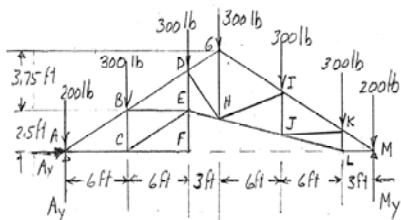


## PROBLEM 6.25

For the roof truss shown in Fig. *P6.25* and *P6.26*, determine the force in each of the members located to the left of member *GH*. State whether each member is in tension or compression.

## SOLUTION

### FBD Truss:

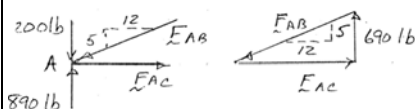


$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_M = 0: & (3 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) + (9 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) + (15 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) \\ & + (18 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) + (24 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) + (30 \text{ ft})(200 \text{ lb}) \\ & - (30 \text{ ft})(A_y) = 0 \quad A_y = 890 \text{ lb} \uparrow \\ \rightarrow \sum F_x = 0: & A_x = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{690 \text{ lb}}{5} = \frac{F_{AC}}{12} = \frac{F_{AB}}{13} \quad F_{AB} = 1794 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{AC} = 1656 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$

### Joint FBDs:



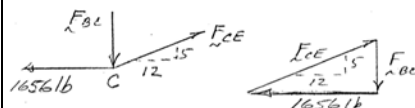
By inspection of joint F:

$$F_{CF} = 0 \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{EF} = 0 \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\frac{1656 \text{ lb}}{12} = \frac{F_{CE}}{13} = \frac{F_{BC}}{5} \quad F_{CE} = 1794 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{BC} = 890 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$



$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0: \frac{5}{13}(1794 \text{ lb} - F_{BD}) + 690 \text{ lb} - 300 \text{ lb} = 0$$

$$F_{BD} = 2808 \text{ lb} \quad F_{BD} = 2.81 \text{ kips C} \blacktriangleleft$$

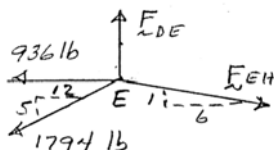
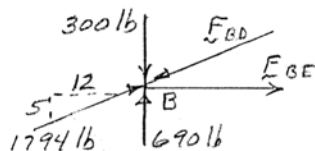
$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0: F_{BE} + \frac{12}{13}(1794 \text{ lb} - 2808 \text{ lb}) = 0 \quad F_{BE} = 936 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0: \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}} F_{EH} - 936 \text{ lb} - \frac{12}{13} 1794 \text{ lb} = 0$$

$$F_{EH} = 432\sqrt{37} \text{ lb} \quad F_{EH} = 2.63 \text{ kips T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0: F_{DE} - \frac{5}{13}(1794 \text{ lb}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{37}}(432\sqrt{37} \text{ lb}) = 0$$

$$F_{DE} = 1122 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$



# PROBLEM 6.25 CONTINUED

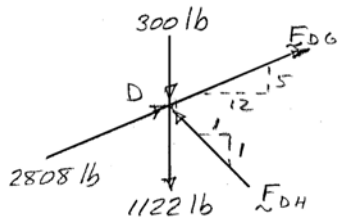
$$\rightarrow \Sigma F_x = 0: \frac{12}{13}(2808 \text{ lb} + F_{DG}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}F_{DH} = 0$$

$$\uparrow \Sigma F_y = 0: \frac{5}{13}(2808 \text{ lb} + F_{DG}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}F_{DH} - 300 \text{ lb} - 1122 \text{ lb} = 0$$

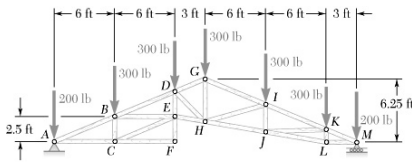
Solving:

$$F_{DG} = 1721 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{DH} = 1419 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$



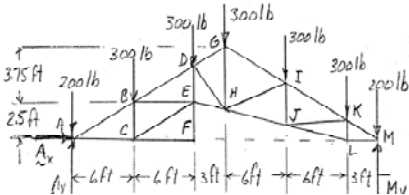
## PROBLEM 6.26



Determine the force in member  $GH$  and in each of the members located to the right of  $GH$  for the roof truss shown. State whether each member is in tension or compression.

### SOLUTION

#### FBD Truss:

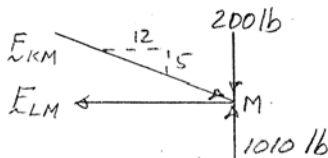


$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0: & (30 \text{ ft})M_y - (30 \text{ ft})(200 \text{ lb}) - (27 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) \\ & - (21 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) - (15 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) \\ & - (12 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) - (6 \text{ ft})(300 \text{ lb}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_y = 1010 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

$$\frac{810 \text{ lb}}{5} = \frac{F_{LM}}{12} = \frac{F_{KM}}{13}$$

#### Joint FBDs:



$$F_{KM} = 2106 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{KM} = 2.11 \text{ kips C} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{LM} = 1944 \text{ lb}$$

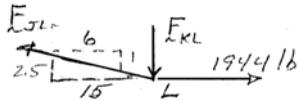
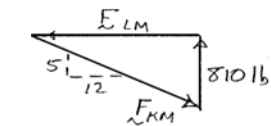
$$F_{LM} = 1.944 \text{ kips T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\frac{F_{JL}}{\sqrt{37}} = \frac{F_{KL}}{1} = \frac{1944 \text{ lb}}{6}$$

$$F_{KL} = 324 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{JL} = 1970.8 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{JL} = 1.971 \text{ kips T} \blacktriangleleft$$



$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0: \frac{12}{13}(F_{IK} - 2106 \text{ lb}) + \frac{24}{\sqrt{577}}F_{JK} = 0$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0: \frac{5}{13}(-F_{IK} + 2106 \text{ lb}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{577}}F_{JK} + 24 \text{ lb} = 0$$

Solving:

$$F_{IK} = 2162.7 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{IK} = 2.16 \text{ kips C} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_{JK} = 52.4 \text{ lb T} \blacktriangleleft$$

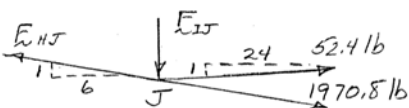
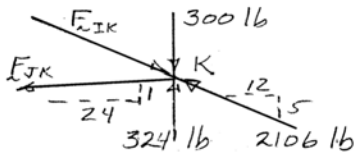
$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0: \frac{6}{\sqrt{37}}(1970.8 \text{ lb} - F_{HJ}) + \frac{24}{\sqrt{577}}(52.4 \text{ lb}) = 0$$

$$F_{HJ} = 2024 \text{ lb}$$

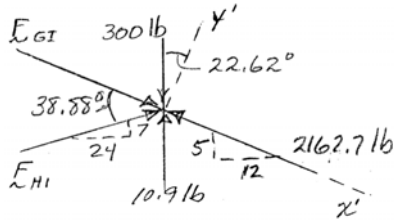
$$F_{HJ} = 2.02 \text{ kips T} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0: \frac{1}{\sqrt{37}}(2024 \text{ lb} - 1970.8 \text{ lb}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{577}}(52.4 \text{ lb}) - F_{IJ} = 0$$

$$F_{IJ} = 10.90 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$



# PROBLEM 6.26 CONTINUED



$$\nearrow \Sigma F_{y'} = 0: F_{HI} \sin 38.88^\circ + (10.9 \text{ lb} - 300 \text{ lb}) \cos 22.62^\circ = 0$$

$$F_{HI} = 425.1 \text{ lb}$$

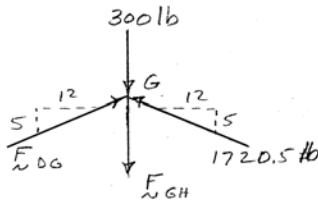
$$F_{HI} = 425 \text{ lb C} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\searrow \Sigma F_{x'} = 0: F_{GI} + F_{HI} \cos 38.88^\circ + (300 \text{ lb} - 10.9 \text{ lb}) \sin 22.62^\circ$$

$$-2162.7 \text{ lb} = 0$$

$$F_{GI} = 1720.5 \text{ lb} = 1.721 \text{ kips C} \blacktriangleleft$$

By symmetry  $F_{DG} = 1720.5 \text{ lb}$



$$\uparrow \Sigma F_y = 0: \frac{5}{13} 2(1720.5 \text{ lb}) - 300 \text{ lb} - F_{GH} = 0$$

$$F_{GH} = 1023.46 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{GH} = 1.023 \text{ kips T} \blacktriangleleft$$

## PROBLEM 6.27

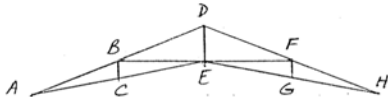
Determine whether the trusses of Probs. 6.13, 6.14, and 6.25 are simple trusses.

### SOLUTION

#### Truss of 6.13:

Start with  $\triangle ABC$  and add, in order, joints  $E, D, F, G, H$

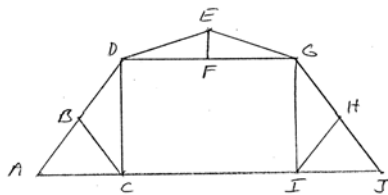
This is a simple truss. ◀



#### Truss of 6.14:

$ABDC$ ,  $DEGF$ , and  $GHJI$  are all individually simple trusses, but no simple extension (one joint, two members at a time) will produce the given truss:

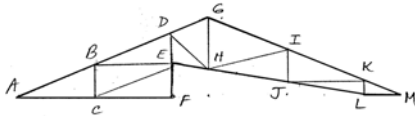
∴ Not a simple truss. ◀



#### Truss of 6.25:

Starting with  $\triangle ABC$ , add, in order, joints  $E, F, D, H, G, I, J, K, L, M$

This is a simple truss. ◀



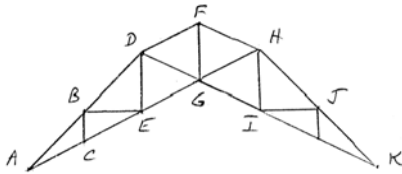
## PROBLEM 6.28

Determine whether the trusses of Probs. 6.19, 6.21, and 6.23 are simple trusses.

### SOLUTION

#### Truss of 6.19:

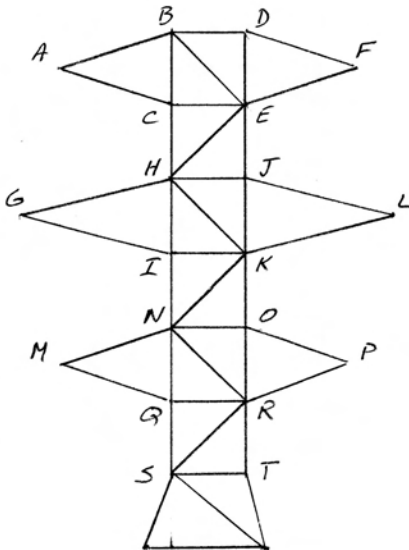
Start with  $\triangle ABC$ , and add, in order,  $E, D, G, F, H, I, J, K$



$\therefore$  Simple truss ◀

#### Truss of 6.21:

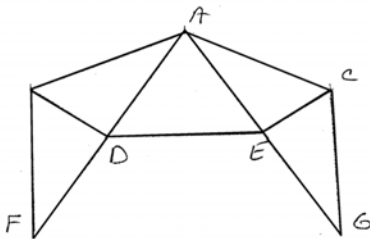
Start with  $\triangle ABC$ , and add, in order,  $E, D, F, H, J, K, I, G, L, N, O, R, Q, M, P, S, T$ , etc.



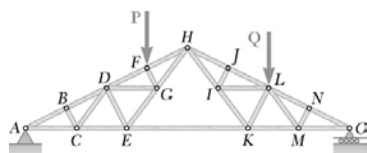
$\therefore$  Simple truss ◀

#### Truss of 6.23:

Start with  $\triangle BDF$ , and add, in order,  $A, E, C, G$ .



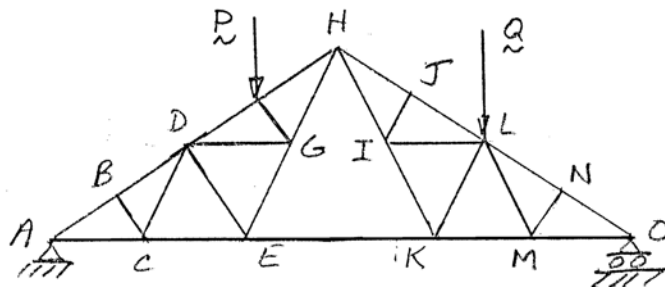
$\therefore$  Simple truss ◀



### PROBLEM 6.29

For the given loading, determine the zero-force members in the truss shown.

### SOLUTION



By inspection of joint  $B$ :  $F_{BC} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint  $C$ :  $F_{CD} = 0$  ◀

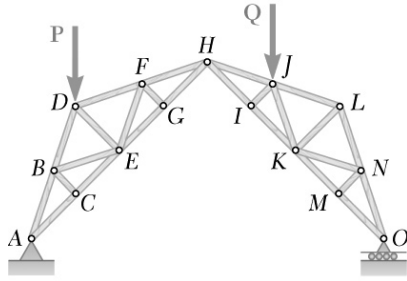
By inspection of joint  $J$ :  $F_{IJ} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint  $I$ :  $F_{IL} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint  $N$ :  $F_{MN} = 0$  ◀

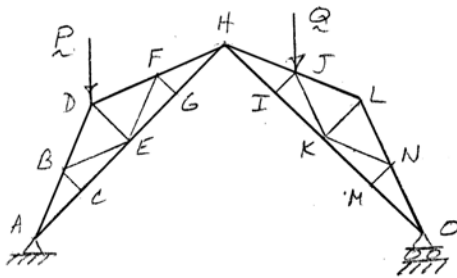
Then by inspection of joint  $M$ :  $F_{LM} = 0$  ◀

### PROBLEM 6.30



For the given loading, determine the zero-force members in the truss shown.

### SOLUTION



By inspection of joint C:  $F_{BC} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint B:  $F_{BE} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint G:  $F_{FG} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint F:  $F_{EF} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint E:  $F_{DE} = 0$  ◀

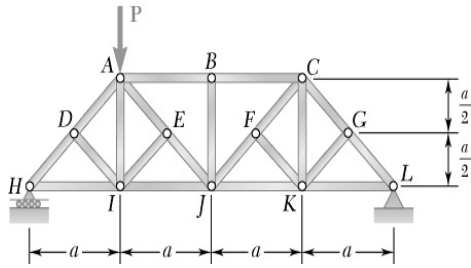
By inspection of joint M:  $F_{MN} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint N:  $F_{KN} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint I:  $F_{IJ} = 0$  ◀

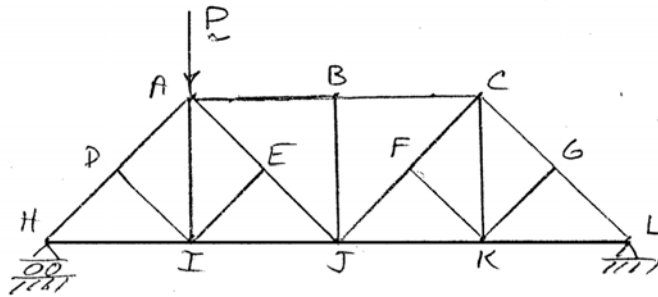


### PROBLEM 6.31



For the given loading, determine the zero-force members in the truss shown.

### SOLUTION



By inspection of joint  $D$ :  $F_{DI} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint  $E$ :  $F_{EI} = 0$  ◀

Then by inspection of joint  $I$ :  $F_{AI} = 0$  ◀

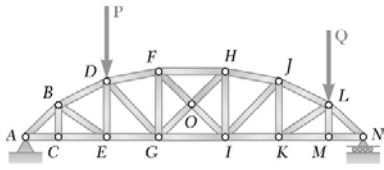
By inspection of joint  $B$ :  $F_{BJ} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint  $F$ :  $F_{FK} = 0$  ◀

By inspection of joint  $G$ :  $F_{GK} = 0$  ◀

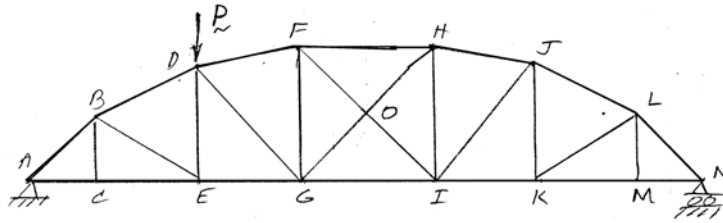
Then by inspection of joint  $K$ :  $F_{CK} = 0$  ◀

### PROBLEM 6.32



For the given loading, determine the zero-force members in the truss shown.

### SOLUTION



By inspection of joint C:

$$F_{BC} = 0 \quad \blacktriangleleft$$

By inspection of joint M:

$$F_{LM} = 0 \quad \blacktriangleleft$$