data=data,aes(income)) + geom_bar(aes(fill = income), color = "black")
```



```
result
```

```
## <=50K >50K
## 75.91827 24.08173
```

5. Check and Cleaning missing values.

```
cat("Number of missing values in training set is:", sum(is.na(data)), "\n")
```

```
## Number of missing values in training set is: 3203
na_count <-sapply(data, function(y) sum(length(which(is.na(y)))))
na_count <- data.frame(na_count)
na_count</pre>
```

```
##
                  na_count
## age
## workclass
                      1377
## fnlwgt
                         0
## education
                         0
## education.num
                         0
                         0
## marital.status
## occupation
                      1381
## relationship
                         0
```

```
## race
                           0
## sex
                           0
## capital.gain
                           0
                           0
## capital.loss
## hours.per.week
                           0
## native.country
                         445
## income
                           0
nrow(data)
## [1] 24421
data <- na.omit(data)</pre>
nrow(data)
## [1] 22616
nrow(testing)
## [1] 8140
cat("Number of missing values in test set is:", sum(is.na(testing)), "\n")
## Number of missing values in test set is: 1059
na_count1 <-sapply(testing, function(y) sum(length(which(is.na(y)))))</pre>
na_count1
##
               age
                        workclass
                                            fnlwgt
                                                         education
                                                                     education.num
##
                 0
                               459
                                                                  0
## marital.status
                       occupation
                                     relationship
                                                              race
                                                                                sex
##
                               462
                                                                  0
                                                                                  0
##
     capital.gain
                     capital.loss hours.per.week native.country
                                                                             income
                 0
                                 0
                                                 0
                                                                                  0
##
                                                                138
testingdata <- na.omit(testing)</pre>
nrow(testingdata)
```

#### ## [1] 7546

5.1 Re-factoring the work class, occupation and native country after removing the NA values (exclude levels not required).

```
data$workclass <- factor(data$workclass)
data$occupation <- factor(data$occupation)
data$native.country <- factor(data$native.country)</pre>
```

5.1 Re-factoring the work class, occupation and native country after removing the NA values (exclude levels not required) for testing data also.

```
testingdata$workclass <- factor(testingdata$workclass)
testingdata$occupation <- factor(testingdata$occupation)
testingdata$native.country <- factor(testingdata$native.country)</pre>
```

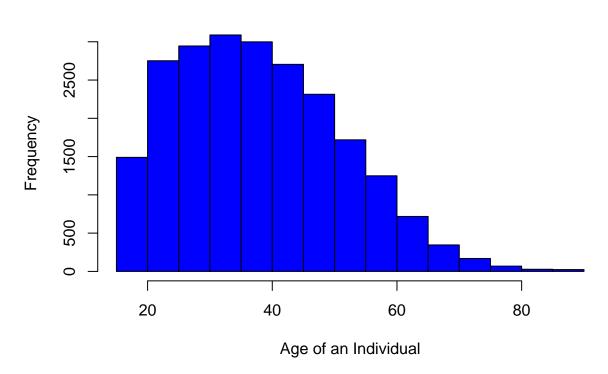
6. Statistics of Numerical attributes

```
# statistics of numerical attributes
summary(data$age)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 17.00 28.00 37.00 38.49 47.00 90.00
```

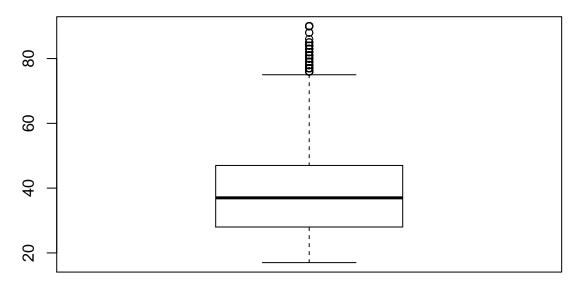
# sd(data\$age) ## [1] 13.15366 hist(data\$age, main = "Distribution of Age",xlab = "Age of an Individual" ,col ="blue")

# **Distribution of Age**



boxplot(data\$age,main="Age ")





```
summary(data$education.num)

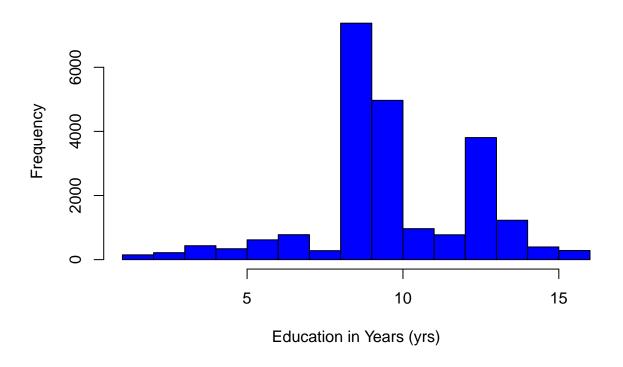
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 1.00 9.00 10.00 10.12 13.00 16.00

sd(data$education.num)
```

## [1] 2.558803

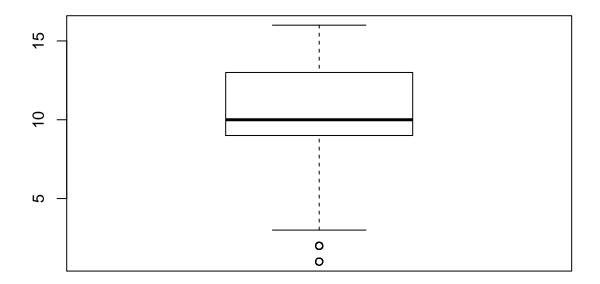
hist(data\$education.num,main = "Distribution of Education in years",xlab="Education in Years (yrs)",col

# Distribution of Education in years

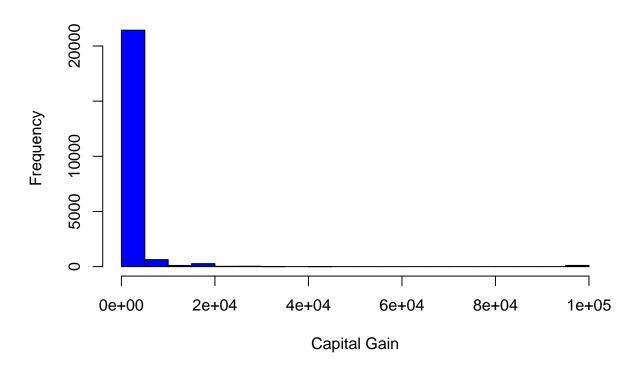


boxplot(data\$education.num,main="Distribution of Education")

## **Distribution of Education**

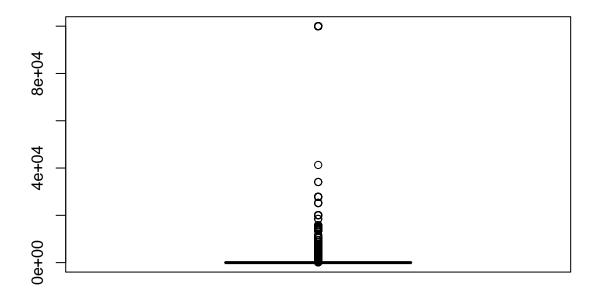


# **Distribution of Capital Gain**



boxplot(data\$capital.gain,main="Capital Gain")

# **Capital Gain**



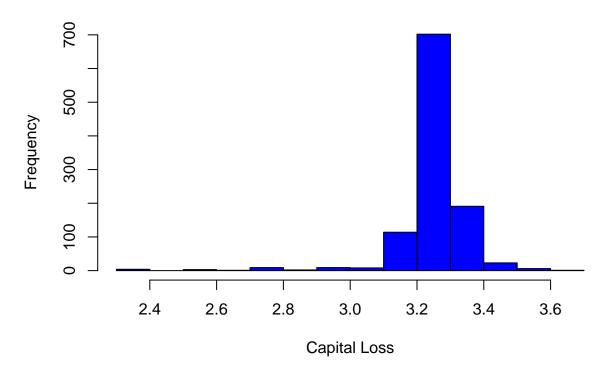
```
summary(data$capital.loss)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00 0.00 0.00 88.53 0.00 4356.00

sd(data$capital.loss)

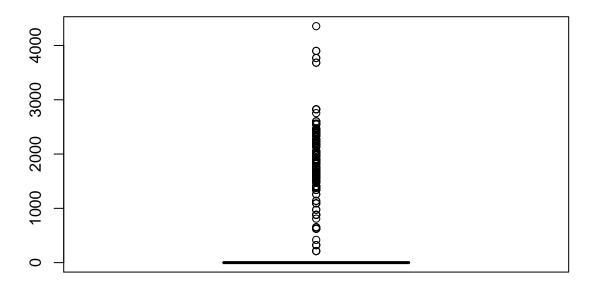
## [1] 404.9324
hist(log10(data$capital.loss),main = "Distribution of Capital Loss",xlab="Capital Loss",col = "blue")
```

# **Distribution of Capital Loss**



boxplot(data\$capital.loss,main="Capital Loss")

# **Capital Loss**



```
summary(data$hours.per.week)

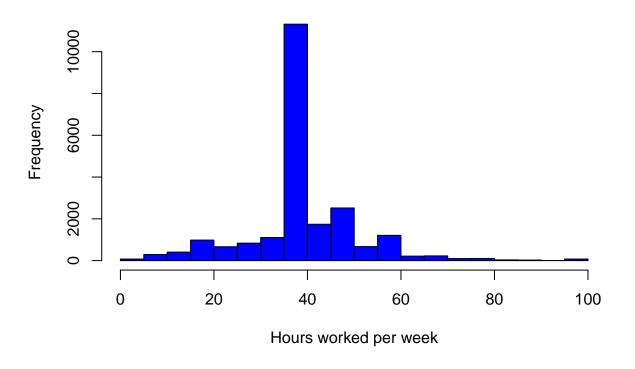
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 1.00 40.00 40.00 41.02 45.00 99.00

sd(data$hours.per.week)

## [1] 11.98793
```

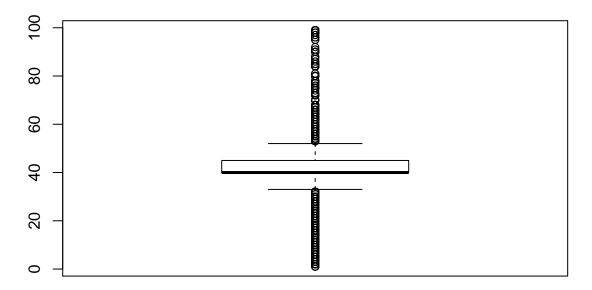
hist(data\$hours.per.week,main = "Distribution of Hours Worked per Week",xlab="Hours worked per week",co

# **Distribution of Hours Worked per Week**



boxplot(data\$hours.per.week,main="Hours Worked per Week")

# **Hours Worked per Week**



 $8.\,$  Exploratory analysis of the attribute native country.

## summary(data\$native.country)

##	Cambodia	Canada
##	16	80
##	China	Columbia
##	54	37
##	Cuba	Dominican-Republic
##	73	49
##	Ecuador	El-Salvador
##	17	85
##	England	France
##	69	21
##	Germany	Greece
##	88	25
##	Guatemala	Haiti
##	42	29
##	Holand-Netherlands	Honduras
##	1	8
##	Hong	Hungary
##	14	11
##	India	Iran
##	81	30
##	Ireland	Italy
##	19	48
##	Jamaica	Japan

```
##
                           15
                                                     453
##
                    Nicaragua Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc)
##
                           22
                        Peru
                                             Philippines
##
                           24
##
                                                     138
                                                Portugal
##
                       Poland
##
                                                      27
                  Puerto-Rico
##
                                                Scotland
##
                           76
                        South
##
                                                  Taiwan
##
                                                      29
##
                     Thailand
                                         Trinadad&Tobago
##
                          1.3
##
                United-States
                                                 Vietnam
##
                        20617
                                                      46
##
                   Yugoslavia
##
9.1 Reducing/Combining levels of native country in training data.
data$native.country <- as.character(data$native.country)</pre>
asia <- c("Cambodia", "China", "Hong", "India", "Iran", "Japan", "Laos", "Philippines", "Taiwan", "Thail
northAmerica <- c("Canada", "Cuba", "Dominican-Republic", "El-Salvador", "Guatemala", "Haiti", "Honduras
southAmerica <- c("Columbia", "Ecuador", "Peru")</pre>
europe <- c("England", "France", "Germany", "Greece", "Holand-Netherlands", "Hungary", "Ireland", "Italy
            "Yugoslavia")
other <- c("South")
data$native.country[data$native.country %in% northAmerica] <- "North America"
data$native.country[data$native.country %in% asia] <- "Asia"</pre>
data$native.country[data$native.country %in% southAmerica] <- "South America"
data$native.country[data$native.country %in% europe] <- "Europe"</pre>
data$native.country[data$native.country %in% other] <- "Other"
table(data$native.country)
##
##
            Asia
                        Europe North America
                                                     Other South America
##
            478
                           379
                                       21617
data$native.country <- as.factor(data$native.country)</pre>
levels(data$native.country)
## [1] "Asia"
                       "Europe"
                                       "North America" "Other"
## [5] "South America"
## -----
## Reduce the level of native country into 5 levels "Asia", "Europe", "North America"
## "Other", "South America"
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$native.country,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black")
```

42

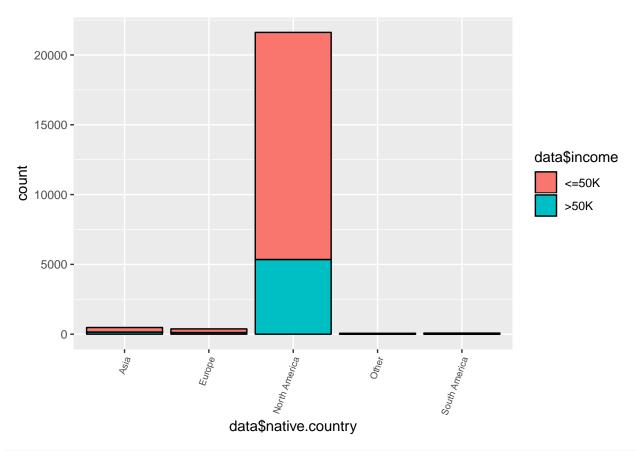
Mexico

##

##

57

Laos



```
## ------
## Native conutry of the Majority of the population is North America.
## ------
```

9.2. Reducing/Combining levels of native country in testing data.

```
testingdata$native.country <- as.character(testingdata$native.country)
testingdata$native.country[testingdata$native.country %in% northAmerica] <- "North America"
testingdata$native.country[testingdata$native.country %in% asia] <- "Asia"
testingdata$native.country[testingdata$native.country %in% southAmerica] <- "South America"
testingdata$native.country[testingdata$native.country %in% europe] <- "Europe"
testingdata$native.country[testingdata$native.country %in% other] <- "Other"
table(testingdata$native.country)
```

```
##
## Asia Europe North America Other South America
## 156 114 7234 7 35

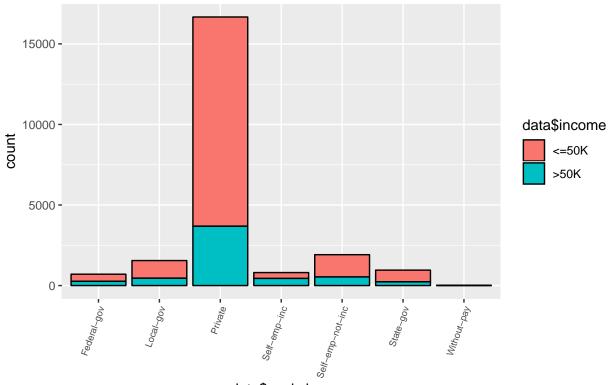
testingdata$native.country <- as.factor(testingdata$native.country)
levels(testingdata$native.country)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Asia" "Europe" "North America" "Other"
## [5] "South America"
```

10.1. Combining categories of work class in training data.

```
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$workclass,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black") +
```

### Income levels in different Work Class



## data\$workclass

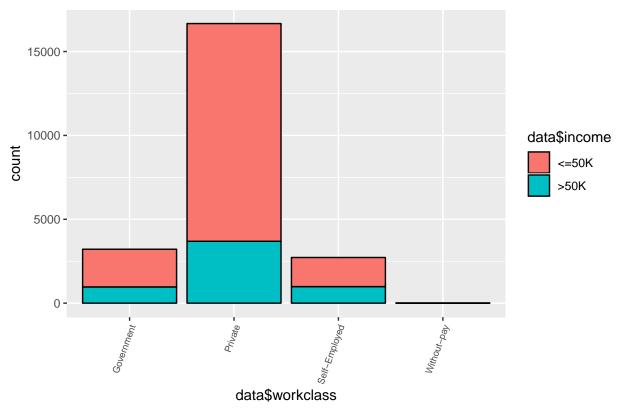
```
data$workclass <- gsub('^Federal-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Local-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^State-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)

data$workclass <- gsub('^Self-emp-inc', 'Self-Employed', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Self-emp-not-inc', 'Self-Employed', data$workclass)

data$workclass <- gsub('^Other', 'Other', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Unknown', 'Other', data$workclass)

data$workclass <- as.factor(data$workclass)
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$workclass,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black") + geom_bar(position = "stack") + geom_bar(position = "stack") + geom_bar(posit
```

#### Income Levels in different Work Class

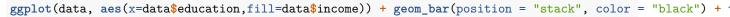


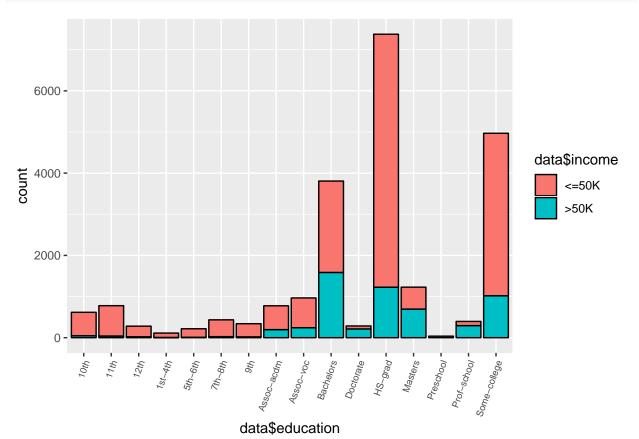
10.2. Combining categories of work class in testing data.

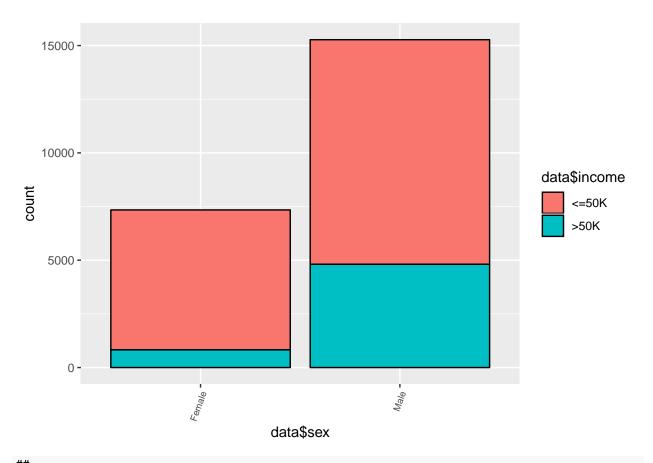
```
data$workclass <- gsub('^Federal-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Local-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^State-gov', 'Government', data$workclass)

data$workclass <- gsub('^Self-emp-inc', 'Self-Employed', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Self-emp-not-inc', 'Self-Employed', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Other', 'Other', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Unknown', 'Other', data$workclass)
data$workclass <- gsub('^Unknown', 'Other', data$workclass)</pre>
```

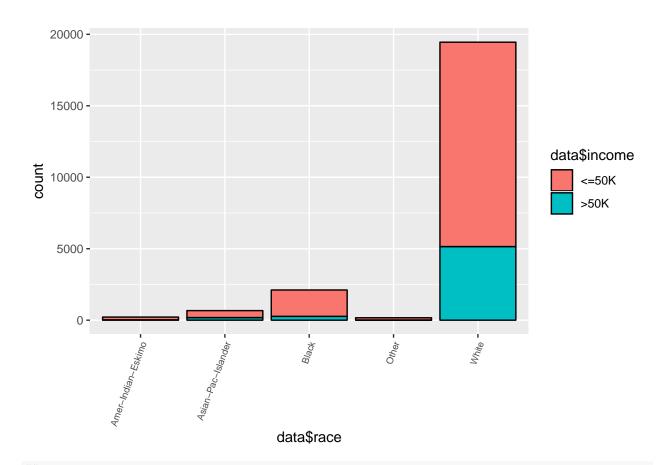
11. Relationship between categorical variables and income.



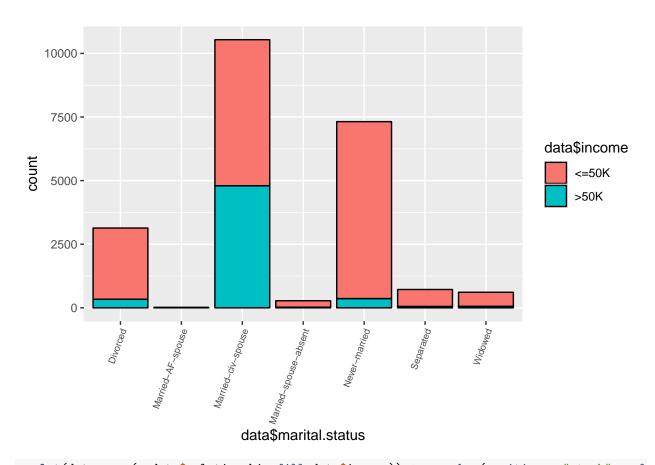




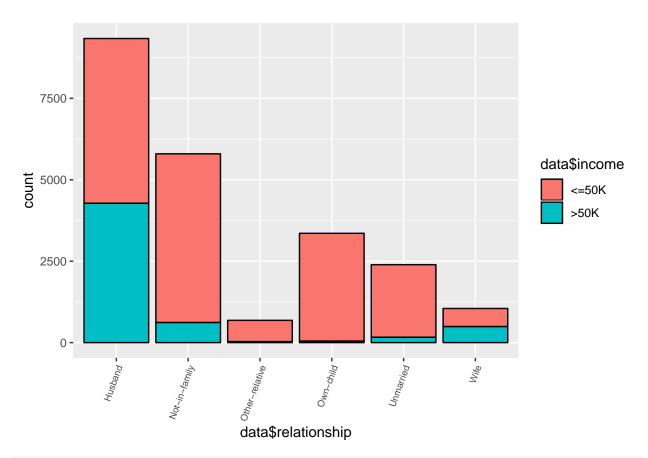
```
##-----
## Ratio of Males earning income greater than 50K are more as compare to female.
## ------
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$race,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black") + theme
```



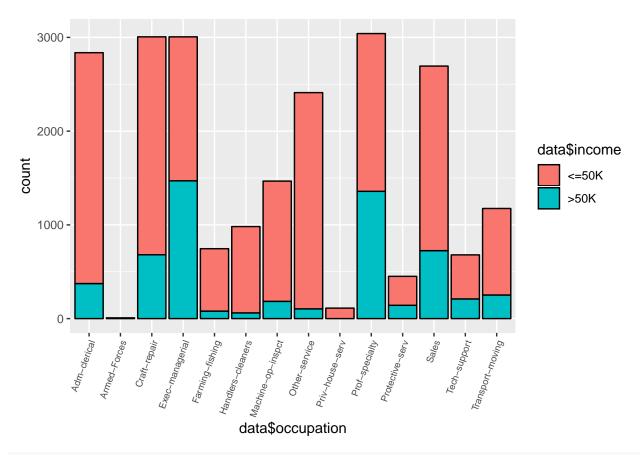
```
## ## Observations: Plot shows that in terms of race the highest earning people are
## from race White, then Asian-pacific and black.
##------
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$marital.status,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black")
```



ggplot(data, aes(x=data\$relationship,fill=data\$income)) + geom\_bar(position = "stack", color = "black")



```
##-----
## Observations: Plots shows that married people are earning more than 50k.
##------
ggplot(data, aes(x=data$occupation,fill=data$income)) + geom_bar(position = "stack", color = "black") +
```



##-----

## Observations: Plots shows that in terms of occuupation people with managerical job and

 $\mbox{\tt \#\#}$  professors are earning more than 50 K in the highest ratio.

## Showing that people at highest post are earning more.

##-----