Assignment 2: Database Operations

Submitted to: Amad Mumtaz

Submitted by: Huzaifa Munir

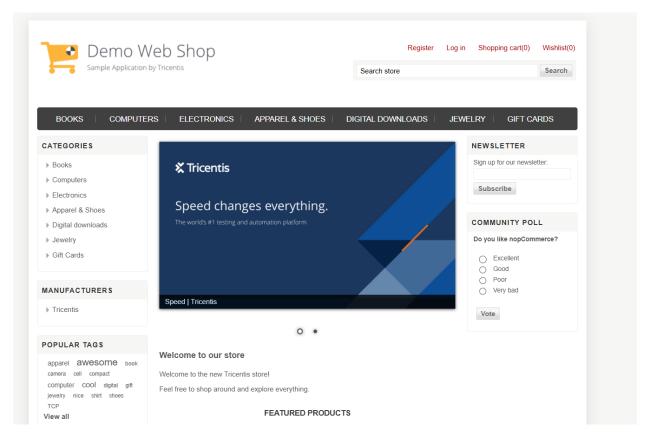
Dated: 31st October 2024

Task:

- Prepare a database table for all the products listed under the demo tricentis application. There are around 70 items. You can use insert queries to insert values in database.
 - o Table columns may include: id/ productName/ category/ price/ quantity
- Create a table for registered users.
 - o Table columns can include columns like id/email/password/isActive/environment

Tricentis Application:

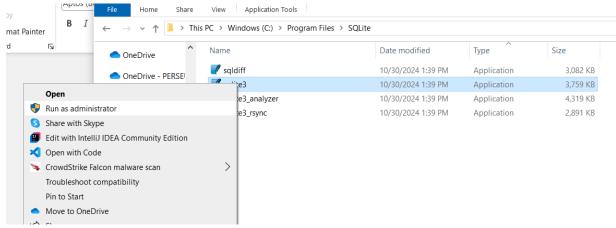
Link: https://demowebshop.tricentis.com/



Database Operations:

1. All Products t=Table:

• Open the SQLite command line interface from this directory C:\ProgramFiles\SQLite by running it as administrator.



- Once open, now we will create a database table from the SQLite CLI at such a location which is easily accessible for the administrator.
- Now go that directory and create a table named products or items with the following command:

.open C:/Users/munirhuz/Desktop/products.db

Use ".open FILENAME" to reopen on a persistent database. sqlite> .open C:/Users/munirhuz/Desktop/products.db sqlite>

• After this, create a table in the format mentioned in the task's problem statement and instructions with the following command:

CREATE TABLE products (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, productName TEXT NOT NULL, category TEXT NOT NULL, price REAL NOT NULL, quantity INTEGER NOT NULL);

sqlite> CREATE TABLE products (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, productName TEXT NOT NULL, category TEXT NOT NULL, price REAL NOT NULL, quantity INTEGER NOT NUL

... CREATE TABLE products (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, productName TEXT NOT NULL, category TEXT NOT NULL, price REAL NOT NULL, quantity INTEGER NOT NUL

parse error: near "CREATE": syntax error

price REAL NOT NULL, quantity INTEGER NOT NULL) CREATE TABLE products (id IN

error here ---
sqlite> .tables

- As you see above, I forgot to write the semicolon at the end of the query which resulted in an error shown on the CLI.
- Then in the next step I checked id the table was created or not with the ".tables" command. And as a precaution I ran the following command to drop any tables if they existed before with this command:

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS products;

- Then run the CREATE TABLE products command again. Now, it will run. You can verify it by running the ".tables" command again.
- Now, we start the insertions in this table.

Insertion Queries:

Books:

Enter the following the commands.

➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Computing and Internet', 'General', 30.0, 10);

- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Copy of Computing & Internet EX', 'General', 30.0, 20);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Fiction', 'General', 35.0, 30);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Fiction EX', 'General', 35.0,20);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Health Book', 'General', 27.0,10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Science', 'General', 67.0,40)

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Computing and Internet', 'General', 30.0, 10); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Copy of Computing & Internet EX', 'General', 30.0, 20); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Fiction', 'General', 35.0, 30); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Fiction EX', 'General', 35.0, 20); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Health Book', 'General', 27.0,10); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Science', 'General', 67.0,40);
```

Now, check if all the entries were entered correctly with this query: SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'General';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'General';
1|Computing and Internet|General|30.0|10
2|Copy of Computing & Internet EX|General|30.0|20
3|Fiction|General|35.0|30
4|Fiction EX|General|35.0|20
5|Health Book|General|27.0|10
6|Science|General|67.0|40
sqlite>
```

Now, I am thinking to change the category of the above queries because general won't really define what a product is. So, I am changing it to 'Books'.

UPDATE products SET category = 'Books' WHERE category = 'General';

SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Bo

```
SELECT* FROM products WHERE category = 'Books' WHERE category = 'Genera' sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Books';

1|Computing and Internet|Books|30.0|10

2|Copy of Computing & Internet EX|Books|30.0|20

3|Fiction|Books|35.0|30

4|Fiction EX|Books|35.0|20

5|Health Book|Books|27.0|10

6|Science|Books|67.0|40

sqlite> _
```

o Computers:

The computers category has following categories in it:

Desktops:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own cheap computer', 'Desktops', 800.0,10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own computer', 'Desktops', 1200.0,20);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own expensive computer', 'Desktops', 1800.0,30);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Desktop PC with CDRW', 'Desktops', 500.0,10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Elite Desktop PC', 'Desktops', 1350.0,10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Simple Computer', 'Desktops', 800.0,20);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own cheap computer', 'Desktops', 800.0,10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own computer', 'Desktops', 1200.0,20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Build your own expensive computer', 'Desktops', 1800.0,30);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Desktop PC with CDRW', 'Desktops', 500.0,10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Elite Desktop PC', 'Desktops', 1350.0,10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Simple Computer', 'Desktops', 800.0,20);
```

Now, let's verify if they have been properly interested.
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Desktops';

```
7|Build your own cheap computer|Desktops|800.0|10
8|Build your own computer|Desktops|1200.0|20
9|Build your own expensive computer|Desktops|1800.0|30
10|Desktop PC with CDRW|Desktops|500.0|10
11|Elite Desktop PC|Desktops|1350.0|10
12|Simple Computer|Desktops|800.0|20
sqlite> _
```

Notebooks:

Now, type the following commands to insert notebook products: INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('14.1-inch Laptop', 'Notebooks', 1590.0, 10);

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Notebooks';
23|14.1-inch Laptop|Notebooks|1590.0|10
sqlite>
```

> Accessories:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Coaching day', 'Accessories', 1000.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Instructor Led Training', 'Accessories', 9000.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public Complete', 'Accessories', 3000.0, 10);

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public MT/AT', 'Accessories', 1700.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public RPA/TCD', 'Accessories', 1700.0, 30);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Self-Paced Training', 'Accessories', 400.0, 20);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Self-Paced Training additional month', 'Accessories', 400.0, 40);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Coaching day', 'Accessories', 1000.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Instructor Led Training', 'Accessories', 9000.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public Complete', 'Accessories', 3000.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public RPA/TCD', 'Accessories', 1700.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Public RPA/TCD', 'Accessories', 1700.0, 30);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Self-Paced Training', 'Accessories', 400.0, 20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('TCP Self-Paced Training additional month', 'Accessories', 400.0, 40);
```

Now, let's verify:
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Accessories';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Accessories';
24|TCP Coaching day|Accessories|1000.0|10
25|TCP Instructor Led Training|Accessories|9000.0|10
26|TCP Public Complete|Accessories|3000.0|10
27|TCP Public MT/AT|Accessories|1700.0|10
28|TCP Public RPA/TCD|Accessories|1700.0|30
29|TCP Self-Paced Training|Accessories|400.0|20
30|TCP Self-Paced Training additional month|Accessories|400.0|40
```

o **Electronics**:

> Camera-Photo:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('1MP 60GB Hard Drive Handycam Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 349.0, 20);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 530.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Digital SLR Camera 12.2 Mpixel', 'Camera-photo', 500.0, 30);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('High Definition 3D Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 1300.0, 10);

```
qlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('IMP 60GB Hard Drive Handycam Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 349.0, 20);
qlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 530.0, 10);
qlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Biglial SLR Camera 12.2 Mpixel', 'Camera-photo', 500.0, 30);
qlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('High Definition 3D Camcorder', 'Camera-photo', 1300.0, 10);
```

Now, let's verify:
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Camera-photo";

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Camera-photo';
31|1MP 60GB Hard Drive Handycam Camcorder|Camera-photo|349.0|20
32|Camcorder|Camera-photo|530.0|10
33|Digital SLR Camera 12.2 Mpixel|Camera-photo|500.0|30
34|High Definition 3D Camcorder|Camera-photo|1300.0|10
sqlite> _
```

> Cell-Phones:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Smartphone', 'Cell-phones', 100.0, 40);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Used phone', 'Cell-phones', 5.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Phone Cover', 'Cell-phones', 10.0, 20);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Smartphone', 'Cell-phones', 100.0, 40);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Used phone', 'Cell-phones', 5.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Phone Cover', 'Cell-phones', 10.0, 20);
```

Now, let's verify:
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Cell-phones';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Cell-phones';
35|Smartphone|Cell-phones|100.0|40
36|Used phone|Cell-phones|5.0|10
37|Phone Cover|Cell-phones|10.0|20
sqlite>
```

o Apparel & Shoes:

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50''s Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Blue and green Sneaker', 'Shoes', 11.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Blue Jeans,' Apparel', 1.0, 20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Casual Golf Belt', 'Apparel', 2.0, 20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Custom T-Shirt', 'Apparel', 15.0, 20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Custom Nort with Rhinestones', 'Apparel', 10.0, 30);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Genuine Leather Handbag with Cell Phone Holder & Many Pockets', 'Apparel-Accessories', 35.0, 20);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Green and blue Sneaker', 'Shoes', 17.56, 40);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Green and blue Sneaker', 'Shoes', 17.56, 40);
```

When entering the first query with the name "50's Rockabilly Polka Dot" I got the error:

```
' ...> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);

Parse error: near "s": syntax error
oductName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top J
error here ---^
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);
' ...> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);
' ...> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);
Parse error: near "s": syntax error
oductName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top J
error here ---^
```

To resolve this issue, look at the query under apparel. Just use 2 apostrophes' instead of one with 50 like this: 50"s. The error occurs because SQLite interprets the single quote (') in "50's" as the end of the string, causing a syntax issue.

> Apparel:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('50"s Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size', 'Apparel', 11.0, 30);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Blue Jeans', 'Apparel', 1.0, 20);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Custom T-Shirt', 'Apparel', 15.0, 20);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Denim Short with Rhinestones', 'Apparel', 10.0, 30);
- Now, let's verify:
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Apparel';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Apparel';
38|50's Rockabilly Polka Dot Top JR Plus Size|Apparel|11.0|30
40|Blue Jeans|Apparel|1.0|20
42|Custom T-Shirt|Apparel|15.0|20
43|Denim Short with Rhinestones|Apparel|10.0|30
sqlite> _
```

> Apparel-Accessories:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Casual Golf Belt', 'Apparel-Accessories', 1.0, 40);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Genuine Leather Handbag with Cell Phone Holder & Many Pockets', 'Apparel-Accessories', 35.0, 20);
- Now, let's verify:
 SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Apparel-Accessories';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Apparel-Accessories';
41|Casual Golf Belt|Apparel-Accessories|1.0|40
44|Genuine Leather Handbag with Cell Phone Holder & Many Pockets|Apparel-Accessories|3
sqlite> _
```

Shoes:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Blue and green Sneaker', 'Shoes', 11.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Green and blue Sneaker', 'Shoes', 17.56, 40);
- Now, let's verify:

```
SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Shoes';
```

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Shoes';
39|Blue and green Sneaker|Shoes|11.0|10
45|Green and blue Sneaker|Shoes|17.56|40
sqlite> _
```

Digital Downloads:

- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('3rd Album', 'General', 1.0, 10);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Music 2', 'General', 10.0, 20);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Music 2', 'General', 3.0, 40);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('3rd Album', 'General', 1.0, 10); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Music 2', 'General', 10.0, 20); sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Music 2', 'General', 3.0, 40); sqlite>
```

Now, verify:

SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'General';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'General';
46|3rd Album|General|1.0|10
47|Music 2|General|10.0|20
48|Music 2|General|3.0|40
sqlite> _
```

o Jewelry:

- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Create Your Own Jewelry', 'Jewelry', 100.0, 10);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Black & White Diamond Heart', 'Jewelry', 130.0, 20);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Diamond Pave Earrings', 'Jewelry', 350.0, 20);
- ➤ INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Diamond Tennis Bracelet', 'Jewelry', 360.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('Vintage Style Three Stone Diamond Engagement Ring', 'Jewelry', 2100.0, 10);

Now, verify:

SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Jewelry';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'Jewelry';
49|Create Your Own Jewelry|Jewelry|100.0|10
50|Black & White Diamond Heart|Jewelry|130.0|20
51|Diamond Pave Earrings|Jewelry|350.0|20
52|Diamond Tennis Bracelet|Jewelry|360.0|10
53|Vintage Style Three Stone Diamond Engagement Ring|Jewelry|2100.0|10
sqlite> _
```

o Gift Cards:

Virtual Gift Cards:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('\$5 Virtual Gift Card', 'VGiftCards', 5.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('\$25 Virtual Gift Card', 'VGiftCards', 25.0, 10);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('$5 Virtual Gift Card', 'VGiftCards', 5.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('$25 Virtual Gift Card', 'VGiftCards', 25.0, 10);
```

Now, verify:

SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'VGiftCards';

Physical Gift Cards:

- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('\$50 Physical Gift Card', 'PGiftCards', 50.0, 10);
- INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('\$100 Physical Gift Card', 'PGiftCards', 100.0, 10);

```
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('$50 Physical Gift Card', 'PGiftCards', 50.0, 10);
sqlite> INSERT INTO products (productName, category, price, quantity) VALUES ('$100 Physical Gift Card', 'PGiftCards', 100.0, 10);
sqlite> SELECT * EPDM products (WEEE category = 'PGiftCards');
```

Now, verify:

SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'PGiftCards';

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM products WHERE category = 'PGiftCards';
56|$50 Physical Gift Card|PGiftCards|50.0|10
57|$100 Physical Gift Card|PGiftCards|100.0|10
sqlite>
```

2. All Registered Users Table:

Create the table for registered users.

CREATE TABLE registered_users (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, email TEXT NOT NULL UNIQUE, password TEXT NOT NULL, isActive INTEGER NOT NULL, environment TEXT NOT NULL);

qlite> CREATE TABLE registered_users (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, email TEXT NOT NULL UNIQUE, password TEXT NOT NULL, isActive INTEGER NOT NULL, environment TEXT NOT qlite>
qlite>

Insert values into the above created table with the query.

INSERT INTO registered_users (email, password, isActive, environment) VALUES ('hf.2024qab2@gmail.com', 'password123', 1, 'production'), ('akh.2024qab2@gmail.com', 'securepass', 1, 'testing'), ('ril.2024qab2@gmail.com', 'anotherpass', 0, 'production'), ('am.2024qab2@gmail.com', 'secretpass', 0, 'testing'), ('hm.2024qab2@gmail.com', 'confidentialpass', 1, 'peoduction');

Now, let's verify:

SELECT * FROM registered_users;

```
sqlite> SELECT * FROM registered_users;
1|hf.2024qab2@gmail.com|password123|1|production
2|akh.2024qab2@gmail.com|securepass|1|testing
3|ril.2024qab2@gmail.com|anotherpass|0|production
4|am.2024qab2@gmail.com|secretpass|0|testing
5|hm.2024qab2@gmail.com|confidentialpass|1|peoduction
sqlite>
```