

OPC Unified Architecture

Specification

Part 7: Profiles

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CONTENTS

FI	GURES			viii
TA	BLES			ix
1	Scop	e		1
2	Norm	ative	references	1
3			finitions, and abbreviations	
Ü	3.1		ns and definitions	
	3.1		reviations	
4			eviations	
_	4.1		eral	
	4.1		formanceUnit	
	4.2		iles	
	4.3		ile Categories	
5			nce Units	
J	5.1		rview	
	5.2		rices	
	5.3		sport and communication related features	_
	5.4		mation Model and AddressSpace related features	
	5.5		rellaneous	
6			ond record	
Ü	6.1		rview	
	6.2		ile list	
	6.3		ventions for Profile definitions	
	6.4		ile versioning	
	6.5		ications	
	6.6		ile tables	
	6.6.1		Introduction	
	6.6.2		Core Server Facet	
	6.6.3		Core 2017 Server Facet	
	6.6.4		Sessionless Server Facet	
	6.6.5		Reverse Connect Server Facet	49
	6.6.6		Base Server Behaviour Facet	49
	6.6.7		Request State Change Server Facet	49
	6.6.8		Subnet Discovery Server Facet	49
	6.6.9		Global Certificate Management Server Facet	50
	6.6.1	0	Authorization Service Server Facet	50
	6.6.1	1	KeyCredential Service Server Facet	50
	6.6.1	2	Attribute WriteMask Server Facet	50
	6.6.1	3	File Access Server Facet	50
	6.6.1	4	Documentation Server Facet	51
	6.6.1	5	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	51
	6.6.1	6	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	
	6.6.1	7	Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	52
	6.6.1	8	Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	52
	6.6.1	9	Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	
	6.6.2	0	Durable Subscription Server Facet	53

6.6.21	Data Access Server Facet	
6.6.22	ComplexType Server Facet	
6.6.23	ComplexType 2017 Server Facet	
6.6.24	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	
6.6.25	Address Space Notifier Server Facet	
6.6.26	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	
6.6.27	A & C Refresh2 Server Facet	
6.6.28	A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet	. 55
6.6.29	A & C Enable Server Facet	. 55
6.6.30	A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet	. 56
6.6.31	A & C Alarm Server Facet	
6.6.32	A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet	. 56
6.6.33	A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	. 57
6.6.34	A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	. 57
6.6.35	A & C Previous Instances Server Facet	
6.6.36	A & C Dialog Server Facet	
6.6.37	A & C CertificateExpiration Server Facet	. 58
6.6.38	A & E Wrapper Facet	. 58
6.6.39	Method Server Facet	. 59
6.6.40	Auditing Server Facet	
6.6.41	Node Management Server Facet	
6.6.42	User Role Base Server Facet	
6.6.43	User Role Management Server Facet	
6.6.44	State Machine Server Facet	
6.6.45	Client Redundancy Server Facet	
6.6.46	Redundancy Transparent Server Facet	. 60
6.6.47	Redundancy Visible Server Facet	
6.6.48	Historical Raw Data Server Facet	
6.6.49	Historical Aggregate Server Facet	
6.6.50	Historical Data AtTime Server Facet	
6.6.51	Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet	
6.6.52	Historical Annotation Server Facet	
6.6.53	Historical Data Insert Server Facet	
6.6.54	Historical Data Update Server Facet	
6.6.55	Historical Data Replace Server Facet	
6.6.56	Historical Data Delete Server Facet	
6.6.57	Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet	
6.6.58	Base Historical Event Server Facet	
6.6.59	Historical Event Update Server Facet	
6.6.60	Historical Event Replace Server Facet	
6.6.61	Historical Event Insert Server Facet	
6.6.62	Historical Event Delete Server Facet	
6.6.63	Aggregate Subscription Server Facet	
6.6.64	Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	
6.6.65	Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	
6.6.66	Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	
6.6.67	Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	
6.6.68	Embedded UA Server Profile	
6.6.69	Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile	. 67

6.6.70	Standard UA Server Profile	. 67
6.6.71	Standard 2017 UA Server Profile	. 68
6.6.72	Core Client Facet	. 68
6.6.73	Core 2017 Client Facet	. 68
6.6.74	Sessionless Client Facet	. 69
6.6.75	Reverse Connect Client Facet	. 69
6.6.76	Base Client Behaviour Facet	. 69
6.6.77	Discovery Client Facet	. 70
6.6.78	Subnet Discovery Client Facet	. 70
6.6.79	Global Discovery Client Facet	. 70
6.6.80	Global Certificate Management Client Facet	. 70
6.6.81	KeyCredential Service Client Facet	. 70
6.6.82	Access Token Request Client Facet	. 71
6.6.83	AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	. 71
6.6.84	Request State Change Client Facet	
6.6.85	File Access Client Facet	. 71
6.6.86	Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	. 72
6.6.87	Multi-Server Client Connection Facet	. 72
6.6.88	Documentation - Client	. 72
6.6.89	Attribute Read Client Facet	. 72
6.6.90	Attribute Write Client Facet	
6.6.91	DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	. 73
6.6.92	Durable Subscription Client Facet	. 73
6.6.93	DataAccess Client Facet	. 73
6.6.94	Event Subscriber Client Facet	. 74
6.6.95	Base Event Processing Client Facet	. 74
6.6.96	Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet	. 74
6.6.97	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	. 75
6.6.98	A & C Refresh2 Client Facet	
6.6.99	A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet	. 75
6.6.100	A & C Enable Client Facet	. 75
6.6.101	A & C AlarmMetrics Client Facet	. 75
6.6.102	A & C Alarm Client Facet	. 76
6.6.103	A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	. 76
6.6.104	A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	. 76
6.6.105	A & C Previous Instances Client Facet	
6.6.106	A & C Dialog Client Facet	
6.6.107	A & C CertificateExpiration Client Facet	. 77
6.6.108	A & E Proxy Facet	. 77
6.6.109	Method Client Facet	. 78
6.6.110	Auditing Client Facet	. 78
6.6.111	Node Management Client Facet	. 79
6.6.112	Advanced Type Programming Client Facet	
6.6.113	User Role Management Client Facet	. 79
6.6.114	State Machine Client Facet	
6.6.115	Diagnostic Client Facet	
6.6.116	Redundant Client Facet	
6.6.117	Redundancy Switch Client Facet	
6.6.118	Historical Access Client Facet	. 80

6.6.119	Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	80
6.6.120	Historical Aggregate Client Facet	80
6.6.121	Historical Annotation Client Facet	81
6.6.122	Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	81
6.6.123	Historical Data Insert Client Facet	82
6.6.124	Historical Data Update Client Facet	82
6.6.125	Historical Data Replace Client Facet	82
6.6.126	Historical Data Delete Client Facet	82
6.6.127	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet	82
6.6.128	Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet	82
6.6.129	Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet	83
6.6.130	Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet	83
6.6.131	Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet	83
6.6.132	Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet	83
6.6.133	Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet	83
6.6.134	Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet	84
6.6.135	Historical Events Client Facet	84
6.6.136	Historical Event Insert Client Facet	84
6.6.137	Historical Event Update Client Facet	
6.6.138	Historical Event Replace Client Facet	84
6.6.139	Historical Event Delete Client Facet	84
6.6.140	Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet	85
6.6.141	Standard UA Client Profile	86
6.6.142	Standard UA Client 2017 Profile	86
6.6.143	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	
6.6.144	HTTPS UA-Binary	87
6.6.145	HTTPS UA-XML	
6.6.146	HTTPS UA-JSON	
6.6.147	WSS UA-SC UA-Binary	
6.6.148	WSS UA-JSON	
6.6.149	Security User Access Control Full	
6.6.150	Security User Access Control Base	
6.6.151	Security Time Synchronization	
6.6.152	Best Practice – Audit Events	
6.6.153	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	
6.6.154	Best Practice – Random Numbers	
6.6.155	Best Practice – Timeouts	
6.6.156	Best Practice – Administrative Access	
6.6.157	Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	
6.6.158	Best Practice – Audit Events Client	
6.6.159	TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2	
6.6.160	TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2 with PFS	
6.6.161	SecurityPolicy – None	
6.6.162	SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15	
6.6.163	SecurityPolicy – Basic256	
6.6.164	SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep	
6.6.165	SecurityPolicy [B] – Basic256Sha256	
6.6.166	SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss	
6.6.167	User Token – Anonymous Facet	92

6.6.168	User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	93
6.6.169	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	93
6.6.170	User Token – Issued Token Server Facet	93
6.6.171	User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet	93
6.6.172	User Token – JWT Server Facet	93
6.6.173	User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	94
6.6.174	User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	94
6.6.175	User Token – Issued Token Client Facet	94
6.6.176	User Token – Issued Token Windows Client Facet	94
6.6.177	User Token – JWT Client Facet	94
6.6.178	Global Discovery Server Profile	95
6.6.179	Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile	95
6.6.180	Global Discovery and Certificate Management Server	95
6.6.181	Global Discovery and Certificate Mgmt 2017 Server	96
6.6.182	Global Certificate Management Client Profile	96
6.6.183	Global Certificate Management Client 2017 Profile	96
6.6.184	Global Service Authorization Request Server Facet	96
6.6.185	Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet	97
6.6.186	Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet	97

FIGURES

Figure 1 – Profile – ConformanceUnit – TestCases	4
Figure 2 – HMI Client sample	45
Figure 3 – Embedded Server sample	46
Figure 4 – Standard UA Server sample	47

TABLES

Table 1 – Profile Categories	5
Table 2 – Conformance Groups	5
Table 3 – Discovery Services	6
Table 4 – Session Services	8
Table 5 – Node Management Services	9
Table 6 – View Services	9
Table 7 – Attribute Services	10
Table 8 – Method Services	11
Table 9 – Monitored Item Services	12
Table 10 – Subscription Services	13
Table 11 – Security	15
Table 12 – Protocol and Encoding	22
Table 13 – Base Information	22
Table 14 – Address Space Model	25
Table 15 – Data Access	26
Table 16 – Alarms and Conditions	27
Table 17 – Historical Access	30
Table 18 – Aggregates	32
Table 19 – Auditing	37
Table 20 – Redundancy	38
Table 21 – Global Discovery Server	38
Table 22 – Miscellaneous	39
Table 23 – Profile list	40
Table 24 – Core Server Facet	47
Table 25 – Core 2017 Server Facet	48
Table 26 – Sessionless Server Facet	49
Table 27 – Reverse Connect Server Facet	49
Table 28 – Base Server Behaviour Facet	49
Table 29 – Request State Change Server Facet	49
Table 30 – Subnet Discovery Server Facet	49
Table 31 – Global Certificate Management Server Facet	50
Table 32 – Authorization Service Server Facet	50
Table 33 – KeyCredential Service Server Facet	50
Table 34 – Attribute WriteMask Server Facet	50
Table 35 – File Access Server Facet	50
Table 36 – Documentation Server Facet	51
Table 37 – Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	51
Table 38 – Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	
Table 39 – Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	52
Table 40 – Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	
Table 41 – Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	52

Table 42 – Durable Subscription Server Facet	. 53
Table 43 – Data Access Server Facet	. 53
Table 44 – ComplexType Server Facet	. 53
Table 45 – ComplexType 2017 Server Facet	. 54
Table 46 – Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	. 54
Table 47 – Address Space Notifier Server Facet	. 55
Table 48 – A & C Base Condition Server Facet	. 55
Table 49 – A & C Refresh2 Server Facet	. 55
Table 50 – A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet	. 55
Table 51 – A & C Enable Server Facet	. 55
Table 52 – A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet	. 56
Table 53 – A & C Alarm Server Facet	. 56
Table 54 – A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet	. 56
Table 55 – A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	. 57
Table 56 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	. 57
Table 57 – A & C Previous Instances Server Facet	. 57
Table 58 – A & C Dialog Server Facet	. 58
Table 59 – A & C CertificateExpiration Server Facet	. 58
Table 60 – A & E Wrapper Facet	. 58
Table 61 – Method Server Facet	. 59
Table 62 – Auditing Server Facet	. 59
Table 63 – Node Management Server Facet	. 59
Table 64 – User Role Base Server Facet	. 59
Table 65 – User Role Management Server Facet	. 60
Table 66 – State Machine Server Facet	. 60
Table 67 – Client Redundancy Server Facet	. 60
Table 68 – Redundancy Transparent Server Facet	. 60
Table 69 – Redundancy Visible Server Facet	. 61
Table 70 – Historical Raw Data Server Facet	. 61
Table 71 – Historical Aggregate Server Facet	. 61
Table 72 – Historical Data AtTime Server Facet	. 62
Table 73 – Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet	. 62
Table 74 – Historical Annotation Server Facet	. 62
Table 75 – Historical Data Insert Server Facet	. 62
Table 76 – Historical Data Update Server Facet	. 63
Table 77 – Historical Data Replace Server Facet	. 63
Table 78 – Historical Data Delete Server Facet	. 63
Table 79 – Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet	. 63
Table 80 – Base Historical Event Server Facet	. 64
Table 81 – Historical Event Update Server Facet	. 64
Table 82 – Historical Event Replace Server Facet	. 64
Table 83 – Historical Event Insert Server Facet	. 64
Table 84 – Historical Event Delete Server Facet	64

Table 85 – Aggregate Subscription Server Facet	64
Table 86 - Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	65
Table 87 - Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	66
Table 88 – Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	66
Table 89 – Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	66
Table 90 – Embedded UA Server Profile	67
Table 91 - Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile	67
Table 92 – Standard UA Server Profile	67
Table 93 – Standard 2017 UA Server Profile	68
Table 94 – Core Client Facet	68
Table 95 – Core 2017 Client Facet	69
Table 96 – Sessionless Client Facet	69
Table 97 – Reverse Connect Client Facet	69
Table 98 – Base Client Behaviour Facet	69
Table 99 – Discovery Client Facet	70
Table 100 – Subnet Discovery Client Facet	70
Table 101 – Global Discovery Client Facet	70
Table 102 – Global Certificate Management Client Facet	70
Table 103 – KeyCredential Service Client Facet	71
Table 104 – Access Token Request Client Facet	71
Table 105 – AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	71
Table 106 – Request State Change Client Facet	71
Table 107 – File Access Client Facet	71
Table 108 – Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	72
Table 109 – Multi-Server Client Connection Facet	72
Table 110 – Documentation – Client	72
Table 111 – Attribute Read Client Facet	72
Table 112 – Attribute Write Client Facet	73
Table 113 – DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	73
Table 114 – Durable Subscription Client Facet	73
Table 115 - DataAccess Client Facet	73
Table 116 – Event Subscriber Client Facet	74
Table 117 – Base Event Processing Client Facet	74
Table 118 – Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet	74
Table 119 – A & C Base Condition Client Facet	75
Table 120 – A & C Refresh2 Client Facet	75
Table 121 – A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet	75
Table 122 – A & C Enable Client Facet	75
Table 123 – A & C AlarmMetrics Client Facet	75
Table 124 – A & C Alarm Client Facet	76
Table 125 – A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	76
Table 126 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	76
Table 127 – A & C Previous Instances Client Facet	

Table 128 – A & C Dialog Client Facet	. 77
Table 129 – A & C CertificateExpiration Client Facet	. 77
Table 130 – A & E Proxy Facet	. 77
Table 131 – Method Client Facet	. 78
Table 132 – Auditing Client Facet	. 78
Table 133 - Node Management Client Facet	. 79
Table 134 – Advanced Type Programming Client Facet	. 79
Table 135 – User Role Management Client Facet	. 79
Table 136 – State Machine Client Facet	. 79
Table 137 – Diagnostic Client Facet	. 80
Table 138 – Redundant Client Facet	. 80
Table 139 – Redundancy Switch Client Facet	. 80
Table 140 – Historical Access Client Facet	. 80
Table 141 – Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	. 80
Table 142 – Historical Aggregate Client Facet	. 80
Table 143 – Historical Annotation Client Facet	. 81
Table 144 – Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	. 81
Table 145 – Historical Data Insert Client Facet	. 82
Table 146 – Historical Data Update Client Facet	. 82
Table 147 – Historical Data Replace Client Facet	. 82
Table 148 – Historical Data Delete Client Facet	. 82
Table 149 – Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet	. 82
Table 150 – Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet	. 83
Table 151 – Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet	. 83
Table 152 – Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet	. 83
Table 153 – Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet	. 83
Table 154 – Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet	. 83
Table 155 – Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet	. 83
Table 156 – Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet	. 84
Table 157 – Historical Events Client Facet	. 84
Table 158 – Historical Event Insert Client Facet	. 84
Table 159 – Historical Event Update Client Facet	. 84
Table 160 - Historical Event Replace Client Facet	. 84
Table 161 – Historical Event Delete Client Facet	. 85
Table 162 – Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet	. 85
Table 163 – Standard UA Client Profile	. 86
Table 164 – Standard UA Client 2017 Profile	. 86
Table 165 – UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	. 87
Table 166 – HTTPS UA-Binary	. 87
Table 167 – HTTPS UA-XML	. 87
Table 168 – HTTPS UA-JSON	. 88
Table 169 – WSS UA-SC UA-Binary	. 88
Table 170 – WSS IIA-ISON	88

Table 171 – Security User Access Control Full	. 88
Table 172 – Security User Access Control Base	. 88
Table 173 – Security Time Synchronization	. 89
Table 174 – Best Practice – Audit Events	. 89
Table 175 – Best Practice – Alarm Handling	. 89
Table 176 – Best Practice – Random Numbers	. 89
Table 177 – Best Practice – Timeouts	. 89
Table 178 – Best Practice – Administrative Access	. 90
Table 179 – Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	. 90
Table 180 – Best Practice – Audit Events Client	. 90
Table 181 – TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2	. 90
Table 182 – TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2 with PFS	91
Table 183 – SecurityPolicy – None	91
Table 184 - SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep	91
Table 185 – SecurityPolicy [B] – Basic256Sha256	. 92
Table 186 – SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss	
Table 187 – User Token – Anonymous Facet	93
Table 188 – User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	. 93
Table 189 – User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	93
Table 190 - User Token - Issued Token Server Facet	93
Table 191 – User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet	
Table 192 – User Token – JWT Server Facet	93
Table 193 – User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	. 94
Table 194 – User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	. 94
Table 195 – User Token – Issued Token Client Facet	
Table 196 – User Token – Issued Token Windows Client Facet	. 94
Table 197 - User Token - JWT Client Facet	
Table 198 – Global Discovery Server Profile	. 95
Table 199 - Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile	. 95
Table 200 - Global Discovery and Certificate Management Server	. 95
Table 201 – Global Discovery and Certificate Mgmt 2017 Server	96
Table 202 – Global Certificate Management Client Profile	. 96
Table 203 – Global Certificate Management Client 2017 Profile	. 96
Table 204 – Global Service Authorization Request Server Facet	97
Table 205 – Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet	97
Table 206 – Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet	97

OPC FOUNDATION

UNIFIED ARCHITECTURE -

FOREWORD

This specification is the specification for developers of OPC UA applications. The specification is a result of an analysis and design process to develop a standard interface to facilitate the development of applications by multiple vendors that shall inter-operate seamlessly together.

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Revision 1.04 Highlights

The following table includes the Mantis issues resolved with this revision.

Mantis ID	Summary	Resolution
3628	New Transport <i>Profiles</i> :WSS and HTTPS/JSON	Created encoding units for JSON, UA Binary and XML. Created transport profiles for https/json, wss/binary and wss/json.
3603	Under specified Security Policy Basic256Sha256	Added following explanatory text: "uses PKCS#1 v1.5 padding" to AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm "uses Sha1 for padding" to AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm
3442	No Push model in client profile	Changed global certification facets so that client only includes "pull" and server only includes "push".
<u>3634</u>	Add profile for JSON web token	JSON web token created for server and client.
<u>3606</u>	Add CU for MultiStateValueDiscreteType	Added CU for MultiStateValueDiscrete type to DataAccess server and client facet.
3644	Require handling of repeated invalid username/pwd	Created new CU and added it to all user tokens
3369	Durable Subscriptions: Determining reasonable queue sizes / timeouts	Updated the facet for durable subscriptions to include multiple storage levels where support of one of them is required.
3233	New facets needed for structures with the new DataTypeDefinition attribute	Created 2017 version for ComplexType Server Facet which requires the DataTypeDefinition Attribute Created ComplexType read and write facet for client (was an optional CU in read/write)
3347	Need CU/Profile for ResendData	Created 2017 version for the "Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet" where GetMonitoredItems and ResendData are mandatory. This required a 2017 version of "Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet". Also added to "DataChange Subscriber Client Facet" as optional CUs.
3650	Estimated return time needs CU	EstimatedReturnTime CUs created and added (optional) to Core 2017 Server Facet Core Client Facet
3673	Need CUs for atomicity	Atomicity CUs created and added to Core 2017 Server Facet (mandatory) Read/Write Attribute Client Facet (optional)
3674	Need CUs for "full array only"	FullArrayOnly CUs created and added to Core 2017 Server Facet (mandatory) Read/Write Attribute + DataChange Subscriber Client Facet (optional)
2382	CUs and Facets for state machine	Created Server and Client facets for state machines.
<u>3640</u>	Profiles for user authorization	Created "User Role Management" Client and Server profiles.
<u>3646</u>	Profiles for sessionless invoke	Created server and client facets. The server facet requires support of a GetEndpoint filter to request only endpoints that support sessionless invocation.
3645	Profiles for server-initiated connections	Added two facets: Reverse Connect Server Facet Reverse Connect Client Facet
3748	Add CUs for Available States and Available Transistions.	Created CUs for Client and Server and added them to StateMachine facets.
3759	Alarming: Silencing	Added conformance units for silencing to the Alarm facets.
<u>3763</u>	Alarming: Out Of Service	Added conformance units for out of service state to the Alarm facets.

Mantis ID	Summary	Resolution
<u>3771</u>	Alarming: Suppressed State	Added conformance units for suppressed state to the Alarm facets. Separate CU for the Suppress and Unsuppress Methods.
<u>3761</u>	Add Discrepancy Alarm type	Added conformance units for discrepancy Alarm to the Alarm facets.
<u>3760</u>	Alarm Metrics Profiles	Added new facets for Client and Server.
3764	Alarm properties for IEC 62682	Added CUs for: OnDelay and OffDelay ReAlarmTime, ReAlarmRepeatCount FirstInGroup AudibleSound ConditionSubClass
3817	SelectionListType missing	Created CUs for this new Variable Type and inserted them as optional to the Core Facets
<u>3791</u>	SHA1 broken	Deprecated Base128Rsa15 and Base256. Created new security policies.
3769	Remove specific security policies.	Base128Rsa15 and Base256 are now deprecated. In addition, all profiles that explicitely referenced security policies have been updated. They do not reference a security policy but rather require SecurityPolicy [A] and [B].
<u>3756</u>	GDS QueryApplications	Added new optional CUs for Global Client Discovery Facet and for the GDS.
3757	GDS Credential Management	Added new facets for Client and Server as well as for the GDS.
3758	GDS Authorization Service	Added new facets for Client and Server as well as for the GDS.

OPC Unified Architecture Specification

Part 7: Profiles

1 Scope

This part describes the OPC Unified Architecture (OPC UA) *Profiles*. The *Profiles* in this document are used to segregate features with regard to testing of OPC UA products and the nature of the testing (tool based or lab based). This includes the testing performed by the OPC Foundation provided OPC UA CTT (a self-test tool) and by the OPC Foundation provided Independent certification test labs. This could equally as well refer to test tools provided by another organization or a test lab provided by another organization. What is important is the concept of automated tool based testing versus lab based testing. The scope of this standard includes defining functionality that can only be tested in an a lab and defining the grouping of functionality that is to be used when testing OPC UA products either in a lab or using automated tools. The definition of actual *TestCases* is not within the scope of this document, but the general categories of TestCases are within the scope of this document.

Most OPC UA applications will conform to several, but not all of the *Profiles*.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Part 1: OPC UA Specification: Part 1 – Overview and Concepts http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part1/

Part 2: OPC UA Specification: Part 2 – Security Model http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part2/

Part 3: OPC UA Specification: Part 3 – Address Space Model http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part3/

Part 4: OPC UA Specification: Part 4 – Services http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part4/

Part 5: OPC UA Specification: Part 5 – Information Model http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part5/

Part 6: OPC UA Specification: Part 6 – Mappings http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part6/

Part 8: OPC UA Specification: Part 8 – Data Access http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part8/

Part 9: OPC UA Specification: Part 9 – Alarms and Conditions http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part9/

Part 10: OPC UA Specification: Part 10 – Programs http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part10/

Part 11: OPC UA Specification: Part 11 – Historical Access http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part11/ Part 12: OPC UA Specification: Part 12 - Discovery and Global Services

http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part12/

Part 13: OPC UA Specification: Part 13 – Aggregates

http://www.opcfoundation.org/UA/Part13/

Test Specifications

Compliance Part 8 UA Server: OPC Test Lab Specification: Part 8 - UA Server

http://www.opcfoundation.org/Test/Part8/

Compliance Part 9 UA Client: OPC Test Lab Specification: Part 9 - UA Client

http://www.opcfoundation.org/Test/Part9/

3 Terms, definitions, and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in Part 1, Part 2, Part 3, Part 4, Part 6, and Part 8 as well as the following apply. An overview of the terms defined in this standard and their interaction can be viewed in Figure 1.

3.1.1

application

a software program that executes or implements some aspect of OPC UA

Note 1 to entry: The application could run on any machine and perform any function. The application could be software or it could be a hardware application, the only requirement is that it implements OPC UA.

3.1.2

ConformanceUnit

a specific set of OPC UA features that can be tested as a single entity

Note 1 to entry: A ConformanceUnit can cover a group of services, portions of services or information models.

3.1.3

ConformanceGroup

a group of ConformanceUnits that is given a name

Note 1 to entry: This grouping is only to assist in organizing ConformanceUnits. Typical ConformanceGroups include groups for each of the service sets in OPC UA and each of the Information Model standards.

3.1.4

Facet

a Profile dedicated to a specific feature that a Server or Client may require

Note 1 to entry: Facets are typically combined to form higher-level Profiles. The use of the term Facet in the title of a Profile indicates that the given Profile is not a standalone Profile.

3.1.5

FullFeatured Profile

a Profile that defines all features necessary to build a functional OPC UA Application

Note 1 to entry: A FullFeatured Profile in particular adds definitions of the transport and security requirements.

3.1.6

ProfileCategory

arranges Profiles into application classes, such as Server or Client

Note 1 to entry: These categories help determine the type of Application that a given Profile would be used for. For additional details see 4.4.

3.1.7

TestCase

a technical description of a set of steps required to test a particular function or information model

Note 1 to entry: TestCases provide sufficient details to allow a developer to implement them in code. TestCases also provide a detailed summary of the expected result(s) from the execution of the implemented code and any precondition(s) that must be established before the TestCase can be executed.

3.1.8

TestLab

a facility that is designated to provide testing services

Note 1 to entry: These services include but are not limited to personal that directly perform testing, automated testing and a formal repeatable process. The OPC Foundation has provided detailed standard describing OPC UA TestLabs and the testing they are to provided (see Compliance Part 8 UA Server, Compliance Part 9 UA Client).

3.2 Abbreviations

DA Data Access
HA Historical Access

HMI Human Machine Interface

NIST National Institute of Standard and Technology

PKI Public Key Infrastructure RSA Rivest-Shamir-Adleman UA Unified Architecture

4 Overview

4.1 General

The OPC Unified architecture multipart standard describes a number of Services and a variety of information models. These Services and information models can be referred to as features of a Server or Client. Servers and Clients need to be able to describe which features they support and wish to have certified. This document provides a grouping of these features. The individual features are grouped into ConformanceUnits which are further grouped into 1 provides an overview of the interactions between ConformanceUnits and TestCases. The large arrows indicate the components that are used to construct the parent. For example a Profile is constructed from Profiles and ConformanceUnits. The figure also illustrates a feature of the OPC UA Compliance Test Tool (CTT), in that it will test if a requested Profile passes all ConformanceUnits. It will also test all other ConformanceUnits and report any other Profiles that pass conformance testing. The individual TestCases are defined in separate documents see Compliance Part 8 UA Server and Compliance Part 9 UA Client. The TestCases are related back to the appropriate ConformanceUnits defined in this standard. This relationship is also displayed by the OPC UA Compliance Test Tool.

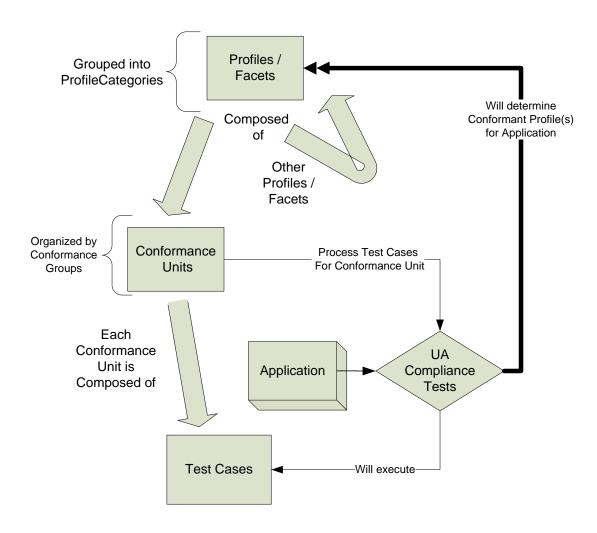


Figure 1 - Profile - ConformanceUnit - TestCases

4.2 ConformanceUnit

Each ConformanceUnit represents a specific set of features (e.g. a group of services, portions of services or information models) that can be tested as a single entity. ConformanceUnits are the building blocks of a Profile. Each ConformanceUnit can also be used as a test category. For each ConformanceUnit, there would be a number of TestCases that test the functionality described by the ConformanceUnit. The description of a ConformanceUnit is intended to provide enough information to illustrate the required functionality, but in many cases to obtain a complete understanding of the ConformanceUnit the reader may be required to also examine the appropriate part of OPC UA. Additional Information regarding testing of a ConformanceUnit are provided in the Compliance Part 8 UA Server or Compliance Part 9 UA Client test standards.

The same features do not appear in more than one ConformanceUnit.

4.3 Profiles

A *Profile* is a named aggregation of *ConformanceUnits* and other *Profiles*. To support a *Profile*, an application has to support the *ConformanceUnits* and all aggregated *Profiles*. The definition of *Profiles* is an ongoing activity, in that it is expected that new *Profiles* will be added in the future.

An OPC UA Application will typically support multiple Profiles.

Multiple Profiles may include the same ConformanceUnit.

Testing of a *Profile* consists of testing the individual *ConformanceUnits* that comprise the *Profile*.

Profiles are named based on naming conventions (see 6.3 for details).

4.4 Profile Categories

Profiles are grouped into categories to help vendors and end users understand the applicability of a *Profile*. A *Profile* can be assigned to more than one category.

Table 1 – Profile Categories contains the list of currently defined *ProfileCategories*.

Table 1 - Profile Categories

Category	Description
Client	Profiles of this category specify functions of an OPC UA Client.
Global Directory	Profiles of this category specify functions for global discovery and
Service	certificate management.
Security	Profiles of this category specify security related functions. Security
	policies are part of this category. The URI of security policies has to
	be part of an Endpoint Description returned from the GetEndpoints
	service. Profiles of this category apply to Clients and Servers.
Server Profiles of this category specify functions of an OPC UA Server	
	URI of such <i>Profiles</i> can be exposed in the <i>Server</i> capabilities.
Transport	Profiles of this category specify specific protocol mappings. The URI
	of such <i>Profiles</i> has to be part of an Endpoint Description. These
	Profiles apply to Clients and Servers.

5 Conformance Units

5.1 Overview

A *ConformanceUnit* represents an individually testable entity. For improved clarity, the large list of *ConformanceUnits* is arranged into named *ConformanceGroups*. These groups reflect the *Service Sets* in Part 4 and the OPC UA information models. Table 2 lists the *ConformanceGroups*. These groups and the *ConformanceUnits* that they describe are detailed in the Subclauses of chapter 5 starting with clause 5.2. *ConformanceGroups* have no impact on testing; they are used only for organizational reasons, i.e. to simplify the readability of this document.

Table 2 – Conformance Groups

Group	Description
Address Space Model	Defines ConformanceUnits for various features of the OPC UA
	AddressSpace.
Aggregates	All ConformanceUnits that are related to Aggregates, including
	individual ConformanceUnits for each supported Aggregate as
	described in Part 13.
Alarms and Conditions	All ConformanceUnits that are associated with the OPC UA
	Information Model for Conditions, acknowledgeable Conditions,
	confirmations and <i>Alarms</i> as specified in Part 9.
Attribute Services	Includes ConformanceUnits to read or write current or historical
	Attribute values.
Auditing	User level security includes support for security audit trails, with
	traceability between Client and Server audit logs.
Base Information	All information elements as defined in Part 5.
Data Access	ConformanceUnits specific to Clients and Servers that deal with the
	representation and use of automation data as specified in Part 8.
Discovery Services	ConformanceUnits which focus on Server Endpoint Discovery.
GDS	Conformance Units for a GDS. Includes units for global discovery
	and global certificate management.
Historical Access	Access to archived data of Node Attribute values or Events.

Group	Description
Method Services	Methods represent the function calls of Objects. Methods are
	invoked and return only after completion (successful or
	unsuccessful).
Miscellaneous	This group contains ConformanceUnits that cover miscellaneous
	subjects, such as recommended behaviours, documentation etc.
	These ConformanceUnits typically do not fit into any of the other groups.
Monitored Item Services	Clients define MonitoredItems to subscribe to data and Events.
	Each MonitoredItem identifies the item to be monitored and the
	Subscription to use to send Notifications.
Node Management Services	Bundles ConformanceUnits for all Services to add and delete OPC
	UA AddressSpace Nodes and References.
Protocol and Encoding	Covers all transport and encoding combinations that are specified in Part 6.
Redundancy	The design of OPC UA ensures that vendors can create redundant
	Clients and redundant Servers in a consistent manner. Redundancy
	may be used for high availability, fault tolerance and load balancing.
Security	Security related ConformanceUnits that can be profiled this includes
	all aspects of security.
Session Services	An (OPC UA) Session is an application layer connection.
Subscription Services	Subscriptions are used to report <i>Notifications</i> to the <i>Client</i> .
View Services	Clients use the View Service Set to navigate through the OPC UA
	AddressSpace or through a View (a subset) of the OPC UA
	AddressSpace.

5.2 Services

The following tables describe *ConformanceUnits* for the *Services* specified in Part 4. The tables correlate with the *Service Sets*.

A single *ConformanceUnit* can reference several *Services* (e.g. CreateSession, ActivateSession and CloseSession) but can also refer to individual aspects of *Services* (e.g. the use of ActivateSession to impersonate a new user).

Each table includes a listing of the *Profile Category* to which a *ConformanceUnit* belongs, the title and description of the *ConformanceUnit*. In some cases, a *ConformanceUnit* will be derived from another *ConformanceUnit*. This parent unit will then be specified in the description of each derived unit. In such cases the derived units inherit all of the tests of its parent plus one or more additional TestCases. These TestCases can only further restrict the existing TestCases. An example would be one in which the number of connections is tested, where the TestCase of the parent required at least one connection and the derived *ConformanceUnit* would require a *TestCase* for at least five connections.

The *Discovery Service* Set is composed of multiple *ConformanceUnits* (see Table 3). All *Servers* provide some aspects of this functionality; see *Profiles* categorized as *Server Profiles* for details. *Clients* may support some aspects of this functionality; see *Profiles* categorized as *Client Profiles* for details.

Table 3 – Discovery Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Discovery Get	Support the GetEndpoints Service to obtain all Endpoints of the Server.
	Endpoints	This includes filtering based on <i>Profiles</i> .
Server	Discovery Get	Support at least one endpoint for issueing SessionLess Services. Support
	Endpoints	obtaining such endpoints by accepting the Transport URI as a filter to the
	SessionLess	GetEndpoints Service with the query string "SL" appended to the Transport
		URI. E.g. "http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https-uajson?SL"
Server	Discovery Find	Support the FindServers Service only for itself.
	Servers Self	

Category	Title	Description
Server	<i>Discovery</i> Register	Call the RegisterServer Service to register itself (OPC UA Server) with an external Discovery Service via a secure channel with a SecurityMode other than NONE.
Server	Discovery Register2	Call the RegisterServer2 Service to register with an external Discovery Service via a Secure Channel with a SecurityMode other than "None". This includes passing a list of short capability identifiers. The identifiers and their use are specified in Part 12.
Server	Discovery Server Announcemen t using mDNS	Provide mDNS functionality to announce a <i>Server</i> with its capabilities. The capability identifiers and the use of mDNS records for the purpose of OPC UA <i>Discovery</i> is specified in Part 12. Note that this functionality is only required for <i>Servers</i> that do not register with an LDS. The capability identifiers and their use in mDNS records are specified in Part 12.
Server	Discovery Configuration	Allow configuration of the <i>Discovery Server</i> URL where the <i>Server</i> will register itself. Allow complete disabling of registration with a <i>Discovery Server</i> .
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	Uses the FindServers Service to obtain all Servers installed on a given platform.
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	Use FindServers Service to obtain URLs for specific Server URIs.
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	Detect new Servers after an initial FindServers Service call.
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network	Support one of the options to locate Servers on the network.
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network using LDS-ME	Use FindServersOnNetwork <i>Service</i> to obtain URLs for specific <i>Server</i> URIs. Note that this <i>Service</i> is available via the Local <i>Discovery Server</i> with multicast extension (LDS-ME).
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network using mDNS	Use mDNS based Service Discovery to locate Servers on the same multicast network. The contents of mDNS records for OPC UA Discovery are described in Part 12. Note that this functionality is only required for Clients when there is no Local Discovery Server with multicast extension (LDS-ME). The capability identifiers and their use in mDNS records are specified in Part 12.
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers in GDS	Use the QueryServers <i>Method</i> on the GDS Directory <i>Object</i> to locate <i>Servers</i> that meet filter criteria specified in the request. This <i>Method</i> is specified in Part 12.
Client	Discovery Client Find Applications in GDS	Use the QueryApplications <i>Method</i> on the GDS Directory <i>Object</i> to locate Applications that meet filter criteria specified in the request. This <i>Method</i> is specified in Part 12.
Client	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	Uses the GetEndpoints Service to obtain all Endpoints for a given Server URI.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Discovery	Uses the GetEndpoints Service with a filter to obtain Endpoints that can be
	Client Get	used for SessionLess Service invocation. The filter is the Transport URI
	Endpoints	extended with the query string "SL". E.g. http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	SessionLess	Profile/Transport/https-uajson?SL.
Client	Discovery	Detect changes to the Endpoints after an initial GetEndpoints Service call.
	Client Get	
	Endpoints	
	Dynamic	
Client	Discovery	Allow specification of an Endpoint without going through the <i>Discovery</i>
	Client	Service Set.
	Configure	
	Endpoint	

The Session Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 4). The CreateSession, ActivateSession, and CloseSession services are supported as a single unit. All Servers and Clients provide this functionality.

Table 4 - Session Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Session General	Implement basic Service behaviour. This includes in particular:
	Service Behaviour	 checking the authentication token
		 returning the requestHandle in responses
		 returning available diagnostic information as requested with the
		'returnDiagnostics' parameter
		- respecting a timeoutHint
Server	Session Base	Support the Session Service Set (CreateSession, ActivateSession,
		CloseSession) except the use of ActivateSession to change the Session
		user. This includes correct handling of all parameters that are provided.
		Note that for the CreateSession and ActivateSession services, if the
		SecurityMode = None then:
		1) The Application <i>Certificate</i> and Nonce are optional.
		2) The signatures are null/empty.
		The details of this are described in Part 4.
Server	Session Change User	Support the use of ActivateSession to change the Session user.
Server	Session Cancel	Support the Cancel Service to cancel outstanding requests.
Server	Session Minimum	Support minimum 1 Session (total).
Server	Session Minimum 2 Parallel	Support minimum 2 parallel Sessions (total for all <i>Clients</i>).
Server	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	Support minimum 50 parallel Sessions (total for all <i>Clients</i>).
Server	Session	Defines the support of the SessionlessInvoke Service defined in UA Part
	Sessionless	4 to process any of the Services (like Read/Write, Browse, or Call) that
	Invocation	are designated for Session-less invocation.
Client	Session Client	Implement basic Service behaviour. This includes in particular:
	General Service	 including the proper authentication token of the Session
	Behaviour	 creating a requestHandle if needed
		 requesting diagnostic information with the 'returnDiagnostics'
		parameter
		evaluate the serviceResult and operational results
Client	Session Client	Use the Session Service Set (CreateSession, ActivateSession, and
	Base	CloseSession) except the use of ActivateSession to change the Session
		user. This includes correct handling of all parameters that are provided
		Note that for the CreateSession and ActivateSession services, if the
		SecurityMode = None then:
		1) The Application <i>Certificate</i> and Nonce are optional.
		2) The signatures are null/empty.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Session Client Multiple Connections	Support unlimited connections (client side) with multiple Servers. Any limit on numbers of connections is from server side. May have a memory based limit, but not a software constraint limit.
Client	Session Client Renew Nodelds	This ConformanceUnit applies to Clients that allow persisting Nodelds. Verify that the Namespace Table has not changed for Nodelds that the Client has persisted and is going to re-use beyond a Session lifetime. If changes occurred the Client has to recalculate the Namespace Indices of the respective Nodelds.
Client	Session Client Impersonate	Uses ActivateSession to change the Session user (impersonation).
Client	Session Client KeepAlive	Make periodic requests to keep the Session alive.
Client	Session Client Detect Shutdown	Read or monitor the ServerStatus/State Variable to recognize a potential shutdown of the Server and clean up resources.
Client	Session Client Cancel	Use the Cancel Service to cancel outstanding requests.
Client	Session Client Auto Reconnect	Automatic <i>Client</i> reconnect including: - ActivateSession with new SecureChannel if SecureChannel is no longer valid but <i>Session</i> is still valid - Creation of a new <i>Session</i> only if <i>Session</i> is no longer valid
Client	Session Client Single Session	The <i>Client</i> shall interoperate with <i>Servers</i> that only support one <i>Session</i> .
Client	Session Client SessionLess Service Calls	Defines the use of the SessionlessInvoke Service defined in UA Part 4 to request one of the Services (like Read or Browse) that are allowed for sessionless invocation. UA Part 6 specifies which transports may be used and how.

The Node Management Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 5). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 5 - Node Management Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Node Management	Support the AddNodes Service to add one or more Nodes into the OPC
	Add Node	UA AddressSpace.
Server	Node Management	Support the DeleteNodes Service to delete one or more Nodes from the
	Delete Node	OPC UA AddressSpace.
Server	Node Management	Support the AddReferences Service to add one or more References to
	Add Ref	one or more Nodes in the OPC UA AddressSpace.
Server	Node Management	Support the DeleteReferences Service to delete one or more
	Delete Ref	References of a Node in the OPC UA AddressSpace.
Client	Node Management	Uses Node Management Services to add or delete Nodes and to add or
	Client	delete References in Server's OPC UA AddressSpace.

The View Service Set is composed of a multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 6). All Servers support some aspects of this conformance group. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 6 - View Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	View Basic	Support the View Service Set (Browse, BrowseNext).
Server	View TranslateBrowsePath	Support TranslateBrowsePathsToNodelds Service.
Server	View RegisterNodes	Support the RegisterNodes and UnregisterNodes Services as a way to optimize access to repeatedly used Nodes in the Server's OPC UA AddressSpace.

Category	Title	Description
Server	View Minimum Continuation Point 01	Support minimum 1 continuation point per Session.
Server	View Minimum Continuation Point 05	Support minimum 5 continuation points per <i>Session</i> . This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.
Client	View <i>Client</i> Basic Browse	Uses Browse and BrowseNext Services to navigate through the Server's OPC UA AddressSpace. Make use of the referenceTypeId and the nodeClassMask to specify the needed References.
Client	View Client Remote Nodes Browse	The <i>Client</i> can browse to nodes that have an extended NodeID that reference a <i>Server</i> different than the originating <i>Server</i> . This includes automatic connection to the remote <i>Server</i> . It is acceptable that the <i>Server</i> configuration information be pre-configured on the <i>Client</i> and / or that the user is prompted to connect.
Client	View <i>Client</i> Basic ResultSet Filtering	Makes use of the resultMask parameter to optimize the result set to be returned by the <i>Server</i> .
Client	View <i>Client</i> TranslateBrowsePath	Uses the TranslateBrowsePathsToNodelds <i>Service</i> to identify the Nodelds for <i>Nodes</i> where a starting <i>Node</i> and a BrowsePath is known. Makes use of bulk operations rather than multiple calls whenever possible.
Client	View <i>Client</i> Remote <i>Nodes</i> Translate Browse	The <i>Client</i> can translate browse paths that include nodes with extended NodelD that reference a <i>Server</i> different than the originating <i>Server</i> and return them as part of the TranslateBrowsePathsToNodelds <i>Service</i> . It is acceptable that the <i>Server</i> configuration information be pre-configured on the <i>Client</i> .
Client	View <i>Client</i> RegisterNodes	Uses the RegisterNodes Service to optimize access for Nodes that are used repeatedly. Use UnregisterNodes when Nodes are not used anymore.

The Attribute Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 7). The majority of the Attribute service set is a core functionality of OPC UA and as such is supported by most Servers. Most Clients will also support some aspects of the Attribute Service Set.

Table 7 – Attribute Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Attribute Read	Supports the Read Service to read one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes support of the IndexRange parameter to read a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array.
Server	Attribute Read Complex	Supports reading and encoding Values with structured DataTypes.
Server	Attribute Write Values	Supports writing to values to one or more <i>Attributes</i> of one or more <i>Nodes</i> .
Server	Attribute Write Complex	Supports writing and decoding Values with structured DataTypes.
Server	Attribute Write StatusCode & Timestamp	Supports writing of StatusCode and Timestamps along with the Value.
Server	Attribute Write Index	Supports the IndexRange to write a single element or a range of elements when the <i>Attribute</i> value is an array and partial updates is allowed for this array.
Server	Attribute Alternate Encoding	Supports alternate Data Encoding when reading value Attributes. By default, every Server has to support the Data Encoding of the currently used Stack Profile (i.e. binary with UA Binary Encoding and XML with XML Encoding). This ConformanceUnit - when supported - specifies that the other Data Encoding is supported in addition.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Attribute Historical Read	Supports the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> . The details of what aspects of this service are used are listed in additional <i>ConformanceUnits</i> , but at least one of ReadRaw, ReadProcessed, ReadModified, ReadAtTime or ReadEvents must be supported.
Server	Attribute Historical Update	Supports the HistoryUpdate service. The details of the supported features of this service are described by additional <i>ConformanceUnits</i> , but at least one of the following must be supported: InsertData, InsertEvents, ReplaceData, ReplaceEvents, UpdateData, UpdateEvents, DeleteData, DeleteEvents or DeleteAtTime.
Client	Attribute Client Read Base	Use the Read Service to read one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes use of an IndexRange to select a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array. Clients shall use bulk operations whenever possible to reduce the number of Service invocations.
Client	Attribute Client Remote Nodes Attribute Access	The <i>Client</i> can retrieve attributes of nodes that have an extended NodelD that reference a <i>Server</i> different than the originating <i>Server</i> . This requires a connection to the remote <i>Server</i> for access (not necessarily displayed as a connection). It is acceptable that the <i>Server</i> configuration information be pre-configured on the <i>Client</i> .
Client	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	This <i>ConformanceUnit</i> refers to the ability of a <i>Client</i> to discover the available encodings and choose a specific one when calling the Read <i>Service</i> .
Client	Attribute Client Read Complex	Read and decode Values with structured DataTypes.
Client	Attribute Client Write Base	Use the Write Service to write values to one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes use of an IndexRange to select a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array. Clients shall use bulk operations whenever possible to reduce the number of Service invocations.
Client	Attribute Client Write Complex	Write and Encode Values with structured DataTypes.
Client	Attribute Client Write Quality & Timestamp	Use the Write Service to also write StatusCode and/or Timestamps along with a Value.
Client	Attribute Client Historical Read	The <i>Client</i> makes use of the HistoryRead service. The details of which aspect of this service are used are provided by additional <i>ConformanceUnits</i> , but at least one or more of the following is used ReadRaw, ReadAtTime, ReadProcessed, ReadModified or ReadEvents.
Client	Attribute Client Historical Updates	The <i>Client</i> makes use of the HistoryUpdate service. The details of this usage are provided by additional <i>ConformanceUnits</i> , but at least one or more of the following must be provided InsertData, InsertEvents, ReplaceData, ReplaceEvents, UpdateData, UpdateEvents, DeleteData or DeleteEvents or DeleteAtTime.

The Method Service Set is composed of ConformanceUnits (see Table 8). The primary ConformanceUnits provide support for the call functionality. Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 8 - Method Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Method Call	Support the Call Service to call (invoke) a Method which includes support for Method Parameters.
Client	Method Client Call	Use the Call Service to call one or several Methods.

The MonitoredItem Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 9). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 9 - Monitored Item Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Monitor Basic	Support the following MonitoredItem Services:
		CreateMonitoredItems, ModifyMonitoredItems,
		DeleteMonitoredItems and SetMonitoringMode.
Server	Monitor Value Change	Support creation of <i>MonitoredItems</i> for <i>Attribute</i> value changes. This
		includes support of the IndexRange to select a single element or a
		range of elements when the Attribute value is an array.
Server	Monitor Complex	Supports monitoring and encoding Values with structured
	Value	DataTypes.
Server	Monitored Items	Supports an absolute Deadband filter as a DataChangeFilter for
	Deadband Filter	numeric data types.
Server	Monitor Aggregate	Support for Aggregate filters for MonitoredItems. The result of this
	Filter	ConformanceUnit includes a list of Aggregates that are supported as
		part of the <i>Profile Certificate</i> .
Server	Monitor Alternate	Support alternate encoding when monitoring value Attributes.
	Encoding	By default, every Server has to support the encoding of the currently
		used Stack <i>Profile</i> (i.e. binary with UA Binary Encoding and XML
		with XML Encoding). This ConformanceUnit - when supported -
		specifies that the other encoding is supported in addition.
Server	Monitor Items 2	Support at least 2 MonitoredItems per Subscription where the size of
		each MonitoredItem is at least equal to size of Double.
Server	Monitor Items 10	Support at least 10 MonitoredItems per Subscription where the size
		of each MonitoredItem is at least equal to size of Double.
Server	Monitor Items 100	Support at least 100 MonitoredItems per Subscription.
		This number has to be supported for at least half of the required
		Subscriptions for half of the required Sessions.
Server	Monitor Items 500	Support at least 500 MonitoredItems per Subscription.
		This number has to be supported for at least half of the required
		Subscriptions for half of the required Sessions.
Server	Monitor QueueSize_1	This ConformanceUnit does not require queuing when multiple value
		changes occur during a "publish period".
		I.e. the latest change will be sent in the Notification.
Server	Monitor	Support at least 2 queue entries for <i>MonitoredItems</i> .
	MinQueueSize_02	Servers often will adapt the queue size to the number of currently
		MonitoredItems. However, it is expected that Servers support this
		minimum queue size for at least one third of the supported
		Monitoreditems.
Server	Monitor	Support at least 5 queue entries for MonitoredItems.
	MinQueueSize_05	Servers often will adapt the queue size to the number of currently
		MonitoredItems. However, it is expected that Servers support this
		minimum queue size for at least one third of the supported
		Monitoreditems.
Server	Monitor	This ConformanceUnit is for events. When the Client requests
	QueueSize_ServerMax	queuesize=MAXUInt32 the Server is to return the maximum queue
		size that it can support for event notifications as the
		revisedQueueSize.
Server	Monitor Triggering	Support the SetTriggering Service to create and/or delete triggering
		links for a triggering item.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Monitor Events	Support creation of <i>MonitoredItems</i> for an "EventNotifier Attribute" for the purpose of Event Notification. The subscription includes supporting a filter that includes SimpleAttribute Operands and a select list of Operators. The list of Operators includes: Equals, IsNull, GreaterThan, LessThan, GreaterThanorEqual, LessThatorEqual, Like, Not, Between, InList, And, Or, Cast, BitwiseAnd, BitwiseOr.
Server	Monitor Complex Event Filter	Support for the 'TypeOf' complex <i>Event</i> filter operator.
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Value Change	Use the <i>MonitoredItem Service</i> Set to register items for changes in <i>Attribute</i> value. Use CreateMonitoredItems to register the <i>Node/Attribute</i> tuple. Set proper sampling interval, Deadband filter and queuing mode. Use disabling / enabling instead of deleting and re-creating a <i>MonitoredItem</i> . Use bulk operations rather than individual service requests to reduce communication overhead.
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Complex Value	Monitor and decode Values with structured DataTypes.
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Deadband Filter	Uses Absolute Deadband filters for subscriptions.
Client	Monitor Client by Index	Use the IndexRange to select a single element or a range of elements when the <i>Attribute</i> value is an array.
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Aggregate Filter	Uses Aggregate filters for Subscriptions.
Client	Monitor Client Events	Use the <i>MonitoredItem Service</i> Set to create <i>MonitoredItems</i> for <i>Event</i> notifications.
Client	Monitor Client Event Filter	Use the <i>Event</i> filter when calling CreateMonitoredItems to filter the desired Events and to select the columns to be provided for each <i>Event Notification</i> .
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Complex <i>Event</i> Filter	Use of the 'TypeOf' complex <i>Event</i> filter operator.
Client	Monitor Client Modify	Use ModifyMonitoredItems Service to change the configuration setting. Use SetMonitoringMode Service to disable / enable sampling and / or publishing.
Client	Monitor <i>Client</i> Trigger	Use the Triggering Model if certain items are to be reported only if some other item triggers. Use proper monitoring mode for these items. Use SetTriggering Service to link these items to the trigger item.

The Subscription Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 10). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 10 - Subscription Services

Category	Title	Description
Server	Subscription Basic	Support the following <i>Subscription Services</i> : CreateSubscription, ModifySubscription, DeleteSubscriptions, Publish, Republish and SetPublishingMode.
Server	Subscription Minimum 1	Support at least 1 <i>Subscription</i> per <i>Session</i> . This number has to be supported for all of the minimum required sessions.
Server	Subscription Minimum 02	Support at least 2 Subscriptions per Session. This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Subscription	Support at least 5 Subscriptions per Session.
	Minimum 05	This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.
Server	Subscription Publish	Support at least 2 Publish Service requests per Session.
	Min 02	This number has to be supported for all of the minimum required
		sessions. Support of a NotificationMessage retransmission queue is
		not required; if not available the Republish Service returns
		Bad_MessageNotAvailable.
Server	Subscription Publish	Support at least 5 Publish Service requests per Session.
	Min 05	This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum
		required sessions. Support, as a minimum, the number of Publish requests per session as the size of the NotificationMessage
		retransmission queue for Republish.
Server	Subscription Publish	Support at least 10 Publish Service requests per Session.
001101	Min 10	This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum
	Will 10	required sessions. Support, as a minimum, the number of Publish
		requests per session as the size of the NotificationMessage
		retransmission queue for Republish.
Server	Subscription Publish	Respect the specified policy for discarding Publish Service requests.
	Discard Policy	If the maximum number of Publish Service requests has been queued
		and a new Publish Service request arrives, the "oldest" Publish
	0.1.1.7.	request has to be discarded by returning the proper error.
Server	Subscription Transfer	Support TransferSubscriptions Service to transfer a Subscription from
Comican	Cubacintian Durable	one Session to another.
Server	Subscription Durable	Support setting Subscriptions in durable mode. This mode requires that collected data and events are stored and delivered even if a
		Client was disconnected for a longer time or the Server was restarted.
		Support one of the "Subscription Durable StorageLevel nnn"
		ConformanceUnits.
Server	Subscription Durable	Support at least 20 monitored items with a queue size of 10000 for
	StorageLevel Small	each item and where the size of each MonitoredItem is at least equal
		to size of Double. This requires storage capacity for 200 thousand
		values of DataType Double.
Server	Subscription Durable	Support at least 100 monitored items with a queue size of 50000 for
	StorageLevel Medium	each item and where the size of each <i>MonitoredItem</i> is at least equal
		to size of Double. This requires storage capacity for 5 million values of DataType Double.
Server	Subscription Durable	Support at least 2000 monitored items with a queue size of 200000
OCIVEI	StorageLevel High	for each item and where the size of each <i>MonitoredItem</i> is at least
	Otorago Lovor riigir	equal to size of Double. This requires storage capacity for 400 million
		values of DataType Double.
Client	Subscription Client	Use the Subscription and MonitoredItem Service Set as an efficient
	Basic	means to detect changes of Attribute values and / or to receive Event
		occurrences.
		Set appropriate intervals for publishing, keep alive notifications and
		total Subscription lifetime.
		Supply a sufficient number of Publish requests to the <i>Server</i> so that
		Notifications can be sent whenever a publish timer expires. Acknowledge received Notifications with subsequent Publish
		requests.
Client	Subscription Client	The <i>Client</i> shall interoperate with <i>Servers</i> that do not support
JJ.II.	Fallback	Subscriptions, or have exhausted Subscription limits, for Monitoring
		by using Read Service.
Client	Subscription Client	Evaluate the sequence number in Notifications to detect lost
	Republish	Notifications.
		Use Republish to request missing Notifications.
Client	Subscription Client	Allow modification of the Subscription configuration using the
	Modify	ModifySubscription Service.
Client	Subscription Client	The Client supports transferring Subscription from other Clients. This
	TransferSubscriptions	ConformanceUnit is used as part of redundant Clients.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Subscription Client	Use multiple Subscriptions to reduce the payload of individual
	Multiple	Notifications.
Client	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	Send multiple Publish <i>Service</i> requests to assure that the <i>Server</i> is always able to send <i>Notifications</i> . The number of parallel Publish <i>Service</i> requests per <i>Session</i> shall be configurable.
Client	Subscription Client Durable	Use durable Subscriptions.

5.3 Transport and communication related features

Table 11 describes security related *ConformanceUnits*. All of these *ConformanceUnits* apply equally to both *Clients* and *Servers*, where a *Client* uses the related security unit and a *Server* supports the use of it. These items are defined in detail in Part 6. It is recommended that a *Server* and *Client* support as many of these options as possible in order to achieve increased levels of interoperability. It is the task of an administrator to determine which of these *ConformanceUnits* are exposed in a given deployed *Server* or *Client* application.

Table 11 - Security

Category	Title	Description
Security	Security User Name Password	The Server supports User Name/Password combination(s). The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User X509	The <i>Server</i> supports a public/private key pair for user identity. The use of this feature must be able to be enabled or disabled by an administrator.
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos	The Server supports a Kerberos Server token for User Identity. The use of this feature must be able to be enabled or disabled by an Administrator. The use of this token is defined in Kerberos Token Documentation. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows	The Server supports the Windows implementation of Kerberos Tokens. This ConformanceUnit only applies if the "Security User IssuedToken Kerberos" is supported. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User JWT IssuedToken	The Server supports a JSON Web Token (JWT) for user identity. Part 6 describes OAuth2 and JWTs in more detail. The use of this feature must be able to be enabled or disabled by an Administrator. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.

Category	Title	Description
Security	Security User Anonymous	The Server provides support for Anonymous access. The use of this feature must be able to be enabled or disabled by an Administrator.
		By default Anonymous access shall be disabled.
Security	Security User Name Password <i>Client</i>	A <i>Client</i> uses a User Name/Password combination. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it
_		cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User X509 Client	A <i>Client</i> uses a public/private key pair for user identity. This includes all validation and trust issues associated with a certificate.
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos <i>Client</i>	A <i>Client</i> uses a Kerberos <i>Server</i> token. The use of this token is defined by the Kerberos documentation. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows Client	A <i>Client</i> uses the Windows implementation of Kerberos tokens. This <i>ConformanceUnit</i> only applies if the "Security User IssuedToken Kerberos <i>Client</i> " is supported. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security User JWT IssuedToken <i>Client</i>	A Client uses a JSON Web Token (JWT) for user identity. Part 6 describes OAuth2 and JWTs in more detail. The token will be encrypted if required by the security policy of the User Token Policy or by the security policy of the endpoint. An unencrypted token either requires message encryption or means outside the scope of OPC UA to secure the identity token so that it cannot be retrieved by sniffing the communication. One option would be a secure transport like a VPN.
Security	Security Invalid user token	Servers shall take proper measures to protect against attacks on user identity tokens. Such an attack is assumed if repeated connection attempts with invalid user identity tokens happen. See ActivateSession Service in UA Part 4.
Security	Security User JWT Token Policy	The Server supports one or more Endpoints with a UserTokenPolicy that includes a JWT IssuerEndpointUrl as defined in UA Part 6. For JWT the issuerEndpointUrl is a JSON object that includes all parameters that define the AuthorizationService. As part of the JWT Token Policy, the Server shall support at least one of the following Authority Profile Conformance Units. The URIs defined in the ConformanceUnit shall be exposed in the authorityProfileURI field of the JWT Token Policy.
Security	Security User JWT Token Policy Client	The Client understands and uses the Authorization Service definition inside the JWT UserTokenPolicy returned with GetEndpoints. It shall support at least one of the following Authority Profile Conformance Units. The URIs defined in the ConformanceUnit are in the authorityProfileURI field of the JWT Token Policy exposed in Server Endpoints.
Security	OAuth2 Authority Profile	This unit indicates support of OAuth2 over HTTPS to request access tokens. The URI for the interactions with this authority is "http://opcfoundation.org/UA/Authorization#OAuth2"

Category	Title	Description
Security	OPC UA Authority	This unit indicates support of the OPC UA <i>Methods</i> defined in UA Part
Coourity	Profile	12 to request access tokens.
		The URI for the interactions with this authority is
	Azura Idantitu	"http://opcfoundation.org/UA/Authorization#OPCUA"
Security	Azure Identity Provider Authority	This unit indicates support of the Azure identity provider to request access tokens.
	Profile	The URI for the interactions with this authority is
	Tromo	"http://opcfoundation.org/UA/Authorization#Azure"
Security	Security Certificate	A certificate will be validated as specified in Part 4. This includes
,	Validation	among others structure and signature examination. Allowing for some
		validation errors to be suppressed by administration directive.
Security	Security Default	An application, when installed, has a default
	ApplicationInstance	ApplicationInstanceCertificate that is valid. The default
	Certificate	ApplicationInstanceCertificate shall either be created as part of the
		installation or installation instructions explicitly describe the process to create and apply a default ApplicationInstanceCertificate to the
		application.
Security	Security – No	The Server supports being able to be configured for no application
Occurry	Application	authentication, just User authentication and normal encryption/signing:
	Authentication	Configure Server to accept all certificates
		- Certificates are just used for message security (signing and
		encryption)
		Users level is used for authentication
Security	Security Policy	Support at least Security Policy [A] and Security Policy [B].
	Required	Support of multiple Security Policies - even obsolete ones - is
		recommended. This will provide best interoperability and allows the
		end user to choose the required level of security. Obsolete Security Policies shall not be enabled / usable without
		administrative intervention.
Security	Security None	When SecurityPolicy=None, the CreateSession and ActivateSession
	CreateSession	service allow for a NULL/empty signature and do not require
	ActivateSession	Application Certificates or a Nonce.
Security	Security None	The Client can connect to Servers that require a certificate being
	CreateSession	passed on Session establishment. The Client in this case will first try
	ActivateSession 1.0	without a certificate and if this fails present a certificate.
Security	Security TLS	This ConformanceUnit indicates that at least one of the transport
	General	security <i>Profiles</i> for TLS is supported by this application. It is used in
		TLS transport <i>Profiles</i> , but the choice of transport security profile is optional. The actual used security profile will default to the most
		secure one.
Security	Security TLS_RSA	The connection is established using
	with	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256. That has a
	AES_256_CBC_SHA	MinAsymmetricKeyLength – 2048, MaxAsymmetricKeyLength – 4096,
	256	AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm – RSA_SHA256. (TLS 1.2)
Security	Security	The connection is established using TLS_DHE_RSA with
	TLS_DHE_RSA with	AES_128_CBC_SHA256 or TLS_DHE_RSA with
	AES_nnn_CBC_SHA	AES_256_CBC_SHA256. That has a MinAsymmetricKeyLength –
	256	2048, MaxAsymmetricKeyLength – 4096, CertificateSignatureAlgorithm – RSA_SHA256. (TLS 1.2).
		Clients and Servers have to support both algorithms.
Security	Security Encryption	Encryption is required using the algorithms provided in the security
<i> ,</i>	Required	algorithm suite.
Security	Security Signing	Signing is required using the algorithms provided in the security
	Required	algorithm suite.
Security	Security Time Synch	Application supports configuring acceptable clock skew.
	- Configuration	
Security	Security Time Synch	Application supports time synchronization, either via an
	– NTP / OS Based	implementation of Network Time Protocol (NTP), or via features of a
	support	standard operating system.

Category	Title	Description
Security	Security Time Synch	An application makes use of the responses header timestamp
	 UA based support 	provided by a configured well know source, such as a <i>Discovery</i>
		Server to synchronize the time on the application and that this time
		synchronization occurs periodically. Use of this TimeSyncing can be
		configured.
Security	Security	Allow configuration of the following Security related items (when they
	Administration	apply).
		* select the allowed User identification policy or policies (e.g. User
		Name/Password or X509).
		* enable/disable the security policy "None" or other security policies. * enable/disable endpoints with MessageSecurityMode SIGN or
		SIGNANDENCRYPT.
		* set the permitted certification authorities.
		* define how to react to unknown Certificates.
		* allow accepting any valid Certificate
Security	Security	Support the OPC UA defined XML schema for importing and exporting
	Administration – XML	security configuration information. This schema is defined in Part 6.
	Schema	
Security	Security Certificate	Allow a site administrator to be able to assign a site specific
	Administration	ApplicationInstanceCertificate and if desired to configure a site
		specific Certificate Authority (CA).
Security	Security Role Server	Support the User Authorization Information Model defined in UA Parts
	Base	3 and 5 - like Roles - and the RolePermissions and
		UserRolePermissions Attributes.
Security	Security Role Well	Support the well-known Roles "ConfigureAdmin" and "SecurityAdmin"
	Known	with suggested permissions defined in UA Part 3.
Security	Security Role Server	Allow authorized users to add and/or remove Identities from Roles
0	IdentityManagement	with the appropriate <i>Methods</i> .
Security	Security Role Server	Allow authorized users to create new Roles and/or remove Roles with
Socurity	Management Security Role Server	the appropriate Methods. Support adding applications to a Role with the appropriate <i>Methods</i> so
Security	Restrict Applications	that only these applications can use this Role.
Security	Security Role Server	Support adding Endpoints to a Role with the appropriate <i>Methods</i> .
Occurry	Restrict Endpoints	With this restriction a Role is only applied when a <i>Client</i> connects via
	Trouber Emaperate	one of these Endpoints.
Security	Security Role Server	Allow authorized users to set the DefaultRolePermissions <i>Property</i> for
,	DefaultRolePermissi	certain NameSpaces. DefaultRolePermissions are applied if no
	ons	RolePermissions are associated with a <i>Node</i> .
Security	Security Role Server	Allow authorized users to set the RolePermissions Attribute on Nodes.
	RolePermissions	
Security	Security Role Server	Restrict access based on the configured Roles and permissions.
	Authorization	
Security	Security Role Client	Understand and use the User Authorization Information Model defined
	Base	in UA Part 5 and the RolePermissions Attribute.
Security	Security Role Client	Support creating new Roles and adding Identities as well as remove
	Management	Roles or Identities using the appropriate <i>Methods</i> .
Security	Security Role Client	Use the appropriate <i>Methods</i> to add applications to a Role so that only
	Restrict Applications	these applications can use this Role.
Security	Security Role Client	Use the appropriate <i>Methods</i> to add Endpoints to a Role. With this
	Restrict Endpoints	restriction a Role is only applied when a <i>Client</i> connects via one of these Endpoints.
Security	Security Role Client	Ability to set the DefaultRolePermissions <i>Property</i> for certain
Security	DefaultRolePermissi	NameSpaces. DefaultRolePermissions are applied if no
	ons	RolePermissions are associated with a <i>Node</i> .
Security	Security Role Client	Support setting the RolePermissions <i>Attribute</i> on <i>Nodes</i> .
Jooding	RolePermissions	Support Solding the reside offinesions / throate off / vodes.
Security	Pull Model for Global	Use the Certificate Management Services of UA Part 12 for the Pull
	Certificate and	model to manage Application Instance Certificates and Trust Lists
	TrustList	including Revocation Lists.

Category	Title	Description
Security	Push Model for	Support the Certificate Management Services of UA Part 12 for the
	Global Certificate	Push model to manage Application Instance Certificates and Trust
	and TrustList	Lists including Revocation Lists.
	Management	
Security	Pull Model for	Use the <i>Methods</i> on an instance of the KeyCredentialServiceType
	KeyCredential	(Pull model) to obtain KeyCredentials as specified in UA Part 12.
	Service	
Security	Push Model for	Support the KeyCredential Services Push model of UA Part 12 to
	KeyCredential	obtain KeyCredentials. This includes support of one or more instances
	Service	of the KeyCredentialConfigurationType and the <i>Methods</i> to update or
		delete credentials.
Security	Authorization Service	Support the Object Types defined in Part 12 to allow configuration of
	Configuration Server	information needed to accept Access Tokens when presented by the
		Client during session establishment. Access Tokens are issued by
		Authorization Services.
Security	Authorization Service	Use the RequestAccessToken Method defined in UA Part 12.
	Client	·
Security	SymmetricSignatur	This algorithm does not apply.
	eAlgorithm_None	
Security	SymmetricSignatur	A keyed hash which is defined in
	eAlgorithm_HMAC-	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2104.
	SHA1	The hash algorithm is SHA1 and is described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3174.
		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#hmac-sha1.
		No known exploits exist when using SHA1 with a keyed hash,
		however, SHA1 was broken in 2017 so use of this algorithm is
		not recommended.
Security	SymmetricSignatur	A keyed hash used for message authentication which is defined
	eAlgorithm_HMAC-	in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2104.
	SHA2-256	The hash algorithm is SHA2 with 256 bits and described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4634
Security	SymmetricEncrypti	This algorithm does not apply.
	onAlgorithm_None	The angernam account apply
Security	SymmetricEncrypti	The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in
,	onAlgorithm_AES1	http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf.
	28-CBC	Multiple blocks encrypted using the CBC mode described in
		http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication
		800-38a.pdf.
		The key size is 128 bits. The block size is 16 bytes.
		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc.
Security	SymmetricEncrypti	The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in
-	onAlgorithm_AES2	http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf.
	56-CBC	Multiple blocks encrypted using the CBC mode described in
		http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication
		800-38a.pdf.
		The key size is 256 bits. The block size is 16 bytes.
		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc.
Security	SymmetricEncrypti	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in
Security	SymmetricEncrypti onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc.
Security		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication 800-38a.pdf. The counter block format is defined in
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication 800-38a.pdf. The counter block format is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3686.
Security	onAlgorithm_AES1	The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc. The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication 800-38a.pdf. The counter block format is defined in

Category	Title	Description
Security	SymmetricEncrypti onAlgorithm_AES2 56-CTR	The AES encryption algorithm which is defined in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf. The key size is 256 bits. The block size is 16 bytes. Multiple blocks encrypted using the CTR mode described in http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublication 800-38a.pdf. The counter block format is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3686. The key size is 128 bits. The block size is 16 bytes. The input
		nonce length is 4 bytes. The URI is http://opcfoundation.org/UA/security/aes256-ctr.
Security	AsymmetricSignatu reAlgorithm_None	This algorithm does not apply.
Security	AsymmetricSignatu reAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA1	The RSA signature algorithm which is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447. The RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme is used. The hash algorithm is SHA1 and is described in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3174. The URI is http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1. SHA1 was broken in 2017 so this algorithm should not be used.
Security	AsymmetricSignatu reAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	The RSA signature algorithm which is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447. The RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme is used. The hash algorithm is SHA2 with 256bits and is described in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234. The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256.
Security	AsymmetricSignatu reAlgorithm_RSA- PSS -SHA2-256	The RSA signature algorithm which is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447. The RSASSA-PSS scheme is used. The hash algorithm is SHA2 with 256bits and is described in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234. The mask generation algorithm also uses SHA2 with 256 bits. The salt length is 32 bytes. The URI is http://opcfoundation.org/UA/security/rsa-pss -sha2-256.
Security	AsymmetricEncrypti onAlgorithm_None	This algorithm does not apply.
Security	AsymmetricEncrypti onAlgorithm_RSA- PKCS15	The RSA encryption algorithm which is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447. The RSAES-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme is used. The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5. The RSAES-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme has known weaknesses and is not recommended.
Security	AsymmetricEncrypti onAlgorithm_RSA- OAEP-SHA1	The RSA encryption algorithm which is defined in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447. The RSAES-OAEP scheme is used. The hash algorithm is SHA1 and is described in https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234. The mask generation algorithm also uses SHA1. The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep. No known exploits exist when using SHA1 with RSAES-OAEP, however, SHA1 was broken in 2017 so use of this algorithm is not recommended.

Category	Title	Description
Security	AsymmetricEncrypti	The RSA encryption algorithm which is defined in
,	onAlgorithm_RSA-	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447.
	OAEP-SHA2-256	The RSAES-OAEP scheme is used.
		The hash algorithm is SHA2 with 256 bits and is described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234.
		The mask generation algorithm also uses SHA2 with 256 bits.
		The URI is http://opcfoundation.org/UA/security/rsa-oaep-sha2-
		256.
Security	KeyDerivationAlgori	This algorithm does not apply.
Coourity	thm_None	The P_SHA-1 pseudo-random function defined in
Security	KeyDerivationAlgori	
	thm_P-SHA1	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4346.
		The URI is http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-secureconversation/200512/dk/p_sha1.
		No known exploits exist when using SHA1 with P-SHA-1,
		however, SHA1 was broken in 2017 so use of this algorithm is
		not recommended.
Security	KeyDerivationAlgori	The P_SHA256 pseudo-random function defined in
Joourney	thm_P-SHA2-256	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246.
		The URI is http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-
		secureconversation/200512/dk/p_sha256.
Security	CertificateSignatur	This algorithm does not apply.
,	eAlgorithm_None	
Security	CertificateSignatur	The RSA signature algorithm which is defined in
	eAlgorithm_RSA-	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447.
	PKCS15-SHA2-256	The RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme is used.
		The hash algorithm is SHA2 with 256bits and is described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234.
		The SHA2 algorithm with 384 or 512 bits may be used instead of
		SHA2 with 256 bits.
		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-
		sha256.
Security	CertificateSignatur	The RSA signature algorithm which is defined in
	eAlgorithm_RSA-	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3447.
	PKCS15-SHA1	The RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5 scheme is used.
		The hash algorithm is SHA1 and is described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3174.
		The URI is http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1.
		SHA1 was broken in 2017 so this algorithm should not be used.
		The SHA2 algorithm with 244, 256, 384 or 512 bits may be used instead of SHA1.
		The SHA2 algorithm is described in
		https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6234.
Security	SecurtyPolicy_Non	DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 0
Socurity	e_Limits	25
Security	Aes128-Sha256-	-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 256 bits
ĺ	RsaOaep_Limits	-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength: 2048 bits
	. –	-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength: 4096 bits
		-> SecureChannelNonceLength: 32 bytes
Security	Basic256Sha256_L	-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 256 bits
	imits	-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength: 2048 bits
		-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength: 4096 bits
		-> SecureChannelNonceLength: 32 bytes
Security	Aes256-Sha256-	-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 256 bits
	RsaPss_Limits	-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength: 2048 bits
		-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength: 4096 bits
		-> SecureChannelNonceLength: 32 bytes

Category	Title	Description
Security	Basic128Rsa15_Li	-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 128 bits
	mits	-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength: 1024 bits
		-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength: 2048 bits
		-> SecureChannelNonceLength: 16 bytes
Security	Basic256_Limits	-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength: 192 bits
		-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength: 1024 bits
		-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength: 2048 bits
		-> SecureChannelNonceLength: 32 bytes

Table 12 describes protocol and encoding related features that can be profiled. These features are defined in detail in Part 6. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Clients* support as many of these options as possible for greatest interoperability.

Table 12 - Protocol and Encoding

Category	Title	Description
Server	Protocol Reverse Connect Server	Support reverse connectivity by sending a ReverseHello message to a
	Connect Server	Client. The reverse connect procedure can be applied to several
		transports as specified in UA Part 6 and shall be supported for all of
0	Destand	these that are available in a Server.
Server	Protocol Configuration	Allow administration of the Endpoints and the port number used by the Endpoints.
Client	Protocol Reverse	Support reverse connectivity by accepting Reverse Hello messages from
	Connect Client	Servers and establish a Secure Channel if the URI of the Server is
		accepted by Client or Client user. The reverse connect procedure can be
		applied to several transports as specified in UA Part 6 and shall be
		supported for all of these transports that are supported by the Client.
Transport	Protocol UA TCP	Support the UA TCP transport protocol as defined in UA Part 6.
Transport	Protocol HTTPS	Support the HTTPS protocol as defined in UA Part 6.
Transport	Protocol Web	Support the WebSocket protocol (WSS) with at least one of the sub-
	Sockets	protocols defined in UA Part 6.
Transport	UA Secure	Support UA Secure Conversation specified in UA Part 6.
	Conversation	
Transport	UA Binary	Support UA Binary Encoding. Values of these data types are encoded in
	Encoding	compact binary formats, contiguously and without tagging. I.e. the
		receiver is assumed to understand the structure it is decoding.
Transport	UA SOAP-XML	Support Soap V1.2 based Xml Encoding as defined in UA Part 6. The
•	Encoding	XML elements include all information necessary to convert it back into
		OPC UA structures of any language.
Transport	JSON Reversible	Support reversible JSON Encoding as defined in UA Part 6. The JSON
·	Encoding	object includes all information necessary to convert it back into OPC UA
		structures of any language.

5.4 Information Model and AddressSpace related features

Table 13 describes base features related items that can be profiled. For additional information about these items, please refer to Part 3, Part 5 and Part 6. Servers with a larger resource capacity would support most of this functionality, but smaller resource constraint Server may omit some of this functionality. Many Clients would utilize some of this functionality and more robust Clients would utilize most of this functionality.

Table 13 - Base Information

Category	Title	Description
Server	Base Info Core Structure	The Server supports the Server Object, ServerCapabilities
		and supports the OPC UA AddressSpace structure.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Base Info Server Capabilities	The Server supports publishing of the Server limitation in the ServerCapabilities, including MaxArrayLength, MaxStringLength, MaxNodePerRead, MaxNodesPerWrite, MaxNodesPerSubscription and MaxNodesPerBrowse.
Server	Base Info Progress Events	The Server exposes if generation of Progress events for long running service calls such as HistoryRead or Query is supported. If it is listed as supported in ServerCapabilities, than the actual events are verified.
Server	Base Info Diagnostics	The Server supports the collection of diagnostic information. The EnabledFlag in the ServerDiagnostics Object can be set TRUE and in that case all static and dynamic Objects and Variables for diagnostic data as defined in UA Part 5 are supported.
Server	Base Info System Status	The Server supports generating SystemStatusChangeEventType indicating shutdown of the Server (SourceNode=Server).
Server	Base Info Estimated Return Time	Server supports the EstimatedReturnTime Property. It indicates the time at which the Server is expected to have a ServerStatus.State of RUNNING_0. Clients can use this information to govern the reconnect logic.
Server	Base Info System Status Underlying System	The Server supports generating SystemStatusChangeEventType indicating changes to an Underlying System (SourceNode = Server). This event can also be used to indicate that the OPC UA Server has underlying systems.
Server	Base Info Device Failure	The Server supports generating DeviceFailureEventType indicating changes to individual devices in an underlying system.
Server	Base Info GetMonitoredItems Method	The Server supports obtaining subscription information via GetMonitoredItems Method on the Server object.
Server	Base Info ResendData Method	Support the standard <i>Method</i> ResendData (defined in UA Part 5) to get the latest value of the monitored items of a <i>Subscription</i> .
Server	Base Info Type System	The Server exposes a Type System with DataTypes, ReferenceTypes, ObjectTypes and VariableTypes including all of the OPC UA (namespace 0) types that are used by the Server, as defined in Part 5. Items that are defined in Namespace 0 but are defined in other specification parts are tested as part of the other information models.
Server	Base Info Custom Type System	The <i>Server</i> supports custom types (i.e. types that are derived from well-known <i>ObjectTypes</i> , VariableTypes, ReferenceTypes or DataTypes). Supporting this conformance unit requires that the custom types with their full inheritance tree are exposed in the <i>AddressSpace</i> .
Server	Base Info Model Change	The Server supports ModelChange Event and NodeVersion Property for all Nodes that the server allows Model changes for.
Server	Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules	The Server supports defining custom Object or Variables that include the use of OptionalPlaceholder or MandatoryPlaceholder modelling rules.
Server	Base Info SemanticChange	The Server supports SemanticChangeEvent for some Properties. This includes setting the SemanticChange Bit in the status when a semantic change occurs, such as a change in the engineering unit associated with a value.
Server	Base Info EventQueueOverflow EventType	The Server supports the EventQueueOverflowEventType as defined in Part 4.
Server	Base Info OptionSet	The Server supports the VariableType OptionSet.
Server	Base Info ValueAsText	The Server supports the Property ValueAsText for enumerated DataTypes.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Base Info Engineering Units	The Server supports defining Variables that include the Engineering Units Property. This property makes use of the EUInformation data structure. This structure by default represents the UN/CEFACT "Codes for Units of Measurement". If a different EU representation is required then the EUInformation.namespaceUri will indicate the alternate namespace.
Server	Base Info Selection List	The Server supports Variables of the SelectionListType VariableType.
Server	Base Info FileType Base	The Server supports the FileType Object (see Part 5). File writing may be restricted.
Server	Base Info FileType Write	The Server supports the FileType Object, including writing of files. Also included is the support of user access control on FileType Object.
Server	Base Info RequestServerStateChange Method	The Server supports the RequestServerStateChange Method.
Server	Base Info State Machine Instance	Support instances of the StateMachineType or a sub-type in the <i>AddressSpace</i> . Generate Events when significant state changes occur. At least one GeneratesEvent <i>Reference</i> exists to define the <i>Event</i> (s) triggered on state changes.
Server	Base Info Finite State Machine Instance	Support instances of the FiniteStateMachineType or a subtype in the <i>AddressSpace</i> .
Server	Base Info Available States and Transitions	Support the Properties AvailableStates and AvailableTransitions defined for the FiniteStateMachineType.
Client	Base Info Client Basic	The Client uses the defined OPC UA AddressSpace. Access or provide access to Server information like the Server's state, BuildInfo, capabilities, Namespace Table and Type Model.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Honour Operation Limits	The Client shall honour Server limits described in ServerCapabilites Object of Server.
Client	Base Info Event Processing	The <i>Client</i> is able to subscribe for and process base OPC UA Events.
Client	Base Info Client System Status	The Client makes use of SystemStatusChangeEventType to detect server shutdowns.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Estimated Return Time	Client uses the EstimatedReturnTime Property to govern the reconnect logic.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> System Status Underlying System	The Client makes use of SystemStatusChangeEventType to detect changes to an Underlying System (SourceNode = Server).
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Device Failure	The Client makes use of DeviceFailureEventType to detect failed devices in underlying systems
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Progress Events	The Client makes use of ProgressEvents, including checking for their support.
Client	Base Info Client Diagnostics	The <i>Client</i> provides interactive or programmatic access to the <i>Server</i> 's diagnostic information.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Type Programming	The Client programmatically process instances of Objects or Variables by using their type definitions. This includes custom DataTypes, ObjectTypes and VariableTypes.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Type Pre- Knowledge	The <i>Client</i> shall interoperate with <i>Servers</i> that do not expose OPC UA Types in <i>AddressSpace</i> .
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Remote <i>Nodes</i>	The <i>Client</i> can access Nodes that have an extended NodelD that reference a <i>Server</i> different then the orginating <i>Server</i> . It is acceptable that the <i>Server</i> configuration information be preconfigured on the <i>Client</i> .
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Change Events	The <i>Client</i> processes ModelChangeEvents to detect changes in the <i>Server's</i> OPC UA <i>AddressSpace</i> and take appropriate action for a given change.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Base Info Client	The Client makes use of GetMonitoredItems Method to
	GetMonitoredItems Method	recover for communication interruptions and/or to recover
		subscription information.
Client	Base Data <i>Client</i> ResendData	The Client makes use of ResendData Method to fetch the last
	Method	value of the data monitored items.
Client	Base Info Client Selection List	The Client uses and understands Variables of the
		SelectionListType VariableType.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> FileType Base	The Client can access a FileType Object to transfer a file from
		the Server to the Client. This includes large files.
Client	Base Info Client FileType Write	The Client can access a FileType Object to transfer a file from
		the Client to the Server. This includes large files.
Client	Base Info Client	The Client can invoke the RequestServerStateChange
	RequestServerStateChange	Method.
Client	Base Info Client State Machine	Use instances of the StateMachineType or a sub-type.
	Instance	Monitor either the CurrentState component Variable of the
		instance or the Events triggered as effect of state changes.
		Use Methods when defined for the StateMachineType to
		affect the state.
Client	Base Info <i>Client</i> Finite State	Use instances of the FinitStateMachineType or a sub-type.
	Machine Instance	Monitor either the CurrentState component Variable of the
		instance or the <i>Events</i> triggered as effect of state changes.
Client	Base Info Client Available	Use the Properties AvailableStates and AvailableTransitions
	States and Transitions	when exposed by a Server.

Table 14 describes Address Space Model information related items that can be profiled. The details of these model items are defined in Part 3 and Part 5. This includes *Server Facets* that describe what a *Server* exposes and *Client Facets* that describe what a *Client* consumes.

Table 14 - Address Space Model

Category	Title	Description
Server	Address Space Base	Support the NodeClasses with their Attributes and References as defined in Part 3. This includes for instance: Object, ObjectType, Variable, VariableType, References and DataType.
Server	Address Space Atomicity	Support setting the NonatomicRead and NonatomicWrite flags in the AccessLevelEx <i>Attribute</i> for <i>Variable Nodes</i> to indicate whether Read or Write operations can be performed in atomic manner. If the flags are set to '1', atomicity cannot be assured.
Server	Address Space Full Array Only	Support setting the WriteFullArrayOnly flag in the AccessLevelEx Attribute for Variable Nodes of non-scalar data types to indicate whether write operations for an array can be performed with an IndexRange.
Server	Address Space Events	Support OPC UA AddressSpace elements for generating Event notifications. This includes at least one Node with an EventNotifier Attribute set to True (Server Node).
Server	Address Space Complex Data Dictionary	Support structured DataTypes with a Data Dictionary. Note that V1.04 of OPC UA Part 3 specifies a simplified approach using the new DataTypeDefinition Attribute. The "Address Space DataTypeDefinition Attribute" Conformance Unit requires support of the DataTypeDefinition Attribute. Support of a DataDictionary will be deprecated in one of the next OPC UA versions.
Server	Address Space DataTypeDefinition Attribute	Support structured DataTypes and expose the meta data and encoding information with a StructureDefinitionType via the DataTypeDefinition <i>Attribute</i> .
Server	Address Space Method	Support Method Nodes.
Server	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	Supports using the HasNotifier reference to build a hierarchy of <i>Object Nodes</i> that are notifiers with other notifier <i>Object Nodes</i> .

Category	Title	Description
Server	Address Space Source Hierarchy	Supports hierarchies of event sources where each hierarchy roots in an Object Node that is a notifier. The HasEventSource Reference is used to relate the Nodes within a hierarchy. If Conditions are supported, the hierarchy shall include HasCondition References.
Server	Address Space WriteMask	Supports WriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes, including not supported attributes.
Server	Address Space UserWriteMask	Supports UserWriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes for the given user, including not supported attributes. Support includes at least two levels of users.
Server	Address Space UserWriteMask Multilevel	Supports UserWriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes for the given user, including not supported attributes. This includes supporting multiple levels of access control for all nodes in the system.
Server	Address Space User Access Level Full	Implements User Access Level security, this includes supporting multiple levels of access control for <i>Variable</i> nodes in the system. This includes an indication of read, write, Historical read and Historical write access to the Value <i>Attribute</i> .
Server	Address Space User Access Level Base	Implements User Access Level Security for <i>Variable</i> nodes, this includes at least two users in the system. This includes an indication of read, write, historical read and Historical write access to the value attribute
Client	Address Space Client Base	Uses and understands the <i>NodeClasses</i> with their <i>Attributes</i> and behaviour as defined in Part 3. This includes for instance: <i>Object</i> , <i>ObjectType</i> , <i>Variable</i> , <i>VariableType</i> , <i>References</i> and DataType. This includes treating BrowseNames and String Nodelds as case sensitive.
Client	Address Space Client Atomicity	Access the NonatomicRead or NonatomicWrite flags in the AccessLevelEx <i>Attribute</i> of <i>Variable Nodes</i> to determine whether Read or Write operations can be performed in atomic manner. This information will typically be shown to a user for further action.
Client	Address Space Client Full Array Only	Access the WriteFullArrayOnly flag in the AccessLevelEx Attribute of Variable Nodes with non-scalar data types to determine whether writing to an array with an IndexRange is allowed.
Client	Address Space Client Complex Data Dictionary	Uses and understands arbitrary structured DataTypes via Data Dictionary. Note that V1.04 of OPC UA Part 3 specifies a simplified approach using the new DataTypeDefinition Attribute. The "Address Space Client DataTypeDefinition Attribute" Conformance Unit requires support of the DataTypeDefinition Attribute.
Client	Address Space Client DataTypeDefinition Attribute	Uses and understands arbitrary structured DataTypes where the meta data and encoding information are exposed with the StructureDefinitionType via the DataTypeDefinition Attribute.
Client	Address Space Client Notifier Hierarchy	Uses hierarchy of <i>Object Nodes</i> that are notifiers to detect specific areas where the <i>Client</i> can subscribe for Events.
Client	Address Space Client Source Hierarchy	Detect and use the hierarchy of event sources exposed for specific Object Nodes that are event notifiers.

Table 15 describes Data Access information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in Part 8. *Servers* could expose this information model and *Clients* could utilize this information model.

Table 15 - Data Access

Category	Title	Description
Server	Data Access DataItems	Provide Variables of DataItemType or one of its subtypes.
		Support the StatusCodes specified in Part 8. Support of optional
		Properties (e.g. "InstrumentRange") shall be verified during
		certification testing and will be shown in the Certificate.
Server	Data Access Analogitems	Support AnalogItemType Variables with corresponding
		Properties. The support of optional properties will be listed.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Data Access	Support PercentDeadband filter when monitoring
	PercentDeadband	AnalogItemType Variables.
Server	Data Access Semantic	Support semantic changes of AnalogItemType items (EURange
	Changes	Property and/or EngineeringUnits Property). Support semantic
		change StatusCode bits where appropriate.
Server	Data Access TwoState	Support TwoStateDiscreteType Variables with corresponding
		Properties.
Server	Data Access MultiState	Support MultiStateDiscreteType Variables with corresponding
		Properties.
Server	Data Access	Support MultiStateValueDiscreteType Variables with
	MultiStateValueDiscrete	corresponding Properties.
Server	Data Access ArrayItemType	Provide Variables of ArrayItemType or one of its subtypes
		(YArrayItemType, XYArrayItemType, ImageArrayType,
		CubeArrayType and NDimensionArrayType). The supported
		subtypes will be listed. Support for this type includes supporting
		all of the mandatory properties including AxisInformation.
Server	Data Access Complex	Supports the Complex Number data type. This data type is
	Number	available for any variable types that do not have other explicit
		restrictions.
Server	Data Access	Supports the DoubleComplex Number data type. This data type
	DoubleComplex Number	is available for any variable types that do not have other explicit
		restrictions.
Client	Data Access Client Basic	Understand the DataAccess Variable Types.
		Make use of the standard Properties if applicable.
Client	Data Access Client	Understand AnalogItemType Variables with corresponding
	AnalogItems	Properties.
Client	Data Access Client	Understand TwoStateDiscreteType Variables with corresponding
	TwoState	Properties.
Client	Data Access Client	Understand MultiStateDiscreteType Variables with
	MultiState	corresponding Properties.
Client	Data Access Client	Understand MultiStateValueDiscreteType Variables with
	MultiStateValueDiscrete	corresponding Properties.
Client	Data Access Client	Use PercentDeadband to filter value changes of
0" :	Deadband	AnalogItemType Variables.
Client	Data Access Client	Recognize the semantic change bit in the StatusCode while
	SemanticChange	monitoring items and take proper action. Typically, the <i>Client</i> has
		to re-read Properties that define type-specific semantic like the
		EURange and EngineeringUnits Properties.

Table 16 describes *Alarm* and *Conditions* information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in Part 9. *Servers* that deal with *Alarm* and *Conditions* would expose this information model and *Clients* that process *Alarms* and *Conditions* would utilize this information model.

Table 16 - Alarms and Conditions

Category	Title	Description
Server	A & C Basic	Supports Alarm & Condition model ConditionType.
Server	A & C Enable	Supports Enable and Disable Methods.
Server	A & C Refresh	Supports ConditionRefresh <i>Method</i> and the concept of a refresh.
Server	A & C Refresh2	Supports ConditionRefresh2 <i>Method</i> and the concept of a monitored
		item based refresh.
Server	A & C Instances	Support exposing of A&C Condition instances in the AddressSpace.
Server	A&C	Supports multiple <i>Condition</i> classes for grouping and filtering of <i>Alarms</i> .
	ConditionClasses	
Server	A & C Condition	Support assigning multiple Condition sub-classes for grouping and
	Sub-Classes	filtering of Alarms.
Server	A & C Acknowledge	Supports the Acknowledge concept, Acknowledge Method, and
		AcknowledgeableCondition Type.

Category	Title	Description
Server	A & C Confirm	Supports the concept of Confirm and the Confirm <i>Method</i> .
Server	A & C Comment	Supports the concept of Comments and the AddComment <i>Method</i> .
Server	A & C Alarm	Supports the mandatory features of the AlarmCondition Type.
Server	A & C Alarm	Support the collection of alarm metrics data as defined in UA Part 9.
	Metrics	This implies one of more instances of the AlarmMetricsType.
Server	A & C Branch	Support for branching of <i>Condition</i> Types and any subtypes, such as AcknowledgeableConditionType and AlarmConditionType etc.
Server	A & C Shelving	Support the concept of shelving and the TimedShelve, OneShotShelve and Unshelve Methods.
Server	A & C Suppression	Support the SuppressedState.
Server	A & C Suppression by Operator	Support the Suppress and UnSuppress <i>Methods</i> to allow an operator control over the SuppressedState.
Server	A & C Silencing	Support the concept of silencing and the Silence Method.
Server	A & C Out Of Service	Support the OutOfService state and the OutOfService Method.
Server	A & C On-Off Delay	Support the OnDelay and OffDelay Properties to eliminate nuisance Alarms.
Server	A & C Re-Alarming	Support the ReAlarmTime and ReAlarmRepeatCount Properties that define automatic re-annunciation of <i>Alarms</i> in certain conditions.
Server	A & C First in Group	Support the "FirstInGroup" elements for an <i>Alarm</i> , indicating which <i>Alarm</i>
001101	Alarm	of a group was the trigger.
Server	A & C Audible	Support the AudibleSound <i>Property</i> . This <i>Property</i> contains the sound
OCIVEI	Sound	file that is to be played if an audible <i>Alarm</i> is to be generated.
Server	A & C Exclusive Level	Supports Exclusive Level <i>Alarm</i> type.
Server	A & C Exclusive	Supports Exclusive Limit Alarms. A Server that supports this must
OCIVOI	Limit	support at least one of the sub-types: Level, Deviation or RateofChange.
Server	A & C Exclusive	Supports Exclusive Deviation <i>Alarm</i> type.
	Deviation	
Server	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange	Supports Exclusive RateOfChange Alarm type.
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive Limit Alarms. A Server that supports this must
	Exclusive Limit	support at least one of the sub-types: Level, Deviation or RateofChange.
Server	A & C Non- Exclusive Level	Supports Non-Exclusive Level <i>Alarm</i> type.
Server	A & C Non- Exclusive Deviation	Supports Non-Exclusive Deviation Alarm type.
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Alarm type.
	Exclusive RateOfChange	3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3
Server	A & C Discrete	Supports Discrete Alarm types.
Server	A & C OffNormal	Supports OffNormalAlarmType.
Server	A & C SystemOffNormal	Supports SystemOffNormalAlarmType.
Server	A & C Trip	Supports Trip Alarm type.
Server	A & C Discrepancy	Supports Discrepancy Alarm type.
Server	A & C Discrepancy A & C Dialog	Supports Discrepancy Alarm type: Supports DialogConditionType including Respond <i>Method</i> .
Server	A & C Dialog	Supports CertificateExpirationAlarmType.
	CertificateExpiration	
Server	A & E Wrapper Mapping	The Server uses the COM A&E mapping specified in the annex of Part 9 to map OPC-COM Events to A&C Events. This includes Condition Class mapping.
Client	A & C Basic Client	Uses the Alarm & Condition model ConditionType.
Client	A & C Enable Client	Uses Enable and Disable Methods.
Client	A & C Refresh Client	Uses ConditionRefresh <i>Method</i> and the concept of a refresh.
Client	A & C Refresh2 Client	Uses ConditionRefresh2 <i>Method</i> and the concept of a monitored item based refresh.

Category	Title	Description
Client	A & C Instances	Uses A&C Condition instances when they are exposed in the
	Client	AddressSpace.
Client	A & C ConditionClasses Client	Uses Condition classes to group Alarms.
Client	A & C Condition Sub-Classes Client	Uses Condition sub-classes to group or filter Alarms.
Client	A & C Acknowledge Client	Understands the Acknowledge concept and the AcknowledgeableCondition Type, and uses the Acknowledge <i>Method</i> if requested.
Client	A & C Confirm Client	Understands the concept of confirming <i>Conditions</i> and uses the Confirm <i>Method</i> .
Client	A & C Comment Client	Understands the concept of Comments and uses the AddComment <i>Method</i> .
Client	A & C Alarm Client	Understands the concept of <i>Alarms</i> and uses the mandatory features of the AlarmCondition Type,
Client	A & C Alarm Metrics Client	Understand and use <i>Alarm</i> metrics data as defined in UA Part 9. This implies discovery of instances of the AlarmMetricsType that can exist anywhere in the HasNotifier hierarchy.
Client	A & C Branch Client	Can make use of and process <i>Condition</i> Branches, including all actions associated with previous <i>Condition</i> instances.
Client	A & C Shelving Client	Understand the shelving model and use the TimedShelve, OneShotShelve and Unshelve Methods.
Client	A & C Suppression Client	Understand the SuppressedState model.
Client	A & C Suppression by Operator Client	Use the Suppress and UnSuppress <i>Methods</i> to allow an operator control over the SuppressedState.
Client	A & C Silencing Client	Understand the SilencedState model and use the Silence Method.
Client	A & C Out Of Service Client	Understand the OutOfServiceState model and use the OutOfService Method.
Client	A & C On-Off Delay Client	Uses the OnDelay and OffDelay Properties to eliminate nuisance <i>Alarms</i> .
Client	A & C Re-Alarming Client	Understand and use the ReAlarmTime and ReAlarmRepeatCount Properties. Configure the ReAlarmTime <i>Property</i> for automatic reannunciation of an <i>Alarm</i> . Note that configuration is only possible for <i>Servers</i> that expose <i>Alarm</i> instances.
Client	A & C First in Group Alarm Client	Use the "FirstInGroup" elements for an <i>Alarm</i> to determine which <i>Alarm</i> of a group was the trigger.
Client	A & C Audible Sound <i>Client</i>	Use the AudibleSound <i>Property</i> and - if reported - play the sound file.
Client	A & C Exclusive Level <i>Client</i>	Uses Exclusive Level Alarms.
Client	A & C Exclusive Limit <i>Client</i>	Uses Exclusive Limit <i>Alarms</i> . Requires that at least one of the sub-types be used.
Client	A & C Exclusive Deviation <i>Client</i>	Uses Exclusive Deviation Alarms.
Client	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Client	Uses Exclusive RateOfChange Alarms.
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Level Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Level Alarms.
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Limit Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Limit <i>Alarms</i> . Requires that at least one of the subtypes be used.
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Deviation Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Deviation Alarms.

Category	Title	Description
Client	A & C Non-	Uses Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Alarms.
	Exclusive	
	RateOfChange	
	Client	
Client	A & C Discrete	Uses Discrete Alarm types.
	Client	
Client	A & C OffNormal	Uses OffNormalAlarmType.
	Client	
Client	A & C	Uses SystemOffNormalAlarmType.
	SystemOffNormal	
	Client	
Client	A & C Trip Client	Uses TripAlarmType.
Client	A & C Discrepancy	Uses Discrepancy Alarm type.
	Client	
Client	A & C Dialog Client	Uses DialogConditionType including Respond Method.
Client	A & C	Uses CertificateExpirationAlarmType.
	CertificateExpiration	
	Client	

Table 17 describes Historical Data Access information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in Part 11. Servers that support some level of historical data would expose this information model and *Clients* that utilize historical data would utilize this information model.

Table 17 - Historical Access

Category	Title	Description
Server	Historical Access Read Raw	General support for basic historical access, reading raw data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure. Where the time range is specified using a start time, stop time and number of values (a minimum of two of the three parameters must be provided) and the ReadModified flag is set to False.
Server	Historical Access Data Max Nodes Read Continuation Point	Supports enough continuation points to cover the number of supported points indicated in the MaxNodesPerHistoryReadData Server OperationLimits Property for historical data access.
Server	Historical Access Time Instance	Supports reading historical data at a specified instance in time using the ReadAtTimeDetails structure.
Server	Historical Access Aggregates	Supports reading one or more Aggregates of historical values of Variables using the ReadProcessedDetails structure. At least one of the Aggregates described in Part 13 must be supported.
Server	Historical Access Insert Value	Supports inserting historical values of Variables.
Server	Historical Access Delete Value	Supports deleting historical values of Variables.
Server	Historical Access Update Value	Supports updating historical values of Variables.
Server	Historical Access Replace Value	Supports replacing historical values of Variables.
Server	Historical Access Modified Values	Supports maintaining old values for historical data that have been updated and the retrieval of these values using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure (ReadModified flag set to true).
Server	Historical Access Annotations	Supports the entry and retrieval of Annotations for historical data. The retrieval is accomplished using the standard historical read raw functionality (ReadRawModifiedDetails). The entry uses the standard historical update (UpdateStructureDataDetails) functionality.
Server	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	Supports providing a ServerTimestamp (as well as the default SourceTimestamp).

Category	Title	Description
Server	Historical Access	Supports ReadRawModified historical access for structured data.
	Structured Data Read Raw	Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access	Supports historical access for structured data. Supporting
	Structured Data	ReadAtTimeDetails for structured data. Supporting the structure for an
	Time Instance	annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Insert	Supports historical access for structured data. Inserting Structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access	Supports historical access for structured data. Delete of existing data.
00.70.	Structured Data Delete	Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Update	Supports historical access for structured data. Updates of existing data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Replace	Supports replacing structured historical data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Read Modified	Supports maintaining old values for historical structured data that have been updated and the retrieval of these values. Using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure (ReadModified flag set to true) for structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.
Server	Historical Access Events	Supports the retrieval of historical Events using the ReadEventDetails structure. This includes support for simple filtering of Events. The <i>Event</i> fields that are stored are server specific, but at least the mandatory fields of BaseEventType are required.
Server	Historical Access Event Max Events Read Continuation Point	Supports enough continuation points to cover the number of supported Event reads indicated in the MaxNodesPerHistoryReadEvents Server OperationLimits Property for Historical Event access.
Server	Historical Access Insert Event	Supports inserting historical Events.
Server	Historical Access Update Event	Supports updating historical Events.
Server	Historical Access Replace Event	Supports replacing historical Events.
Server	Historical Access Delete Event	Supports deleting of historical Events.
Client	Historical Access Client Browse	Uses the View Service Set to discover Nodes with historical data.
Client	Historical Access Client Read Raw	Uses the HistoryRead Service to read raw historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False).
Client	Historical Access Client Read Modified	Uses the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> to read modified historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).
Client	Historical Access Client Read Aggregates	Uses the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> to read Aggregated historical data. This includes using at least one of the Aggregates defined in Part 13.
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw	Uses the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> to read raw historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Read Modified	Uses the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Insert	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert historical data values for structured data.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Delete	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete historical data values for structured data.
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Update	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update historical data values for structured data.
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Replace	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace historical data values for structured data.
Client	Historical Access Client Structure Data Time Instance	Reads historical data at a specified instance in time for structured data. Using the ReadAtTimeDetails structure.
Client	Historical Access Client Read Events	Uses the HistoryRead <i>Service</i> to read historical <i>Event</i> data using the ReadEventDetails Structure.
Client	Historical Access Client Event Inserts	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert historical Events.
Client	Historical Access Client Event Updates	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update historical Events.
Client	Historical Access Client Event Replaces	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace historical Events.
Client	Historical Access Client Event Deletes	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete historical Events.
Client	Historical Access Client Data Insert	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert historical data values.
Client	Historical Access Client Data Delete	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete historical data values.
Client	Historical Access <i>Client</i> Data Update	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update historical data values.
Client	Historical Access Client Data Replace	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace historical data values.
Client	Historical Access Client Annotations	Enters and retrieves Annotations of historical data. The retrieval is accomplished using the standard historical read raw functionality (ReadRawModifiedDetails). The entry uses the standard Historical Update (UpdateStructureDataDetails) functionality.
Client	Historical Access Client Time Instance	Reads historical data at a specified instance in time using the ReadAtTimeDetails structure.
Client	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp	Uses the ServerTimestamp (as well as the default SourceTimestamp), if it is provided by the Server.

Table 18 describes Aggregate related items that can be profiled. *Servers* that support the Aggregates would expose this functionality and *Clients* that utilize Aggregates would implement some of this functionality.

Table 18 - Aggregates

Category	Title	Description
Server	Aggregate Master Configuration	Supports an AggregateConfigurationType <i>Object</i> as part of the HistoricalServerCapabilities (defined in UA Part 11).
Server	Aggregate Historical Configuration	Supports at least one AggregateConfigurationType <i>Object</i> . AggregateConfigurationType <i>Object</i> s occur as part of an HistoricalConfiguration <i>Object</i> , allowing <i>Variable</i> specific configurations.
Server	Aggregate – Interpolative	Supports the Interpolative Aggregate for Historical access.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Aggregate – Average	Supports the Average Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – TimeAverage	Supports the TimeAverage Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – TimeAverage2	Supports the TimeAverage2 Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Total	Supports the Total Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Total2	Supports the Total? Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Minimum	Supports the Minimum Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the MinimumActualTime Aggregate for Historical
301701	MinimumActualTime	access.
Server	Aggregate – Minimum2	Supports the Minimum2 Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate for Historical
301701	MinimumActualTime2	access.
Server	Aggregate – Maximum	Supports the Maximum Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the MaximumActualTime Aggregate for Historical
30,70,	MaximumActualTime	access.
Server	Aggregate – Maximum2	Supports the Maximum2 Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate for Historical
	MaximumActualTime2	access.
Server	Aggregate – Range	Supports the Range Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Range2	Supports the Range2 Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Count	Supports the Count Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the DurationInStateZero Aggregate for Historical
30,70,	DurationInStateZero	access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate for Historical
30,70,	DurationInStateNonZero	access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate for Historical
	NumberOfTransitions	access.
Server	Aggregate – Start	Supports the Start Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – StartBound	Supports the StartBound Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – End	Supports the End Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – EndBound	Supports the EndBound Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – Delta	Supports the Delta Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – DeltaBounds	Supports the DeltaBounds Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – DurationGood	Supports the DurationGood Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – DurationBad	Supports the DurationBad Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – PercentGood	Supports the PercentGood Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – PercentBad	Supports the PercentBad Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – WorstQuality	Supports the WorstQuality Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate – WorstQuality2	Supports the WorstQuality2 Aggregate for Historical access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the AnnotationCount Aggregate for Historical access.
	AnnotationCount	95 3
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate for Historical
	StandardDeviationSample	access.
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the VarianceSample Aggregate for Historical access.
	VarianceSample	99 99 1
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the StandardDeviationPopulation for Historical access.
	StandardDeviationPopulation	
Server	Aggregate –	Supports the VariancePopulation for Historical access.
	VariancePopulation	,
Server	Aggregate – Custom	The Server supports custom Aggregates for Historical access
	33 3	that do not have standard tests defined. These Aggregates are
		list as untested by this ConformanceUnit.
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports Aggregate subscription filters which requires at least
	Filter	one of the defined Aggregates is supported as defined in Part
		13.
	Agarageta Cubacription	Supports subscription filter for the Interpolative Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscribtion –	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Interpolative	Supporte subscription liner for the interpolative riggingator
Server Server		Supports subscription filter for the Average Aggregate.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage2	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Total	Supports subscription filter for the Total Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Total2	Supports subscription filter for the Total2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum2	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime2	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Maximum	Supports subscription filter for the Maximum Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime	Supports subscription filter for the MaximumActualTime Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Maximum2	Supports subscription filter for the Maximum2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime2	Supports subscription filter for the MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Range	Supports subscription filter for the Range Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Range2	Supports subscription filter for the Range2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Count	Supports subscription filter for the Count Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DurationInStateZero	Supports subscription filter for the DurationInStateZero Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DurationInStateNonZero	Supports subscription filter for the DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – NumberOfTransitions	Supports subscription filter for the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Start	Supports subscription filter for the Start Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – StartBound	Supports subscription filter for the StartBound Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – End	Supports subscription filter for the End Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – EndBound	Supports subscription filter for the EndBound Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Delta	Supports subscription filter for the Delta Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DeltaBounds	Supports subscription filter for the DeltaBounds Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DurationGood	Supports subscription filter for the DurationGood Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DurationBad	Supports subscription filter for the DurationBad Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – PercentGood	Supports subscription filter for the PercentGood Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – PercentBad	Supports subscription filter for the PercentBad Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality	Supports subscription filter for the WorstQuality Aggregate.

Category	Title	Description
Server	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality2	Supports subscription filter for the WorstQuality2 Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – AnnotationCount	Supports subscription filter for the AnnotationCount Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – StandardDeviationSample	Supports subscription filter for the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – VarianceSample	Supports subscription filter for the VarianceSample Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – StandardDeviationPopulation	Supports subscription filter for the StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – VariancePopulation	Supports subscription filter for the VariancePopulation Aggregate.
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Custom	The Server supports subscribing to custom Aggregates that do not have standard tests defined. These Aggregates are listed as untested by this ConformanceUnit.
Client	Aggregate – Client Usage	Uses Historical access to Aggregate which requires at least one of the defined Aggregates is supported as defined in Part 13.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> Interpolative	Uses Historical access to the Interpolative Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Average	Uses Historical access to the Average Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> TimeAverage	Uses Historical access to the TimeAverage Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> TimeAverage2	Uses Historical access to the TimeAverage2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate - Client Total	Uses Historical access to the Total Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Total2	Uses Historical access to the Total2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Minimum	Uses Historical access to the Minimum Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> MinimumActualTime	Uses Historical access to the MinimumActualTime Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> Minimum2	Uses Historical access to the Minimum2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> MinimumActualTime2	Uses Historical access to the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Maximum	Uses Historical access to the Maximum Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime	Uses Historical access to the MaximumActualTime Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> Maximum2	Uses Historical access to the Maximum2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime2	Uses Historical access to the MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Range	Uses Historical access to the Range Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Range2	Uses Historical access to the Range2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Count	Uses Historical access to the Count Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> DurationInStateZero	Uses Historical access to the DurationInStateZero Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> DurationInStateNonZero	Uses Historical access to the DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> NumberOfTransitions	Uses Historical access to the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate - Client Start	Uses Historical access to the Start Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client StartBound	Uses Historical access to the StartBound Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client End	Uses Historical access to the End Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> EndBound	Uses Historical access to the EndBound Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client Delta	Uses Historical access to the Delta Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> DeltaBounds	Uses Historical access to the DeltaBounds Aggregate.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Aggregate – Client DurationGood	Uses Historical access to the DurationGood Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client DurationBad	Uses Historical access to the DurationBad Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client PercentGood	Uses Historical access to the PercentGood Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client PercentBad	Uses Historical access to the PercentBad Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> WorstQuality	Uses Historical access to the WorstQuality Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> WorstQuality2	Uses Historical access to the WorstQuality2 Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> AnnotationCount	Uses Historical access to the AnnotationCount Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> StandardDeviationSample	Uses Historical access to the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> VarianceSample	Uses Historical access to the VarianceSample Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationPopulation	Uses Historical access to the StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – Client VariancePopulation	Uses Historical access to the VariancePopulation Aggregate.
Client	Aggregate – <i>Client</i> Custom Aggregates	The <i>Client</i> can make use of all custom Aggregates in the list of Aggregates, via Historical access, exposed by the <i>Server</i> . This includes displaying or utilizing the data in some manner.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Filter	Subscribes for data using Aggregate filters which requires at least one of the Aggregates defined in Part 13 is supported.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Interpolative	Subscribes for data using the Interpolative Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Average	Subscribes for data using the Average Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage	Subscribes for data using the TimeAverage Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage2	Subscribes for data using the TimeAverage2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total	Subscribes for data using the Total Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total2	Subscribes for data using the Total2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum	Subscribes for data using the Minimum Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime	Subscribes for data using the MinimumActualTime Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum2	Subscribes for data using the Minimum2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime2	Subscribes for data using the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Maximum	Subscribes for data using the Maximum Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MaximumActualTime	Subscribes for data using the MaximumActualTime Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MaximumActualTime2	Subscribes for data using the MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Maximum2	Subscribes for data using the Maximum2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range	Subscribes for data using the Range Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range2	Subscribes for data using the Range2 Aggregate filter.

Category	Title	Description
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Count	Subscribes for data using the Count Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateZero	Subscribes for data using the DurationInStateZero Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateNonZero	Subscribes for data using the DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client NumberOfTransitions	Subscribes for data using the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Start	Subscribes for data using the Start Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StartBound	Subscribes for data using the StartBound Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client End	Subscribes for data using the End Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client EndBound	Subscribes for data using the EndBound Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Delta	Subscribes for data using the Delta Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DeltaBounds	Subscribes for data using the DeltaBounds Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationGood	Subscribes for data using the DurationGood Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationBad	Subscribes for data using the DurationBad Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentGood	Subscribes for data using the PercentGood Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentBad	Subscribes for data using the PercentBad Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality	Subscribes for data using the WorstQuality Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality2	Subscribes for data using the WorstQuality2 Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client AnnotationCount	Subscribes for data using the AnnotationCount Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDeviationSample	Subscribes for data using the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client VarianceSample	Subscribes for data using the VarianceSample Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDeviationPopulation	Subscribes for data using the StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client VariancePopulation	Subscribes for data using the VariancePopulation Aggregate filter.
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Custom Aggregates	The <i>Client</i> supports subscribing to all custom Aggregates in the list of Aggregates exposed by the <i>Server</i> . This includes displaying or utilizing the data in some manner.

Table 19 describes auditing related items that can be profiled. Most full function *Servers* would support these features, although some resource constrained *Servers* may not provide this functionality. *Clients* that are security aware or are used to support security logging would support these features

Table 19 - Auditing

Category Title	Description

Category	Title	Description
Server	Auditing Base	Support AuditEvents. The list of supported AuditEvents shall be verified during certification testing and will be shown in the certification test result. Base AuditEvents are defined in Part 3 and in Part 5.
Client	Auditing <i>Client</i> Audit ID	Client supports generating AuditEvents ids and providing them to Servers.
Client	Auditing <i>Client</i> Subscribes	The <i>Client</i> supports subscribing for AuditEvents and storing / processing them in a secure manner.

Table 20 describes Redundancy related items that are profiled. *Servers* that support redundancy would support appropriate *ConformanceUnits* based on the type of redundancy they support. *Clients* that are capable of handling redundancy would support the appropriate *ConformanceUnits* based of the type of redundancy they support.

Table 20 - Redundancy

Category	Title	Description
Server	Redundancy	Supports Server based redundancy.
	Server	
Server	Redundancy	Supports transparent Server redundancy.
	Server Transparent	
Client	Redundancy Client	Client supports Client redundancy. Clients that support Client redundancy
		can failover to another <i>Client</i> (requires some out of band communication).
Client	Redundancy Client	Clients supporting this ConformanceUnit monitor the redundancy status
	Switch	for non-transparent redundancy Servers and switch to the backup Server
		when they recognize a change in server status.

Table 21 describes items for a Global *Discovery Server* (GDS). *Servers* that act as a GDS would support these *ConformanceUnits*.

Table 21 - Global Discovery Server

Category	Title	Description
Global	GDS Application	Supports the Directory Object with all Methods like RegisterApplication
Directory	Directory	and QueryServers.
Service		
Global	GDS Query	Supports the QueryApplications <i>Method</i> on the Directory <i>Object</i> specified
Directory	Applications	in Part 12.
Service		
Global	GDS LDS-ME	The GDS can be configured to use specific LDS-ME installations for semi-
Directory	Connectivity	automatic application registration for all Servers on a subnet.
Service		
Global	GDS Certificate	This Conformance Unit requires support of the complete Information
Directory	Manager Pull	Model and Services for Certificate management including the Pull Model
Service	Model	as specified in Part 12.
Global	GDS Certificate	This Conformance Unit requires use of the complete Information model
Directory	Manager Push	and Services for the Certificate management Push Model as specified in
Service	Model	UA Part 12.
Global	GDS Key	This Conformance Unit requires support of the complete Information
Directory	Credential Service	Model and Services for KeyCredential Pull Management as specified in
Service	Pull Model	UA Part 12.
Global	GDS Key	This Conformance Unit requires use of the complete Information model
Directory	Credential Service	and Services for KeyCredential Push Management as specified in UA
Service	Push Model	Part 12.
Global	GDS Authorization	This Conformance Unit requires support of AuthorizationServiceType
Directory	Service Server	Objects as specified in Part 12. UA Clients use the RequestAccessToken
Service		Method on these Objects to request an Access Token from an Identity
		Provider.

5.5 Miscellaneous

The following table describes miscellaneous ConformanceUnits.

Table 22 - Miscellaneous

Category	Title	Description
Server	Documentation – Supported <i>Profiles</i>	The documentation includes a description of the profiles supported by the product. This description includes the level of Certification testing the product has passed.
Server	Documentation – Multiple Languages	The documentation is available in multiple languages. The results of this conformance unit include the list of supported languages.
Server	Documentation – Users Guide	The application includes documentation that describes the available functionality provided by the application. For <i>Servers</i> it includes a summary of all functionality provided by the <i>Server</i> .
Server	Documentation – On-line	The documentation provided by the application is available in electronic format as part of the application. The electronic documentation, could be a WEB page, installed document or CD/DVD, but in all case it can be accessed from the application or from a link installed with the application.
Server	Documentation – Installation	The application includes installation instructions that are sufficient to easily install the application. This includes descriptions of any and all possible configuration items. Instructions for loading or configuring security related items such as Application Instance <i>Certificates</i> .
Server	Documentation – Trouble Shooting Guide	The application includes documentation that describes typical problems a user may encounter and actions that the user could perform to resolve the problem. It could also describe tip, tricks or other actions that could help a user diagnose or fix a problem. It could also describe tools or other items that can be used in diagnosing or repairing problems. The actual Trouble Shooting Guide can be part of other documentation, but should be complete enough to provide useful information to a novice user.
Client	Documentation Client – Supported Profiles	The documentation includes a description of the profiles supported by the product. This description includes any software certificates that describes the level of Certification testing the product has passed.
Client	Documentation Client – Multiple Languages	The documentation is available in multiple languages. The results of this conformance unit include the list of supported languages.
Client	Documentation Client – Users Guide	The application includes documentation that describes the available functionality provided by the application. For client applications this includes any operator restrictions or general functionality that the client application makes use of.
Client	Documentation Client – On-line	The documentation provided by the application is available in electronic format as part of the application. The electronic documentation could be a WEB page, installed document or CD/DVD, but in all cases it can be accessed from the application or from a link installed with the application.
Client	Documentation Client – Installation	The application includes installation instructions that are sufficient to easily install the application. This includes descriptions of any and all possible configuration items. Instructions for loading or configuring security related items such as Application Instance Certificates.
Client	Documentation Client – Trouble Shooting Guide	The application includes documentation that describes typical problems a user may encounter and actions that the user could perform to resolve the problem. It could also describe tips, tricks or other actions that could help a user diagnose or fix a problem. It could also describe tools or other items that can be used in diagnosing or repairing problems. The actual Trouble Shooting Guide can be part of other documentation, but should be complete enough to provide useful information to a novice user.
Security	Best Practice – Timeouts	The user is able to configure reasonable timeouts for Secure Channels, sessions and subscriptions to limit Denial of <i>Service</i> and resource consumption issues (see Part 2 for additional details).
Security	Best Practice – Strict Message	The application assures that messages that are illegally or incorrectly formed are rejected with appropriate error code or appropriate actions as

Category	Title	Description
	Handling	specified in Part 4 and Part 6.
Security	Best Practice –	All random numbers that are required for security use appropriate
	Random Numbers	cryptographic library based random number generators.
Security	Best Practice – Administrative Access	The Server and Client allow for appropriate restriction of access to administrative personnel. This includes multiple levels of administrative access on platforms that support multiple administrative roles (such as Windows or Linux).
Security	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	A Server should restrict critical alarm functionality to users that have the appropriate rights to perform these actions. This would include disabling or alarms, shelving of alarms and generation of dialog messages. It would also include other security related functionality such maintaining appropriate timeouts for shelving and dialogs and preventing an overload of dialog messages.
Security	Best Practice – Audit Events	Subscriptions for Audit Events are restricted to authorized personnel. A Server may also reject a Subscription for Audit Events that is not over a Secure Channel if one is available.
Security	Best Practice – Audit Events Client	Audit tracking system connects to a <i>Server</i> using a Secure Channel and under the appropriate administrative rights to allow access to Audit Events.

6 Profiles

6.1 Overview

This section includes a listing of the categories that a *Profile* can be grouped into, a list of named *Profiles* and the detailed listing of each *Profile* including directly defined *ConformanceUnits* and any sub *Profiles* that are included in the *Profile*.

6.2 Profile list

Table 23 lists *Profiles*. The *Profile* table is ordered by *Profile* category and then alphabetically by the name of the *Profile*. The table includes a list of categories the *Profile* is associated with and a URI. The URI is used to uniquely identify a *Profile*. The URI shall be able to be used to access the information provided in this document with regard to the given *Profile* in an on-line display.

An application (Client or Server) shall implement all of the ConformanceUnits in a Profile in order to be compliant with the Profile. Some Profiles contain optional ConformanceUnits. An optional ConformanceUnit means that an application has the option to not support the ConformanceUnit. However, if supported, the application shall pass all tests associated with the ConformanceUnit. For example, some ConformanceUnits require specific information model items to be available. They are, therefore, listed as optional in order to allow for the information model items to be omitted. If a Server desires to be listed as supporting the optional ConformanceUnit then it shall include any required information model items in the configuration provided for certification testing. The test result that is generated by the certification testing lists all optional ConformanceUnits and whether they are supported or not by the tested UA application. Some ConformanceUnits also include lists of supported DataTypes or optional Subtypes, the list are handled in the same manner as optional ConformanceUnits. All reporting requirements for optional ConformanceUnits also apply to these lists of supported DataTypes or Subtypes.

Table 23 - Profile list

Profile	Related	URI
	Category	
Core Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/CoreFacet
Core 2017 Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Core2017Facet
Sessionless Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/SessionLess
Reverse Connect Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ReverseConnect
Base Server Behaviour Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Behaviour

Profile	Related	URI
	Category	
Request State Change Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/RequestStateChange
Subnet Discovery Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/SubnetDiscovery
Global Certificate Management Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/GlobalCertificateManagement
Authorization Service Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Server/AuthorizationServiceConfiguration
VouCradantial Sarvica Sarvar Facat	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/KeyCredentialManagement
KeyCredential Service Server Facet Attribute WriteMask Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/AttributeWriteMask
File Access Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/FileAccess
Documentation Server Facet		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Documentation
	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	Server	Profile/Server/EmbeddedDataChangeSubscription
Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Standard Datachange Subscription Server racet	Scrvci	Profile/Server/StandardDataChangeSubscription
Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Server/StandardDataChangeSubscription2017
Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
,		Profile/Server/EnhancedDataChangeSubscription
Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Server/EnhancedDataChangeSubscription2017
Durable Subscription Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/DurableSubscription
Data Access Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/DataAccess
ComplexType Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ComplexTypes
ComplexType 2017 Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ComplexTypes2017
Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/StandardEventSubscription
Address Space Notifier Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/AddressSpaceNotifier
A & C Base Condition Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACBaseCondition
A & C Refresh2 Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACRefresh2
A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACAddressSpaceInstance
A & C Enable Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACEnable
A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACAlarmMetrics
A & C Alarm Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACAlarm
A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACAckAlarm
A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACExclusiveAlarming
A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACNon-ExclusiveAlarming
A & C Previous Instances Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACPreviousInstances
A & C Dialog Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACDialog
A & C CertificateExpiration Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACCertificateExpiration
A & E Wrapper Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/AEWrapper
Method Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Methods
Auditing Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Auditing
Node Management Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/NodeManagement
User Role Base Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/UserRoleBase
User Role Management Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/UserRoleManagement
State Machine Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/StateMachine
Client Redundancy Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ClientRedundancy
Redundancy Transparent Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/TransparentRedundancy
Redundancy Visible Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/VisibleRedundancy
Historical Raw Data Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalRawData
Historical Aggregate Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- <i>Profile/Server</i> /AggregateHistorical
Historical Data AtTime Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalDataAtTime
Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalModifiedData
Historical Annotation Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalAnnotation
Historical Data Insert Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalDataInsert
Historical Data Update Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalDataUpdate
Historical Data Replace Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalDataReplace
Historical Data Delete Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalDataDelete
Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalStructuredData
Base Historical Event Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/BaseHistoricalEvent
	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalEventUpdate

Profile	Related	URI
Tonic	Category	O. I.
Historical Event Replace Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalEventReplace
Historical Event Insert Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalEventInsert
Historical Event Delete Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/HistoricalEventDelete
Aggregate Subscription Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/AggregateSubscription
Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/NanoEmbeddedDevice
Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/NanoEmbeddedDevice2017
Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/MicroEmbeddedDevice
Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/MicroEmbeddedDevice2017
Embedded UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/EmbeddedUA
Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/EmbeddedUA2017
Standard UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/StandardUA
Standard 2017 UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/StandardUA2017
Core Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Core
Core 2017 Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- <i>Profile/Client</i> /Core2017
Sessionless <i>Client</i> Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- <i>Profile/Client</i> /SessionLess
Reverse Connect Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ReverseConnect
Base Client Behaviour Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Behaviour
Discovery Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Discovery
Subnet Discovery Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/SubnetDiscovery
Global Discovery Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/GlobalDiscovery
Global Certificate Management Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/GlobalCertificateManagement
KeyCredential Service Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/KeyCredentialManagement
Access Token Request Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AccessTokenRequest
AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AddressSpaceLookup
Request State Change Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/RequestStateChange
File Access Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/FileAccess
Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/EntryLevelSupport2015
Multi-Server Client Connection Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/MultiServer
Documentation – Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Documentation
Attribute Read Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AttributeRead
Attribute Write Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AttributeWrite
DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/DataChangeSubscriber
Durable Subscription Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/DurableSubscription
DataAccess Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/DataAccess
Event Subscriber Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/EventSubscriber
Base Event Processing Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/BaseEventProcessing
Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/NotifierAndSourceHierarchy
A & C Base Condition Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACBaseCondition
A & C Refresh2 Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACRefresh2
A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACAddressSpaceInstance
A & C Enable Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACEnable
A & C AlarmMetrics Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACAlarmMetrics
A & C Alarm Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACAlarm
A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACExclusiveAlarming
A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACNon-ExclusiveAlarming
A & C Previous Instances Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACPreviousInstances
A & C Dialog Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACDialog
A & C CertificateExpiration Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACCertificateExpiration
A & E Proxy Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AEProxy
Method Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Method
Auditing Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Auditing
Node Management Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/NodeManagement
Advanced Type Programming Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/TypeProgramming
User Role Management Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/UserRoleManagement
State Machine Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/StateMachine
Diagnostic Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Diagnostic
Redundant Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Redundancy
Redundancy Switch Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/RedundancySwitch
neddindancy Switch cheft racet		

Profile	Related	URI
	Category	
Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessAtTime
Historical Aggregate Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessAggregate
Historical Annotation Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAnnotation
Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessModifiedData
Historical Data Insert Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertData
Historical Data Update Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateData
Historical Data Replace Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceData
Historical Data Delete Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteData
Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalServerTimeStamp
Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessStructuredData
Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalAtTimeStructuredData
Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Client/HistoricalModifiedStructuredData
Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertStructuredData
Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateStructuredData
Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceStructuredData
Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteStructuredData
Historical Events Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalEvents
Historical Event Insert Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertEvents
Historical Event Update Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateEvents
Historical Event Replace Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceEvents
Historical Event Delete Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteEvents
Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AggregateSubscriber
Standard UA Client Profile	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Standard
Standard UA Client 2017 Profile	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Standard2017
UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/uatcp-uasc-uabinary
HTTPS UA-Binary	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https-uabinary
HTTPS UA-XML	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https-uasoapxml
HTTPS UA-JSON	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https-uajson
WSS UA-SC UA-Binary	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/wss-uasc-uabinary
WSS UA-JSON	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/wss-uajson
Security User Access Control Full	Security, Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/UserAccessFull
Security User Access Control Base	Security, Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/UserAccessBase
Security Time Synchronization	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/TimeSync
Best Practice – Audit Events	Security, Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/BestPracticeAuditEvents
Best Practice – Alarm Handling	Security, Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/BestPracticeAlarmHandling
Best Practice – Random Numbers	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/BestPracticeRandomNumbers
Best Practice – Timeouts	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/Best racticeTimeouts
Best Practice – Administrative Access	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Security/BestPracticeAdministrativeAccess
Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	Security, Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/BestPracticeStrictMessage
Best Practice – Audit Events Client	Client, Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/BestPracticeAuditEventsClient
TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/TransportSecurity/TLS-1-2
TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2 with PFS	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/TransportSecurity/TLS-1-2-PFS
SecurityPolicy – None	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#None
SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Aes128 Sha256 RsaOaep
SecurityPolicy [B] – Basic256Sha256	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Basic256Sha256
SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Aes256 Sha256 RsaPss
User Token – Anonymous Facet	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/UserToken/Anonymous
User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	Server	Profile/Security/UserToken/Server/UserNamePassword
User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	Server	Profile/Security/UserToken/Server/X509Certificate

Profile	Related	URI
riome	Category	
User Token – Issued Token Server Facet	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	Server	Profile/Security/UserToken/Server/IssuedToken
User Token – Issued Token Windows Server	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	Server	Profile/Security/UserToken/Server/IssuedTokenWindows
User Token – JWT Server Facet	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Security/UserToken/Server/JsonWebToken
User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Security/UserToken/Client/UserNamePassword
	Security	
User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken/Client/X509Certificate
User Token – Issued Token Client Facet	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Security/UserToken/Client/IssuedToken
	Security	
User Token – Issued Token Windows Client Facet	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Security/UserToken/Client/IssuedTokenWindows
	Security	
User Token – JWT Client Facet	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Security/UserToken/Client/JsonWebToken
Global Discovery Server Profile	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/GlobalDiscovery
Global biscovery server frome	Directory	integration of the servery of obsurbations of the servery of obsurbations of the servery of the
	Service,	
	Server	
Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/GlobalDiscovery2017
Global Biscovery Server 2017 Frome	Directory	
	Service,	
	Server	
Global Discovery and Certificate Management	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server	Directory	Profile/Server/GlobalDiscoveryAndCertificateManagement
	Service,	
	Server	
Global Discovery and Certificate Mgmt 2017	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server	Directory	Profile/Server/GlobalDiscoveryAndCertificateManagement2017
	Service,	
	Server	
Global Certificate Management Client Profile	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/GlobalCertificateManagement
	Global	
	Directory	
	Service	
Global Certificate Management Client 2017	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Profile	Global	Profile/Client/GlobalCertificateManagement2017
	Directory	
	Service	
Global Service Authorization Request Server	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/GlobalServiceAuthorization
Facet	Directory	
	Service	hara Harafa adalah adalah Barfalda adalah 10 da da da da da da
Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/GlobalServiceKeyCredentials
	Directory	
Clabal Camba Kay Coada 11 12 15	Service	http://professionaletics.com/HA Double/Clinit Children Conduction
Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet	Global	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/GlobalServiceKeyCredentials
	Directory	
	Service	

The contents of each of the listed *Profiles* will be described in a tabular form in a separate section. Each table may contain references to additional *Profiles* and or *ConformanceUnits*. If a *Profile* is referenced it means that it is completely included. The *ConformanceUnits* are referenced using their name and conformance group. For the details of the *ConformanceUnit* the reader should examine the *ConformanceUnit* details in the appropriate conformance group section.

6.3 Conventions for Profile definitions

Profiles have the following naming conventions:

- Profiles intended for OPC UA Servers contain the term Server in their titles,
- Profiles intended for OPC UA Clients contain the term Client in their titles
- The term Facet in the title of a *Profile* indicates that this *Profile* is expected to be part of another larger *Profile* or concerns a specific aspect of OPC UA. *Profiles* with the term Facet in their title are expected to be combined with other *Profiles* to define the complete functionality of an OPC UA *Server*, *Client*, Publisher, or Subscriber.

6.4 Profile versioning

Versioning of *Profile* is accomplished with a naming convention. Whenever a profile is revised, the year of the new revision is added to the name. Example:

Version 1	Core Server Facet
Version 2	Core 2017 Server Facet

6.5 Applications

A vendor that is developing a UA application, whether it is a *Server* application or a *Client* application, shall review the list of available *Profiles*. From this list the vendor shall select the *Profiles* that include the functionality required by the application. Typically this will be multiple *Profiles*. Conformance to a single *Profile* may not yield a complete application. In most cases multiple *Profiles* are needed to yield a useful application. All *Servers* and *Clients* shall support at least a core *Profile* (Core *Server Facet* or Core *Client Facet*) and at least one Transport *Profile*

For example an HMI *Client* application may choose to support the "Core *Client Facet*", the "UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary" *Profile*, the "Data Access *Client Facet*", the "DataChange Subscriber *Client* Facet" and the "Attribute Write Client Facet". If the Client is to be TestLab tested then it would also support "Base Client Behaviour" *Profile*. This list of *Profiles* would allow the *Client* to communicate with an OPC UA Server using UA-TCP/UA Security/UA binary. It would be able to subscribe for data, write to data and would support the DA data model. It would also follow the best practice guideline for behaviour. Figure 2 illustrates the *Profile* hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is only an illustration and the represented *Profiles* may change.

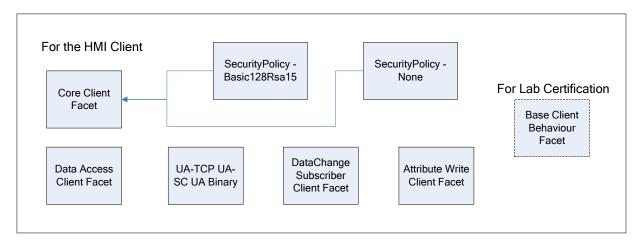


Figure 2 - HMI Client sample

All *Clients* should take into account the types of *Servers* and *Server Profiles* that they are targeted to support. Some *Servers* might not support *Subscriptions* and *Clients* should be able to fall back to Read *Services*.

A special case is a generic *Client* that is designed to communicate with a large number of *Servers* and therefore able to perform a broad range of functionality. "Standard UA *Client Profile*" has been defined for this kind of *Clients*.

Many *Clients*, however, will be specialized and do not need all of the functionality in the "Standard UA *Client Profile*" and thus would only support the limited set of functionality they require. A trend *Client*, for example, would only need functionality to subscribe to or read data.

Another example is an embedded device OPC UA Server application that may choose to support "Embedded UA Server" Profile and the "DataAccess Server Facet" Profile. This device would be a resource constrained device that would support UA-TCP, UA-Security, UA Binary encoding, data subscriptions and the DA data model. It may not support the optional attribute write. Figure 3 illustrates the hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is just an illustration and the represented *Profiles* may change.

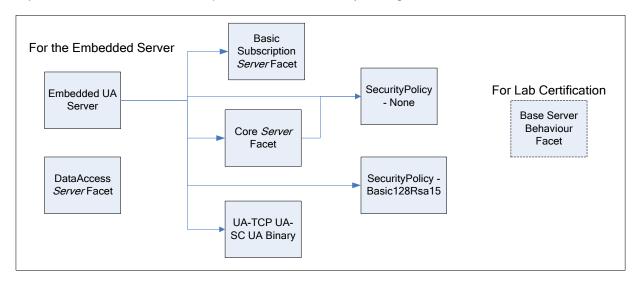


Figure 3 - Embedded Server sample

Another simple system *Server* application may choose to support: "Standard UA *Server*" *Profile* and the "DataAccess *Server* Facet" *Profile*. If the *Server* is to be lab tested then it would also support "Base *Server* Behaviour" *Profile*. This device would be a mid-level OPC UA *Server* that would support all that the embedded *Server* in the previous example supported and it would add support for an enhance level of the subscription service and support for writes. Figure 4 illustrates the hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is just an illustration and the represented *Profile* may change.

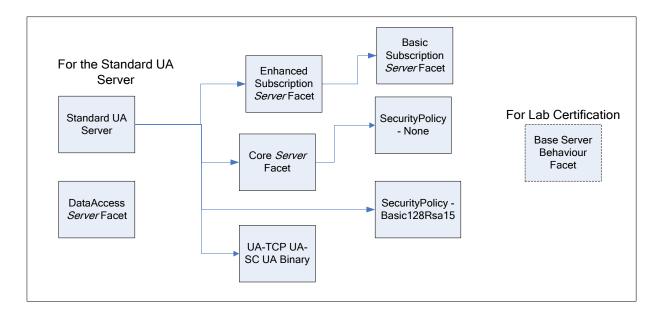


Figure 4 – Standard UA Server sample

If the example HMI *Client* were to connect to either of the example *Servers*, it may have to adjust its behavior based on the *Profile* reported by the respective *Servers*. If the HMI *Client* were communicating with the embedded device it would not be able to perform any write operations. It may also have to limit the number of subscriptions or sessions based on the performance limits of the *Server*. If the HMI *Client* is connected to the Standard *Server* it would be able to open additional windows, have higher limits on performance related items and it would be able to allow writes.

6.6 Profile tables

6.6.1 Introduction

The following sections describe *Profiles* in a tabular format.

Each table contains three columns. The first column is a description of the conformance group that the *ConformanceUnit* is part of. This allows the reader to easily find the *ConformanceUnit*. This column may also state "*Profile*" in which case the listed item is not a *ConformanceUnit*, but an included *P rofile*. The second column is a brief description of the *ConformanceUnit* or included *Profile*. The last column indicates if the *ConformanceUnit* is optional or required.

6.6.2 Core Server Facet

Table 24 describes the details of the Core Server Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any UA Server implementation. The core functionality includes the ability to discover endpoints, establish secure communication channels, create Sessions, browse the AddressSpace and read and/or write to Attributes of Nodes. The key requirements are: support for a single Session, support for the Server and Server Capabilities Object, all mandatory Attributes for Nodes in the AddressSpace, and authentication with UserName and Password. This Facet has been extended with additional Base Information ConformanceUnits. They are optional to provide backward compatibility. In the future the ConformanceUnit "Base Info Server Capabilities" will become required, and so it is highly recommended that all Servers support it. For broad applicability, it is recommended that Servers support multiple transport and security Profiles.

Table 24 - Core Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Base	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Read	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Index	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Values	True
Base Information	Base Info Core Structure	False
Base Information	Base Info OptionSet	True
Base Information	Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules	True
Base Information	Base Info Server Capabilities	True
Base Information	Base Info ValueAsText	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Find Servers Self	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Get Endpoints	False
Security	Security – No Application Authentication	True
Security	Security Administration	True
Session Services	Session Base	False
Session Services	Session General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 1	False
View Services	View Basic	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 01	False
View Services	View RegisterNodes	False
View Services	View TranslateBrowsePath	False

6.6.3 Core 2017 Server Facet

Table 25 describes the details of the Core 2017 Server Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any UA Server implementation. The core functionality includes the ability to discover endpoints, establish secure communication channels, create Sessions, browse the AddressSpace and read and/or write to Attributes of Nodes. The key requirements are: support for a single Session, support for the Server and Server Capabilities Object, all mandatory Attributes for Nodes in the AddressSpace, and authentication with UserName and Password. For broad applicability, it is recommended that Servers support multiple transport and security Profiles. This Facet supersedes the "Core Server Facet".

Table 25 - Core 2017 Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Atomicity	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Full Array Only	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Read	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Index	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Values	True
Base Information	Base Info Core Structure	False
Base Information	Base Info Estimated Return Time	True
Base Information	Base Info OptionSet	True
Base Information	Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules	True
Base Information	Base Info Selection List	True
Base Information	Base Info Server Capabilities	True
Base Information	Base Info ValueAsText	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Find Servers Self	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Get Endpoints	False
Security	Security Administration	True
Security	Security Role Server Authorization	True
Session Services	Session Base	False
Session Services	Session General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 1	False
View Services	View Basic	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 01	False
View Services	View RegisterNodes	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
View Services	View TranslateBrowsePath	False

6.6.4 Sessionless Server Facet

Table 26 describes the details of the Sessionless Server Facet. Defines the use of Sessionless Service invocation in a Server.

Table 26 - Sessionless Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Get Endpoints SessionLess	False
Session Services	Session Sessionless Invocation	False

6.6.5 Reverse Connect Server Facet

Table 27 describes the details of the Reverse Connect Server Facet. This Facet defines support of reverse connectivity in a Server. Usually, a connection is opened by the Client before starting the UA-specific handshake. This will fail, however, when Servers are behind firewalls with no open ports to connect to. In the reverse connectivity scenario, the Server opens the connection and starts with a ReverseHello message requesting that the Client establish a Secure Channel using this connection.

Table 27 - Reverse Connect Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Reverse Connect Server	False

6.6.6 Base Server Behaviour Facet

Table 28 describes the details of the Base *Server* Behaviour Facet. This Facet defines best practices for the configuration and management of *Servers* when they are deployed in a production environment. It provides the ability to enable or disable certain protocols and to configure the *Discovery Server* and specify where this *Server* shall be registered.

Table 28 - Base Server Behaviour Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Configuration	False
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Configuration	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False

6.6.7 Request State Change Server Facet

Table 29 describes the details of the Request State Change Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support of the RequestServerStateChange Method.

Table 29 - Request State Change Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info RequestServerStateChange Method	False

6.6.8 Subnet Discovery Server Facet

Table 30 describes the details of the Subnet *Discovery Server* Facet. Support of this Facet enables discovery of the *Server* on a subnet using mDNS. This functionality is only applicable when *Servers* do not register with an LDS.

Table 30 - Subnet Discovery Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Server Announcement using mDNS	False

6.6.9 Global Certificate Management Server Facet

Table 31 describes the details of the Global *Certificate* Management *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the capability to interact with a Global *Certificate* Management *Server* to obtain an initial or renewed *Certificate* and Trust Lists.

Table 31 - Global Certificate Management Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Push Model for Global Certificate and TrustList	False
	Management	

6.6.10 Authorization Service Server Facet

Table 32 describes the details of the Authorization *Service Server* Facet. This Facet defines the support for configuring the necessary information to validate access tokens when presented by a Client during session establishment. Access Tokens are issued by Authorization *Services*.

Table 32 - Authorization Service Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Authorization Service Configuration Server	False

6.6.11 KeyCredential Service Server Facet

Table 33 describes the details of the KeyCredential Service Server Facet. This Facet defines the capability to interact with a KeyCredential Service to obtain KeyCredentials. For example KeyCredentials are needed to access an Authorization Service or a Broker. The KeyCredential Service is typically part of a system-wide tool, like a GDS that also manages Applications, Access Tokens, and Certificates.

Table 33 - KeyCredential Service Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Push Model for KeyCredential Service	False

6.6.12 Attribute WriteMask Server Facet

Table 34 describes the details of the *Attribute* WriteMask *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the capability to update characteristics of individual *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace* by allowing writing to *Node Attributes*. It requires support for authenticating user access as well as providing information related to access rights in the *AddressSpace* and actually restricting the access rights as described.

Table 34 - Attribute WriteMask Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Security User Access Control Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space UserWriteMask	False
Address Space Model	Address Space UserWriteMask Multilevel	True
Address Space Model	Address Space WriteMask	False

6.6.13 File Access Server Facet

Table 35 describes the details of the File Access *Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the support of exposing File information via the defined FileType. This includes reading of file as well as optionally writing of file data.

Table 35 - File Access Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info FileType Base	False
Base Information	Base Info FileType Write	True

False

Miscellaneous

6.6.14 Documentation Server Facet

Table 36 describes the details of the Documentation Server Facet. This Facet defines a list of user documentation that a server application should provide.

Conformance Unit / Profile Title Group Optional Documentation - Installation Miscellaneous False Documentation - Multiple Languages Miscellaneous True Miscellaneous Documentation - On-line True Documentation – Supported *Profiles* Miscellaneous True Documentation - Trouble Shooting Guide Miscellaneous True

Documentation – Users Guide

Table 36 - Documentation Server Facet

6.6.15 Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 37 describes the details of the Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Facet specifies the minimum level of support for data change notifications within subscriptions. It includes limits which minimize memory and processing overhead required to implement the Facet. This Facet includes functionality to create, modify and delete Subscriptions and to add, modify and remove Monitored Items. As a minimum for each Session, Servers shall support one Subscription with up to two items. In addition, support for two parallel Publish requests is required. This Facet is geared for a platform such as the one provided by the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile in which memory is limited and needs to be managed.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 2	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_1	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Value Change	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 1	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 02	False

Table 37 - Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet

6.6.16 Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 38 describes the details of the Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Facet specifies the standard support of subscribing to data changes. This Facet extends features and limits defined by the Embedded Data Change Subscription Facet. As a minimum, Servers shall support 2 Subscriptions with at least 100 items for at least half of the required Sessions. The 100 items shall be supported for at least half of the required Subscriptions. Queuing with up to two queued entries is required. Support of five parallel Publish requests per Session is required. This Facet also requires the support of the triggering service. This Facet has been updated to include optional ConformanceUnits to allow for backward compatibility. These optional ConformanceUnits are highly recommended, in that in a future release they will be made mandatory.

Table 38 - Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server	False
	Facet	
Base Information	Base Info GetMonitoredItems Method	True
Method Services	Method Call	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 10	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 100	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_02	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Triggering	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitored Items Deadband Filter	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 02	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 05	False

6.6.17 Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet

Table 39 describes the details of the Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet. This Facet specifies the standard support of subscribing to data changes and extends features and limits defined by the Embedded Data Change Subscription Facet. See ConformanceUnits for these limits. Note that the Method Call Service is only required for the Methods defined in this Facet. This Facet supersedes the "Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet".

Table 39 - Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server	False
	Facet	
Base Information	Base Info GetMonitoredItems Method	False
Base Information	Base Info ResendData Method	False
Method Services	Method Call	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 10	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 100	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_02	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Triggering	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitored Items Deadband Filter	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 02	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 05	False

6.6.18 Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 40 describes the details of the Enhanced DataChange *Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet specifies an enhanced support of subscribing to data changes. It is part of the Standard UA *Server Profile*. This Facet increases the limits defined by the Standard Data Change *Subscription* Facet.

Table 40 - Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 500	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_05	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 05	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 10	False

6.6.19 Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet

Table 41 describes the details of the Enhanced DataChange *Subscription* 2017 *Server* Facet. This Facet specifies an enhanced support of subscribing to data changes. It is part of the Standard UA *Server* 2017 *Profile*. This Facet increases the limits defined by the Standard Data Change *Subscription* 2017 *Server* Facet.

Table 41 - Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server	False
	Facet	
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 500	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_05	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 05	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 10	False

6.6.20 Durable Subscription Server Facet

Table 42 describes the details of the Durable *Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet specifies support of durable storage of data and events even when *Clients* are disconnected. This Facet implies support of any of the DataChange or *Event Subscription* Facets.

Table 42 - Durable Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Durable	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Durable StorageLevel High	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Durable StorageLevel Medium	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Durable StorageLevel Small	True

6.6.21 Data Access Server Facet

Table 43 describes the details of the Data Access *Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the support for an Information Model used to provide industrial automation data. This model defines standard structures for analog and discrete data items and their quality of service. This Facet extends the Core *Server* Facet which includes support of the basic *AddressSpace* behaviour.

Table 43 - Data Access Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Data Access	Data Access AnalogItems	True
Data Access	Data Access ArrayItemType	True
Data Access	Data Access Complex Number	True
Data Access	Data Access DataItems	False
Data Access	Data Access DoubleComplex Number	True
Data Access	Data Access MultiState	True
Data Access	Data Access MultiStateValueDiscrete	True
Data Access	Data Access PercentDeadband	True
Data Access	Data Access Semantic Changes	True
Data Access	Data Access TwoState	True

6.6.22 ComplexType Server Facet

Table 44 describes the details of the ComplexType Server Facet. This Facet extends the Core Server Facet to include Variables with Complex Data, i.e. data that are composed of multiple elements such as a structure and where the individual elements are exposed as component variables. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of structured DataTypes and Variables that make use of these DataTypes. The Read, Write and Subscriptions service set shall support the encoding and decoding of these structured DataTypes. As an option the Server can also support alternate encodings, such as an XML encoding when the binary protocol is currently used and vice-versa.

Table 44 - ComplexType Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Complex Data Dictionary	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Alternate Encoding	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Read Complex	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Complex	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Alternate Encoding	True

6.6.23 ComplexType 2017 Server Facet

Table 45 describes the details of the ComplexType 2017 Server Facet. This Facet extends the Core Server Facet to include Variables with structured data, i.e. data that are composed of multiple elements such as a structure and where the individual elements are exposed as component variables. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of structured DataTypes and Variables that make use of these DataTypes. The Read, Write and Subscriptions service set shall support the encoding and decoding of these structured DataTypes. As an option the Server can also support alternate encodings, such as an XML encoding when the binary protocol is currently used and vice-versa.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space DataTypeDefinition Attribute	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Alternate Encoding	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Read Complex	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Complex	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Alternate Encoding	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Complex Value	True

Table 45 - ComplexType 2017 Server Facet

6.6.24 Standard Event Subscription Server Facet

Table 46 describes the details of the Standard *Event Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the standard support for subscribing to events and is intended to supplement any of the FullFeatured *Profiles*. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of *Event* Types representing the Events that the *Server* can report and their specific fields. It also requires at least the *Server Object* to have the *EventNotifier Attribute* set. It includes the *Services* to Create, Modify and Delete Subscriptions and to Add, Modify and Remove Monitored Items for *Object Nodes* with an "*EventNotifier Attribute*". Creating a monitoring item may include a filter that includes SimpleAttribute FilterOperands and a select list of Operators. The operators include: Equals, IsNull, GreaterThan, LessThan, GreaterThanOrEqual, LessThanOrEqual, Like, Not, Between, InList, And, Or, Cast, BitwiseAnd, BitwiseOr and TypeOf. Support of more complex filters is optional. This Facet has been updated to include several optional Base Information *ConformanceUnits*. These *ConformanceUnits* are optional to allow for backward compatibility, in the future these optional *ConformanceUnits* will become required, and so it is highly recommended that all servers support them.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Events	False
Base Information	Base Info Device Failure	True
Base Information	Base Info EventQueueOverflow EventType	True
Base Information	Base Info Progress Events	True
Base Information	Base Info SemanticChange	True
Base Information	Base Info System Status	True
Base Information	Base Info System Status Underlying System	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Complex Event Filter	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Events	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 10	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_ServerMax	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 02	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 05	False

Table 46 - Standard Event Subscription Server Facet

6.6.25 Address Space Notifier Server Facet

Table 47 describes the details of the Address Space Notifier Server Facet. This Facet requires the support of a hierarchy of Object Nodes that are notifiers and Nodes that are

event sources. The hierarchy is commonly used as a way to organize a plant into areas that can be managed by different operators.

Table 47 - Address Space Notifier Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Source Hierarchy	False

6.6.26 A & C Base Condition Server Facet

Table 48 describes the details of the A & C Base Condition Server Facet. This Facet requires basic support for Conditions. Information about Conditions is provided through Event notifications and thus this Facet builds upon the Standard Event Subscription Server Facet. Conditions that are in an "interesting" state (as defined by the Server) can be refreshed using the Refresh Method, which requires support for the Method Server Facet. Optionally the server may also provide support for Condition classes

Table 48 - A & C Base Condition Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Method Server Facet	False
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Condition Sub-Classes	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh	False

6.6.27 A & C Refresh2 Server Facet

Table 49 describes the details of the A & C Refresh2 *Server* Facet. This Facet enhances the A & C Base *Condition Server* Facet with support of the ConditionRefresh2 *Method*.

Table 49 - A & C Refresh2 Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh2	False

6.6.28 A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet

Table 50 describes the details of the A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support required for a Server to expose Alarms and Conditions in its Address Space. This includes the A & C Address Space information model.

Table 50 - A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances	False

6.6.29 A & C Enable Server Facet

Table 51 describes the details of the A & C Enable Server Facet. This Facet requires the enabling and disabling of Conditions. This Facet builds upon the A&C Base Condition Server Facet. Enabling and disabling also requires that instances of these ConditionTypes exist in the AddressSpace since the enable Method can only be invoked on an instance of the Condition

Table 51 - A & C Enable Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Enable	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances	False

6.6.30 A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet

Table 52 describes the details of the A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet. This Facet requires support for AlarmMetrics. AlarmMetrics expose status and potential issues in the alarm system. A Server can provide these metrics at various levels (operator station, plant area, overall system etc.).

Table 52 - A & C AlarmMetrics Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Metrics	False

6.6.31 A & C Alarm Server Facet

Table 53 describes the details of the A & C *Alarm Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for *Alarms*. *Alarms* extend the ConditionType by adding an Active state which indicates when something in the system requires attention by an Operator. This Facet builds upon the A&C Base *Condition Server* Facet. This facet requires that discrete AlarmTypes be supported, it also allows for optional support of shelving, alarm comments and other discrete AlarmTypes such as Trip or Off-Normal.

Table 53 - A & C Alarm Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Audible Sound	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrepancy	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C First in Group Alarm	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C OffNormal	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C On-Off Delay	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Out Of Service	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Re-Alarming	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Silencing	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Suppression	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Suppression by Operator	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C SystemOffNormal	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip	True

6.6.32 A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet

Table 54 describes the details of the A & C Acknowledgeable *Alarm Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for Acknowledgement of active *Alarms*. This Facet builds upon the A & C *Alarm Server* Facet. Acknowledgement requires support of the Acknowledge *Method* and the Acknowledged state. Support of the Confirmed state and the Confirm *Method* is optional.

Table 54 - A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm	True

6.6.33 A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Table 55 describes the details of the A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet. This Facet requires support for Alarms with multiple sub-states that identify different limit Conditions. This facet builds upon the A&C Alarm Server Facet. The term exclusive means only one substate can be active at a time. For example, a temperature exceeds the HighHigh limit the associated exclusive LevelAlarm will be in the HighHigh sub-state and not in the High substate. This Facet requires that a Server support at least one of the optional Alarm models: Limit, RateOfChange or Deviation.

Conformance Unit / Profile Title Group **Optional** Profile A & C Alarm Server Facet False Alarms and Conditions A & C Exclusive Deviation True Alarms and Conditions A & C Exclusive Level True Alarms and Conditions A & C Exclusive Limit False A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Alarms and Conditions True

Table 55 - A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

6.6.34 A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Table 56 describes the details of the A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet. This Facet requires support for Alarms with multiple sub-states that identify different limit Conditions. This Facet builds upon the A&C Alarm Server Facet. The term non-exclusive means more than one sub-state can be active at a time. For example, if a temperature exceeds the HighHigh limit the associated non-exclusive LevelAlarm will be in both the High and the HighHigh sub-state. This Facet requires that a server support at least one of the optional alarm models: Limit, RateOfChange or Deviation.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange	True

Table 56 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

6.6.35 A & C Previous Instances Server Facet

Table 57 describes the details of the A & C Previous Instances *Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for *Conditions* with previous states that still require action on the part of the operator. This Facet builds upon the A&C Base *Condition Server* Facet. A common use case for this Facet is a safety critical system that requires that all *Alarms* be acknowledged even if it the original problem goes away and the *Alarm* returns to the inactive state. In these cases, the previous state with active *Alarm* is still reported by the *Server* until the Operator acknowledges it. When a *Condition* has previous states it will produce events with different Branch identifiers. When previous state no longer needs attention the branch will disappear.

Conformance Unit / Profile Title Optional
A & C Base Condition Server Facet False

False

Table 57 - A & C Previous Instances Server Facet

A & C Branch

6.6.36 A & C Dialog Server Facet

Alarms and Conditions

Group

Profile

Table 58 describes the details of the A & C Dialog Server Facet. This Facet requires support of Dialog Conditions. This Facet builds upon the A & C BaseCondition Server Facet Dialogs are ConditionTypes used to request user input. They are typically used when a Server has entered some state that requires intervention by a Client. For example, a Server monitoring a paper machine indicates that a roll of paper has been wound and is ready for inspection. The Server would activate a Dialog Condition indicating to the user that an inspection is required.

Once the inspection has taken place the user responds by informing the *Server* of an accepted or unaccepted inspection allowing the process to continue.

Table 58 – A & C Dialog Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Dialog	False

6.6.37 A & C Certificate Expiration Server Facet

Table 59 describes the details of the A & C CertificateExpiration Server Facet. This Facet requires support of the CertificateExpirationAlarmType. It is used to inform Clients when the Server's Certificate is within the defined expiration period.

Table 59 - A & C CertificateExpiration Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C CertificateExpiration	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving	True

6.6.38 A & E Wrapper Facet

Table 60 describes the details of the A & E Wrapper Facet. This Facet specifies the requirements for a UA Server that wraps an OPC Alarm & Event (AE) Server (COM). This Profile identifies the sub-set of the UA Alarm & Condition model which is provided by the COM OPC AE specification. It is intended to provide guidance to developers who are creating servers that front end existing applications. It is important to note that some OPC A&E COM Servers may not support all of the functionality provided by an OPC UA A&C server, in these cases similar functionality maybe available via some non-OPC interface. For example if an A&E COM server does not support sending Alarm Acknowledgement messages to the system that it is obtaining alarm information from, this functionality may be available via some out of scope features in the underlying Alarm system. Another possibility is that the underlying system does not require acknowledgements or automatically acknowledges the alarm.

Table 60 - A & E Wrapper Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Events	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Source Hierarchy	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & E Wrapper Mapping	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Complex Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Events	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 2	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_ServerMax	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 1	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 02	False

6.6.39 Method Server Facet

Table 61 describes the details of the *Method Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the support of *Method* invocation via the Call service. Methods are "lightweight" functions which are similar to the methods of a class found in any object-oriented programming language. A *Method* can have its scope bounded by an owning *Object* or an owning *ObjectType*. Methods with an *ObjectType* as their scope are similar to static methods in a class.

Table 61 - Method Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Method	False
Method Services	Method Call	False

6.6.40 Auditing Server Facet

Table 62 describes the details of the Auditing Server Facet. This Facet requires the support of Auditing which includes the Standard Event Subscription Server Facet. Support of this Facet requires that Audit Events be produced when a client performs some action to change the state of the server, such as changing the AddressSpace, inserting or updating a value etc. The auditEntryld passed by the Client is a field contained in every Audit Event and allows actions to be traced across multiple systems. The Audit Event Types and their fields must be exposed in the Server's AddressSpace

Table 62 - Auditing Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
Auditing	Auditing Base	False

6.6.41 Node Management Server Facet

Table 63 describes the details of the *Node* Management *Server* Facet. This Facet requires the support of the *Services* that allow the *Client* to add, modify and delete *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace*. These *Services* provide an interface which can be used to configure *Servers*. This means all changes to the *AddressSpace* are expected to persist even after the *Client* has disconnected from the *Server*

Table 63 – Node Management Server Facet

Group		Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space	ce Model	Address Space Base	False
Base Informa	tion	Base Info Model Change	False
Base Informa	tion	Base Info Type System	False
Node Services	Management	Node Management Add Node	False
Node Services	Management	Node Management Add Ref	False
Node Services	Management	Node Management Delete Node	False
Node Services	Management	Node Management Delete Ref	False

6.6.42 User Role Base Server Facet

Table 64 describes the details of the User Role Base Server Facet. This Facet defines support of the OPC UA Information Model to expose configured user roles and permissions.

Table 64 - User Role Base Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Role Server Base	False

6.6.43 User Role Management Server Facet

Table 65 describes the details of the User Role Management *Server* Facet. This Facet defines support of the OPC UA approach to manage user roles and permissions and to grant access to *Nodes* and *Services* based on the assigned roles and permissions.

Table 65 – User Role Management Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	User Role Base Server Facet	False
Security	Security Role Server DefaultRolePermissions	False
Security	Security Role Server IdentityManagement	False
Security	Security Role Server Management	False
Security	Security Role Server Restrict Applications	True
Security	Security Role Server Restrict Endpoints	True
Security	Security Role Server RolePermissions	True
Security	Security Role Well Known	False

6.6.44 State Machine Server Facet

Table 66 describes the details of the State Machine Server Facet. This Facet defines support of StateMachines based on the types in UA Part 5.

Table 66 - State Machine Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Available States and Transitions	True
Base Information	Base Info Finite State Machine Instance	True
Base Information	Base Info State Machine Instance	False

6.6.45 Client Redundancy Server Facet

Table 67 describes the details of the *Client* Redundancy *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the *Server* actions that are required for support of redundant *Clients*. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of the TransferSubscriptions *Service* which allows the transfer of Subscriptions from one *Client's Session* to another *Client's Session*.

Table 67 - Client Redundancy Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Transfer	False

6.6.46 Redundancy Transparent Server Facet

Table 68 describes the details of the Redundancy Transparent Server Facet. This Facet requires support for transparent redundancy. If Servers implement transparent redundancy then the failover from one Server to another is transparent to the Client such that the Client is unaware that a failover has occurred; the Client does not need to do anything at all to keep data flowing. This type of redundancy is usually a hardware solution.

Table 68 - Redundancy Transparent Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Server Transparent	False

6.6.47 Redundancy Visible Server Facet

Table 69 describes the details of the Redundancy Visible Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support for non-transparent redundancy. Failover for this type of redundancy requires the Client to monitor Server status and to switch to a backup Server if it detects a failure. The Server shall expose the methods of failover it supports (cold, warm or hot). The failover method tells the Client what it must do when connecting to a Server and when a failure occurs. Cold redundancy requires a Client to reconnect to a backup Server after the initial Server has failed. Warm redundancy allows a Client to connect to multiple Servers, but only

one Server will be providing values. In hot redundancy multiple Servers are able to provide data and a Client can connect to multiple Servers for the data.

Table 69 - Redundancy Visible Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Server	False

6.6.48 Historical Raw Data Server Facet

Table 70 describes the details of the Historical Raw Data *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the basic functionality when supporting historical data access for raw data.

Table 70 - Historical Raw Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max <i>Nodes</i> Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Read Raw	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True

6.6.49 Historical Aggregate Server Facet

Table 71 describes the details of the Historical Aggregate *Server* Facet. This Facet indicates that the server supports aggregate processing to produce derived values from raw historical data.

Table 71 - Historical Aggregate Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Custom	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationInStateNonZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – StandardDeviationPopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - StandardDeviationSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – StartBound	True

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – WorstQuality2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Historical Configuration	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Master Configuration	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Aggregates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max <i>Nodes</i> Read Continuation Point	False

6.6.50 Historical Data AtTime Server Facet

Table 72 describes the details of the Historical Data AtTime Server Facet. This Facet indicates that the historical Server supports reading data by specifying specific timestamps.

Table 72 - Historical Data AtTime Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max <i>Nodes</i> Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Time Instance	False

6.6.51 Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet

Table 73 describes the details of the Historical Access Modified Data *Server* Facet. This Facet defines support of reading modified historical values (values that where modified or inserted).

Table 73 - Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Modified Values	False

6.6.52 Historical Annotation Server Facet

Table 74 describes the details of the Historical Annotation *Server* Facet. This Facet defines support for the storage and retrieval of annotations for historical data.

Table 74 - Historical Annotation Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Annotations	False

6.6.53 Historical Data Insert Server Facet

Table 75 describes the details of the Historical Data Insert *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Insert functionality.

Table 75 - Historical Data Insert Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Insert Value	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True

6.6.54 Historical Data Update Server Facet

Table 76 describes the details of the Historical Data Update Server Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Update functionality.

Table 76 - Historical Data Update Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Update Value	False

6.6.55 Historical Data Replace Server Facet

Table 77 describes the details of the Historical Data Replace Server Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Replace functionality.

Table 77 - Historical Data Replace Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Replace Value	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True

6.6.56 Historical Data Delete Server Facet

Table 78 describes the details of the Historical Data Delete *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Delete functionality.

Table 78 - Historical Data Delete Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Delete Value	False

6.6.57 Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet

Table 79 describes the details of the Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet. This Facet indicates that the Server supports storage and retrieval of structured values for all supported access types. If a listed access type is supported then the corresponding optional ConformanceUnit shall be supported.

Table 79 - Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Delete	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Insert	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Read Modified	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Read Raw	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Replace	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Time Instance	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Update	True

6.6.58 Base Historical Event Server Facet

Table 80 describes the details of the Base Historical *Event Server* Facet. This Facet defines the server requirements to support basic Historical *Event* functionality, including simple filtering and general access.

Table 80 - Base Historical Event Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access <i>Event</i> Max Events Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Events	False

6.6.59 Historical Event Update Server Facet

Table 81 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Update *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* update access functionality.

Table 81 - Historical Event Update Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Update Event	False

6.6.60 Historical Event Replace Server Facet

Table 82 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Replace *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* replace access functionality.

Table 82 - Historical Event Replace Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Replace Event	False

6.6.61 Historical Event Insert Server Facet

Table 83 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Insert *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* insert access functionality.

Table 83 - Historical Event Insert Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Insert Event	False

6.6.62 Historical Event Delete Server Facet

Table 84 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Delete *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* delete access functionality

Table 84 - Historical Event Delete Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Delete Event	False

6.6.63 Aggregate Subscription Server Facet

Table 85 describes the details of the Aggregate *Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet defines the handling of the aggregate filter when subscribing for *Attribute* values.

Table 85 - Aggregate Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Count	True

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Custom	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription –	True
	DurationInStateNonZero	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Filter	False
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription -	True
	StandardDeviationPopulation	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription –	True
	StandardDeviationSample	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality2	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Aggregate Filter	False

6.6.64 Nano Embedded Device Server Profile

Table 86 describes the details of the Nano Embedded Device Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for chip level devices with limited resources. This Profile is functionally equivalent to the Core Server Facet and defines the OPC UA TCP binary protocol as the required transport profile. The support of Diagnostic Objects and Variables is optional for this Profile despite it being defined as "mandatory" in UA Part 5. Support of Diagnostic Objects and Variables is mandatory in some higher level Profiles.

Exposing types in the *AddressSpace* is optional for this *Profile* except if custom types (i.e. types that are derived from well-known *ObjectTypes*, VariableTypes, *ReferenceType* or DataTypes) are used. Exposing all supported types in the *AddressSpace* is mandatory in some higher level *Profiles*.

Table 86 - Nano Embedded Device Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core Server Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Custom Type System	True
Base Information	Base Info Diagnostics	True

6.6.65 Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile

Table 87 describes the details of the Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for chip level devices with limited resources. This Profile is functionally equivalent to the Core Server Facet and defines the OPC UA TCP binary protocol as the required transport profile. The support of Diagnostic Objects and Variables is optional for this Profile despite it being defined as "mandatory" in UA Part 5. Support of Diagnostic Objects and Variables is mandatory in some higher level Profiles. Exposing types in the AddressSpace is optional for this Profile except if custom types (i.e. types that are derived from well-known ObjectTypes, VariableTypes, ReferenceType or DataTypes) are used. Exposing all supported types in the AddressSpace is mandatory in some higher level Profiles. This profile supersedes the "Nano Embedded Device Server Profile".

Table 87 - Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core 2017 Server Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
Base Information	Base Info Custom Type System	True
Base Information	Base Info Diagnostics	True

6.6.66 Micro Embedded Device Server Profile

Table 88 describes the details of the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for small devices with limited resources. This Profile builds upon the Nano Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for subscriptions via the Embedded Data Change Subscription Server Facet and support for at least two sessions. A complete Type System is not required; however, if the Server implements any non-UA types then these types and their super-types must be exposed.

Table 88 - Micro Embedded Device Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 2 Parallel	False

6.6.67 Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile

Table 89 describes the details of the Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for small devices with limited resources. This Profile builds upon the Nano Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for subscriptions via the Embedded Data Change Subscription Server Facet and support for at least two sessions. A complete Type System is not required; however, if the Server implements any non-UA types then these types and their super-types must be exposed. This profile supersedes the "Micro Embedded Device Server Profile".

Table 89 - Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	Nano Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 2 Parallel	False

6.6.68 Embedded UA Server Profile

Table 90 describes the details of the Embedded UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that is intended for devices with more than 50 MBs of memory and a more powerful processor. This Profile builds upon the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for security via the Security Policy – Basic128Rsa15 Facet, and support for the Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Profile also requires that servers expose all OPC-UA types that are used by the Server including their components and their super-types.

Conformance Unit / Profile Title Group Optional Profile Micro Embedded Device Server Profile False Profile SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15 False Profile Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet False **Base Information** Base Info Engineering Units True Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules **Base Information** True Base Info Type System Base Information False Security Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate False

Table 90 - Embedded UA Server Profile

6.6.69 Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile

Table 91 describes the details of the Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that is intended for devices with more than 50 MBs of memory and a more powerful processor. This Profile builds upon the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for security via the Security Policies and support for the Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Profile also requires that Servers expose all OPC-UA types that are used by the Server including their components and their super-types. This profile supersedes the "Embedded Device Server Profile".

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Micro Embedded Device 2017 Server Profile	False
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	False
Base Information	Base Info Engineering Units	True
Base Information	Base Info Type System	False
Security	Security – No Application Authentication	True
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate	False
Security	Security Policy Required	False

Table 91 - Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile

6.6.70 Standard UA Server Profile

Table 92 describes the details of the Standard UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that defines a minimum set of functionality required for PC based OPC UA servers. Such a server must provide the base AddressSpace structure with type nodes, instance nodes and diagnostic information. The Server must provide connection establishment through the OPC UA TCP binary protocol with security and the creation of at least 50 parallel sessions. It includes view services like browsing and the attribute services for reading and writing of current values. In addition, the monitoring of data changes is included with a minimum of 5 subscriptions for half of the required sessions (total 225) and a minimum of 500 monitored items for half of the subscriptions (total 56250).

Table 92 - Standard UA Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded UA Server Profile	False
Profile	Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write StatusCode & Timestamp	True
Base Information	Base Info Diagnostics	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Register	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Register2	True
Session Services	Session Cancel	False
Session Services	Session Change User	True
Session Services	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 05	False

6.6.71 Standard 2017 UA Server Profile

Table 93 describes the details of the Standard 2017 UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that defines a minimum set of functionality required for PC based OPC UA servers. Compared to the embedded profiles, the Profile requires higher limits for Sessions, Subscriptions and Monitored Items. It also requires support of diagnostic information. This profile supersedes the "Standard UA Server Profile".

Table 93 - Standard 2017 UA Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded 2017 UA Server Profile	False
Profile	Enhanced DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write StatusCode & Timestamp	True
Base Information	Base Info Diagnostics	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Register	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Register2	False
Session Services	Session Cancel	False
Session Services	Session Change User	True
Session Services	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 05	False

6.6.72 Core Client Facet

Table 94 describes the details of the Core *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any *Client*. This Facet includes the core functions for Security and Session handling.

Table 94 - Core Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Estimated Return Time	True
Security	Security Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Base	False
Session Services	Session Client Cancel	True
Session Services	Session Client Detect Shutdown	False
Session Services	Session Client General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Client Impersonate	True
Session Services	Session Client KeepAlive	False
Session Services	Session Client Renew Nodelds	True

6.6.73 Core 2017 Client Facet

Table 95 describes the details of the Core 2017 *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any *Client*. This Facet includes the core functions for Security and Session handling.

This Facet supersedes the Core Client Facet.

Table 95 - Core 2017 Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Estimated Return Time	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Selection List	True
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Policy Required	False
Session Services	Session Client Auto Reconnect	False
Session Services	Session Client Base	False
Session Services	Session Client Cancel	True
Session Services	Session Client Detect Shutdown	False
Session Services	Session Client General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Client Impersonate	True
Session Services	Session Client KeepAlive	False
Session Services	Session Client Renew Nodelds	True

6.6.74 Sessionless Client Facet

Table 96 describes the details of the Sessionless *Client* Facet. Defines the use of Sessionless *Service* invocation in a *Client*.

Table 96 - Sessionless Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints SessionLess	True
Session Services	Session Client SessionLess Service Calls	False

6.6.75 Reverse Connect Client Facet

Table 97 describes the details of the Reverse Connect *Client* Facet. This Facet defines support of reverse connectivity in a *Client*. Usually, a connection is opened by the *Client* before starting the UA-specific handshake. This will fail, however, when *Servers* are behind firewalls. In the reverse connectivity scenario, the *Client* accepts a connection request and a ReverseHello message from a *Server* and establishes a Secure Channel using this connection.

Table 97 - Reverse Connect Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Reverse Connect Client	False

6.6.76 Base Client Behaviour Facet

Table 98 describes the details of the Base *Client* Behaviour Facet. This Facet indicates that the *Client* supports behaviour that *Clients* shall follow for best use by operators and administrators. They include allowing configuration of an endpoint for a server without using the discovery service set; Support for manual security setting configuration and behaviour with regard to security issues; support for Automatic reconnection to a disconnected server. These behaviours can only be tested in a test lab. They are best practice guidelines.

Table 98 - Base Client Behaviour Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client Remote Nodes	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Auto Reconnect	True

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False

6.6.77 Discovery Client Facet

Table 99 describes the details of the *Discovery Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to discover *Servers* and their Endpoints.

Table 99 - Discovery Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Dynamic	False

6.6.78 Subnet Discovery Client Facet

Table 100 describes the details of the Subnet *Discovery Client* Facet. Support of this Facet enables discovery of the *Server* on a subnet.

Table 100 - Subnet Discovery Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network using LDS-ME	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers on Network using mDNS	True

6.6.79 Global Discovery Client Facet

Table 101 describes the details of the Global *Discovery Client* Facet. Support of this Facet enables system-wide discovery of *Servers* using a Global *Discovery Server* (GDS).

Table 101 - Global Discovery Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Applications in GDS	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers in GDS	False

6.6.80 Global Certificate Management Client Facet

Table 102 describes the details of the Global *Certificate* Management *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the capability to interact with a Global *Certificate* Management *Server* to obtain an initial or renewed *Certificate* and Trust Lists.

Table 102 - Global Certificate Management Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Pull Model for Global Certificate and TrustList	False
	Management	

6.6.81 KeyCredential Service Client Facet

Table 103 describes the details of the KeyCredential *Service Client* Facet. This Facet defines the capability to interact with a KeyCredential *Service* to obtain KeyCredentials. For example KeyCredentials are needed to access an Authorization *Service* or a Broker. The

KeyCredential Service is typically part of a system-wide tool, like a GDS that also manages Applications, Access Tokens, and Certificates.

Table 103 - KeyCredential Service Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Pull Model for KeyCredential Service	False

6.6.82 Access Token Request Client Facet

Table 104 describes the details of the Access Token Request *Client* Facet. A *Client* Facet for using the RequestAccessToken *Method* on an Authorization *Server* (defined in Part 12) to request such a token.

Table 104 - Access Token Request Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Authorization Service Client	False

6.6.83 AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet

Table 105 describes the details of the *AddressSpace* Lookup *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to navigate through the *AddressSpace* and includes basic *AddressSpace* concepts, view and browse functionality and simple attribute read functionality.

Table 105 - AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Remote Nodes Attribute Access	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client GetMonitoredItems Method	True
View Services	View Client Basic Browse	False
View Services	View Client Basic ResultSet Filtering	False
View Services	View Client RegisterNodes	True
View Services	View Client Remote Nodes Browse	True
View Services	View Client Remote Nodes Translate Browse	True
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	True

6.6.84 Request State Change Client Facet

Table 106 describes the details of the Request State Change *Client* Facet. This Facet specifies the ability to invoke the RequestServerStateChange *Method*.

Table 106 - Request State Change Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client RequestServerStateChange	False

6.6.85 File Access Client Facet

Table 107 describes the details of the File Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use File transfer via the defined FileType. This includes reading and optionally writing.

Table 107 - File Access Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client FileType Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client FileType Write	True

6.6.86 Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet

Table 108 describes the details of the Entry Level Support 2015 *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to interoperate with low-end *Servers*, in particular *Servers* that support the Nano Embedded *Profile* but in general *Servers* with defined limits.

Table 108 - Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client Honour Operation Limits	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Type Pre-Knowledge	False
Session Services	Session Client Single Session	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Fallback	False

6.6.87 Multi-Server Client Connection Facet

Table 109 describes the details of the Multi-Server Client Connection Facet. This Facet defines the ability for simultaneous access to multiple Servers.

Table 109 - Multi-Server Client Connection Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Session Services	Session Client Multiple Connections	False

6.6.88 Documentation – Client

Table 110 describes the details of the Documentation – *Client*. This Facet provides a list of user documentation that a *Client* application should provide.

Table 110 - Documentation - Client

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Installation	False
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Multiple Languages	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – On-line	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Supported Profiles	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Trouble Shooting Guide	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Users Guide	False

6.6.89 Attribute Read Client Facet

Table 111 describes the details of the *Attribute* Read *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read *Attribute* values of *Nodes*.

Table 111 - Attribute Read Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Atomicity	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Complex Data Dictionary	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client DataTypeDefinition Attribute	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Full Array Only	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	True

6.6.90 Attribute Write Client Facet

Table 112 describes the details of the *Attribute Write Client Facet*. This Facet defines the ability to write *Attribute values of Nodes*.

Table 112 - Attribute Write Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Atomicity	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Complex Data Dictionary	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client DataTypeDefinition Attribute	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Full Array Only	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Quality & Timestamp	True

6.6.91 DataChange Subscriber Client Facet

Table 113 describes the details of the DataChange Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to monitor *Attribute* values for data change.

Table 113 - DataChange Subscriber Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Atomicity	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Complex Data Dictionary	True
Address Space Model	Address Space Client DataTypeDefinition	True
	Attribute	
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Full Array Only	True
Base Information	Base Data Client ResendData Method	True
Base Information	Base Info Client GetMonitoredItems Method	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client by Index	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Complex Value	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Deadband Filter	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Modify	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Trigger	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Value Change	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Modify	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	False

6.6.92 Durable Subscription Client Facet

Table 114 describes the details of the Durable *Subscription Client* Facet. This Facet specifies use of durable Subscriptions. It implies support of any of the DataChange or *Event* Subscriber Facets.

Table 114 - Durable Subscription Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Durable	False

6.6.93 DataAccess Client Facet

Table 115 describes the details of the DataAccess *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to utilize the DataAccess Information Model, i.e., industrial automation data like analog and discrete data items and their quality of service.

Table 115 - DataAccess Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Complex Data Dictionary	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	True
Data Access	Data Access Client AnalogItems	True
Data Access	Data Access Client Basic	False
Data Access	Data Access Client Deadband	True
Data Access	Data Access Client MultiState	True
Data Access	Data Access Client MultiStateValueDiscrete	True
Data Access	Data Access Client SemanticChange	True
Data Access	Data Access Client TwoState	True

6.6.94 Event Subscriber Client Facet

Table 116 describes the details of the *Event* Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to subscribe for *Event Notifications*. This includes basic *AddressSpace* concept and the browsing of it, adding events and event filters as monitored items and adding subscriptions.

Table 116 – Event Subscriber Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Complex Event Filter	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Events	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Modify	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Trigger	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Modify	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	False
View Services	View Client Basic Browse	True
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	True

6.6.95 Base Event Processing Client Facet

Table 117 describes the details of the Base *Event* Processing *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to subscribe for and process basic OPC UA Events. The *Client* has to support at least one of the Events in the Facet.

Table 117 - Base Event Processing Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Change Events	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Device Failure	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Progress Events	True
Base Information	Base Info Client System Status	True
Base Information	Base Info <i>Client</i> System Status Underlying System	True
Base Information	Base Info Event Processing	False

6.6.96 Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet

Table 118 describes the details of the Notifier and Source Hierarchy *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to find and use a hierarchy of *Objects* that are event notifier and *Nodes* that are event sources in the *Server AddressSpace*.

Table 118 - Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space <i>Client</i> Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Source Hierarchy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False

6.6.97 A & C Base Condition Client Facet

Table 119 describes the details of the A & C Base *Condition Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the *Alarm* and *Condition* basic model. This includes the ability to subscribe for Events and to initiate a Refresh *Method*.

Table 119 - A & C Base Condition Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Profile	Method Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Condition Sub-Classes Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh Client	False

6.6.98 A & C Refresh2 Client Facet

Table 120 describes the details of the A & C Refresh2 *Client* Facet. This Facet enhances the A & C Base *Condition Server* Facet with the ability to initiate a ConditionRefresh2 *Method*.

Table 120 - A & C Refresh2 Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh2 Client	False

6.6.99 A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet

Table 121 describes the details of the A & C Address Space Instance *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use *Condition* instances in the *AddressSpace*.

Table 121 - A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances Client	False

6.6.100 A & C Enable Client Facet

Table 122 describes the details of the A & C Enable *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to enable and disable *Alarms*.

Table 122 - A & C Enable Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Enable Client	False

6.6.101 A & C AlarmMetrics Client Facet

Table 123 describes the details of the A & C AlarmMetrics *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the AlarmMetrics model, i.e. understand and use the collected alarm metrics at any level in the HasNotifier hierarchy.

Table 123 - A & C AlarmMetrics Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
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Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Metrics Client	False

6.6.102 A & C Alarm Client Facet

Table 124 describes the details of the A & C *Alarm Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the alarming model (the AlarmType or any of the sub-types).

Table 124 - A & C Alarm Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Audible Sound Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrepancy Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C First in Group Alarm Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C OffNormal Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C On-Off Delay Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Out Of Service Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Re-Alarming Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Silencing Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Suppression by Operator Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Suppression Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C SystemOffNormal Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip Client	True

6.6.103 A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Table 125 describes the details of the A & C Exclusive Alarming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the exclusive *Alarm* model. This includes understanding the various subtypes such as ExclusiveRateOfChangeAlarm, ExclusiveLevelAlarm and ExclusiveDeviationAlarm.

Table 125 - A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Deviation Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Level Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Limit Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Client	True

6.6.104 A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Table 126 describes the details of the A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the non-exclusive *Alarm* model. This includes understanding the various subtypes such as NonExclusiveRateOfChangeAlarm, NonExclusiveLevelAlarm and NonExclusiveDeviationAlarm.

Table 126 - A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit Client	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Client	True

6.6.105 A & C Previous Instances Client Facet

Table 127 describes the details of the A & C Previous Instances *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use previous instances of *Alarms*. This implies the ability to understand branchIds

Table 127 - A & C Previous Instances Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Branch Client	False

6.6.106 A & C Dialog Client Facet

Table 128 describes the details of the A & C Dialog *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the dialog model. This implies the support of *Method* invocation to respond to dialog messages.

Table 128 - A & C Dialog Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Dialog Client	False

6.6.107 A & C CertificateExpiration Client Facet

Table 129 describes the details of the A & C CertificateExpiration *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the CertificateExpirationAlarmType.

Table 129 – A & C CertificateExpiration Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C CertificateExpiration Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving Client	True

6.6.108 A & E Proxy Facet

Table 130 describes the details of the A & E Proxy Facet. This Facet describes the functionality used by a default A & E *Client* proxy. A *Client* exposes this Facet so that a *Server* may be able to better understand the commands that are being issued by the *Client*, since this Facet indicates that the *Client* is an A&E Com *Client*.

Table 130 - A & E Proxy Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Deviation Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Level Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Limit Client	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit <i>Client</i>	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C OffNormal Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C SystemOffNormal Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip Client	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Change Events	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Dynamic	False
Method Services	Method Client Call	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Complex Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Events	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Auto Reconnect	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	False
View Services	View Client Basic Browse	False
View Services	View Client Basic ResultSet Filtering	False
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	False

6.6.109 Method Client Facet

Table 131 describes the details of the *Method Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to call arbitrary Methods.

Table 131 - Method Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Method Services	Method Client Call	False

6.6.110 Auditing Client Facet

Table 132 describes the details of the Auditing *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to monitor Audit Events.

Table 132 - Auditing Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Auditing	Auditing Client Audit ID	False
Auditing	Auditing Client Subscribes	False

6.6.111 Node Management Client Facet

Table 133 describes the details of the *Node* Management *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to configure the *AddressSpace* of an OPC UA *Server* through OPC UA *Node* Management *Service* Set.

Table 133 - Node Management Client Facet

Group		Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address S	pace Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Node	Management	Node Management Client	False
Services			

6.6.112 Advanced Type Programming Client Facet

Table 134 describes the details of the Advanced Type Programming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the type model and process the instance *AddressSpace* based on the type model. For example a client may contain generic displays that are based on a type, in that they contain a relative path from some main type. On call up this main type is matched to an instance and all of display items are resolved based on the provided type model.

Table 134 - Advanced Type Programming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Type Programming	False
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	False

6.6.113 User Role Management Client Facet

Table 135 describes the details of the User Role Management *Client Facet*. This *Facet* defines knowledge of the OPC UA *Information Model* for user roles and permissions and the use of the *Methods* to manage them.

Table 135 – User Role Management Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Role Client Base	False
Security	Security Role Client DefaultRolePermissions	False
Security	Security Role Client Management	False
Security	Security Role <i>Client</i> Restrict Applications	True
Security	Security Role Client Restrict Endpoints	True
Security	Security Role Client RolePermissions	False

6.6.114 State Machine Client Facet

Table 136 describes the details of the State Machine *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use state machines based on the StateMachineType or a sub-type.

Table 136 - State Machine Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client Available States and Transitions	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Finite State Machine Instance	True
Base Information	Base Info Client State Machine Instance	False

6.6.115 Diagnostic Client Facet

Table 137 describes the details of the Diagnostic *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read and process diagnostic information that is part of the OPC UA information model.

Table 137 - Diagnostic Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Diagnostics	False

6.6.116 Redundant Client Facet

Table 138 describes the details of the Redundant *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the redundancy feature available for redundant *Clients*.

Table 138 - Redundant Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Client	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client TransferSubscriptions	True

6.6.117 Redundancy Switch Client Facet

Table 139 describes the details of the Redundancy Switch *Client* Facet. A *Client* that supports this Facet supports monitoring the redundancy status for non-transparent redundant *Servers* and switching to the backup *Server* when they recognize a change.

Table 139 - Redundancy Switch Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Client Switch	False

6.6.118 Historical Access Client Facet

Table 140 describes the details of the Historical Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read, process, and update historical data.

Table 140 - Historical Access Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Browse	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Raw	False

6.6.119 Historical Data AtTime Client Facet

Table 141 describes the details of the Historical Data AtTime *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to access data at specific instances in time.

Table 141 - Historical Data AtTime Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Time Instance	False

6.6.120 Historical Aggregate Client Facet

Table 142 describes the details of the Historical Aggregate *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read historical data by specifying the needed aggregate. This implies consideration of the list of aggregates supported by the *Server*.

Table 142 - Historical Aggregate Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Average	True

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Custom Aggregates	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationInStateNonZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationPopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Usage	False
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client WorstQuality2	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Aggregates	False

6.6.121 Historical Annotation Client Facet

Table 143 describes the details of the Historical Annotation *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to retrieve and write annotations for historical data.

Table 143 – Historical Annotation Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Profile	Historical Data Update Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access <i>Client</i> Annotations	False

6.6.122 Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet

Table 144 describes the details of the Historical Access Modified Data *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to access prior historical data (values that were modified or inserted).

Table 144 - Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
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Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Modified	False

6.6.123 Historical Data Insert Client Facet

Table 145 describes the details of the Historical Data Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert historical data.

Table 145 - Historical Data Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Insert	False

6.6.124 Historical Data Update Client Facet

Table 146 describes the details of the Historical Data Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update historical data.

Table 146 - Historical Data Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Update	False

6.6.125 Historical Data Replace Client Facet

Table 147 describes the details of the Historical Data Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace historical data.

Table 147 - Historical Data Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Replace	False

6.6.126 Historical Data Delete Client Facet

Table 148 describes the details of the Historical Data Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to delete historical data.

Table 148 - Historical Data Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Delete	False

6.6.127 Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet

Table 149 describes the details of the Historical Access *Client Server* Timestamp Facet. This Facet defines the ability to request and process *Server* timestamps, in addition to source timestamps.

Table 149 - Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp	False

6.6.128 Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet

Table 150 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for historical nodes.

Table 150 - Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw	False

6.6.129 Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet

Table 151 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data AtTime *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for historical nodes at specific instances in time.

Table 151 - Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access <i>Client</i> Structure Data Time Instance	False

6.6.130 Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet

Table 152 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Modified *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for prior historical data (values that were modified or inserted).

Table 152 - Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access <i>Client</i> Structure Data Read Modified	False

6.6.131 Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet

Table 153 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert structured historical data.

Table 153 - Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Insert Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Insert	False

6.6.132 Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet

Table 154 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update structured historical data.

Table 154 - Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Update Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Update	False

6.6.133 Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet

Table 155 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace structured historical data.

Table 155 - Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Replace Client Facet	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access <i>Client</i> Structure Data Replace	False

6.6.134 Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet

Table 156 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to remove structured historical data.

Table 156 - Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Delete Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Delete	False

6.6.135 Historical Events Client Facet

Table 157 describes the details of the Historical Events *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read Historical Events, including simple filtering.

Table 157 - Historical Events Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Events	False

6.6.136 Historical Event Insert Client Facet

Table 158 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert historical events.

Table 158 - Historical Event Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Inserts	False

6.6.137 Historical Event Update Client Facet

Table 159 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update historical events.

Table 159 - Historical Event Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Updates	False

6.6.138 Historical Event Replace Client Facet

Table 160 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace historical events.

Table 160 - Historical Event Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Replaces	False

6.6.139 Historical Event Delete Client Facet

Table 161 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to delete Historical events.

Table 161 - Historical Event Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Deletes	False

6.6.140 Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet

Table 162 describes the details of the Aggregate Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the aggregate filter when subscribing for *Attribute* values.

Table 162 – Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Custom	True
	Aggregates	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	DurationInStateNonZero	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	DurationInStateZero	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Filter	False
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	MaximumActualTime	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	MaximumActualTime2	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	MinimumActualTime	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	MinimumActualTime2	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	NumberOfTransitions	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client	True
	StandardDeviationPopulation	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	StandardDeviationSample	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total2	True

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription - Client	True
	VariancePopulation	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality2	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Aggregate Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client by Index	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Modify	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Value Change	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Modify	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	True

6.6.141 Standard UA Client Profile

Table 163 describes the details of the Standard UA *Client Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that defines a minimum set of functionality required for generic OPC UA *Clients*. Such a *Client* shall be able to use local, subnet and global discovery. It shall be able to maintain a connection with a single *Session* (as required for nano embedded *Servers*). If Subscriptions are used, the *Client* shall respect the limits of *Servers* with limited resources. If a *Server* does not support Subscriptions, the *Client* shall provide read access as fallback. The *Client* must provide connection establishment through the OPC UA TCP binary protocol with and without security.

Group Conformance Unit / Profile Title Optional Profile AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet False Attribute Read Client Facet Profile False Attribute Write Client Facet Profile False Profile Base Client Behaviour Facet False Core Client Facet Profile False Profile DataChange Subscriber Client Facet False Profile Discovery Client Facet False Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet Profile False Profile Global Certificate Management Client Facet False Profile Global Discovery Client Facet False Profile Method Client Facet False Profile SecurityPolicy [B] - Basic256Sha256 False SecurityPolicy - Basic256 False Profile Profile Subnet Discovery Client Facet False UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary Profile False User Token – Anonymous Facet Profile False

Table 163 - Standard UA Client Profile

6.6.142 Standard UA Client 2017 Profile

Table 164 describes the details of the Standard UA *Client* 2017 *Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that defines a minimum set of functionality required for generic OPC UA *Clients*. Such a *Client* shall be able to use local, subnet and global discovery. It shall be able to maintain a connection with a single *Session* (as required for nano embedded *Servers*). If *Subscriptions* are used, the *Client* shall respect the limits of *Servers* with limited resources. If a *Server* does not support *Subscriptions*, the *Client* shall provide read access as fallback. The *Client* must provide connection establishment through the OPC UA TCP binary protocol with and without security.

This Profile supersedes the "Standard UA Client Profile"

Table 164 - Standard UA Client 2017 Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
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Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	False
Profile	Attribute Read Client Facet	False
Profile	Attribute Write Client Facet	False
Profile	Base Client Behaviour Facet	False
Profile	Core 2017 Client Facet	False
Profile	DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	False
Profile	Discovery Client Facet	False
Profile	Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	False
Profile	Global Certificate Management Client Facet	False
Profile	Global Discovery Client Facet	False
Profile	Method Client Facet	False
Profile	Subnet Discovery Client Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
Profile	User Token – Anonymous Facet	False

6.6.143 UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary

Table 165 describes the details of the UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that is optimized for low resource consumption and high performance. It combines the simple TCP based network protocol UA-TCP 1.0 with the binary security protocol UA-SecureConversation 1.0 and the binary message encoding UA-Binary 1.0.

Table 165 - UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol UA TCP	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA Binary Encoding	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA Secure Conversation	False

6.6.144 HTTPS UA-Binary

Table 166 describes the details of the HTTPS UA-Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that balances compatibility with widely used HTTPS transport and a compact UA-Binary encoded message for added performance. It is expected that this transport will be used to support installations where firewalls only permit HTTPS or where a WEB browser is used as *Client*. This transport requires that one of the TransportSecurity *Profiles* for TLS be provided.

Table 166 - HTTPS UA-Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol HTTPS	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA Binary Encoding	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

6.6.145 HTTPS UA-XML

Table 167 describes the details of the HTTPS UA-XML. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that uses HTTPS transport and a SOAP XML encoded message for use with standard SOAP V1.2 toolkits. This transport requires that one of the TransportSecurity *Profiles* for TLS be provided.

Table 167 - HTTPS UA-XML

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol HTTPS	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA SOAP-XML Encoding	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

6.6.146 HTTPS UA-JSON

Table 168 describes the details of the HTTPS UA-JSON. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that uses HTTPS transport and a UA-JSON encoded message. This transport requires that one of the TransportSecurity *Profiles* for TLS be provided.

Table 168 - HTTPS UA-JSON

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	JSON Reversible Encoding	False
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol HTTPS	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

6.6.147 WSS UA-SC UA-Binary

Table 169 describes the details of the WSS UA-SC UA-Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that uses WSS transport as a tunnel for UA-SecureConversation and UA-Binary encoded messages. Although transport security is available in WSS via TLS, additional message security can be used to assure end-to-end security.

Table 169 - WSS UA-SC UA-Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Web Sockets	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA Binary Encoding	False
Protocol and Encoding	UA Secure Conversation	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

6.6.148 WSS UA-JSON

Table 170 describes the details of the WSS UA-JSON. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that uses WSS transport with UA-JSON encoded messages.

Table 170 - WSS UA-JSON

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	JSON Reversible Encoding	False
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Web Sockets	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

6.6.149 Security User Access Control Full

Table 171 describes the details of the Security User Access Control Full. A Server that supports this profile supports restricting multiple levels of access to all Nodes in the AddressSpace based on the validated user.

Table 171 - Security User Access Control Full

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Security User Access Control Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space User Access Level Full	False

6.6.150 Security User Access Control Base

Table 172 describes the details of the Security User Access Control Base. A *Server* that supports this profile supports restricting some level of access to some *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace* based on the validated user.

Table 172 - Security User Access Control Base

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
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Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space User Access Level Base	False
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos	True
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows	True
Security	Security User Name Password	False
Security	Security User X509	True

6.6.151 Security Time Synchronization

Table 173 describes the details of the Security Time Synchronization. This Facet indicates that the application supports the minimum required level of time synchronization to ensure secure communication. One of the optional time synchronization conformance units must be supported.

Table 173 - Security Time Synchronization

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Time Synch – Configuration	False
Security	Security Time Synch – NTP / OS Based support	True
Security	Security Time Synch – UA based support	True

6.6.152 Best Practice – Audit Events

Table 174 describes the details of the Best Practice – Audit Events. Subscriptions for Audit Events shall be restricted to authorized personnel.

Table 174 - Best Practice - Audit Events

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Audit Events	False

6.6.153 Best Practice – Alarm Handling

Table 175 describes the details of the Best Practice – *Alarm* Handling. A *Server* should restrict critical alarm handling functionality to users that have the appropriate rights to perform these actions.

Table 175 - Best Practice - Alarm Handling

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	False

6.6.154 Best Practice – Random Numbers

Table 176 describes the details of the Best Practice – Random Numbers. All random numbers that are required for security should use appropriate cryptographic library based random number generators.

Table 176 - Best Practice - Random Numbers

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Random Numbers	False

6.6.155 Best Practice – Timeouts

Table 177 describes the details of the Best Practice – Timeouts. The administrator should be able to configure reasonable timeouts for Secure Channels, Sessions and Subscriptions. Setting these timeouts allows limiting Denial of *Service* attacks and overload issues.

Table 177 - Best Practice - Timeouts

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Timeouts	False

6.6.156 Best Practice – Administrative Access

Table 178 describes the details of the Best Practice – Administrative Access. The *Server* and *Client* allow restricting the use of certain *Services* and access to parts of the *AddressSpace* to administrative personnel. This includes multiple level of administrative access on platforms that support multiple administrative roles (such as Windows or Linux).

Table 178 - Best Practice - Administrative Access

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Administrative Access	False

6.6.157 Best Practice – Strict Message Handling

Table 179 describes the details of the Best Practice – Strict *Message* Handling. *Server* and *Client* reject messages that are incorrectly formed as specified in Part 4 and Part 6.

Table 179 - Best Practice - Strict Message Handling

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	False

6.6.158 Best Practice – Audit Events Client

Table 180 describes the details of the Best Practice – Audit Events *Client*. Audit Tracking system connect to a *Server* using a Secure Channel and under the appropriate authorization to allow access to Audit Events.

Table 180 - Best Practice - Audit Events Client

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Audit Events Client	False

6.6.159 TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2

Table 181 describes the details of the TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2. This Facet defines a transport security for configurations with high security needs. It makes use of TLS 1.2 and uses TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256. As computing power increases, security algorithms are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST has no recommendations for this TransportSecurity. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Clients* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed TransportSecurity *Profiles*.

Table 181 - TransportSecurity - TLS 1.2

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security TLS_RSA with AES_256_CBC_SHA256	False

6.6.160 TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2 with PFS

Table 182 describes the details of the TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2 with PFS. This Facet defines a transport security for configurations with high security needs and perfect forward secrecy (PFS). It makes use of TLS 1.2 and uses TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 or TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256.

As computing power increases, security algorithms are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST has no recommendations for this TransportSecurity. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Clients* support all security

profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed TransportSecurity *Profiles*.

Table 182 - TransportSecurity - TLS 1.2 with PFS

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security TLS_DHE_RSA with AES_nnn_CBC_SHA256	False

6.6.161 SecurityPolicy – None

Table 183 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – None. This security Facet defines a security policy used for configurations with the lowest security needs. This security policy can affect the behaviour of the CreateSession and *ActivateSession Services*. It also results in a SecureChannel which has no channel security. By default this security policy should be disabled if any other security policies are available.

Table 183 - SecurityPolicy - None

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_None	False
Security	AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_None	False
Security	KeyDerivationAlgorithm_None	False
Security	Security None CreateSession ActivateSession	False
Security	Security None CreateSession ActivateSession 1.0	True
Security	SecurtyPolicy_None_Limits	False
Security	SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_None	False
Security	SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_None	False

6.6.162 SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15

SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15 has been deprecated in v1.04 since the hash algorithm Sha-1 is not considered secure anymore.

6.6.163 SecurityPolicy – Basic256

SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15 has been deprecated in v1.04 since the hash algorithm Sha-1 is not considered secure anymore.

6.6.164 SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep

Table 184 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep. This security Facet defines a security policy for configurations with average security needs. It requires a PKI infrastructure. As computing power increases, security policies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. This security policy has no published end dates as of this time. It is recommended that Servers and Clients support all security profiles and support configurability of actual exposed and default security policies.

Table 184 - SecurityPolicy [A] - Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Aes128-Sha256-RsaOaep_Limits	False
Security	AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_RSA-OAEP-SHA1	False
Security	AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	False
Security	CertificateSignatureAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	False
Security	KeyDerivationAlgorithm_P-SHA2-256	False
Security	Security Certificate Validation	False
Security	Security Encryption Required	False
Security	Security Signing Required	False
Security	SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_AES128-CBC	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_HMAC-SHA2-256	False

6.6.165 SecurityPolicy [B] - Basic256Sha256

Table 185 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy [B] – Basic256Sha256. This security Facet defines a security policy for configurations with high security needs. It requires a PKI infrastructure.

As computing power increases, security policies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provided recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. This security policy has no published end dates as of this time. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Clients* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed security policies.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_RSA-OAEP-SHA1	False
Security	AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	False
Security	Basic256Sha256_Limits	False
Security	CertificateSignatureAlgorithm_RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	False
Security	KeyDerivationAlgorithm_P-SHA2-256	False
Security	Security Certificate Validation	False
Security	Security Encryption Required	False
Security	Security Signing Required	False
Security	SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_AES256-CBC	False
Security	SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_HMAC-SHA2-256	False

Table 185 - SecurityPolicy [B] - Basic256Sha256

6.6.166 SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss

Table 186 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss. This security Facet defines a security policy for configurations with a need for high security. It requires a PKI infrastructure. As computing power increases, security policies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. This security policy has no published end dates as of this time. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Clients* support all security profiles and support configurability of actual exposed and default security policies.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss_Limits	False
Security	AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_RSA-OAEP-SHA2-256	False
Security	AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_RSA-PSS -SHA2-256	False
Security	CertificateSignatureAlgorithm_ RSA-PKCS15-SHA2-256	False
Security	KeyDerivationAlgorithm_P-SHA2-256	False
Security	Security Certificate Validation	False
Security	Security Encryption Required	False
Security	Security Signing Required	False
Security	SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm_AES256-CBC	False
Security	SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm_HMAC-SHA2-256	False

Table 186 - SecurityPolicy - Aes256-Sha256-RsaPss

6.6.167 User Token – Anonymous Facet

Table 187 describes the details of the User Token – Anonymous Facet. This Facet indicates that anonymous User Tokens are supported.

Table 187 - User Token - Anonymous Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User Anonymous	False

6.6.168 User Token – User Name Password Server Facet

Table 188 describes the details of the User Token – User Name Password *Server* Facet. This Facet indicates that a user token that is comprised of a username and password is supported. This user token can affect the behaviour of the *ActivateSession Service*.

Table 188 - User Token - User Name Password Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Invalid user token	False
Security	Security User Name Password	False

6.6.169 User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet

Table 189 describes the details of the User Token – X509 *Certificate Server* Facet. This Facet indicates that the use of an X509 certificates to identify users is supported.

Table 189 - User Token - X509 Certificate Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Invalid user token	False
Security	Security User X509	False

6.6.170 User Token – Issued Token Server Facet

Table 190 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Server Facet. This Facet indicates that a User Token that is comprised of an issued token is supported.

Table 190 - User Token - Issued Token Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Invalid user token	False
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos	False

6.6.171 User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet

Table 191 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet. This Facet further refines the User Token - Issued Token to indicate a windows implementation of Kerberos

Table 191 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	User Token – Issued Token Server Facet	False
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows	False

6.6.172 User Token – JWT Server Facet

Table 192 describes the details of the User Token – JWT Server Facet. This Facet defines support for JSON Web Tokens (JWT) to identify the user during Session setup. A JWT is the Access Token format which OPC UA requires when using OAuth2.

Table 192 - User Token - JWT Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Azure Identity Provider Authority Profile	True
Security	OAuth2 Authority <i>Profile</i>	True
Security	OPC UA Authority Profile	True
Security	Security Invalid user token	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User JWT IssuedToken	False
Security	Security User JWT Token Policy	False

6.6.173 User Token – User Name Password Client Facet

Table 193 describes the details of the User Token – User Name Password *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use a user token that is comprised of a username and password.

Table 193 - User Token - User Name Password Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User Name Password Client	False

6.6.174 User Token - X509 Certificate Client Facet

Table 194 describes the details of the User Token – X509 *Certificate Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use an X509 certificates to identify users.

Table 194 - User Token - X509 Certificate Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User X509 Client	False

6.6.175 User Token – Issued Token Client Facet

Table 195 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the User Token - Issued Token (Kerberos) to connect to a *Server*.

Table 195 - User Token - Issued Token Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Client	False

6.6.176 User Token – Issued Token Windows Client Facet

Table 196 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Windows *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the User Token - Issued Token (Windows implementation of Kerberos) to connect to a *Server*

Table 196 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows Client	False

6.6.177 User Token – JWT Client Facet

Table 197 describes the details of the User Token – JWT *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use JSON Web Tokens (JWT) as user identification during *Session* setup. JWTs are used to request an access token from an external Authorization *Service*.

Table 197 - User Token - JWT Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Azure Identity Provider Authority Profile	True
Security	OAuth2 Authority Profile	True
Security	OPC UA Authority Profile	True
Security	Security User JWT IssuedToken Client	False
Security	Security User JWT Token Policy Client	False

6.6.178 Global Discovery Server Profile

Table 198 describes the details of the Global *Discovery Server Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that covers the necessary *Services* and Information Model of a UA *Server* that acts as a GDS.

Table 198 - Global Discovery Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core Server Facet	False
Profile	Method Server Facet	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic256	False
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	False
GDS	GDS Application Directory	False
GDS	GDS LDS-ME Connectivity	False
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate	False
Session	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	False
Services		

6.6.179 Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile

Table 199 describes the details of the Global *Discovery Server* 2017 *Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that covers the necessary *Services* and Information Model of a UA *Server* that acts as a GDS.

This Profile supersedes the "Global Discovery Server Profile".

Table 199 - Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core 2017 Server Facet	False
Profile	Method Server Facet	False
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription 2017 Server Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
GDS	GDS Application Directory	False
GDS	GDS LDS-ME Connectivity	False
GDS	GDS Query Applications	False
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate	False
Security	Security Policy Required	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	False

6.6.180 Global Discovery and Certificate Management Server

Table 200 describes the details of the Global *Discovery* and *Certificate* Management *Server*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that covers the necessary *Services* and Information Model of a UA *Server* that acts as a GDS and a global *Certificate* Manager.

Table 200 - Global Discovery and Certificate Management Server

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Auditing Server Facet	False
Profile	File Access Server Facet	False
Profile	Global Discovery Server Profile	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy [B] - Basic256Sha256	False
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
GDS	GDS Certificate Manager Pull Model	False
GDS	GDS Certificate Manager Push Model	False

6.6.181 Global Discovery and Certificate Mgmt 2017 Server

Table 201 describes the details of the Global *Discovery* and *Certificate* Mgmt 2017 *Server*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that covers the necessary *Services* and Information Model of a UA *Server* that acts as a GDS and a global *Certificate* Manager.

This Profile supersedes the "Global Discovery and Certificate Management Server".

Table 201 - Global Discovery and Certificate Mgmt 2017 Server

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Auditing Server Facet	False
Profile	File Access Server Facet	False
Profile	Global Discovery Server 2017 Profile	False
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
GDS	GDS Certificate Manager Pull Model	False

6.6.182 Global Certificate Management Client Profile

Table 202 describes the details of the Global *Certificate* Management *Client Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that uses the Push Model for the management of *Certificates* and Trust Lists.

Table 202 - Global Certificate Management Client Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core Client Facet	False
Profile	Discovery Client Facet	False
Profile	Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	False
Profile	File Access Client Facet	False
Profile	Method Client Facet	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy [B] - Basic256Sha256	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic256	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
GDS	GDS Certificate Manager Push Model	False
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate	False

6.6.183 Global Certificate Management Client 2017 Profile

Table 203 describes the details of the Global *Certificate* Management *Client* 2017 *Profile*. This *Profile* is a FullFeatured *Profile* that uses the Push Model for the management of *Certificates* and Trust Lists.

This Profile supersedes the "Global Certificate Management Client Profile".

Table 203 - Global Certificate Management Client 2017 Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core 2017 Client Facet	False
Profile	Discovery Client Facet	False
Profile	Entry Level Support 2015 Client Facet	False
Profile	File Access Client Facet	False
Profile	Method Client Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA-Binary	False
GDS	GDS Certificate Manager Push Model	False
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstance Certificate	False

6.6.184 Global Service Authorization Request Server Facet

Table 204 describes the details of the Global *Service* Authorization Request *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the capability of a *Server* (like a GDS) to provide access tokes to OPC UA *Clients* via an Authorization *Service* as defined in UA Part 12.

Table 204 - Global Service Authorization Request Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
GDS	GDS Authorization Service Server	False

6.6.185 Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet

Table 205 describes the details of the Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet. This Facet requires providing the *Information Model* for Pull Management as defined in UA Part 12. For example KeyCredentials are needed to access an Authorization *Service* or a Broker. OPC UA *Clients* use this Information Model to request and update KeyCredentials they need.

Table 205 - Global Service KeyCredential Pull Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
GDS	GDS Key Credential Service Pull Model	False

6.6.186 Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet

Table 206 describes the details of the Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet. This Facet requires the use of KeyCredential Push Management functions to set or update credentials in an OPC UA Server. For example KeyCredentials are needed to access an Authorization Service or a Broker. This OPC UA Server in turn has to provide the KeyCredentialConfigurationType Objects that represent required credentials.

Table 206 - Global Service KeyCredential Push Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
GDS	GDS Key Credential Service Push Model	False