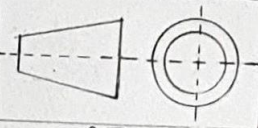


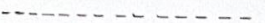


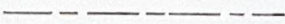
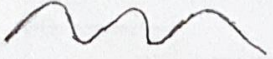

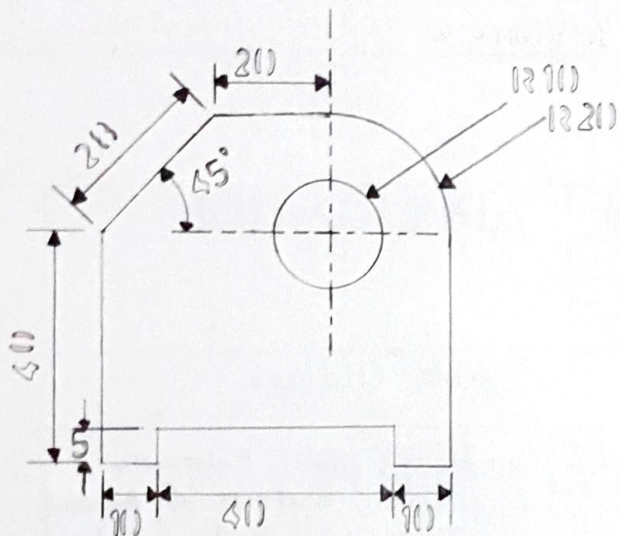


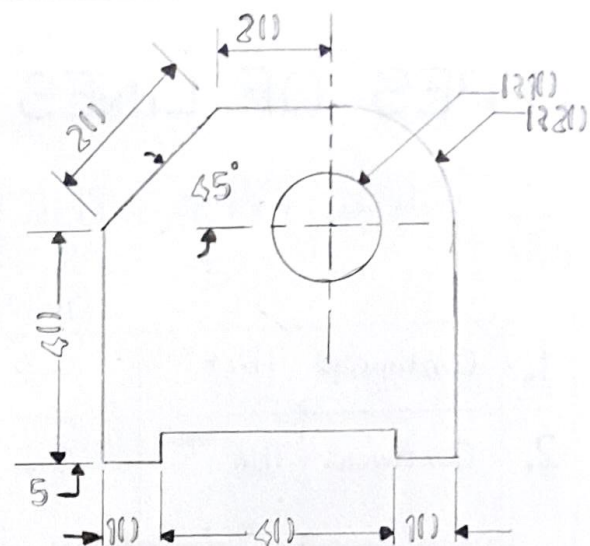
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				Starting		
Name:				Completed		
Class:	EN No:			Grade		
Batch:				Scale	1:1	
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• TYPES OF LINES

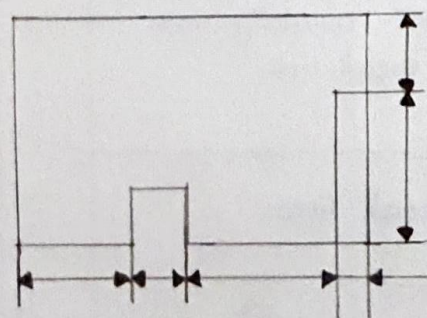
Sr. No.	LINE TYPE	THICKNESS (MM)	ILLUSTRATION	APPLICATION
1.	Continuous Thick	0.5		Visible Outlines.
2.	Continuous Thin	0.2		Dimension, Leader, Extension, Construction, Outlines of Adjacent Parts, Hatching, Revolved Section.
3.	Dashed Thin	0.2		Hidden Lines.
4.	Chain Thin	0.2		Centre lines, lines of Symmetry, Locus line, Pitch Circles.
5.	Chain Thin with Thick ends	0.2 thin, 0.5 for thick ends		Cutting Planes
6.	Chain Thick	0.2		Indication of Surface to which a special requirement applies.
7.	Continuous Thin Free hand	0.2		Irregular boundary lines. Short break line.
8.	Continuous Thin with zig zags.	0.2		Long break lines



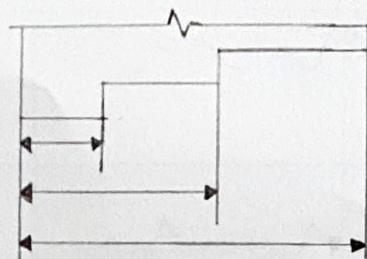
ALIGNED SYSTEM



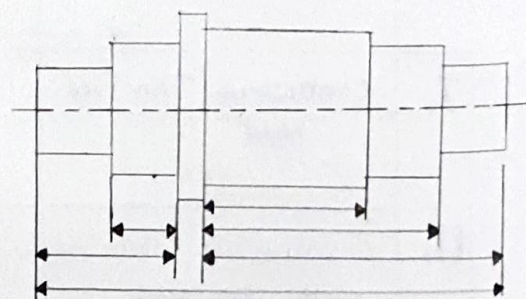
UNIDIRECTIONAL SYSTEM



CHAIN DIMENSIONING



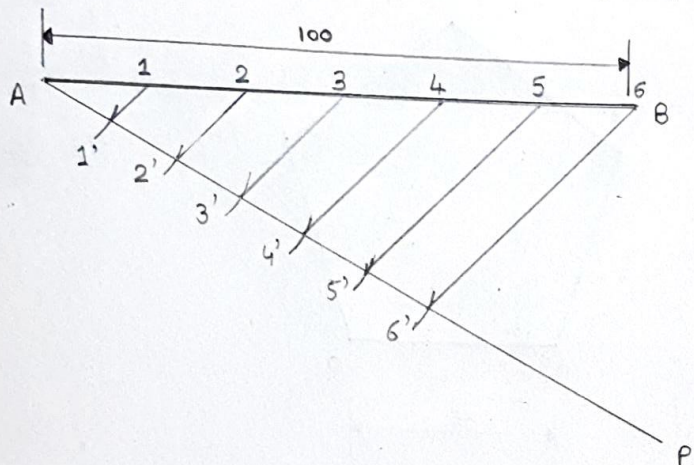
PARALLEL DIMENSIONING



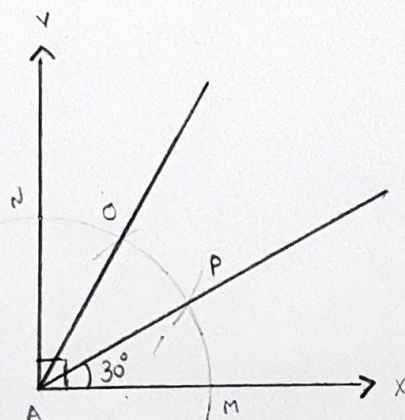
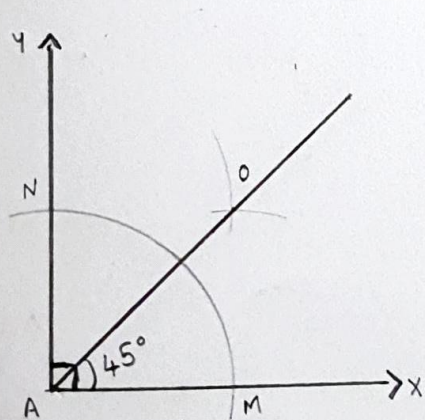
COMBINED DIMENSIONING

• GEOMETRICAL CONSTRUCTION:-

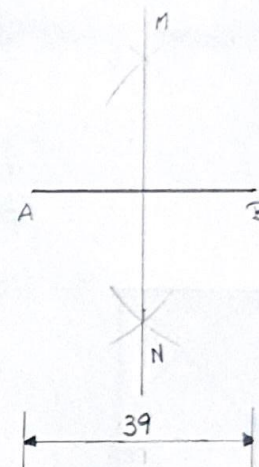
1. Divide a 100 mm long line into 6 equal parts.



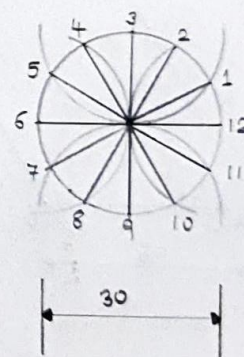
2. Bisect and Trisect a Right angle.



3. Bisect a line of 39 mm length.



4. Divide the circle of diameter 30 mm, into 12 equal parts with compass.



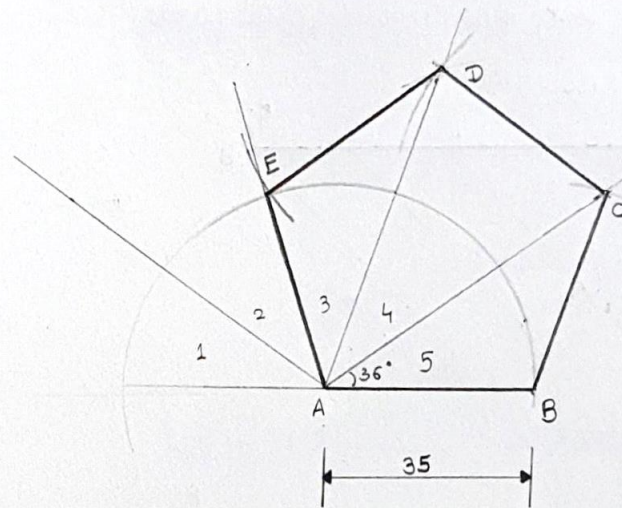
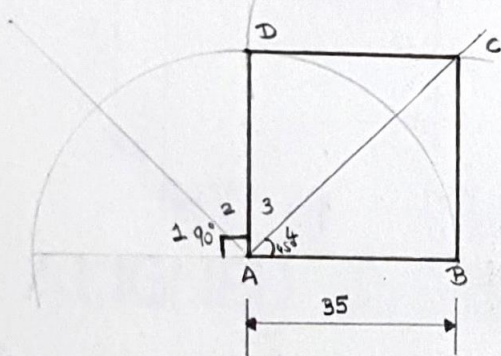
5. Construct a regular polygon, given the length of its side $AB = 35\text{mm}$.
Construct Square, Pentagon & Hexagon.

Square:-

$$n = 4$$

$$\theta = \frac{360}{4} = 90^\circ$$

$$\theta_s = \frac{90}{2} = \underline{\underline{45^\circ}}$$

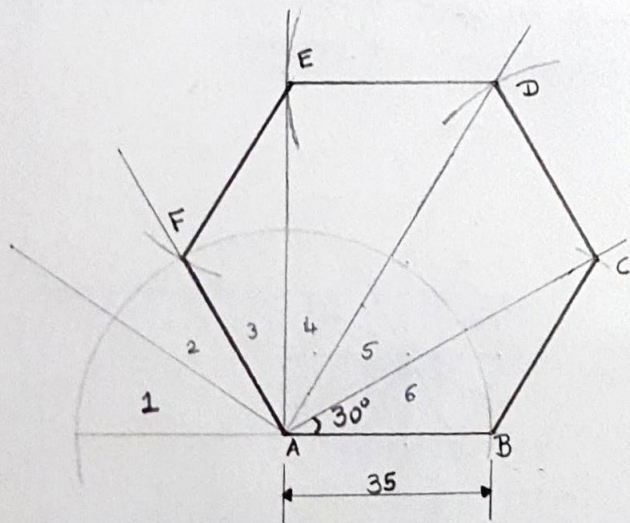


Pentagon:-

$$n = 5$$

$$\theta = \frac{360}{5} = 72^\circ$$

$$\theta_p = \frac{72}{2} = \underline{\underline{36^\circ}}$$

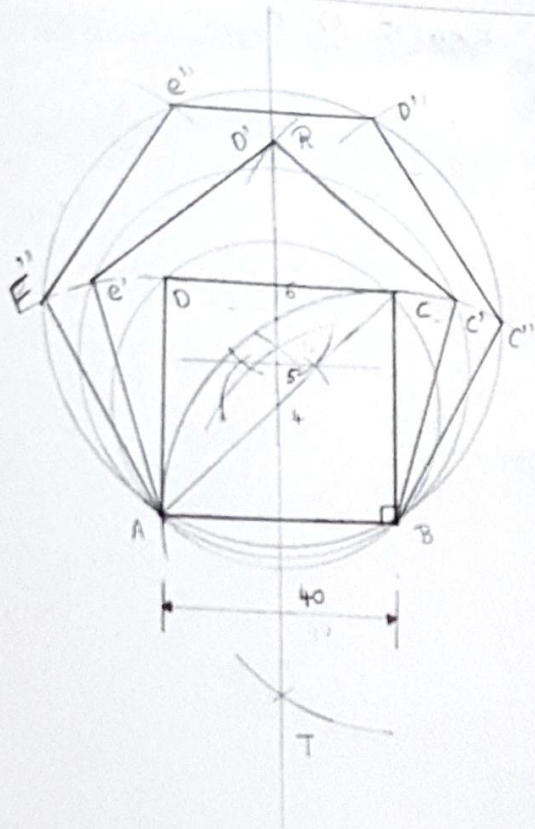


Hexagon:-

$$n = 6$$

$$\theta = \frac{360}{6} = 60^\circ$$

$$\theta_h = \frac{60}{2} = \underline{\underline{30^\circ}}$$



6. Construct a Square, a regular Pentagon & a regular Hexagon in same figure taking $AB = 40\text{mm}$ as a common side.

Centre	Radius
4	4A
5	5A
6	6A