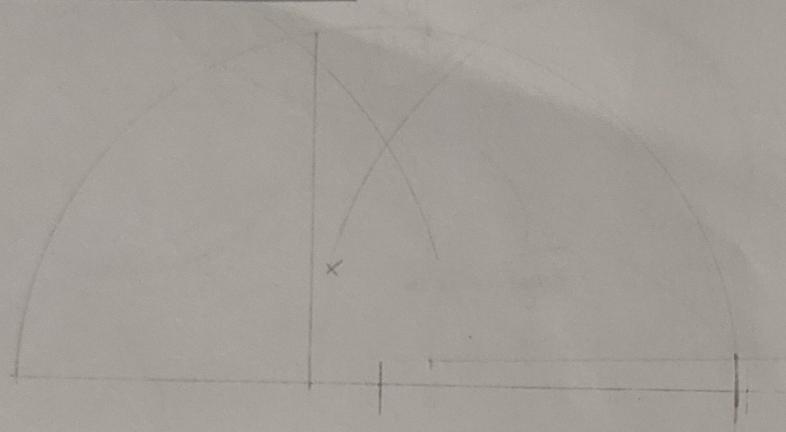
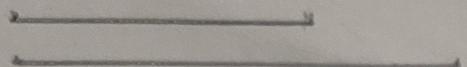


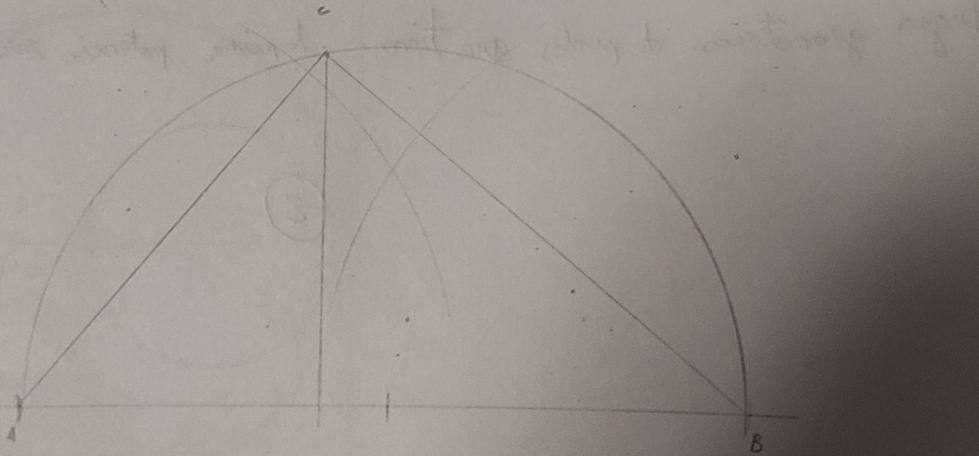
Media proporcional :



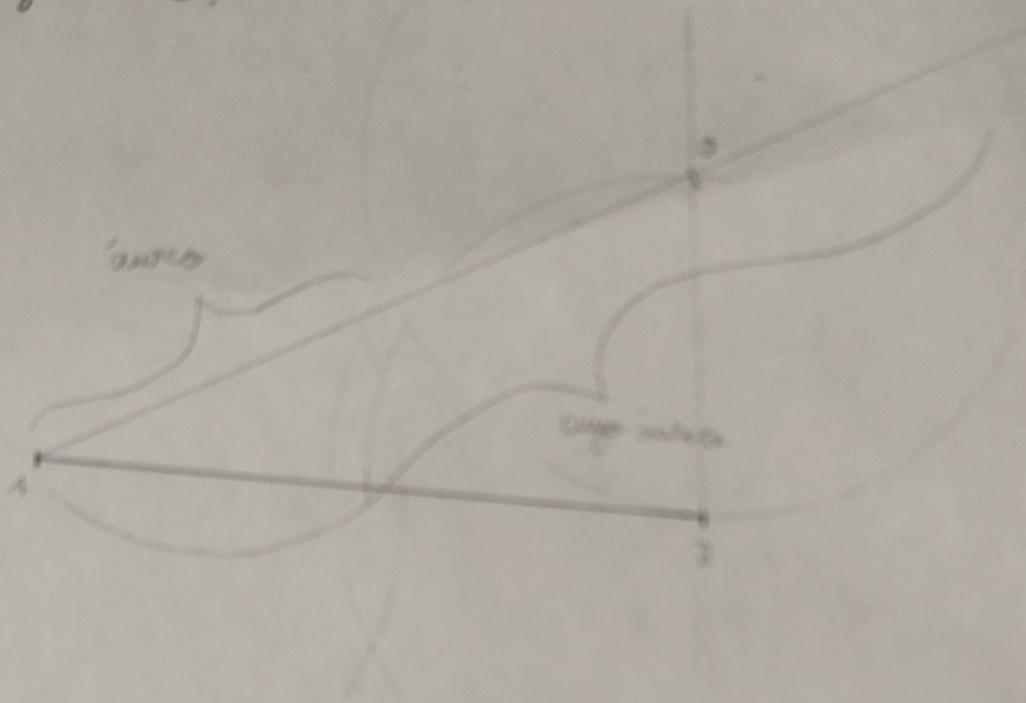
$$\frac{A}{x} = \frac{x}{B}$$

Teorema de la altura:

En un triángulo rectángulo la altura sobre la hipotenusa es la media proporcional entre los proyecciones de los catetos sobre ella.



Sagittate sinus:



Eg. Nidus:

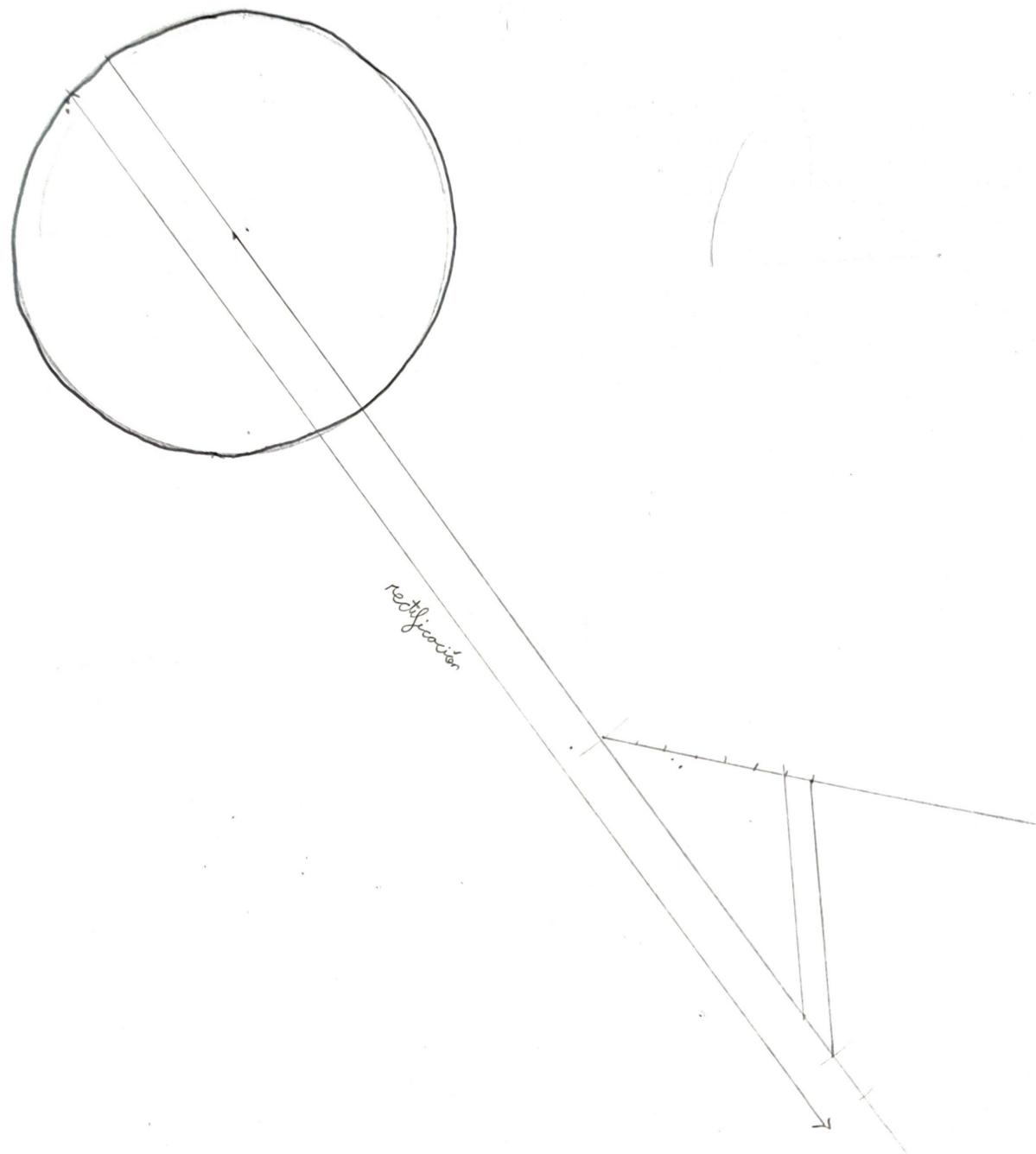
Indicates a small, solid, non-rotating mass of ~~matter~~ matter & membranes

Larger, ~~geometric~~ geometric deposit, often ~~locates~~ located near 2nd commissure

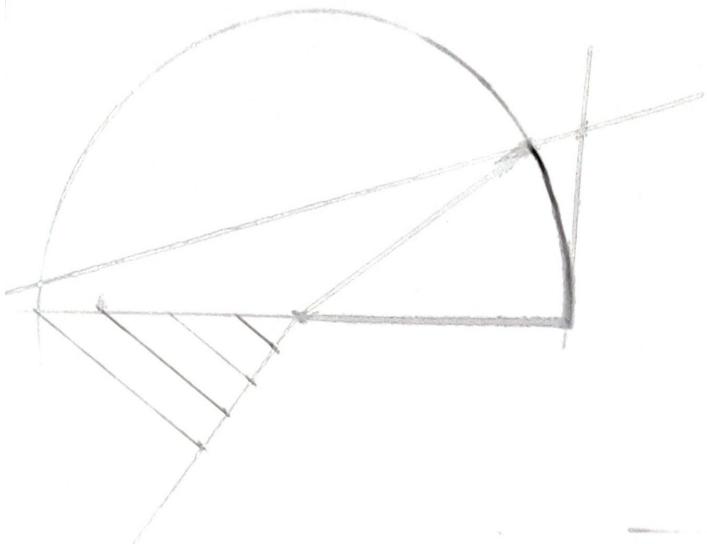
①

②

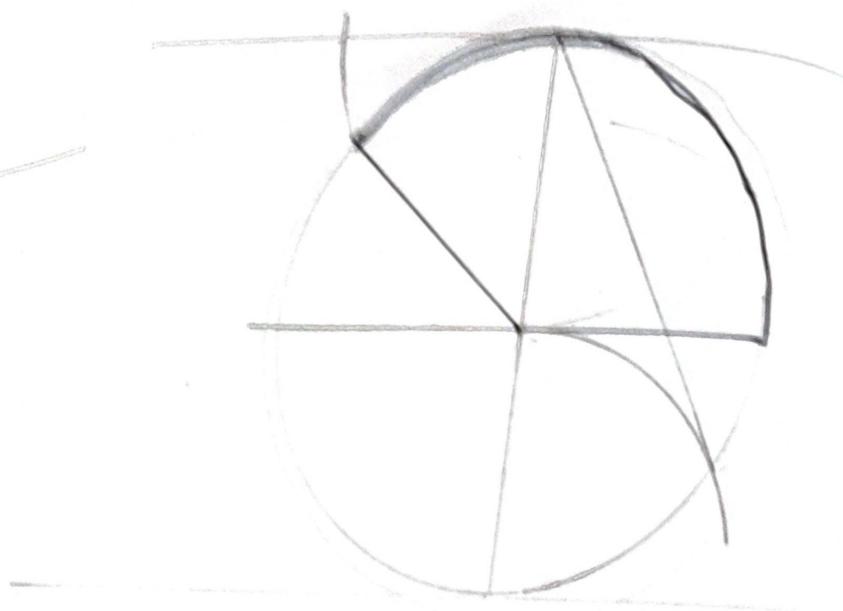
Rectificación de una circunferencia



Reflexión de un rayo para $\alpha = 90^\circ$:

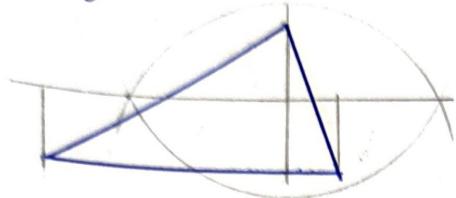


rayo a 90° del n.

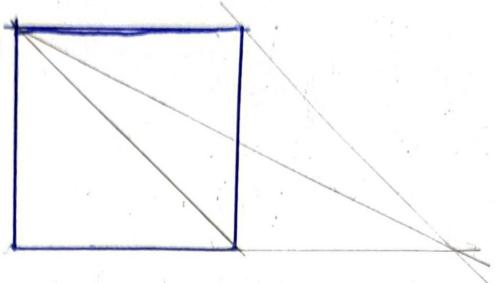


Equivalencia

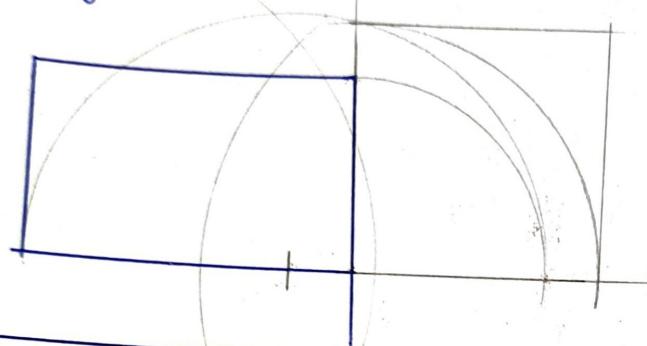
Triángulo \rightarrow Rectángulo



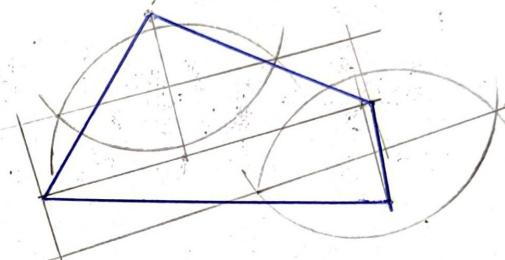
Polygono \rightarrow Rectángulo



Rectángulo \rightarrow Cuadrado

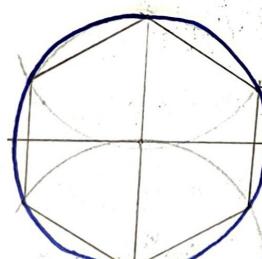
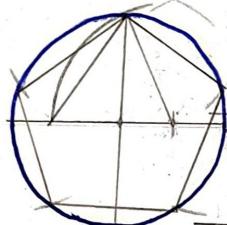
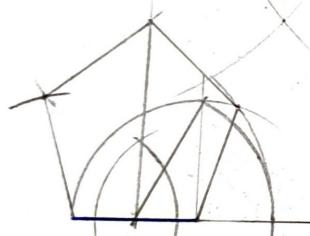


Cuadrilátero \rightarrow Rectángulo

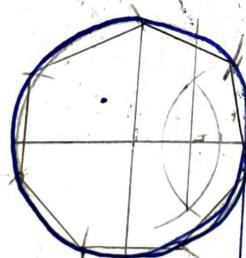
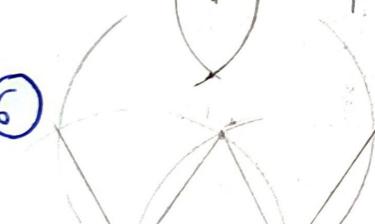


Polygono esencial

⑤

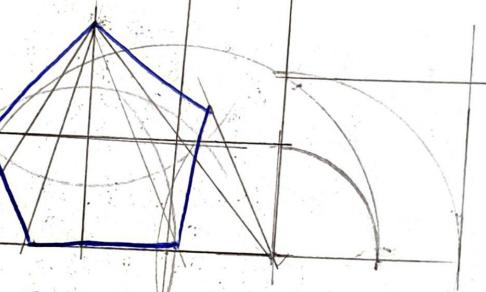


⑥

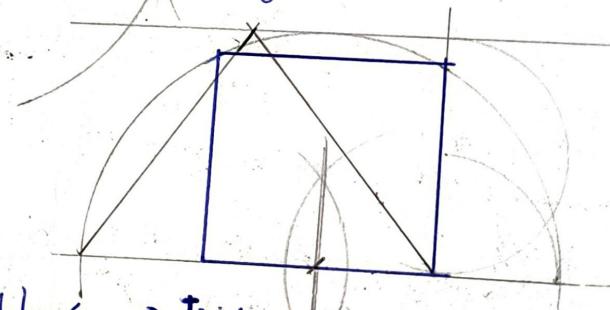


⑦

Rectángulo \rightarrow Triángulo \rightarrow Rectángulo \rightarrow Cuadrado



Cuadrado \rightarrow Triángulo



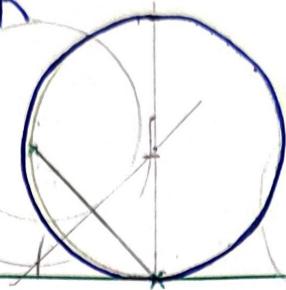
Hexágono \rightarrow Triángulo



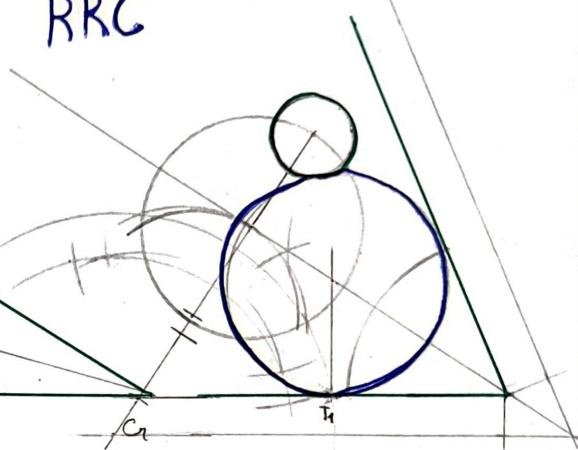
PPP



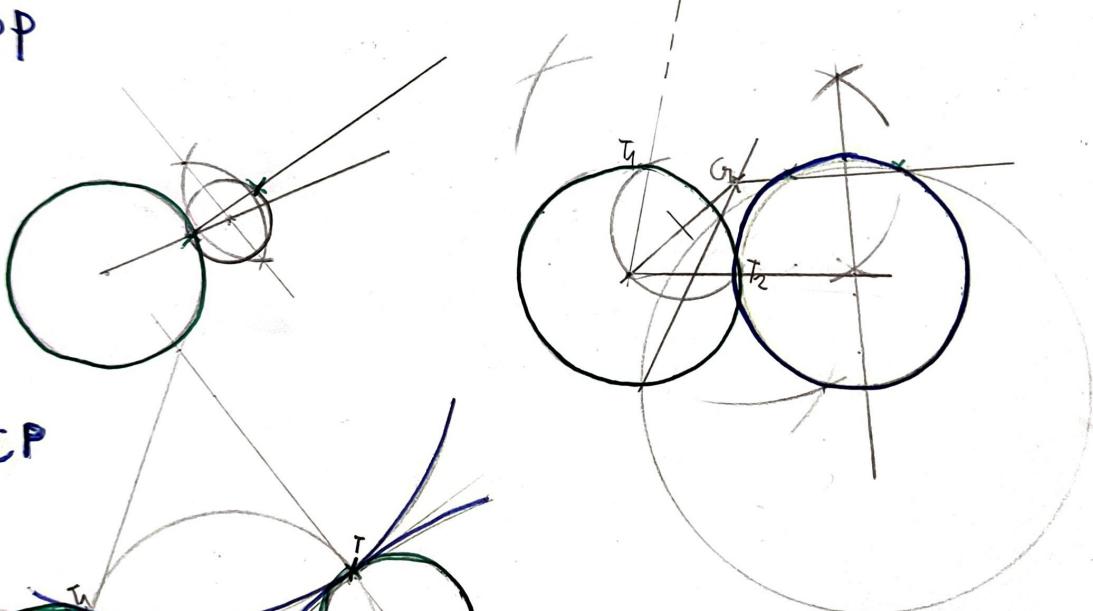
PPR



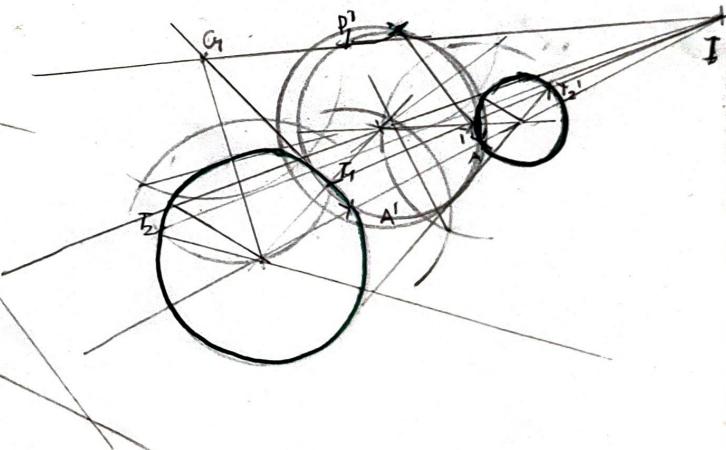
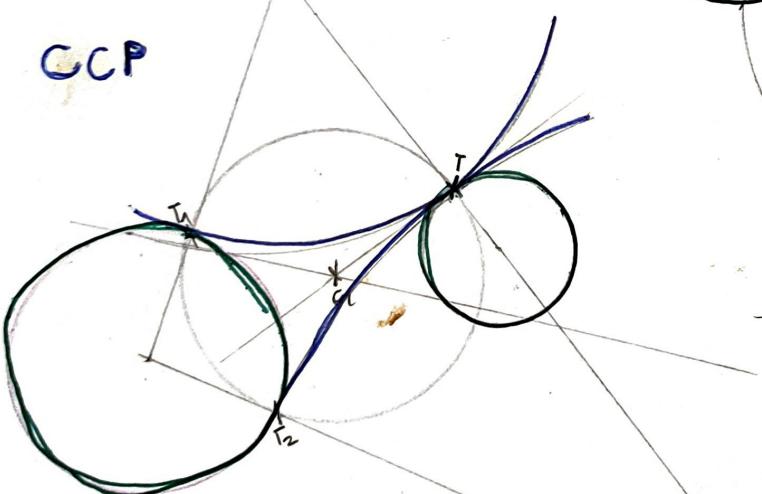
RRC



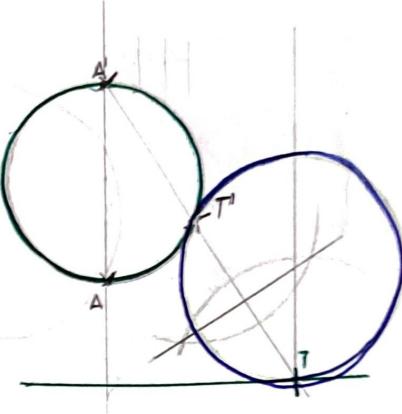
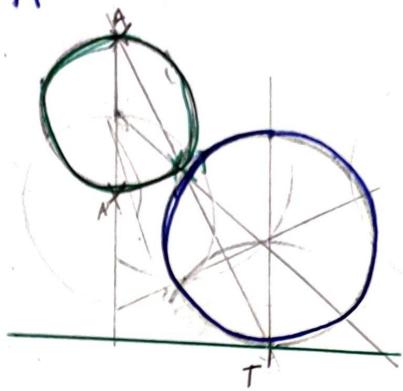
CPP

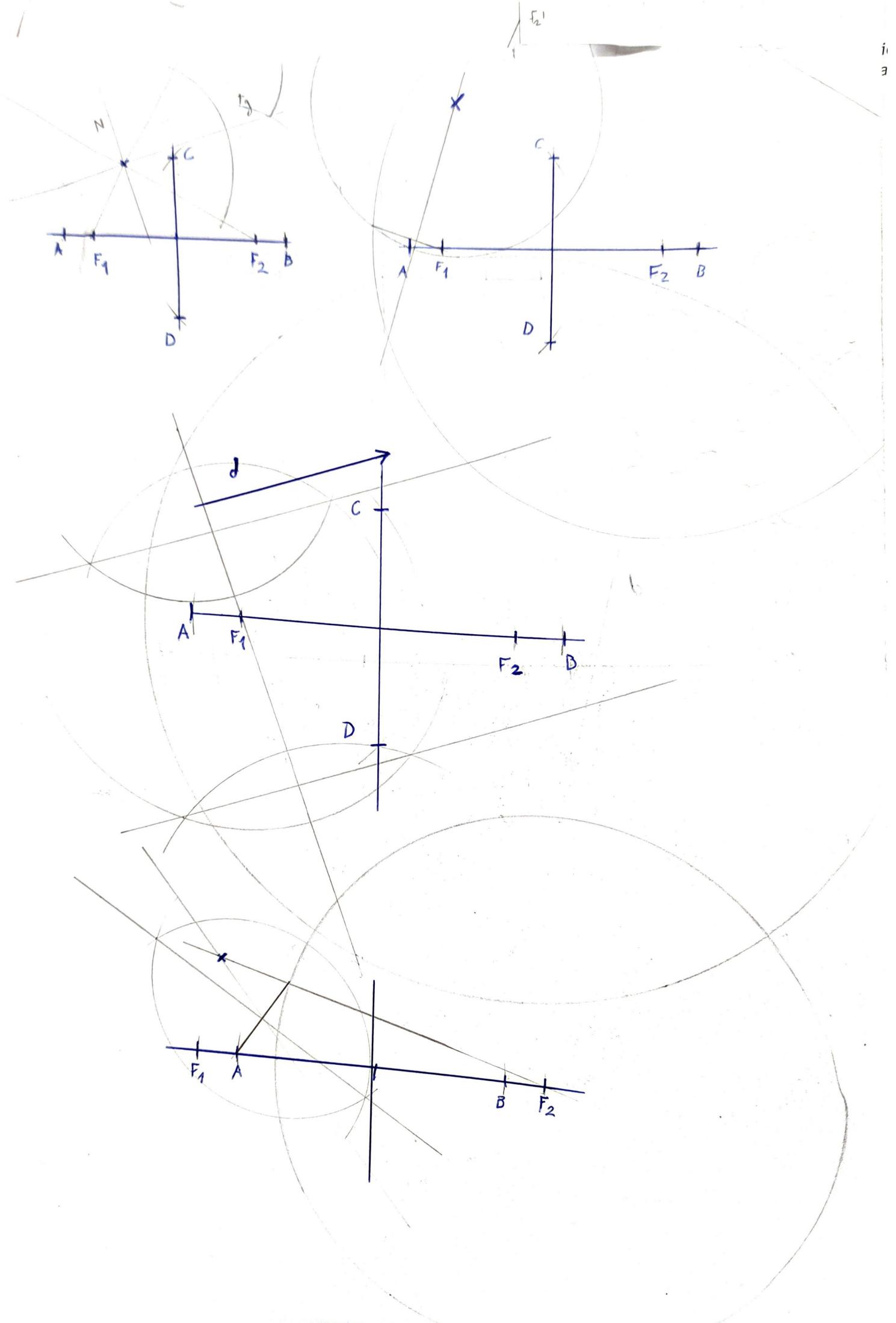


GCP

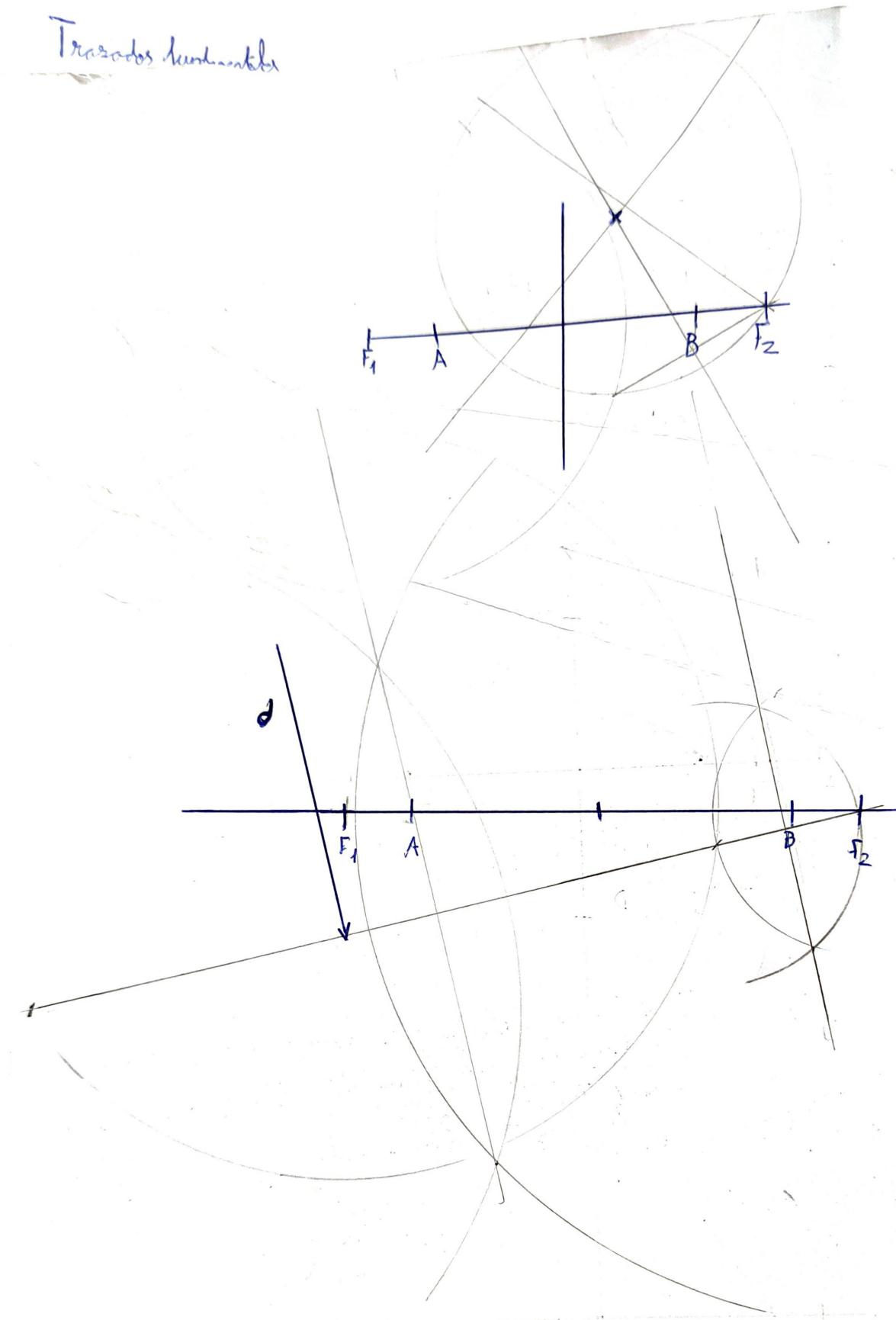


CPR



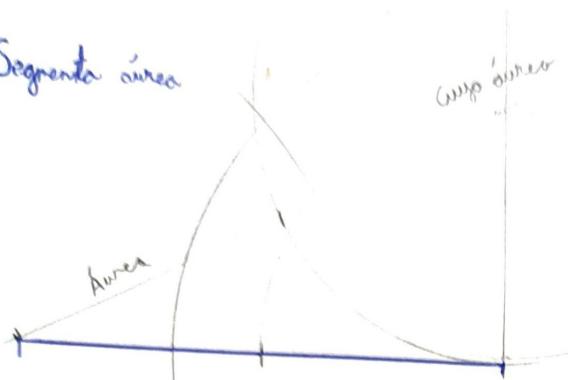


Trazados hiperbólicos

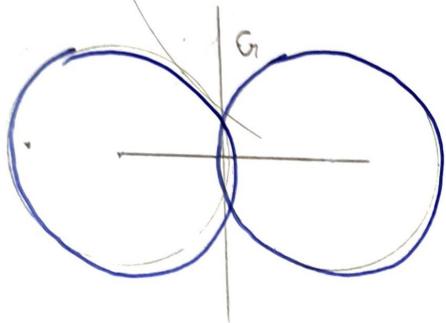
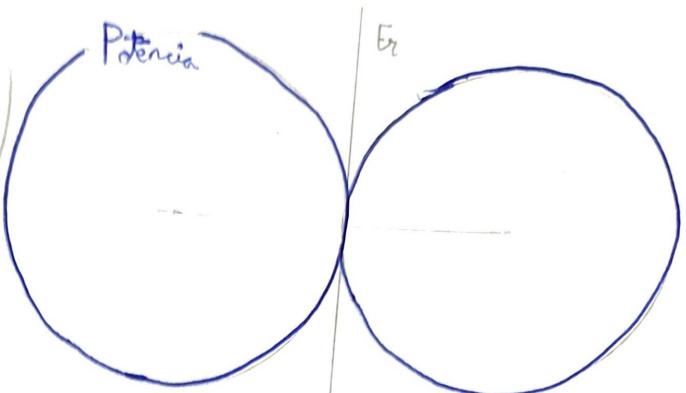


Trazados fundamentales

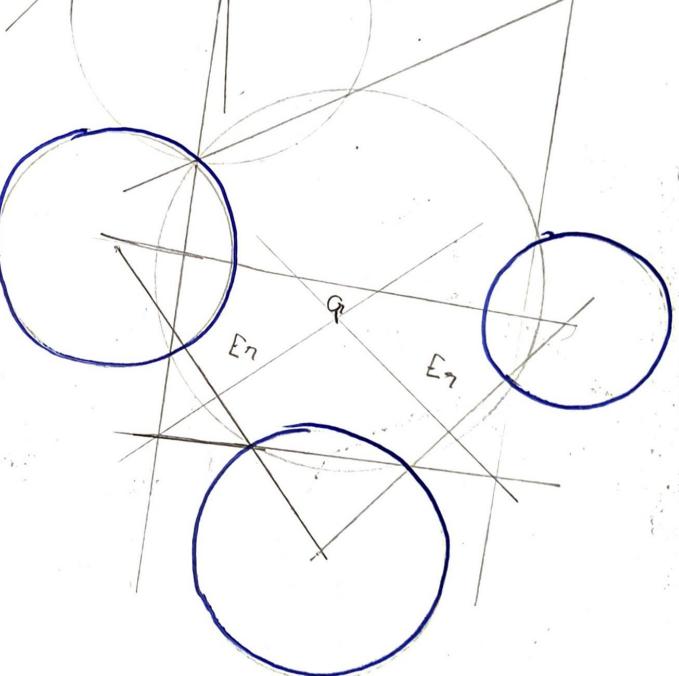
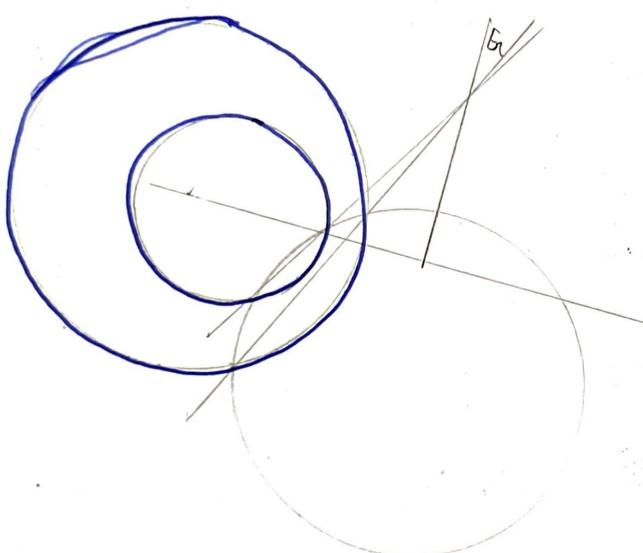
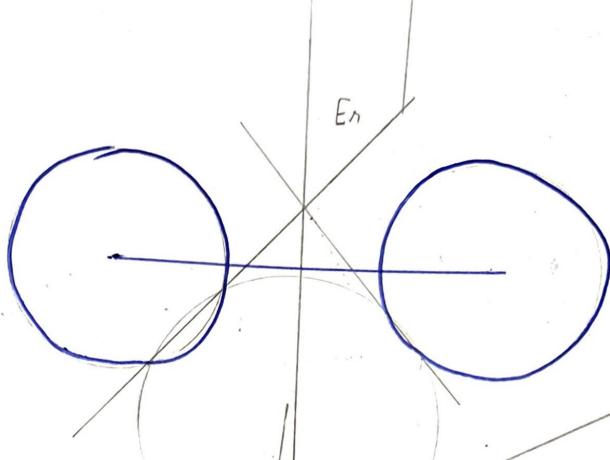
Segmento área



Potencia



En



Rectificación

