Array-Based Implementation



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Recap

We designed a Bag



ADT:

- A collection of data
- A set of operations on the data
- Specifies what (interface) ADT operations do, not how

Templates

- A place holder for type

Today's Plan



Let's implement that Bag!!!

Bag

















Implementation

First step: Choose Data Structure

So what is a Data Structure???

A data organization and storage format that enables "efficient," access and modification.

In this course we will encounter

Relative to the application
You must choose the right
data structure for your solution

Arrays

Vectors

Lists

Trees

ADT defines the logical form

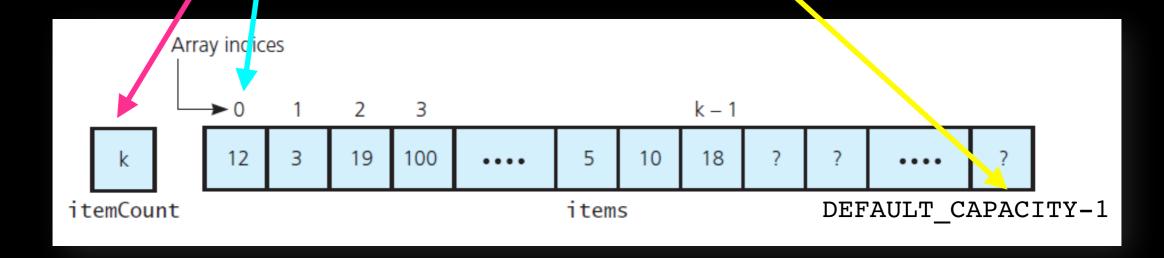
Data structure is the physical implementation

Array

A fixed-size container

Direct access to indexed location

Need to keep track of the number of elements in it



ArrayBag

Name ArrayBag only for pedagogical purposes:

- You would normally just call it a Bag and implement it as you wish
- Because we will try different implementations, we are going to explicitly use the name of the data structure in the name of the ADT
- Violates information hiding wouldn't do it in "real life"

Implementation Plan

Write the header file (ArrayBag.hpp) -> straightforward from design phase

```
Incrementally write/test implementation (ArrayBag.cpp)
Identify core methods / implement / test
Create container (constructors)
Add items
Remove items...
```

E.g. you may want to add items before implementing and testing getCurrentSize

Use stubs when necessary

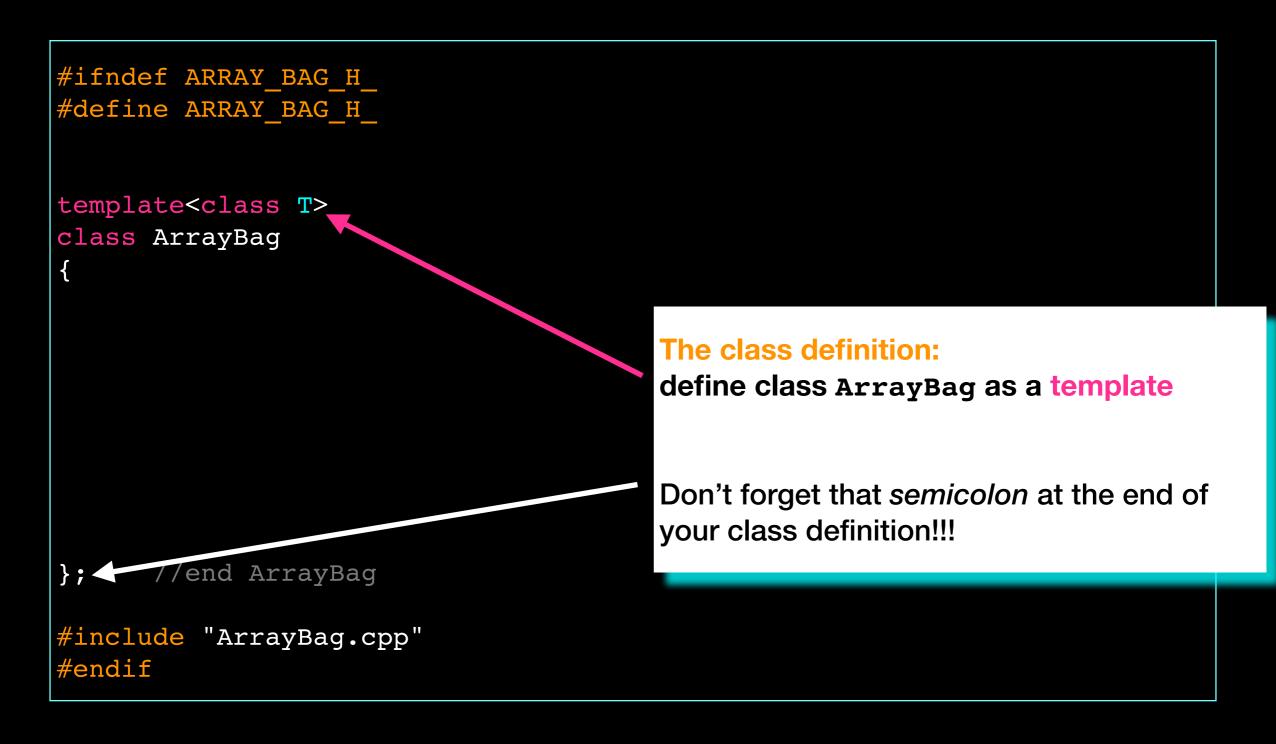
```
//STUB
int ArrayBag::getCurrentSize() const
{
    return 4; //STUB dummy value
}
```

```
#ifndef ARRAY_BAG_H_
#define ARRAY_BAG_H_
```

Include Guard: used during linking to check that same header is not included multiple times.

#endif

```
#ifndef ARRAY BAG H
#define ARRAY BAG H
                                         Include ArrayBag.cpp because this is a
                                         template. Remember not to include
                                         the .cpp file in the project or compilation
                                         command
#include "ArrayBag.cpp"
#endif
```



```
#ifndef ARRAY BAG H
#define ARRAY BAG H
template<class T>
class ArrayBag
public:
                                          The public interface: specifies the
                                          operations clients can call on objects of this
                                          class
                                          The private implementation: specifies
private:
                                          data and methods accessible only to
                                          members of this class. Invisible to clients
      //end ArrayBag
};
#include "ArrayBag.cpp"
#endif
```

```
#ifndef ARRAY BAG H
#define ARRAY BAG H
template<class T>
class ArrayBaq
public:
    ArrayBag();
    int getCurrentSize() const;
    bool isEmpty() const;
    bool add(const T& new entry);
    bool remove(const T& an entry);
    void clear();
    bool contains(const T& an entry) const;
    int getFrequencyOf(const T& an entry) const;
    std::vector<T> toVector() const;
private:
      //end ArrayBag
};
#include "ArrayBag.cpp"
#endif
```

This use of const means "I promise that this function doesn't change the object"

This use of const means "I promise that this function doesn't change the argument"

The public member functions of the ArrayBag class. These can be called on objects of type ArrayBag
Member functions are declared in the class definition. They will be implemented in the implementation file ArrayBag.cpp

```
#ifndef ARRAY BAG H
#define ARRAY BAG H
template<class T>
class ArrayBag
                                            The private data members and helper
                                            functions of the ArrayBag class. These can
public:
                                            be called only within the ArrayBag
    ArrayBag();
                                            implementation.
    int getCurrentSize() const;
    bool isEmpty() const;
    bool add(const T& new entry);
    bool remove(const T& an entry);
    void clear();
    bool contains(const T& an entry) const;
    int getFrequencyOf(const T& an_entry) const;
    std::vector<T> toVector() const;
private:
    static const int DEFAULT CAPACITY = 200; // Maximum Bag size
    T items [DEFAULT CAPACITY]; // Array of Bag items
    int item count ;
                                              // Current count of Bag items
    /** @return index of target or -1 if target not found*/
    int getIndexOf(const T& target) const;
      //end ArrayBag
};
                                              More than one public method will need to know
                                              the index of a target so we separate it out into a
#include "ArrayBag.cpp"
                                                         private helper function
#endif
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

Include header: declaration of the methods this file implements

template < class T >
ArrayBag < T > :: ArrayBag(): item_count_{0} {
} // end default constructor

Member Initializer List
```

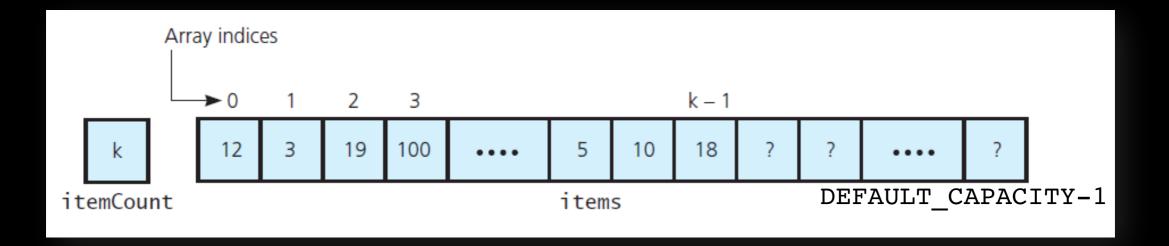
```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
template<class T>
ArrayBag<T>::ArrayBag(): item_count_{0}
   // end default constructor
template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getCurrentSize() const
   // end getCurrentSize
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::isEmpty() const
   // end isEmpty
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
template<class T>
ArrayBag<T>::ArrayBag(): item count {0}
   // end default constructor
template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getCurrentSize() const
   return item count ;
   // end getCurrentSize
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::isEmpty() const
   return (item count == 0);
   // end isEmpty
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

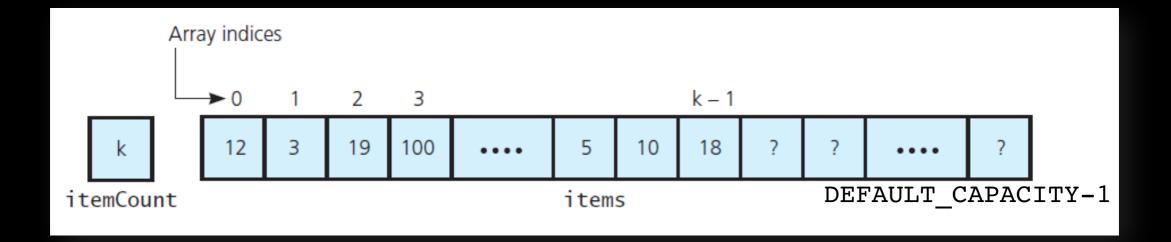
. . .

template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::add(const T& new_entry)
{
    What do we need to do? (Hint: 2 things)
} // end add
```



```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

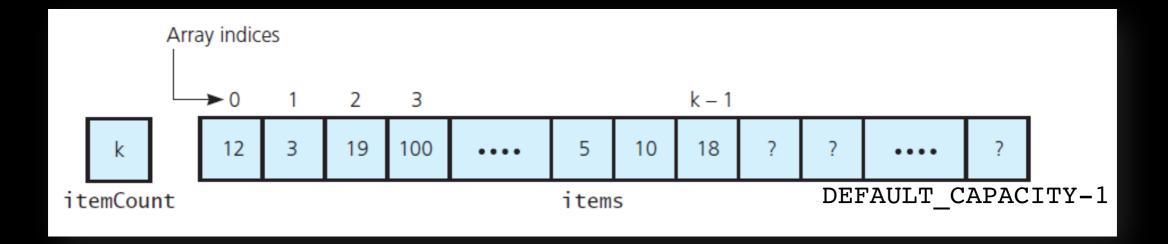
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::add(const T& new_entry)
{
    Check if there is room
    Add new_entry... Where???
} // end add
```



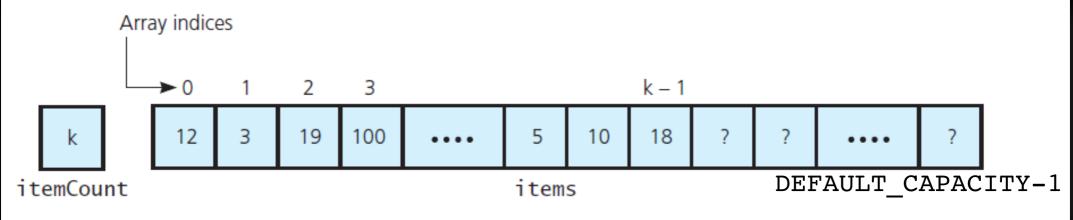
```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

...

template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::add(const T& new_entry)
{
    Check if there is room
    Add new_entry... At the end: index = item_count_
    Increment item_count_
} // end add
```



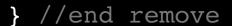
```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::add(const T& new_entry)
    bool has room to add = (item count < DEFAULT CAPACITY);</pre>
    if (has room to add)
        items [item count ] = new entry;
        item count ++;
       // end if
    return has_room_to_add;
   // end add
```

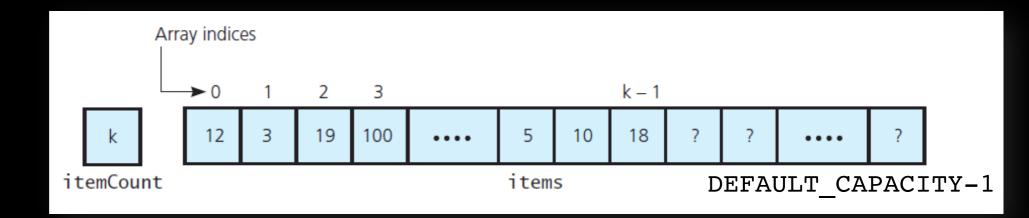


```
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::remove(const T& an_entry)
{
```

Write Pseudocode for remove()

What do we need to do?





```
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::remove(const T& an_entry)
{
```

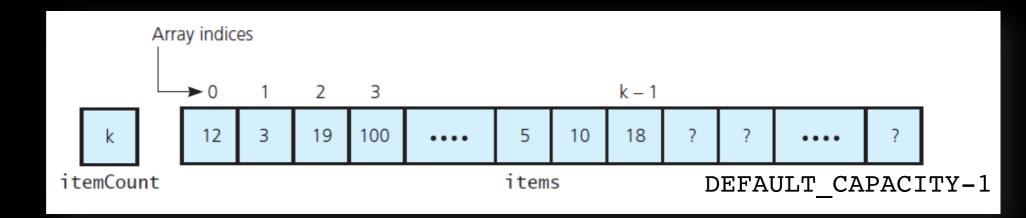
Write Pseudocode for remove()

What do we need to do?

Hints:

- to add we looked if there was room in the bag. To remove what do we need to check first?

```
} //end remove
```



```
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::remove(const T& an_entry)
{
```

Write Pseudocode for remove()

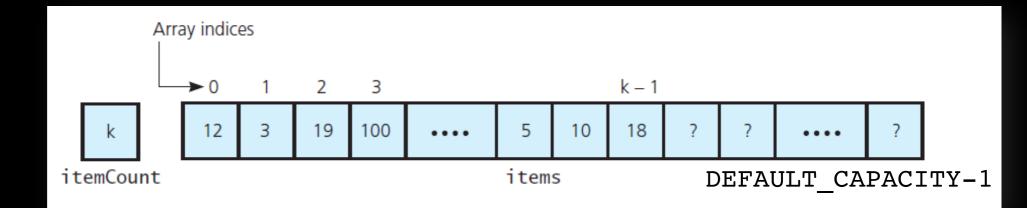
What do we need to do?

Hints:

- to add we looked if there was room in the bag. To remove what do we need to check first?

- we always strive for efficiency: think of how to remove with minimal "movement" / minimal number of operations and remember in a Bag ORDER DOES NOT MATTER

```
} //end remove
```



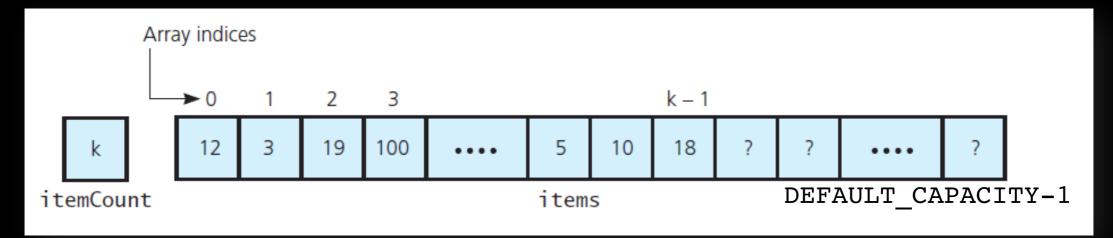
Tricky 🕞

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::remove(const T& an_entry)
   int located index = getIndexOf(an entry);
    bool can remove item = !isEmpty() && (located index > -1);
    if (can remove item)
         item count --;
         items_[located_index] = items_[item_count_]; // copy last item in place of
                                                        // item to be removed
       // end if
    return can remove item;
   // end remove
             Array indices
                                                    k-1
                          19
                              100
                                               10
                                                    18
                                                             DEFAULT CAPACITY-1
      itemCount
                                          items
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
                                                                     This is a messy Bag
template<class T>
                                                                    Order does not matter
bool ArrayBag<T>::remove(const T& an entry)
   int located index = getIndexOf(an entry);
                                                                       What if we need
    bool can remove item = !isEmpty() && (located index > -1);
    if (can remove item)
                                                                     to retain the order?
        item count_--;
         items_[located_index] = items_[item_count_]; // copy last item in place of
                                                        // item to be removed
       // end if
    return can remove item;
   // end remove
             Array indices
                                                    k-1
                              100
                                               10
                                                    18
                                                             DEFAULT CAPACITY-1
      itemCount
                                          items
```

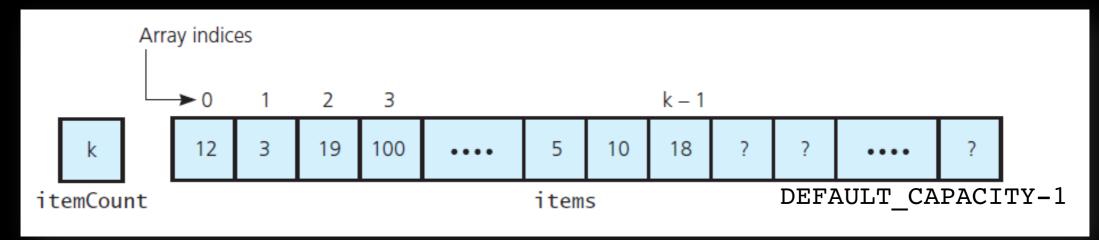
```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getFrequencyOf(const T& an_entry) const
{
   What do we need to do???
} // end getFrequencyOf
```



```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getFrequencyOf(const T& an_entry) const
{
   Look at every array location, if == an_entry count it!
} // end getFrequencyOf
```

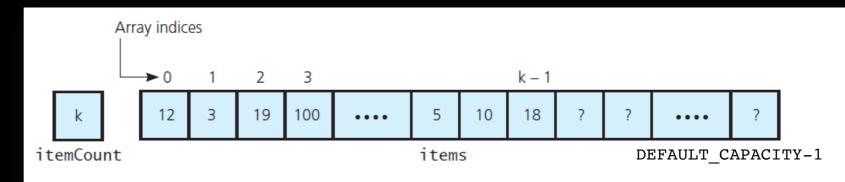


```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getFrequencyOf(const T& an entry) const
  int frequency = 0;
  while (current index < item count )</pre>
    if (items [current index] == an entry)
       frequency++;
    } // end if
    // end while
  return frequency;
 // end getFrequencyOf
          Array indices
                                     k-1
             12
                    19
                      100
                                  10
                                      18
                                           DEFAULT CAPACITY-1
     itemCount
                               items
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
                                 Return type
template<class T>
std::vector<T> ArrayBag<T>::toVector() const
    std::vector<T> bag_contents;
    for (int i = 0; i < item count; i++)
        bag contents.push_back(items_[i]);
   return bag_contents;
                                              Array indices
      end toVector
                                                                          DEFAULT CAPACITY-1
                                         itemCount
                                                                items
                                                    bag contents.push back(items [0])
                                12
                                                    bag_contents.push_back(items_[1])
                                                    bag contents.push back(items [2])
                                              19
```

```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

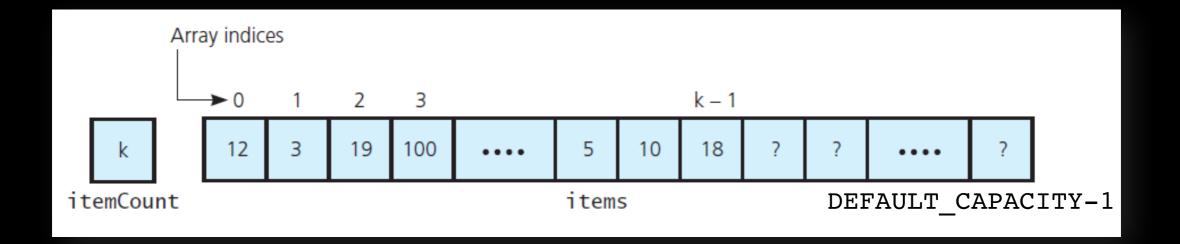
// private
template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getIndexOf(const T& target) const
{
    Look at every array location,
    if == target return that location's index
} // end getIndexOf
```



```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"
// private
template<class T>
int ArrayBag<T>::getIndexOf(const T& target) const
    bool found = false;
    int result = -1;
    int search index = 0;
    // If the bag is empty, item count is zero, so loop is skipped
    while (!found && (search index < item count ))</pre>
        if (items [search index] == target)
          found = true;
          result = search index;
         else
                                      Array indices
           search index ++;
        } // end if
    } // end while
                                                  100
                                                19
                                                               10
                                                                   18
    return result;
                                itemCount
                                                            items
                                                                           DEFAULT CAPACITY-1
      end getIndexOf
```

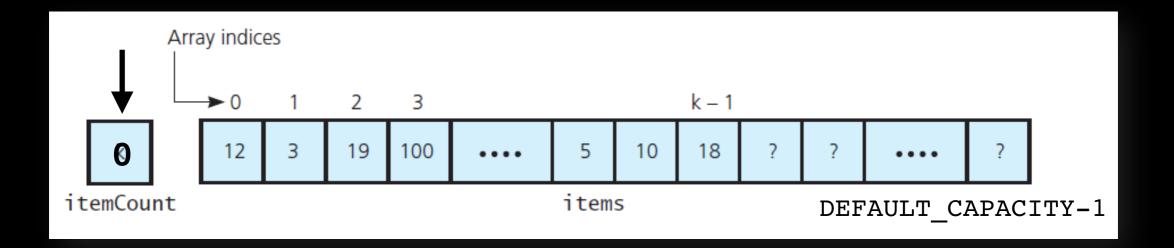
```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

template<class T>
void ArrayBag<T>::clear()
{
     ???
} // end clear
```



```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

template < class T >
void ArrayBag < T > :: clear()
{
    item_count_ = 0;
} // end clear
```



```
#include "ArrayBag.hpp"

template<class T>
bool ArrayBag<T>::contains(const T& an_entry) const
{
    return getIndexOf(an_entry) > -1;
} // end contains
```

We have a working Bag!!!

Next time: Algorithm Efficiency