

MODIFIED CAM CLAY MODEL

- Suppose clay changes from:

+ State 1: $e_0, p = p_0, q = q_0 = 0$ to

+ State 2: e, p, q

$$\rightarrow 1 + e_0 = N - \lambda \ln(p_0/p_a)$$

$$\rightarrow 1 + e = N - \lambda \ln(p/p_a) + (T - N) \frac{\ln\{1 + (\frac{q}{M})^2\}}{\ln 2}$$

- Volumetric strain from this change of state:

$$\epsilon_v = \frac{(1+e) - (1+e_0)}{1+e_0} = \frac{1}{v_0} \left[\frac{N-T}{\ln 2} \ln\left\{1 + \left(\frac{q}{M}\right)^2\right\} + \lambda \ln \frac{p}{p_0} \right]$$

Elastic volumetric strain

$$\epsilon_v^e = \frac{K}{1+e_0} \ln \frac{p'}{p_0}$$

Plastic volumetric strain

$$\epsilon_v^p = \epsilon_v - \epsilon_v^e = \frac{1}{v_0} \left[\frac{N-T}{\ln 2} \ln\left\{1 + \left(\frac{q}{M}\right)^2\right\} + (\lambda - K) \ln \frac{p}{p_0} \right]$$

Yield function:

$$f = \frac{1}{v_0} \frac{N-T}{\ln 2} \ln\left\{1 + \left(\frac{q}{M}\right)^2\right\} + \frac{\lambda - K}{v_0} \ln \frac{p}{p_0} - \epsilon_v^p$$

↑ Increase stress, $\epsilon_v^p \uparrow$
 2 phases: $\epsilon_v^p = 0$
 ⇒ Suitable for the meaning of yield surface