# PIZZA\_SALES SQL EXERCISES

#### INTRODUCTION:

This dataset simulates a pizza delivery business and is a hands-on exercise for practicing SQL in a business intelligence context. The slides cover SQL problems focused on **real-world scenarios** using JOINs, aggregations, window functions, and subqueries.

The goal was to enhance my skills in:

- Retrieving meaningful insights using various types of JOINs
- Performing data transformations and aggregations
- Ranking data with RANK()
- Writing clean, optimized SQL queries

#### DATASET OVERVIEW:

#### 1.orders1

• Columns: order\_id, date, time

#### 2.order\_details

• Columns: order\_details\_id, order\_id, pizza\_id, quantity

#### 3. pizzas

• Columns: pizza\_id, pizza\_type\_id, size, price

#### 4.pizza\_types

• Columns: pizza\_type\_id, name, category

#### 1.ORDERS1

order_id	date	time
1	2015-01-01	11:38:36
2	2015-01-01	11:57:40
3	2015-01-01	12:12:28
4	2015-01-01	12:16:31
5	2015-01-01	12:21:30
6	2015-01-01	12:29:36
7	2015-01-01	12:50:37
8	2015-01-01	12:51:37
9	2015-01-01	12:52:01
10	2015-01-01	13:00:15
11	2015-01-01	13:02:59
12	2015-01-01	13:04:41
13	2015-01-01	13:11:55
14	2015-01-01	13:14:19
15	2015-01-01	13:33:00
16	2015-01-01	13:34:07

#### 2.ORDER DETAILS

order_details_id	order_id	pizza_id	quantity
1	1	hawaiian_m	1
2	2	classic_dlx_m	1
3	2	five_cheese_l	1
4	2	ital_supr_l	1
5	2	mexicana_m	1
6	2	thai_ckn_l	1
7	3	ital_supr_m	1
8	3	prsc_argla_l	1
9	4	ital_supr_m	1
10	5	ital_supr_m	1
11	6	bbq_ckn_s	1
12	6	the_greek_s	1
13	7	spinach_supr_s	1
14	8	spinach_supr_s	1
15	9	classic_dlx_s	1
16	9	areen aarde	1

#### 3.pizzas

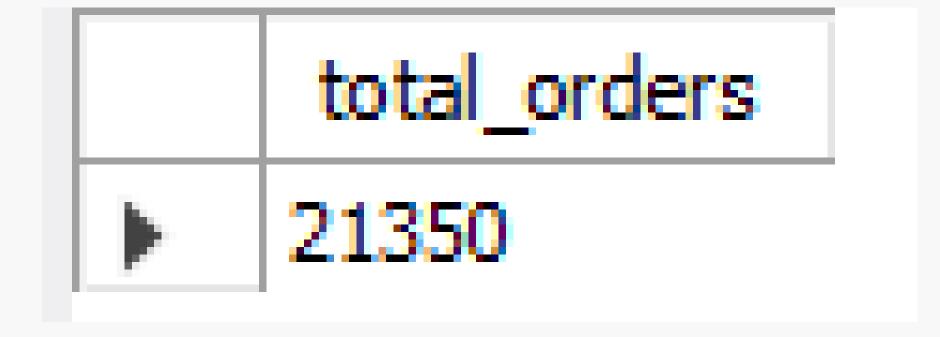
pizza_id	pizza_type_id	size	price
bbq_ckn_s	bbq_ckn	S	12.75
bbq_ckn_m	bbq_ckn	М	16.75
bbq_ckn_l	bbq_ckn	L	20.75
cali_ckn_s	cali_ckn	S	12.75
cali_ckn_m	cali_ckn	M	16.75
cali_ckn_l	cali_ckn	L	20.75
ckn_alfredo_s	ckn_alfredo	S	12.75
ckn_alfredo_m	ckn_alfredo	M	16.75
ckn_alfredo_l	ckn_alfredo	L	20.75
ckn_pesto_s	ckn_pesto	S	12.75
ckn_pesto_m	ckn_pesto	M	16.75
ckn_pesto_l	ckn_pesto	L	20.75
southw_ckn_s	southw_ckn	S	12.75
southw_ckn_m	southw_ckn	M	16.75
southw_ckn_l	southw_ckn	L	20.75
thai ckn s	thai ckn	S	12.75

#### 4.PIZZA TYPES

pizza_type_id	name	category	ingredients
bbq_ckn	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Barbecued Chicken, Red Peppers, Green Peppers, Toma
cali_ckn	The California Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Artichoke, Spinach, Garlic, Jalapeno Peppers, F
ckn_alfredo	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Red Onions, Red Peppers, Mushrooms, Asiago
ckn_pesto	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Spinach, Garlic, Pesto
southw_ckn	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Red Onions, Jalapeno
thai_ckn	The Thai Chicken Pizza	Chicken	Chicken, Pineapple, Tomatoes, Red Peppers, Thai Swee
big_meat	The Big Meat Pizza	Classic	Bacon, Pepperoni, Italian Sausage, Chorizo Sausage
classic_dlx	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	Classic	Pepperoni, Mushrooms, Red Onions, Red Peppers, Baco
hawaiian	The Hawaiian Pizza	Classic	Sliced Ham, Pineapple, Mozzarella Cheese
ital_cpcllo	The Italian Capocollo Pizza	Classic	Capocollo, Red Peppers, Tomatoes, Goat Cheese, Garlio
napolitana	The Napolitana Pizza	Classic	Tomatoes, Anchovies, Green Olives, Red Onions, Garlic
pep_msh_pep	The Pepperoni, Mushroom,	Classic	Pepperoni, Mushrooms, Green Peppers

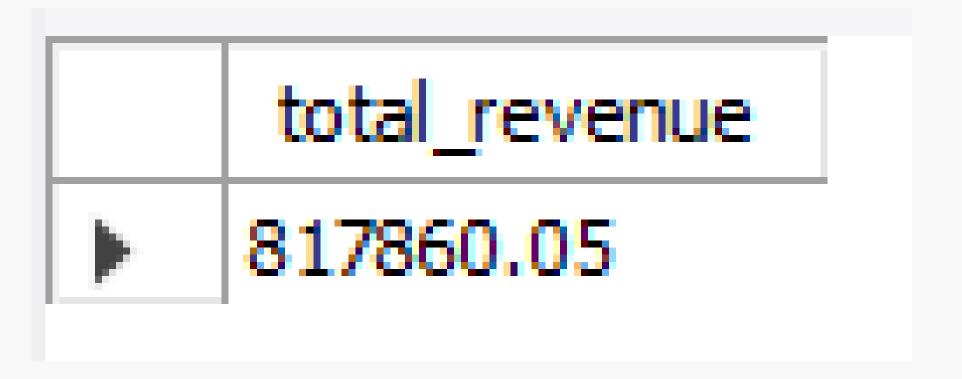
Q1:Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
select count(order_id) as total_orders
from orders1;
```



#### Q2:Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
select round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as total_revenue
from pizzas
join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```



#### Q3:Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
select pizza_types.name,pizzas.price
from pizza_types
join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
order by pizzas.price desc
limit 1;
```

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

#### Q4:Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT sum(order_details.quantity) AS total_pizzas_sold, pizzas.size
FROM order_details
JOIN pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY total_pizzas_sold DESC
limit 1;
```

```
total_pizzas_sold size
18956 L
```

#### Q5:List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
select pizza types.name,sum(order details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types
join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order details
on order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
group by pizza types.name
                                                                     quantity
                                      name
order by quantity desc
                                     The Classic Deluxe Pizza
                                                                    2453
limit 5;
                                     The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
                                                                    2432
                                     The Hawaiian Pizza
                                                                    2422
                                     The Pepperoni Pizza
                                                                    2418
                                     The Thai Chicken Pizza
                                                                    2371
```

## Q6:Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

order by quantity desc;

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050

#### Q7:Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT
    EXTRACT(HOUR FROM time) AS hour_of_day,
    COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders1
GROUP BY hour_of_day;
```

hour_of_day	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

Q8:Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
select category,count(name) from pizza_types
group by category;
```

category	count(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

Q9:Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(pizzas_per_day), 0) AS avg_pizzas_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders1.date AS order date,
            SUM(order details.quantity) AS pizzas per day
    FROM
        orders1
    JOIN order details ON orders1.order id = order details.order id
    GROUP BY order date) AS order quantity;
```

avg\_pizzas\_per\_day

#### Q10:Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
select pizza types.name, sum(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza types
join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza type id = pizza types.pizza type id
join order details
on order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
group by pizza types.name
order by revenue desc
                                                                   revenue
                                     name
limit 3;
                                    The Thai Chicken Pizza
                                                                  43434.25
                                    The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
                                                                  42768
                                    The California Chicken Pizza
                                                                  41409.5
```

#### Q11:Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

GROUP BY pizza types.category

ORDER BY revenue percentage DESC;

category	revenue_percentage
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68

#### Q12:Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order date, sum(revenue) over(order by order date) as cumulative revenue
 FROM
(SELECT orders1.date AS order date, SUM(order details.quantity*pizzas.price) AS revenue
 FROM order details
                                                                 order_date
                                                                             cumulative_revenue
 JOIN pizzas
                                                                 2015-01-01 2713.85000000000004
 ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
                                                                 2015-01-02 5445.75
 join orders1
                                                                 2015-01-03 8108.15
 on orders1.order id = order details.order id
                                                                 2015-01-04 9863.6
 group by order date) as sales
                                                                 2015-01-05
                                                                            11929.55
                                                                 2015-01-06 14358.5
```

2015-01-07

2015-01-08

2015-01-10

2015-01-09 21526.4

2015-01-11 25862.65

2015-01-12 27781.7

16560.7

19399.05

23990.3500000000002

## Q13:Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select category, name , revenue from
(select category, name, revenue, rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types
join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order details
on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3;
```

## Q13:Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

category	name	revenue
Chicken	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
Chicken	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
Chicken	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
Classic	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
Supreme	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
Supreme	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
Supreme	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
Veggie	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065
Veggie	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
Veggie	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5

## Thank you