✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**
TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE
95%

Scrum

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE
95%

1. Which of the following is true about Scrum?   `1 / 1 point`

   ☑ Burn-down and Burn-up charts help the team track the progress of the current sprint.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > By graphing the work remaining each day, the team can get an idea if they are on track to finish the planned work for the sprint. If you need further review, watch the "Sprint Planning and Tracking" video again.

   ☐ In a Sprint Review, we talk about process and talk about what worked, what didn't work, and how we can improve.

   ☐ In a Sprint Retrospective, we talk about what we built, demo it, and get customer/client feedback.

   ☑ In the daily stand-up, everybody talks about what they worked on, what they are planning to work on, and any impediments they have.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > In the daily stand-up, mostly people answer these three questions: What did I do yesterday? What I am planning to do today? What things are preventing me from making progress (are there any roadblocks)?. If you need further review, see the videos on Sprint Execution and Daily Stand-ups.

   ☐ It is encouraged to make iteration scope changes during the sprint.

2. Which of the following is TRUE about Scrum? (Select two)   `1 / 1 point`

   ☑ Scrum is an adaptive model.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > Does scrum adapt to changes based on learning after the sprint? If you need further review, check out the "Scrum Overview" video.

   ☑ Scrum has fixed, time-boxed development cycles called sprints.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > Scrum recommends 1-4 week time-boxed sprints. If you need further review, check out the "Scrum Overview" video.

   ☐ The daily stand-up in scrum is mainly for the scrum master to get the status of the project.

   ☐ Scrum is the best way to implement the agile mindset. Other Agile methods are not as effective.

3. You are a developer on a scrum team. Your scrum master invited you to attend a sprint planning meeting. Which of following activities would you expect in that meeting?   `0.667 / 1 point`

   ☑ The developers/testers provide a high-level estimate for stories.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > Watch the video on "Sprint Planning".

   ☑ The product owner (or equivalent) shares the top priority stories for the sprint.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > Watch the video on "Sprint Planning".

   ☐ The team will select the stories to work on for next iteration (sprint).

   ☐ The team talks about what went well and what didn't go well in the sprint.

   ☑ The developers/testers ask questions to understand the stories.

   > ✓ **Correct**
   > Watch the video on "Sprint Planning".

   ☐ Either during the meeting or afterwards, developers create tasks to further solidify what work needs to be done and make final a work commitment for the sprint.

   > You didn't select all the correct answers

4. You need to calculating a team member's capacity for an iteration. Which of the following activities should be EXCLUDED from the committed capacity of the team member?   `0.833 / 1 point`

   ☐ Time spent on defects

   ☐ Paid time off (PTO)

   ☑ Organizational Meetings

> **Correct**
> Can Organizational meeting impact the team's capacity? Please refer to the video on "Sprint Planning".

☑ Sprint Ceremonies

> **Correct**
> Can Sprint Ceremonies impact the team's capacity to deliver? Please refer to the video on "Sprint Planning".

☐ Basic support for the product

☐ Helping other team members

> You didn't select all the correct answers

5. What should happen in the sprint review meeting? **1 / 1 point**

☑ A potentially shippable product increment is demonstrated live.

> **Correct**
> Could this be useful for stakeholders? Please refer to the "Sprint Review" video.

☐ Presentation slides are shown about hypothetical things.

☑ What happened during the Sprint is reported.

> **Correct**
> Could this be useful for stakeholders? Please refer to the "Sprint Review" video.

☑ Feedback is gathered from stakeholders resulting in additional items added to the product backlog.

> **Correct**
> Please refer to the "Sprint Review" video.

6. The CEO asks a team member to do some work outside the goals of the current sprint in progress. What should the team member do? **1 / 1 point**

○ Add it to the next sprint.

○ Add it to the current sprint while swapping out committed work of equal size.

◉ Inform the product owner so he can work with the CEO and if it is still necessary to get this work done in current sprint, it should be discussed with in the team.

○ Add it to the current sprint.

> **Correct**
> This option allows you to be flexible to change while maintaining the discipline of sprint commitment.

7. When is a sprint complete? **1 / 1 point**

○ When all tasks are complete.

○ When all committed product backlog items meet their definition of done.

○ It depends.

◉ When the sprint duration ends. For example, if sprints are 2 weeks long, then the sprint is complete at the end of those 2 weeks.

> **Correct**
> Great! We end sprints after a fixed amount of time, not when a certain amount of functionality (scope) is complete. This is a concept called time-boxing that allows us to regularly check if we are creating something that meets our stakeholder's needs. This limits the amount of time wasted if we created something that our stakeholders do not want (as assessed in the sprint review meeting). It also motivates the team to complete work sooner, improving productivity. For more information, please refer to the "Sprint Execution and Daily Standups" video.

8. Which of the following are goals of the daily stand-up meeting? **1 / 1 point**

☑ Share status information.

> **Correct**
> For more information, refer to the "Sprint Execution and Daily Standups" video.

☑ Set team direction and synchronize the day's activities.

> **Correct**
> Does this sound like daily planning? Watch the "Sprint Execution and Daily Standups" video.

☐ Report progress to the manager.

☑ Identify impediments.

> **Correct**
> Watch the "Sprint Execution and Daily Standups" video.

☐ Remove every single impediment in this meeting.

☐ Assign work to people.

9. Which of following is true about Sprint Reviews?　　**1 / 1 point**

○ Only team members attend the Sprint Review.

○ The Sprint Review is to show stakeholders the documentation and design. The demo should be given to customer before the sprint review.

◉ Individual team members should be encouraged to demo the work they did.

○ The Sprint Review should be done every week even if your sprint duration is 3 weeks or longer.

✓ **Correct**
Will this help with team member motivation? Watch the "Sprint Review" video.

10. Which of the following statements are true about the Sprint Retrospective? (select all that apply)　　**1 / 1 point**

☑ Team members should avoid blaming (finger pointing) other team members in the retrospective.

✓ **Correct**
Blaming others will not help identify areas for improvement as it forces people to be defensive and resist changes. Please watch the "Sprint Retrospective" video.

☐ Managers should be required to attend retrospectives so they know what problems team members have.

☑ It is important to follow up on action items the team decided to work on.

✓ **Correct**
If you don't follow-up, will the team members be interested in providing feedback going forward? Please watch the "Sprint Retrospective video.

☐ There is one format you should use to conduct retrospectives: What's working, what's not working, and what can we do better?