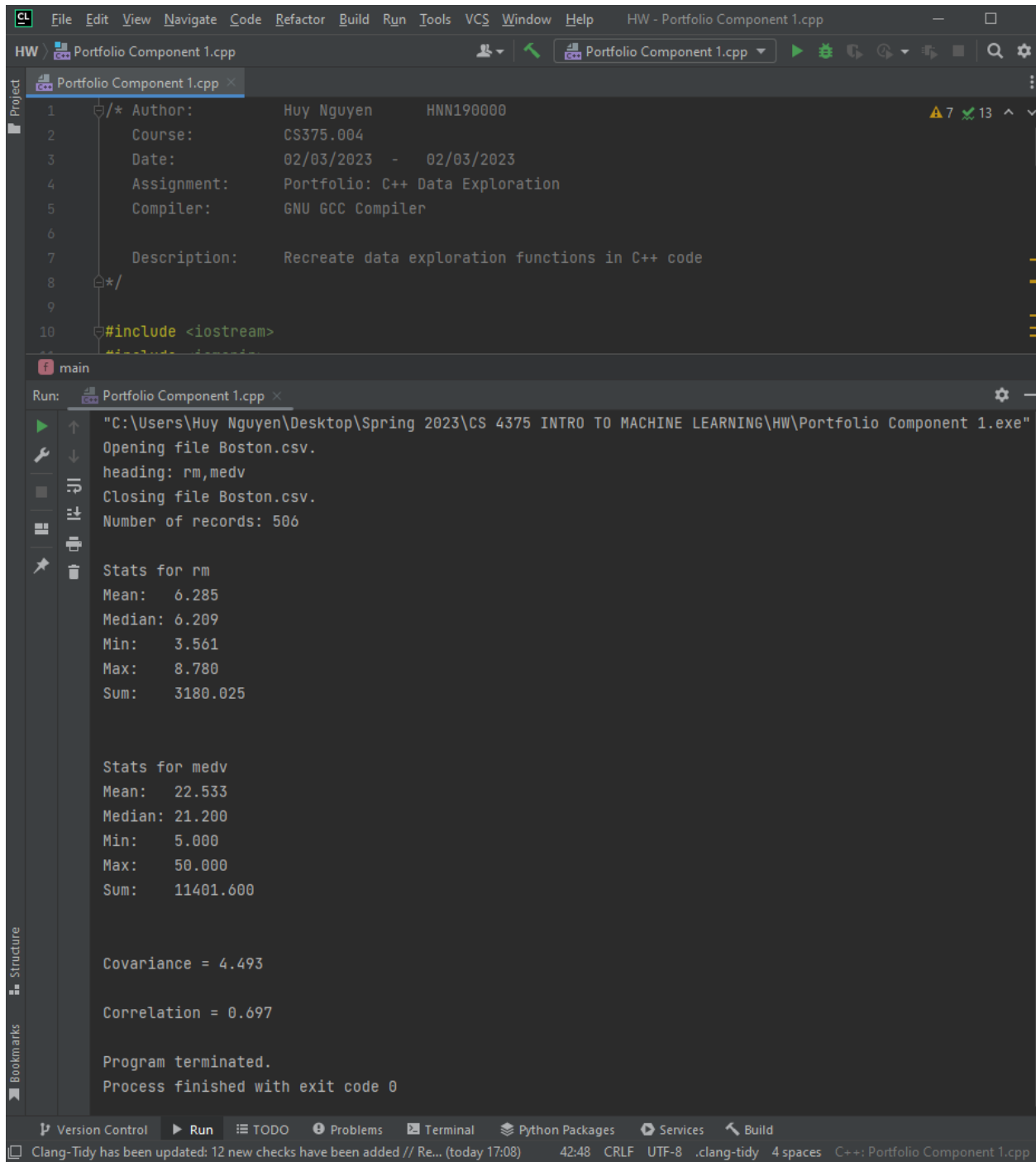


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CS 4375.004
Portfolio Component 1: Data Exploration

a. copy/paste runs of your code showing the output.



The screenshot displays the Visual Studio Code interface. The top editor pane shows the source code for 'Portfolio Component 1.cpp'. The code includes a header section with author, course, date, assignment, and compiler information, followed by a description and a C++ standard directive. The bottom editor pane shows the output of the program, which includes file opening/closing messages, record counts, and statistical calculations for 'rm' and 'medv' variables, as well as covariance and correlation values.

```
1  /* Author:      Huy Nguyen      HNN190000
2     Course:      CS375.004
3     Date:        02/03/2023 - 02/03/2023
4     Assignment:   Portfolio: C++ Data Exploration
5     Compiler:     GNU GCC Compiler
6
7     Description:   Recreate data exploration functions in C++ code
8  */
9
10 #include <iostream>
```

main

Run: Portfolio Component 1.cpp

"C:\Users\Huy Nguyen\Desktop\Spring 2023\CS 4375 INTRO TO MACHINE LEARNING\HW\Portfolio Component 1.exe"

Opening file Boston.csv.
heading: rm,medv
Closing file Boston.csv.
Number of records: 506

Stats for rm
Mean: 6.285
Median: 6.209
Min: 3.561
Max: 8.780
Sum: 3180.025

Stats for medv
Mean: 22.533
Median: 21.200
Min: 5.000
Max: 50.000
Sum: 11401.600

Covariance = 4.493

Correlation = 0.697

Program terminated.
Process finished with exit code 0

Version Control Run TODO Problems Terminal Python Packages Services Build

Clang-Tidy has been updated: 12 new checks have been added // Re... (today 17:08) 42:48 CRLF UTF-8 .clang-tidy 4 spaces C++: Portfolio Component 1.cpp

- b. describing your experience using built-in functions in R versus coding your own functions in C++

In R studio, all I need to do was load the csv and run summary, cor, cov functions. Creating my own functions is much longer and tedious. I spent more time formatting the print statements than actually coding the sum, mean, median, and range. I had to take some time to refer to the textbook to refresh on the formula for covariance and correlation.

- c. describes the descriptive statistical measures mean, median, and range, and how these values might be useful in data exploration prior to machine learning

Mean is the average of the data set. Median is the middle of the data. Range shows bounds of the data.

- d. describes the covariance and correlation statistics, and what information they give about two attributes. How might this information be useful in machine learning?

Correlation is how closely related the data with another. Covariance is how much of a correlation there is between the data. This can be used to find trends to help predict future values.