



$$\begin{array}{l}
 (\pm\infty) \div (\pm\infty) \\
 (\pm\infty) \times (\pm\infty) \\
 (\pm\infty) - (\pm\infty) \\
 \infty + \infty
 \end{array}$$


1

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (\pm 0) \div (\pm 0) \\
 \pm n \div 0 \\
 n \div (\pm\infty) \\
 (\pm\infty) \times 0
 \end{array}$$


2

The loss of significant digits from multiplication is...

3

The loss of significant digits from division is...

4

The loss of significant digits from addition is...

5

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(\pm 0) \div (\pm 0) & NaN \\
\pm n \div 0 & \pm \infty \\
n \div (\pm \infty) & 0 \\
(\pm \infty) \times 0 & NaN
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
(\pm \infty) \div (\pm \infty) & NaN \\
(\pm \infty) \times (\pm \infty) & \pm \infty \\
(\pm \infty) - (\pm \infty) & NaN \\
\infty + \infty & 0
\end{array}$$

2

1

$\delta = Z(\log_1 0 2) = 0$ where m is the minimum number of significant digits in the input.

$\delta = Z(\log_1 0 m)$ where m is the minimum number of significant digits in the input.

4

3

$\delta = Z(\log_1 0 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^m |x_i|}{\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|})$ where m is the minimum number of significant digits in the input.

5