
Embedded Lock System Documentation

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Overview

The Embedded Lock System is a collaborative project designed to implement a secure lock system. The system utilizes Proteus 8 Professional for simulation and CodeVisionAVR Evaluation for programming the ATmega16 microcontroller. Written in the C programming language, the system encompasses three main functionalities: opening the door, setting a new passcode (PC), and accessing administrative features. The project is organized into three distinct parts, with each part expertly handled by different contributors.

Features

- Password-based Access Control
- LCD Display for User Interaction
- Audible Alarms for Incorrect Entries

Define interrupts priorities:

(Recommended):

- Press the Open button to open the door, triggering button '*'.
- Prioritize the Admin button by associating it with interrupt INT0.
- Set the PC configuration with the Set PC button, utilizing interrupt INT1.

The project favors this Option because it assigns higher priority to the Admin button, followed logically by the Set PC button, and then the Open button.

Getting Started

Prerequisites

Ensure you have the following tools and components:

- Proteus 8 Professional
- CodeVisionAVR Evaluation
- ATmega16 Microcontroller
- Other necessary components (LCD, DC Motor, Buzzer, Keypad)

Installation

1. Clone the repository:

```
1 git clone https://github.com/Hussein119/lock-system.git
2 cd lock-system
```

2. Open the project in CodeVisionAVR.

- Launch CodeVisionAVR and open the project file (`\Code\Project #1 lock system.prj`).
- Customize project settings if necessary.

3. Simulate in Proteus.

- Open Proteus 8 Professional.
- Load the simulation file (`\Simulation\Project #1 lock system.pdsprj`) and run the simulation.

4. Hardware Implementation.

-
- Connect the ATmega16 to the necessary components.
 - Program the microcontroller using CodeVisionAVR.

Usage

Test the lock system with the predefined password, verify LED indicators, and explore other functionalities.

Proteus Simulation

Hardware Components

1. ATmega16 Microcontroller
2. LCD Display
3. Keypad 4x3
4. Red light (for door simulation)
5. Motor (for door simulation)
6. Speaker (Peeps alarm)
7. Keypad 4x3
8. Two Buttons for interrupts

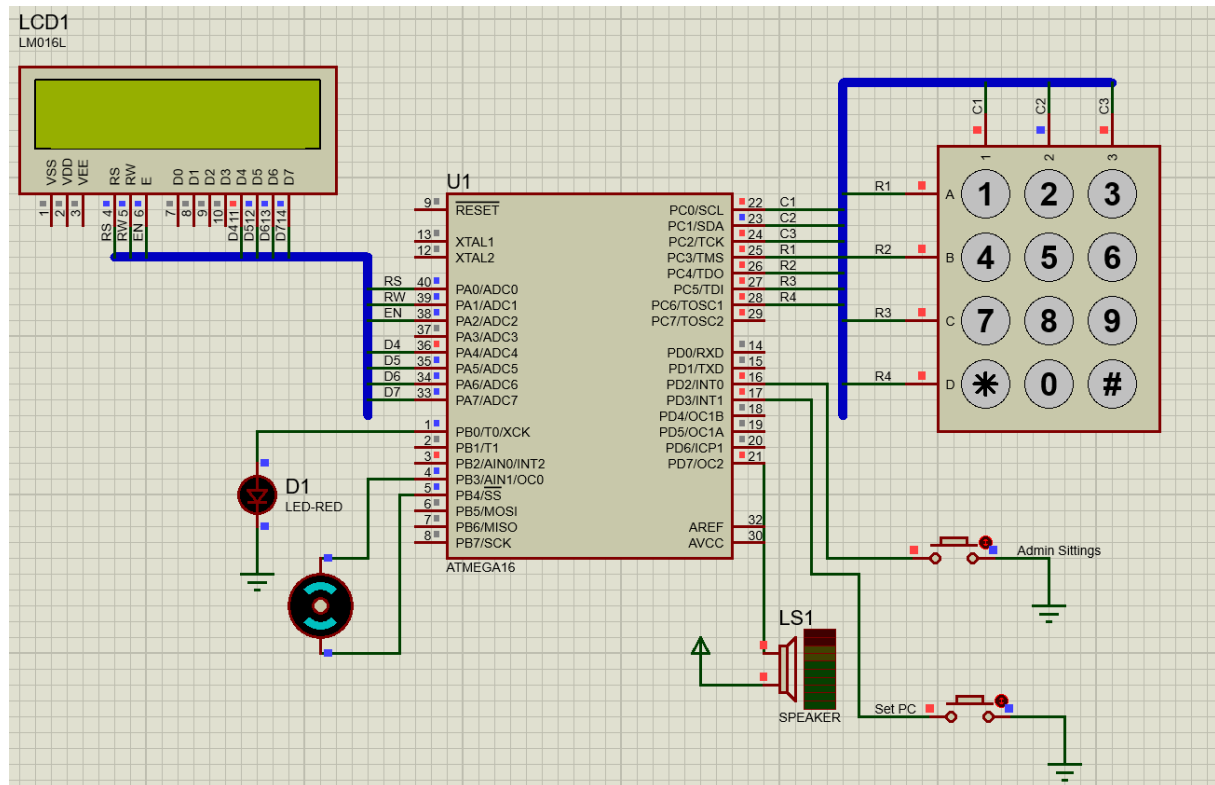


Figure 1: Hardware

Main Program Flowchart

Open Door Flowchart

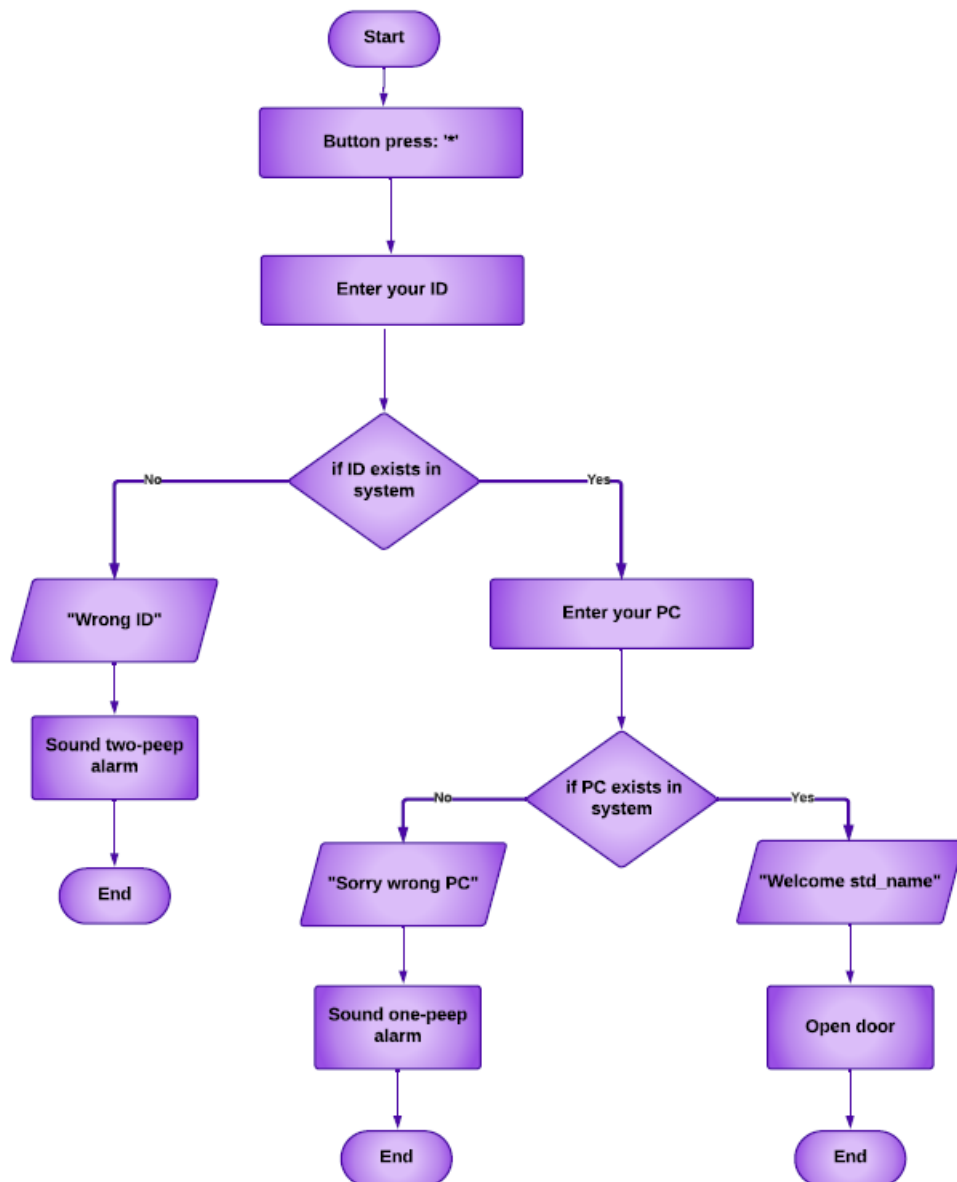


Figure 2: Open Door

Set New PC Flowchart

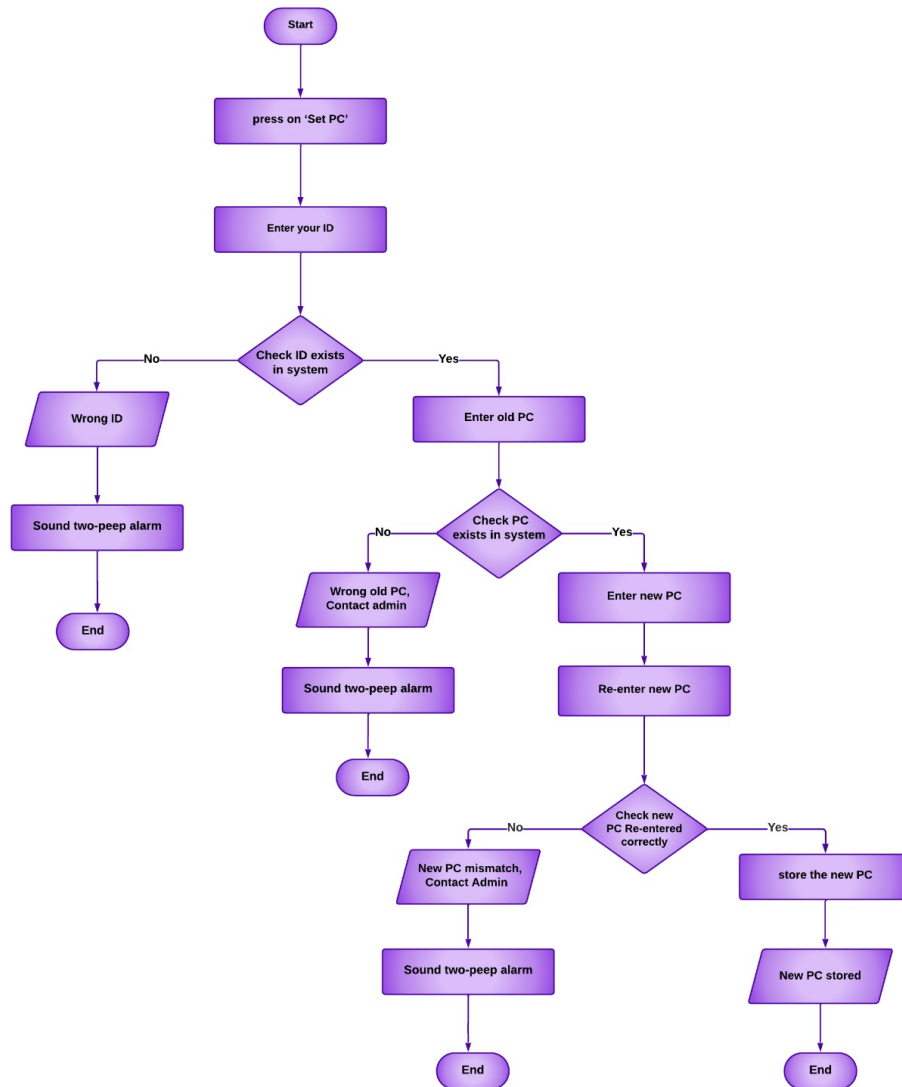


Figure 3: Set New PC

Admin Sittings Flowchart

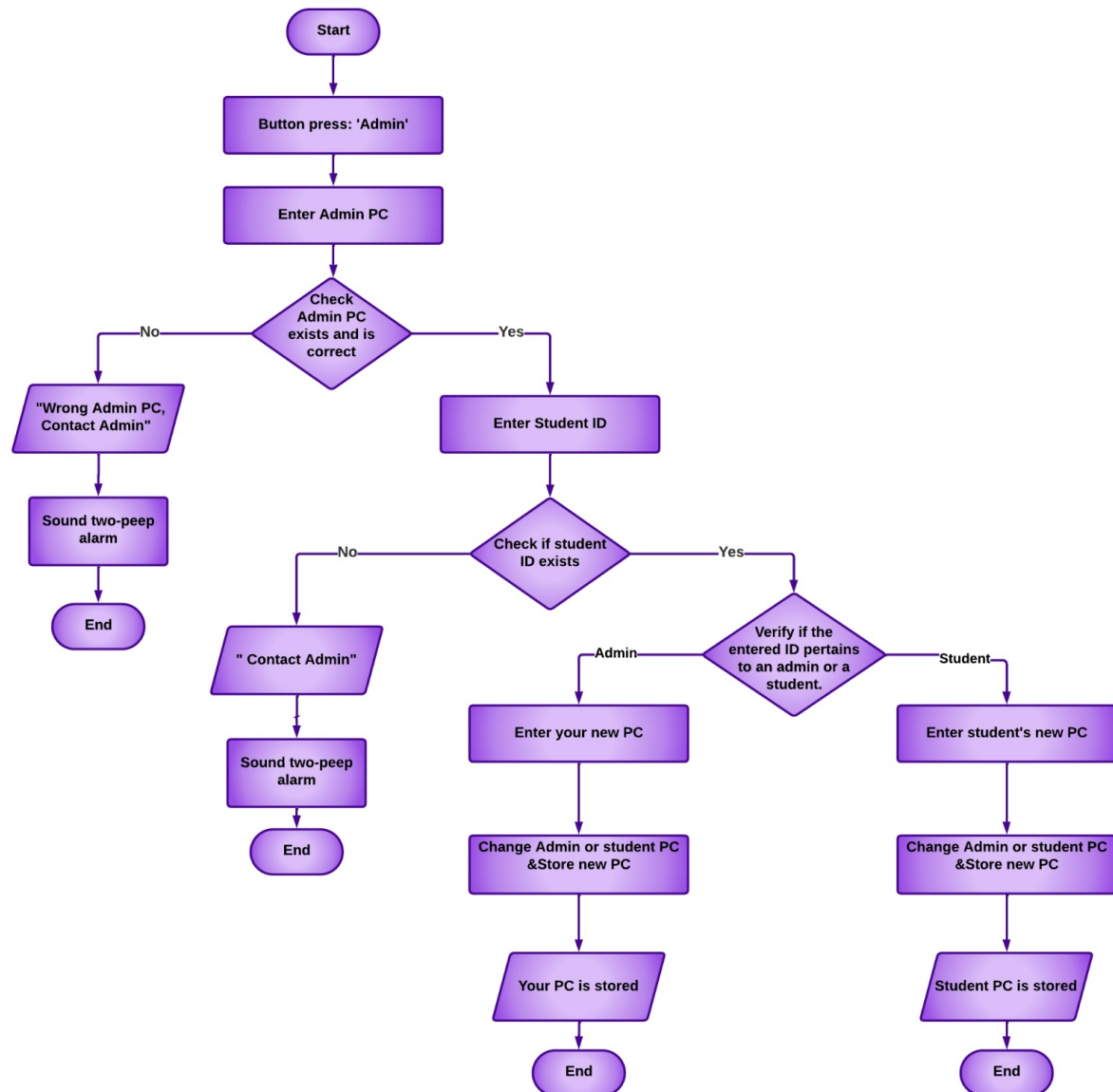


Figure 4: Admin Sittings

Default Users in System

Name	ID	PC
Prof	111	203
Ahmed	126	129
Amr	128	325
Adel	130	426
Omer	132	079

Developers

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Main File

LockSystem.c

- LockSystem.c - Main file for the embedded lock system project.
- This file serves as the main entry point for the lock system project. It includes necessary header files
- and contains the main function that initializes hardware, user data, and interrupts. The main loop continuously checks for a specific input ('*') on the keypad to trigger the door open/close mode.

```
1  /*
2   * Project #1 lock system.c
3   *
4   * Created: 12/16/2023 1:47:34 AM
5   * Author: Hos10
6   */
7
8  #include "lockSysInit.h"
9  #include "lockSysMode.h"
10
```

```

11 void main(void)
12 {
13     char input;
14
15     // Initialize Hardware
16     initializeHardware();
17
18     // Initialize user data in EEPROM
19     initializeUsers();
20
21     // Initialize interrupts for various modes
22     initializeIntrrupts();
23
24     // If user need to open the door must press '*' on the keypad
25     while (1)
26     {
27         input = keypad();
28         if (input == 10) // 10 is '*' in keypad
29             openCloseDoorMode();
30     }
31 }
32
33 interrupt[3] void setPC(void) // vector no 3 -> INT1
34 {
35     setPCMode();
36 }
37
38 interrupt[2] void admin(void) // vector no 2 -> INT0
39 {
40     adminMode();
41 }

```

Header Files

lockSysInit.h

- lockSysInit.h - Header file containing initialization functions for the embedded lock system.
- This file includes functions for initializing various hardware components such as the keypad, LCD, door motor, speaker, and interrupts. Additionally, it defines macros for setting and clearing bits in a register.
- The file also includes the definition of the User structure and initializes user data in EEPROM.

```

1 #include <mega16.h>
2 #include <alcd.h>
3 #include "lockSysReadWrite.h"
4
5 // Macros for setting and clearing bits in a register

```

```

6 #define bit_set(r, b) r |= 1 << b
7 #define bit_clr(r, b) r &= ~(1 << b)
8
9 // Function prototypes
10 void initializeHardware();
11 void initializeKeypad();
12 char keypad();
13 void initializeDoor();
14 void initializeSpeaker();
15 void initializeIntrrupts();
16 void initializeUsers();
17
18 // User structure to store user data
19 typedef struct
20 {
21     char name[6];
22     char id[4];
23     char pc[4];
24 } User;
25 // Array of user data
26 User users[] =
27 {
28     // name  ID   PC
29     {"Prof", "111", "203"},
30     {"Ahmed", "126", "129"},
31     {"Amr", "128", "325"},
32     {"AdeL", "130", "426"},
33     {"Omer", "132", "079"},
34 };
35
36 // Function to initialize hardware components
37 void initializeHardware()
38 {
39     initializeKeypad();
40     lcd_init(16); // Initialize the LCD
41     initializeDoor();
42     initializeSpeaker();
43 }
44
45 // Function to initialize keypad
46 void initializeKeypad()
47 {
48     // Set keypad ports
49     DDRC = 0b00000111; // 1 unused pin, 4 rows (input), 3 columns (
        output)
50     PORTC = 0b11111000; // pull-up resistance
51 }
52
53 // Function: keypad
54 // Description: Reads the input from a 4x3 matrix keypad and returns
        the corresponding key value.

```

```

55 //          The keypad is connected to port C, and the function
    scans each row and column
56 //          combination to determine the pressed key.
57 // Returns: Character representing the pressed key.
58 char keypad()
59 {
60     while (1)
61     {
62         PORTC .0 = 0;
63         PORTC .1 = 1;
64         PORTC .2 = 1;
65
66         switch (PINC)
67         {
68             case 0b11110110:
69                 while (PINC .3 == 0)
70                     ;
71                 return 1;
72             case 0b11101110:
73                 while (PINC .4 == 0)
74                     ;
75                 return 4;
76             case 0b11011110:
77                 while (PINC .5 == 0)
78                     ;
79                 return 7;
80             case 0b10111110:
81                 while (PINC .6 == 0)
82                     ;
83                 return 10;
84         }
85
86         PORTC .0 = 1;
87         PORTC .1 = 0;
88         PORTC .2 = 1;
89
90         switch (PINC)
91         {
92             case 0b11110101:
93                 while (PINC .3 == 0)
94                     ;
95                 return 2;
96             case 0b11101101:
97                 while (PINC .4 == 0)
98                     ;
99                 return 5;
100             case 0b11011101:
101                 while (PINC .5 == 0)
102                     ;
103                 return 8;
104             case 0b10111101:

```

```

105         while (PINC .6 == 0)
106             ;
107         return 0;
108     }
109
110     PORTC .0 = 1;
111     PORTC .1 = 1;
112     PORTC .2 = 0;
113
114     switch (PINC)
115     {
116     case 0b11110011:
117         while (PINC .3 == 0)
118             ;
119         return 3;
120     case 0b11101011:
121         while (PINC .4 == 0)
122             ;
123         return 6;
124     case 0b11011011:
125         while (PINC .5 == 0)
126             ;
127         return 9;
128     case 0b10111011:
129         while (PINC .6 == 0)
130             ;
131         return 11;
132     }
133 }
134 }
135
136 // Function to initialize door
137 void initializeDoor()
138 {
139     // Set the motor pins as output
140     DDRB |= (1 << DDB3) | (1 << DDB4);
141     // Set the red LED pin as output
142     DDRB |= (1 << DDB0);
143 }
144
145 // Function to initialize speaker
146 void initializeSpeaker()
147 {
148     // Set the speaker as an output
149     DDRD .7 = 1;
150     PORTD .7 = 1; // Set it to 1 initially
151 }
152
153 // Function to initialize interrupts
154 void initializeIntrrupts()
155 {

```

```

156     DDRB .2 = 0; // make button as input
157     PORTB .2 = 1; // turn on pull up resistance for INT2 intrrupt
158
159     // actual casue INT2
160     bit_set(MCUCSR, 6);
161
162     DDRD .2 = 0; // make button as input
163     PORTD .2 = 1; // turn on pull up resistance for INT0 intrrupt
164
165     // actual casue (The falling edge of INT0)
166     bit_set(MCUCR, 1);
167     bit_clr(MCUCR, 0);
168
169     // actual casue (The falling edge of INT1)
170     bit_set(MCUCR, 3);
171     bit_clr(MCUCR, 2);
172
173     DDRD .3 = 0; // make button SetPC as input
174     PORTD .3 = 1; // turn on pull up resistance
175
176     // Enable global interrupts
177     #asm("sei")
178
179     // GICR INT1 (bit no 7) , SetPC spacific enable
180     bit_set(GICR, 7);
181
182     // GICR INT2 (bit no 5) , open spacific enable
183     bit_set(GICR, 5);
184
185     // GICR INT0 (bit no 6) , admin spacific enable
186     bit_set(GICR, 6);
187 }
188
189 // Function to initialize user data in EEPROM
190 void initializeUsers()
191 {
192     unsigned int address = 0;
193     int i;
194     for (i = 0; i < sizeof(users) / sizeof(users[0]); ++i)
195     {
196         EE_WriteString(address, users[i].name);
197         address += sizeof(users[i].name);
198
199         EE_WriteString(address, users[i].id);
200         address += sizeof(users[i].id);
201
202         EE_WriteString(address, users[i].pc);
203         address += sizeof(users[i].pc);
204     }
205 }

```

lockSysReadWrite.h

- lockSysReadWrite.h - Header file containing functions for reading and writing data to EEPROM.
- This file includes functions for reading and writing individual bytes as well as strings to EEPROM.
- The EEPROM operations are crucial for storing and retrieving persistent data such as user information, PC details, and other configuration settings.

```
1 #include <mega16.h>
2
3 unsigned char EE_Read(unsigned int address);
4 void EE_Write(unsigned int address, unsigned char data);
5 void EE_WriteString(unsigned int address, const char *str);
6 void EE_ReadString(unsigned int address, char *buffer, unsigned int
    length);
7
8 // Function to read from EEPROM
9 unsigned char EE_Read(unsigned int address)
10 {
11     while (EECR .1 == 1)
12         ; // Wait till EEPROM is ready
13     EEAR = address; // Prepare the address you want to read from
14     EECR .0 = 1;    // Execute read command
15     return EEDR;
16 }
17
18 // Function to write to EEPROM
19 void EE_Write(unsigned int address, unsigned char data)
20 {
21     while (EECR .1 == 1)
22         ; // Wait till EEPROM is ready
23     EEAR = address; // Prepare the address you want to read from
24     EEDR = data;    // Prepare the data you want to write in the
        address above
25     EECR .2 = 1;    // Master write enable
26     EECR .1 = 1;    // Write Enable
27 }
28
29 // Function to write a string to EEPROM
30 void EE_WriteString(unsigned int address, const char *str)
31 {
32     // Write each character of the string to EEPROM
33     while (*str)
34         EE_Write(address++, *str++);
35     // Terminate the string with a null character
36     EE_Write(address, '\0');
37 }
38
39 // Function to read a string from EEPROM
40 void EE_ReadString(unsigned int address, char *buffer, unsigned int
```

```

length)
41 {
42     unsigned int i;
43     for (i = 0; i < length; ++i)
44     {
45         buffer[i] = EE_Read(address + i);
46         if (buffer[i] == '\\0')
47             break;
48     }
49 }

```

lockSysMode.h

- lockSysMode.h - Header file containing functions for different modes of the Embedded Lock System.
- This file includes functions for admin mode, setting PC mode, and open/close door mode.
- Each mode serves a specific purpose in the functionality of the lock system, such as managing user data, updating user PC information, and controlling the door's open and close operations.

```

1  #include <string.h>
2  #include "lockSysHelp.h"
3
4  void adminMode();
5  void setPCMode();
6  void openCloseDoorMode();
7
8  // Interrupt functions
9
10 // Function for admin mode
11 void adminMode()
12 {
13     char enteredPC[4];
14     char enteredStudentID[4];
15     char enteredNewPC[4];
16     User student;
17     User admin;
18     unsigned int adminPCAddress = 0;
19     unsigned int address = 0;
20     int userFound = 0;
21     int i;
22
23     for (i = 0; i < sizeof(users) / sizeof(users[0]); ++i)
24     {
25         EE_ReadString(address, admin.name, sizeof(users[i].name));
26         if (strcmp(admin.name, "Prof") == 0)
27         {
28             address += sizeof(users[i].name);
29             EE_ReadString(address, admin.id, sizeof(admin.id));

```

```

30         address += sizeof(users[i].id);
31         EE_ReadString(address, admin.pc, sizeof(admin.pc));
32         adminPCAddress = address;
33         break;
34     }
35     address += sizeof(users[i].pc);
36 }
37
38 address = 0; // reset the address
39
40 displayMessage("Enter Admin PC: ", 0);
41 lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
42
43 if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredPC))
44 {
45
46     if (strcmp(admin.pc, enteredPC) == 0)
47     {
48         displayMessage("Enter Student ID: ", 0);
49
50         if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredStudentID))
51         {
52             int j;
53             for (j = 0; j < sizeof(users) / sizeof(users[0]); ++j)
54             {
55                 address += sizeof(users[j].name);
56                 EE_ReadString(address, student.id, sizeof(student.
                    id));
57                 address += sizeof(users[j].id);
58                 if (strcmp(student.id, enteredStudentID) == 0)
59                 {
60                     displayMessage("Enter student's new PC: ", 0);
61                     if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredNewPC))
62                     {
63                         // Set the new pc for this student, address
64                         // is for student PC
65                         EE_WriteString(address, enteredNewPC);
66                         displayMessage("Student PC is stored",
67                                     1000);
68                         userFound = 1;
69                         break;
70                     }
71                 }
72                 else if (strcmp(admin.id, enteredStudentID) == 0)
73                 {
74                     displayMessage("Enter your new PC: ", 0);
75                     lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
76                     if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredNewPC))
77                     {
78                         // Set the new pc for this user (Admin),
79                         // address is for admin PC

```

```

77         EE_WriteString(adminPCAddress, enteredNewPC
78         );
79         displayMessage("Your PC is stored", 1000);
80         userFound = 1;
81         break;
82     }
83     address += sizeof(users[i].pc);
84 }
85 }
86 }
87 }
88
89 if (!userFound)
90 {
91     displayMessage("Contact Admin", 0);
92     // Two peeps alarm
93     generateTone();
94     generateTone();
95 }
96 delay_ms(5000);
97 lcd_clear();
98 }
99
100 // Function for set PC mode
101 void setPCMode()
102 {
103     char enteredID[5]; // Change data type to string
104     User currentUser;
105     unsigned int address = 0;
106     int userFound = 0;
107     int i;
108     char enteredNewPC[5]; // define enteredNewPC array to hold the
109     new PC
110     char reenteredNewPC[5]; // define reenteredNewPC array to hold the
111     Re-entered new PC
112
113     lcd_clear();
114     displayMessage("Enter your ID:", 0);
115     lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
116     if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredID))
117     {
118         char enteredOldPC[5];
119         // search for the entered ID in the user data
120         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(users) / sizeof(users[0]); ++i)
121         {
122             address += sizeof(users[i].name);
123             EE_ReadString(address, currentUser.id, sizeof(currentUser.
124                 id)); // Read ID as a string
125
126             if (strcmp(currentUser.id, enteredID) == 0)

```

```

124         {
125             // ID found, verify the old PC
126             address += sizeof(currentUser.id);
127             EE_ReadString(address, currentUser.pc, sizeof(
128                 currentUser.pc)); // Read PC as a string
129             displayMessage("Enter old PC:", 0);
130             lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
131
132             if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredOldPC))
133             {
134                 if (strcmp(currentUser.pc, enteredOldPC) == 0)
135                 {
136                     // Old PC verified
137                     displayMessage("Enter new PC:", 0);
138                     lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
139                     enterValueWithKeypad(enteredNewPC);
140
141                     lcd_clear();
142                     displayMessage("Re-enter new PC:", 0);
143                     lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
144                     enterValueWithKeypad(reenteredNewPC);
145
146                     if (strcmp(enteredNewPC, reenteredNewPC) == 0)
147                     {
148                         // If new PC entered correctly, store it
149                         EE_WriteString(address, enteredNewPC);
150                         displayMessage("New PC stored", 1000);
151                     }
152                     else
153                     {
154                         displayMessage("New PC mismatch, Contact
155                             admin", 1000);
156                         generateTone();
157                         generateTone();
158                     }
159                 }
160                 else
161                 {
162                     displayMessage("Wrong old PC, Contact admin",
163                         1000);
164
165                     generateTone();
166                     generateTone();
167                 }
168             }
169
170             userFound = 1;
171             break;
172         }
173
174         address += sizeof(users[i].id);

```

```

172         address += sizeof(users[i].pc);
173     }
174
175     if (!userFound)
176     {
177         displayMessage("Wrong ID", 0);
178         generateTone();
179         generateTone();
180     }
181     delay_ms(5000);
182     lcd_clear();
183 }
184 }
185
186 // Function for open/close door mode
187 void openCloseDoorMode()
188 {
189     char enteredID[4]; // Change data type to string
190     User currentUser;
191     unsigned int address = 0;
192     int userFound = 0;
193     int i;
194
195     displayMessage("Enter your ID: ", 0);
196     lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
197
198     if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredID))
199     {
200         char enteredPC[4];
201         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(users) / sizeof(users[0]); ++i)
202         {
203             EE_ReadString(address, currentUser.name, sizeof(users[i].
                name));
204             address += sizeof(users[i].name);
205             EE_ReadString(address, currentUser.id, sizeof(currentUser.
                id)); // Read ID as a string
206
207             if (strcmp(currentUser.id, enteredID) == 0)
208             {
209
210                 address += sizeof(users[i].id);
211                 EE_ReadString(address, currentUser.pc, sizeof(
                    currentUser.pc)); // Read PC as a string
212
213                 displayMessage("Enter your PC: ", 0);
214                 lcd_gotoxy(0, 1);
215
216                 if (enterValueWithKeypad(enteredPC))
217                 {
218                     if (strcmp(currentUser.pc, enteredPC) == 0)
219                     {

```

```

220         lcd_clear();
221         lcd_puts("Welcome, ");
222         lcd_puts(currentUser.name);
223         openDoor();
224         delay_ms(2000); // Wait for 2 seconds with the
                        door open
225
226         closeDoor();
227         delay_ms(2000); // Wait for 2 seconds with the
                        door closed
228     }
229     else
230     {
231         displayMessage("Sorry wrong PC", 1000);
232         // one peep alarm
233         generateTone();
234     }
235 }
236 userFound = 1;
237 break;
238 }
239
240     address += sizeof(users[i].id);
241     address += sizeof(users[i].pc);
242 }
243 }
244
245 if (!userFound)
246 {
247     displayMessage("Wrong ID", 1000);
248     // Two peeps alarm
249     generateTone();
250     generateTone();
251 }
252 lcd_clear();
253 }

```

lockSysHelp.h

- lockSysHelp.h - Header file containing helper functions for the Embedded Lock System.
- This file includes functions for displaying messages on the LCD, entering values with the keypad,
- generating tones with the speaker, and controlling the motor to open and close the door.

```

1 #include <mega16.h>
2 #include <alcd.h>
3 #include <delay.h>
4
5 void displayMessage(char *message, int delay_ms_value);

```

```

6  int enterValueWithKeypad(char *buffer);
7  void generateTone();
8  void openDoor();
9  void closeDoor();
10
11 // Function to display a message on the LCD
12 void displayMessage(char *message, int delay_ms_value)
13 {
14     lcd_clear();
15     lcd_puts(message);
16     delay_ms(delay_ms_value);
17 }
18
19 // Function to enter a value with the keypad
20
21 int enterValueWithKeypad(char *buffer)
22 {
23     int buffer2[3];
24
25     buffer2[0] = keypad();
26     if (buffer2[0] == 10)
27         lcd_putchar('*');
28     else if (buffer2[0] == 11)
29         lcd_putchar('#');
30     else
31         lcd_putchar(buffer2[0] + '0');
32
33     buffer2[1] = keypad();
34     if (buffer2[1] == 10)
35         lcd_putchar('*');
36     else if (buffer2[1] == 11)
37         lcd_putchar('#');
38     else
39         lcd_putchar(buffer2[1] + '0');
40
41     buffer2[2] = keypad();
42     if (buffer2[2] == 10)
43         lcd_putchar('*');
44     else if (buffer2[2] == 11)
45         lcd_putchar('#');
46     else
47         lcd_putchar(buffer2[2] + '0');
48
49     buffer[0] = buffer2[0] + '0';
50     buffer[1] = buffer2[1] + '0';
51     buffer[2] = buffer2[2] + '0';
52     buffer[3] = '\\0';
53
54     delay_ms(1000);
55
56     return 1;

```

```

57 }
58
59 // Function to generate a tone with speaker
60 void generateTone()
61 {
62     PORTD .7 = 1;
63     delay_ms(500);
64     PORTD .7 = 0;
65     delay_ms(500);
66     PORTD .7 = 1;
67 }
68
69 // Function to open the door (motor and redled)
70 void openDoor()
71 {
72     // Turn on the red LED light
73     PORTB |= (1 << PORTB0);
74
75     // Motor movement for smooth opening
76     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB3);
77     delay_ms(500);
78     PORTB |= (1 << PORTB4);
79     delay_ms(1000);
80     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB4);
81 }
82 // Function to open the door (motor and redled)
83 void closeDoor()
84 {
85     // Turn off the red LED light
86     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB0);
87
88     // Motor movement for smooth closing
89     PORTB |= (1 << PORTB3);
90     delay_ms(500);
91     PORTB |= (1 << PORTB4);
92     delay_ms(1000);
93     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB4);
94     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB3);
95
96     // Return to initial position
97     PORTB |= (1 << PORTB3);
98     delay_ms(500);
99     PORTB &= ~(1 << PORTB3);
100 }
```