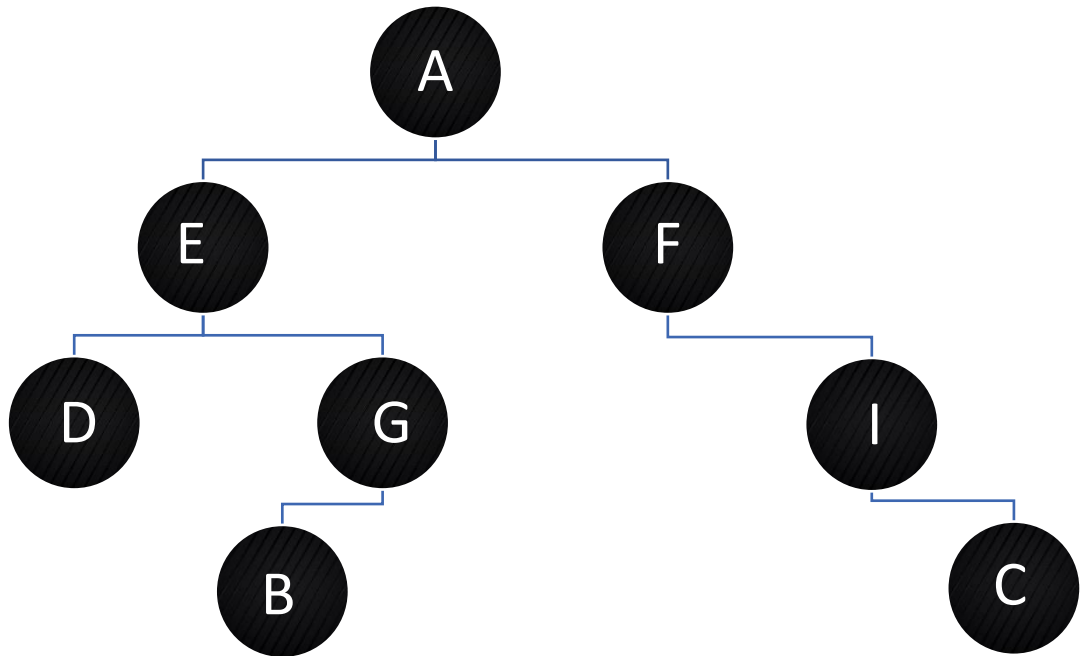
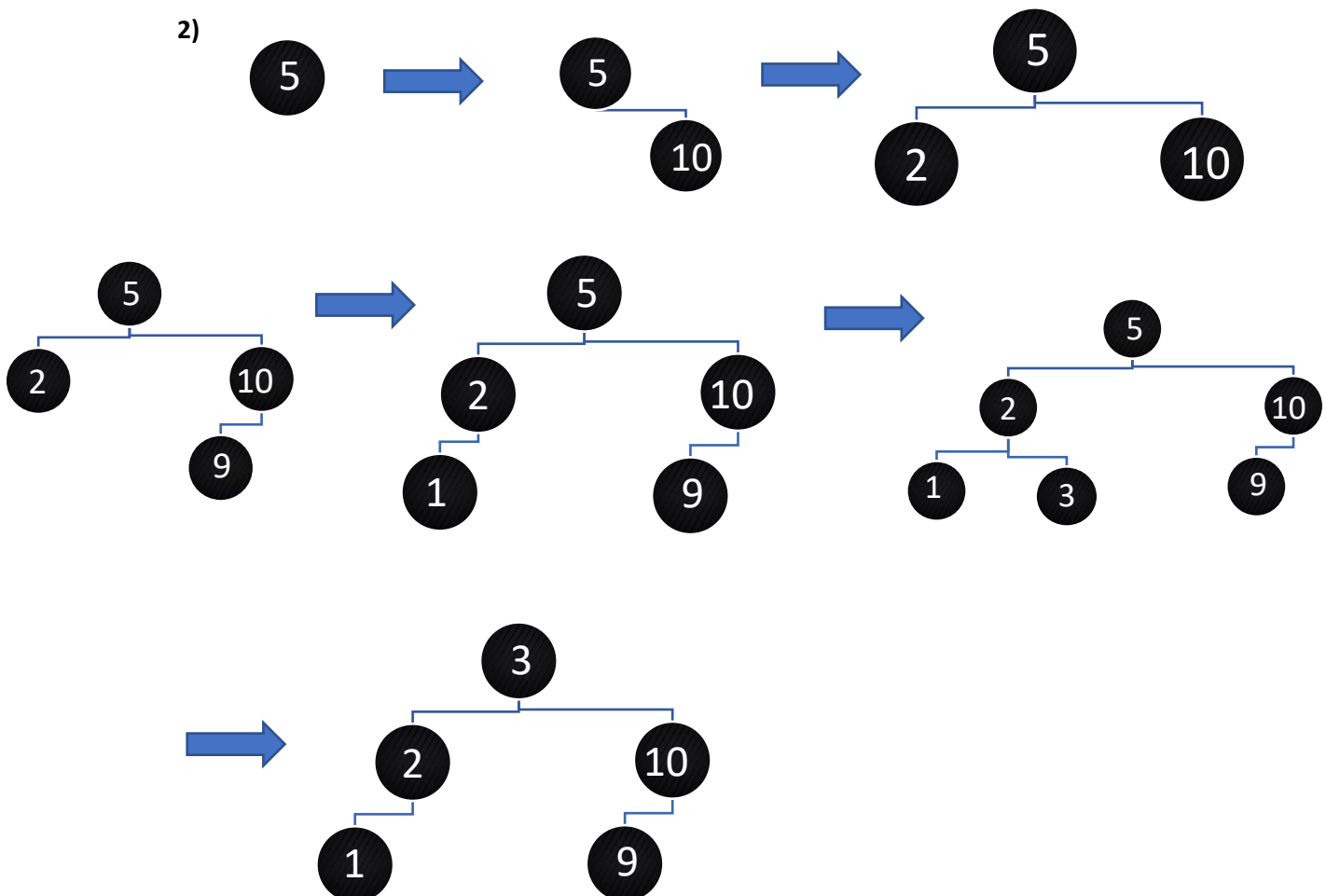


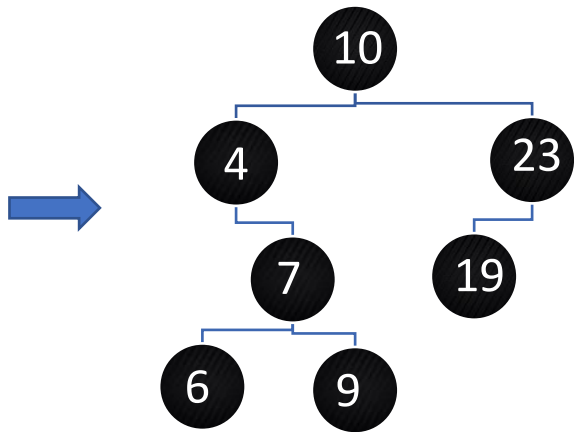
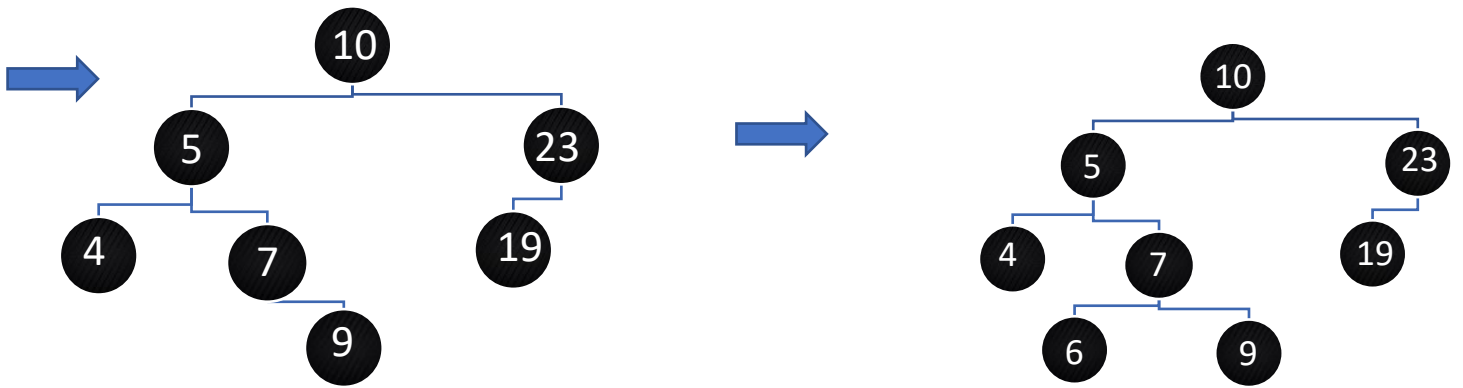
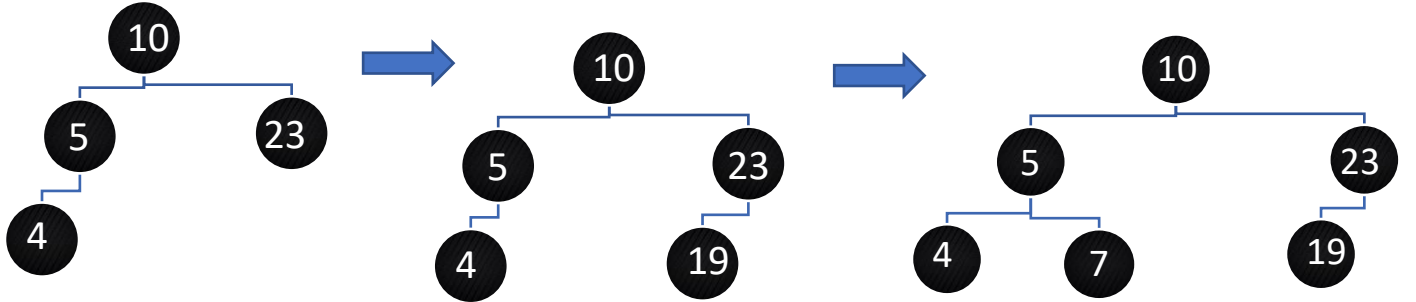
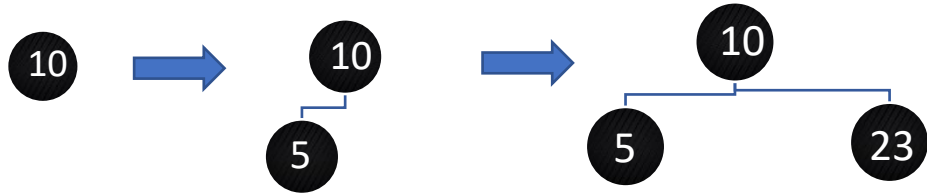
1)



2)



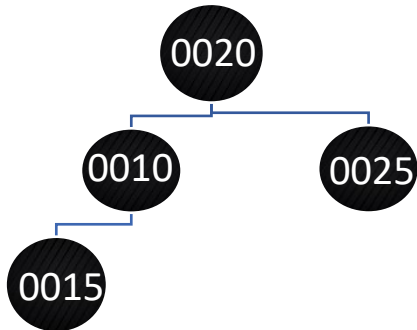
3)



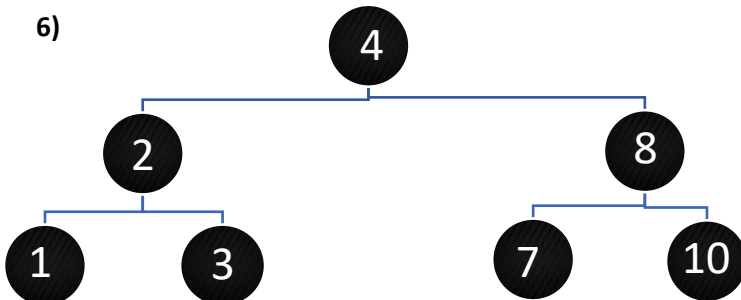
4)

- a. Height equals 4.
- b. The depth of node 90 is 3.
- c. The height of node 90 is 1.
- d.
 - i. Pre-order: 100, 50, 3, 1, 20, 80, 52, 90, 83, 99, 150, 125, 152
 - ii. In-order: 1, 3, 20, 50, 52, 80, 83, 90, 99, 100, 125, 150, 152
 - iii. Post-order: 1, 20, 3, 52, 83, 99, 90, 80, 50, 125, 152, 150, 100

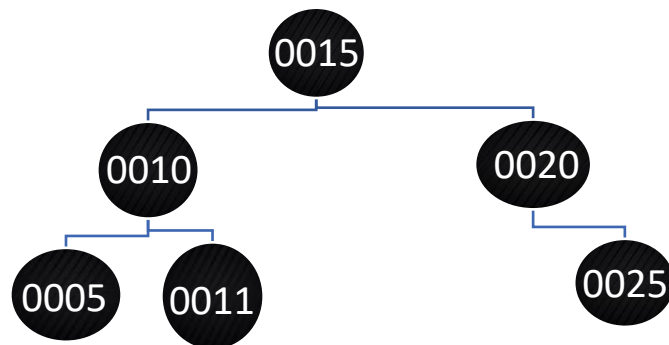
5)



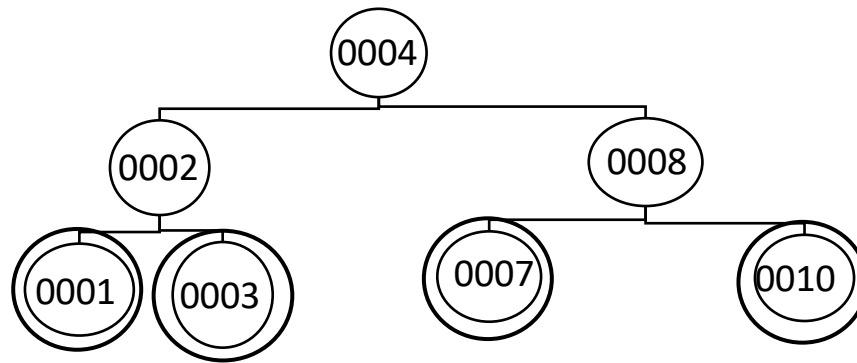
6)



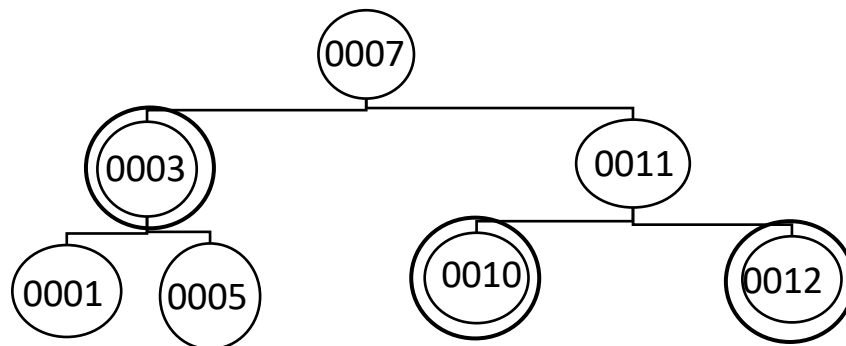
7)



8)

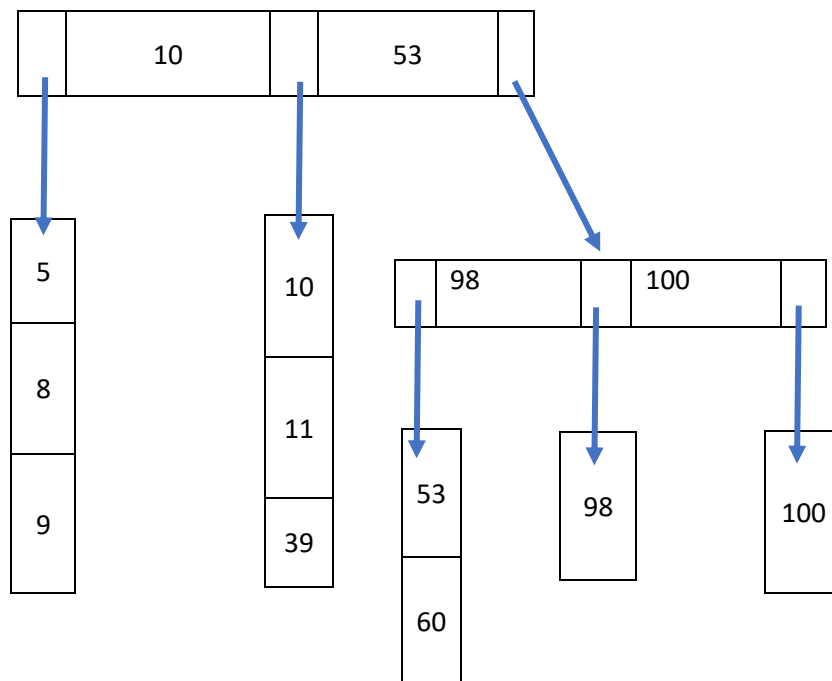


9)

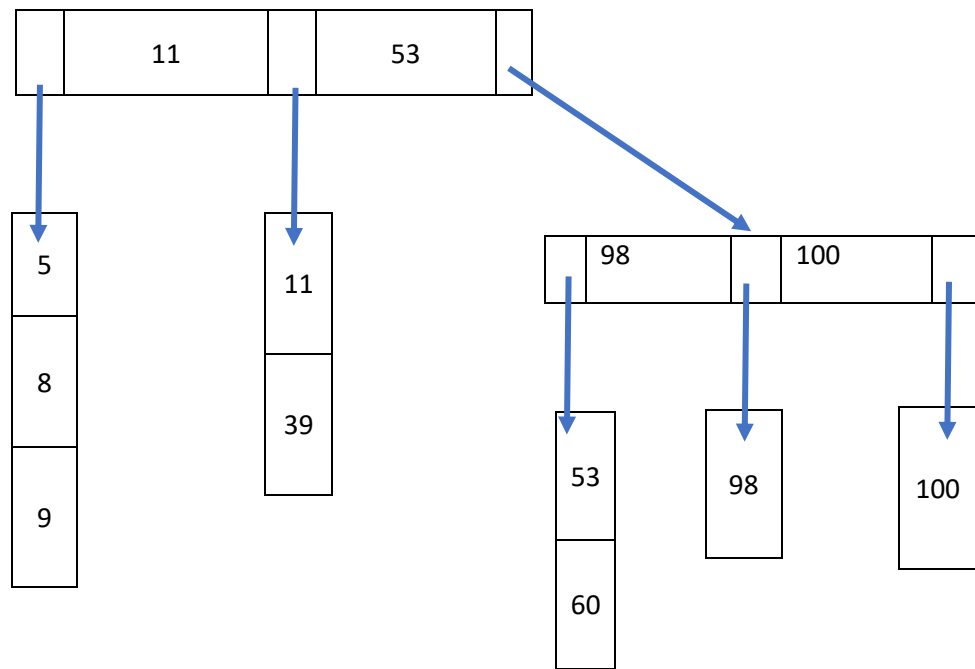


10)

a.



b.



11)

a. $(m \times \text{size of pointer}) + ((m - 1) \times \text{size of key}) \leq \text{size of block}$

$$(m \times 16) + ((m-1) \times 8) \leq 4096$$

$$(16m) + (8m - 8) \leq 4096$$

$$24m \leq 4104$$

$$m \leq 171.33$$

$$m = 171$$

b. $(32 \times 2 + (128/8) + 4) \times 5 = 420 \text{ bytes}$

$$420 + 8 = 428 \text{ bytes}$$

c. The height is going to be $\log_5(n) - 1 \leq \text{Height}(m)$

d. $\log_5(30,000) - 1 \leq \text{Height}$

$$6 \leq \text{Height}$$

e. $\log_5(2,500,000) - 1 \leq \text{Height}$

$$9 \leq \text{Height}$$