

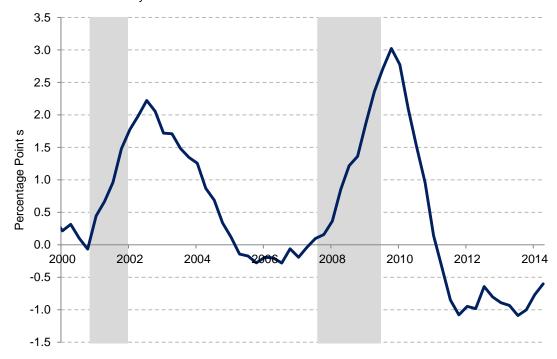




Fiscal Impact Measure

FISCAL IMPACT

Contribution of Fiscal Policy to Real GDP Growth



Source: Hutchins Center Calculations based on BEA data; fourquarter moving average; shaded areas indicate recessions.



The fiscal impact measure shows how much federal, state, and local government taxes and spending added to or subtracted from the overall pace of economic growth. Between 2008 and 2011, fiscal impact was positive, indicating that government policy was stimulative; in recent years, it has been negative, indicating restraint. (For more detail on how this measure was constructed and how to interpret it, see our methodology.)







FISCAL IMPACT

JOBS+PUBLIC CONTRUCTION

TAXES+SPENDING

THE LONGER RUN

Monthly Change in State & Local Employment



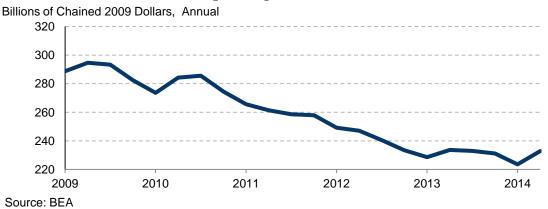
Source. BLS, seasonally adjusted

Monthly Change in Federal Employment



Source: BLS; excludes Postal Service and Census Workers

State and Local Government Spending on Structures







JOBS+PUBLIC CONTRUCTION





Federal Receipts and Outlays Rolling 12-Month Window		
	Past 12 Months, Billions of \$	Year-Over-Year Percentage Change (%)
Total Receipts	2965	8.5
Individual and Payroll Tax	2394	7. 5
Corporate and other	570	13.1
Total Outlays**	3481	1.0
Defense	580	-4.9
Social Security Benefits	836	4.5
Medicare*	487	2.1
Medicaid	294	11.4
Net Interest on the Public Debt	271	5.4
Other Activities***	1013	0.6

Source: Hutchins Center Calculations based on CBO data.

State and Local Tax Receipts

Four-Quarter Moving Average of the Year-Over-Year



Source: Census



^{*}Adjusted for timing shifts.

^{**}Medicare outalays are net of offsetting receipts

^{***}Includes unemployment insurance, TARP and GSE outlays



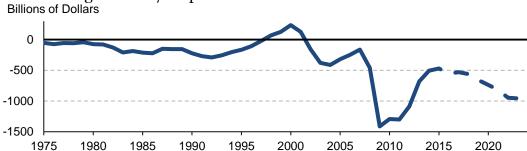


Source: CBO

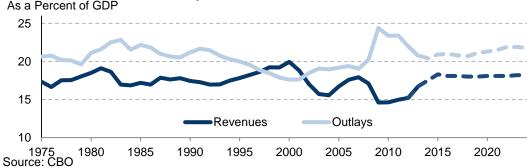
JOBS+PUBLIC CONTRUCTION

THE LONGER RUN

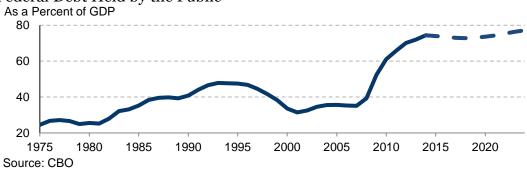
Federal Budget Deficit/Surplus

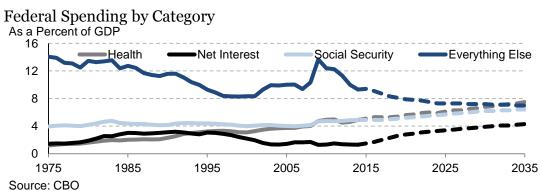


Federal Revenues and Outlays As a Percent of GDP



Federal Debt Held by the Public





BROOKINGS