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Assignment 3 12th August 2023

Module 2: Front End Development

Submission Requirements: Please upload your codes in PDF File on Google Classroom in the relevant Assignment section.

Note: Plagiarism is a serious violation. Zero marks will be awarded in case plagiarism is found. You are required to perform the following tasks.

Part 1:

• Apply a green text color to all <h2> elements.

• Create a class called "highlight" and apply it to a paragraph () element to emphasize the text using a background color.

Solution:

• Change the background color of the <body> to a color of your choice.

Solution:

```
body{
| background-color: □rgba(117, 189, 8, 0.562);
}
```

• Adjust the font size and color of the text within the .box element.

```
.box{
| font-size: larger;
| color: ■brown;
}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Error explicabo officia adipisci accusamus sunt repudiandae, at repellendus iste voluptate repellat molestiae sit incidunt natus, eveniet accusantium in reiciendis sequi quo.

• Apply a different font family to the text within the .color element.

Solution:

• Experiment with different values for the border-radius property within the .border class and observe the changes.

```
<div class="border space">
  ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Neque pariatur maxime ipsum fugiat, quis exercitationem ullam itaque
  aperiam, tenetur, sed atque est animi? Alias et optio, facere quisquam porro delectus!
</div>
```

• Create a navigation menu using an ordered list (and elements) and style the list items with a background color and padding.

```
.menu{
    background-color: □bisque;
}

.menu ol li{
    background-color: □rgb(46, 154, 158);
    padding:3px;
    margin: 5px;
    display: inline-block;
}
HIXL CSS IS
```

• Apply a custom class to a link (<a>) element and change the text decoration property.

Solution:

• Add a right border to all <h3> elements using the .border class.

• Create a <div> element with the class "rounded-corner" and apply rounded corners to it using the border-radius property.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Quaerat quisquam, blanditiis maiores necessitatibus quo error esse quam delectus sed id exercitationem deserunt, dolorem doloremque repellendus ab! Quod facilis architecto doloremque.

 Apply the .margin class to a block-level element and observe the margin space around it.

Solution:

• Apply the .padding class to a block-level element and observe the padding space within it.

```
<div class="padding space">
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Eius harum quae facere alias quasi fugit debitis, suscipit qui explicabo ad
    veniam quod fuga officiis ut deserunt laborum? A, amet nulla.
</div>
```

```
.padding{
    padding: 15px;
    background-color: □rgb(37, 117, 77);
}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Eius harum quae facere alias quasi fugit debitis, suscipit qui explicabo ad veniam quod fuga officiis ut deserunt laborum? A, amet nulla.

• Create a section with a <div> element and an <h4> element. Use the .textCenter class to center-align the text.

Solution:

• Apply the .backgroundBlack class to a paragraph element and observe the background color change.

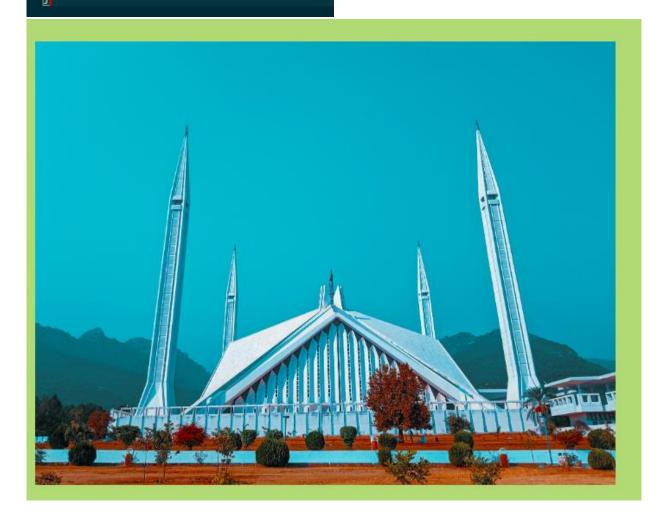
• Create a simple footer section at the bottom of the page using a <footer> element. Apply styles to make it stand out.

Solution:

• Create a class called "inline-box" and apply it to a <div> element. Use the display property to make the element display as inline-block.

• Experiment with different values for the background-repeat property within the .backgroundImage class.

.background[]
background-repeat: no-repeat;



• Create a button using an <a> element and apply styles for its normal and hover states.

Solution:

• Apply the .rtl class to a paragraph element to change the text direction to right-to-left. **Solution:**

• Apply a gradient background to the .widget elements using the background property.

