

class

A class is a blueprint for creating objects. It defines properties and behaviour that the class will have.

A class can extend only one other class. This means that a class can inherit the properties and behaviour of single superclass.

They can have fields to store data. These fields are used to represent the state of objects.

They have both to initialize object instances. Constructors are used to create & initialize

Object can be created by using the "new" keyword. And represent specific instances

Class members can have various access modifiers to control their visibility and accessibility

Interface

An interface is a contract that defines a set of abstract methods that must be implemented by classes.

An interface can implement multiple interfaces. This allows a class to provide implementation for multiple sets of behaviour in different interfaces.

Interface cannot have constructors. You cannot create instance of an interface.

This can declare constants but they cannot be instance variables.

Object cannot be created directly from interface. It must be created from class that implements it.

Interface members are implicitly public and abstract. They cannot have access modifiers other than public.