

Homework 2
Mathematical Systems Theory, SF2832
Fall 2023
Passing grade: 12p

1. Consider the pair (c, A) , where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & a \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c = [1 \quad 0],$$

where a is a real constant.

- (a) Solve the Lyapunov equation $A^T P + PA + c^T c = 0$ (2p)
- (b) Determine for what a the solution P is positive definite and positive semi-definite respectively. (2p)

2. You will in this problem derive and investigate a number of realizations for the transfer function

$$R(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+2}{s+1} \\ \frac{1}{s+3} \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Determine the standard reachable realization of $R(s)$ (1p)
- (b) Is the realization in (a) observable? (1p)
- (c) Determine the standard observable realization of $R(s)$ (2p)

3. Two state space representations (A, B, C) and $(\bar{A}, \bar{B}, \bar{C})$ are said to be equivalent if there exists a nonsingular matrix T such that

$$(\bar{A}, \bar{B}, \bar{C}) = (TAT^{-1}, TB, CT^{-1})$$

Use whatever method you can to verify if the following pairs of realizations are equivalent or not:

(a)

$$(A, B, C) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [1 \quad 0] \right)$$

$$(\bar{A}, \bar{B}, \bar{C}) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, [1 \quad 0.5] \right)$$

..... (2p)

(b)

$$(A, B, C) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [1 \quad -1] \right)$$

$$(\bar{A}, \bar{B}, \bar{C}) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, [1 \quad 2] \right)$$

..... (2p)

4. Consider a minimal SISO system

$$\dot{x} = Ax + bu$$

$$y = cx, \quad x \in R^n.$$

Find further conditions on matrices A , b , c such that for any $u = kx$, the pair $(c, A + bk)$ is always observable. (3p)

5. Suppose the following is a realization of a given $R(s)$:

$$(A, B, C) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, [0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0] \right)$$

(a) Find a feedback control $u = Kx$ that assigns poles to $\{-1, -2, -3, -4\}$. . (2p)

(b) Is the realization minimal? If not, use Kalman decomposition to find a minimal realization. (3p)