

Raspberry Pi 好好玩

- 安裝設定篇

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about 台灣樹莓派

- 專注於 Raspberry Pi 應用與推廣
- Maker Faire 2013, 2013 科學玩意節
- 舉辦台灣第一次 Raspberry Pi 社群聚會

安裝 Raspberry Pi

- 步驟 1 : 下載映像檔 (image)
- 步驟 2 : 透過燒錄軟體將映像檔燒到 SD 卡
- 步驟 3 : 將 SD 卡插到 Raspberry Pi & 上電

步驟 I：下載映像檔

- 官方下載網頁
 - <http://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads>
- 選擇映像檔 (image)
 - NOOBS
 -  Raspbian(推薦)
 -  Pidora
 -  RISC OS
 -  RaspBMC
 -  Arch
 -  OpenELEC

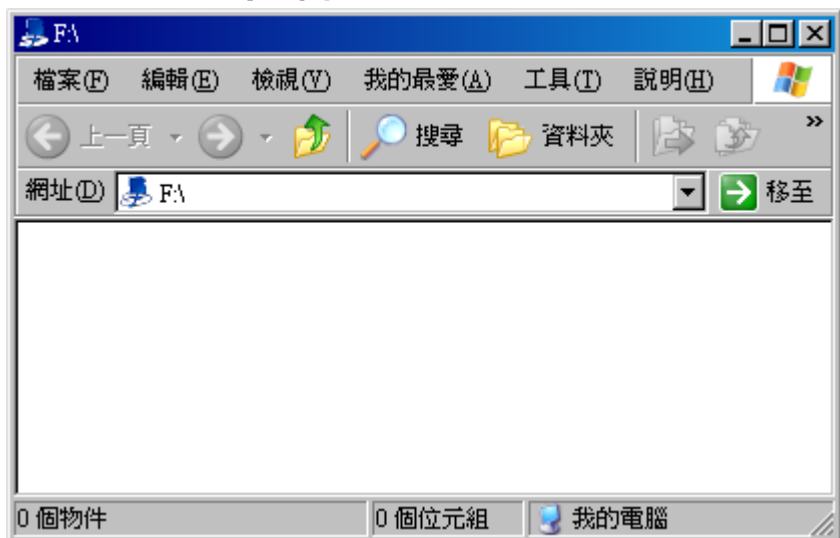
步驟 2：下載燒錄軟體

- Windows
 - Win32 Disk Imager 
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager/>

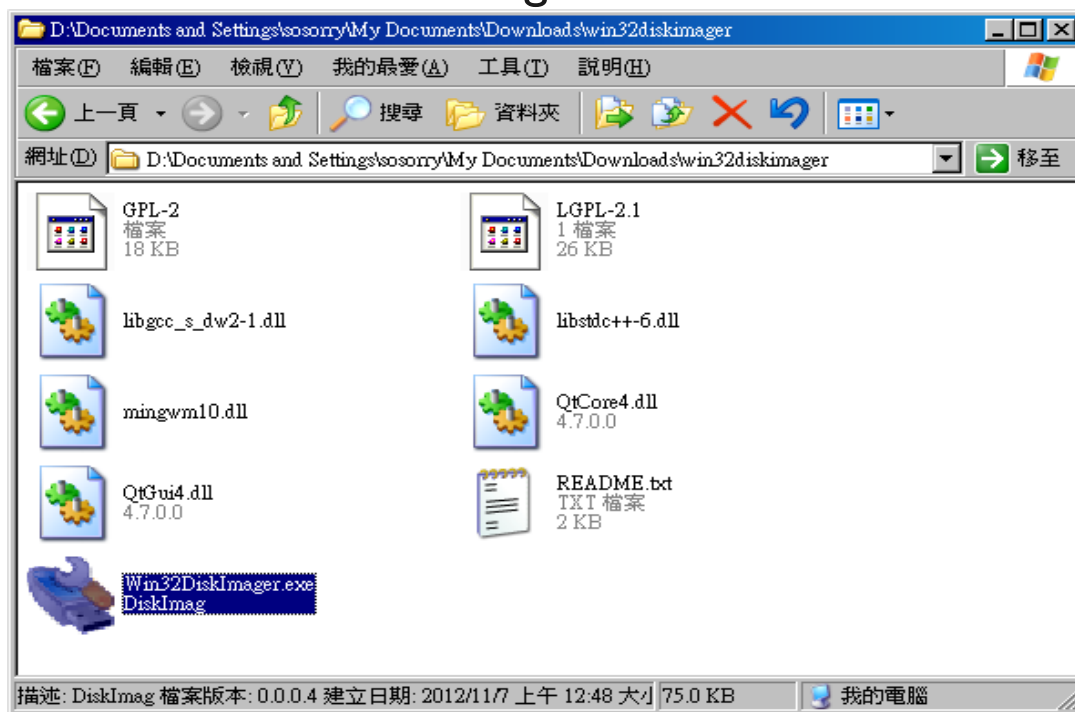


用 Win32 Disk Imager 燒錄映像檔

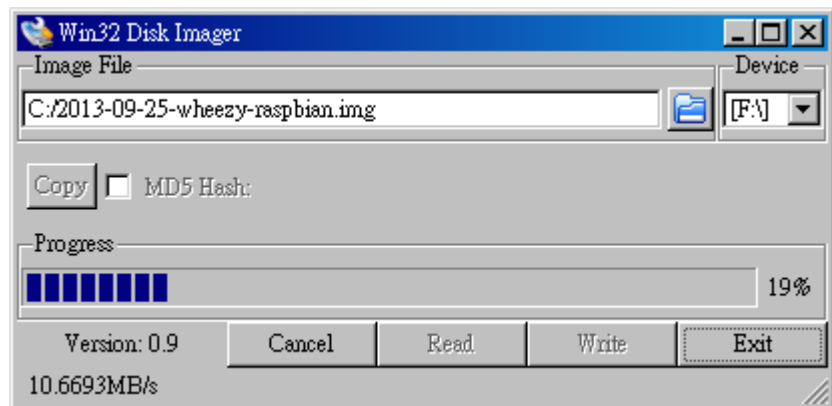
1. 將 SD 卡插到 PC 上



2. 執行 Win32DiskImager




3. 選擇 SD 卡位置後寫入映像檔



步驟 3 : 接上週邊並上電



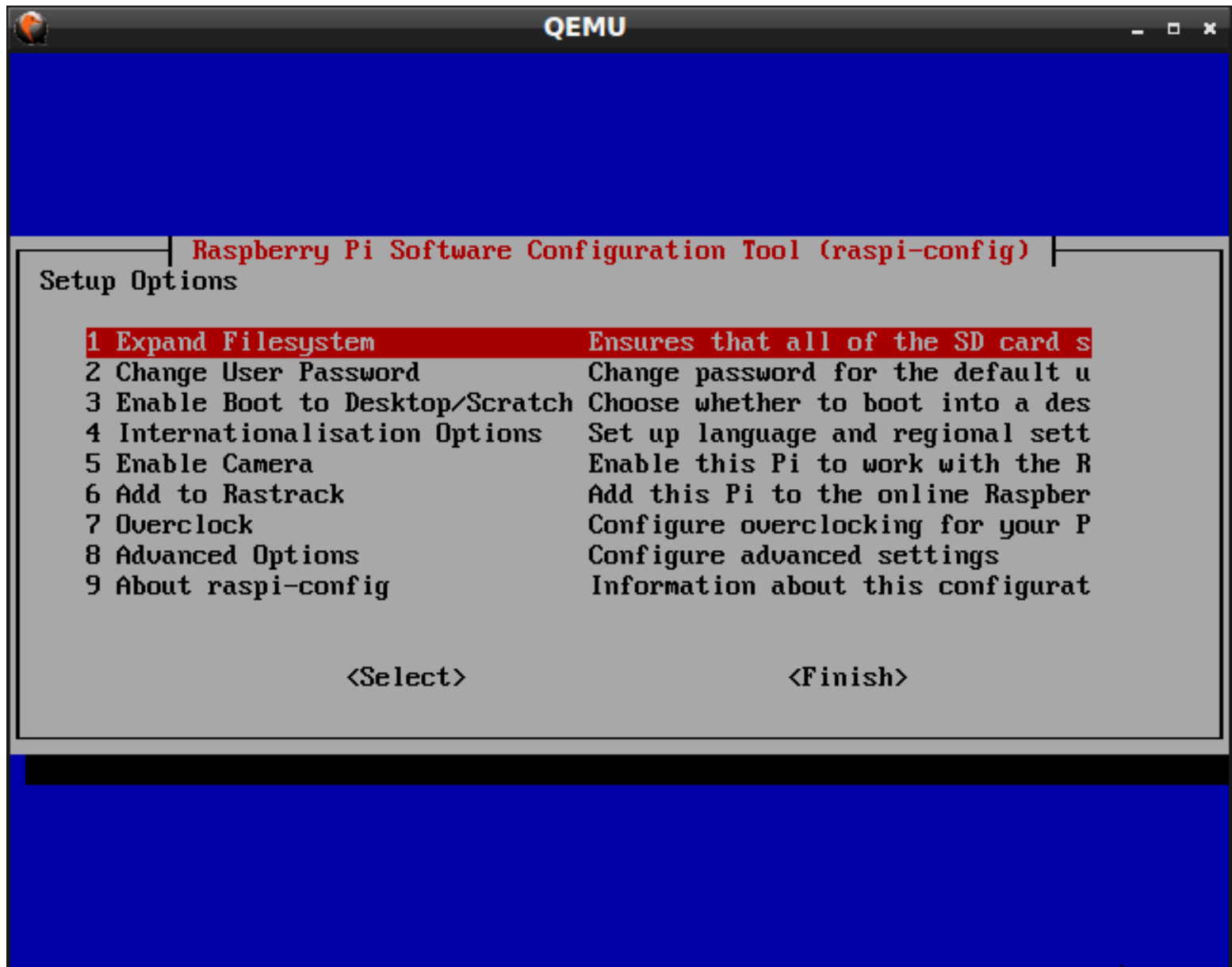
第一次開機



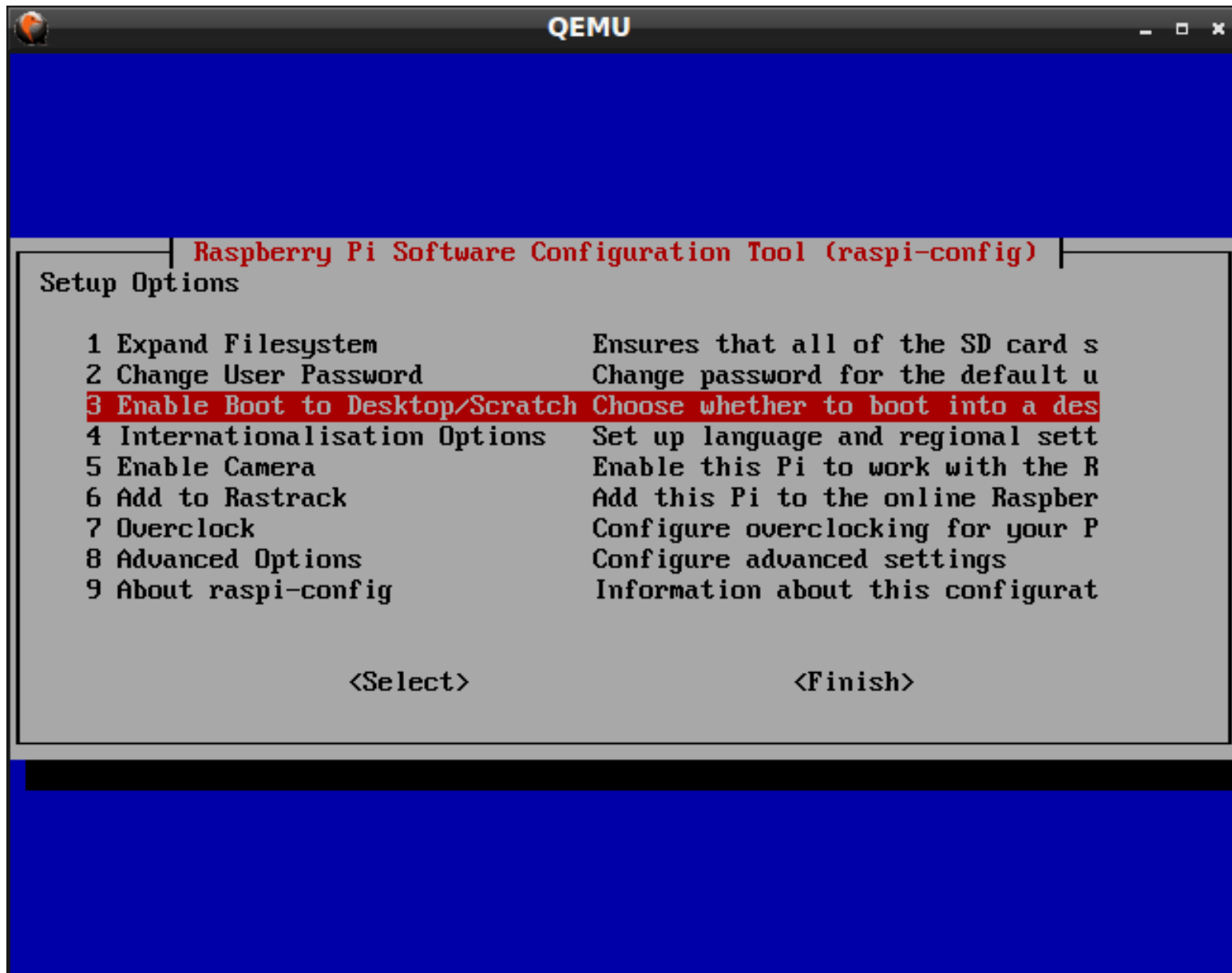
```
QEMU
sd 0:0:0:0: [sda] Write Protect is off
sd 0:0:0:0: [sda] Write cache: enabled, read cache: enabled, doesn't support DPO
or FUA
sda: sda1 sda2
sd 0:0:0:0: [sda] Attached SCSI disk
smc91x.c: v1.1, sep 22 2004 by Nicolas Pitre <nico@fluxnic.net>
eth0: SMC91C11xFD (rev 1) at d089a000 IRQ 25 [nowait]
eth0: Ethernet addr: 52:54:00:12:34:56
mousedev: PS/2 mouse device common for all mice
TCP cubic registered
NET: Registered protocol family 17
UFP support v0.3: implementor 41 architecture 1 part 20 variant b rev 5
input: AT Raw Set 2 keyboard as /devices/fpga:06/serio0/input/input0
input: ImExPS/2 Generic Explorer Mouse as /devices/fpga:07/serio1/input/input1
EXT3-fs (sda2): error: couldn't mount because of unsupported optional features (
240)
EXT2-fs (sda2): error: couldn't mount because of unsupported optional features (
240)
EXT4-fs (sda2): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode. Opts: (null)
VFS: Mounted root (ext4 filesystem) readonly on device 8:2.
devtmpfs: mounted
Freeing init memory: 132K
INIT: version 2.88 booting
[info] Using makefile-style concurrent boot in runlevel S.
```


raspi-config 設定

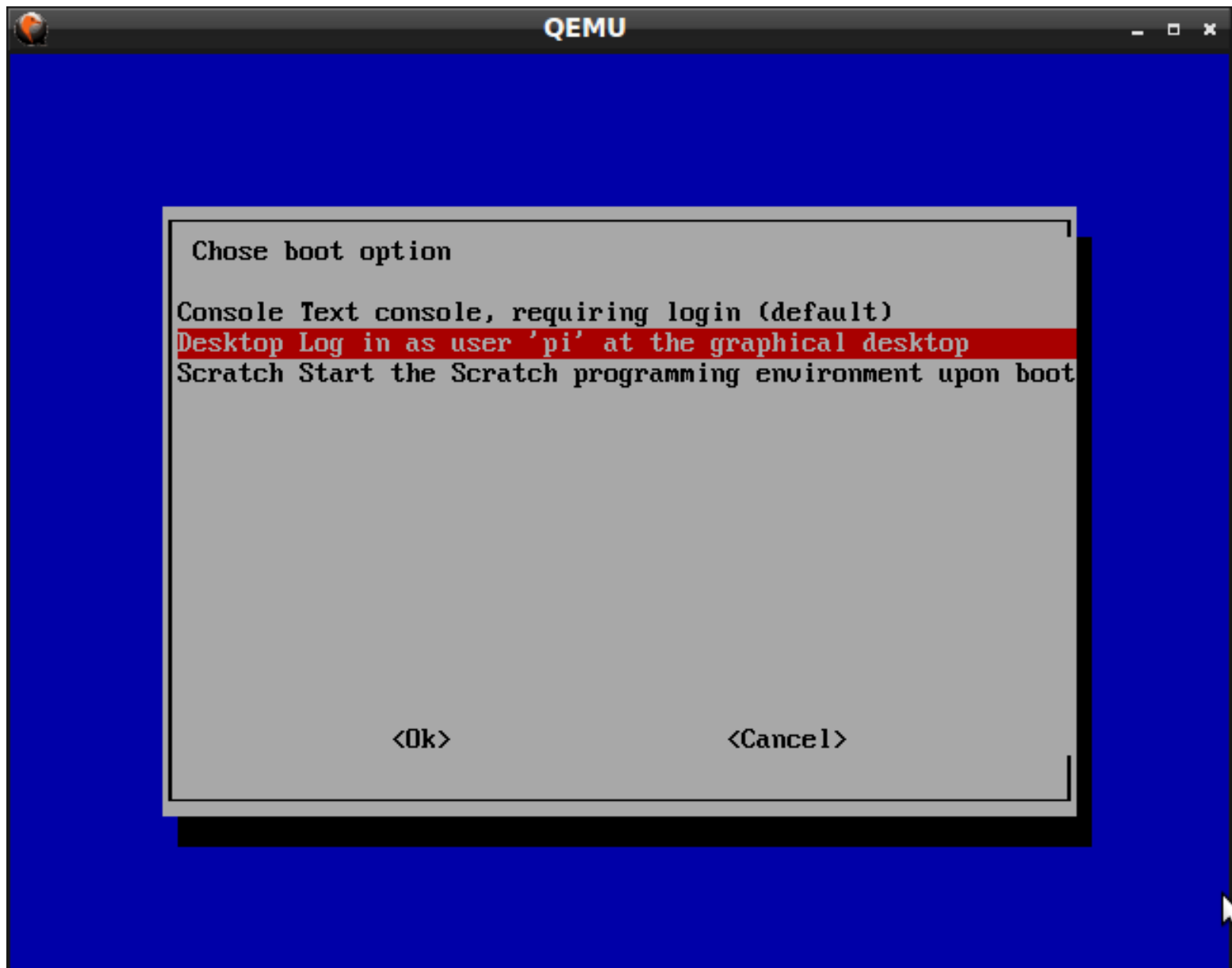
擴增檔案系統所在分割區大小



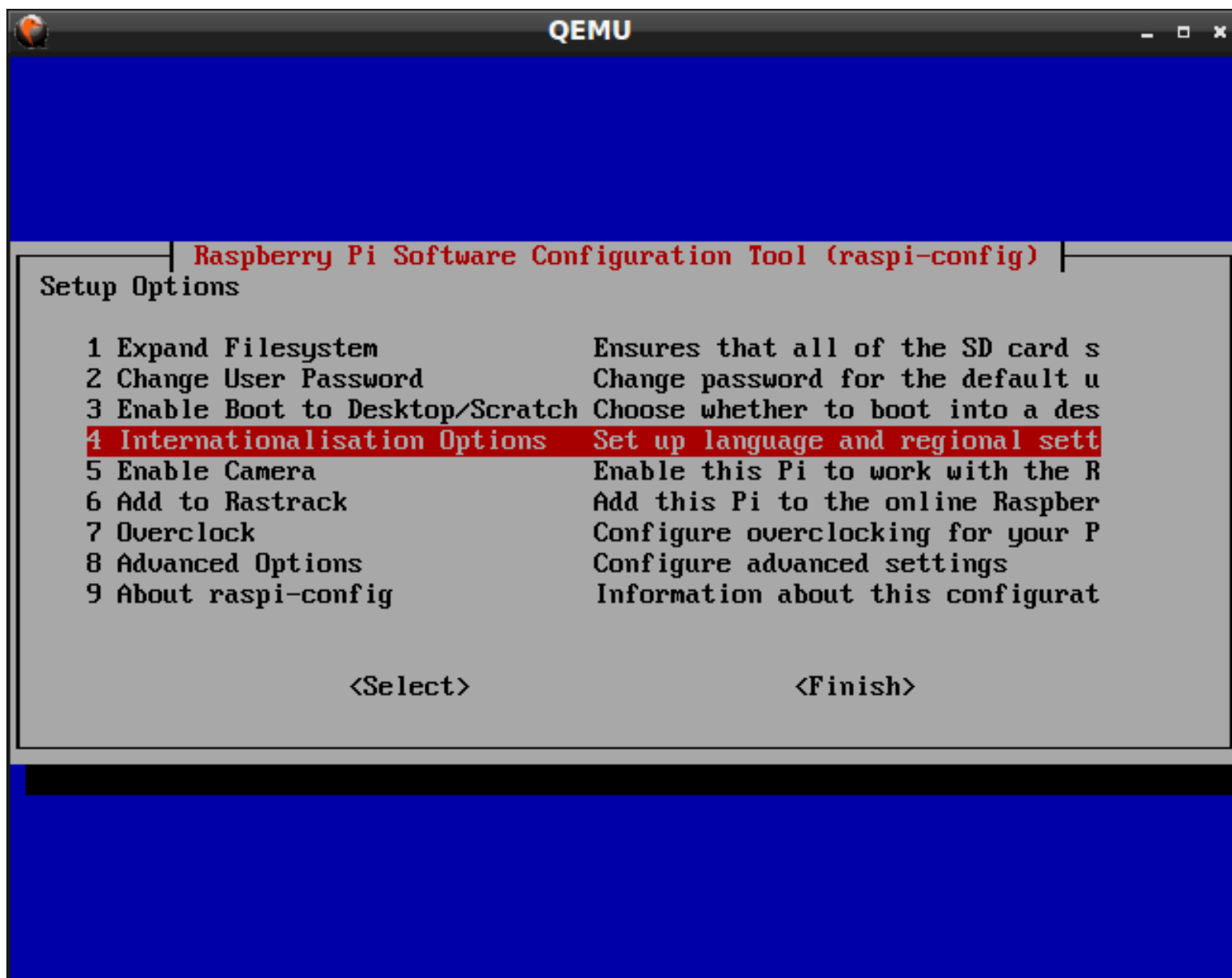
開機後的登入方式



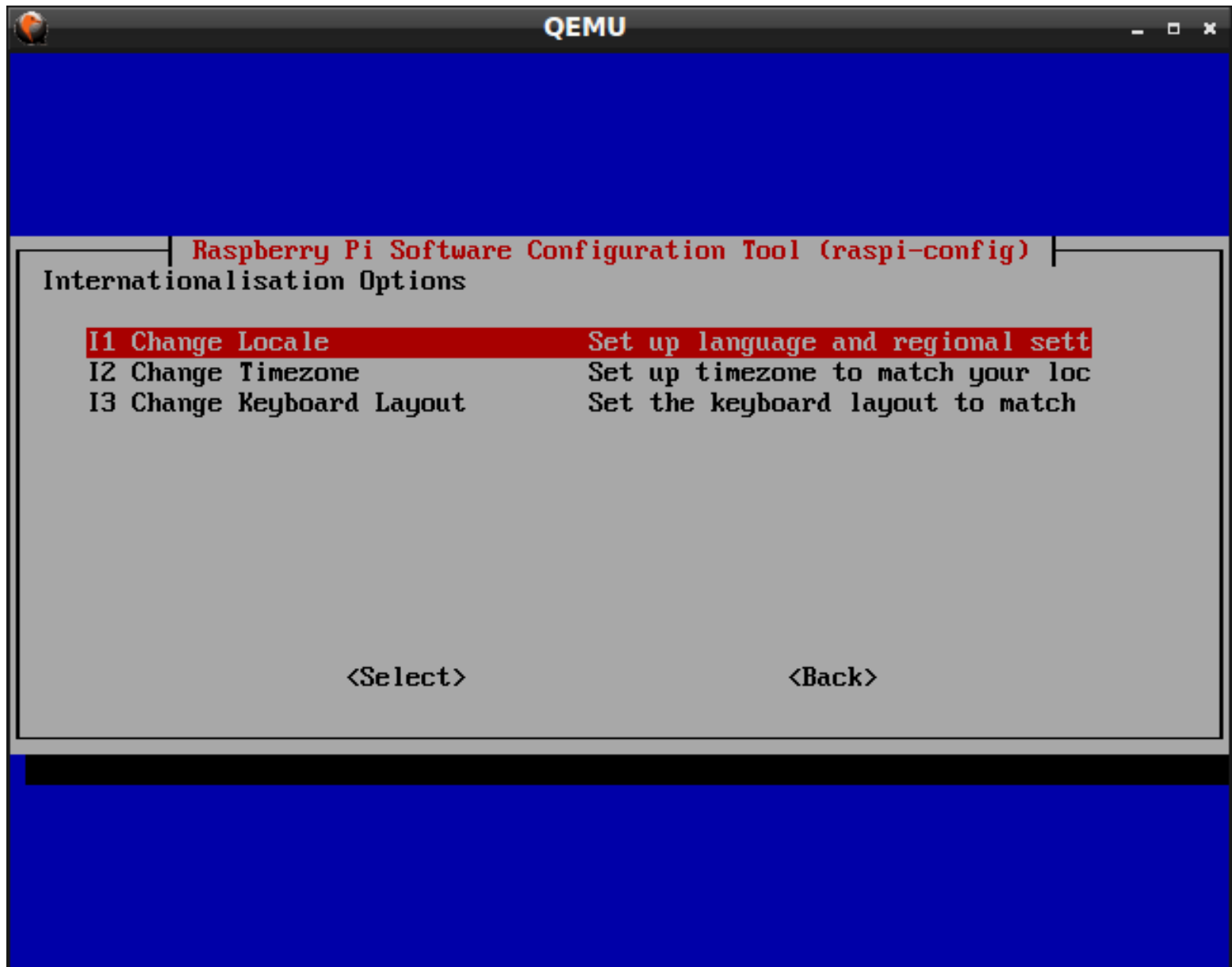
以 pi 身份登入 X Window



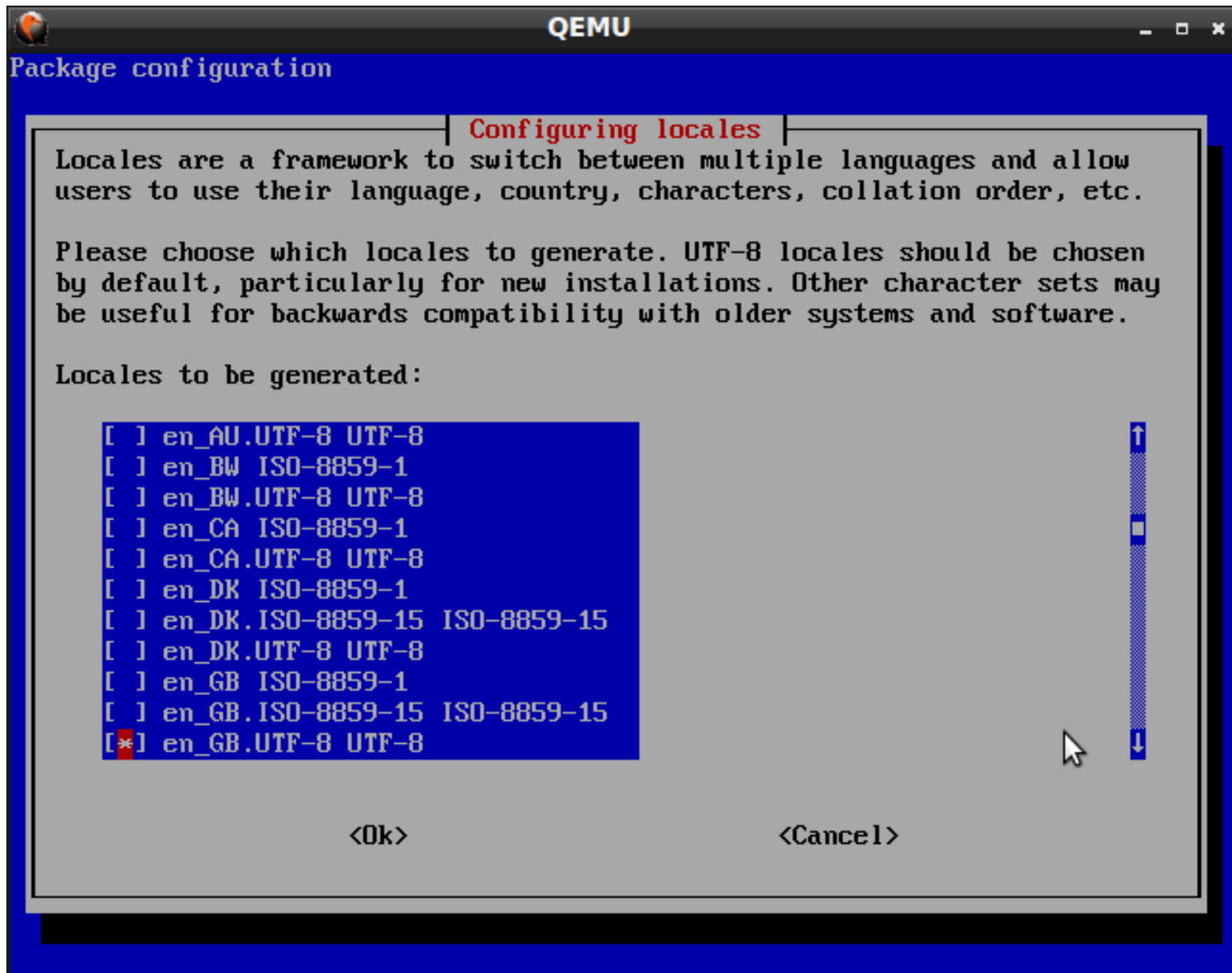
國際化設定



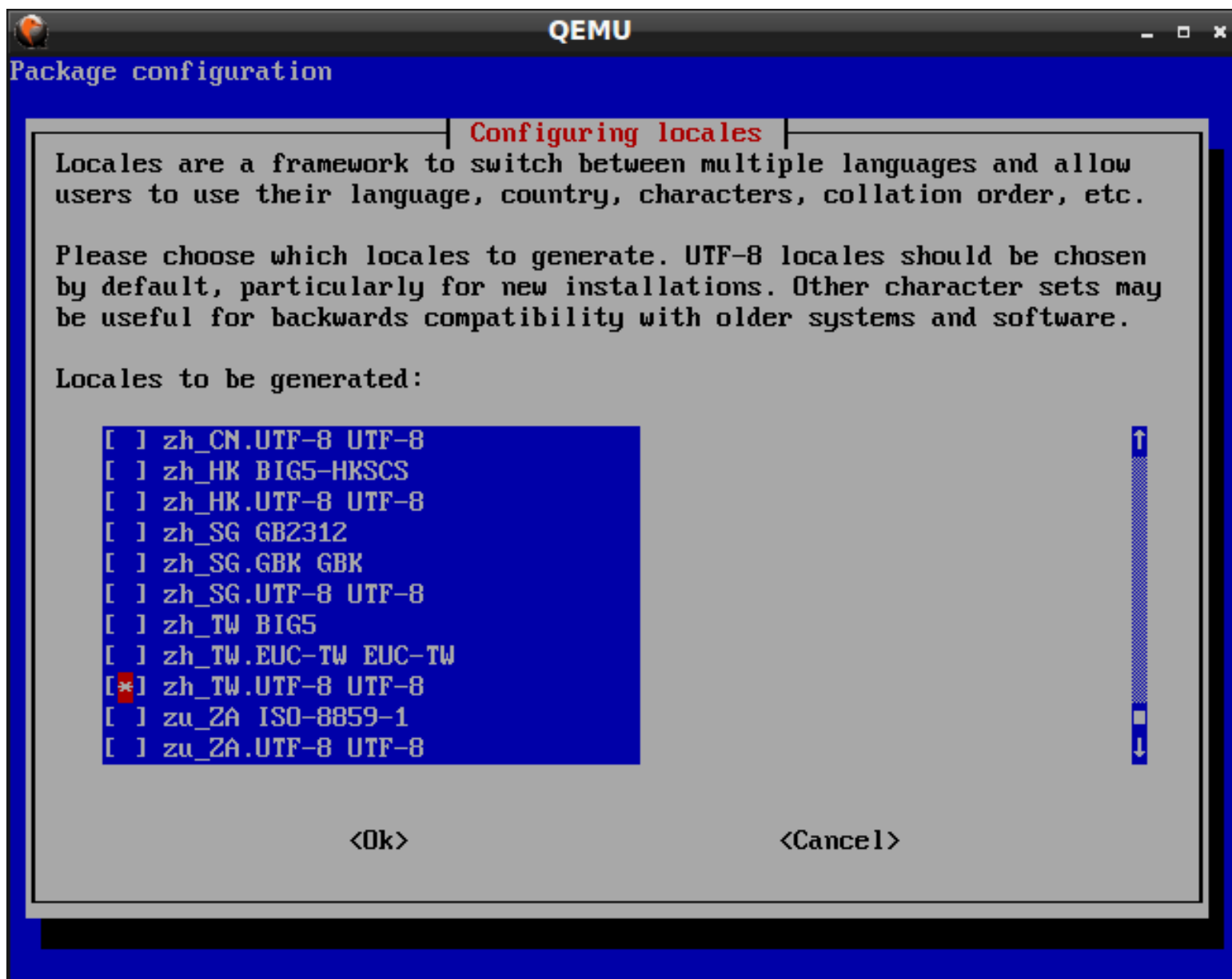
區域設定 / 語言, 單位, 日曆別



取消 en_GB



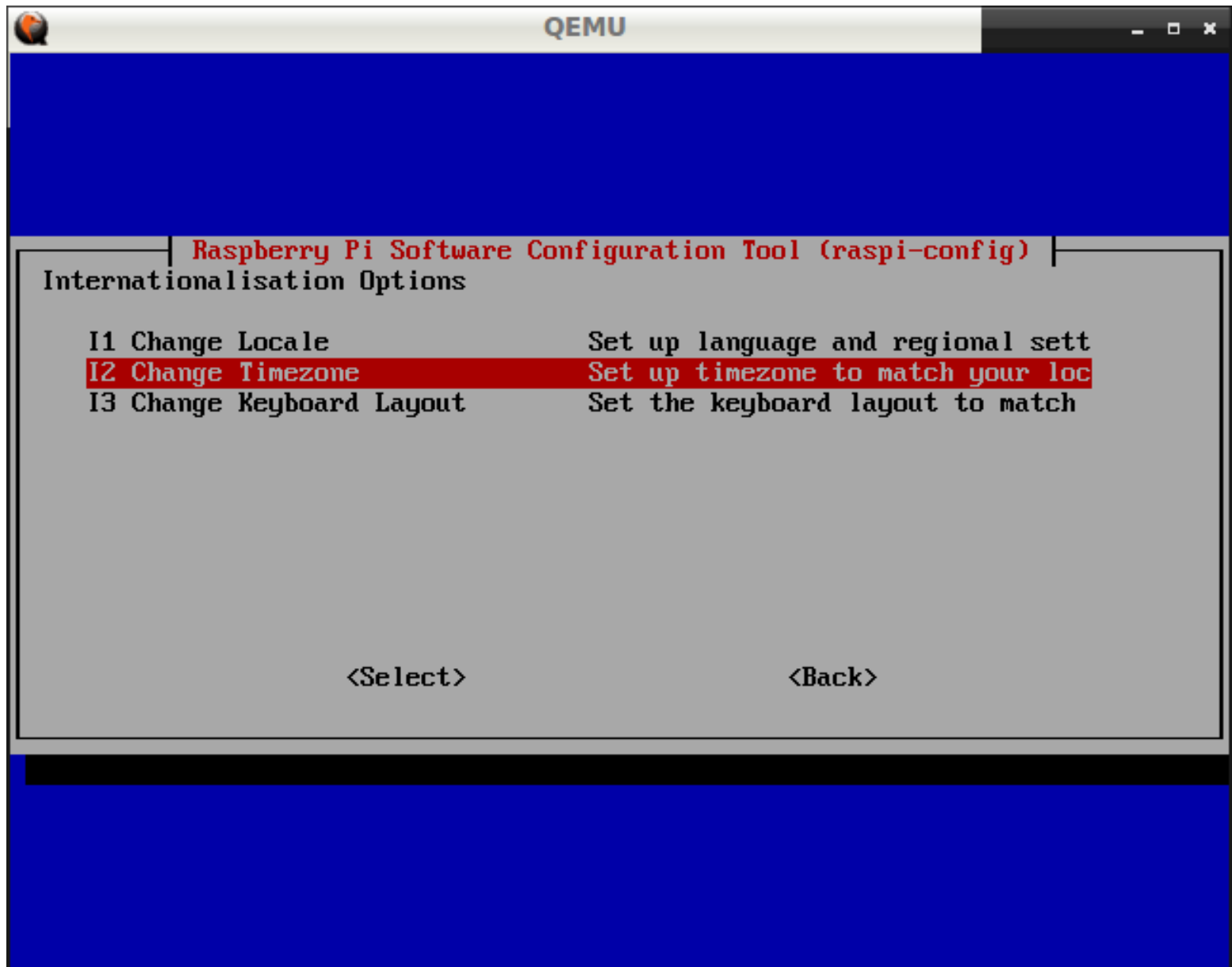
增加 UTF-8 繁體中文



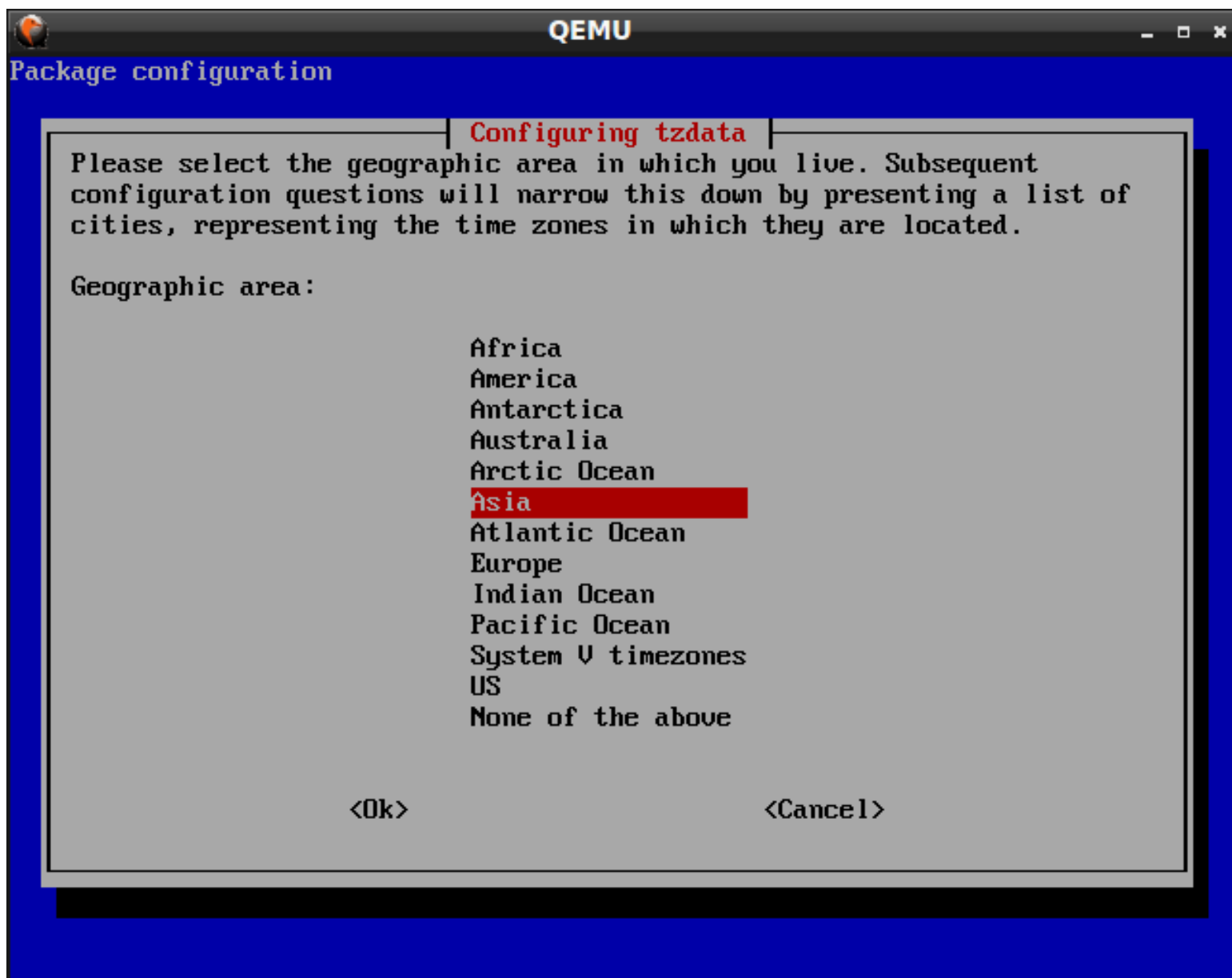
選擇 UTF-8 繁體中文



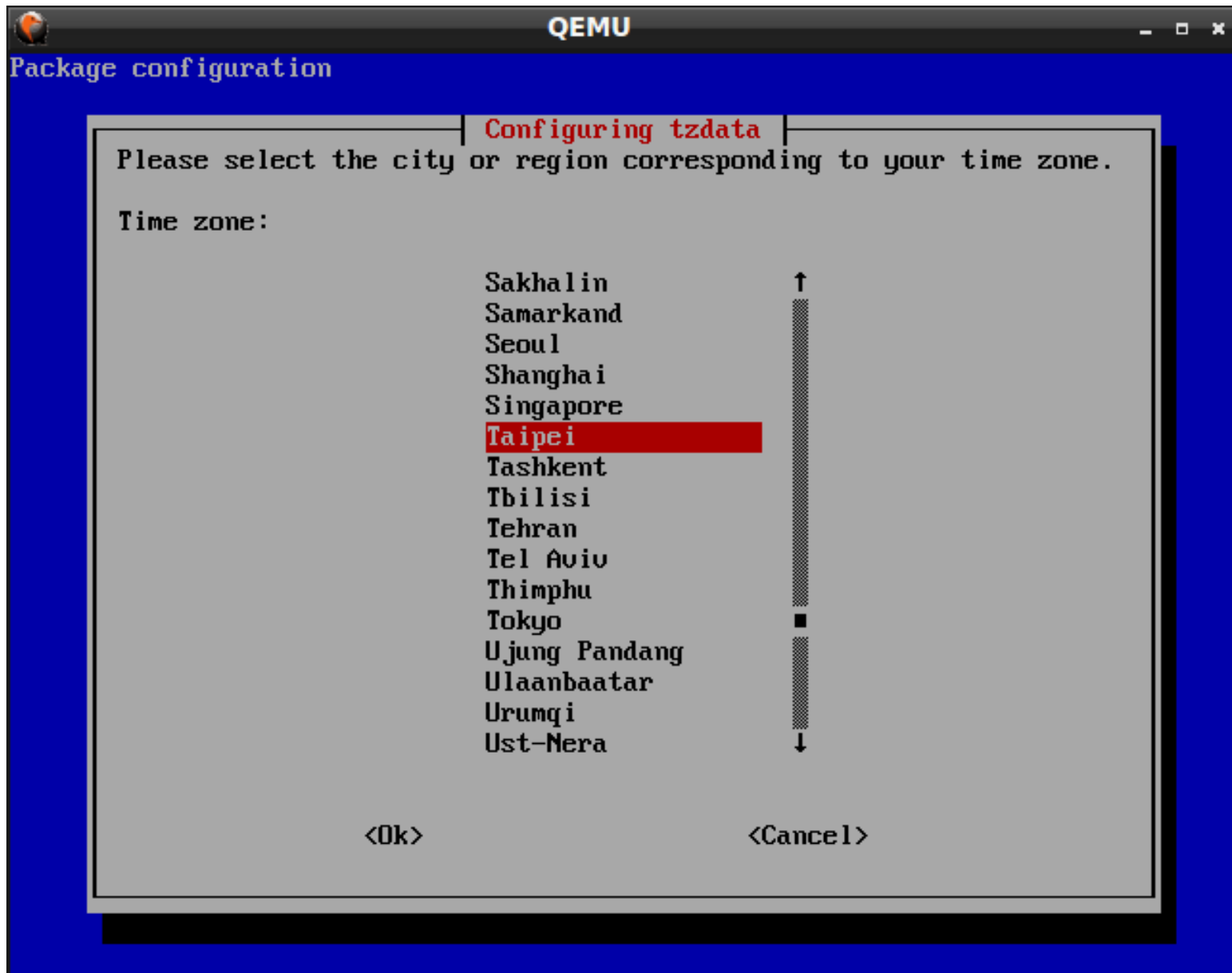
設定時區



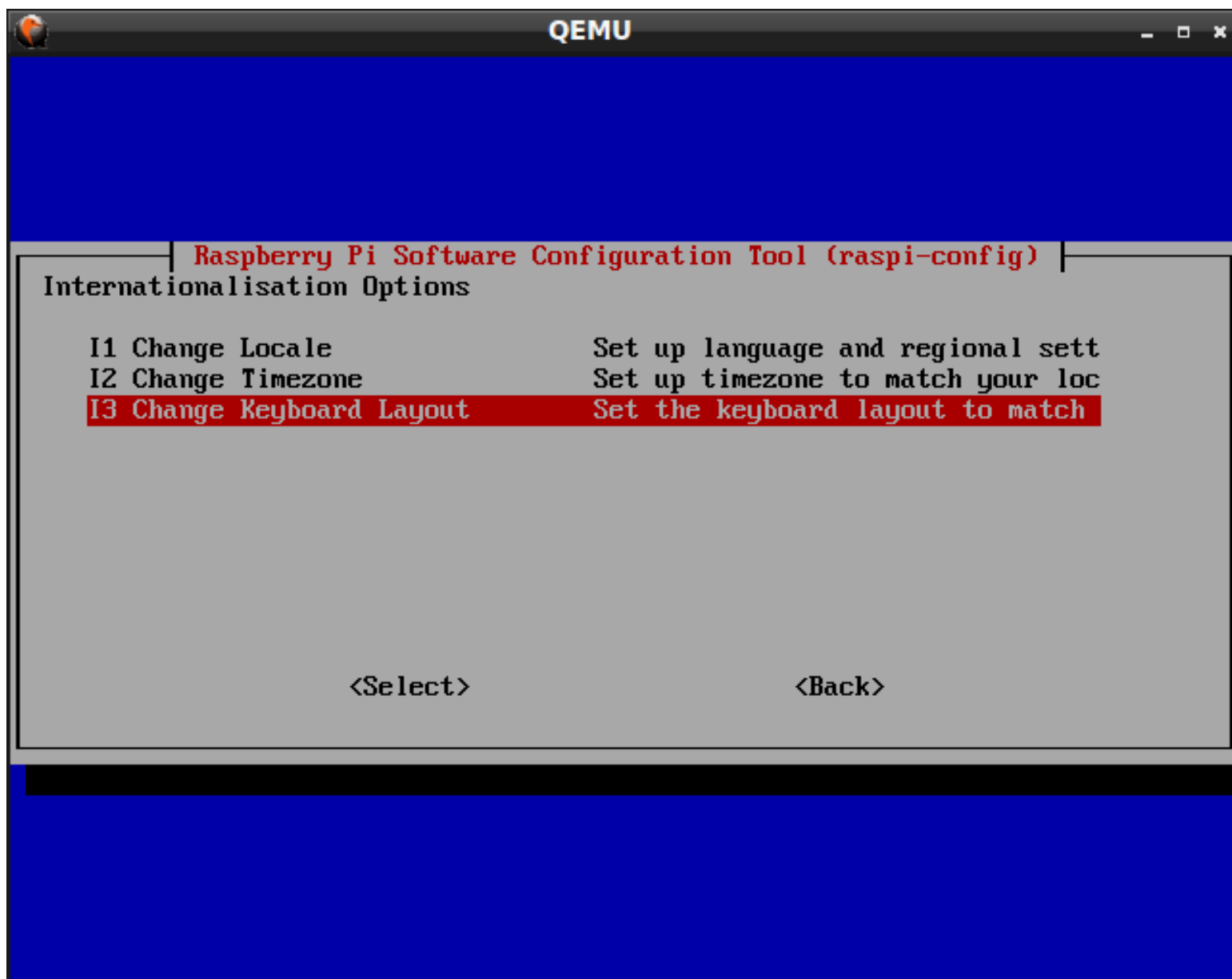
選擇亞洲地區



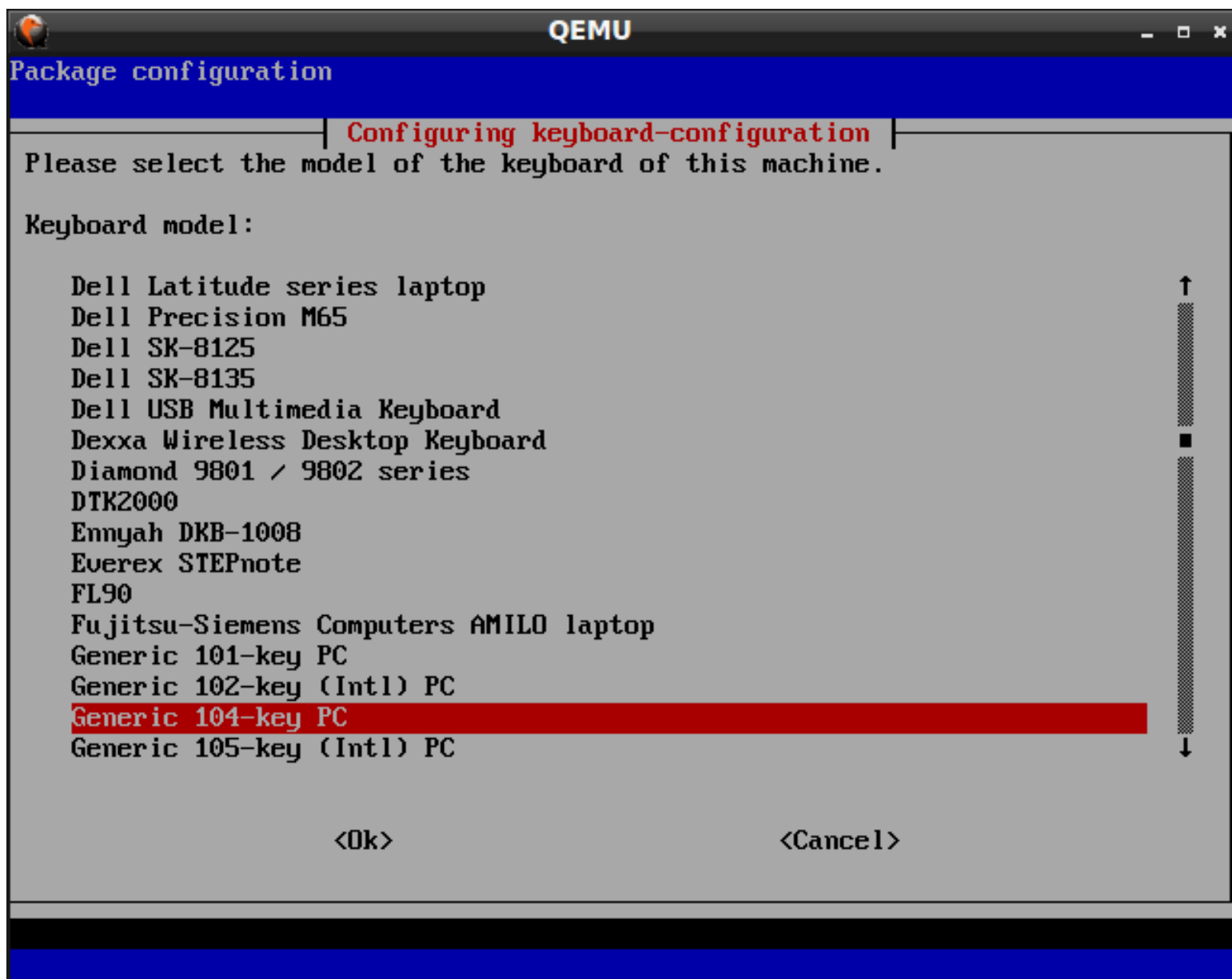
選擇地點



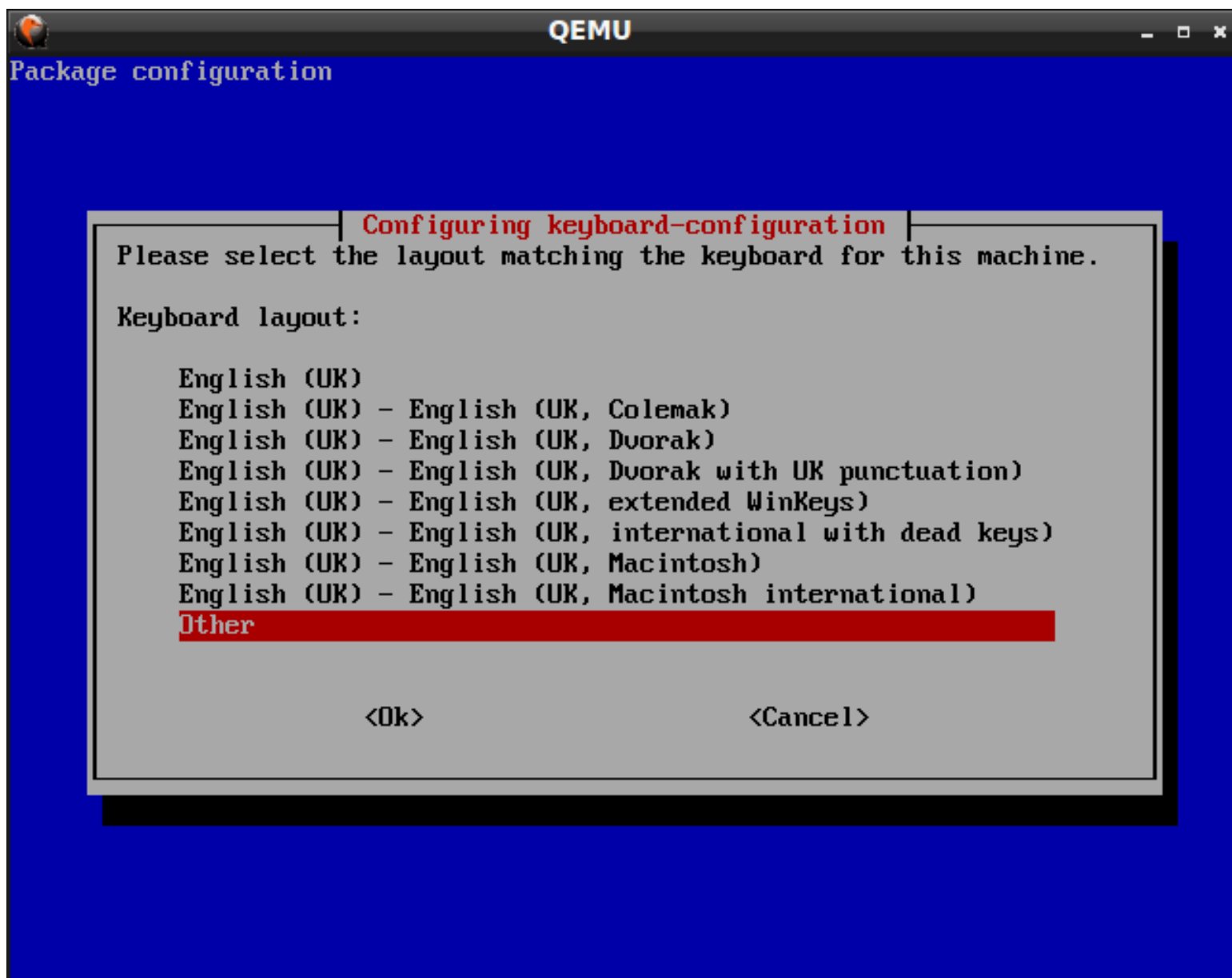
設定鍵盤配置



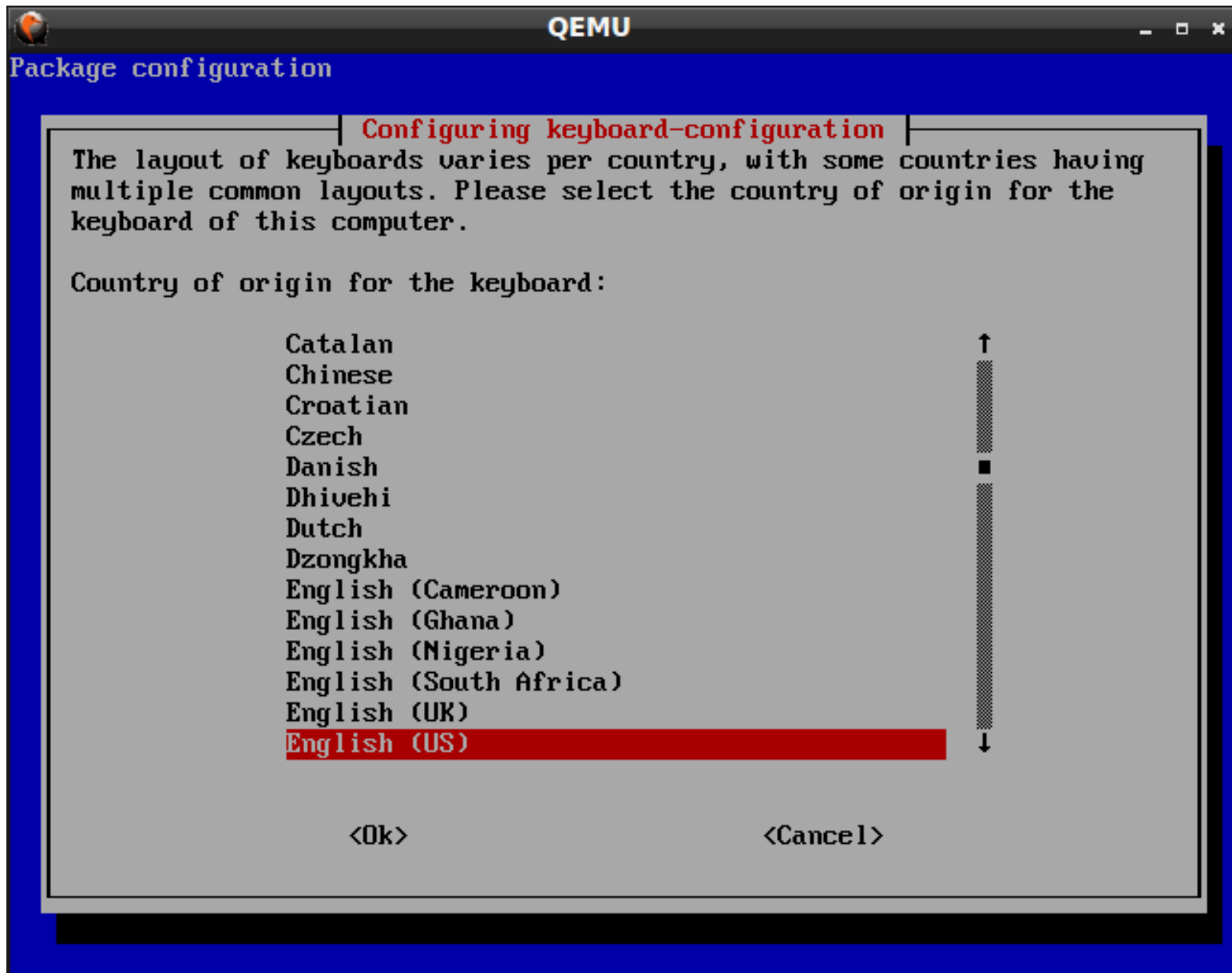
標準 104 鍵盤配置



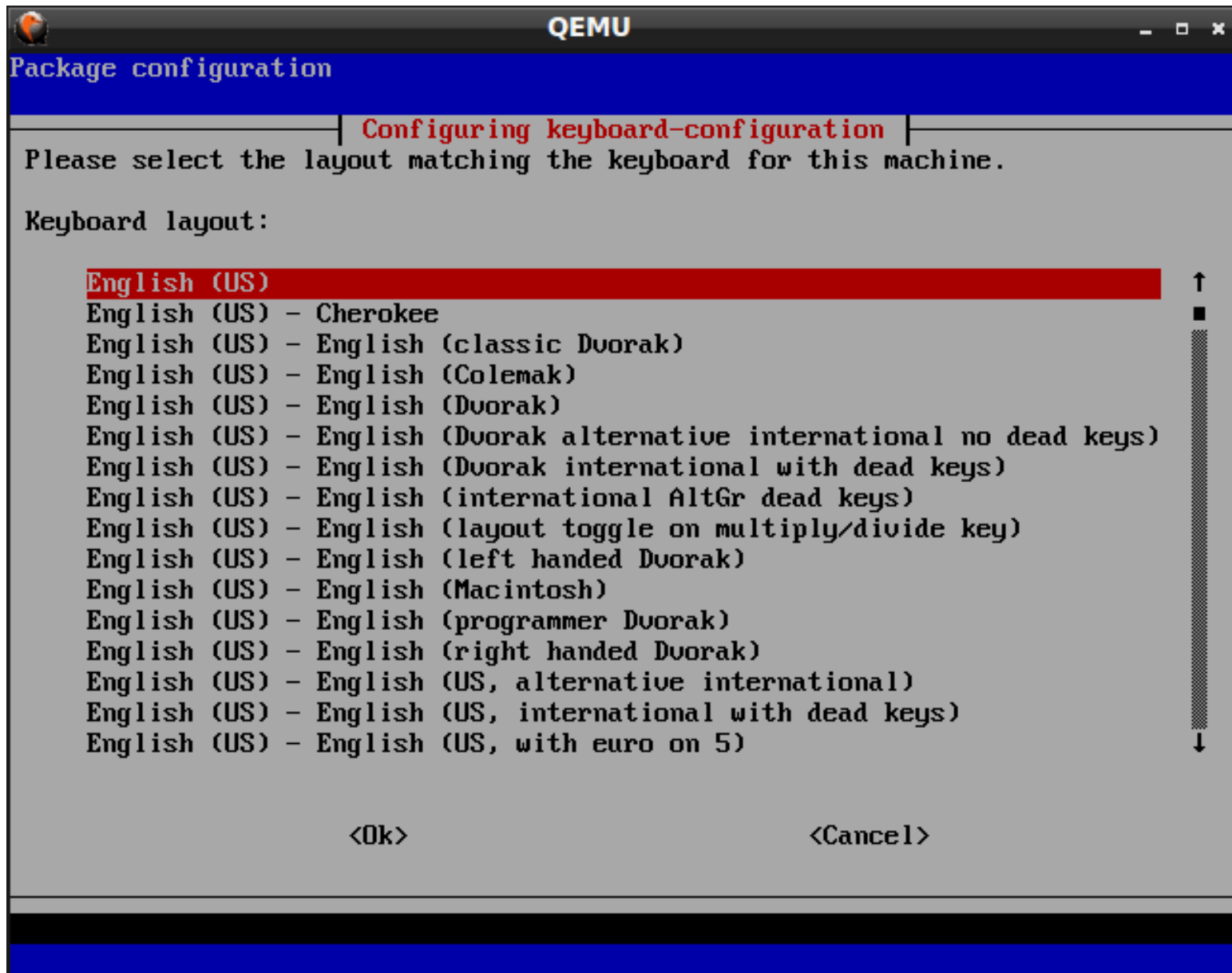
選擇非英式鍵盤



選擇美國



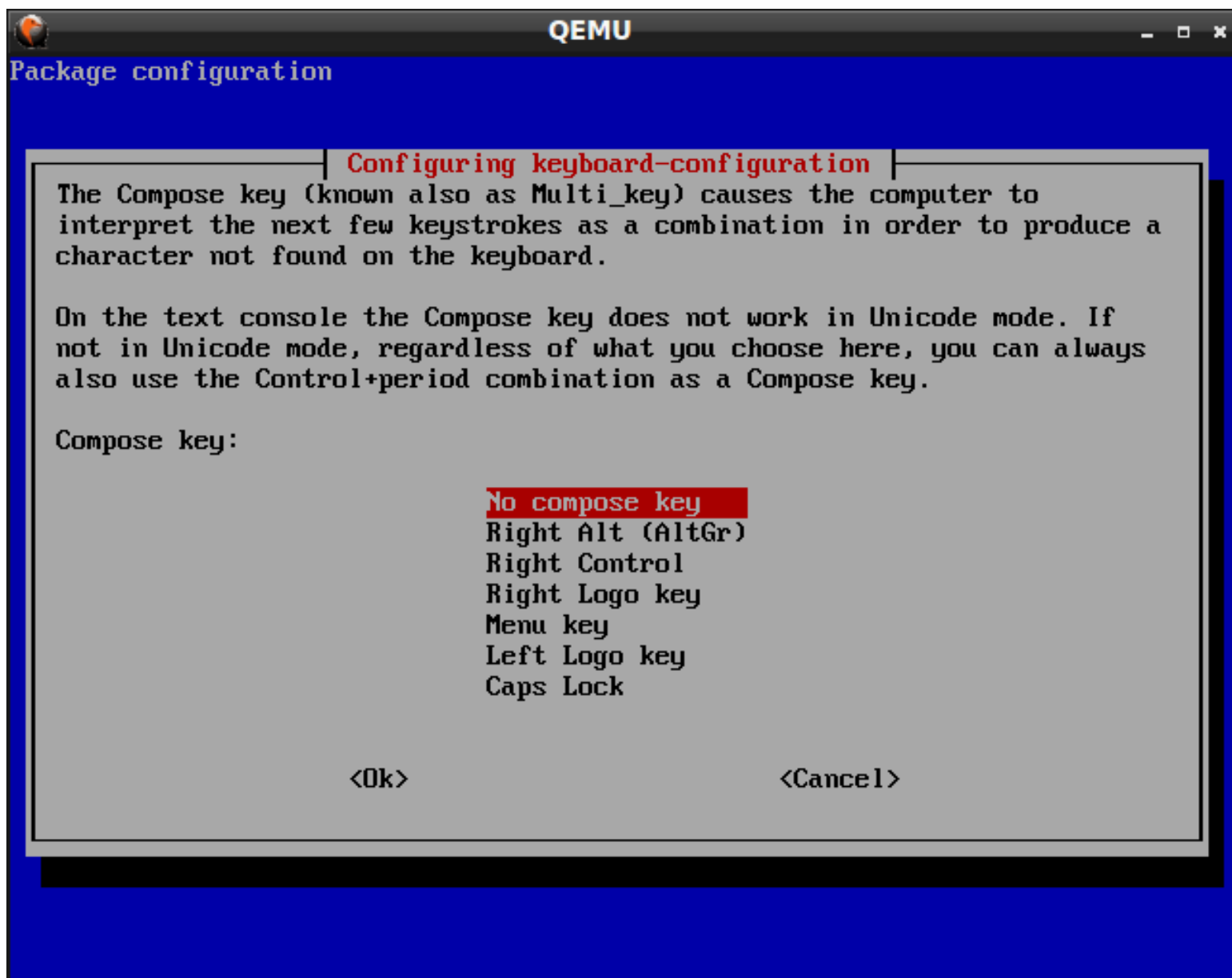
選擇美式鍵盤



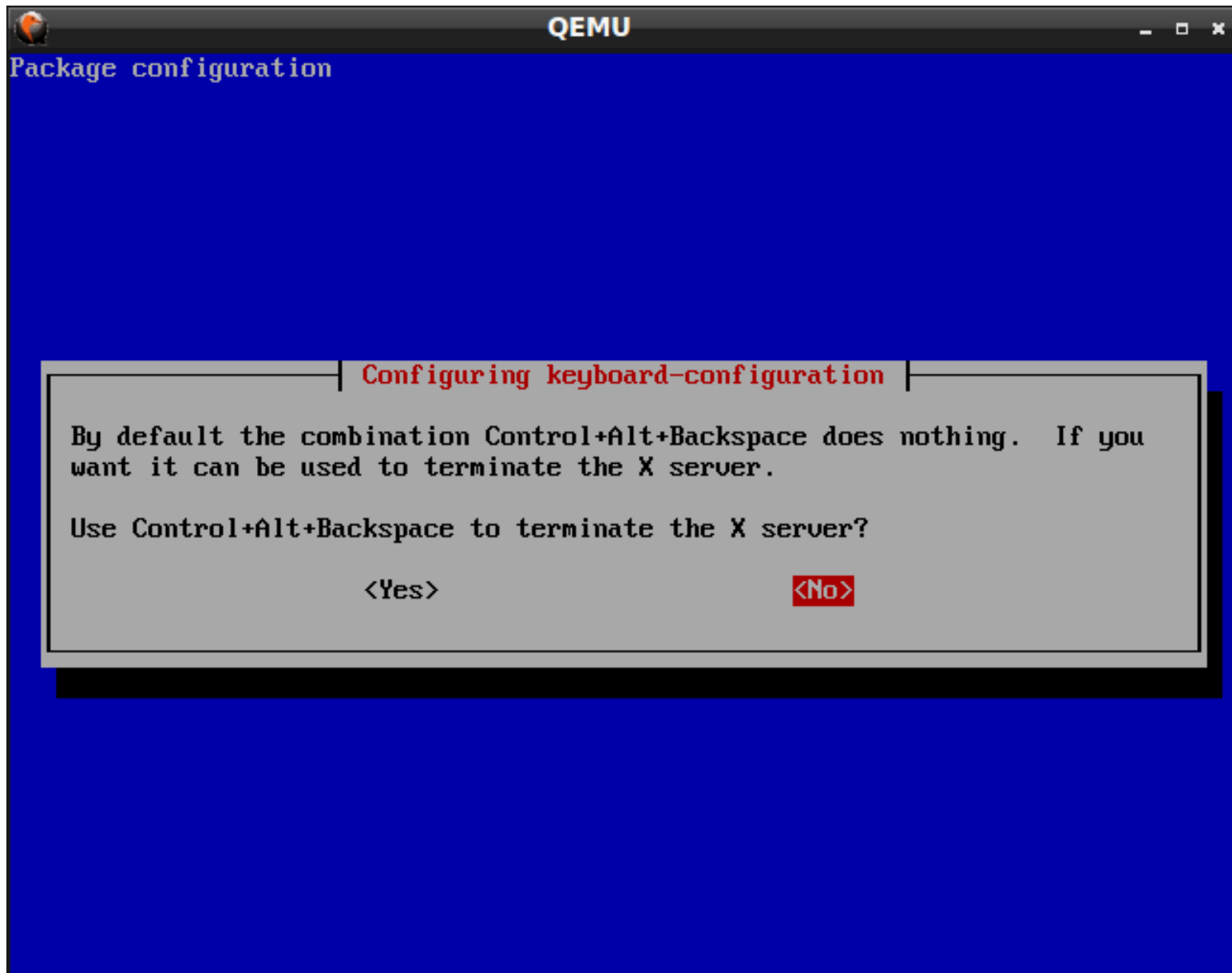
標準美式鍵盤



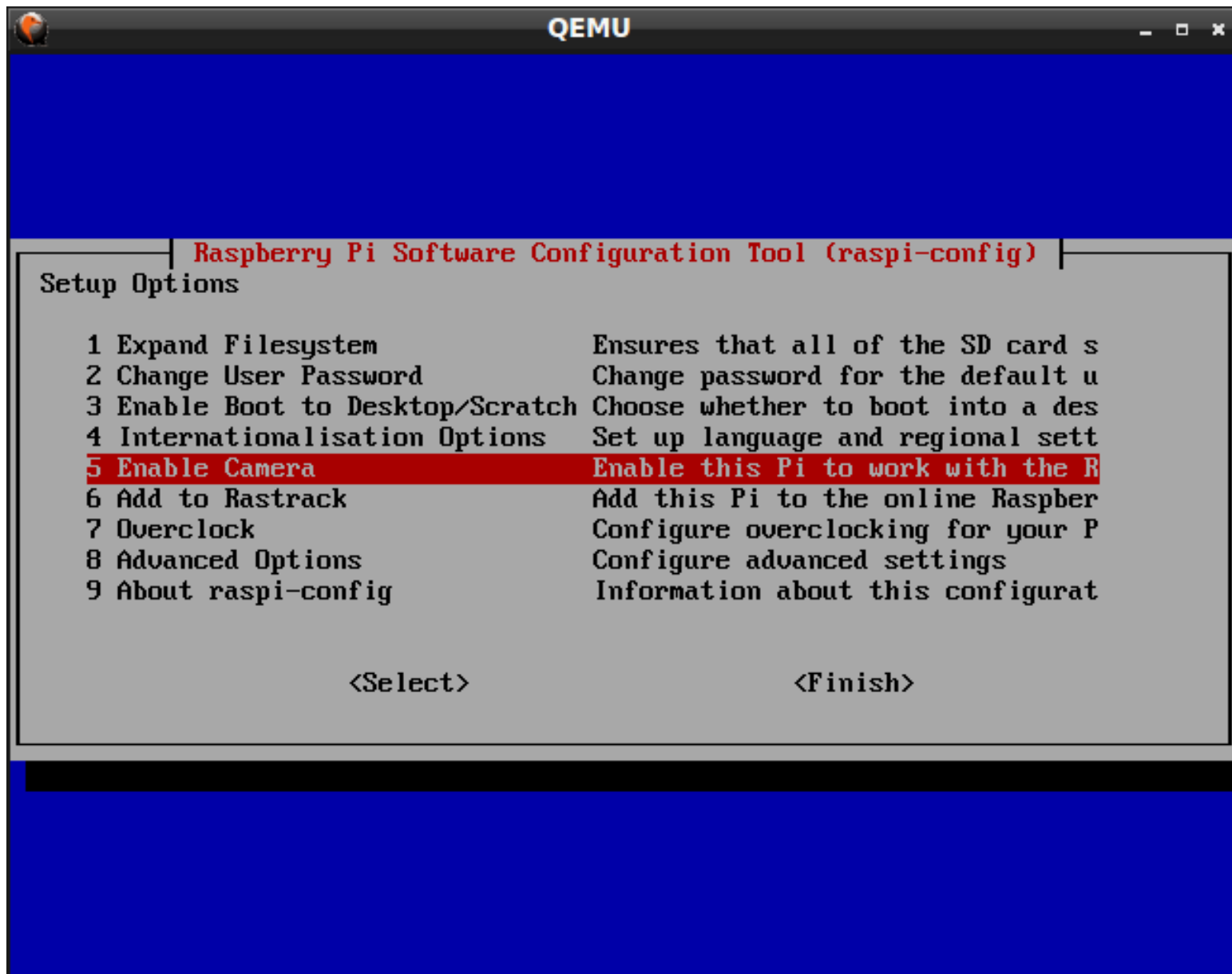
不需要有組合鍵



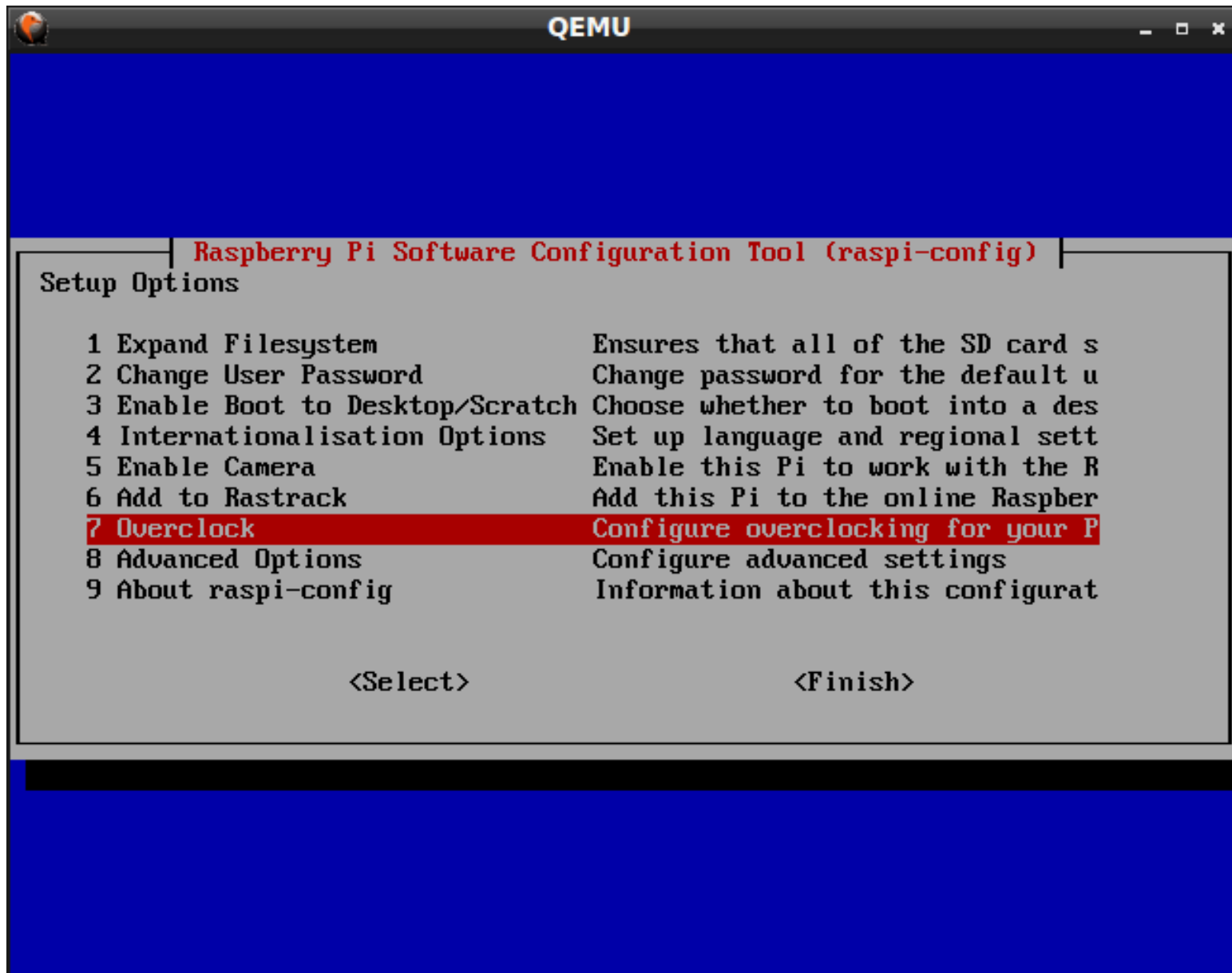
不需要停止 X Server



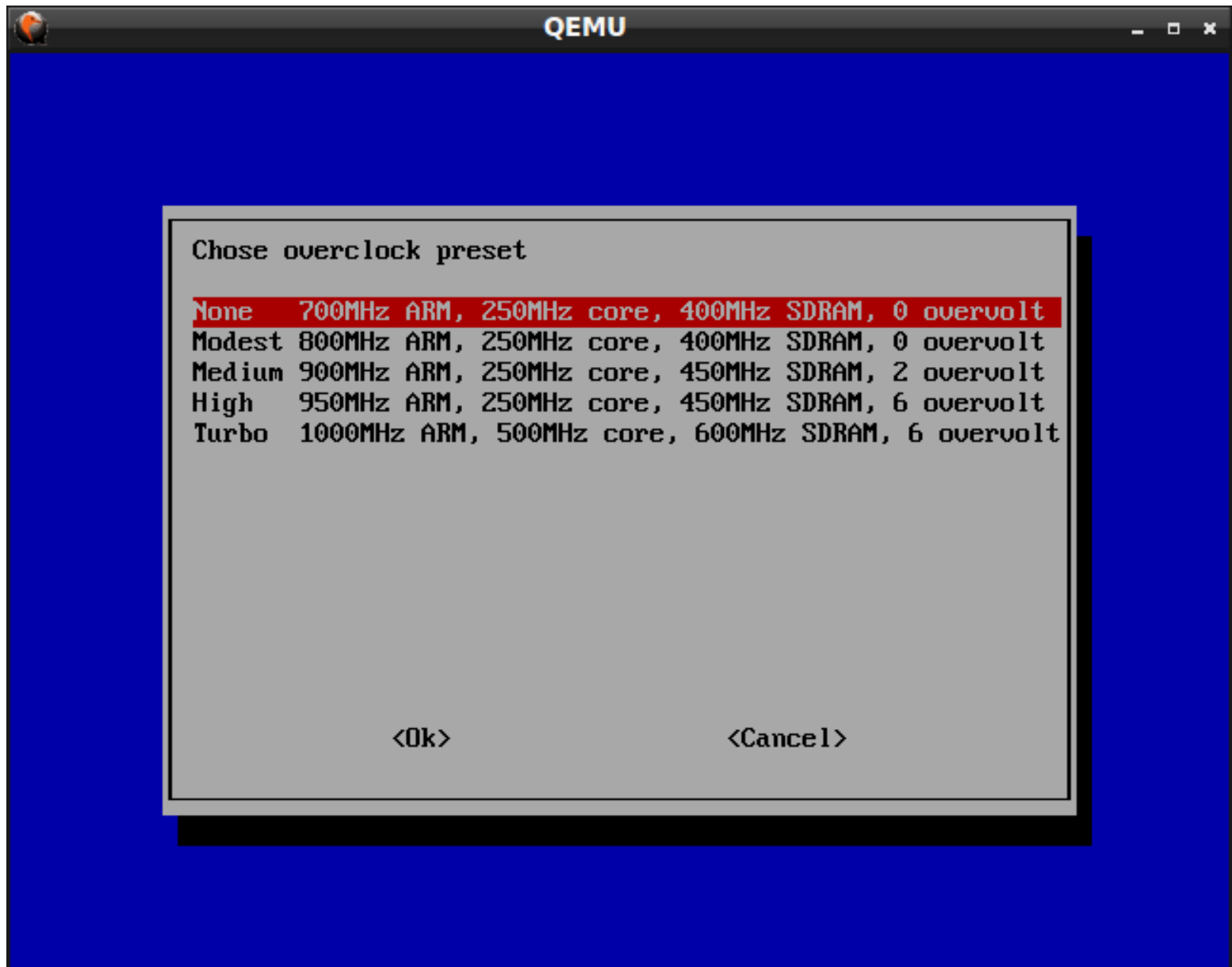
支援 CSI 介面的 Camera



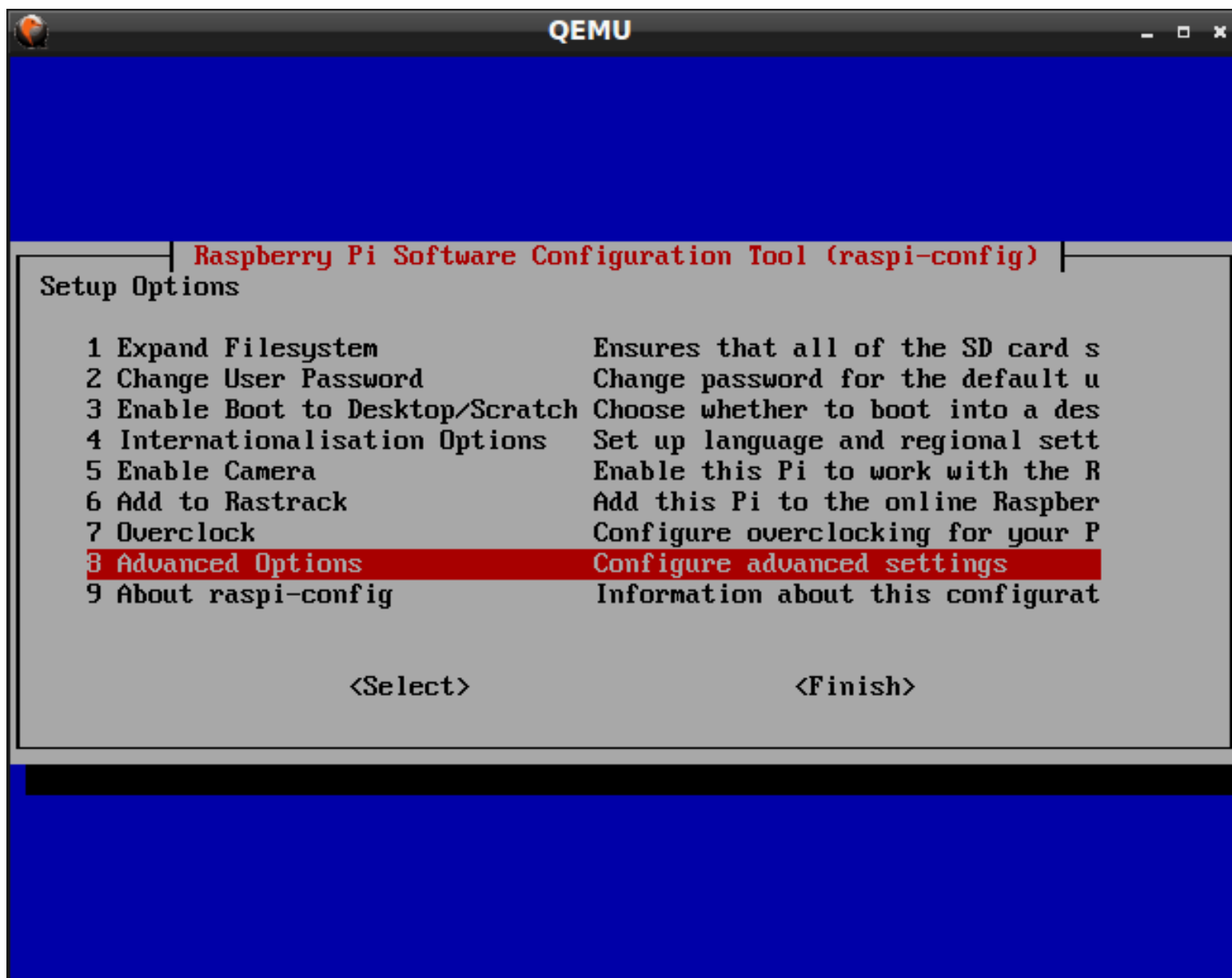
超頻



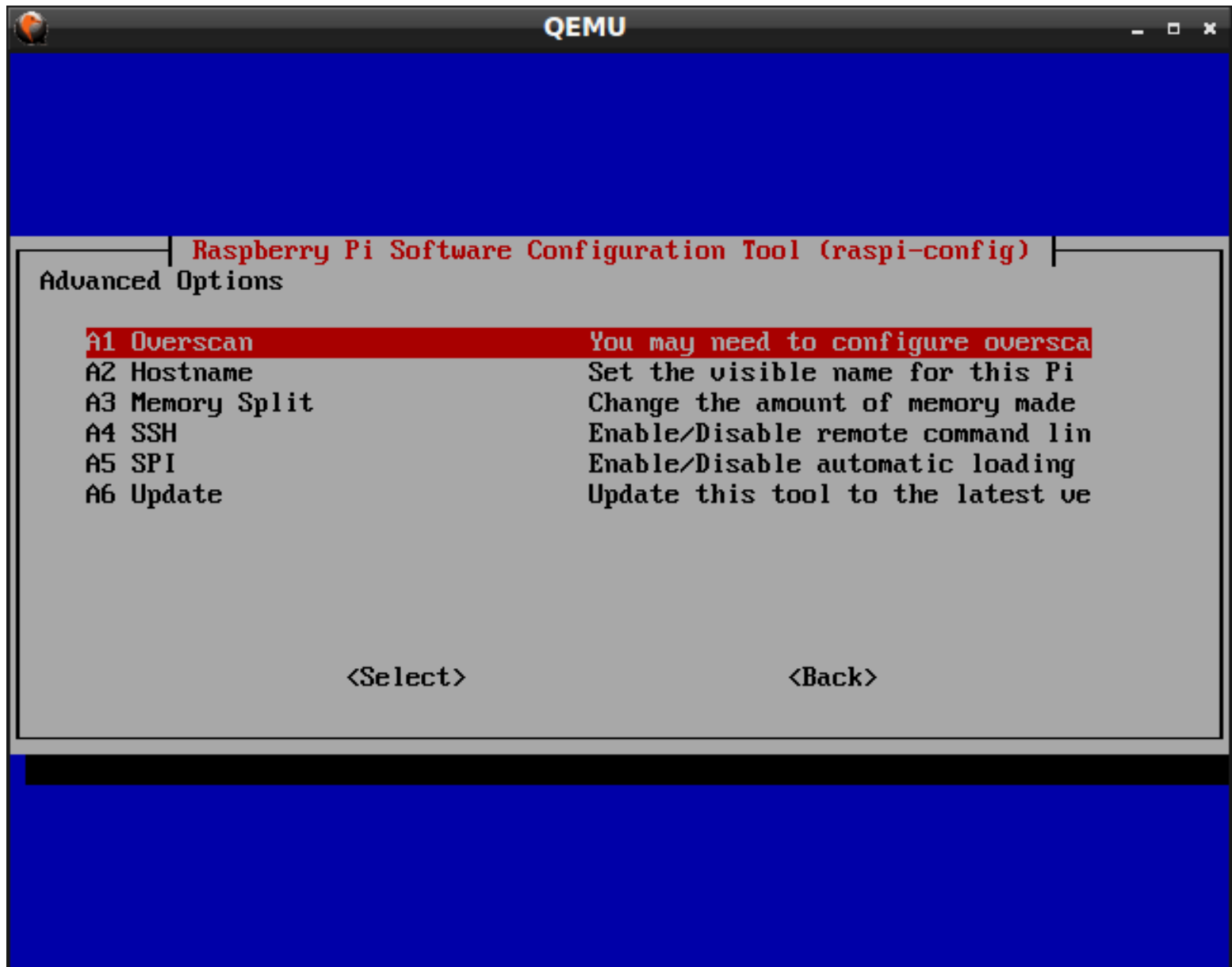
選擇預設的 700MHz



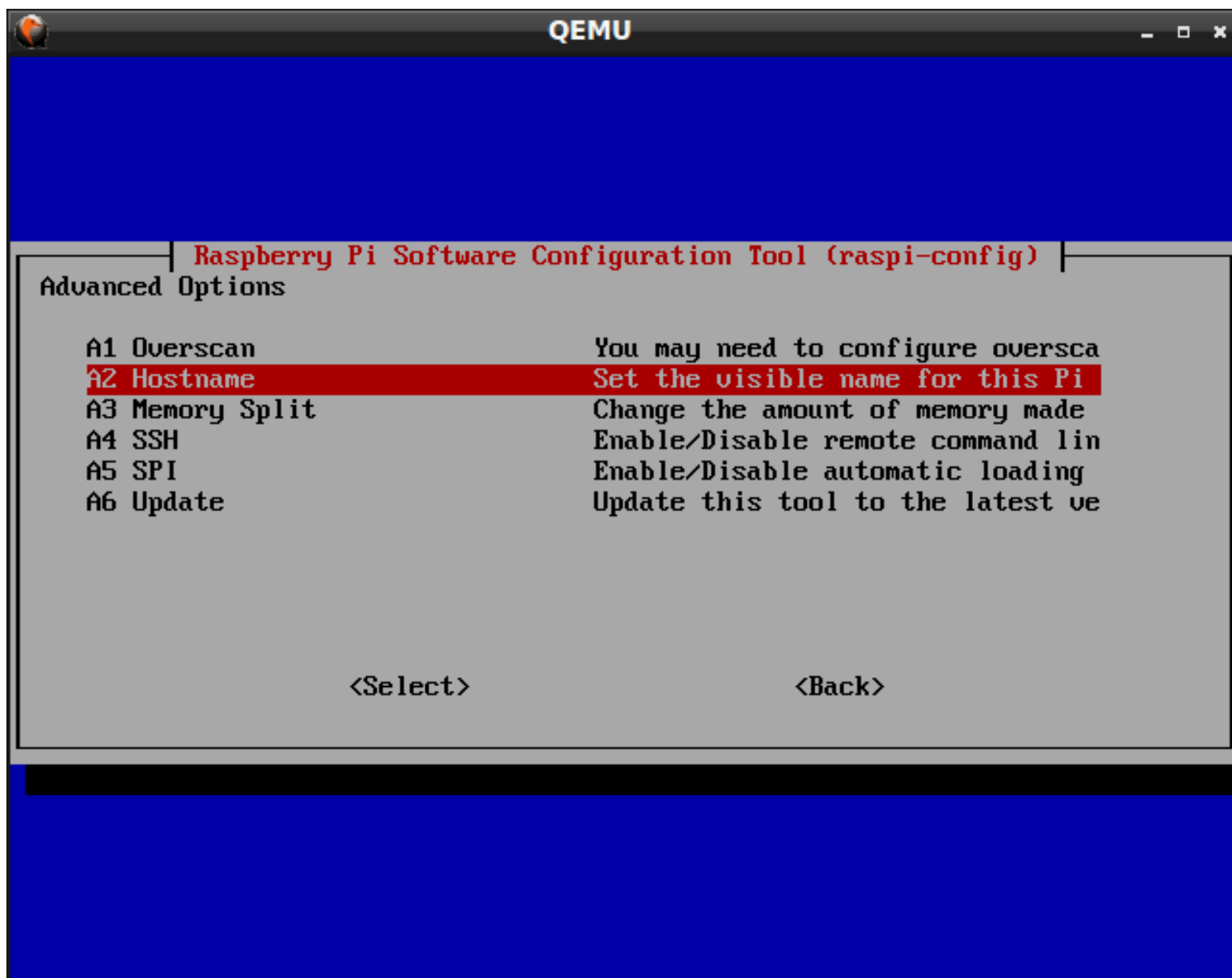
進階設定



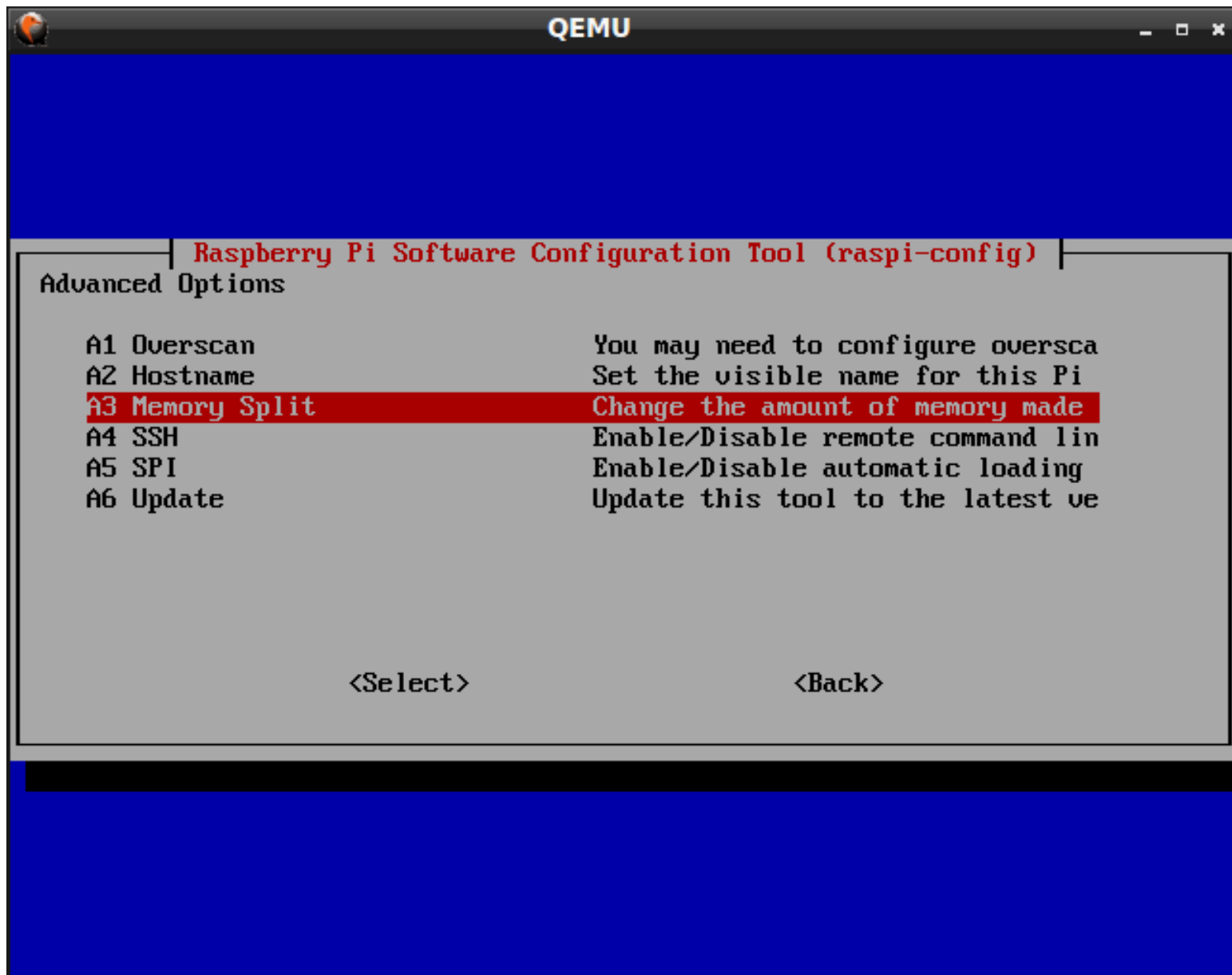
開啟 / 關閉過度掃描



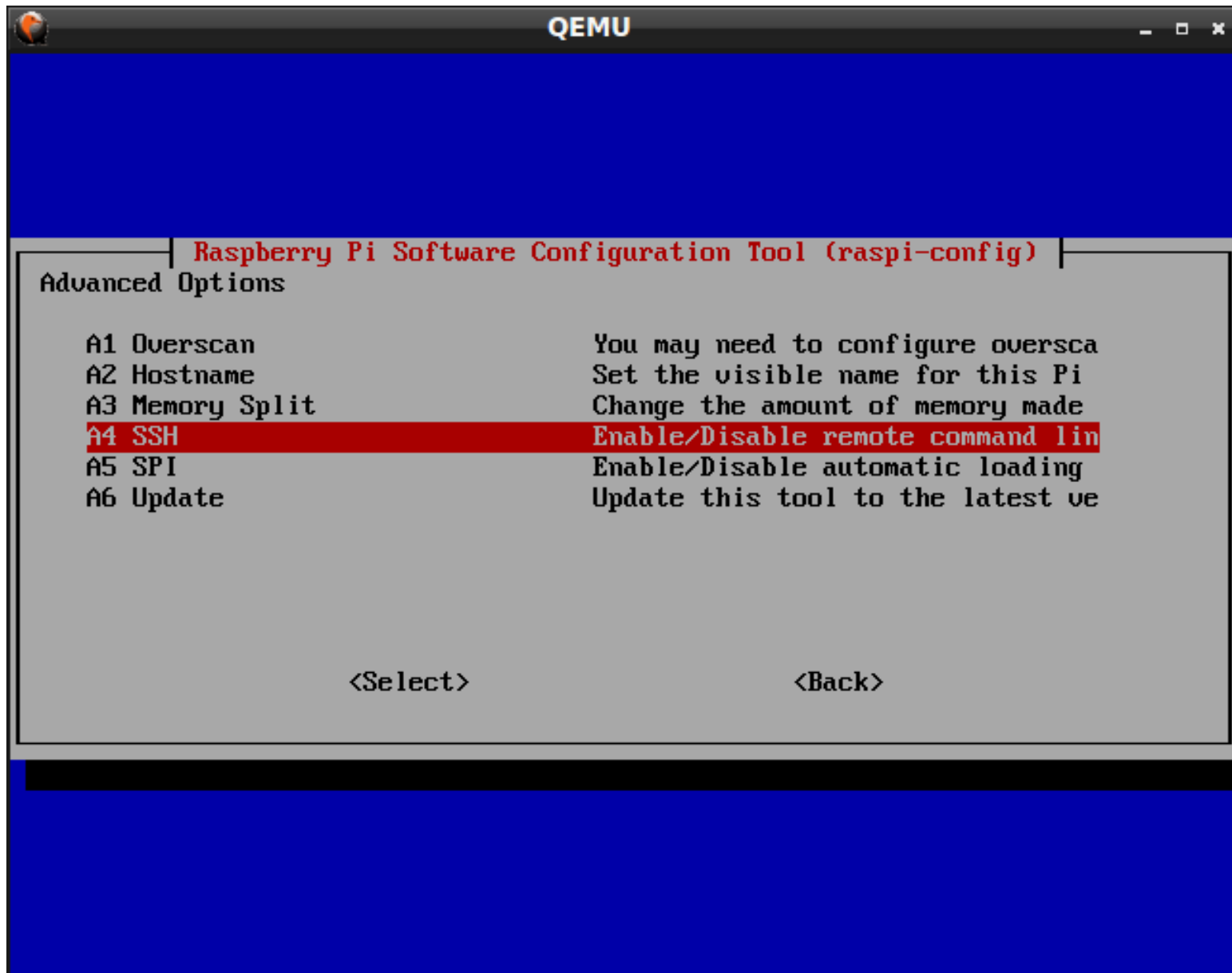
主機名稱設定



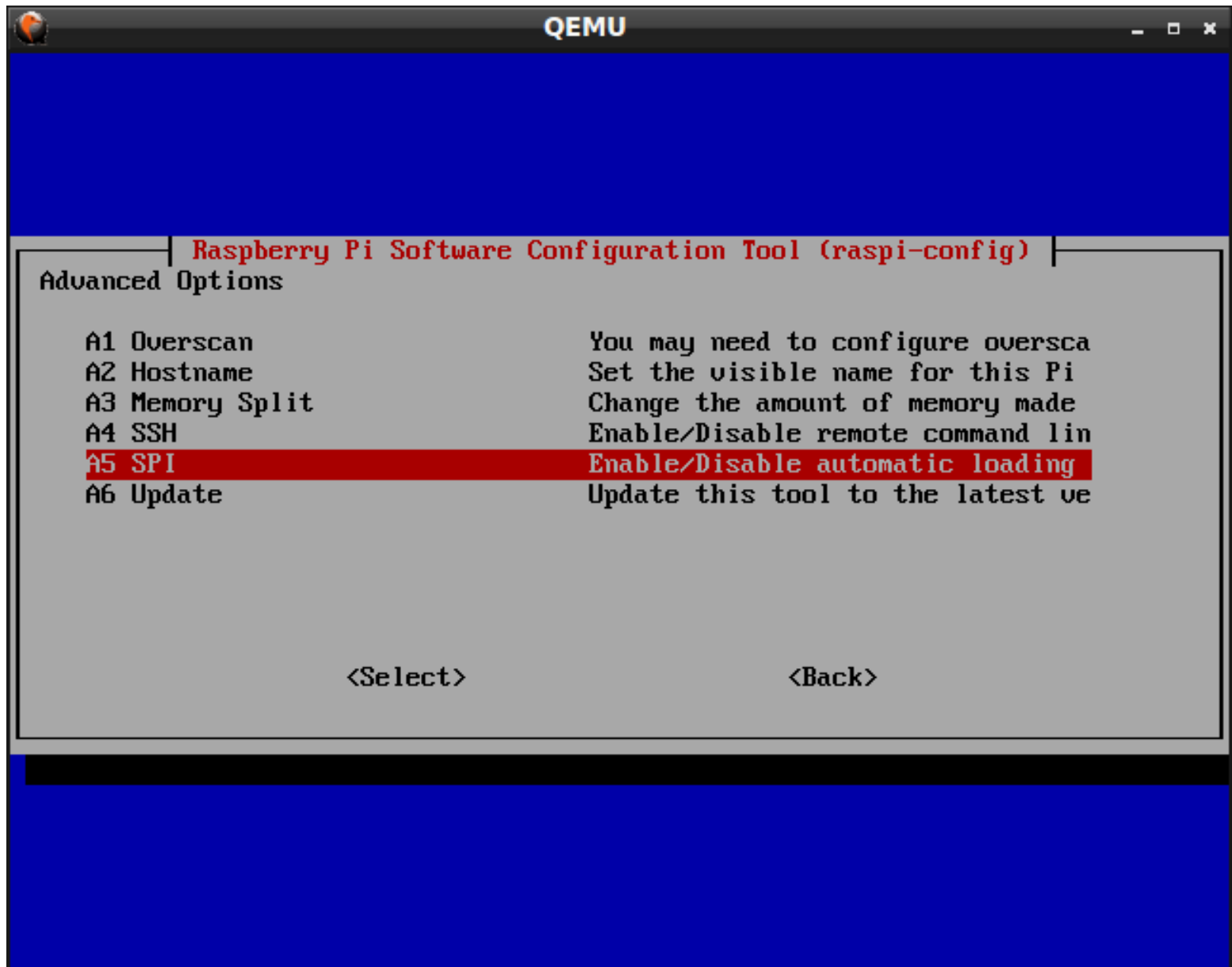
分配給 GPU 的記憶體大小



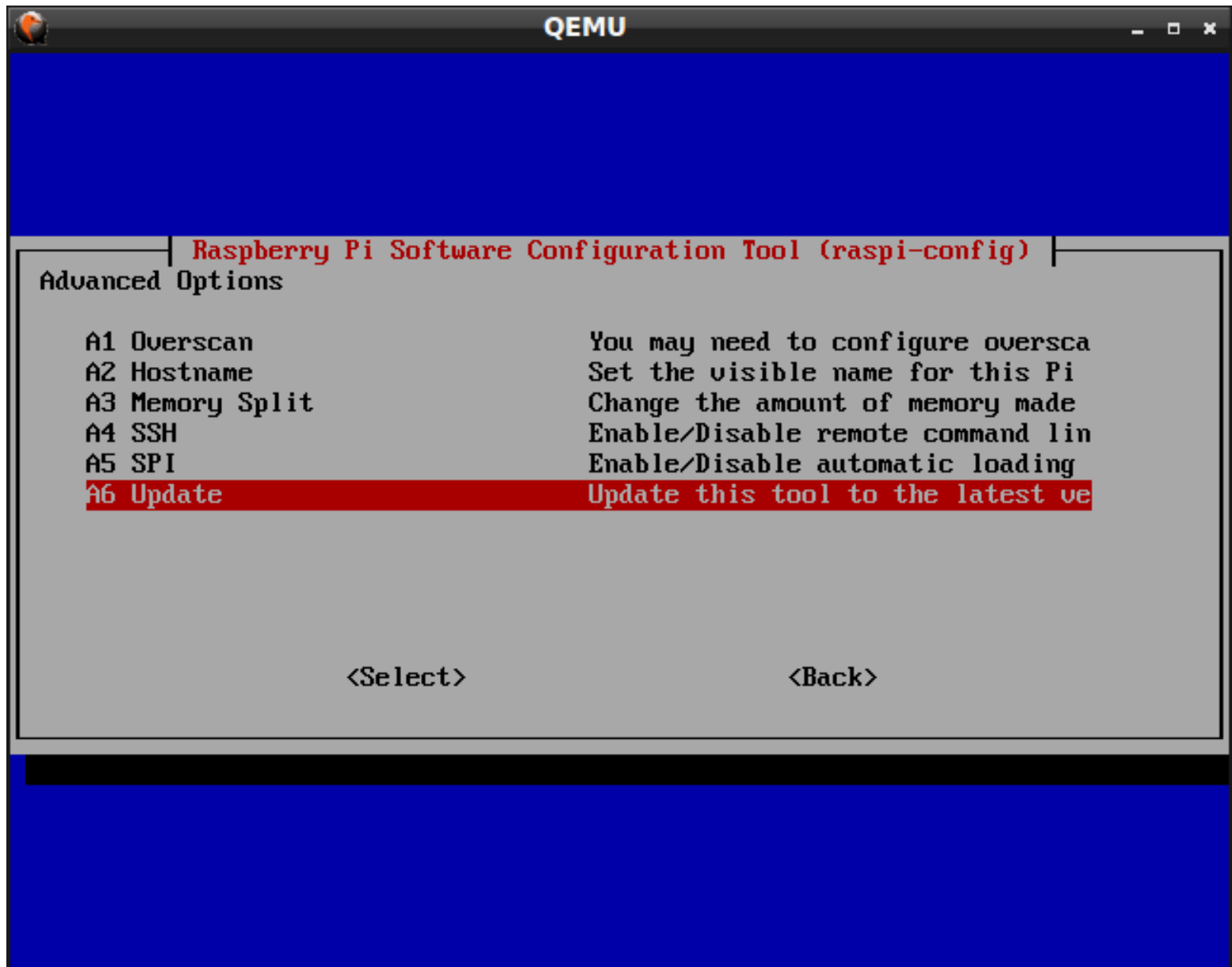
開啟 / 關閉 SSH



開啟 / 關閉 SPI



更新 raspi-config 工具

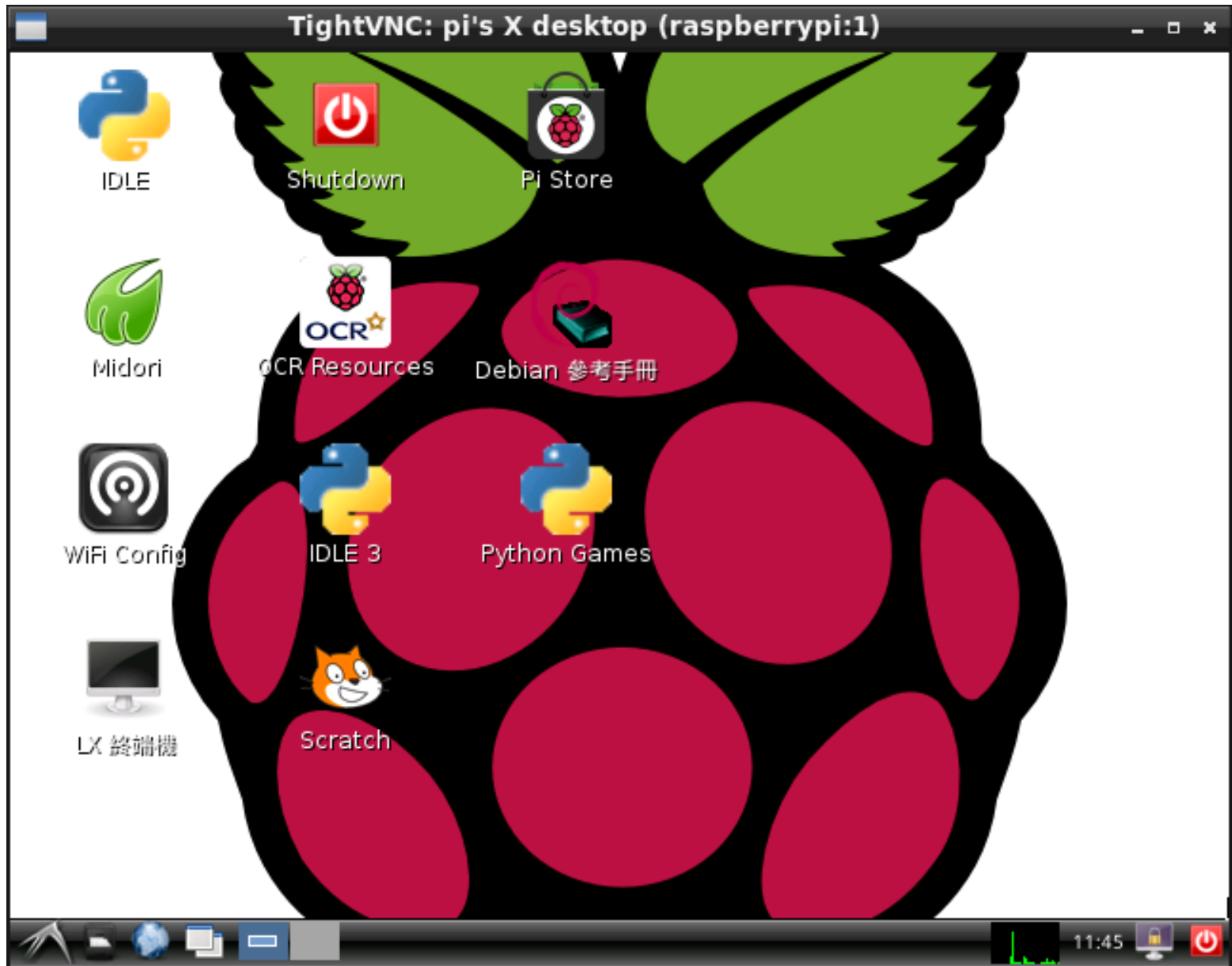


設定完成，重新啟動



桌面環境介紹

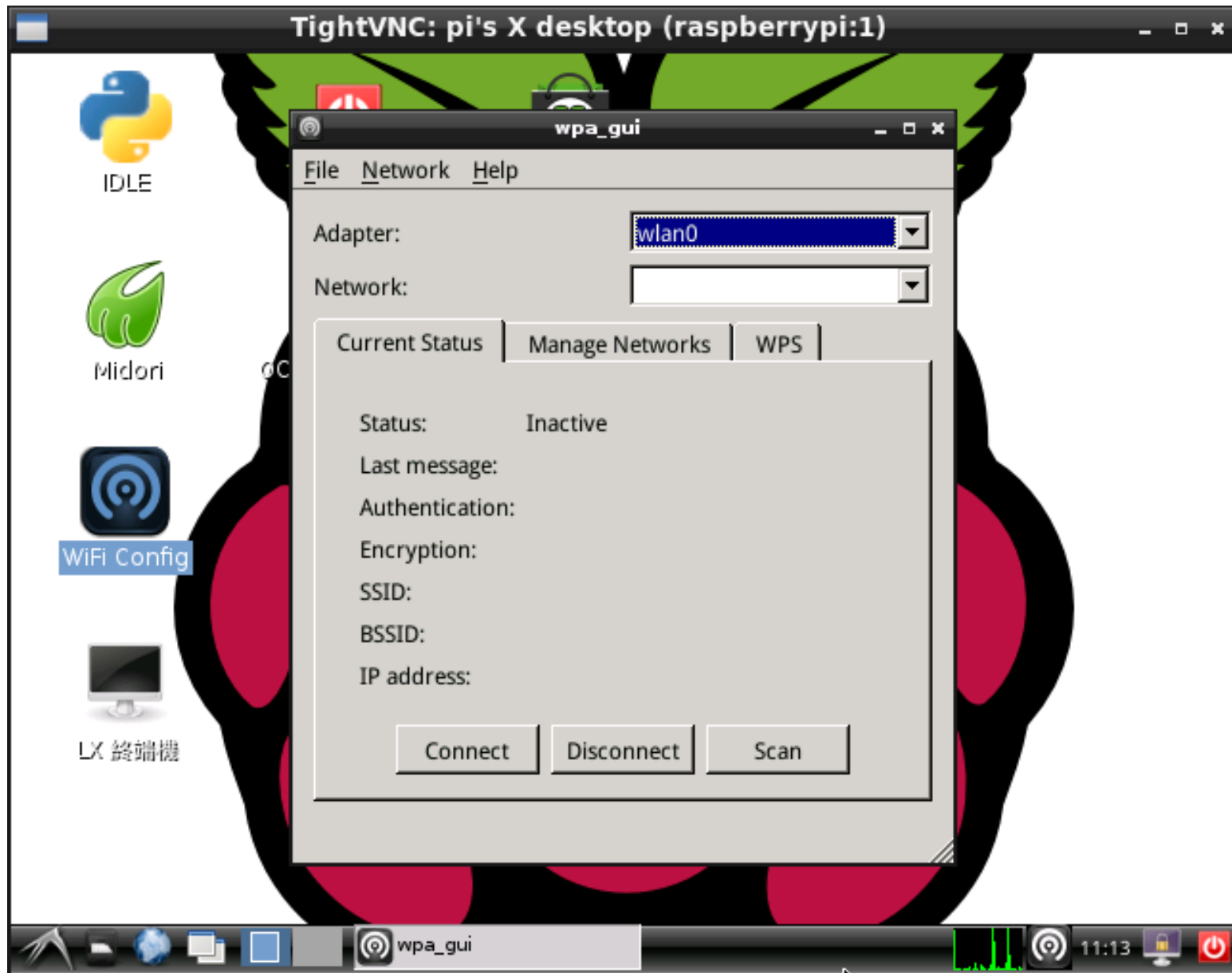
LXDE 桌面環境



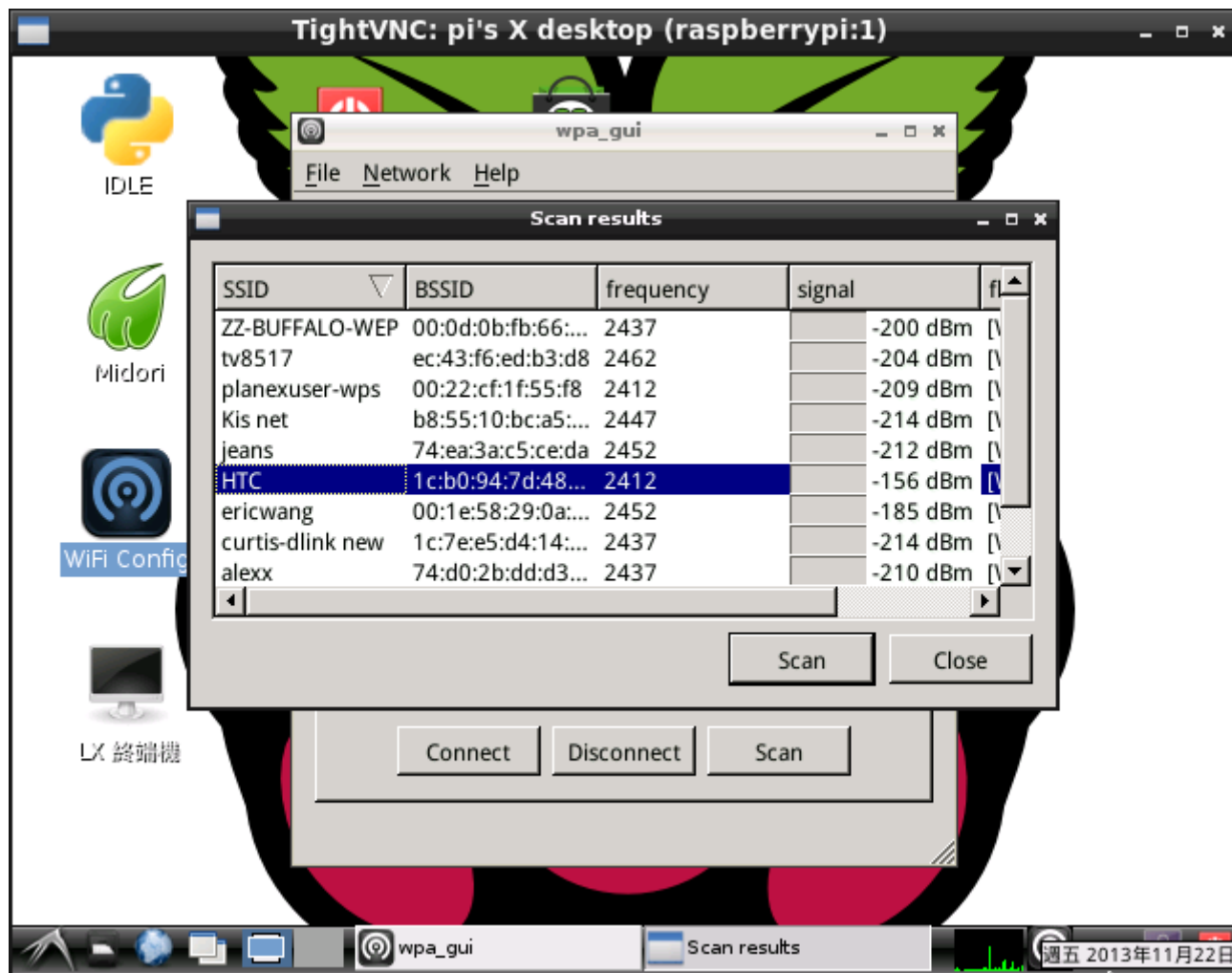
開始功能列表



設定無線網路使用 WiFi Config



WiFi Config 掃描和設定密碼



WiFi Config 掃描和設定密碼

The image shows a Raspberry Pi desktop environment with a desktop background featuring a green and black pattern. The desktop has several icons: Python (IDLE), Midori, WiFi Config, and LX 終端機 (LX Terminal). A taskbar at the bottom displays the system tray with a clock showing 11:15 and a power button.

Two windows are open, both titled "TightVNC: pi's X desktop (raspberrypi:1)".

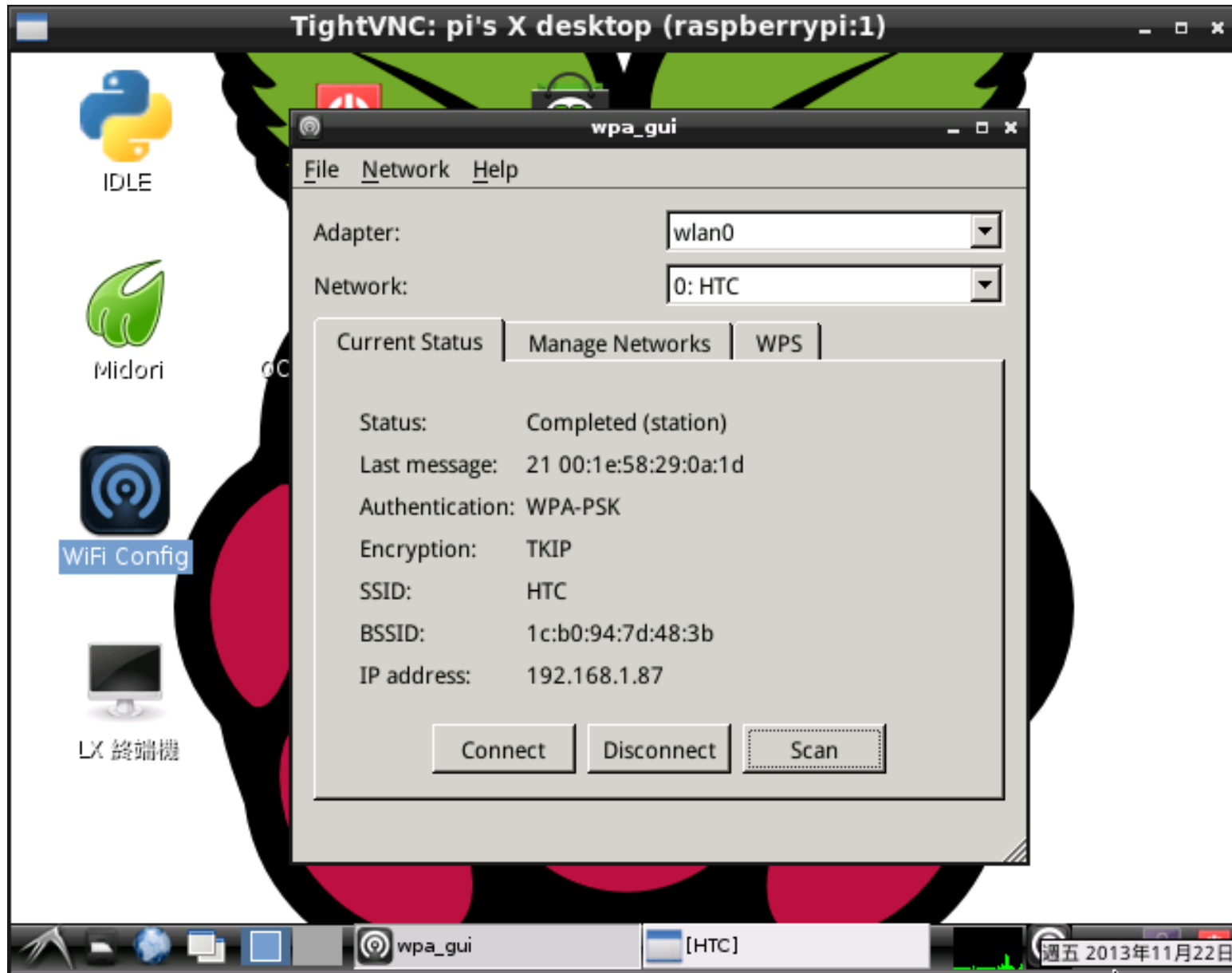
The left window, titled "Scan results", displays a table of detected WiFi networks:

SSID	BSSID	frequency
ZZ-BUFFALO-WEP	00:0d:0b:fb:66:...	2437
tv8517	ec:43:f6:ed:b3:d8	2462
planexuser-wps	00:22:cf:1f:55:f8	2412
Kis net	b8:55:10:bc:a5:...	2447
jeans	74:ea:3a:c5:ce:da	2452
HTC	1c:b0:94:7d:48:...	2412
ericwang	00:1e:58:29:0a:...	2452
curtis-dlink new	1c:7e:e5:d4:14:...	2437
alex	74:d0:2b:dd:d3:...	2437

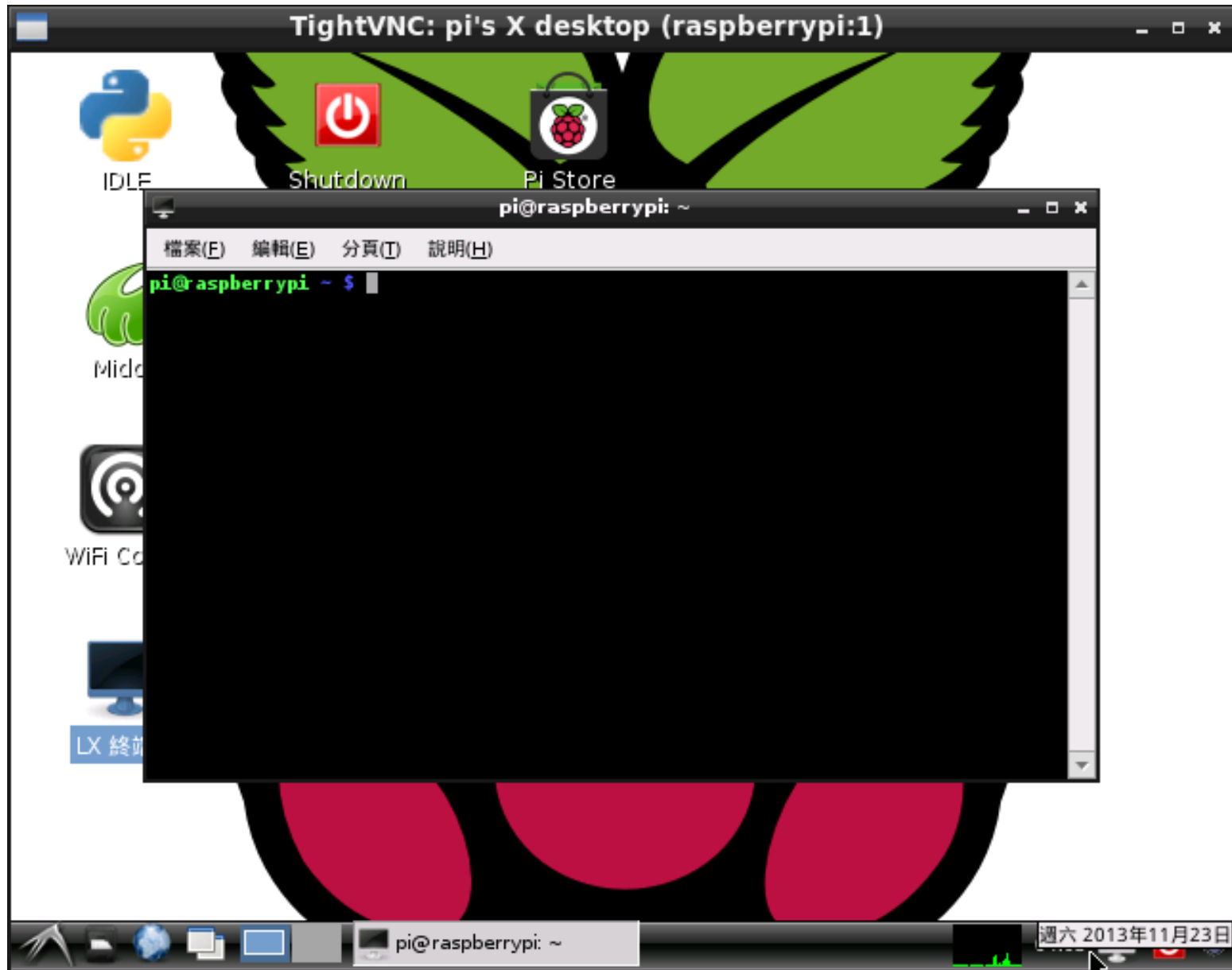
The right window, titled "HTC", shows the configuration settings for the selected network. The settings are as follows:

- SSID: HTC
- Authentication: WPA-Personal (PSK)
- Encryption: TKIP
- PSK: *****
- EAP method: MD5
- Identity:
- Password:
- CA certificate:
- WEP keys:
 - ☐ key 0
 - ☐ key 1
 - ☐ key 2
 - ☐ key 3
- Optional Settings:

WiFi Config 連接成功



LXTerminal 終端機



WEP 加密

```
$ sudo vi /etc/network/interfaces  
  
allow-hotplug wlan0  
iface wlan0 inet dhcp  
wireless-essid <ssid>  
wireless-key s:<password>
```

- 重新啟動網卡

```
$ sudo ifdown wlan0 && sudo ifup wlan0
```

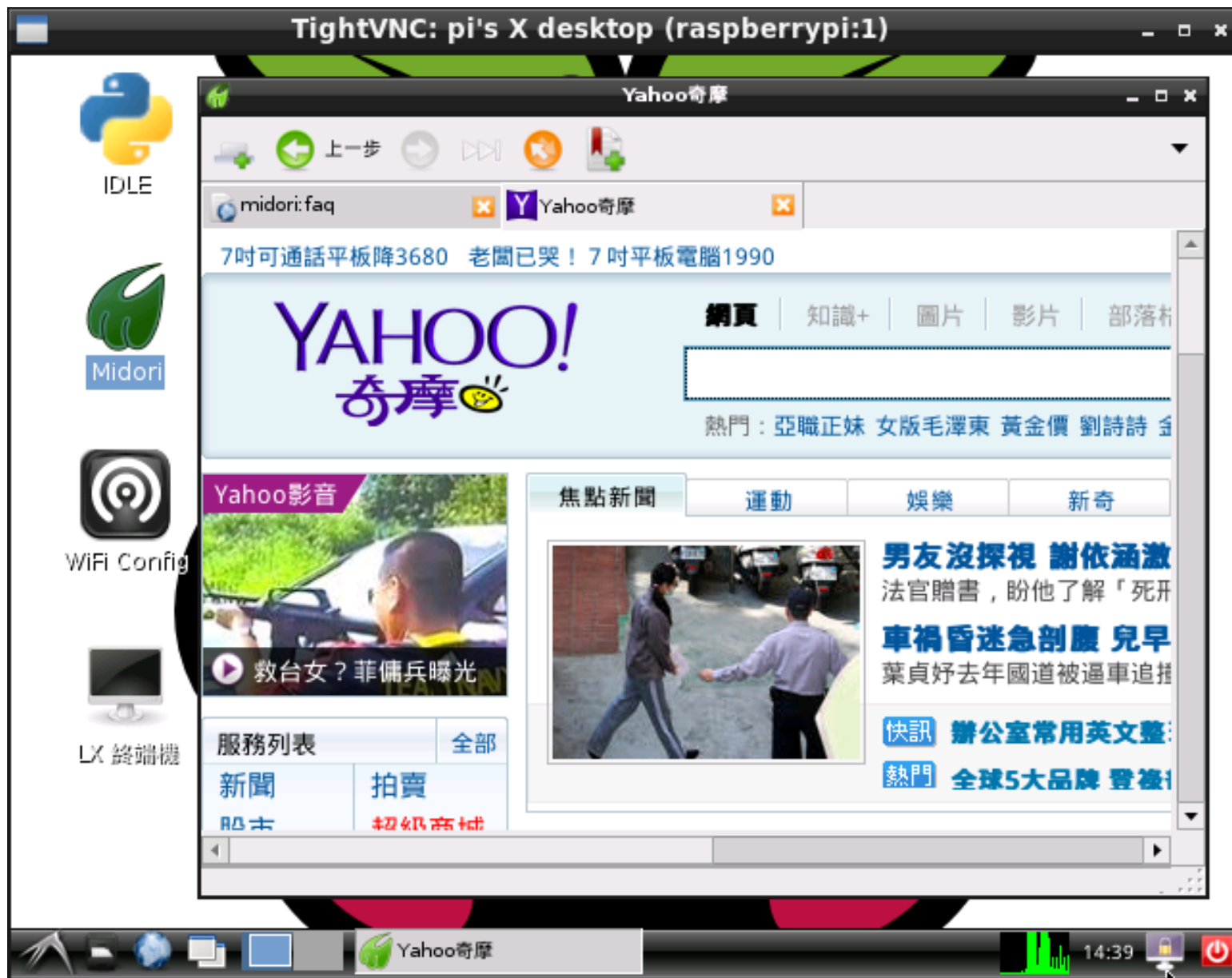

WPA 加密

```
$ sudo vi /etc/network/interfaces  
  
allow-hotplug wlan0  
auto wlan0  
  
iface wlan0 inet dhcp  
wpa-ssid <ssid>  
wpa-psk s:<password>
```

- 重新啟動網卡

```
• $ sudo ifdown wlan0 && sudo ifup wlan0
```

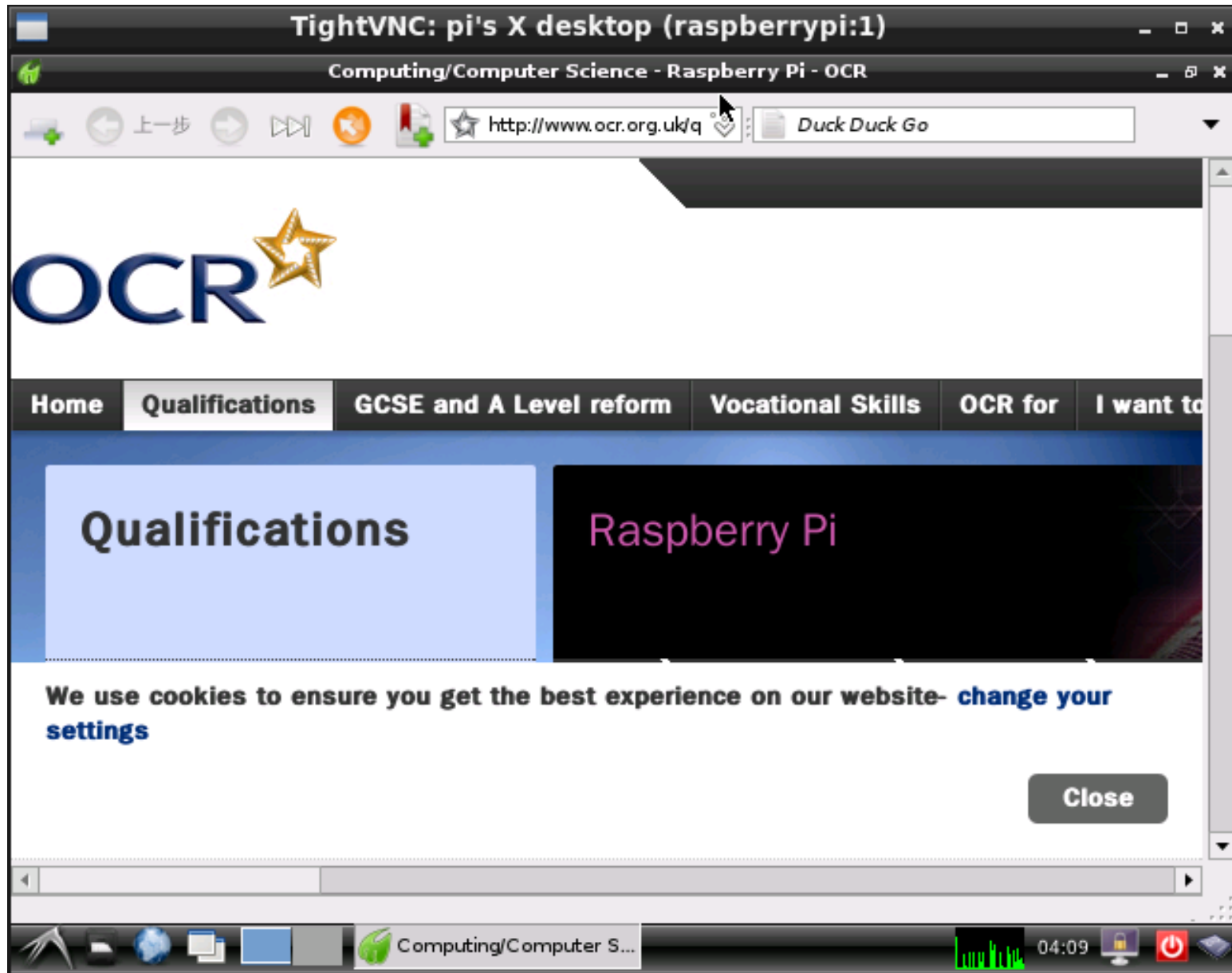
Midori 網路瀏覽器



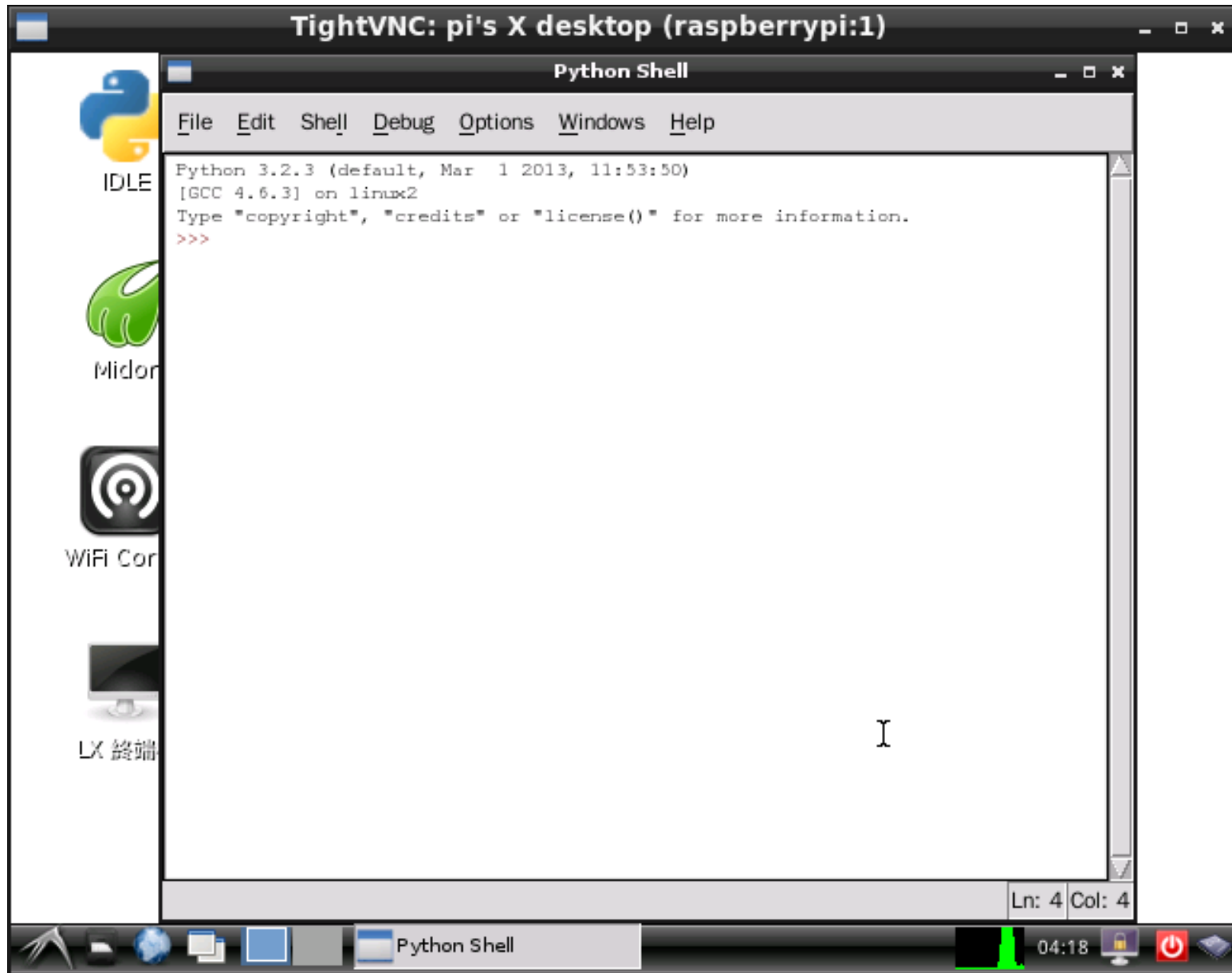
Shutdown



OCR Resources



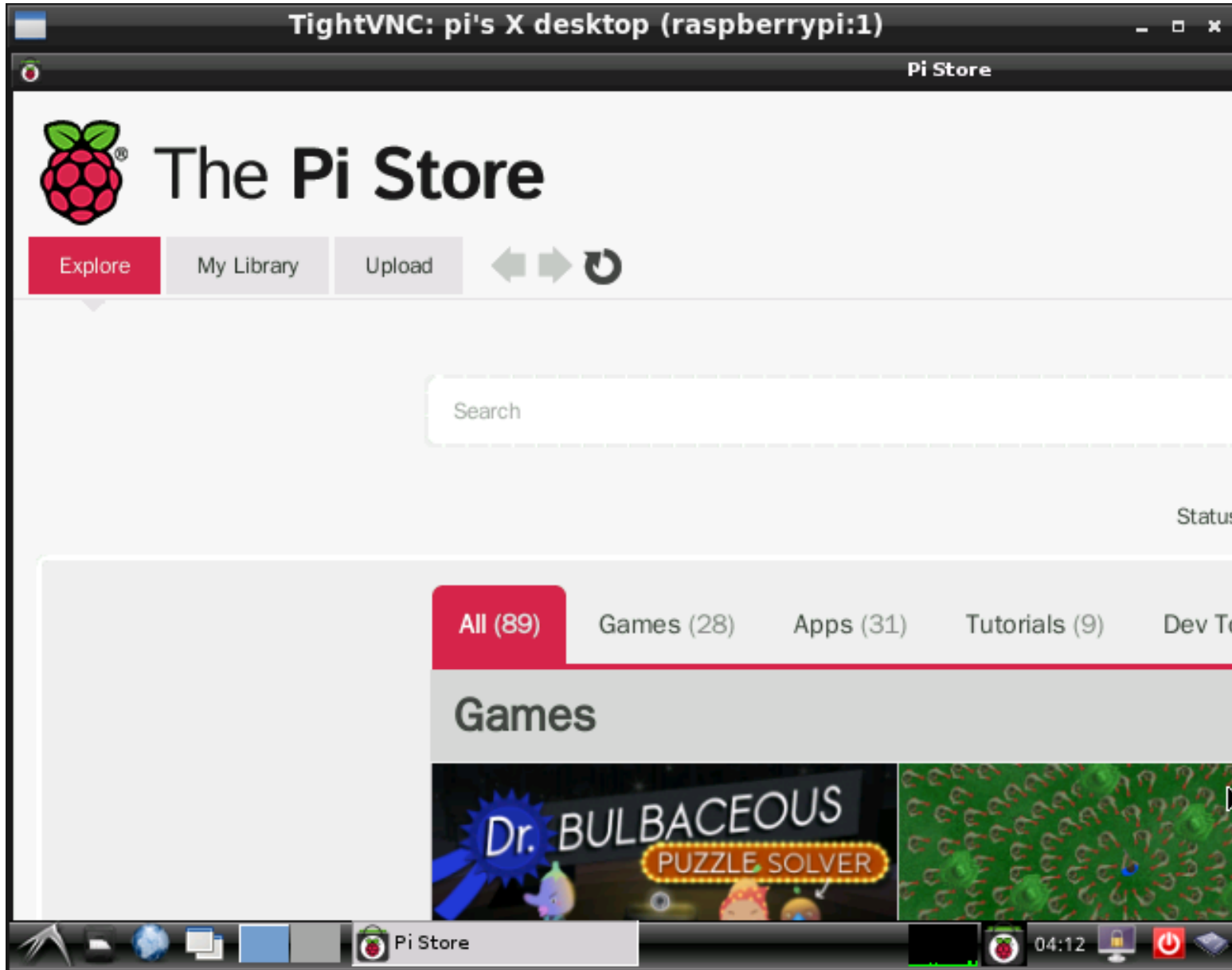
IDLE3



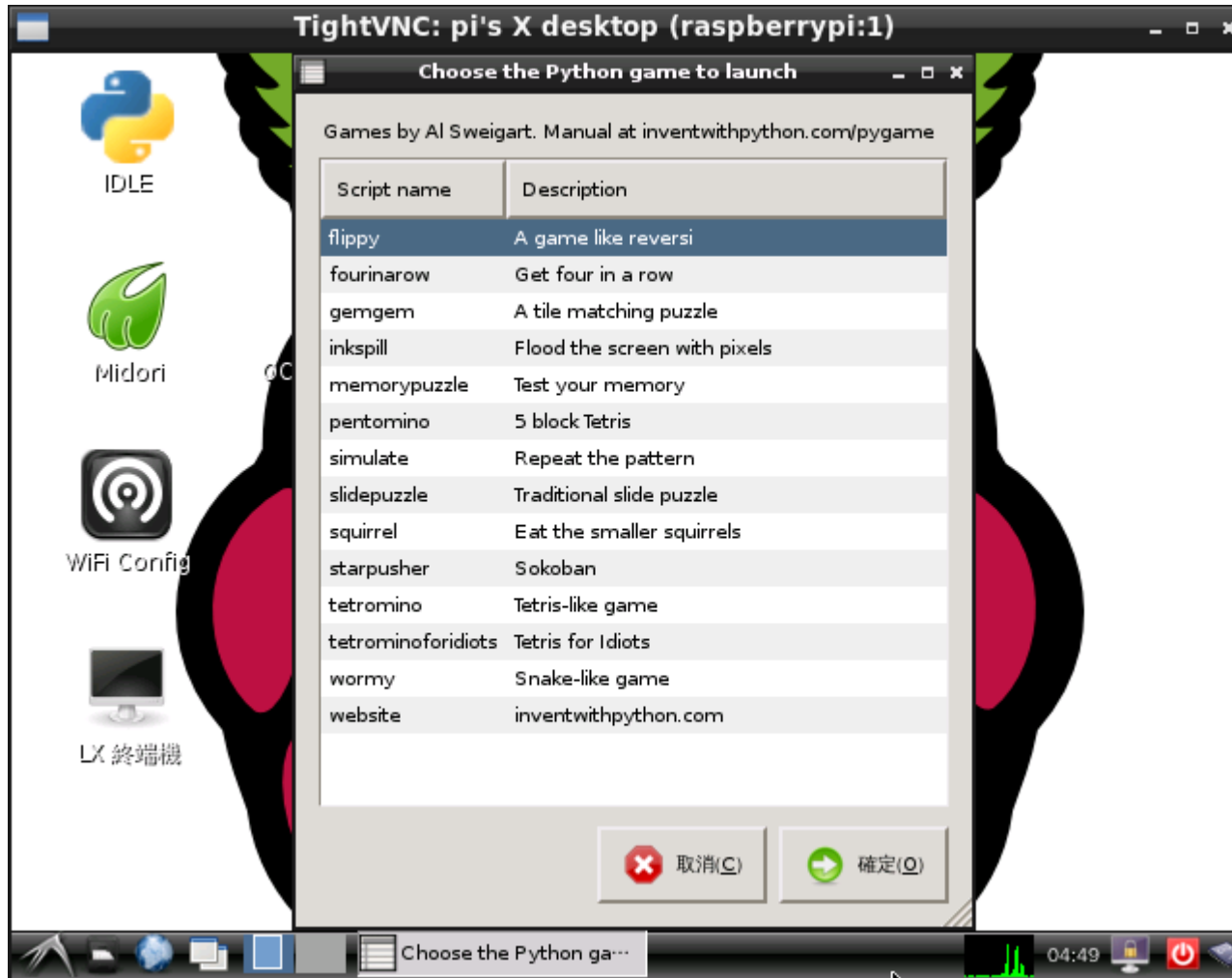
Scratch



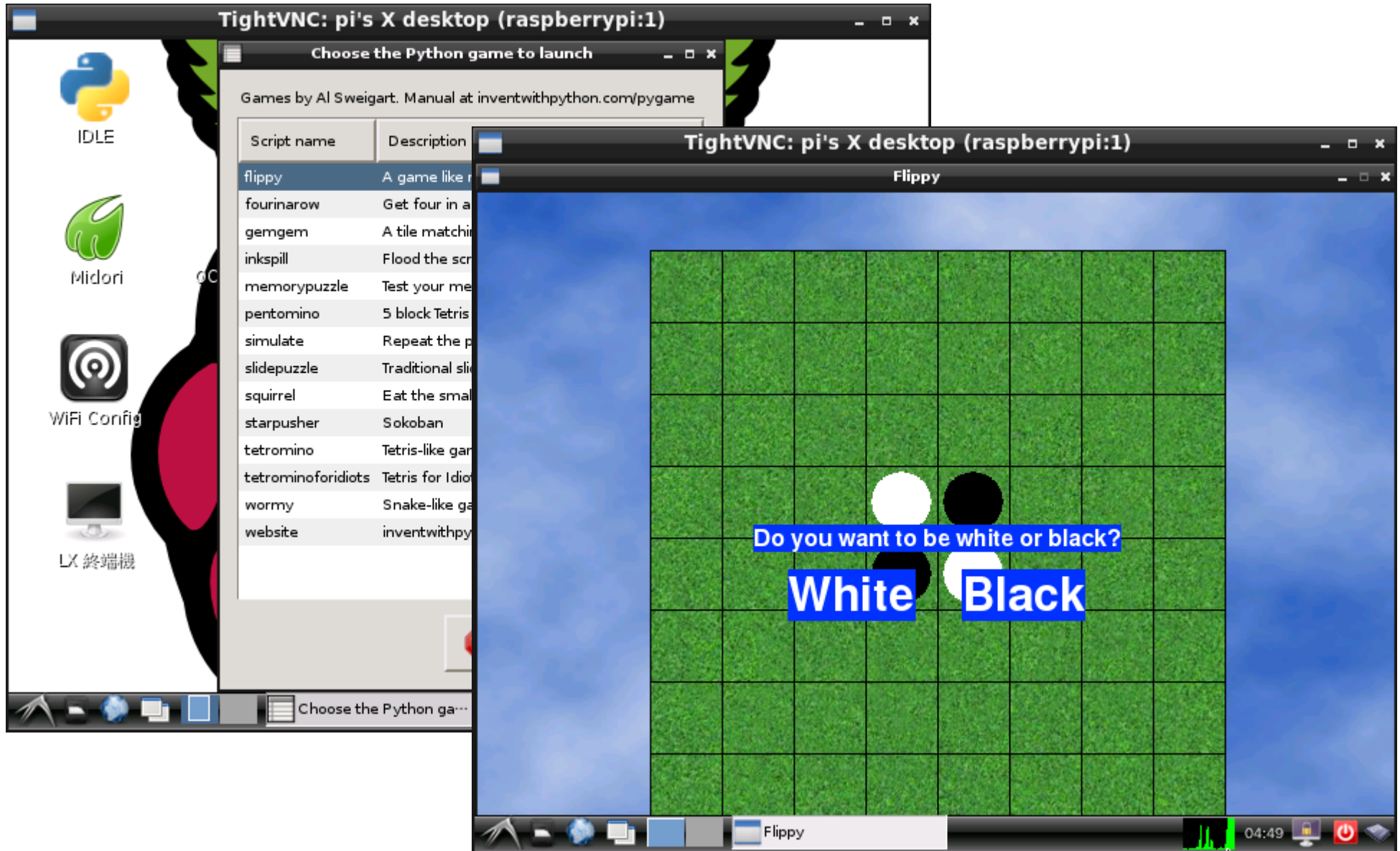
Pi Store



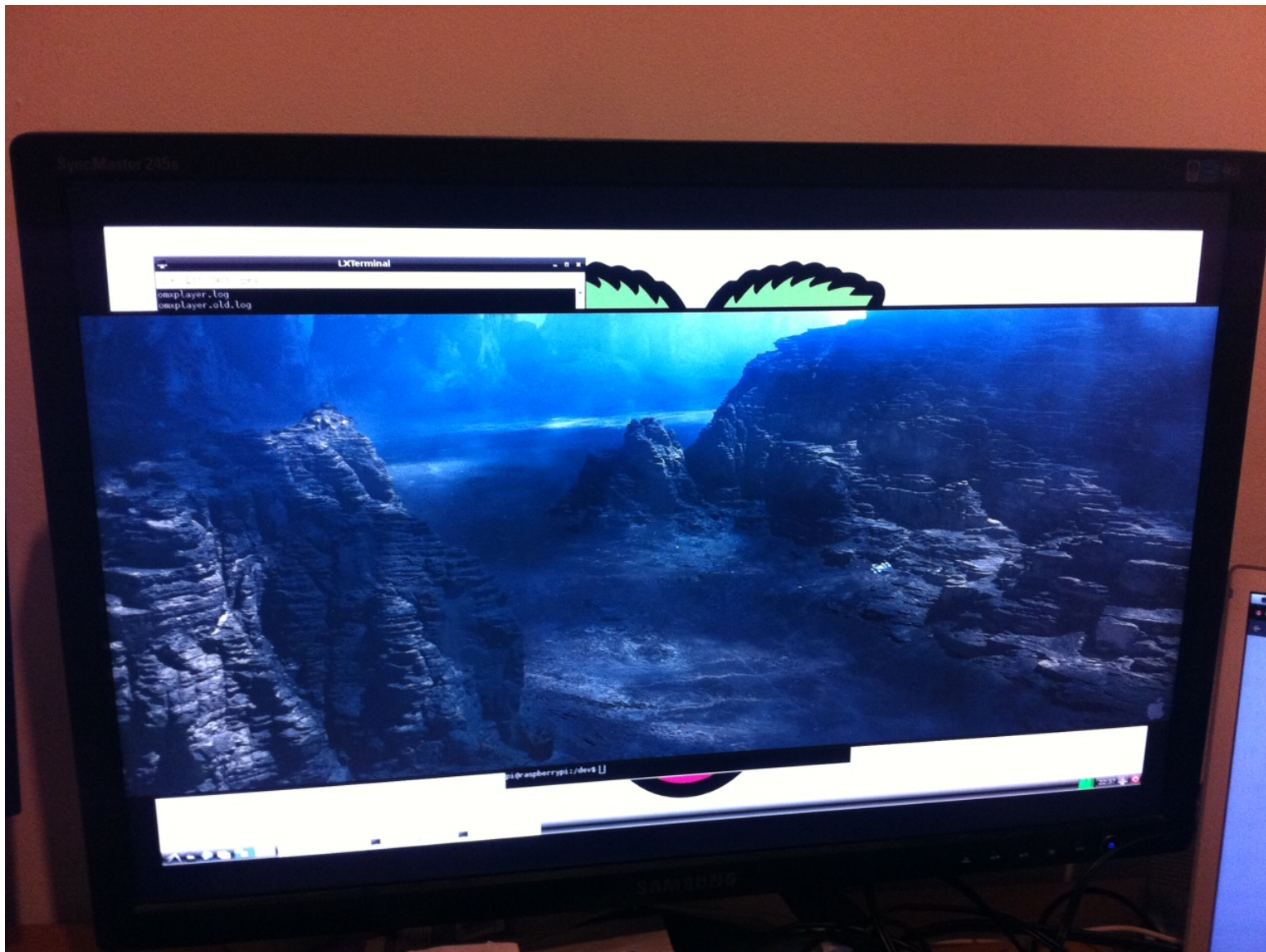
Python Games



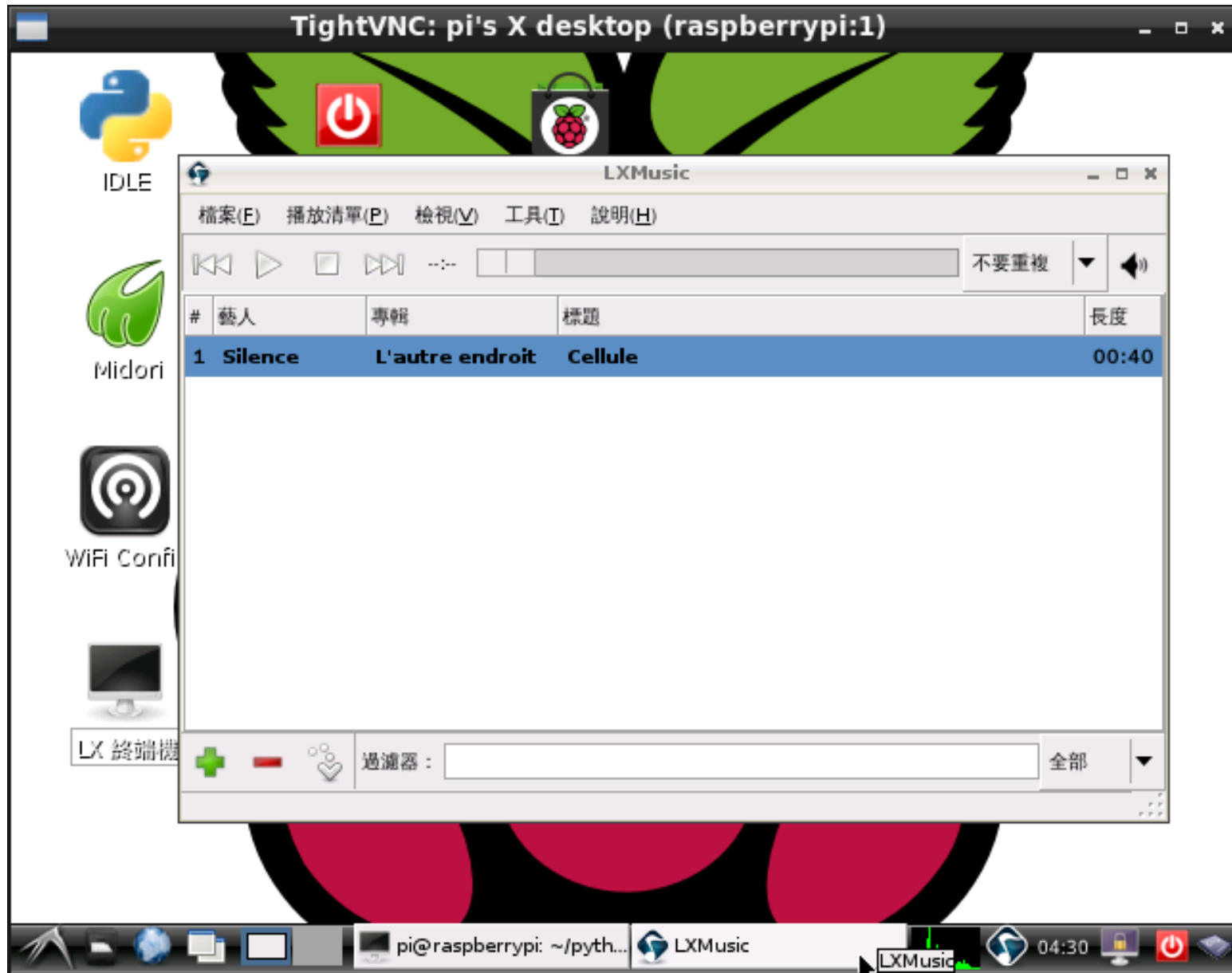
Python Games



看 1080p 影片 omxplayer



聽音樂 lxmusic



用 C 寫程式

```
$ vim hello.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    printf("Hello C\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
$ gcc hello.c -o hello
```

```
$ ./hello
```

```
Hello C
```

用 Java 寫程式

```
$ vim Hello.java
```

```
public class Hello
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("Hello Java");
    }
}
```

```
$ javac Hello.java
```

```
$ java Hello
```

```
Hello Java
```

套件管理指令快速介紹

- 安裝套件
 - `sudo apt-get install <pkg_name>`
- 搜尋套件
 - `sudo apt-cache search <keyword>`
- 移除套件
 - `sudo apt-get remove <pkg_name>`
- 移除套件並清除設定檔
 - `sudo apt-get remove --purge <pkg_name>`
- 更新套件庫與更新系統套件
 - `sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get upgrade`

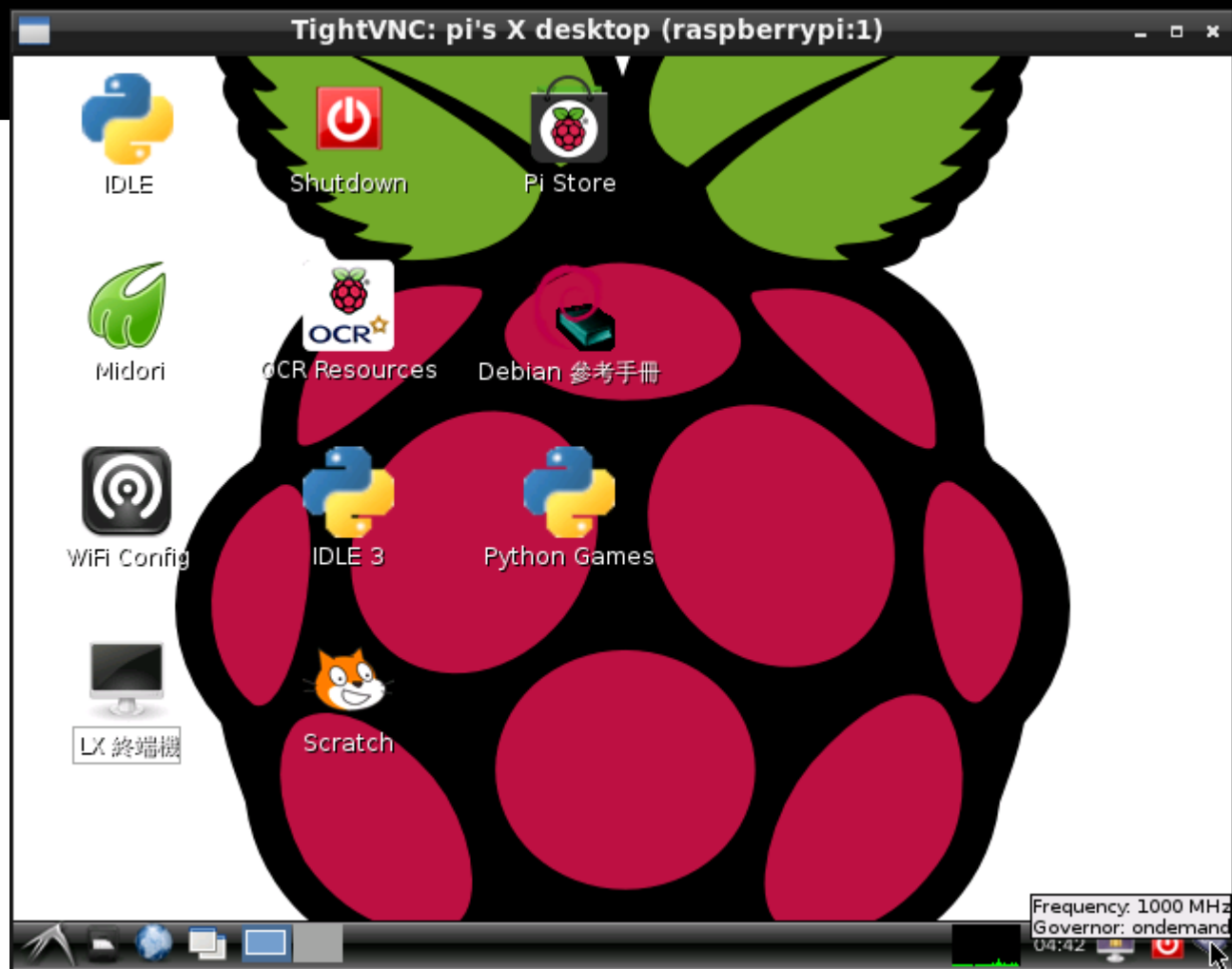
安裝常用套件

- 安裝中文字型 + 輸入法
 - `sudo apt-get install ttf-wqy-microhei ttf-wqy-zenhei xfonts-wqy`
 - `sudo apt-get install scim scim-tables-zh scim-chewing`
- 安裝 Python 開發套件
 - `sudo apt-get install python-dev`
- 安裝 Vim 編輯器
 - `sudo apt-get install vim`
- 安裝 chromium 瀏覽器
 - `sudo apt-get install chromium-browser`

小技巧 I - 持續超頻

```
$ sudo vim /boot/config.txt
```

```
force_turbo=1
```



小技巧 2 - 強制從 HDMI 輸出畫面

```
$ sudo vim /boot/config.txt
```

```
hdmi_force_hotplug=1
```

```
hdmi_drive=2
```

```
config_hdmi_boost=4
```

小技巧 3 - 永遠不進入螢幕保護程式

```
$ sudo vim -p ~/.xinitrc /etc/X11/xinit/xinitrc
```

```
xset s off
```

```
xset -dpms
```

```
xset s noblank
```

- ```
exec /etc/alternatives/x-session-manager
```

```
$ sudo vim /etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf
```

```
[SeatDefaults]
```

```
xserver-command=X -s 0 -dpms
```

# 小技巧 4 - 用 VNC 遠端存取

- 在 Raspberry Pi 上執行

```
pi@raspberrypi $ sudo apt-get install tightvncserver
```

```
pi@raspberrypi $ vncserver :1
```

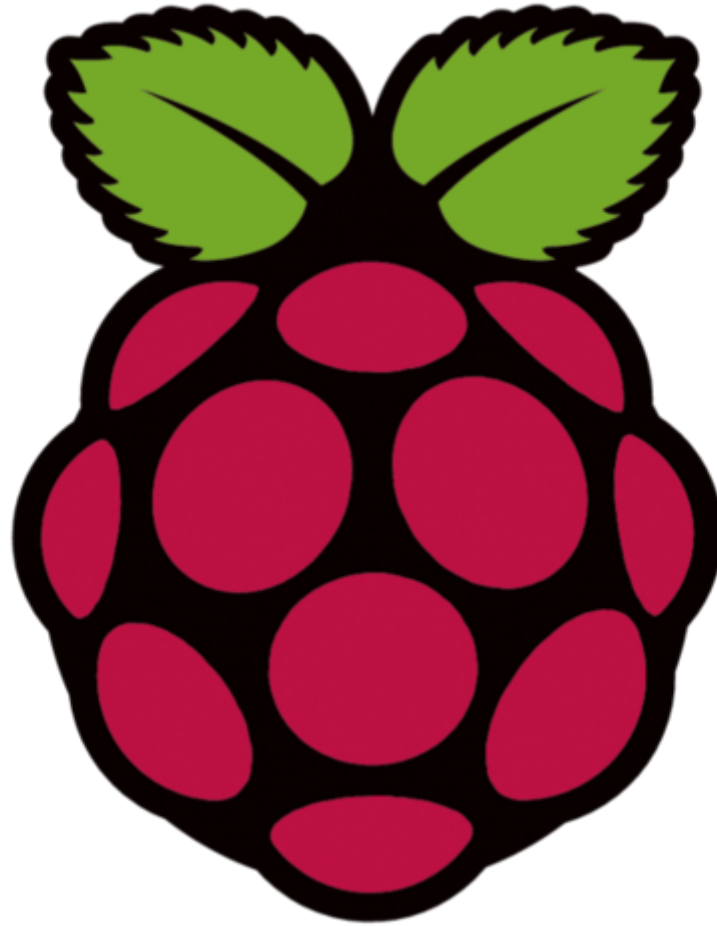


- 在 PC 上 (Linux 環境) 執行

```
user@linux $ sudo apt-get install gtkvncviewer
```

```
user@linux $ vncviewer 192.168.x.x:5901
```

# Raspberry Pi Rocks the World



Thanks