In [1]:

```
import numpy
import urllib
import scipy.optimize
import random
from collections import defaultdict # Dictionaries with default values
import nltk
import string
from nltk.stem.porter import *
from sklearn import linear_model
import ast
import gzip

def readGz(path):
      for l in gzip.open(path, 'rt'):
        yield eval(l)

def readCSV(path):
  f = gzip.open(path, 'rt')
  f.readline()
  for l in f:
    yield l.strip().split(',')

def findBook(user,userReadBook,bookAllUser):
    l3 = [x for x in list(bookAllUser) if x not in userReadBook[user]]
    proxy = random.choice(l3)
    return proxy
def Jaccard(book1,book2,bookAllUser):
    s1 = bookAllUser[book1]
    s2 = bookAllUser[book2]
    numer = len(s1.intersection(s2))
    denom = len(s1.union(s2))
    return numer / denom

f = gzip.open("train_Interactions.csv.gz", 'rt', encoding="utf8")

header = f.readline()
header = header.strip().split(',')

datatrain = []
datavalid = []
count=0
for line in f:
    fields = line.strip().split(',')
    d = dict(zip(header, fields))
    if count <190000 :
        datatrain.append(d)
    else:
        datavalid.append(d)
    count=count+1

userReadBook = defaultdict(set)
bookAllUser  = defaultdict(set)

for d in datatrain:
    user,book,r =d['userID'],d['bookID'],d['rating']
    userReadBook[user].add(book)
    bookAllUser[book].add(user)

i=0
for d in datavalid:
    if i<10000:
        dd = dict(zip(header, fields))
        dd['userID'] = d['userID']
        dd['bookID'] = findBook(d['userID'],userReadBook,bookAllUser)
        dd['rating'] = 0
        datavalid.append(dd)
        i=i+1
    else:
        break

prediction =[]
threshold =0.006
```

```
#cal the Jac by compare two books' users set's similiarity
for d in datavalid:
    user,book,r =d['userID'],d['bookID'],d['rating']
    flag =0
    for b in userReadBook[user] :
            similarJ = Jaccard(b,book,bookAllUser)
            if similarJ > threshold:
                flag =1
                break
    prediction.append(flag)

count =0
Tcount=0
for d in datavalid:
    if prediction[count] >0 and int(d['rating'])>0:
        Tcount+=1
    if prediction[count] ==0 and int(d['rating'])==0:
        Tcount+=1
    count+=1
accuracy = Tcount/len(prediction)
print(accuracy)
```

```
0.5833
```

In [ ]:

```
```