



# Amazon Kinesis Video Streams with WebRTC on AmebaPro – Getting Started Guide

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Though every effort has been made to ensure that this document is current and accurate, more information may have become available subsequent to the production of this guide.

# 1 AmebaPro RTL8715AD Board

## 1.1 AmebaPro Demo EVB

Ameba Demo board home page: <https://www.amebaiot.com/zh/amebapro/>



### CPU

32-bit Arm v8M, up to 300MHz  
32-bit Arm®Cortex®-M0, up to 4MHz



### MEMORY

512KB RAM + 32MB LPDDR



### KEY FEATURES

Integrated 802.11ac/n Wi-Fi SoC  
Trustzone-M Security  
Hardware SSL Engine  
Root Trust Secure Boot  
USB Host/Device  
SD Host  
LCDC  
Codec  
ISP  
H.264



### OTHER FEATURES

4 SPI interface  
5 UART interface  
2 I2S interface  
4 I2C interface  
11 ADC interface  
16 PWM  
2 PCM  
Max 90 GPIO

## 1.2 PCB Layout Overview

The PCB layout of AmebaPro is shown in Fig 1-1.

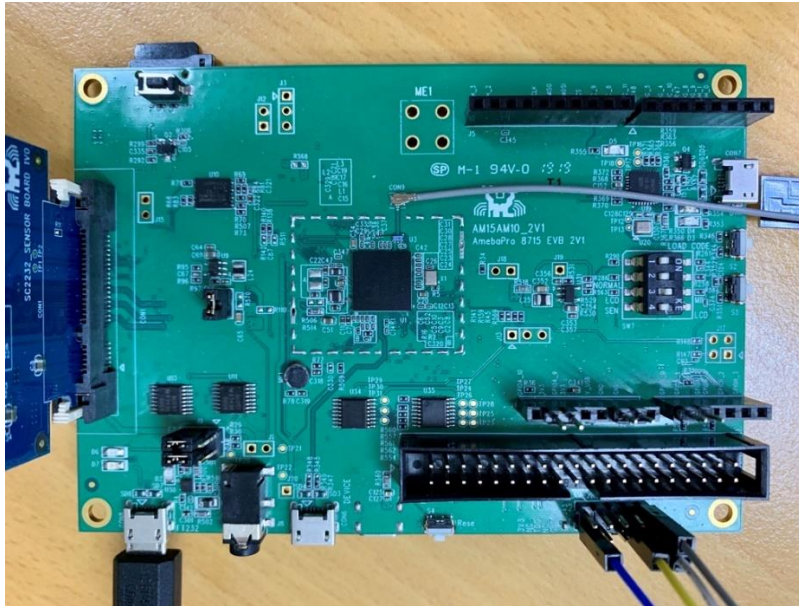


Fig 1-1 Demo board – PCB layout (2D)

## 1.3 LOGUART

The LOGUART is shown in Fig 1-2.

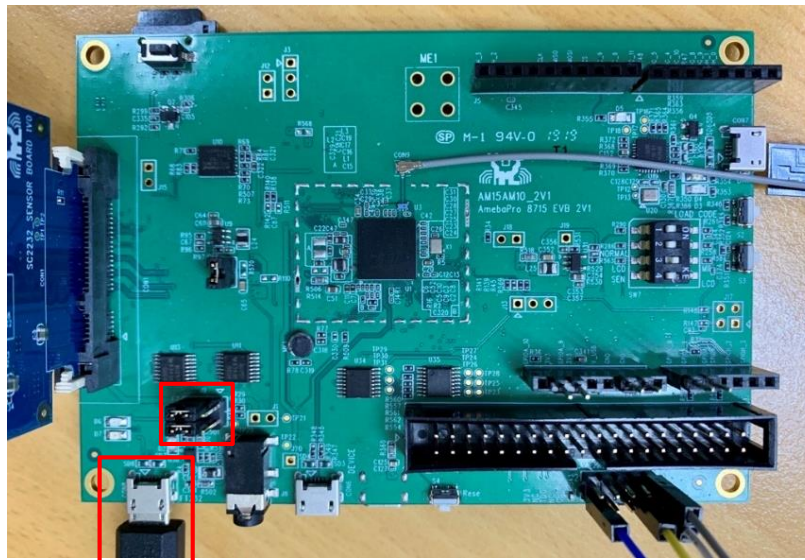


Fig 1-2 Demo board – LOGUART



## 1.4 JTAG/SWD

The SWD interface is shown in Fig 1-3.

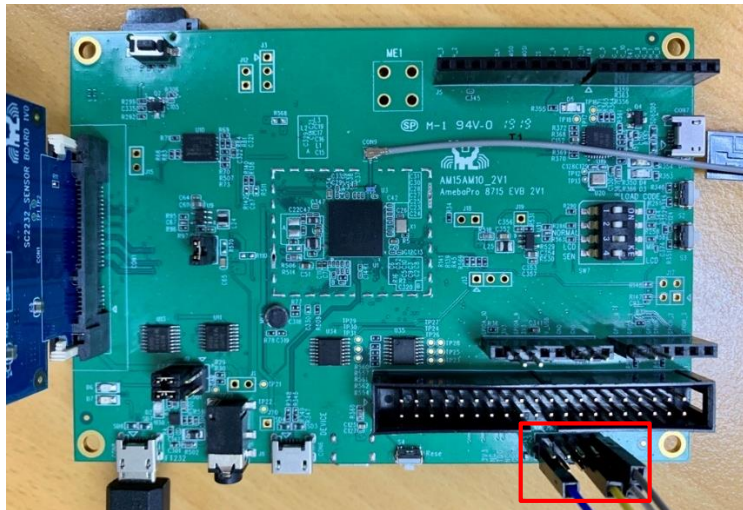


Fig 1-3 Demo board – JTAG/SWD

**Note:** If using 2V0 、2V1 version AmebaPro. Please check SW7 pin 3 switch to ON before connection.

## 1.5 Image Sensor

There is an image sensor socket as shown in Fig 1-4.

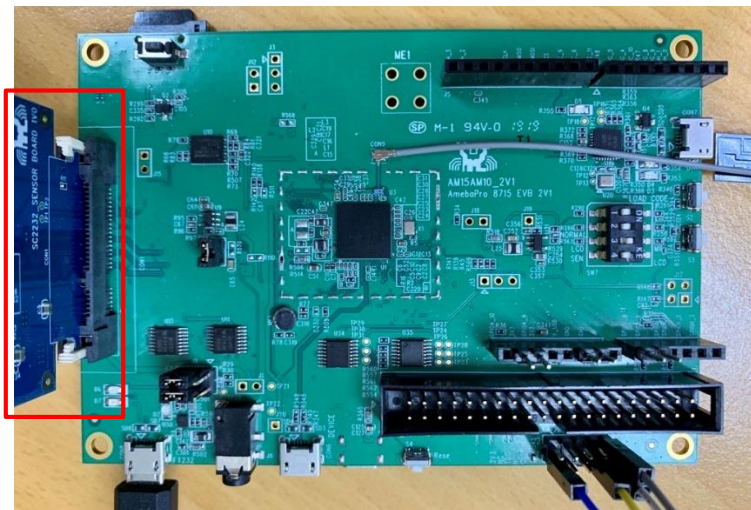


Fig 1-4 Demo board – image sensor

## 1.6 Requirement for Project Building

Supported IDE/toolchain: IAR, GCC

### **IAR Embedded Workbench - IAR Systems:**

Please use IAR version 8.3 (There may be some compiler problems with v8.4)

### **GCC toolchain:**

Linux: asdk-6.4.1-linux-newlib-build-3026-x86\_64

Cygwin: asdk-6.4.1-cygwin-newlib-build-2778-i686

## 2 Set Up an AWS Account and Create an Administrator

Before you use Kinesis Video Streams with WebRTC for the first time, refer AWS official guide to complete the following tasks:

(<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/kinesisvideostreams-webrtc-dg/latest/devguide/gs-account.html>)

- Sign Up for AWS (unless you already have an account)
- Create an Administrator IAM User
- Create an AWS Account Key

### 2.1 Sign Up for AWS

If you already have an AWS account, you can skip this step.

When you sign up for Amazon Web Services (AWS), your AWS account is automatically signed up for all services in AWS, including Kinesis Video Streams with WebRTC.

#### To create an AWS account

1. Open <https://portal.aws.amazon.com/billing/signup>.
2. Follow the online instructions.  
Part of the sign-up procedure involves receiving a phone call and entering a verification code on the phone keypad.

Write down your AWS account ID because you need it for the next task.

### 2.2 Create an Administrator IAM User

When you sign up for AWS, you provide an email address and password that is associated with your AWS account. This is your AWS account root user. Its credentials provide complete access to all of your AWS resources.

#### Note:

*For security reasons, we recommend that you use the root user only to create an administrator, which is an IAM user with full permissions to your AWS account. You can then use this administrator to create other IAM users and roles with limited permissions. For more information, see IAM Best Practices and Creating an Admin User and Group in the IAM User Guide.*

#### To create an administrator and sign into the console

1. Create an administrator in your AWS account. For instructions, see Creating Your First IAM User and Administrators Group in the IAM User Guide.
2. As an administrator, you can sign in to the console using a special URL. For more information, see How Users Sign in to Your Account in the IAM User Guide.

The administrator can create more users in the account. IAM users by default don't have any permissions. The administrator can create users and manage their permissions. For more information, see Creating Your First IAM User and Administrators Group.

### 2.3 Create an AWS Account Key

You need an AWS Account Key to access Kinesis Video Streams with WebRTC programmatically.

#### To create an AWS Account Key, do the following:

1. Sign in to the AWS Management Console and open the IAM console at <https://console.aws.amazon.com/iam/>.
2. Choose Users in the navigation bar, and choose the Administrator user.
3. Choose the Security credentials tab, and choose Create access key.
4. Record the Access key ID. Choose Show under Secret access key, and then record the Secret access key.



## 3 Configure AmebaPro for Amazon KVS

### 3.1 Download Source Code from Github

Open source link: [https://github.com/HungTseLee/KVS\\_WebRTC\\_on\\_AmebaPro](https://github.com/HungTseLee/KVS_WebRTC_on_AmebaPro) and select main branch for get newest source code. The stable version could be found by choosing specific tag.

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `HungTseLee / KVS_WebRTC_on_AmebaPro`. The repository has 1 branch and 0 tags. The `main` branch is selected and highlighted with a red box in the 'Switch branches/tags' dropdown menu. The commit history shows several updates to `README.md` and `SDK 5.2h without gcc toolchain`.

Commit Message	Time Ago
update J-link usage in README.md	4 hours ago
add SDK 5.2h without gcc toolchain	5 months ago
update README.md	5 hours ago
update J-link usage in README.md	4 hours ago
update J-link usage in README.md	4 hours ago
add Cygwin toolchain and update the makefile	3 months ago
sync code with amazon (William)	2 months ago
add sctp lib, ready to porting libusrctp for data channel	4 months ago
update J-link usage in README.md	4 hours ago
add SDK 5.2h without gcc toolchain	5 months ago
add SDK 5.2h without gcc toolchain	5 months ago

#### 3.1.1 Cloning the Repository by Git Command

On GitHub, navigate to the main page of the repository, and check its web URL.

Open a terminal on PC and run the command to download the whole project, including the libraries in submodule.

```
$ git clone --recurse-submodules https://github.com/HungTseLee/KVS_WebRTC_on_AmebaPro.git
```

If you already have a checkout, run the following command to sync submodules recursively:

```
$ git submodule update --init --recursive
```

If there is GCC makefile error like: "No rule to make target ...", it may mean that some codes have not been downloaded correctly. Please run the above command again to download the missing codes.

## 3.2 Choose Image sensor

Please check **image sensor module name** is correct in "sensor.h" located in \project\realtek\_amebapro\_v0\_example\inc. For example, if I use the sensor model IMX307, the SENSOR\_USE should be defined as SENSOR\_IMX307.

```
#define ISP_FW_FLASH    0x00
#define ISP_FW_DRAW     0x01

#define ISP_FW_INTERNAL  0x00
#define ISP_FW_USERSPACE 0x01

#define ISP_AUTO_SEL_DISABLE 0x00
#define ISP_AUTO_SEL_ENABLE  0x01

#define SENSOR_USE      SENSOR_IMX307
#define SENSOR_AUTO_SEL    ISP_AUTO_SEL_ENABLE //Enalbe Auto select
```

### 3.3 Set Access Key ID and Secret Access Key on AmebaPro

After getting **Access key ID** and **Secret access key** in chapter 2.3, enter the key pair and channel name in file: **example\_kvs\_webrtc.h**

```

1  #ifndef _EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC_H_
2  #define _EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC_H_
3
4  void example_kvs_webrtc(void);
5
6  /* Enter your AWS KVS key here */
7  #define KVS_WEBRTC_ACCESS_KEY "XXXXXXXXX"
8  #define KVS_WEBRTC_SECRET_KEY "XXXXXXXXX"
9
10 /* Setting your signaling channel name */
11 #define KVS_WEBRTC_CHANNEL_NAME "XXXXXXXXX"

```

### 3.4 Put AWS Certificate in SD Card

If using WebRTC example, please prepare a SD card for AWS certificate

There is a **cert.pem** file in **lib\_amazon\amazon-kinesis-video-streams-webrtc-sdk-c\certs**

Please copy it to your SD card, then insert it into AmabaPro.

### 3.5 Enable KVS WebRTC Demo

All examples provided by RTK exist in folder: **SDK\_path/common/example**. Open **platform\_opts.h** to specify the example to run.

For example, if users are going to use KVS WebRTC, compile flag **CONFIG\_EXAMPLE\_KVS\_WEBRTC** should be set to 1, which means

```
#define CONFIG_EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC 1
```

```

630 /* For KVS WebRTC example*/
631 #define CONFIG_EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC 1
632 #if CONFIG_EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC
633 #define CONFIG_FATFS_EN 1
634 #if CONFIG_FATFS_EN
635 // fatfs disk interface
636 #define FATFS_DISK_SD 1
637 #endif
638 #endif

```

Now you can start to compile AmebaPro Amazon KVS

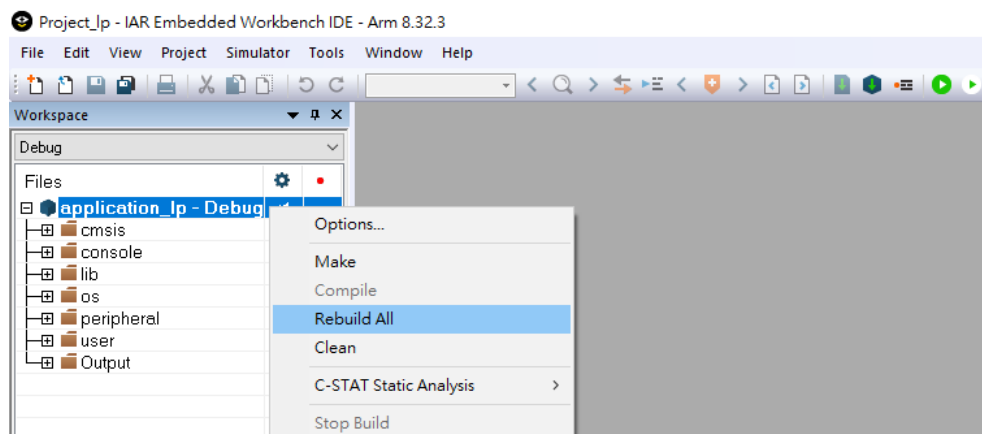
## 4 Compile AmebaPro Amazon KVS Project

### 4.1 IAR Embedded Workbench Build Environment Setup

AmebaPro use the newest Big-Little architecture. Since the big CPU will depend on the setting of small CPU, **it is necessary to compile the small CPU before the big CPU.**

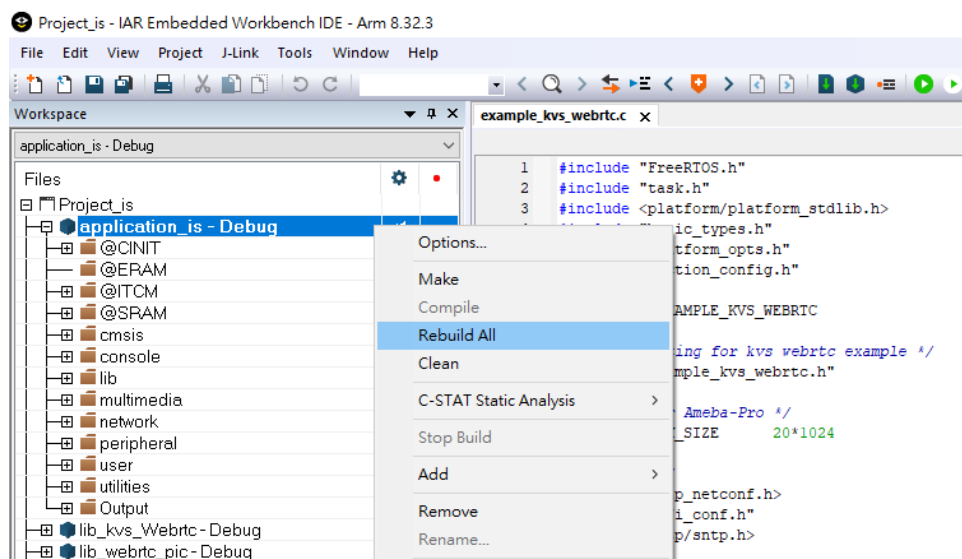
#### 4.1.1 Compile Little CPU

- step 1. Open SDK/project/realtek\_amebapro\_v0\_example/EWARMRELEASE/Project\_lp.eww.
- step 2. Confirm application\_lp in WorkSpace, right click application\_lp and choose "Rebuild All" to compile.
- step 3. Make sure there is no error after compile.



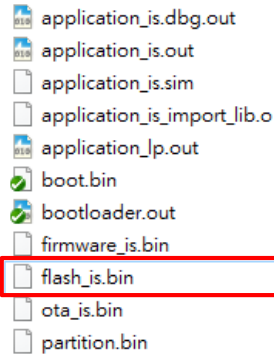
#### 4.1.2 Compile Big CPU

- step 1. Open SDK/project/realtek\_amebapro\_v0\_example/EWARMRELEASE/Project\_is.eww.
- step 2. Confirm application\_is in WorkSpace, right click application\_is and choose "Rebuild All" to compile.
- step 3. Make sure there is no error after compile.



### 4.1.3 Generating Image (Bin)

After compile, the images partition.bin, boot.bin, firmware\_is.bin and flash\_is.bin can be seen in the **EWARM-RELEASE\Debug\Exe**. flash\_is.bin links partition.bin, boot.bin and firmware\_is.bin. Users need to choose **flash\_is.bin** when downloading the image to board by Image Tool.



## 4.2 Compile Program with GCC Toolchain

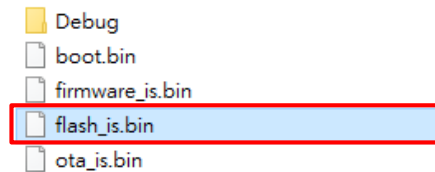
If using Linux environment or Cygwin on windows, follow the instructions below to build the project

```
$ cd project/realtek_amebapro_v0_example/GCC-RELEASE
```

Build the library and the example by running make in the directory

```
$ make -f Makefile_amazon_kvs all
```

If somehow it built failed, you can try to type **\$ make -f Makefile\_amazon\_kvs clean** and then redo the make procedure. After successfully build, there should be a directory named "application\_is" created under GCC-RELEASE/ directory. The image file **flash\_is.bin** is located in "application\_is" directory.



If the application code is modified and need to build again, you just need to build the application project:

```
$ make -f application.is.amazon_kvs.mk all -j4
```

#### Note:

If there is compile error with shell script in "component/soc/realtek/8195b/misc/gcc\_utility/", you may need to run following command

```
$ dos2unix component/soc/realtek/8195b/misc/gcc_utility/*
```

## 5 Using Image Tool to Download Image

The tool **ImageTool.exe** can be find in **project\tools\AmebaPro\Image\_Tool\ImageTool.exe**

### 5.1 Introduction

As show in the following figure, Image Tool has two tab pages:

- Download: used as image download server to transmit images to AmebaPro through UART
- Generate: concat separate images and generate a final image

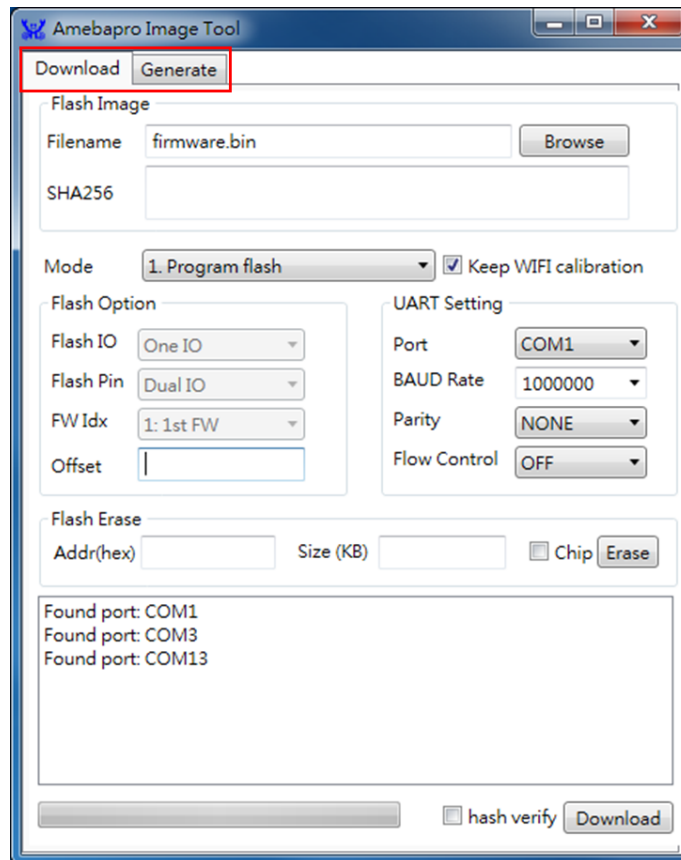


Fig 5-1 ImageTool UI

## 5.2 Environment Setup

### 5.2.1 Hardware Setup

The hardware setup is shown in Fig 5-2.

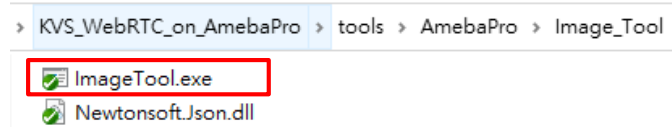




Fig 5-2 Hardware setup

## 5.2.2 Software Setup

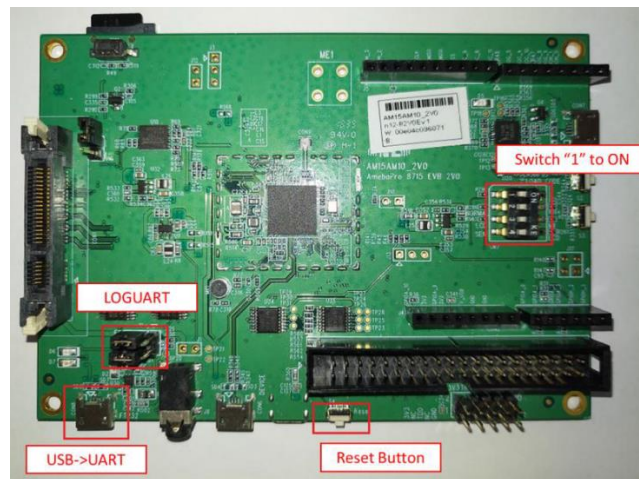
Execute **ImageTool.exe** from location **project\tools\AmebaPro\Image\_Tool\ImageTool.exe**



## 5.3 Download

### 5.3.1 Enter the Download Mode to Ready

Image tool use UART to transmit image to AmebaPro board. Before performing image download function, AmebaPro need to enter UART\_DOWNLOAD mode first. Please follow below steps to get AmebaPro into UART\_DOWNLOAD mode:



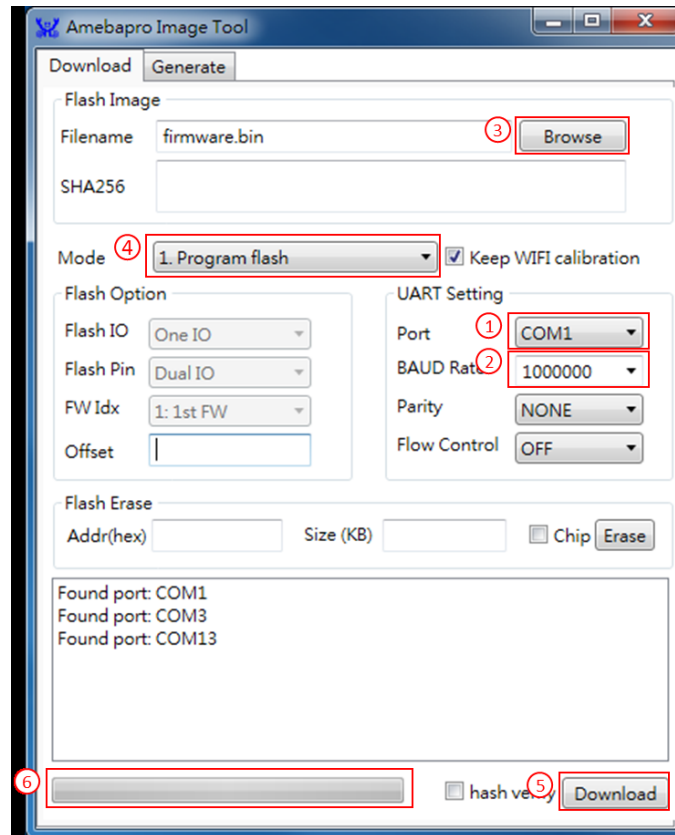
- step 1. Connect LOGUART with FT pin by jumper cap.
- step 2. Connect USB->UART to PC by using micro-USB wire.
- step 3. Switch "1" to ON from SW7(2V0 、 2V1) or Switch "2" to ON from SW7(1V0)
- step 4. Push reset button.

## 5.3.2 Download the Image to Flash

To download image through Image Tool, device need to enter UART\_DOWNLOAD mode first.

Steps to download flash are as following:

- step 1. Application will scan available UART ports. Please choose correct UART port. Please close other UART connection for the target UART port.
- step 2. Choose desired baud rate between computer and AmebaPro.
- step 3. Choose target flash binary image file "flash\_xx.bin"
- step 4. Check Mode is "1. Program flash"
- step 5. Click "Download"
- step 6. Progress will be shown on progress bar and result will be shown after download finish.
- step 7. Switch "1" to OFF from SW7(2V0、2V1) or Switch "2" to OFF from SW7(1V0)
- step 8. Push reset button to start the program.



## 6 Using J-Link to Download Image and Debug (GCC)

If under linux environment, using J-link to download image to EVB will be recommended.

AmebaPro supports J-Link for code download and enter debugger mode with GCC. The settings for J-Link debuggers are described below. Here, we will use **segger j-link** to demonstrate how to download image via SWD interface.

### 6.1 J-Link with SWD Interface

Note that if you are using Virtual Machine as your platform, please make sure the USB connection setting between VM host and client is correct so that the VM client can detect the device.

The external SWD interface requires two pins: bidirectional SWDIO signal and a clock, SWCLK, which can be input or output from the device.

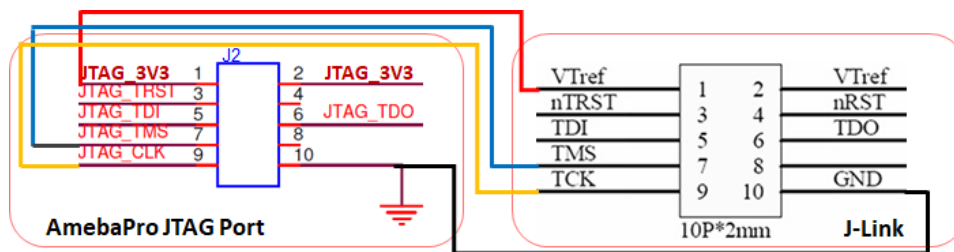
#### Note:

If using 2V0 、2V1 version AmebaPro. Please check SW7 pin 3 switch to ON before connection.

if using SWD, please check four pin (VTref[VDD] 、TMS[SWDIO] 、TCLK[SWCLK] and TDO[SWO]) connected to EVB correctly.

#### Reminder:

The JTAG pin names are incorrect on AmebaPro 2V0 、2V1. Please follow the diagram in the following figure to connect AmebaPro to JTAG/SWD debugger.



### 6.2 Linux J-Link GDB Server

For J-Link GDB server, please check <http://www.segger.com> and download “J-Link Software and Documentation Pack” (<https://www.segger.com/downloads/jlink>). We suggest using Debian package manager to install the Debian version:

```
$ dpkg -i JLink_Linux_V698e_x86_64.deb
```

After the installation of the software pack, there should be a tool named “JLinkGDBServer” under JLink directory. Take Ubuntu 16.04 as example, the JLinkGDBServer can be found at **/opt/SEGGER/JLink/** directory. Please open a new terminal and type following command to start GDB server. Note that this terminal should NOT be closed if you want to download software or enter GDB debugger mode.

```
$ /opt/SEGGER/JLink/JLinkGDBServer -device cortex-m33 -if SWD
```

```

swinglass@ubuntu:~$ sudo /home/swinglass/Downloads/JLink_Linux_V632c_x86_64/JLinkGDBServer -device cortex-m33 -if SWD
SEGGER J-Link GDB Server V6.32c Command Line Version

JLinkARM.dll V6.32c (DLL compiled May 11 2018 16:32:39)

Command line: -device cortex-m33 -if SWD
-----GDB Server start settings-----
GDBInit file: none
GDB Server Listening port: 2331
SWO raw output listening port: 2332
Terminal I/O port: 2333
Accept remote connection: yes
Generate logfile: off
Verify download: off
Init regs on start: off
Silent mode: off
Single run mode: off
Target connection timeout: 0 ms
-----J-Link related settings-----
J-Link Host Interface: USB
J-Link script: none
J-Link settings file: none
-----Target related settings-----
Target device: cortex-m33
Target interface: SWD
Target interface speed: 4000kHz
Target endian: little

Connecting to J-Link...
J-Link is connected.
Firmware: J-Link EDU Mini V1 compiled Mar 29 2018 17:48:40
Hardware: V1.00
S/N: 801004052
Feature(s): GDB, FlashBP
Checking target voltage...
Target voltage: 2.30 V
Listening on TCP/IP port 2331
Connecting to target...Connected to target
Waiting for GDB connection...

```

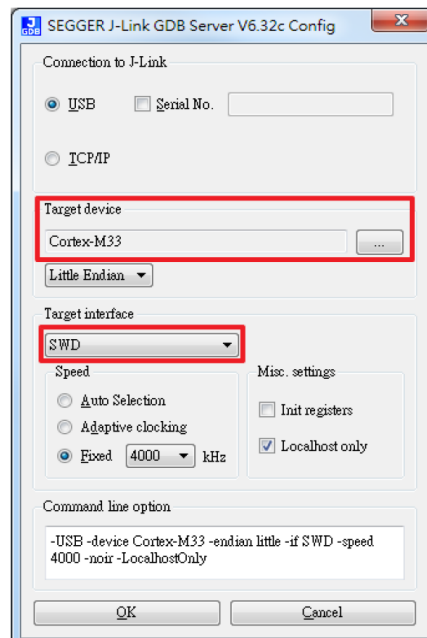
The started J-Link GDB server should look like above figure. Please make sure the TCP/IP port is 2331 which should be the same as default setting in `component\soc\realtek\8195a\misc\gcc_utility\rtl_gdb_flash_write.txt`

On the project terminal you should type below command before you using J-Link to download software or enter GDB debugger:

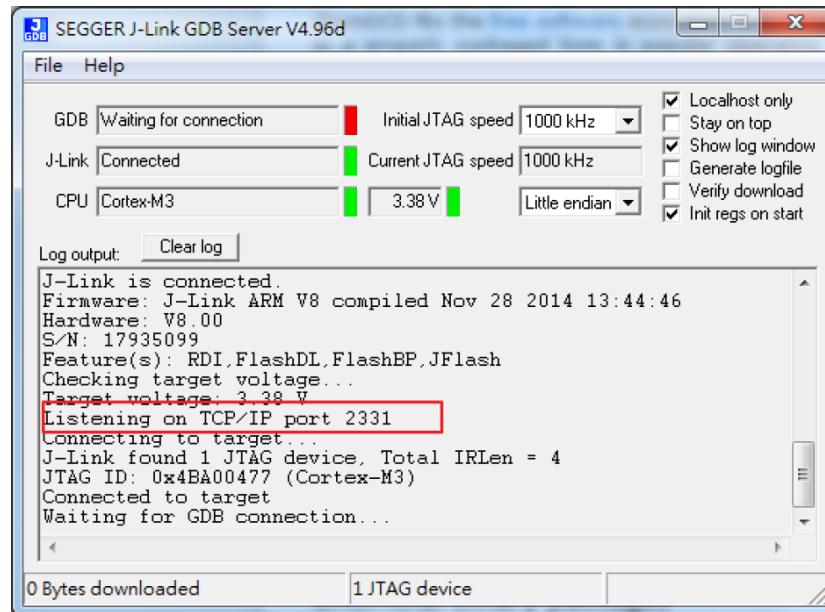
```
$ make -f Makefile_amazon_kvs setup GDB_SERVER=jlink
```

## 6.3 Windows J-Link GDB Server

Besides the hardware configuration, it also requires installing J-Link GDB server. For Windows, please check <http://www.segger.com> and download "J-Link Software and Documentation Pack" (<https://www.segger.com/downloads/jlink>). After the installation of the software pack, you should see a tool named "J-Link GDB Server". Execute the J-Link GDB Server tool and choose the target device to Cortex-M33 and target interface to SWD to start GDB server:



The started J-Link GDB server should look like below figure. And this window should **NOT** be closed if you want to download software or enter GDB debugger mode.



On the Cygwin terminal you should type below command before you using J-Link to download software or enter GDB debugger:

```
$ make -f Makefile_amazon_kvs setup GDB_SERVER=jlink
```

## 6.4 Download Image to Flash

After building the project in GCC, check that image exists in "application\_is" directory. Then, go back to **project/realtek\_amebapro\_v0\_example/GCC-RELEASE** and run the command:

```
$ make -f Makefile_amazon_kvs flash
```

Now, the image is being downloaded to EVB. Press the reset button on the EVB to run the example after downloading.

### Note:

*If there is no response after run the command above, quit the GDB mode and press the reset button on EVB. Try the command again.*

## 6.5 Enter GDB Debugger

type below command to enter GDB debug mode:

```
$ make -f Makefile_amazon_kvs debug
```

For further information about GDB debugger and its commands, please check <https://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/> and <https://sourceware.org/gdb/current/onlinedocs/gdb/>.

## 7 KVS WebRTC Demo

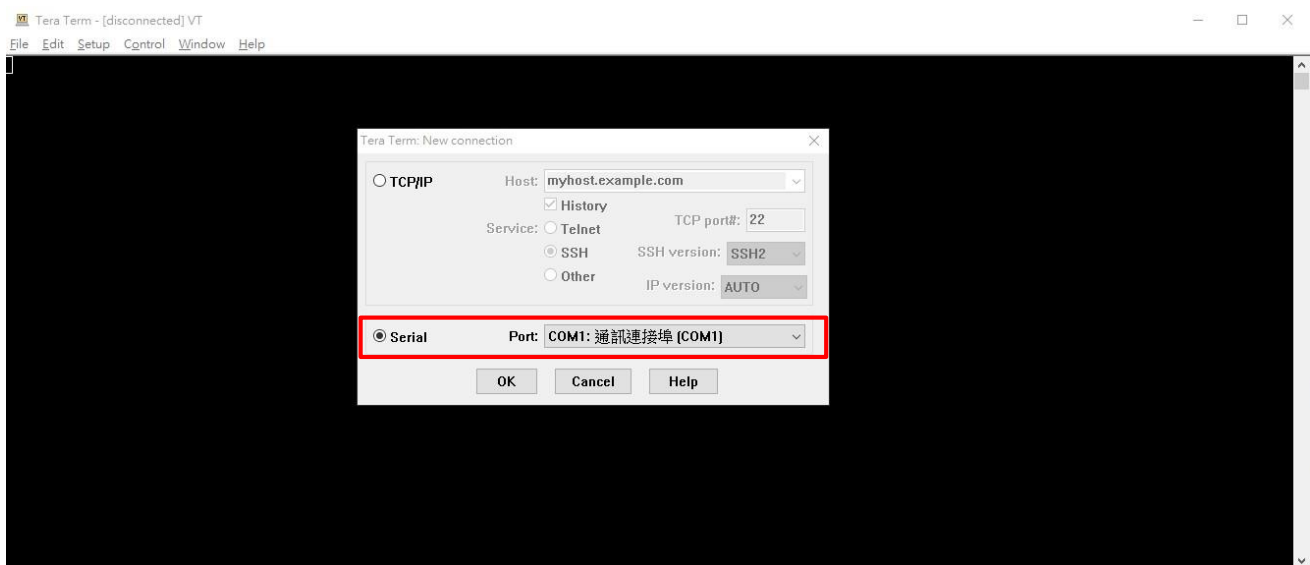
### 7.1 Get Device Log

Install **Tera Term** or other terminal emulator to get device log



Fig 7-1 Hardware setup

The serial port is same with ImageTool that get from 5.3.2 or use device manager to get the right serial port of device.



### 7.2 Run WebRTC Demo

Default setting of SDK are enable WebRTC demo. Once the AmebaPro EVB has rebooted, the application will automatically start run WebRTC demo and create the signaling channel with server.

#### 7.2.1 Connect to WIFI AP

In order to run the example, AmebaPro should connect to the network. It can be achieved by run the AT command in uart console. Please refer to the steps below:

- ATW0=<WiFi\_SSID> : Set the WiFi AP to be connected**
- ATW1=<WiFi\_Password> : Set the WiFi AP password**
- ATWC : Initiate the connection**



```

COM4 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

# === KVS Example ===
Register disk driver to Fatfs.
FATFS Register: disk driver 0
start_addr=(0x4000), end_addr=(0x8000), buffer_size=(0x4000), smp_number_max=(2048)
[FAST_CONNECT] Fast connect profile
is empty, abort fast connection

WIFI initialized

init_thread(56), Available heap 0x1ceb9e0sd speed = 0 voltage = 0
SD_Init 0
The card is initd 0

#
#ATW0=[REDACTED]
[ATW0]: _AT_WLAN_SET_SSID_ [REDACTED]

[MEM] After do cmd, available heap 30330496

# ATW1=[REDACTED]
[ATW1]: _AT_WLAN_SET_PASSPHRASE_ [REDACTED]

[MEM] After do cmd, available heap 30330496

# ATWC
[ATWC]: _AT_WLAN_JOIN_NET_

Joining BSS by SSID [REDACTED]...

[Driver]: set ssid [REDACTED]

[Driver]: start auth to [REDACTED]

[Driver]: auth success, start assoc

[Driver]: association success(res=8)
rtw_hal_set_fw_rsvd_page PageSize: 128, RsvdPageNUm: 24

```

more information about RTK AT command:

[https://github.com/HungTseLee/KVS\\_WebRTC\\_on\\_AmebaPro/blob/main/doc/AN0025%20Realtek%20at%20command.pdf](https://github.com/HungTseLee/KVS_WebRTC_on_AmebaPro/blob/main/doc/AN0025%20Realtek%20at%20command.pdf)

#### Note:

AmebaPro has the wifi fast connection after rebooting. Therefore, it is not required to run the command above again if you want AmebaPro connecting to the same AP.

## 7.2.2 Running WebRTC

After connecting to the wifi and get an IP address, the AmebaPro will run the example and create the signaling channel...

```
COM4 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
[Driver]: auth success, start assoc
[Driver]: association success(res=8)
rtw_hal_set_fw_rsvd_page PageSize: 128, RsvdPageNum: 24
RTL871X: wlan0: DL RSVD page success! DLBcnCount:1, poll:1
[Driver]: set pairwise key to hw: alg:4(WEP40-1 WEP104-5 TKIP-2 AES-4)
[Driver]: set group key to hw: alg:4(WEP40-1 WEP104-5 TKIP-2 AES-4) keyid:2
Connected after 4239ms.

wlan_wrtie_reconnect_data_to_flash():not the same ssid/passphrase/channel/offer_ip, write new profile to flash
Interface 0 IP address : 192.168.
Got IP after 5214ms.

[MEM] After do cmd, available heap 30324384

# wifi connected
[KVS Master] Using trickleICE by default
cert path:0://cert.pem
look for ssl cert successfully
[KVS Master] Created signaling channel My_KVS_Signaling_Channel
[KVS Master] Finished setting audio and video handlers
[KVS Master] KVS WebRTC initialization completed successfully
[2021/04/08 20:53:07:3100] N: mem: platform fd map: 120 bytes
Open file mode 0x1
[2021/04/08 20:53:07:3310] N: Loading client CA for verification 0://cert.pem
WARNING(lwip_getsockopt): EWOULDBLOCK(EAGAIN) IS NOT SO_ERROR(sockets.c:1971)
[KVS Master] Signaling client created successfully
[KVS Master] Signaling client connection to socket established
[KVS Master] Channel My_KVS_Signaling_Channel set up done
```

Now the AmebaPro(Master) is waiting for the Viewer(client) for peer to peer connection.

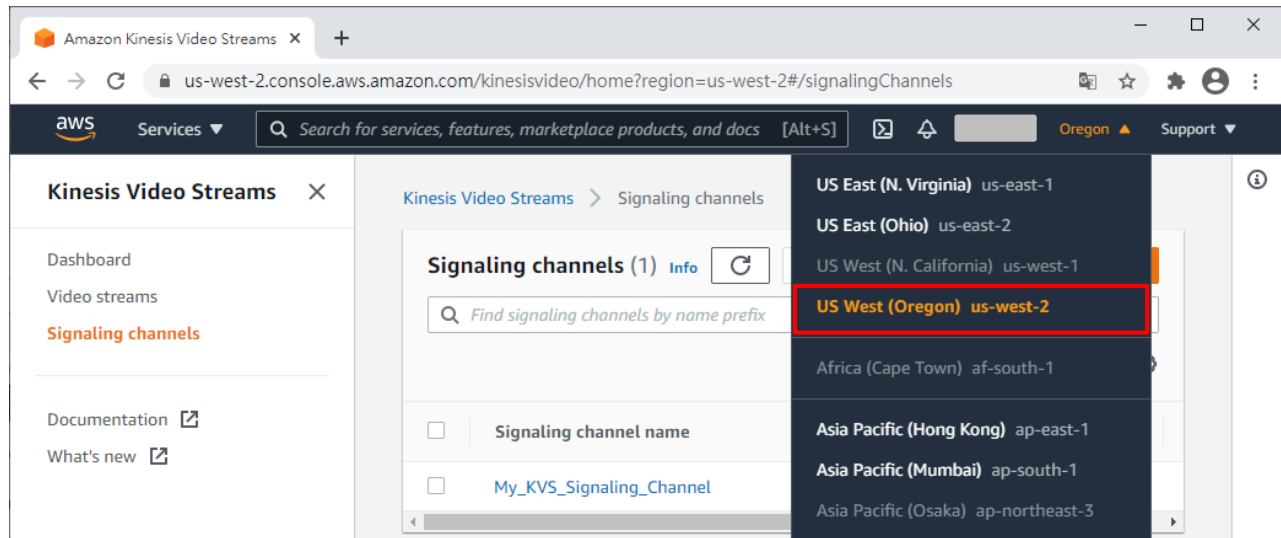
## 7.3 Verify the Demo

There are two method can be used to verify demo easily, which are **AWS KVS Console** and **Test page** provided in webrtc-sdk-js.

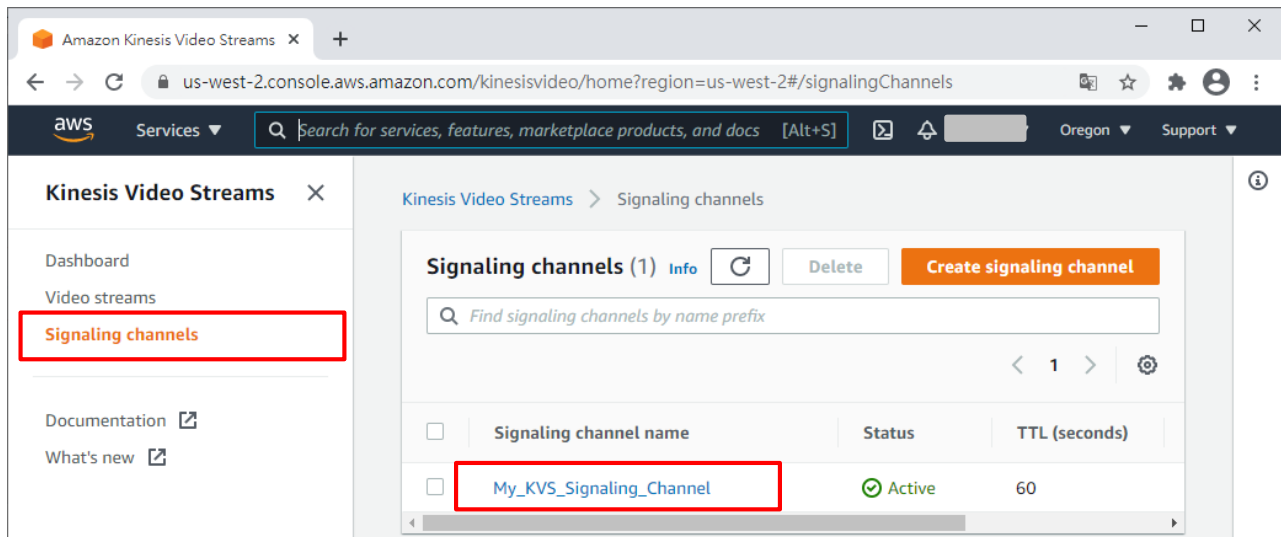
### 7.3.1 Use AWS KVS Console to Verify

The signaling channels panel provided in AWS KVS console can run as a viewer and be used to create peer to peer connection with AmebaPro.

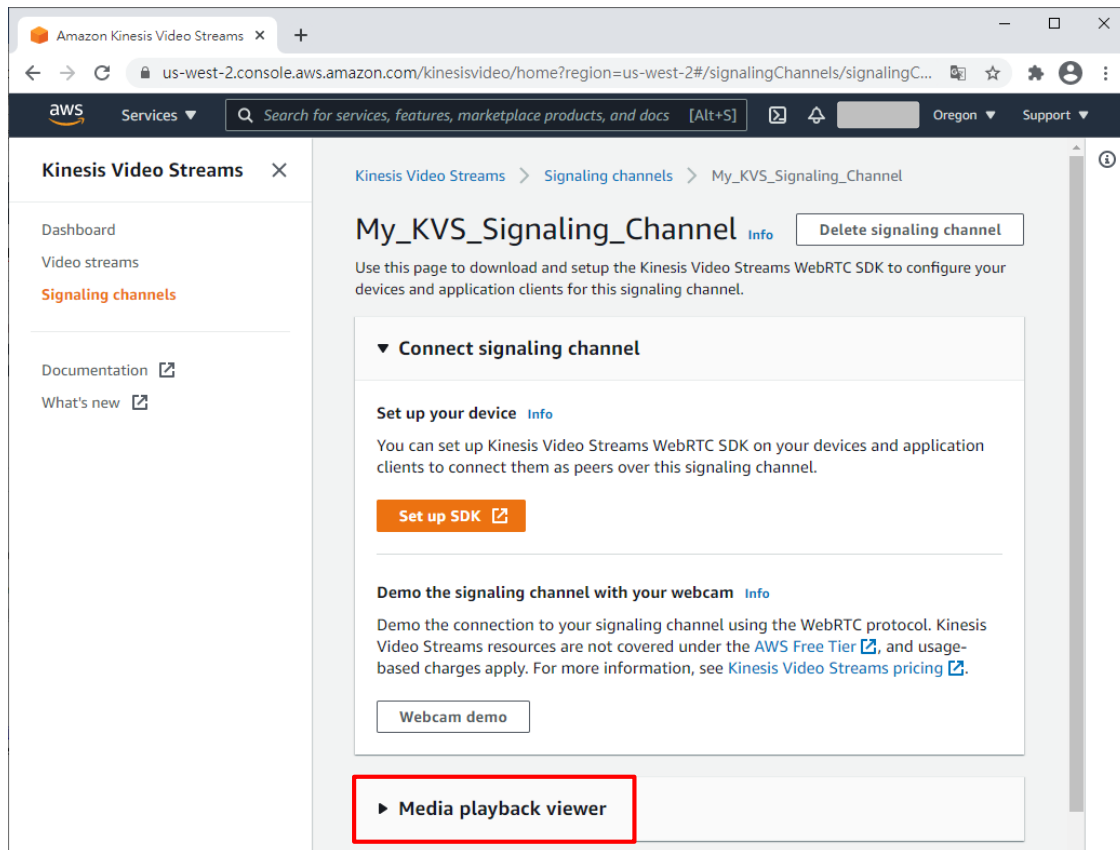
- step 1. Go to AWS KVS console: <https://us-west-2.console.aws.amazon.com/kinesisvideo/home?region=us-west-2#/streams>
- step 2. Choose the AWS region that you create the channel (default: us-west-2)



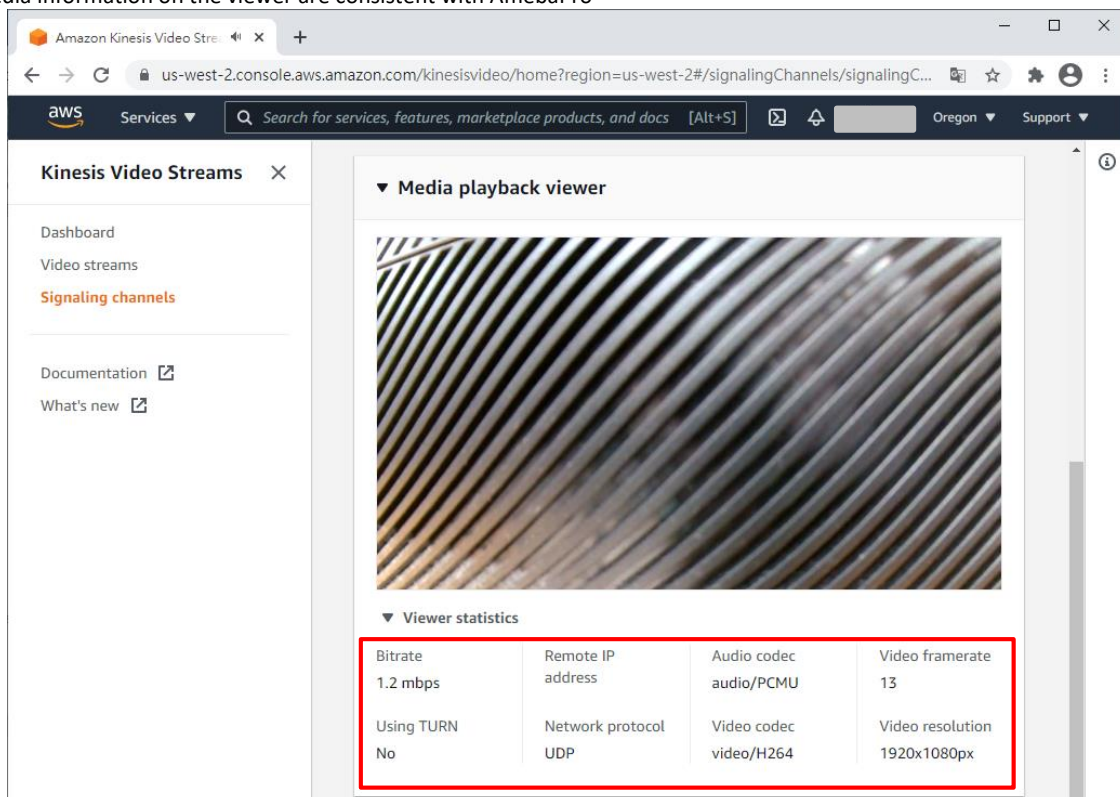
step 3. Click the **Signaling Channels** on the left and choose the channel that created by AmebaPro



step 4. Using **Media playback viewer** to start the communication with AmebaPro



Check the media information on the viewer are consistent with AmebaPro



## 7.3.2 Use Test Page to Verify

Refer the link from **AWS labs**, we can use the WebRTC SDK Test Page to validate the demo

Go to Github repository: <https://github.com/aws-labs/amazon-kinesis-video-streams-webrtc-sdk-js>

Clone the above project and follow the step in **Development** part to run the test page (NodeJS version 8+ is required)

- step 1. Run **\$ npm install** to download dependencies.
- step 2. Run **\$ npm run develop** to run the webserver.
- step 3. Open the WebRTC test page at <http://localhost:3001> (recommended browser: **Chrome** or **Safari**)

You will need to provide an **AWS region**, **AWS credentials** and a **Channel Name**.

KVS WebRTC Test Page

This is the KVS Signaling Channel WebRTC test page. Use this page to connect to a signaling channel as either the MASTER or as a VIEWER.

**KVS Endpoint**

Region  
us-west-2

Endpoint (optional)  
Endpoint

**AWS Credentials**

Access Key ID

Secret Access Key

Session Token (optional)  
Session token

**Signaling Channel**

Channel Name

Client Id (optional)  
Client id

Then, do the other setting as following figure and Click the **Start Viewer** button to start the connection...

### Tracks

Control which media types are transmitted to the remote client.

☐ Send Video
 ☐ Send Audio
 ☐ Open DataChannel

### Video Resolution

Set the desired video resolution and aspect ratio.

☒ 1280x720 (16:9 widescreen)
 ☐ 640x480 (4:3 fullscreen)

### NAT Traversal

Control settings for ICE candidate generation.

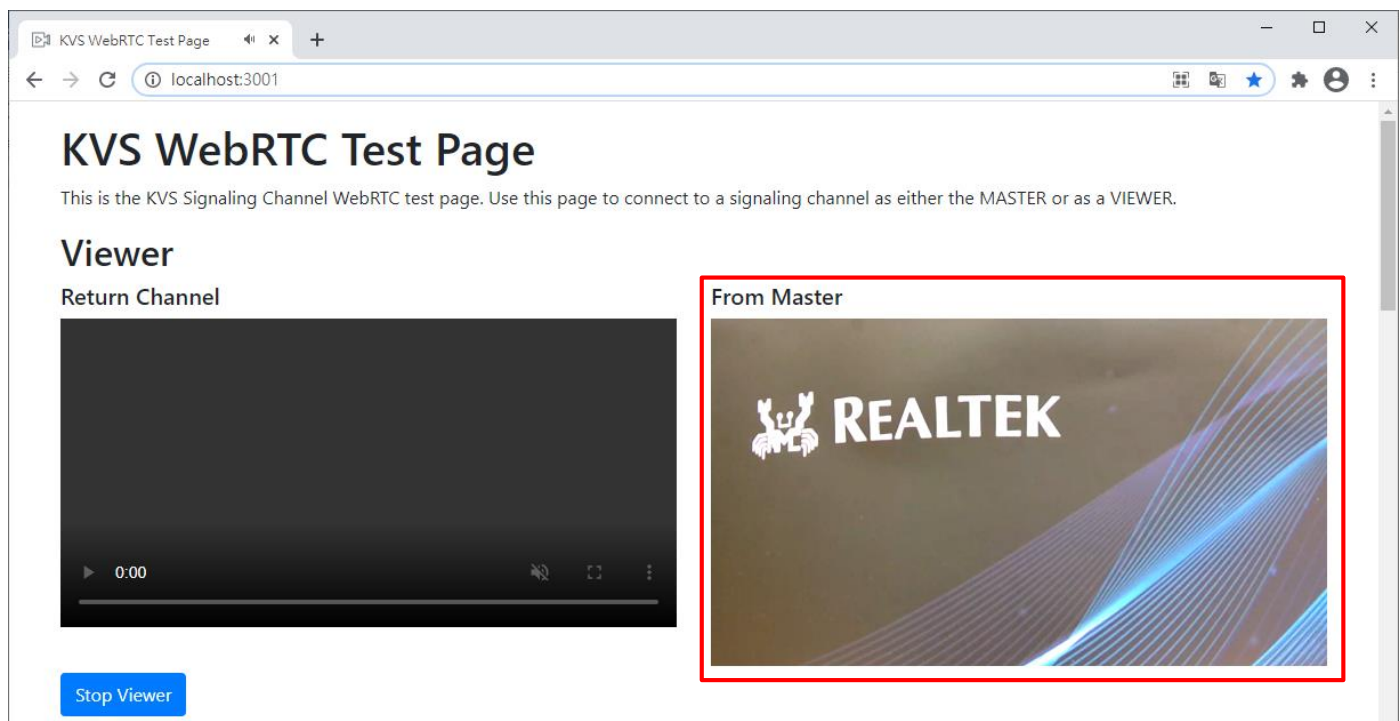
☒ STUN/TURN
 ☐ TURN Only (force cloud relay)
 ☐ Disabled

☒ Use trickle ICE (not supported by Alexa devices)

### Logs

[2021-04-08T07:56:27.081Z] [INFO] Page loaded

If success, you will get the video/audio from AmebaPro by the viewer...



#### Note:

For viewer data monitoring, we can go to <chrome://webrtc-internals/> to get real-time media information.



## 8 Troubleshooting and More Information

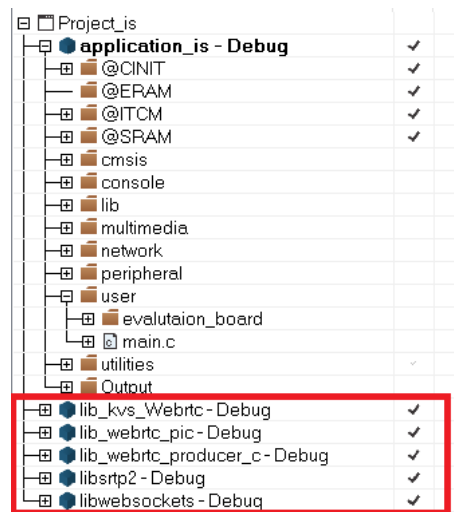
If these steps don't work, look at the device log in the serial terminal. You may see the printing log in detail, and it will indicate the cause of the problem.

For general troubleshooting information about Getting Started with FreeRTOS, see [Troubleshooting getting started](#).

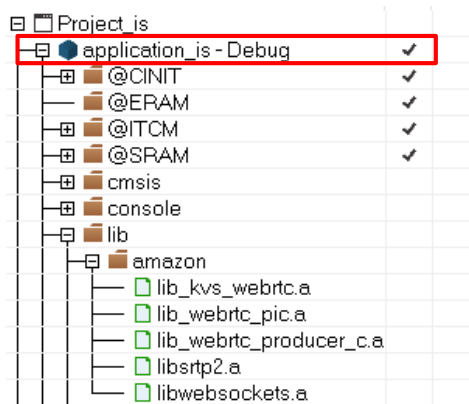
### 8.1 The Modified Library Content Cannot be Linked Correctly

**Method: Rebuild the library and compile the application project again (IAR)**

If the source codes in library are modified, the corresponding library should be rebuild.

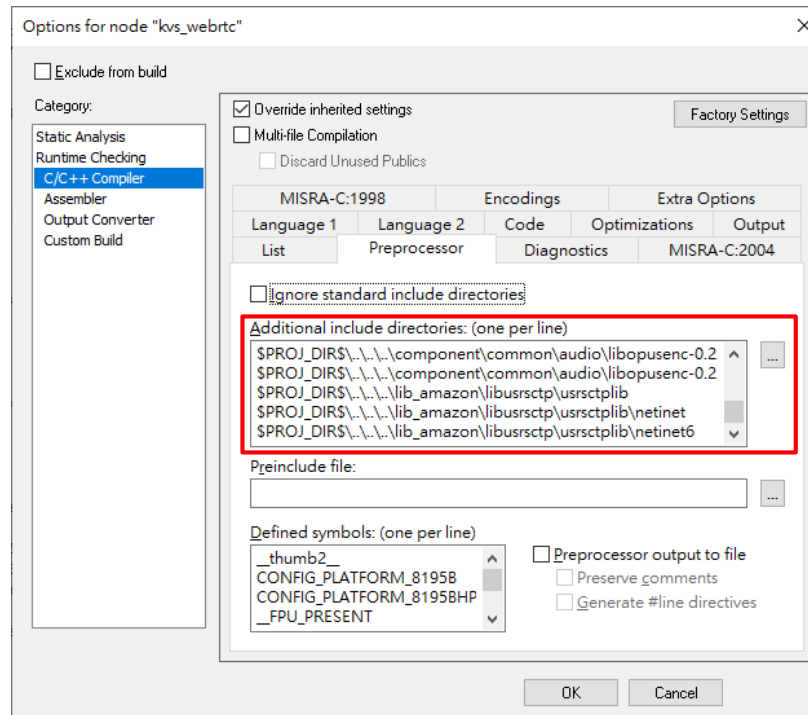
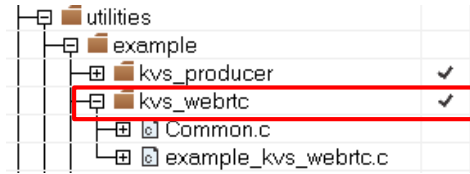


Then, go back to application\_is project and "Make" again, the updated library can then be linked.



## 8.2 Cannot Find the Header File After Adding the Include Path

The additional include directories of KVS with WebRTC example is temporarily independent. You can add additional include path by right clicking kvs\_webrtc and choosing **options** → **C/C++ Compiler** → **Preprocessor**



### Note:

If the destination path of the header is too long, IAR may occur compile error. You can use the absolute path instead of relative path to deal with the issue. Or just move your header file to a shorter destination path.

## 8.3 Failed to Initialize or Create Signaling Channel

Please check **AWS Access Key**, **AWS Secret Key** and **Channel name** are provided in **example\_kvs\_webrtc.h**.

```

1  #ifndef _EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC_H_
2  #define _EXAMPLE_KVS_WEBRTC_H_
3
4  void example_kvs_webrtc(void);
5
6  /* Enter your AWS KVS key here */
7  #define KVS_WEBRTC_ACCESS_KEY "XXXXXXXXXX"
8  #define KVS_WEBRTC_SECRET_KEY "XXXXXXXXXX"
9
10 /* Setting your signaling channel name */
11 #define KVS_WEBRTC_CHANNEL_NAME "XXXXXXXXXX"

```

In addition, check that the certificate file **cert.pem** exists in the SD card.

## 8.4 Failed to Boot Up After Starting with a New Project

If your Amebapro cannot boot up correctly after downloading a new image and you find that the image size of **flash\_is.bin** is smaller than expected. You may not compile the small CPU before the big CPU.

**Method: Build the small CPU and then build the big CPU again, the correct image may be obtained.**