

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN**

(Appellate Jurisdiction)

**Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_-L/2025**

Ghulam Rasool

Petitioner

Versus

Habib Ullah (deceased) through LRs. etc.

Respondents

Court petitioned from

Lahore High Court, Multan Bench  
Multan against Judgment dated  
11.06.2025 passed in Civil Revision  
No.1487/D/2018

Counsel for the petitioner: **MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN Advocate On Record**

Counsel for the Respondent:

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Counsel for the Respondent:

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Certified that the paper book has prepared in accordance with the Supreme Court Rules.

**(MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN)**  
 Advocate on Record,  
 Supreme Court of Pakistan,  
 Lahore.  
 Enrl. No.228

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN  
(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)**

Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_ /L/2025

Ghulam Rasool-----Appellant  
**VERSUS**  
Habib Ullah (deceased) through legal heirs-----Respondents

**TEMPLATE FORM**

Bench Jurisdiction: Constitutional Bench/ **Regular Bench**

Whether vires of any law have been challenged or interpretation of any constitutional provision is involved.

Yes	No
-----	----

<b>Case Category</b>	Civil Suit
<b>Sub-Category</b>	Suit for declaration etc. under the provisions of Section 42 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877.
<b>Gist of the Case before High Court</b>	The impugned gift mutation was sanctioned after fulfilling all requirements and ingredients.
<b>Questions of law involved</b>	Whether the impugned gift mutation was not sanctioned after fulfilling all requirements and ingredients?

**DRAWN & FILED BY:**

  
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Enrollment No.228

Mob. No.0300-8059359

Dated: 30 .07.2025

-A-

# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN

## (APPELLATE JURISDICTION)

Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_ /L/2025

Ghulam Rasool-----Appellant  
**VERSUS**  
Habib Ullah (deceased) through legal heirs-----Respondents

### **CONCISE STATEMENT**

I. **Subject matter and law:**

Suit for declaration etc. under the provisions of Section 42 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877.

II. **Which side has filed this Appeal:** Defendant/ Respondent in Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018

III. Court/ Forum:	Dated a. Filing b. Decision	Who filed it and with what result.
Civil Judge, Ist Class, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal	a. 25.11.2015 b. 02.03.2017	The respondents filed suit for declaration etc., which was decreed.
Additional District Judge, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal	a. 11.03.2017 b. 11.10.2018	The petitioner filed appeal, which was also accepted, resultantly, suit of the respondents was dismissed.
Lahore High Court, Multan Bench, Multan	a. 19.11.2018 b. 11.06.2025	The respondents filed Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018, which was allowed, whereby, the judgment & decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Appellate Court was set-aside, resultantly, suit of the respondents was decreed.

- B -

IV. Points noted in the impugned judgment:	Treatment of the points noted in the impugned judgment
The respondent/ defendant has failed to produce any of the marginal witness who were allegedly present at the time of attestation of the impugned mutation. No explanation has been offered for this omission. The non-production of essential witnesses, coupled with the absence of any reliable evidence regarding the essential ingredients of a valid gift (offer, acceptance and delivery of possession), renders the claim of legally infirm	The Honourable High Court has not considered the case of the appellant in its true perspective and decided the case in hasty and slipshod manner.

**V. Case law/ rulings on the points involved.**

For	Against

*Certified that I have prepared the paper book according to point noted from the documents and on the instructions of client according to law.*

**DRAWN & FILED BY:**

  
**MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN**

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Sohail Law Chambers,  
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Enrollment No.228  
Mob. No.0300-8059359

Dated: 30.07.2025

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN**  
**(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)**

Institution Section

Dy. No.....

Date.....

Initial.....

Filed on..... 30/7/25  
 by..... Ghulam Qadir, Azo

PL. MARYAM

30/7/25 Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_ /L/2025

sir,  
 Proof of Property value is  
 attached herewith.

Refiled

ASR  
 1/8/2025

**GHULAM RASOOL** son of Habib Ullah, Caste Jatt, resident of Chak No.88/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.

**APPELLANT**

**VERSUS**

Habib Ullah (deceased) son of Jamal Din, through his legal heirs;

Refiled  
 Plaintiff

- a. **Ghulam Qadir** son of Habib Ullah, Caste Dahwala, permanently, resident of Chak No.88/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal, presently resident of Ras Al Khaimah, UAE, P.O. Box No.5313, through Special Attorney Anwar-ul-Haq son of Muhammad Mansha, resident of Housing Colony Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
- b. **Muhammad Mansha** son of Habib Ullah, Caste Dahwala, resident of Chak No.88/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
- c. **Ghulam Fatima** daughter of Habib Ullah, Caste Dahwala, resident of 139-W Housing Colony, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
- d. **Ghulam Nabi** son of Habib Ullah, Caste Dahwala, permanently resident of Chak No.88/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal (untraceable for the last about 15 years).

**RESPONDENTS**

**APPEAL UNDER ARTICLE 185 (2) (d) OF THE CONSTITUTION  
 OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF PAKISTAN, 1973 AGAINST  
 THE IMPUGNED JUDGMENT DATED 11.06.2025 PASSED BY  
 THE HONOURABLE LAHORE HIGH COURT, MULTAN BENCH,  
 MULTAN IN CIVIL REVISION NO.1487/D/2018.**

SCB

**RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH:-**

1. That the brief facts giving rise to file the instant appeal are that the predecessor-in-interest of the respondents, namely, Habib Ullah filed a suit for declaration and permanent injunction, seeking cancellation of gift mutation No.3515 dated 25.10.2008 in favour of the appellant regarding land measuring 32-Kanal 4-Maria, consists upon Khata No.115 Khatooni No.214 square No.109 Killa Nos.8, 9/1, 12, 13, 19/1, situated in Chak No.93/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
2. That the appellant vehemently contested the suit by filing controverted written statement while raising number of preliminary as well as legal objections.
3. That after hearing the learned counsels of the parties, the learned Civil Judge, Ist Class, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal was pleased to decree the suit of the respondents vide judgment & decree dated 02.03.2017.
4. That being aggrieved, the appellant filed an appeal against the judgment & decree dated 02.03.2017 passed by the learned Civil Judge, Ist Class, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal, which was accepted by the learned Additional District Judge, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal vide judgment & decree dated 11.10.2018, whereby, the suit filed by the respondents was dismissed and by setting-aside the judgment & decree of the learned Trial Court.

5. That thereafter, the respondents preferred Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018, which has been allowed by the Honourable Lahore High Court, Multan Bench, Multan vide impugned judgment dated 11.06.2025, whereby set-aside judgment & decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Additional District Judge, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal and decreed the suit of the respondents.
6. That the impugned judgment dated 11.06.2025 is against the law and facts of the case and is liable to be set-aside, inter-alia, on the following:-

### **GROUNDs**

- a. That it settled principle of law that allegation of fraud cheating and collusiveness raised by a person is required to be proved by him, but the respondents failed to prove the same.
- b. That the Honourable High Court has failed to consider that all the three ingredients of gift i.e. offer, acceptance and delivery of possession were fulfilled.
- c. That the Honourable High Court has overlooked this aspect that under the law the respondents were not entitled for the relief which has been granted.
- d. That the Honourable High Court has also overlooked that the valuable rights of the appellant are involved in the matter.
- e. That the Honourable High Court has erred in law in allowing the Civil Revision of the respondents by setting-

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aside the findings and well-reasoned judgment & decree of the learned Appellate Court without any cogent reason and justification.

- f. That the question of facts was rightly and conclusively adjudicated by the learned Appellate Court which findings of facts have been illegally overturned by the Honourable High Court with material irregularity.
- g. That it has consistently been held by this August Court and also it is so provided under law that the findings of the fact cannot be disturbed in the Revisional jurisdiction.
- h. That the impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court is based on surmises and conjectures not warranted by any legal material evidence placed by the respondents on the file of the case.
- i. That the impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court is based on erroneous presumptions particularly when the judgment & decree of the learned Appellate Court are based on sound reasoning that the respondents have failed to prove the case in accordance with law, therefore, the suit of the respondents was rightly dismissed by the learned Appellate Court.
- j. That the impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court is not sustainable in the eye of law and liable to be set-aside.
- k. That the Honourable High Court was not justified in setting-aside the findings and well-reasoned judgment & decree of the learned Appellate Court in Revisional

jurisdiction, which has very limited scope and discretion has not been exercised according to law while passing the impugned judgment, which resulted in grave miscarriage of justice to the appellant.

- I. That in the light of the facts and circumstances of the case, the impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court could not be said to be passed in accordance with law, particularly when the learned Appellate Court has dismissed the suit of the respondents and the Honourable High Court has decreed the suit on wrong premises.
- m. That impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court is based on misreading and non-reading of the evidence in its true and proper perspective the same is nullity in the eye of law and liable to be set-at-naught by this Honourable Court while restoring the judgment & decree of the learned Appellate Court.
- n. That the impugned judgment passed by the Honourable High Court is not sustainable in the eye of law, especially when the same is bad in law, inasmuch as having been based on erroneous hypothesis and presumptions not warranted by the actual legal material on record and thus is liable to be set-aside and the judgment & decree passed by the learned Appellate Court is liable to be restored.

## P R A Y E R

Under the submissions made above, it is, therefore, most respectfully prayed that while accepting the instant appeal, the impugned judgment dated 11.06.2025 passed by the Honourable Lahore High Court, Multan Bench, Multan in Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018 and judgment & decree dated 02.03.2017 passed by the learned Civil Judge, Ist Class, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal may kindly be set-aside, by dismissing the suit filed by the respondents and judgment & decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Additional District Judge, Chichawatni, District Sahiwal may graciously be restored to meet the ends of justice.

### DRAWN & FILED BY:

**MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN**

Advocate-on-Record,  
Supreme Court of Pakistan,  
Sohail Law Chambers,  
4-Mozang Road, Lahore.

Email: mghussain40@gmail.com  
Enrollment No.228  
Mob. No.0300-8059359

Dated: 30 .07.2025

### CERTIFICATE:

As per instructions of the client, this is 1<sup>st</sup> Civil Appeal on the subject matter before this Apex Court against the impugned judgment dated 11.06.2025 passed by the Honourable Lahore High Court, Multan Bench, Multan in Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018.

It is certified that all the clear/ legible copies of the illegible documents have been compared word to word and found correct in all respects.

It is certified that scanned/ soft copy of the case/ application either send through email or provided through USB is complete as per original.

  
**ADVOCATE-ON-RECORD**

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN  
(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)**

Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_/L/2025

Ghulam Rasool-----Appellant  
**VERSUS**  
 Habib Ullah (deceased) through legal heirs-----Respondents

**CERTIFICATE UNDER ORDER XII RULE 1 (ii) OF THE  
SUPREME COURT RULES, 1980.**

I, Mian Ghulam Hussain, Advocate-on-Record Supreme Court of Pakistan, Sohail Law Chambers, 4-Mozang Road, Lahore for the appellant, in the above Cited Appeal do hereby certify that the impugned judgment involves directly/ indirectly a claim/ question respecting property of the value of not less than Rs.10,00,000/- and that the impugned judgment appealed from has set-aside the judgment & decree of the Court immediately below.

  
**MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN**

Advocate-on-Record,  
 Supreme Court of Pakistan,  
 Sohail Law Chambers,  
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 Email: mghussain40@gmail.com  
 Enrollment No.228  
 Mob. No.0300-8059359

Dated: 20.07.2025

IN THE LAHORE HIGH COURT MULTAN BENCH, MULTAN.

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Sijudg=11-10-18  
Filed on 19-11-18  
Limitation (90) days  
within time

S/Lis FOR SUPREME COURT USE

Examiner Copy Supply Section  
Lahore High Court,  
Multan Bench, Multan  
Authorised Under Article 87 of  
Qanun-i-Shahadat Order 1984

Civil Revision No. 1487-D /2018

MEMO OF PARTIES

- 1: Habib Ullah (Deceased) through his legal heirs
  - 1.A- Ghulam Qadir S/o Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala permanently resident of Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal. Presently R/o Ras Al Khaimah, UAE, P.O. Box No.5313. Through special power of attorney Anwar Ul Haq s/o Muhammad Mansha R/o Housing Colony Chichawatni District Sahiwal.
  - 1.B- Muhammad Mansha Son of Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala R/o Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
  - 1.D Ghulam Fatima daughter of Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala R/o 139-W Housing Colony Chichawatni District Sahiwal.



.....PETITIONERS

VERSUS

- R { 1. Ghulam Rasool S/o Habib Ullah Caste Jatt R/o Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.

- 15/11/18  
2. Ghulam Nabi S/o Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala permanently resident of Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal. (Untraceable for the last about 15-years.)

.....RESPONDENT

.....PROFORMA RESPONDENT

IN THE LAHORE HIGH COURT,  
MULTAN BENCH, MULTAN  
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

Civil Revision No.1487-D of 2018

Habib Ullah etc.

Vs. Ghulam Rasool etc.

JUDGMENT

Date of hearing: 11.06.2025.

Petitioner by: Ch. Khawar Siddique, Advocate.

Respondent by: Mr. Muhammad Masood Bilal,  
Advocate.

*Ch. Sultan Mahmood, J.* Precisely, the facts leading towards this civil revision are that Habib Ullah (deceased) predecessor in interest of the petitioner/Plaintiff filed a suit for declaration with permanent injunction against the respondent No. 1/defendant by alleging therein that defendant is real son of the plaintiff and plaintiff is owner in possession of property measuring 32-Kanal, 04-Marla bearing Khata No 115, Khatooni No.214 Square No.109 Killa Nos. 19/1,13,12,9/1 and 8 situated at Chak No.93/12-L Tehsil Chichawatni District Sahiwal which property earlier plaintiff leased out to one Muhammad Sadiq and now the same is leased out to Abdul Ghafoor Watoo, who is regularly paying the lease money to the plaintiff. It is further revealed from the record that defendant filed a suit for declaration against plaintiff and on scrutiny of record it came to the knowledge of the plaintiff that defendant/respondent got transferred the suit property in his name through mutation dated 25.10.2008 in connivance with the revenue officials through fraud and misrepresentation and prayed for cancellation of said mutation.

2. That the defendant/respondent has contested the suit by filing contesting written statement in which defendant denied the plaint on legal as well as factual objection. The learned Trial Court in order to resolve the controversy between

ATTESTED  
EXAMINER  
COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH MULTAN  
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Stereo HCJD A-38.

JUDGMENT SHEET  
IN THE LAHORE HIGH COURT,  
MULTAN BENCH MULTAN  
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

9

Civil Revision No.1487-D of 2018

Habib Ullah etc. Vs. Ghulam Rasool, etc

JUDGMENT

Date of hearing: 11.06.2025

Appellant by: Ch. Khawar Siddique, Advocate

Respondent by: Mr. Muhammad Masood Bilal, Advocate

Ch. Sultan Mahmood, J:- Precisely, the facts leading towards this Civil Revision are that Habib Ullah (deceased) predecessor in interest of the Petitioner/Plaintiff filed a suit for declaration with permanent injunction against the Respondent No.1/Defendant by alleging therein that Defendant is real son of the Plaintiff and Plaintiff is owner in possession of property measuring 32-Kanals, 04-Marlas bearing Khata No.115, Khatooni No.214, Square No.109, Killa No.19/1, 13, 12, 9/1 and 8 situated at Chak No.93/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni District Sahiwal which property earlier Plaintiff leased out to one Muhammad WSadiq and now the same is leased out to Abdul Ghafoor Watoo, who is regularly paying the lease money to the Plaintiff. It is further revealed from the record that Defendant filed a suit for declaration against Plaintiff and on scrutiny of record it came to the knowledge of the Plaintiff that Defendant/Respondent got transferred the suit property in his name through mutation No.3515 dated 25.10.2008 in connivance with the revenue officials through fraud and misrepresentation and prayed for cancellation of said mutation.

2. That the Defendant/Respondent has contested the suit by filing contesting Written Statement in which Defendant denied the plaint on legal as well as factual objection. The Learned Trial Court in order to resolve the controversy between

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10

the parties framed as many as seven issues including relief which are as under:-

**ISSUES**

- a. Weather the plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that mutation No.3515 dated 25.10.2008 is illegal, against facts based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
- b. Whether plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for permanent injunction restraining the defendant from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
- c. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is within time? OPP
- d. Whether the plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
- e. Whether the suit of the plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
- f. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is false and frivolous and hence liable to be dismissed with special costs? OPD
- g. Relief.

3. Both the parties in order to prove their claim and contention led their oral as well as documentary evidence. The learned Trial Court through judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 decreed the suit of the petitioner/plaintiff. Respondent No.1/defendant being aggrieved with the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 preferred an appeal before the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatnai and during the pendency of appeal plaintiff died and the respondent impleaded the legal heirs as respondent. Learned Appellate Court through judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 allowed the appeal of the respondent No.1 while setting aside the judgment and Decree dated 02.03.2017 of learned Trial Court, hence this revision.

RETESTED  
17-7-25  
EXAMINER  
COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN FENCE MULTAN

4. Heard, Record perused.

5. Learned counsel for the petitioner/plaintiff contends that learned Appellate Court remained fail to appreciate the evidence available on the face of file otherwise the petitioner/plaintiff with material evidence proved his case

the parties framed as many as seven issues including relief which are as under:-

ISSUES

- a) Whether the Plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that Mutation No.3515 dated 25.10.2008 is illegal, against facts based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
- b) Whether Plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for permanent injunction restraining the Defendant from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
- c) Whether the suit of the Plaintiff is within time? OPP
- d) Whether the Plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
- e) Whether the suit of the Plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
- f) Whether the suit of the Plaintiff is false and frivolous and hence liable to be dismissed with special costs? OPD
- g) Relief.

3. Both the parties in order to prove their claim and contention led their oral as well as documentary evidence. The Learned Trial Court through judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 decreed the suit of the Petitioner/Plaintiff. Respondent No.1/Defendant being aggrieved with the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 preferred an appeal before the Learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatnai and during the pendency of appeal Plaintiff died and the Respondent impleaded the legal heirs as Respondent. Learned Appellate Court through judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 allowed the appeal of the Respondent No.1 while setting aside the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 of Learned Trial Court, hence this Revision.

4. Heard, record perused.

5. Learned Counsel for the Petitioner/Plaintiff contends that Learned Appellate Court remained fail to appreciate the evidence available on the face of file otherwise the Petitioner/Plaintiff with material evidence proved his case

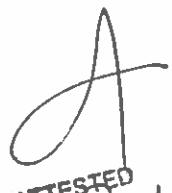
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beyond any shadow of doubt while the respondent/defendant failed to prove his version hence the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is liable to set aside. He further submits that Appellate Court also remained fail to prove basic three ingredients of the TAMLEEK while the plaintiff proved fraud committed by the defendant but the learned Appellate Court did not peruse the record properly and it is always remain wish of law that party before proving an act has to narrate its details in pleadings but in the present case written statement of defendant/donee was silent to the extent of essential details i.e. time, date, venue and names of witnesses to disclose when, where, and before whom donors had made declaration of gift which was accepted by him and possession was changed hence the respondent/defendant failed to prove valid oral gift. Lastly, prayed that neither the defendant/donee himself appeared in the witness box to prove the mutation nor he produced any attesting witness accept the Lambardar therefore mere signing or putting thumb impression on the mutation would not amount to valid attestation/execution.

6. On the other hand, learned counsel for the respondent/defendant has argued that the learned Appellate Court has rightly passed the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 while applying its judicial mind. He further submits that no illegality or irregularity has been committed by the learned Appellate Court.

7. After careful examination of the impugned judgment and appraisal of the evidence on record, it is manifest that in cases where the transfer of immovable property is claimed to have occurred through an oral gift, the law imposes a strict evidentiary burden on the beneficiary. It is the donee's responsibility to demonstrate with clarity and convincing proof that the transaction fulfills all the necessary legal requisites. These requisites include a clear and unequivocal offer by the 

  
**ATTESTED**

**EXAMINER  
COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH**

Beyond any shadow of doubt while the Respondent/Defendant failed to prove his version hence the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is liable to be set aside. He further submits that Appellate Court also remained fail to prove basic three ingredients of the TAMLEEK while the Plaintiff proved fraud committed by the Defendant but the Learned Appellate Court did not peruse the record properly and it is always remain wish of law that party before proving an act has to narrate its details in pleadings but in the present case Written Statement on Defendant/donee was silent to the extent of essential details i.e. time, date, venue and names of witnesses to disclose when, where and before whom donors had made declaration of gift which was accepted by him and possession was changed hence the Respondent/Defendant failed to prove valid oral gift. Lastly, proved that neither the Defendant/donee himself appeared in the witness box to prove the mutation nor he produced any attesting witness accept the lambardar therefore mere signing or putting thumb impression on the mutation would not amount to valid attestation/execution.

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donor, explicit acceptance by the donee, and the actual and simultaneous delivery of possession<sup>1</sup>. These conditions are not mere formalities; rather, they constitute the very foundation of a valid gift transaction. Absent satisfactory proof of these elements, a claim of valid Tamleek cannot be legally sustained.

**8.** Moreover, it is well-established that pleadings relating to oral gifts must be detailed and specific, specifying the precise date, time, and place where the alleged gift was made. This requirement is not a mere procedural formality but a fundamental necessity for the court to evaluate the authenticity and legality of the claimed gift. In the instant case, the written statement submitted by the respondent-defendant fails to provide any such particulars concerning the circumstances of the alleged Tamleek. This glaring omission strikes at the heart of the claim, leaving the court without any firm basis to determine whether the purported oral gift complied with the essential legal conditions. The law is settled that such a deficiency in pleadings is fatal<sup>2</sup> to the case.

**9.** A close examination of the written statement filed by the respondent-defendant reveals a significant absence of material particulars regarding the alleged oral gift. There is no mention of the specific date, time, or place of the alleged offer and acceptance elements which are not only legally essential to constitute a valid gift but must also be clearly and unequivocally pleaded. He also omitted to mention the names of witnesses in whose presence his father allegedly gifted the property in his favour. This deficiency extends into the evidentiary record, where neither the petitioner-defendant nor his witnesses have furnished any testimony touching upon these crucial aspects of the transaction. It is trite law that no party may lead evidence beyond what has been pleaded<sup>3</sup>. In the instant case, the

<sup>1</sup> Para 149 of Muhammadan Law by D.F. Mulla.

<sup>2</sup> 2020 SCMR 276 Muhammad Sarwar v. Mumtaz Bibi and others.

<sup>3</sup> PLD 2007 SC 582 Zulfikar and others v. Shahdal Khan, 2014 SCMR 914 Muhammad Nawaz alias Nawaza and others v.

Member Judicial Board of Revenue and others, PLD 2016 SC 730 Combined Investment (Pvt) Limited v. Wah Bhar and others and 2021 SCMR 642 Saddaruddin (since deceased) through LRs. V. Sultan Khan (since deceased) through LRs and others

  
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1. Para 149 of Muhammadan Law by D.F. Mulla.
2. 2020 SCMR 276 Muhammad Sarwar. V. Mumtaz Bibi and others.
3. PLD 2007 SC 582 Zulfiqar and others. V. Shahdat Khan, 2014 SCMR 914 Muhammad Nawaz alias Nawaza and others. V. Member Judicial Board of Revenue and others, PLD 2016 SC 730 Combined Investment (Pvt) Limited. V. Wali Bhai and others and 2021 SCMR 642 Saddaruddin (since deceased) through Lrs. Vs. Sultan Khan (since deceased through LRs. And others.

PLEASE SEE  
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petitioner-defendant has merely relied upon the attestation of the impugned mutation and his possession of the property as grounds to assert ownership. He further claimed that his father had voluntarily and willingly transferred the suit property in his favour. However, beyond this general assertion, there is a complete absence of any credible narrative or supporting particulars as to how and when the alleged gift was effected.

10. Furthermore, the mutation upon which the defendant's entire claim is built has not been proved through any reliable or independent evidence. It is a well-settled proposition of law that mutation entries, being fiscal in nature, do not themselves confer ownership unless grounded in a valid, lawful, and proven transaction. In the present case, that foundational transaction remains wholly unsubstantiated. It is also firmly established in law that no amount of evidence can cure a defect in pleadings. A claim that lacks essential factual assertions in the pleadings cannot be buttressed at the stage of evidence. Any attempt to prove a case that was never set up in the pleadings is legally untenable and has no evidentiary value. The failure of the respondent to meet these fundamental requirements renders his claim legally unsustainable.

11. The respondent has based his claim on an alleged oral gift made in his favour by his father, followed by the attestation of a gift mutation. It is a settled principle of law that in cases involving oral gifts and subsequent mutation entries, the presence and testimony of marginal witnesses are of considerable evidentiary value. Their absence creates a serious doubt regarding the validity and transparency of the proceedings. In the present case, the respondent-defendant has failed to produce any of the marginal witnesses who were allegedly present at the time of the attestation of the impugned mutation. No explanation has been offered for this omission. The non-production of essential witnesses, coupled with the

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Petitioner-Defendant has merely relied upon the attestation of the impugned mutation and his possession of the property as grounds to asset ownership. He further claimed that his father had voluntarily and willingly transferred the suit property in his favour. However, beyond this general assertion, there is a complete absence of any credible narrative or supporting particulars as to how and when the alleged gift was effected.

10. Furthermore, the mutation upon which the Defendant's entire claim is built has not been proved through any reliable or independent evidence. It is well-settled proposition of law that mutation entries, being fiscal in nature, do not themselves confer ownership unless grounded in a valid, lawful, and proven transaction. In the present case, that foundational transaction remains wholly unsubstantiated. It is also firmly established in law that no amount of evidence can cure a defect in pleadings. A claim that lacks essential factual assertions in the pleadings cannot be buttressed at the stage of evidence. Any attempt to prove a case that was never set up in the pleadings is legally untenable and has no evidentiary value. The failure of the Respondent to meet these fundamental requirements renders his claim legally unsustainable.

11. The Respondent has based his claim on an alleged oral gift made in his favour by his father, followed by the attestation of a gift mutation. It is a settled principle of law that in cases involving oral gifts and subsequent mutation entries, the presence and testimony of marginal witnesses are of considerable evidentiary value. Their absence creates a serious doubt regarding the validity and transparency of the proceedings. In the present case, the Respondent-Defendant has failed to produce any of the marginal witnesses who were allegedly present at the time of the attestation of the impugned mutation. No explanation has been offered for this omission. The non-production of essential witnesses, coupled with the

absence of any reliable evidence regarding the essential ingredients of a valid gift (offer, acceptance, and delivery of possession), renders the claim legally infirm. In such matters, where the foundational transaction itself is disputed, mere reliance on mutation entries unsupported by the testimony of relevant witnesses cannot be treated as sufficient to prove the

Application No. 61820

Date of presentation 12.6.2018 of Application

Date of Receipt of fee

No. of Words/Pages

Copying fee P 6 of the alleged gift transaction. This omission is fatal to his claim.

Urgent fee

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Agency fee 2 available on record.

Court of and application

Total 12. It is well settled position of law that findings of the

Name of Copiest 13.2 Appellate Court are to be given preferences<sup>4</sup>, if those are not

Date of Receipt of File 13.2 suffering from legal infirmities. Here the boot is on the other

Date of preparation 13.2-25 foot, the findings of the learned Appellate Court as discussed

Date of issuance of Copy 13.2 above are suffering from non-reading and misreading of the

evidence and law has been incorrectly applied.

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EXAMINER COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
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AUTHORISED UNDER ARTICLE 67  
OF QANUN-i-SHAHADAT ORDER 1964  
TRUE COPY  
7.7.25

EXAMINER COPY BRANCH  
LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH MULTAN

13. Pursuant to the above discussion, it is observed that the learned Appellate Court has failed to appreciate the true facts of the case and have committed material illegalities and irregularities while passing the impugned judgment and decree, which cannot be allowed to hold field. Thus, the revision petition in hand is allowed, impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Additional District Judge Chichawatni is set aside. No order as to cost.

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SUPERVISOR COPY BRANCH  
LAHORE HIGH COURT,  
MULTAN BENCH MULTAN

Sd/  
(Ch. Sultan Mahmood)  
Judge

<sup>4</sup> Amjad Ikram v. Mst. Asiya Kausar and 2 others (2015 SCMR 1), Madan Gopal and 4 others v. Maran Bepari and 3 others (PLD 1969 SC 617) and Muhammad Nawaz through L.Rs. v. Haji Muhammad Baran Khan through L.Rs and others (2013 SCMR

absence of any reliable evidence regarding the essential ingredients of a valid gift (offer, acceptance, and delivery of possession), renders the claim legally infirm. In such matters, where the foundational transaction itself is disputed, mere reliance on mutation entries unsupported by the testimony of relevant witnesses cannot be treated as sufficient to prove the alleged gift. Hence, in the absence of marginal witnesses and other supporting evidence, the Respondent-Defendant has failed to discharge the burden of proving the genuineness and legality of the alleged gift transaction. This omission is fatal to his claim. The Learned Trial Court has rightly appreciated the evidence available on record.

12. It is well settled position of law that findings of the Appellate Court are to be given preferences, if those are not suffering from legal infirmities, here the boot is on the other foot, the findings of the Learned Appellate Court as discussed above are suffering from non-reading and misreading of the evidence and law has been incorrectly applied.

13. Pursuant to the above discussion, it is observed that the Learned Appellate Court has failed to appreciate the true facts of the case and have committed material illegalities and irregularities while passing the impugned judgment and decree, which cannot be allowed to hold field. Thus, the revision petition in hand is allowed, impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the Learned Additional District Judge, Chichawatni is set aside. No order as to cost.

Sd/-  
(Ch. Sultan Mahmood)  
Judge

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IN THE LAHORE HIGH COURT MULTAN BENCH, MULTAN.

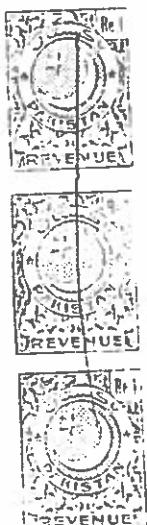
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Limit 15 days  
within time  
19-11-18

Civil Revision No. 1487-D /2018

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Lahore High Court  
Multan Bench, Multan  
Authorised Under Article 87 of  
Qanun-i-Shahdat Ijra 1981

MEMO OF PARTIES

- 1: Habib Ullah (Deceased) through his legal heirs
- 1.A- Ghulam Qadir S/o Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala permanently resident of Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal. Presently R/o Ras Al Khaimah, UAE, P.O. Box No.5313. Through special power of attorney Anwar Ul Haq s/o Muhammad Mansha R/o Housing Colony Chichawatni District Sahiwal.
- 1.B- Muhammad Mansha Son of Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala R/o Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.
- 1.D Ghulam Fatima daughter of Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala R/o 139-W Housing Colony Chichawatni District Sahiwal.



.....PETITIONERS

VERSUS

1. Ghulam Rasool S/o Habib Ullah Caste Jatt R/o Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.

.....RESPONDENT

2. Ghulam Nabi S/o Habib Ullah Caste Dahwala permanently resident of Chak No.88/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni, District Sahiwal. (Untraceable for the last about 15-years.)

.....PROFORMA RESPONDENT

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CIVIL REVISION PETITION U/S 115 CPC AGAINST THE  
JUDGMENT AND DECREE DATED 11.10.2018 PASSED BY THE  
LEARNED ADDITIONAL DISTRICT JUDGE CHICHAWATNI.

*Claim in Revision :- To call the record and to set aside the  
impugned judgment and decree dated  
11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl.  
District Judge Chichawatni and to uphold  
the Judgment and Decree dated 02.03.2017  
passed by the learned Civil Judge  
Chichawatni.*

.....PETITIONERS

THROUGH :-

Dated :-05.11.2018.



Ch. Khawar Saddique Sahi  
Advocate High Court  
Opp. Judges Gate High Court,  
Shadman Colony Multan  
C.C.No.4499  
Cell.No. 0300-9695755

ARRESTED  
EXAMINER 2  
COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH MULTAN

Opening Sheet for Civil Revision

IN THE LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH, MULTAN.

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JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

Civil Revision No. 1487-D

ORIGINAL SUIT			FIRST APPEAL					
Institution		Decided	Institution		Decided			
Court	Date	Court	Date	Court	Date	Court	Date	
Civil Judge 1st Class, Chichawatni	25-11-2015	Civil Judge 1st Class, Chichawatni	02-03-2017	Addl; District Judge, Chichawatni	11-03-2017	Addl; District Judge, Chichawatni	11-10-2018	Exemptions High Court, Multan Bench under Article 87 of Constitution of Pakistan, 1947
								Supply Section
								Multan Bench Under Article 87 of Constitution of Pakistan, 1947
								High Court, Multan Bench Under Article 87 of Constitution of Pakistan, 1947
								Amount of Petition

Presented by Ch. Khawar Saddique (Name of party or Advocate filling the Petition)

Petitioner (Plaintiff or defendant) Habib Ullah Etc (Petitioner-Plaintiff)

Respondent (Plaintiff or Defendant) Ghulam Rasool (Respondent-Defendant)

Order of First Court and date Decreed suit of petitioner/plaintiff on 02-03-2017

Appellate Court and date Appeal was allowed on 11-10-2018

Confirming/Reversing/Modifying Reversing

Original Claim suit for declaration with permanent injunction

Claim in Revision To set aside the impugned judgment and decree dated 11-10-2018 passed by learned ADJ, Chichawatni and to uphold the judgment and decree dated 02-03-2017 passed by learned civil Judge Chichawatni

Petition under Section 115 CPC of Act V of 1908.

Advocate

GROUNDS OF REVISION

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GRONNDS OF CIVIL REVISION.

That the petitioners respectfully submit as under;

1. That the plaintiff/petitioner Habib Ullah (deceased) predecessor of the parties filed a suit for declaration with permanent injunction against the respondent No.1/defendant by alleging therein that defendant is real son of the plaintiff and plaintiff is owner in possession of property measuring 32-Kanal, 04-Maria bearing Khata No.115, Khatooni No.214 situated at Chak No.93/12-L Tehseel Chichawatni District Sahiwal which property earlier plaintiff leased out to one Muhammad Sadiq and now the same is leased out to Abdul Ghafoor Watoo, who is regularly paying the lease money to the plaintiff. Defendant filed a suit for declaration against plaintiff and on scrutiny of record it came to the knowledge of the plaintiff that defendant/respondent got transferred the suit property in his name through mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 in connivance with the revenue officials through fraud and misrepresentation and prayed for cancellation of said mutation.

Copy of plaint is annexed as ANNEXURE "A".

2. That the defendant/respondent has contested the suit by filling contesting written statement in which defendant denied the plaint on legal as well as factual objection. Copy of written statement is

annexed as Annexure "B".

That the learned trial court in order to resolve the controversy between the parties framed as many as seven issues including relief which are as under :

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LAHORE HIGH COURT  
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- a. Whether the plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that mutation No.3515 dated 25.10.2008 is illegal, against facts based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
- b. Whether plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for permanent injunction restraining the defendant from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
- c. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is within time? OPP
- d. Whether the plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
- e. Whether the suit of the plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
- f. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is false and frivolous and hence liable to be dismissed with special costs? OPD
- g. Relief.
4. That both the parties in order to prove their claim and contention led their oral as well as documentary evidence. Copy of evidence produced and adduced by the parties is annexed as Annexure C&D.
5. That the learned civil judge vide judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 decreed the suit of the plaintiff/petitioner. Copy of judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 are annexed as Annexure "E&F".
6. That the respondent No.1 being aggrieved with the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 preferred an appeal before the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatnai and during the pendency of appeal plaintiff died and the respondent impleaded the legal heirs

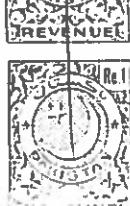
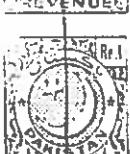


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LAHORE HIGH COURT  
MULTAN BENCH MUL-TAN

as respondent. Learned ADJ vide judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 allowed the appeal of the respondent No.1 while setting aside the judgment and Decree dated 02.03.2017 of learned civil court. Copy of memo of appeal, amended memo of appeal and judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 are annexed as Annexure "G,H,J&K".

7. That the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is against the law and facts of the case thus the same is not maintainable and sustainable in the eye of law and is liable to be set aside and the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 passed by the learned civil court <sup>is liable to be up held</sup> inter alia on the following amongst other :-

## G R O U N D S



- I. That the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is against the law and facts of the case thus the same is liable to be set aside.

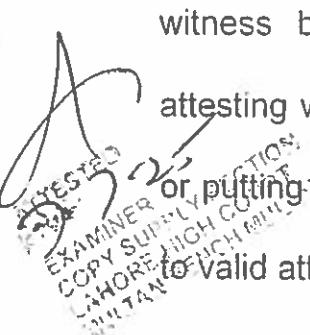
II. That the learned appellate court below while passing the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 have not kept in mind the facts and circumstances of the case hence the same is liable to be set aside while the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 passed by the learned civil court is well reasoned and according to law and facts of the case hence is appealable to be upheld.

✓  
SUPPLY SECTION  
THE HIGH COURT  
AN BENCH MULTAN

III. That the learned appellate court below remained fail to appreciate the evidence available on the face of file otherwise

the plaintiff/petitioner with material evidence proved his case beyond any shadow of doubt while the respondent/defendant failed to prove his version hence the impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is liable to set aside.

- IV. That the defendant/respondent No.1 remained fail to prove basic three ingredients of the TAMLEEK while the plaintiff proved fraud committed by the defendant but the learned appellate court did not peruse the record properly and allowed the appeal of the respondent hence the impugned Judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 is liable to be set aside.
- V. That it is always remain wish of law that party before proving an act has to narrate its details in pleadings but in the present case written statement of defendant/donee was silent to the extent of essential details i.e time, date, venue and names of witnesses to disclose when, where and before whom donors had made declaration of gift which was accepted by him and possession was changed hence the respondent/defendant failed to prove valid oral gift.
- VI. That neither the defendant/donee himself appeared in the witness box to prove the mutation nor he produced any attesting witness accept the Lambardar therefore mere signing or putting thumb impression on the mutation would not amount to valid attestation/execution.



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- VII. That the impugned judgment and decree passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is result of surmises and conjectures therefore is liable to be set aside.
- VIII. That the impugned judgment and decree passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni is result of misreading and non-reading of evidence.

**PRAYER :-**

In the light of the above humble submissions, it is most respectfully prayed that this civil revision may kindly be graced with acceptance and impugned judgment and decree dated 11.10.2018 passed by the learned Addl. District Judge, Chichawatni may kindly be set aside and uphold the judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 passed by the learned civil court in the supreme interest of justice.



Application No. ....  
Date of presentation /12/6/18

Date of Application

Date of Receipt of fee.....  
No. of words /Pages .....  
Revenue fee .....

Urgent fee .....

Registration & Postage fee .....

Agency fee .....

Dated: 03.11.2018  
Court of and application .....

Total: 62

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Date of Receipt of File 3.2.20

Date of preparation 2.2.20

Date of issuance of COPY 2.2.20

27.10.18 2.2.20

**CERTIFICATE**

It is certified that this is first revision petition on the subject before this Hon'ble Court.

Advocate

EXAMINER COPY SUPPLY SECTION  
15 AUTHORIZED UNDER ARTICLE 87  
DOMESTIC SHAHDAI ORDER 1984

.....THROUGH:-

.....PETITIONER  
مکمل: احمد علی خاں، 6 فیڈ اے-A

شہزادی، 21-B

نواب غفرانی، 1-C

Ch. Khawar Saddique Sahi

Advocate High Court

Opp. Judges Gate High Court,

Shadman Colony Multan

C.C. No. 4499

Cell. No. 0300 9695755

23

IN THE COURT OF MAHMOOD HAYAT,  
ADDL. DISTRICT JUDGE, CHICHAWATNI

Civil appeal No..... 64/ADJ 2017

Date of institution of appeal----- 11.03.2017

Date of decision..... 11.10.2018

Ghulam Rasool son of Habib Ullah Caste Jutt, R/O Chak No. 88/12-L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal (presently residing) Dubai through Special attorney Muhammad Iqbal son of Saddi Muhammad Caste Jutt R/O 50/12-L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal

Appellant/defendant

Versus

Habib Ullah son of Jamal Din (deceased) through legal heirs

1-A. Ghulam Nabi

1-B. Ghulam Qadir

1-C. Muhammad Mansha

Sons of Habib Ullah Caste Dhawala Jutt, R/O Chak No. 88/12-L, Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal

1-D. Ghulam Fatima daughter Habib Ullah Caste Dhawala R/O 139-W Housing Colony Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.

Respondents/plaintiffs:

CIVIL APPEAL AGAINST THE DECREE AND JUDGMENT  
DATED 02.03.2017 PASSED BY MRS. KIRAN IQBAL SHEIKH, THE THEN LEARNED CIVIL JUDGE 1<sup>ST</sup> CLASS, CHICHAWATNI.

In Re:- Suit for declaration along with permanent injunction

11.10.2018

Present:-

Ch. Shabbir Hussain Advocate counsel for the appellant

Nasir Mehmood Ch. Advocate counsel the the respondents No. 1-B and 1-D.

Respondent No. 1-A and 1-C proceeded still ex parte.

JUDGMENT:

Ghulam Rasool, appellant-defendant has been preferred against the decree and judgment dated 02.03.2017, passed by Mrs. Kiran Iqbal Sheikh, the then learned Civil Judge 1<sup>st</sup> Class, Chichawatni, whereby she decreed the suit filed by Habib Ullah for declaration with permanent injunction

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CHICHAWATNI

12/10/2018

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2. Concise facts of the case are that the plaintiff is owner in possession of property measuring 32-Kanal, 04-Marla bearing Khata No. 115, Khatooni No. 214, Square No. 109, Killa Nos. 19/1, 13, 12, 9/1 & 8 situated at Chak No. 93/12-L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal; (the detail of which has duly been described in paragraph No.1 of the plaint & hereinafter to be called as suit property); that the defendant is real son of the plaintiff; that plaintiff has earlier leased out the suit property to Muhammad Sadiq son of Abdullah and now the same has been leased out the suit property to Abdul Ghafoor Watto and lessee is regularly paying the lease money to the plaintiff; that previously defendant has filed a suit for declaration against plaintiff and on scrutiny of revenue record, it came to the knowledge of plaintiff that defendant has got transferred the suit property in his name through mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25-10-2008 in connivance with revenue officials through fraud and misrepresentation; that the plaintiff is an illiterate person and plaintiff has never transferred suit property in favour of any person; that defendant being real son of plaintiff had obtained thumb impression of plaintiff on blank papers and gift mutation No: 3515 dated 25-10-2008 has been sanctioned in his favour in connivance with revenue officials through fraud, which is against the law and fact, ineffective upon the rights of plaintiff and is liable to be cancelled; that defendant has been asked time and again by the plaintiff to get cancel the impugned mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25-10-2008 but defendant has refused to do so, hence, the instant suit.

3. Conversely, appellant / defendant has contested the suit by filing his written statement. Averments of the plaint have been vehemently denied by the defendant on legal as well

26 JULY 2025

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as factual objections, that all the necessary ingredients of a valid gift i.e. offer, acceptance and delivery of possession has been fulfilled by the plaintiff and mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 has rightly been sanctioned in favour of defendant lastly prayed for dismissal of the suit.

4. From the divergent pleadings of the parties, following issues were framed:-

ISSUES:-

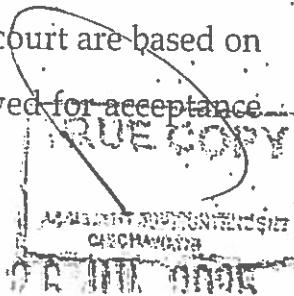
1. Whether the plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 is illegal, against facts and based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
  2. Whether plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for permanent injunction restraining the defendants from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
  3. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is within time? OPP
  4. Whether the plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
  5. Whether the suit of the plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
  6. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is false and frivolous, hence, liable to be dismissed with special costs? OPD
  7. Relief.
5. After framing of issues, parties were directed to adduce their evidence to prove their respective version. Habib Ullah plaintiff himself has appeared into the witness box as PW-1. Muhammad Sadiq son of Abdullah has appeared into the witness box as PW-2. Abdul Ghafoor Watto has appeared before the court as PW-3. All the PWs have fully corroborated the version of the plaintiff through their examination-in-chief. Counsel for the plaintiff has produced copy of Jamabandi of suit property for the year 2000-01 as Exh.P-1, copy of Khasra Girdawari of the suit property for the year 2009 to 2013 as Exh.P-2; attested copy of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25-10-2008 as Exh.P-3 in documentary evidence and closed the oral as well as documentary evidence of the plaintiff. On the other hands, Syed

Habibullah  
M&A No. 10/  
Addl. Sessions Judge  
Chinchawati

26 JUL 2025

Sabir Hussain Shah Bukhari (record keeper office of Qanoongo, Chichawatni) has appeared into the witness box as DW-1. Sadiq Hussain Shah Lambardar has appeared before the court as DW-2. Syed Ali Shehwar son of Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah has appeared as DW-4, Muhammad Iqbal son of Sadi Muhammad (special attorney of defendant) has appeared before the court as DW-4, Muhammad Ali Patwari Halqa Chak No. 93/12-L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal has appeared before the court as DW-5, Manzoor Ahmad Patwari Ishtimal has appeared before the court as DW-6 and Rai Hussain Nawaz (Tehsildar Shah Kot, District Sargodha, Ex-Tehsildar Ishtimal, Sahiwal) has appeared before the court as DW-7. All the DWs have fully supported the version of defendant through their examination-in-chief. In documentary evidence, learned counsel for the defendant has produced attested copy of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25-10-2008 as Exh.D-1; attested copy of Parat Patwar as Exh.D-2, photocopy of special power of attorney given by defendant Ghulam Rasool in favour of Muhammad Iqbal as Exh.D-3, copy of Jamabandi of suit property for the year 2008-09 as Exh.D-4, copy of Khasra Gardavri of suit property as Exh.D-5 and closed oral as well as documentary of the defendant.

6. Learned counsel for the appellant has contends that the findings of learned trial court are result of mis-reading and non-reading of evidence, against law and facts which is liable to be set aside; that the learned trial court while passing the impugned judgment and decree did not take into consideration the evidence brought on the issues true perspective, and the learned trial court did not apply its judicial mind; that the learned trial court has passed the impugned judgment and decree in hasty manners and committed illegality and irregularity; that the findings of learned trial court are based on the surmises and conjunctures and lastly prayed for acceptance of instant appeal.



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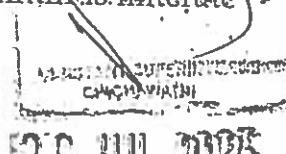
7. On the other hand, learned counsel for the respondents has argued that the learned trial court has rightly passed the impugned judgment and decree dated 02.03.2017 while applying its judicial mind. No illegality or irregularity has been committed by the learned trial court. It is prayed that the appeal filed by the appellant may be dismissed. Learned counsel for the respondent tendered case Law 2013 C L C 52.

8. I have heard the arguments of learned counsel for the parties at length and perused the record carefully and minutely.

9. Point for determination of this appeal is that whether impugned mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 is based on forgery, fake and got sanctioned by defendant in connivance with revenue officers?

10. While deciding issue No.1 by the learned trial court it is held that beneficiary of gift was under heavy obligation to prove valid execution of gift but he failed to prove it, hence, this issue was decided against the defendant / appellant. The remaining issues were decided accordingly. The evidence led by the parties is minutely scrutinized and appraised but the conclusion drawn by the learned trial court is the result of misreading and non-reading of evidence which are set aside by giving the detailed reasons in the following paragraph of the judgment.

11. The plaintiff has alleged in the plaint that Ghulam Rasool, the defendant got the impugned mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 transferred in connivance with revenue officials and the plaintiff has no knowledge about the mutation. In para No.6 of the plaint he alleged that the plaintiff is illiterate.

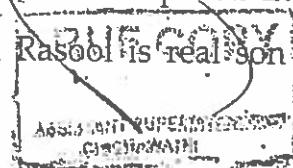


26 III 2015

person who did not ever appear before the revenue officer for incorporation of impugned mutation. However, he alleged that the defendant being his son got his thumb impressions upon plain papers many times for the purpose of business and got the impugned mutation sanctioned in connivance with revenue officer. Whereas the defendant has denied the facts in his written statement that on 25-10-2008, the plaintiff got the impugned mutation sanctioned in the revenue record who himself offered to make a Tamleek in his favour which was accepted by him and possession was delivered to him. In order to prove this fact, the defendant / appellant got the impugned mutation sanctioned in connivance with revenue officials, Hibib Ullah, plaintiff appeared as PW-1 who deposed inter alia that he is owner of land measuring 4-acre, 4-Marla situated in Chak No. 93/12-L. He leased out the suit land to Muhammad Sadiq, thereafter, Abdul Ghafoor Watoo. He did not transfer his land to someone else till today. Two years ago, his son Ghulam Rasool instituted a suit against him and he obtained a copy from the Patwari circle and he came to know that his son got transferred the suit land in his name through the impugned mutation. His son got the whole proceeding done in connivance with revenue official i.e. Patwari and others. He has three sons except Ghulam Rasool, if he had been made a Tamleek then he would have definitely granted the suit land equally to all the sons and he prayed that the impugned mutation is fake and forged, so suit land be returned to him. Further he deposed that he is an illiterate person and thumb marked. Ghulam Rasool got his thumb impressions upon plain papers many times for the purpose of business. In cross examination he stated that the suit land was forcibly obtained by Ghulam Rasool from him. Apart from the impugned

mutation, he has not got sanctioned any other mutation and he denied the suggestion that he himself got the suit land transferred. However, he explained that the defendant has got the suit land transferred through force. PW-2 Muhammad Sadiq who deposed the inter alia that he has been cultivating the suit land of Hibib Ullah for the last 13/14 years and he has regularly been paying the lease money to him. Five years ago he left the land. Thereafter Hibib Ullah gave it to Abdul Ghafoor Watoo, who has been cultivating the land for two years and paying the lease money to him. Hibib Ullah is real owner who did not transfer the suit land. The defendant fraudulently got the suit land transferred in connivance with Halqa Patwari. In cross examination he admitted that it correct that at the time of mutation he was not present there. He also showed ignorance about the impugned mutation when it was sanctioned. Further he stated that he has no knowledge about fake and genuineness of the mutation. Abdul Ghafoor Watoo appeared as PW-3 who deposed that Hibib Ullah is the owner of land measuring 4-acre, 4-Marla situated in Chak No.93/12-L who earlier leased out to Muhammad Sadiq and he is cultivating the suit land for the last 12/13 years. Five year ago from today he got the land on Theeka from Hibib Ullah and left it two years ago. Hibib Ullah never transferred the suit land to his son. He also showed ignorance in cross examination when impugned mutation was sanctioned. Conversely, Syed Sabir Hussain Shah appeared DW-1 who deposed inter alia that he has brought the official record of mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 which was got entered by Hibib Ullah in favour of Ghulam Rasool. He tendered (Exh.D1) certified copy of mutation. Sadiq Hussain appeared DW-2 who deposed inter alia that he knows the parties. Ghulam Rasool is real son of

*Mohammed Haq*  
- 2010

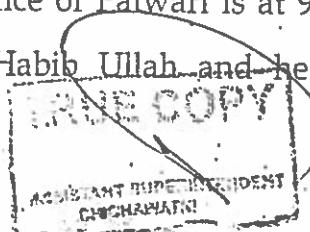


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Hibib Ullah, On 06-10-2008 at the office of Patwari, plaintiff appeared before him and said that he has made a gift of suit land in favour of Ghulam Rasool. At that time he, Habib Ullah, Ghulam Rasool, Iftikhar Shah, Muhammad Iqbāl and Patwari circle were present. Ghulam Rasool accepted the offer and Hibib Ullah delivered the possession to him. The impugned mutation was attested on 25-10-2008 when the revenue officer visited the spot. Habib Ullah made a gift in favour of his son and also accepted the same. Exh.D1 (impugned mutation) bears the thumb impressions of Habib Ullah, signature of Ghulam Rasool with CNIC number as Lambardar and Iftikhar Hussain signed as Pattidar. He affirmed his signature Exh.D1/1 and Exh.D2/1. Further he deposed that no fraud was committed by them. In cross examination he deposed that after the mutation the suit land was in possession of defendants. Muhammad Iqbal special attorney of defendant appeared as DW-4 who deposed inter alia that he was appointed as attorney by the defendant and he tendered Exh.D3. Further he deposed that Habib Ullah appeared before the office of Patwari at 90- Morr and offered to make a Tamleek the suit land measuring 32K-4M which was accepted by Ghulam Rasool. Thereafter the possession was delivered to him. On 06-10-2008 he, Ghulam Rasool, Habib Ullah, Iftikhar Shah, Sadiq Shah and Patwari were present. Habib Ullah made a Tamleek and on 25-10-2008 Tehsildar visited the spot and asked the Habib Ullah who affirmed Tamleek. Habib Ullah, Ghulam Rasool, Sadiq Hussain Shah Lambardar, Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah Patidar put their signatures on Exh.D1 (Pert Sarkar) and Exh.D2 and no fraud was played by the defendant and mutation was entered and sanctioned in accordance with law. In cross examination he deposed that Ghulam Rasool is living abroad for the last 40

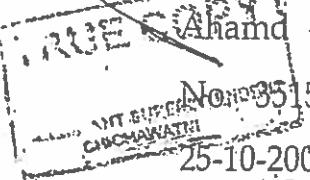
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years. Muhammad Ali Halqa Patwari tendered rapt roznamcha as Exh.D3 and affirmed his signature on Exh.D3/1. Manzoor Ahmad Patwari also appeared in the witness box as DW-6 who deposed inter alia that the impugned mutation No. 3515 dated 25-10-2008 was entered by him. A rapt roznamcha waqiat No.58 dated 06-10-2008 is marked as Exh.D3. Habib Ullah asked him that his son Ghulam Rasool sent him money from abroad and he purchased the land, now he wanted to make a gift in favour of Ghulam Rasool. At that time Sadiq Hussain Lambardar and Iftikahr Hussain Shah (Pattidar) were also present there. On 06-10-2008 mutation was entered which bears his signature as Exh.D2/1. On Pert Sarkar Exh.D1, Habib Ullah put his thumb impressions with ID card number. Habib Ullah appeared before the Tehsildar and admitted Tamleek in favour of Ghulam Rasool. He stated in cross examination that Ghulam Rasool is in possession as per Exh.D2 (Khasra Girdawari) for the year 2009 to 2013. Rai Hussain Nawaz Tehsildar, appeared as DW-7 who fully corroborated that Exh.D1 (Pert Patwar), Exh.D2 (Pert Sarkar) were present before him. Habib Ullah was donor of the suit land. In presence of Sadiq Hussain Shah Lambardar and Iftikhar Hussain (Pattidar), Habib Ullah made a gift in favour of his son Ghulam Rasool which was accepted. Habib Ullah also delivered possession to him. Exh-D1 bears his signature as Exh.D1/3 and likewise Exh.D2/2. He obtained the signature of Ghulam Rasool, thumb impression of Habib Ullah, signature of Sabir Hussain and Iftikhar Hussain Shah and also entered their ID card numbers. Mutation was duly sanctioned and attested. No fraud was played with the plaintiff. In cross examination he stated that the office of Patwari is at 90 Morr. He does not personally know Habib Ullah and he knows Lambardar.



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12. Habib Ullah PW-1 admitted in plaint that many times, the defendant got his thumb impressions on plain papers for the purpose of business and while appearing in witness box he also admits that he is illiterate and Ghulam Rasool obtained his thumb impressions on plain papers for the purpose of business. From his deposition, this fact stands proved that he affixed thumb impressions on plain papers for the purpose of business. However, he denied that he never appeared before revenue officer for incorporation of impugned mutation and the defendants produced DW-2 Sadiq Hussain Lambardar who identified him at the time of sanctioning of impugned mutation on 06-10-2008 and got affixed his thumb impressions upon the impugned mutation Exh.D1 and Exh. D2. Also, DW-2 corroborated this fact and he remained unshaken upon this point that he identified and signed Exh.D1 and Exh.D2. Muhammad Iqbal DW-4 also deposed that the same fact that on 06-10-2008 Habib Ullah made a gift at the office of Patwari at 90 Morr in presence of witnesses and the patwari entered the mutation. Habib Ullah put his thumb impressions over Pert Patwar and Pert Sarkar (Exh.D1 and Exh.D2). DW-5 Muhammad Ali, Patwari tendered the Rapt Roznamcha Waqiat Exh.D3 which was entered on 06-10-2008. Manzoor Ahmad Patwari appeared as DW-6 who deposed that he entered the impugned mutation and Rapat Roazmancha Waqiat on the asking of Habib Ullah. As such from the evidence of DW-6, DW-3 and DW-2 it stands proved that Habib Ullah appeared before the revenue officer on 06-10-2008 at 90. Morr and rapat roznamcha waqiat was entered by Manzoor Ahmad Patwari (DW-6) who also entered the mutation No. 3515, which was attested by Rai Hussain Nawaz on 25-10-2008. Exh.D2 Pert Sarkar indicates that Habib Ullah



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made a gift in favour of Ghulam Rasool qua the suit land 32K-4M who was identified by Sadiq Hussain Shah DW-2; Syed Iftikahr Hussain also put his signature on Exh.D2 further indicates that Habib Ullah thumb marked on the back of Exh.D1 and Exh.D2. At that Sadiq Hussain Shah DW-2 and Iftikhar Hussain Shah DW-3 were present. From the oral as well as documentary evidence it stands established that Habib Ullah appeared before the revenue officer and made a gift of Tamleek in favor of his son Ghulam Rasool and rapt roznancha waqiat bearing No. 58 dated 06-10-2008 was entered by Patwari (DW-6). On visit, the mutation was attested by DW-7 Rai Hussain Nawaz Tehsildar. As such it is held that the plaintiff has not specifically denied his thumb impressions over the impugned mutation Exh.D1 and Exh.D2. As such the defendant/appellant successfully established that Ghulam Rasool appeared before the revenue officer for incorporation of impugned mutation which is Exh.D2 and rapat roznamcha waqati (Exh.D3) was also entered by DW-6 and also affixed his thumb impressions on Exh.D1 and Exh.D2 who was duly identified by Sadiq Hussain Shah Lambardar DW-2. The allegation leveled by plaintiff that he did not appear before the revenue officer for incorporation of mutation of Tamleek had not been proved through cogent, convincing, confidence inspiring and trust worthy evidence.

13. So far as, the possession over the suit land is concerned, the defendant tendered Exh-D6, copy of Khasra Girdawari from Kharif 2013 to Rabi 2016 and also tendered Khasra Girdawari for Kharif 2016 to Rabi 2018 suggests that the suit land is being cultivated by Muhammad Arif son of Shafi Muhammad (Pattadar) on behalf of Habib Ullah. From the documentary evidence it is established that Habib Ullah is

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cultivating the suit land through Muhammad Arif (Pattadar). It is held that the possession of the suit land is with the respondent. The findings of learned trial court is result of misreading and non reading of evidence which is set aside.

14. With these observations, the appeal in hand is hereby accepted and impugned decree and judgment dated 02-03-2017 is set aside. Resultantly, the suit filed by Habib Ullah L.Rs of respondent is dismissed. A copy of this judgment alongwith record be sent to the learned trial court for information. There is no order as to costs. A decree sheet be draw up accordingly. File be consigned to the record room after its due completion and compilation.

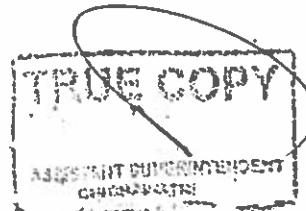
Announced:  
11.10.2018

*Mahmood Hayat*  
MAHMOOD HAYAT,  
Addl. District Judge,  
Chichawatni

It is certified that this 12-pages judgment has been dictated, read over, corrected and signed by me.

Dated: 11.10.2018

*Mahmood Hayat*  
MAHMOOD HAYAT,  
Addl. District Judge,  
Chichawatni.



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of Ch. Shabbir Hussain, learned counsel for the appellant(s) and  
Masir Mahmood Chawla Advocate, learned counsel for  
respondent, the parties and their counsel.

It is ordered that:- the appeal is heard is hereby  
accepted and impugned decree and judgment  
dated 02-03-2017 is set aside. Resultant  
in suit filed by Habibullah (Rs. of respondent is  
dismissed. There is no order as to

COSTS - / / / / /

#### COSTS OF THE APPEAL

<u>Appellants</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Respondents</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Stamp for appeal	00 - 00	Stamp for power	07 - 00
Stamp for power	02 - 00	Stamp for exhibits	
Stamp for exhibits	00 - 00	Pleader's fee	
Pleader's fee	00 - 00	Commissions fee	
Commissions fee	00 - 00	Process fee	
Process fee	10 - 00	Misc.	
Proclamation of newspaper	00 - 00		
Misc.	27 - 00		
Total	79 - 00	Total	09 - 00

Given under my hand and the seal of the court on this

11 Day of 10 /2018

*Mehmood Hayat*  
MEHMOOD HAYAT,  
ADDL. DISTRICT JUDGE,  
CHICHAWATNI  
11-10-2018



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بعدالت جناب محمود حیات صاحب ایڈیشنل ڈسٹرکٹ جج صاحب چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال

غلام رسول ولد حبیب اللہ قوم جث ساکن چک نمبر A-12/88 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال  
حال مقیم دوہی بذریعہ مختار خاص محمد اقبال ولد صدی محمد قوم جث ساکن L-50/12/50 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال

### بنام

حبیب اللہ ولد جمال دین متوفی بذریعہ وارثان (A-1) غلام نبی (B-1) غلام قادر (C-1) محمد نشاء  
پیران حبیب اللہ اقوام دھاولہ جث ساکنان چک نمبر A-12/88 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال  
(D) غلام فاطمہ دختر حبیب اللہ قوم دھاولہ ساکن W-139 ہاؤسنگ کالونی تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال

ساہیوال

نمبر مقدمہ ماتحت عدالت	ماتحت عدالت	نیملے عدالت ماتحت	دازگی اچیل عدالت	دازگی ماتحت	کورٹ فیس برائیل	کورٹ فیس بروگئی
1131/13	مسکرن اقبال شیخ صاحب سول نج چیچہ وطنی	02-03-17	25-11-13	-	-	-

صریحہ اپیل برخلاف حکم و ذکری مورخہ 17-03-2017 مصدرہ مسز کرن  
اقبال شیخ صاحبہ سول نج درجہ اول چیچہ وطنی جس کی رو سے دعویٰ  
رسپانڈنٹ ذکری کیا گیا۔

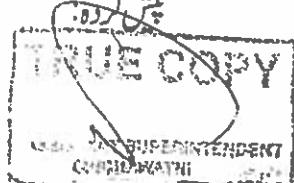
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Addl District & Session Judge  
Chinawalni

12-2-18

استدعا اپیل: منظور کیے جانے اپیل و منسوخ کے جانے حکم و ذکری مورخہ 2017-03-02  
مصدرہ عدالت ماتحت

چودھری شیر حسین ایڈوکیٹ تحصیل کورٹ چیچہ وطنی



26.11.2025

جناب عالی! اپیلانٹ حسب ذیل عرض کرتا ہے:

### موجبات اپیل

-1-A یہ کہ سکی جبیب اللہ رضا نٹ مورخ 06-01-2018 کو قضاۓ الہی سے وفات پاچا ہے۔ اس کے قانونی و شرعی دراثاء A-1 تا D-1 کفریت مقدمہ بنایا کر مردمہ اپیل ہزار کی جا رہی ہے۔ اپیلانٹ بھی متوفی مذکور کا حقیقی پرسہ ہے جو کہ پہلے ہی فریت مقدمہ ہے۔

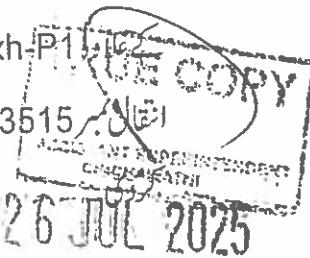
-1 یہ کہ حکم وڈگری مورخ 02-03-2017 مصدرہ عدالت ماتحت خلاف قانون، خلاف دالعات ہونے کی بناء پر کا عدم وقابل منسوخی ہے۔

-2 یہ کہ عدالت ماتحت نے مقدمہ زیر اپیل میں مندرجہ ذیل تیجات واضح فرمائیں:

1. Whether the plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that mutation no.3515 dated 25-10-2008 is illegal, against facts and based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
2. Whether plaintiff is entitled to get a decree of permanent injunction restraining the defendants from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
3. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is within time? OPP
4. Whether the plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
5. Whether the suit of the plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
6. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is false and frivolous, hence liable to be dismissed with special cost. OPD
7. Relief?

جس میں سے تیجہ نمبر 1 تا 3 کا بار بثوت رضا نٹ امدی متوفی پر تھا اور 4 تا 6 کا بار بثوت اپیلانٹ امد عالیہ پر تھا اور تیجہ نمبر 7 کا تعلق داری سے ہے۔

-3 یہ کہ رضا نٹ متوفی نے تیجات نمبر ان 1 تا 3 کو ثابت کرنے کے لیے خود کو بطور 1-PW، 2-PW کیا اور دیگر کو اہان محمد صادق اور عبدالغفور وٹوبطور 3-PW پیش کیے گئے۔ اس نقل جمعہندری اور Exh P2، Exh P1 نقل خرہ گرد اوری، Exh P3، نقل Exh P1، نقل Exh P2 اور نقل Exh P3 پیش کیے اور مذکورہ بالاشہادت پیش کر کے اپنی زبانی و دستاویزی شہادت ختم



- 4 یہ کہ رپاٹنٹ متوں نے پیش کردہ شہادت زبانی و دستاویزی سے تحقیقات نمبر ان 1 تا 3 کو ہرگز ثابت نہ کیا ہے۔ انتقال تملیک زبانی نمبر 3515 مورخ 25-10-2008 قانون کے عین

مطابق درج و تصدیق ہوا اور اس کے اندر ارج و تصدیق کے سلسلہ میں متعلقہ پڑواری، قانونگاہ اور تحصیلدار بطور DW پیش ہوئے۔ اس کے علاوہ اصل انتقال بھی بذریعہ 1-DW ریکارڈ کیپر فرنٹ قانونگاہ پیش کیا گیا اور تمام متعلقہ آفیش نے انتقال کے درست ہونے اور قانون کے مطابق درج و تصدیق ہونے کی تائید کی۔ اس کے علاوہ اپیلانٹ کی جگہ پرمود اقبال بطور مختار خاص 1-DW پیش ہوا۔ متعلقہ پتی دار کی جگہ پر اس کا بیٹا سید علی شاہ سوارولد سید انختار حسین شاہ جبکہ نمبردار صادق حسین شاہ بھی انتقال کی تصدیق میں پیش ہوئے اور انہوں نے بھی انتقال کے اندر ارج و تصدیق کی تائید کی اور اپنے العبدات کی بھی تصدیق کی۔ رپاٹنٹ متوں پر لازم تھا کہ وہ فراہم اور دھوکہ دہی ثابت کرتا مگر وہ اپنی تائیدی شہادت متذکرہ بالا میں ہرگز فراہم نہیں کیا ہے۔ جبکہ اپیلانٹ کی جانب سے آمدہ زبانی و تائیدی شہادت سے انتقال ثابت نہ کر سکا ہے۔ جبکہ اپیلانٹ کی جانب سے کوئی طور پر ثابت کیا گیا ہے۔ اس متذکرہ کو درست و قانون کے مطابق درج و تصدیق ہونے کو مکمل طور پر ثابت کیا گیا ہے۔ اس طرح رپاٹنٹ متوں تحقیقات نمبر ان 1 تا 3 ہرگز ثابت نہ کر سکا ہے۔ عدالت ماحت نے یہ غلط طور پر Hold کیا ہے کہ رپاٹنٹ متوں نے تحقیقات نمبر ان 1 تا 3 کو ثابت کیا ہے۔ اس بناء پر بھی دعویٰ رپاٹنٹ متوں قابل اخراج ہے۔

- 5 یہ کہ اپیلانٹ نے تملیک کی تمام Ingrediants کو ثابت کیا ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں بھی عدالت کی طرف سے یہ Hold کیا جانا درست نہ ہے کہ تملیک کی شرائط کو اپیلانٹ نے ثابت نہ کیا ہے۔

- 6 یہ کہ عدالت ماحت نے تحقیقات نمبر ان 4 تا 6 کا نیچلہ بھی قانون کے مطابق صادر نہ کیا ہے۔ ان تحقیقات کو بھی اپیلانٹ نے بذریعہ زبانی و دستاویزی شہادت ثابت کیا ہے۔ مگر عدالت نے باوجود ان تحقیقات کا نیچلہ اپیلانٹ کے خلاف صادر کیا ہے۔ جن کی کوئی قانونی حیثیت نہ ہے۔



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7۔ یہ کہ عدالت ماتحت نے حکم وڈگری مورخہ 2017-03-02 زیر اپیل صادر کرنے

شہادت فریقین کا بغور ملاحظہ نہ کیا ہے۔ اس طرح حکم وڈگری زیر اپیل & Non reading

کی بناء پر کا عدم وقابل منسوخی ہے۔ Miss reading of evidence

8۔ یہ کہ عدالت ماتحت نے حکم وڈگری زیر اپیل صادر کرتے وقت انصاف کے تقاضے پورے نہ کیے

ہیں۔ اس بناء پر بھی حکم وڈگری قبل منسوخی ہے۔

حالات بالا استدعا ہے کہ اپیل ہذا منظور فرمائی جائے حکم

وڈگری مورخہ 2017-03-02 مصدر عدالت ماتحت

کو خلاف قانون، خلاف واقعات قرار دیتے ہوئے

دعویٰ رساندہ خارج کیے جانے کے احکامات صادر

فرمائے جائیں۔

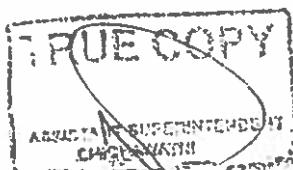
ع۔ رض۔ ۰۲۔ ۰۲۔ ۲۰۱۸

غلام رسول ولد حبیب اللہ قوم جٹ ساکن چک

نمبر-L-88/12 تھصیل چچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال

بذریعہ  
Rahim  
G. S. S. C. I. U. S. P. A. P.  
27th July 2025

Ghulam Nasir



26 JUL 2025

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IN THE COURT OF MRS. KIRAN IQBAL SHEIKH  
CIVIL JUDGE 1<sup>ST</sup> CLASS,  
TEHSIL CHICHAWATNI, DISTRICT SAHIWAL.

Civil Suit No: 713/2016  
Date of institution: 25.11.2013  
Date of Decision: 02.03.2017

Habibullah s/o Jamal-ul-Din, caste Jutt Dhalon, R/O Chak No. 88/12.L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal.

.....(Plaintiff)

Vs:

Ghulam Rasool s/o Habibullah, caste Jutt, R/O Chak No. 88/12.L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal and presently residing at House No. 221/W Housing Colony, Chichawatni

.....(Defendant)

SUIT FOR DECLARATION ALONGWITH PERMANENT  
INJUNCTION

JUDGMENT

Succinctly facts of the case as narrated in the plaint are that the plaintiff is owner in possession of property measuring 32-kanals, 04-marlas bearing khata No. 115, khatooni No. 214, Muraba No. 109, Killh Nos. 19/1,13,12,9/1 & 8 situated at Chak No. 93/12.L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal; (that detail of suit property has duly been described in paragraph No. 1 of the plaint & hereinafter be called as suit property); that the defendant is real son of the plaintiff; that earlier plaintiff has leased out the suit property to Muhammad Sadiq s/o Abdullah and now plaintiff has leased out the suit property to Abdul Ghafoor Watto and lease holder is regularly paying the lease

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AGRICULTURE SUPERINTENDENT  
CHICHAWATNI

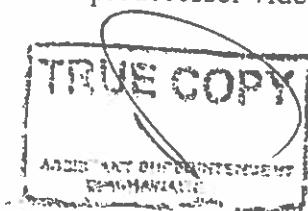
26 JUL 2017

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money to the plaintiff; that previously defendant has filed a suit for declaration against plaintiff and on scrutiny of revenue record, it came to the knowledge of plaintiff that defendant has got transferred the suit property in his name through mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008 in connivance with revenue officials through fraud and misrepresentation; that the plaintiff is an illiterate person and plaintiff has never transferred suit property in favour of any person; that defendant being real son of plaintiff had obtained thumb impression of plaintiff on blank papers and gift mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 had been sanctioned in his favour in connivance with revenue officials through fraud, which is against the law and fact, ineffective upon the rights of plaintiff and is liable to be cancelled; That defendant has been asked time and again by the plaintiff to get cancel the impugned mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008 but defendant has refused to do so, hence the instant suit.

2. Defendant has contested the suit by filing his written statement. Averments of the plaintiff have been vehemently denied by the defendant with legal as well as factual objection, that all the necessary ingredients of a valid gift i.e. offer, acceptance and delivery of possession has been fulfilled by the plaintiff and mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 has rightly been sanctioned in favour of defendant lastly prayed for dismissal of the suit.

3. Out of divergent pleadings of the parties, following issues have been framed by my learned predecessor vide order dated 15.05.2014.

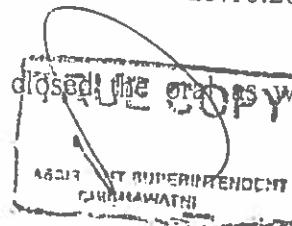


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ISSUES.

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1. Whether the plaintiff is entitled to get a decree for declaration that mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 is illegal, against facts and based on fraud and misrepresentation, hence, the same is liable to be declared as null and void? OPP
2. Whether plaintiff is entitled to get a decree of permanent injunction restraining the defendants from alienating the suit property to any other person? OPP
3. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is within time? OPP
4. Whether the plaintiff has no cause of action to file the instant suit? OPD
5. Whether the suit of the plaintiff has not been properly valued for the purpose of court fee and jurisdiction? OPD
6. Whether the suit of the plaintiff is false and frivolous, hence liable to be dismissed with special costs? OPD
7. Relief?
  4. After the settlement of the issues both parties have directed to produce their respective evidence. Habibullah plaintiff himself has appeared into the witness-box as PW-1. Muhammad Sadiq s/o Abdullah has appeared into the witness-box as PW-2. Abdul Ghafoor Watto has appeared before the court as PW-3. All the PWs have fully corroborated the version of the plaintiff through their examination-in-chief.
  5. Counsel for the plaintiff has produced copy of Jamabandi of suit property for the year 2000-01 as Exh. P-1, copy of Khasra Gardavri of the suit property for the year 2009 to 2013 as Exh. P-2, attested copy of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008 as Exh. P-3 in documentary evidence and closed the gates well as documentary evidence of the plaintiff.

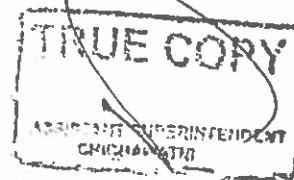


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Muktiyan Jhamat  
Civil Judge  
C.A. 2 - 3 - 2017

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6. On the other hands, Syed Sabir Hussain Shah Bukhari (record keeper office of Qanoongo, Chichawatni) has appeared into the witness-box as DW-1. Sadiq Hussain Shah Lumberdar has appeared before the court as DW-2. Syed Ali Shehwar s/o Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah has appeared as DW-3, Muhammad Iqbal s/o Sadi Muhammad (special attorney of defendant) has appeared before the court s DW-4, Muhammad Ali Patwari Halqa Chak No. 93/12.L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal has appeared before the court as DW-5, Manzoor Ahmed Patwari Ishtimal (پٹواری اشتمال) has appeared before the court as DW-6 and Rai Hussain Nawaz (Tehsildar Shah Kot, District Sargodha, Ex-Tehsildar Ishtimal, Sahiwal) has appeared before the court as DW-7. All the DWs have fully supported the version of defendant through their examination-in-chief. In documentary evidence, learned counsel for defendant has produced attested copy of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008 as Exh. D-1, attested copy of Part Patwar as Exh. D-2, photocopy of special power of attorney given by defendant Ghulam Rasool in favour of Muhammad Iqbal as Exh. D-3, copy of Jamabandi of suit property for the year 2008-09 as Exh. D-4, copy of Khasra Gardavri of suit property as Exh. D-5 and closed oral as well as documentary evidence of the defendants.



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7. Arguments of learned counsel for the parties heard and record perused.

My issue wise finding is as under.

#### ISSUE NO.1

8. Onus to prove this issue has been placed upon the plaintiff. In support of his case, plaintiff Habibullah himself has appeared into the witness-box as PW-1. Muhammad Sadiq s/o Abdullah has appeared into the witness-box as PW-2. Abdul Ghafoor Watto s/o Shah Din has appeared before the court as PW-3, while in documentary evidence, plaintiff has produced copy of Jamabandi of suit property for the year 2000-01 as Exh. P-1, copy of Khasra Gardavri of suit property for the year 2009 to 2013 as Exh. P-2, attested copy of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008 as Exh. P-3 and closed oral as well as documentary evidence.

- 9 While in rebuttal of this case, Syed Sabir Hussain Shah Bukhari (record keeper office of Qanoongo, Chichawatni) has appeared into the witness-box as DW-1. Sadiq Hussain Shah Lumberdar has appeared before the court as DW-2. Syed Ali Shehwar s/o Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah has appeared as DW-3, Muhammad Iqbal s/o Sadi Muhammad (Special attorney of defendant) has appeared before the court as DW-4, Muhammad Ali Patwari Halqa

Chak No. 93/12.L Tehsil Chichawatni, District Sahiwal has appeared



before the court as DW-5, Manzoor Ahmed Patwari Ishtimal (پتراری)

has appeared before the court as DW-6 and Rai Hussain Nawaz

26 JUN (Tehsildar Shah Kot, District Sargodha, Ex-Tehsildar Ishtimal

Sahiwal) has appeared before the court as DW-7. All the DWs have fully corroborated the contention of written statement through their examination-in-chief.

10. During cross-examination, PW-1 deposed that PW-1 is ignorant about the year when mutation has been sanctioned in favour of Ghulam Rasool (defendant), voluntarily stated that property has been got transferred by Ghulam Rasool forcibly. It would be appropriate to re-produce the words narrated by the witness; -

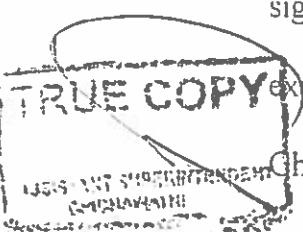
میرا نام:- حبیب اللہ ہے۔ اج کچری زمین کی بابت آپا ہوں اراضی 4 ایکٹر ہے۔ زمین مجھ سے غلام رسول نے زبردستی لی ہے۔ مجھے علم نہ ہے کہ زمین کا انتقال کروائے کتنے سال ہوئے ہیں؟

It is incorrect that Ghulam Rasool is owner of disputed property. It is incorrect that plaintiff has transferred the suit property in favour of defendant through tamleek, voluntarily stated that disputed property has been obtained forcibly. During cross-examination, PW-2 deposed that PW-2 is ignorant whether suit property is owned by Ghulam Rasool, voluntarily stated that PW-2 know about Habibullah and PW-2 got the suit property on lease almost 13/14-years ago from Habibullah. During cross-examination, PW-3 deposed that PW-3 got the property on lease from Habibullah and remained paying the lease money to Habibullah. It is incorrect that PW-3 remained paying lease money to Ghulam Rasool. It would be appropriate to reproduce the words narrated by PW-3".

”مجھے علم نہ ہے کہ رقبہ کا مالک غلام رسول ہے از خود کہا کم میں تو ٹھیکہ پر رقبہ حبیب اللہ سے لیکر کاشت کرتا رہا ہوں۔ یہ غلط بات کہ غلام رسول کو ادا کرتا رہا ہوں“

while in rebuttal of case, DWs have fully corroborated the contention of written statement through their examination-in-chief. During cross-examination, DW-1 deposed that he is record keeper of Office of Qanoongo, Chichawatni and he has brought with him Part Sarkar of mutation No. 3515 sanctioned dated 25.10.2008, opportunity to cross-examine DW-1 has been provided to the plaintiff but learned counsel for the plaintiff has not cross-examined DW-1. During cross-examination, DW-2 deposed that it is correct that Habibullah used to cultivate suit property himself or give it on lease, voluntarily stated that after sanction of mutation, defendant is owner in possession of suit property, however, it is correct that defendant has never cultivated suit property. It would be appropriate to re-produce the words narrated by the DW-2:- "یہ درست ہے رقبہ مدعویہ حبیب اللہ مدعی خود کاشت کر تاہما یا شپیکہ پر دیتا تھا از خود کہا کہ انتقال مدعویہ کے بعد رقبہ پر مدعما علیہ قابض ہے۔ یہ درست ہے کہ مدعما علیہ نے رقبہ مدعویہ کبھی بھی کاشت نہ کیا ہے۔"

Voluntarily stated that Habibullah (Plaintiff) told him that he wants to tamleek the suit property in favour of his son Ghulam Rasool (Defendant). It is incorrect that Habibullah has never appeared before the concerned Tehsildar for sanction of mutation. During cross-examination, DW-3 (son of Syed Iftikhar Shah) deposed that his father Syed Iftikhar Hussain Shah had died and he identify his signatures available on mutation as Exh. D1/2. During cross-examination, DW-4 (special attorney of defendant) deposed that

 Ghulam Rasool defendant is residing abroad since last 40-years and special power of attorney has been given to DW-4 on 16.05.2016. However, DW-4 is not the witness of disputed mutation. It is incorrect

Kiran  
02-3-2017

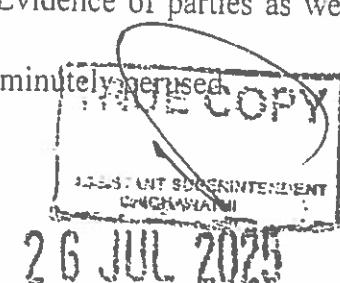
26 JUL 2021

that suit property is cultivated by plaintiff himself or through lease holder. It is correct that suit property had been cultivated by Muhammad Sadiq and Abdul Ghafoor as lessee. It is incorrect that possession of suit property has never been delivered to the defendant. It is incorrect that defendant got the alleged mutation sanctioned in connivance with revenue authorities through fraud and misrepresentation. During cross-examination, DW-5 Muhammad Ali Patwari Halqa deposed that it is correct that in Exh. D3 (Roznamcha Waqati) neither the name of any Lumberdar nor name of Patti Dar has been mentioned. During cross-examination, DW-6 deposed that DW-6 sanctioned the mutation No. 3515 after due verification of CNIC of parties and other necessary inquiry. It is incorrect that DW-6 has sanctioned forged mutation in connivance with other revenue officials. During cross-examination, DW-7 Manzoor Ahmed Halqa Patwari deposed that it is correct that in Khasra Gardavri (Exh.P2) name of Ghulam Rasool is mentioned as مالک خود کاشت, voluntary stated that in Khasra Gardavri name of Ghulam Rasool is not mentioned. It would be appropriate to re-produced the words stated by the witness:- "یہ درست ہے کہ ایگزیٹ پی 2 خسرہ گردواری میں غلام رسول کا" نام درج نہ ہے از خود کہا کہ حبیب اللہ غیر مالک ہے اور خانہ کاشت میں غلام رسول

مالک خود کاشت ہے۔ It is

*it is*  
incorrect that alleged mutation has been sanctioned by committing forgery and in connivance with other revenue officials.

11. Evidence of parties as well as other record available on file has been minutely perused.



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12. Perusal of Khasra Gardavri for the year 2009 to 2013 shows that the name of owner and Kashtkar (کاشتکار) has been mentioned as of Habibullah (Plaintiff) which means that possession has never been delivered to the defendant. Furthermore, DW-3 and DW-4 have admitted during their cross-examination that defendant is living abroad since last 40-years and he never cultivated suit property. Plaintiff has also produced two persons being lease holders and both of them have specifically deposed that property remained cultivated by them and they remained paying lease money to plaintiff Habibullah. It seems that defendant has got sanctioned the alleged mutation in his favour with the object to deprive the other legal-heirs of plaintiff Habibullah. It is also pertinent to mention that the alleged mutation has been sanctioned in year 2008 and Habibullah (plaintiff) himself has filed the instant suit in year 2013 during his life time. In my observations, defendant has failed to prove the three necessary ingredients to constitute a valid gift. Beneficiary of gift was under heavy obligation to prove the valid execution of gift. As the three necessary ingredients to constitute valid gift have not been proved because possession of property has never been delivered to the defendant. So in my observations, plaintiff has succeeded to prove this issue in his favour, so this issue is hereby decided in favour of plaintiff and against the defendant.

ISSUES NO.2 & 3

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Onus to prove both these issues have been placed upon the plaintiff. In the light of detailed findings on issue No.1, both these issues are decided in favour of plaintiff and against the defendant.

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#### ISSUE NO.4

14. Onus to prove this issue has been placed upon the defendant. In the light of detailed findings on issue No.1, this issue is decided against the defendant.

#### ISSUE NO.5

15. Onus to prove this issue has been placed upon the defendant. In the light of detailed findings on issue No.1, this issue is decided against the defendant.

#### ISSUE NO.6

16. Onus to prove this issue has been placed upon the defendants. In the light of detailed findings on issue No.1, this issue is decided against the defendant.

#### Relief?

17. In the light of finding upon above mentioned issues, suit of the plaintiff is hereby decreed with the observation that all the three necessary ingredients to constitute a valid gift have not been fulfilled and mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 is declared as null and void. No order as to costs. Decree sheet be prepared accordingly. File be cosigned to record after due completion.

Announced  
02.03.2017

*Kiran Iqbal Sheikh*  
Mrs. Kiran Iqbal Sheikh  
Civil Judge 1<sup>st</sup> Class  
Chichawatni

Certified that this judgment consists of 10 pages each of which has dictated, corrected and signed by me.

Announced  
02.03.2017

*Kiran Iqbal Sheikh*  
Mrs. Kiran Iqbal Sheikh  
Civil Judge 1<sup>st</sup> Class  
Chichawatni



26 JUL 2025

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VALUE OF THE SUIT FOR THE PURPOSE OF COURT FEE AND JURISDICTION  
RS. 5000/-

ENGLISH CIVIL FORM NO.35

DECREE IN SUIT FOR DECLARATION ETC.

(ORDER XX RULE 9-10 OF CPC PRESCRIBED BY THE HIGH COURT)  
IN THE COURT OF MRS. KIRAN IQBAL SHEIKH,  
CIVIL JUDGE 1<sup>ST</sup> CLASS,  
TEHSIL CHICHAWATNI, DISTRICT SAHIWAL.

Civil Suit No. 713-16  
Date of institution. 25-11-13  
Date of decision. 02-03-17

جسے اللہ ولی عال رین ذات حق دعاں کو ۸۸  
کیل جو طی۔  
12- ل

(Plaintiff)

VERSUS

نمازی کریں ولی عبید (اللہ ذات حق) میں ۸۸ کیل جو طی  
محل سایر دلائل ملکیت کا نیز ۲۲٪ عدالت کا ایڈ کیل جو طی

(Defendant)

Suit for دھونی استقر ا حق بین اور زیر

(انتظامی تحریر پر گزی ۳۵) متفقہ درج 25-10-2008 سراہی خلاف کاروں  
خلاف و افغانستہ۔ بنیوں اور اخونے کی بنادیں حقوق مدنی / غیر مدنی کی  
اور جا بوجوئے یعنی حکم (استقامہ) دھونی کے معاملہ پر قدر مدد و پیکم  
دیر شفیع کی متنزل ترے اور مدنی کے امن شفیع کیل جو طی  
کیا کاروں اور سینئر کی مداخلہ ترے سے ہیئتہ پیش  
کیا و مطیع رہیں اور اپنے مخالف ملکیت کی مداخلہ پر قدر مدد و پیکم  
کیا و مطیع رہیں اور اپنے مخالف ملکیت کی مداخلہ پر قدر مدد و پیکم

EX- COPY

26 JUL 2025

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Plaintiff present on 25-11-2013

This suit coming on this day for final dispose before me, Mrs. Kiran Iqbal Sheikh, Civil Judge Ist Class, Tehsil Chichawatni District Sahiwal in presence of

Counsel for the plaintiff(s) and جعفر علی

Counsel for the defendant(s) جعفر علی

It is ordered that, suit of the plaintiff is hereby decreed with the observation that all the three necessary ingredients to constitute a valid gift have not been fulfilled and mutation No. 3515 dated 25.10.2008 is declared as null and void. No order as to costs.

#### COSTS OF THE SUIT.

<u>Plaintiff</u>	<u>Amount.</u>	<u>Defendant</u>	<u>Amount.</u>
1. Stamp for plaint	— —	Stamp for power	04 - 00
2. Stamp for Power	04 - 00	Stamp for petition	— —
3. Pleader's fee	— —	Pleader's fee	— —
4. Stamp of exhibits.		Stamp of exhibits.	
5. Subsistence for witnesses	— —	Subsistence for witnesses	— —
6. Service of process	02 - 00	Service of process	10 - 00
7. Mise	03 - 00	Mise	02 - 00
8. Fee of local commission	— —	Fee of local commission	— —
Total:	09 - 00	Total:	16 - 00

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this \_\_\_\_\_  
day of 02 - 03 2017.

  
 Mrs. Kiran Iqbal Sheikh  
 Civil Judge Ist Class  
 Tehsil Chichawatni  
 District Sahiwal

02-3-2017



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## بعدالت جناب سول نجح صاحب درجہ اول تحصیل چیچہ وطنی

Date 25-11-13

Janayat No 5000

حکم معمود یونیورسٹی لارڈ

Establishment No 12

Signature 25-11-13

(10/1625)

جبیب اللہ ولد جمال الدین ذات جث دھلوں ساکن چک نمبر L-12/88 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی

NP/  
11/31  
No 25-11-13

بنام

غلام رسول ولد جبیب اللہ ذات جث ساکن چک نمبر L-12/88 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال  
حال مقیم مکان نمبر W221 باؤ سنگ کالوں چیچہ وطنی

NO 713 3/1  
9-12-16

### دعویٰ استقرار حق مع حکم اتنا عی دوائی

جناب عالی ادعی حسب ذیل عرض پردازے۔

1- یہ کدمی کھاتہ نمبر 115 کھتوںی نمبر 214 رتبہ بالتفصیل مریع نمبر 109 کیلہ نمبر ان 1، 8، 9/1، 13، 12، 19/1، 1، 13، 12، 9/1، 8 کل رقبہ 32K-4M واقع چک نمبر L-12/93 تحصیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال کاملاً وقاibus ہے۔ مدعا علیہ مدیعی کا حقیقی بیٹا ہے۔

2- یہ کدمی نے رقبہ ہذا پہلے محمد صادق ولد عبداللہ کوٹھیک پر دے رکھا تھا اور اب عبد الغفور وٹو کوٹھیک پر دے رکھا ہے۔ اور ٹھیکیدار مدیع کو زرٹھیک بروقت ادا کرتا ہے۔ مدیعی نے کبھی بھی اپنا ملکیتی رقبہ کسی کے نام منتقل نہ کیا۔

3- یہ کدمعا علیہ نے مدیعی کے خلاف ایک دعویٰ استقرار حق مع حکم اتنا عی دوائی عدالت میں دائر کیا دعویٰ کا نوٹس موصول ہونے کے بعد مدیعی نے پیواری طلق کے پاس جا کر اپنی تمام ملکیتی اراضی کا ریکارڈ حاصل کیا تو مورخہ 13-11-16 کو نقل تجھیں حاصل کرنے کے بعد پتہ چلا کہ مدعا علیہ نے جعلی فرضی اور مدیعی سے خیر کھتے ہوئے مگر مال کے علاوہ کے ماتحت حاصل باز ہو کر بذریعہ انتقال نمبر 3515 مورخہ 08-10-25 کو مدیعی کا ملکیتی و مخصوص رقبہ اپنے نام منتقل کر دالیا۔ جس کا علم آج تک مدیعی کو نہ ہونے دیا۔

4- یہ کدمی نے فوری طور پر انتقال نمبر 3515 کا اپنے است دی اور فوری طور پر بلا خیر دعویٰ دائر کر دیا ہے۔



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-5 یہ کانٹال نمبری 3515 سارے خلاف قانون، خلاف اتفاقات، متن بر جعل سازی ہونے کی بناء پر حقوق مدعی پر غیر ممکن ہے۔

اور قابل منسوخی ہے۔

6- یہ کہدیں ان پڑھ ہے اور مدعاً اپنی ملکیتی اراضی کسی کے نام منتقل کرنے کیلئے کبھی بھی کسی روپ نبہا فیسر کے پاس راجح نہ بوا بلکہ مدعاً نے حقیقی میٹا بونے کے ناطے بجز خدا کاروبار مدعاً سے بار بار دفعہ سفید کاغذوں پر انگوٹھا جات لگوالئے اور انتقال مددعو یہ روپ نبہا عمل کے ساتھ ساز باز بہو کر جعل سازی سے اپنے نام منتقل کروالیا۔

7- یہ کہ برابر قانون مدعی نے کسی بھی اپنار قبضہ عالیہ کو تملیک کرنے کی پیشگش نہ کی ہے اور اسی طرح رقبہ بذا کا قبضہ بھی پر عالیہ کو منتقل نہ کیا بلکہ مدعی خود رقبہ بذا کا ملک و قابض ہے۔

- 8  
یہ کہ مدد عالیہ کو بارہا نفع کہا اور کھلوایا گیا کہ وہ جعل سازی سے کروایا گیا انتقال نمبری 3515 جو کفر اڑ کے ذریعے مدد عالیہ نے کروایا ہے جس کی کوئی قانونی حیثیت نہ ہے اس کو فوری طور پر منسوخ کروائے جعلی اور فرضی انتقال کے ذریعے مدد عالیہ کے ملکیتی و مقتبوضہ رقبہ کو آگے کسی دیگر شخص کے نام منتقل کرنے اور مدعی کے پر امن قضیہ میں زبردستی، غیر قانونی اور سینہ زوری سے قضیہ کرنے سے باز و منسون رہے مگر مدد عالیہ بلا مجبأ انکاری ہے جس سے ضرورت دعویٰ بہا پیش آئی۔

9۔ یہ کہ بنائے دعویٰ برخلاف مدعای عرصہ 10 یوم قبل حلقو پیواری سے اپنی ملکتی اراضی کاریکار رٹھلا حظہ کرنے پر انتقال متعدد ہے کا علم بونے سے شروع ہو کر آخری انکار مدعای عرصہ 2 یوم قبضہ پر مکمل ہو کر تھا حال جاری ہے۔

10۔ سے کہ رہائش مدعی ورقہ متدعوی یہ اندر حدود تحصیل چیچپ وطنی ہے اہذا عدالت جناب کو عوی ہذا کی ساعت کا اختیار حاصل ہے۔

- 11۔ سے کہ مالیت دعویٰ بغرض اختیار تا احتیاط و کورٹ فیس میلن- 5,000 روپے مقرر کی جاتی ہے جو کہ کورٹ فیس سے متین ہے۔

تھے۔ میں اس سلسلہ کا ابتداء کر دیں۔

بحالات بالا استدعا ہے کہ دعویٰ استقرار حق بدیں امر کے انتقال مدعو یہ نمبری 3515 منفصلہ مورخہ 25-10-2008 سراسر خلاف قانون، خلاف واقعات، متنی بر فراز ہونے کی بناء پر حقوق مدنی پر غیر موثر ہے اور قابل مفسودی ہے معد حکم اتنا می دوامی کے مدعا علیہ رقبہ مدعو یہ کسی دیگر شخص کو آگے منتقل کرنے اور مدنی کے پر امن قبضہ میں زبردستی، غیر قانونی اور سیند زوری سے مداخلت کرنے سے ہمیشہ ہمیشہ کلئے بازو منوع رہے جتنی مدنی برخلاف مدعا علیہ محدث چہ صادر فرمائی جائے۔

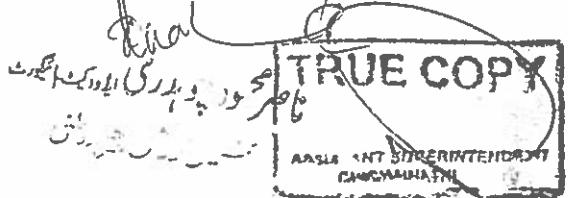
بمقام چیخ وطنی

مورد ۱۳-۱۱-۲۵

جیب اللہ ولد جمال الدین ذات جست ڈھاون ساکن چک نمبر 12-88 تھیں جیچو طنی

بذر ایع کوکل: ناصر محمود چوبدری ایڈو و کیٹ ہائیگورٹ

سہ دو پریشانی کورٹس چینی وطنی



26 JUL 2025

بعد اکٹ جناب کوں نج صاحب کھیل چیڑی وطنی خلہ سا، بیوال

**PLEASE SEE  
CLEAR COPY**

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مُحَمَّدٌ، جَبِيلُ اللَّهِ بْنَ عَلَيْهِ الْكَرَمُول

## دیوئی اشقر ارٹیفیشل میڈیا حلمن اسٹنائی

# حوالہ رتوںی صنیائیں ور عالمیہ

منابع عالی در علوم اسلامی صب ذیل عرضی پیر را داشته است.

غز، ان اللہ اُنی! اے بہادر فرعون! کوکوئی بنائے دشمنی حاصل نہ ہے۔

در راست اینجا ای ۲ بیکر دلخواه بزرگتر ۷ رول ۱۱ ارضی دار و بود که صورت میان قابل بیش زنگنه نماید

و بپرها پس دعویٰ بضری اخبار سماحت عدالت و تحریث میں درست طور پر لامگا

۴- پرکرد قولی مدعی ذاکر اینهاست.

برو افغانستان! یہ کاروں نے اسی طبقے میں 32-4 کا عالمی سطح پر بھی بیان کیا تھا۔

لورن پر ۲۵ کو اپنی اڈا دعویٰ سے بھی میرزا شاہ علی خان کی تحریک کی -

جامعة الملك عبد الله للعلوم والتقنية

ڈارکسی و دس سے ہے۔ علی کو ڈارکسیل ڈارکس سے

جیلہ کے عدی مدد واعظی کا والد ہے اور عدی میں ادا خدمت حکم دادی  
کرنے والی خوبی میش کی جس نے مدد واعظی کے شمول میں اور پھر  
عوام کے لئے بڑا کام کیا اور وہ اپنا عہد بہبود اسلام کا بھی بڑا  
کام کیا۔

رئی و نامه کا پایہ نمودار فرمائی جائے گا۔



2016-2017

کوئی ملک

۴ بجهه رسمی عذری میلا چوز

26 JUL 2025

بعدالت جناب سول نج صاحب تحصیل چچہ طنی ضلع ساہیوال

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بمقدمة: حبیب اللہ بنام غلام رسول

دعویٰ استقرار حق معمکم اتناۓ

جواب دعویٰ منجانب مدعا عليه

جناب عالیٰ: مدعا عليه حسب ذیل عرض پرداز ہے۔

عدات ابتدائی:

-1 یہ کہ مدیٰ کو کوئی بنائے دعویٰ حاصل نہ ہے۔

-2 یہ کہ دعویٰ بہادر آرڈر 7 روں 11 ض د موجودہ صورت میں قابل پیش رفت نہ ہے۔

-3 یہ کہ مالیت دعویٰ بغرض اختیار ساعت عدالت و کورٹ فیں درست طور پر مقرر نہ کی گئی ہے۔

-4 یہ کہ دعویٰ مدیٰ زائد المیعاد ہے۔

برواقعات:

-1 یہ کہ اراضی تعدادی 32k-4M کا مالک مدعا عليه ہے مدیٰ نہ ہے۔

-2 یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 2 کے متعلق عرض ہے کہ رقبہ متذکرہ مدعا عليه ٹھیکہ پر دیتا ہے مدیٰ نہ دیتا ہے اور مدیٰ نے

اراضی متذکرہ برے انتقال نمبر 3515 مورخ 25.10.2008 کو اپنی آزاد مرضی سے بحق مدعا عليه

منتقل کی ہے۔

-3 یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 3 کے متعلق عرض ہے کہ مدعا عليه نے مدیٰ کے خلاف جو دعویٰ دائر کیا ہے وہ درست ہے۔

مدیٰ کو انتقال تملیک کا شروع سے علم ہے۔ مدیٰ، مدعا عليه کا والد ہے اور مدیٰ نے اراضی متذکرہ مدیٰ کو

تملیک کرنے کی خوب پیش کی جس کو مدعا عليه نے قبول کیا اور قبضہ بھی مدعا عليه کے حوالے کیا گیا اور

مدعا عليه بدستور بطور مالک قابض و متصرف چلا آرہا ہے انتقال متذکرہ عین مطابق قانون ہوا ہے۔ کوئی

دھوکا یا فرائذ نہ ہوا اور نہ ہی محکمہ مال سے ساز باز ہونے کا کوئی سوال ہے۔

-4 یہ کہ دعویٰ مدیٰ بلا جواز اور بے بنیاد ہے معا خرچہ خارج فرمایا



بھر کی خلطاً اور بے نیار میں رہناں عین طالب

6. قانون ہوا اور مقابل فتوحی نہ ہے۔  
6. بہ کہ محن بجز کا انجمن غلوط طور پر کہا جاتا ہے۔ میری نظر میں  
مذکور نامہ بھر کے لئے مذکور نہ کیا جائے۔ اس کے لئے مذکور نامہ  
میں مذکور نامہ کا انتقال برپا نہ کرو۔ ثابت ہے کہ اس کو جعل  
نہ ہوئی ہے اور ورنہ نے محن براص من انتقال کو سالم کر دیا ہے۔  
7. بہ کہ محن بجز 7 کا انعام درس طور پر نہ کہا جائی نے خود پیش کی جسکی قبولیت  
ہوئی اور قبضہ کیجیے وہ عالمیہ کے حوالے کیا گی۔  
8. بہ کہ محن بجز 8 خلطاً اور بے نیار میں صدی نے خود انتقال بحق وہ عالمیہ  
کروایا کوئی فرادت نہ ہوا جو عالمیہ اپنی اراضی پر قابض ہے اور بزرگی پر  
دار کاشت کروانا ہے۔ دعویٰ حاصل نہ ہے۔

10. بہ کہ محن بجز 10 قانون ہے۔  
11. بہ کہ عالیہ دعویٰ بفرض اختیار کافٹ عدالت و کورٹ میں درس طور پر مقرر  
نہ کی گئی ہے۔ ایسا دعویٰ کہدا ہاں اس تحریکیتے

تصدیق

صلفائیہ دلیل جانی

سے کوچکہ صدیقی

بالا حصہ اس جواب دعویٰ

کیوں کے پہنچنے علم

وہ قدر سے شجاعتیں

ہیں لعدیں کیا طے

کہاں جیکہ طے

صحرافہ 21 12 13

سمعاً ہے کہ دعویٰ صدیقی بالل میں بے  
نیار میں عصر خرچ خارج ضریب اضافے

عمر زن 13-12-21

خلع رسول و ارجمند بیوی و ایک دوسری زن

سالنگر کیلی 88 فتحیہ و مدنیہ و مدنیہ

کے ایک دوسرے ایک دوسرے ایک دوسرے

بھر کی خلطاً اور بے نیار میں رہناں عین طالب



- 5. یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 5 غلط اور بے بنیاد ہے انتقال عین مطابق قانون ہوا اور قابل منسوخی نہ ہے۔
- 6. یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 6 کا اظہار غلط طور پر کیا گیا ہے مدعا نے خود روز نامچہ پٹواری حلقة کے پاس درج کروائی اور رو برو یونیو آفیسر کے پیش ہو کر بیان دیا اور انتقال پر اپنا انگوٹھا ثبت کیا اور کوئی جلسازی نہ ہوئی ہے اور مدعا نے ضمن نمبر 6 میں انتقال کو تسلیم کر لیا ہے۔
- 7. یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 7 کا اظہار درست طور پر نہ کیا مدعا نے خود پیشکش کی جسکی قبولیت ہوئی اور قبضہ بھی مدعا علیہ کے حوالے کیا گیا۔
- 8. یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 8 غلط اور بے بنیاد ہے مدعا نے خود انتقال بحق مدعا علیہ کروایا کوئی فراؤ نہ ہوا۔ مدعا علیہ اپنی اراضی پر قابض ہے اور بذریعہ پڑہ دار کاشت کرواتا ہے۔
- 9. یہ کہ مدعا کو کوئی بنائے دعویٰ حاصل نہ ہے۔
- 10. یہ کہ ضمن نمبر 10 قانونی ہے۔
- 11. یہ کہ مالیت دعویٰ بغرض اختیار ساعت عدالت و کورٹ فیس درست طور پر مقرر رہنے کی گئی ہے۔ لہذا دعویٰ ہذا قابل استرداد ہے۔  
استدعا ہے کہ دعویٰ مدعا باطل ہے بے بنیاد ہے مع خرچہ خارج فرمایا جائے۔

مورخہ 21.12.2013

## ملاحظہ

غلام رسول ولد جبیب اللہ قوم جٹ

سکنہ چک نمبر L-12/88 تحصیل چیچ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال بذریعہ مختار عام عبد اللہ

**تصحیق:** حلفاً تصدیق کی جاتی ہے کہ مراتب بالاضمانت جواب دعویٰ میرے بہترین علم و یقین سے صحیح

و درست ہیں تصدیق بمقام چیچ وطنی مورخہ 21.12.2013

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دیاری اسٹرالیا ترقیاتی کمیٹی (اسٹرالیا) دہلی

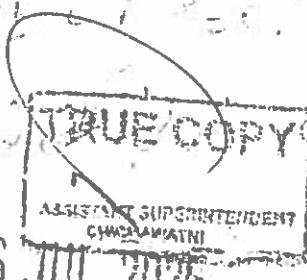
جیب اللہ ملک جال دین تو میں ہم کے <sup>86</sup> پنڈ فرمائیں 12.2

P  
129-203

برخلاف بیان احادیث مسیح چلپنگر ۱۲.۵ سے نقد تعدادی ۱۴-۱۵ کا ممکن  
محل مسیح نہ ہے بلکہ خود مصادق دینہ عبادت کو پڑھ لیں گے جو اور دوسرے  
ایجاد کی میامی اتفاقوں کو تو وہ تسلیمان بھی مسلمان عکس کی قرائات  
میں مسیح نہ ہے بلکہ آنکھ میں مسیح مستقبل نہ ہے بلکہ مسیح  
کوئی بھی میامی اتفاق کی قرائات میں مسیح میں مسیح  
وہ میامی مسیح بھی ہے بلکہ ایک میامی مسیح ۱۵.۵  
کے بعد میامی مسیح میں مسیح کو پڑھ لیتے انتقال ۱۶.۵  
کے بعد میامی مسیح میں مسیح کو پڑھ لیتے انتقال ۱۷.۵  
کے بعد میامی مسیح کو پڑھ لیتے انتقال ۱۸.۵

*Chichawatai*

14-3-16



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بنا م غلام رسول حبیب اللہ

56

دعوی استقرار حق مع حکم اتنا عی دعوای

PW-1

حبیب اللہ ولد جمال دین قوم جٹ سکنہ 12/88 پیشہ زمیندارہ۔

14.03.2016

برخلاف بیان کیا کہ میں چیک نمبر 12/93 میں رقبہ تعدادی 4-4 کا مالک ہوں۔ میں نے

اپنا ملکیتی رقبہ محمد صادق ولد عبد اللہ کو پہلے ٹھیکہ پر دے رکھا بعد میں عبد الغفور و ٹو کو دیا۔ ٹھیکہ داران مجھے

سالانہ ٹھیکہ کی رقم ادا کرتے تھے۔ میں نے اپنا رقبہ آج تک کسی نہ منتقل کیا ہے۔ آج سے تقریباً 2 سال

قبل میرے بیٹے غلام رسول نے میرے خلاف عدالت میں کیس کر دیا میں نے پڑواری سے اپنے ملکیتی

رقبہ کی نقل مانگی تو مجھے پتہ چلا کہ میرا ملکیتی رقبہ میرے بیٹے نے انتقال

نمبری 3515 مورخ 25.10.08 کو اپنے نام منتقل کروالیا ہے۔ میرے بیٹے نے تمام کی تمام کارروائی

محکمہ مال کے پڑواری اور دوسرے عملہ سے ملکر جلسازی کی ہے۔ میں نے کبھی بھی اپنا ملکیتی رقبہ کسی کے

نام منتقل نہ کیا۔ غلام رسول کے علاوہ میرے 3 بیٹے اور بھی ہیں۔ اگر میں رقبہ دیتا تو اپنے تمام بیٹوں کو

دیتا۔ میرا رقبہ جعلی وفرضی طور پر میرے بیٹے غلام رسول نے اپنے نام منتقل کروالیا ہے میں نے کئی دفعہ

اپنے بیٹے کو اپنا رقبہ واپس کرنے کو کہا مگر وہ انکاری ہو گیا۔ انتقال فرضی اور جعلی ہے خارج فرمایا جائے

اور میرا رقبہ مجھے واپس دلوایا جائے۔ میں نے اپنا ملکیتی رقبہ اپنے بیٹے غلام رسول کو کبھی بھی منتقل

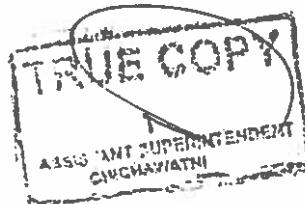
PLEASE SEE  
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Chennai Police Station Gangi  
B. S. Iyer, Superintendent of Police  
S. S. Iyer, Inspector of Police



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HUMAN  
CIVIL  
CHENNAI  
2025

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نہ کیا ہے۔ میں ان پڑھ آدی ہوں اور انگوٹھا لگاتا ہوں۔ میرے بیٹے غلام رسول نے کئی دفعہ کار و باری

سلسلہ میں سفید کاغذ پر بھی انگوٹھا لگوائے ہیں۔ انتقال نمبر 3515 منسوب فرمایا جائے۔

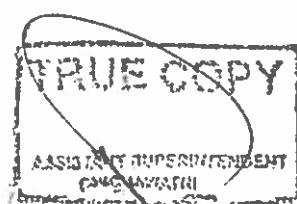
سکر درست تسلیم کیا

اسد بیشرا یڈو وکیٹ اہل کمیشن

**PLEASE SEE  
CLEAR COPY**

۱۵۸

14-3-16



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غلام رسول بنام

حبيب اللہ

دعویٰ استقرار حق مع حکم امناعی دوامی

PW.1

14.03.2016: محمد صادق ولد عبد اللہ قوم جٹ سکنے 71/12 تھیں چیپ و نی ضلع ساہیوال

برخلاف بیان کیا کہ میں حبیب اللہ کا زرعی رقبہ واقع چک نمبر 93/12 32K-4M تقریباً 14/13

سال تک بطور ٹھیکہ دار کاشت کرتا رہا ہوں۔ ٹھیکہ کی رقم سالانہ میں حبیب اللہ کو باقاعدگی سے ادا کرتا رہا ہوں اور تقریباً 5 سال قبل رقبہ میں نے چھوڑ دیا تھا۔ پھر حبیب اللہ نے رقبہ عبد الغفور وہ کو دے دیا تھا۔

عبد الغفور تقریباً 2 سال تک اسی رقبہ کو کاشت کرتا رہا وہ بھی ٹھیکہ کی رقم حبیب اللہ کو ادا کرتا رہا۔ حبیب

اللہ نے کبھی بھی اپنی ملکیتی زمین واقع 93/12 کسی کو منتقل نہ کی ہے۔ حبیب اللہ ہی اصل مالک ہے۔ اب ہمیں پتہ چلا ہے کہ حبیب اللہ کے بیٹے غلام رسول نے جعل سازی سے رقبہ اپنے نام منتقل کروالیا ہے۔ مدعا کا

دعویٰ بجا ہے ڈگری فرمایا جائے۔

سکر درست تسلیم کیا

اسد بیشرا یڈو و کیٹ اہل کیشن

جسیب اللہ نام نامہ سمل

59

دلوئی استقر اتفاق حکم اقتنا عی مولی

جسیب اللہ نام نامہ سمل  
P.W.I  
22-03-16

X X جرائم بحق انسان ترقی طلبی ہے مرا نام جسیب اللہ سے  
آج جیسی زینت کی بابت آپ اپنی اراضی پر ایک دوست ہے زینت گھر سے غلام  
صلی نے زبردستی ہے۔ جس علم نہیں کہ زینت کا انتقال کروائے تو نہ سل  
پھر صلی بھے سلیمان کا نہ پیدا ہے غلام رسول میرا بنتا ہے۔

صلی نے انتقال شروع کے علاوہ اور کوئی انتقال نہ کروایا ہے۔ زینت کا  
ٹھیک 3300 روپے ہے جسے علم نہیں کہ زینت کھینچ پر کس بڑی کھی۔

صادق مصطفیٰ دادا نام ہے غلام رسول نے اراضی شروع کرے اس سلے مصطفیٰ بزرگی کی

کے عین دراز کے 465 سل ہو گئے صلی بھے غلام رسول نے اراضی شروع کا کام

~~کام~~ سلے مصطفیٰ بھے علم نہیں ہے۔ غلام رسول نے ہی مخالف ریوی دار رکھا  
~~کام~~ ہے۔ ملکہ نے اس نے زینت کا عالمی و نسلی انتقال کی ہے از خود  
22-3-

کیا کہ دھکے سے مستعم رکھی ہے۔ بھری ریاست کا سفیر چکر 88 سس ہے۔

ہے غلام رسول نے انتقال شروع کر دیا ہے۔ دعویٰ یہ میرا انگریز کا ہے

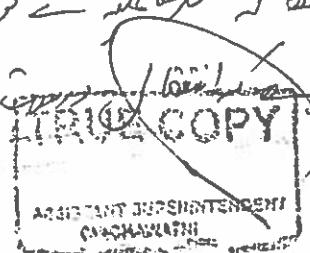
آج ہے میرا نامہ ازرا رے کرنا ہے۔ دعویٰ نہیں ازرا نے جو ہے کروایا ہے

ہے غلام رسول نے دعویٰ فراز نے کیا ہے میرا شناختی کا گرم بنا ہوا ہے

ہے غلام رسول نے دعویٰ کیا ہے۔ ملکہ نے میرا بڑی جھوٹا

کیا کہ دعویٰ کیا ہے۔

اس سلے مصطفیٰ بھے



۷۸ ۲۰۰۶

الجهود المبذولة في إعداد و توزيع  
البيانات ٢٢-٠٣-١٦

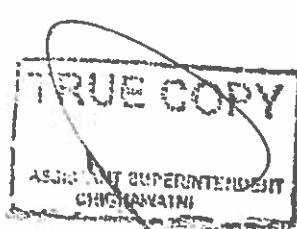
لے، جکڑے،  $\frac{93}{12.2}$ ،  $\frac{88}{12.2}$  میں نہ ہنگامیں، میں تو حکی جانی۔

شروع کی تاریخ 93 میں واضح ہے جو درست ہے اس  
انتقال شروع کے وقت پہلی نئی علمی کتابیں عالمی  
انتقال شروع کے وقت پہلی نئی علمی کتابیں عالمی  
کوئی تعلق نہیں ہے بلکہ بڑی تعداد میں اسی کا سلسلہ  
از خود کار زندگانی صور 13/4 میں متعدد ہے جو علمی  
کار ایجنسیوں کے مکانات میں سلسلہ ہے از خود کار میں ایف  
حسب اللہ کو جانب تھوڑی غلام سلسلہ سے مرا کوئی تعلق نہیں  
میں اکتوبر 1940ء کے مکانات میں سلسلہ ہے جو علمی کتابیں عالمی  
علمی کتابیں حسب اللہ کو جانب تھوڑی غلام سلسلہ سے میں نہیں میں  
از خود کار نئی ایجادی کتابیں عالمی کتابیں عالمی

ج منظر را ذیور سعی کیا جوں میں رہنے والے  
رعناد میں نہ بھی شوئیں گے۔ 22-3-16

W. J. Davis

امانات اسلامیہ  
کراچی



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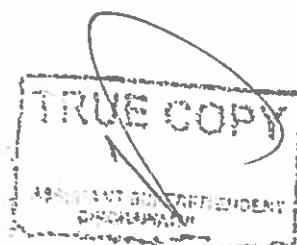
61

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ  
الْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ  
وَإِلَيْهِ الْمُرْسَلُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ  
الْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ  
وَإِلَيْهِ الْمُرْسَلُونَ  
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ  
الْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ  
وَإِلَيْهِ الْمُرْسَلُونَ  
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ  
الْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ  
وَإِلَيْهِ الْمُرْسَلُونَ  
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ  
الْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ  
وَإِلَيْهِ الْمُرْسَلُونَ

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14-3-16



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PW.3

14.03.2016: عبدالغفور ولد شاہ دین قوم ڈو بیگر 55 سال پیشہ زمیندارہ

سکنے L-12/93 تحصیل چیچہڑی۔

برخلاف بیان کیا کہ میں فریقین کو جانتا ہوں جبیب اللہ چک نمبر L-12/93 میں رقبہ تعدادی 4 ایکٹر

4 مرلے کا مالک ہے۔ جبیب اللہ نے پہلے رقبہ محمد صادق ولد عبداللہ کو ٹھیکہ پر دے رکھا تھا جس نے

تقریباً 12/13 سال تک بطور ٹھیکہ دار رقبہ کاشت کیا۔ آج سے تقریباً 5 سال قبل میں نے جبیب اللہ

سے رقبہ ٹھیکہ پر حاصل کیا اور آج سے تقریباً 2 سال قبل چھوڑ دیا میں رقبہ ہذا کا ٹھیکہ جبیب اللہ کو ادا کرتا رہا

ہوں۔ جبیب اللہ نے کبھی بھی اپنا رقبہ اپنے کسی بیٹے کے نام منتقل نہ کیا ہے مدعی کا دعویٰ سچا ہے ڈگری

فرمایا جائے۔

سکر درست تسلیم کیا

اسد بشیر ایڈ ووکیٹ اہل کیش



63

۱۶-۹-۱۶

بیان نزول نویں صحنی ناصرخور جو پرس ADL ایمن دنیش و جو رکن

خطاب ۲۰۰۹

بلاطف پیدا شد تعلیمی سال ۲۰۰۰-۰۱ بطور

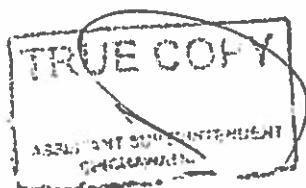
لے تعلیمی سطح خسرو گردانی EXP1 ۲۰۰۹-۱۳ بطور

۲۵-۱۰-۰۸ قصده تعلیمی سال ۱۳۹۷ صدری EXP2

لے پیش کر رہتا و ہر چند روز متم EXP3

کتابوں تحریریں واقع محفوظ رکھتا ہوں

فائزہ علی



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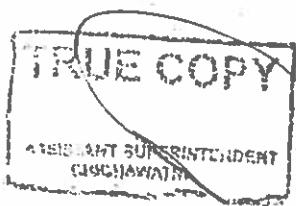
64

نقل رجسٰر حقداران زمین موضع ۹۳٪ حد بست ۳۷۲ تحصیل چیچه وطنی ضلع ساہیوال ۲۰۵۰ عزرا

26 JUL 2008

پیکار پیغام برگزیده  
موضع موضع موضع  
برگزیده پیکار پیغام

جعفر بن مسلم



59

12 6 JUL 2025



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الثانية

ستة مائة

(ال ألف)

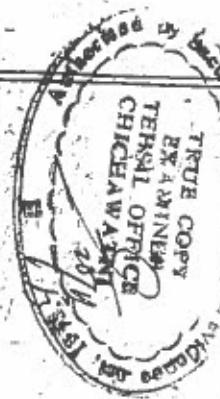
رقم	نمبر	نوع	آخر	قيمة
لائق	حالي	كتفون	شرق	نحضره طول وعرض
لائق	حالي	كتفون	غرب	نحضره طول وعرض
لائق	حالي	كتفون	شمال	نحضره طول وعرض
لائق	حالي	كتفون	جنوب	نحضره طول وعرض

6

ستة مائة

الثانية

ستة مائة



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3651-5038594-7	3651-65722-1	3651-1963221-1	3651-12000-2
3651-5038594-7	3651-65722-1	3651-1963221-1	3651-12000-2
3651-5038594-7	3651-65722-1	3651-1963221-1	3651-12000-2
3651-5038594-7	3651-65722-1	3651-1963221-1	3651-12000-2

26 JUL 2025

جیب ایڈیشن نامہ رسائل ① 68

بیان از رسان سے صادر حین خاتم خاتمی ریکارڈ کپی DW-1

دفتر کا نوٹ کو دیتے ہیں 30-5-16

نامہ رسائل بیان کیا کہ صین (نتقال نمبر 3515) صورخ

ٹکیہ زمان میں بہ جیب ایڈیشن علیق 25-10-2008

نامہ رسائل حکوم نمبر 93/12.2 کی تھیں جیسے مذکور

ریکارڈ کیا تھا سرکار، عمارت لا رائے

دینہ پیش ہے نقل (نتقال نمبر 3515) صورخ Humera Tauseef  
Civil Class 1st Class  
Chinchawati

Ex D-1 کی ملحوظہ نظر 25-10-2008

کیا تھا ریکارڈ کے مطابق دیکھا جائے

جیسے مذکور 29. × × × 

کیا تھا مذکور 29. × × ×

کیا تھا مذکور 14. × × ×

 30-5-16

کوئی مدعی نہیں ہے۔ 

HUMERA TAUSEEF  
Civil Class 1st Class  
CHINCHAWATI



26 JUL 2025



70 حکیم دارے اور بڑے جبیہ (اٹھیں کم اراخ)

ستادیم میں ہے اپنے پیغام نلام رسول کو

حکیم کر دے گے حکیم، نے حبیب اللہ سے سوچا

کہ منتظر کرم دیا ہے تو حبیب اللہ نے

کہ کرم دیا ہے، منتظر،

حبیب اللہ سے سوچا (تکوشا) کا بتا

رسکھ کر شناخت کر دیں نبراء

سرے سے سکھ کر شناخت کر دیں نبراء

بطریق بڑا، دیپے میں (فتنہ رضا)

ولد لید تسلیم صاف قم

مشکل کے بلعر پتے دار، دسکھ

شناخت کر دیں نبراء نبیت مروءہ

Ex D-1/ ۱۰۹ نمبر پتے دسکھ

- Ex D-2/ ۱۰۹ نمبر پتے دسکھ

فعیل حبیب اللہ نے حبیب نبراء

سے صدمائی کردیا اور صدمائی

(اٹھیں کم اراخ) صندوق میں پہنچا

منتظر دیکھ کر دیکھ کر فرزانہ دیکھا

خطاب تقدیر و درست طور پر جبیہ اللہ

نے جلوٹا لے کر دیکھا

X TRUE COPY

ARISTAH SUPERINTENDENT  
CUM CHIEF WITNESS  
26 JUL 2025



جیسا اللہ نے ملکہ سوچ  
دیکھ اشقرار خون و حدم انسانیت کے

71

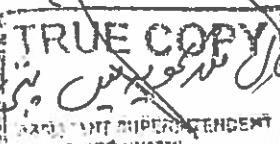
صون حسین شاہ مخدوم

DW  
21-9-16

X X X X X X X

پیدا ہے کہ ملکہ ۹۸/۱۲۱ کے رکاشی ہیں۔ پیدا ہے  
مکے کی رکاشی کبی بھی ملکہ ۹۳/۱۲۱ میں نہ رہی ہے۔ جیسا اللہ  
کی اولاد کا بھی ہم نہ کہہ سکتے۔ پیدا ہے  
میں جیسا اللہ کو جانتا ہوں۔ پیدا ہے کہ رقبہ ملکہ  
جیسا اللہ کی خود کا مشت کرنا چاہیے یا کھلکھل کر دینا چاہیے۔ از خود کی  
کہ انتقال ملکہ کے بعد رقبہ پر ملکہ ملکہ قلب

میں ملکہ ۱۵/۲۰ سال سے ملکہ کو جانتا ہوں۔ جیسا ملکہ کہ  
کھنڈ رکھوں ملکہ کھنڈ دہر سے بیرون ملکہ اور زمارے میں سے  
لٹکے ہیں۔ ملکہ جیسا اللہ کی ملکہ ۱۰۰ سال ہے۔ جیسا ملکہ  
عمر رکھوں ملکہ ۵۵/۶۰ سال ہے۔ جیسا انتقال ملکہ  
کے وقت پہنچا کہ جیسا اللہ رقبہ ملکہ اپنے بیٹے کو دینا چاہتا  
ہے۔ جیسا ملکہ رکھوں نے پاسھا کا ۷۳/۱ باب پر جیسا رقبہ دینا چاہتا  
ہے از خود کیا کہ جیسا اللہ نے جیسا کام کھتم میں اپنے رقبہ عنصر کو  
کو دینا چاہتا ہوں۔ پیدا ہے از خود والی نات علیہ ہے۔



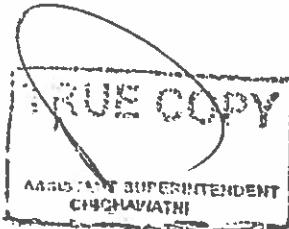
رقبہ ملکہ ۷۳/۱ باب ۱۰۹ ملکہ ۹۳/۱۲۱ میں واقع ہے۔ مراجعت ۱۰۹/۱۰۹  
میں توڑا بھی نہیں ہے۔ لفڑی مارکیٹ، کراچی علیہ ہے۔

پس نے انتقال میں کوئی کامیابی اور کسی انتقال کو میں نے  
لشوق نہ پکھا ہے۔ بھی یہ بھی علم نہ ہے میں اس دن اور کتنے  
انتقال ہوتے ہیں۔ پڑھتے ہے اور میں انتقال کے  
دستخط کے ساتھ میں بھی دردی کا کارڈز میں ذرخ نہ ہے۔ میرے پاس  
72 بھی بھرداری کا شناختی کارڈ نہ ہے۔ بھواری حلقہ رکن  
انتقال اینے دفتر ۹۰ موئر برائی میں۔ پہ انتقال بھی  
۹۰ موئر دفتر بھواری میں ہوا تھا۔ پہ علطہ ہے جسے حبیب اللہ  
بھی بھی انتقال کی ہبھت غیبلار کے ساتھ میش نہ ہوا۔  
پہ علطہ ہے کہ بوقت انتقال میں ملوہ  $\frac{88}{121}$  کا کوئی شخص موجود  
نہ تھا از خود کا  $\frac{88}{121}$  کے اقبال حبیب اللہ لعنة اللہ علیہ رسول  
موجود تھے۔ پہ علطہ ہے میں از خود کا بات ٹھیک ہے۔  
پڑھتے ہے کہ اقبال کے انتقال پر کوئی دستخط نہ ہیں۔  
پہ علطہ ہے کہ اقبال  $\frac{88}{121}$  کا رہائشی نہ ہے۔

پس صدقہ دلایلہ اللہ نہ ہے  $\frac{91}{121}$  کو چنانچہ۔ وہ بھی اراضی نہ کوئی  
کو کاشت کرنے رکھا ہے۔ میں میں اتفاقور و کوئی دلایلہ کی کوئی  
بھی چانس ہوں وہ بھی پہ رفیع مدد کوئی کاشت رکھ رکھ  
ہے۔ پہ علطہ ہے انتقال میں کوئی حبیب اللہ نہ  
کروں ہے۔ پہ علطہ ہے کہ میں نے مکملی کے ساتھ سازی بازی ہوئی  
جھوکی شہزادتی دی پہ علطہ ہے کہ غیرہ مکملی دی جسے حبیب  
فرعی کا عینہ ہے۔

نامہ میں تسلیم ہے۔

HUMERA TAUSEEF  
Civil Judge Class I  
CHICHAWATNI



26 JUL 2009

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بيان لزان سير على شوارع افتخار DW-93  
 حسنه شاه قو 24 سال دسته 30-5-16  
 رصيده ساند ڈنبر 93/12 دفعہ وظیفہ  
 بڑھاند بیان کیا کہ صیروالہ سیر افتخار  
 حسنه شاه وفا ت پاچھے یہی  
 صیروالہ کے دستخط ہم جن کو ملے  
 EX D-1/2  
 EX D-2/2  
 ۱۰ جن کو صیروالہ صبکے دستخط ہم  
 جن کو صیرہ ہے جوں جوں ×  
 حفظ شہ DW

لکھ کر درست تسلیم ہیں  
 ایک میٹن = رشد صاف (پندرہ)  
 that 30-5-16

ہم علی شوارع افتخار جن شاہ DW3  
 + + + + + + + +  
 جن شروع کی جنی ۲۵ ستمبر ۲۰۱۶  
 صیروالہ انگلش میں بھی کرنے گئے.  
 تسلیم کیا

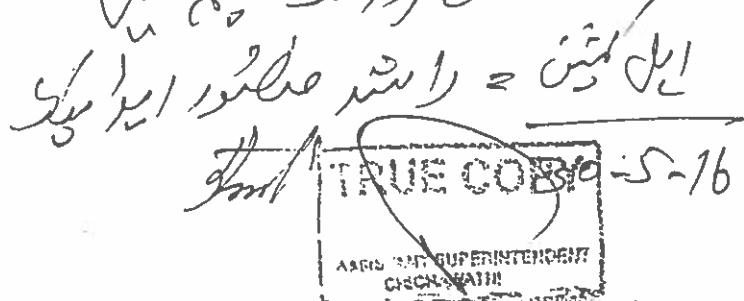
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بیان (ز) میں احتیال و لر صدی (عمر قو) DW-4  
 جیٹ بھر 24 سال پتہ زیندگی کے سن  
 30-5-11  
 50% 12.5 کیمی درج کیا ہے اسی طبق  
 برکاف بیان پاکہ غلام سید صدیق علیہ  
 محبہ دین و حفظ کے لئے اقتدار نام فائدہ  
 دیا ہوا ہے اصل اقتدار نام سے موافق نہ کر  
 Ex D-3 میر قدمہ پیشہ کرتا  
 ہے - حبیب اللہ علیہ السلام سوال کا  
 والد حبیب ہے دوسری شے فریضی شناختی  
 ہے - حبیب اللہ نے دیواری کے دفتر واقع  
 90 فورٹ حنر بنبر 93/12.5 کیمی درج کیا ہے  
 32-4 میں صدی علیہ السلام کے دفتر واقع  
 6<sup>10</sup><sub>2008</sub> کیمی کرنے کی پیشہ کی جسم کو نہ کر سکے  
 نے ضبط کیا وہ حبیب ہے موقوع  
 صدی علیہ کو وہ ہے صدی علیہ فوراً  
 حبیب اللہ - اقتدار شاہ - صادق شاہ  
 نے دیواری کے دفتر واقع تجویز کیا  
 نے دفتر واقع کے لیے صدی علیہ فوراً  
 25-10-2008  
 56/7/05  
 25-10-2008  
 56/7/05  
 56/7/05

75 کپک کے صیغہ (بھیجے عطا) رسول کو طلب  
 کر دیا گے۔ جسے (اللہ عطا) رسول صاحب  
 حسنه شاہ نبڑا رکھے تیر (تفصیلی) رکھنے  
 شاہ نبڑا رکھے تو میں سے  
 میں دیگر 2 دیگر EX 0-2 کا چک  
 سائے اپنے دینے والے کے بھائیوں کے لئے  
 انتقال صیغہ کو دعویٰ فراہم نہ کروانے  
 انتقال مطابق قانون درست طور پر  
 کو اپنے (اللہ عطا) رسول صندوقی عطا (رسول)  
 اس صیغہ کا نتیجہ یہیں میں خود علیحدہ  
 وصول کرتے ہیں عطا (رسول) رسول پیراں کو  
 اپنا 2 صورخ 16<sup>th</sup> 246 کو جمع کھینچا رہا  
 ہے اپنے 2 صورخ 16<sup>th</sup> 246 کو جمع کھینچا رہا  
 کہا جاتا ہے دعویٰ صدر کو جھوٹا ہے  
 کہ اس کا دعویٰ نہ رکھتا ہے کیونکہ وہ اپنے  
 کے دلکشی میں اسے نہ کروانے کا اوار، کھوچ  
 کروانی ہے جس کا جھوٹا ہے۔  
 2. حفظ شد



06.11.2026

DW4  
21-9-16

حکومیت دار صلیخ

ج 2 شروع کی تحریک

پڑھتے ہے کہ ہری مسفل رہائش ۵۰ میں ہے۔ پڑھتے  
ہے کہ جبل ۸۸ اور جبل ۹۳ میں کبھی بھی رہائش نہ رہی ہے  
از فردیہ کو ہری اور ہری جی عنصر کو کوئی رہائش شہر پرچھوئی  
میں ہے۔ پڑھتے ہے کہ حبیب اللہ اور عنصر کو کوئی مسفل  
رہائش جبل ۸۸ کے ہے۔ حبیب اللہ علی کے چار بیٹے اور  
اپنی بیٹی زندہ ہیں۔ عنصر کو کوئی طبقہ بننے کی رہائش اپنی جگہ  
کے اور عنصر قادر اور سنوار علیہ اعلیٰ درجہ رہتے ہیں۔ عنصر کو  
عمر لفڑیا ۴۰ سال سے پہلے ملک و قوم ہے۔ حبیب اللہ علی<sup>کے</sup>  
صیف المهر ہے۔ ۱۷ ۶۲ ۷۲ سے رسول قبائل عنصر کو کوئی کے  
پاس رہتا تھا۔ کبھی گاؤں میں جلا جاتا تھا۔ سنوار اور عنصر قادر بلو  
پیچوئی شہر میں رہتے ہیں۔ عنصر کو کوئی بیوی بھی پہلے دون  
ملک و قوم ہیں۔ اور اورتے بھی دیاں پاکستان میں رہتے ہیں  
خمارناہ خصل بھی وورنہ کے ۱۶ کروڑ عنصر کو کوئی نہ دیا۔ میں انتقال  
مدد کویہ میں گواہ نہ ہوں۔ پہلے علطاں چکر اراضی مدد کویہ کو علی  
کا سنت کرنا تھا یا کھلکھل کر دنیا کھا۔ پڑھتے ہے کہ عنصر کو کوئی  
ملک علیہ نے دیا کے خلاف اپنی دکھنی دار رکھی۔ پہلے علطاں چکر اسی  
عنصر کو کوئی نہ دیا۔ میں انتقال کا پہنچ جلا: پہلے علطاں چکر  
عنصر کو کوئی سے علی کو اسرار قابل دفتری انتقال کا ۱۶ کروڑ

ANNUAL SUPERINTENDENT  
PUNJAB POLICE

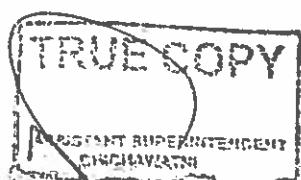
۰۰۰۶

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جسٹ ہے اُن ایک نہ کوئی تو خوسق اور طبع الغفور مکملہ / کافیت  
 کر رہے ہیں۔ جسٹ ہے حبیب اللہ تعالیٰ ان بڑے  
 شخص ہے اور نگوئا گھانے ہے۔ یعنط ہے، یعنی  
 جسمانی سے حبیب اللہ تعالیٰ دعویٰ کرنے ہوئے حکم وال سے  
 از باز پور درج تھوا یا۔ یعنط ہے حبیب اللہ تعالیٰ  
 کسی بھی افسوس کے سامن پیش نہ ہوا۔ یعنط ہے  
 یعنی حبیب اللہ اور عینہ کو کوئی دوسرے کھاروں کے ساتھ  
 تعلقات نہ ہیں۔ حبیب اللہ تعالیٰ ملاقات ہوئی  
 ہی ۲۰۲۲ سے درجہ اول قتل بھی ہوئی تھی۔  
 جسٹ ہے عینہ کو نہ دلکھی حبیب اللہ اور عینہ فارار کے  
 خلاف کیا تھا۔ یعنی عینہ کو بنی حبیب اللہ والا  
 دلکھ والا بس کے لیا تھا۔ یعنط ہے اور رفیعہ نہ کوئی پر داع کی  
 قتل ہے۔ یعنط ہے اور نشانہ شکریہ فعلی اور فرضی طور  
 پر اس سبق کر دیا گی ہے۔ یعنط ہے اور عینہ کوئی کو  
 ملے نہ ہے بھی تسلیک کرنے کی پیشگوئی نہ ہی ہے۔  
 یعنط ہے اس نامہ مکالہ کا قیمت بھی بھی منتظر نہ ہوا ہے۔  
 بہ عنده ہے بس نہ فریبی شتم حکم کی بند / مجموع  
 شہادت ہے

شہادت ہے

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26 JUL 2025

DWS  
حمدلی پتوی دلہ جنر 93 قصل ۱۲۷ پوری فتح سعید  
05-10-16

بلاطف بیان حکم میں پیش روزہ پوری اتفاقی نمبر ۵۸ و مون ۰۶ جون ۱۹۰۸

نحویں حکم اسلام کے نامہ میں لفظ مکمل سعید اکاہوں لفظ سعید میں یعنی نقل

عمل الکارڈ کی نگرانی نقل ہے جو حکمی طریقہ کردہ ہے

صلی بیسی کے درخت ExD3 میں - میں استغفار نمبر ۳۵۱۵ مون ۱۹۰۸

کارڈ کی سکولہ اکاہوں جو حکمی طریقہ کردہ ہے صلی بیسی

X X X X X -

X ۲۷ نحویں نام میوری میں تینی خوبی :- درست یعنی

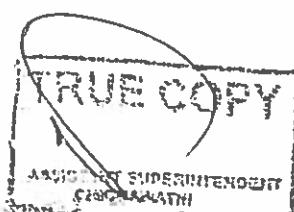
ExD3 روزانہ پوری اتفاقی میں کسی نہیں کا زیادہ کانٹہ دینے والے ازفود

کے ساتھ اور پتی درکاذب ہے درست یعنی سزا غریبی کا

نہ ہے تکمیل درست یعنی کارتنکال شکوہ رہی سزا غریبی

- من درست تسلیم

Mohd Tauseef  
Talukdar  
Sialkot



26 JUL 2025

سنگ اکبری استحکام پل نخستین دهه ۱۵۰۰ میلادی  
 $\frac{Dw6}{0.5-10-16}$

Dear Sirs, etc

بـ حـافـ زـانـ حـارـ اـتـعـالـ بـزـ 3515 ٣٥١٥ حـارـدـعـ ٤٠٢

لدر ریڈر فردا صبح داعظانی مخر ۵ مرداد ۱۳۹۸ کجی سری روز اول

Ex D3 جسیکا کے کردار میں 11

لے کر جانشی سے بچ دیں۔

ذکری تھی جسکا صرف قدر خود کا ابتوں میں والی بھائی تھیں

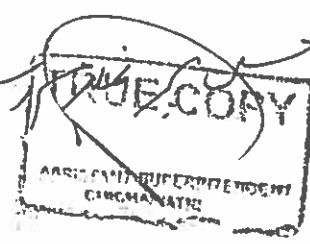
میرزا احمد رفیع خان حسن کی وجہ پر تھے۔ ریسِ رفیع نامی میرزا

اد سے انتقال ہے جو ۳۵۱۵ میٹر کی اونچائی پر ہے۔

لەندا ئەندرېش كەنگە - ئەنجل سۈرۈچى - ExD2

ستخدا و نهاد  $\frac{10}{68}$  نتیجه است - انتقال سیر گزینشی  $\overset{\text{ExD2}}{=}$

بِحُسْنِ اللَّهِ كَاشِفُ الْمُكَوْكَبِ شَفَتْ بِهِ



ہر لغرسی طرح مردہ انتقال کے  $ExD_2, ExD_1$

اویں میں مذکور اور اس اتفاق میں دلائیں  
بھی دار کے ساتھ لغرسنٹی کا روشنیت پیش -

جسیکہ اللہ نے خصلہ خاص کے بعد بخش ہوئے واقعہ پر

خالک کی اور غلام رسول نے قبول کیا لغرسنٹی

غلام رسول کو استعمال کر دیا۔ خالک انتقال مطابق

قانون درس س طور پر ہوئی ہے انتقال میں ہوئی رہوار

فرادز ہے دعویٰ مدعیٰ جھوپا ہے  $\times \times \times$

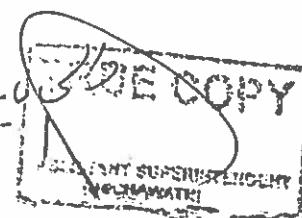
$\times$  گنجائیں نام فوجوں پری ایڈیشن ٹاؤن ڈیکٹیو، ۔ میں

جنگ ۹۳ میں بلوچ پری ۱۹۹۶ء سے ۲۰۱۲ء تک ہے

بیان میں میں نے غلام رسول سے پس پڑا جسیکہ اللہ

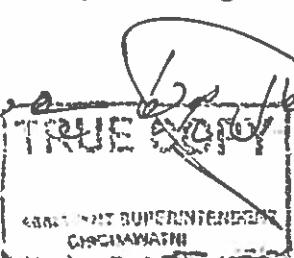
کا زمین خریدا لغرسنٹی دلیل کرنے کی وجہ پر خود رکن  
ہے۔ سوناط ہے کرنٹی پس پڑا زمین خریدا

ہے۔ جسیکہ اللہ کی عمر ۶۵، ۶۰



جول ہوئی۔ ہوئے جسیکہ اللہ کی عمر ۸۵، ۸۰

سے لے جو - سونے کی جگہ خوبی جس ب اللہ کی عمر خرکر کرنے کی  
 سلسلہ 2012ء تک رفعہ ندویہ کی گردواری کرنے و موقر برقرار را ہوں  
 بھائی رکھارڈ 2012ء خود گردواری درست ہوا  
 سوندھ کر ہے جسے احمدی 2009ء تک جس ب اللہ  
 کیے از فوکس کا قتلہ فلم سلسلہ کا ہے سوندھ ہے میری  
 از فوڈالی بات سوندھ ہے - درست Exp ۱۰۲ خود  
 گردواری سے نہ کام سلسلہ کا نام رعنای ہے - از فوکس کا جس ب اللہ  
 خرچہ ہے لورٹا کاشت سے نہ کام سلسلہ کا خود کاشت ہے  
 سوندھ ہے میری از فوڈالی بات سوندھ ہے -  
 سے کیا Exp کا نام کاشت سے نہ کام سلسلہ لورٹا کا نام رعنای ہے  
 8 - پریو یونیورسٹی ایچی کا اس سے اس کا نام نہ کام سلسلہ  
 بیکور کانت کشہ ہے -

س - دنیا کا نام سے نہ کام سلسلہ کا نام رعنای ہے ؟  
 8 - اس پریو یونیورسٹی سے سلسلہ حقیقت رسیکری اس روشنی  
 جس ب اللہ کا نام بیکور رہے ہے لورٹا کانت سے س  
 نہ کام سلسلہ کا جائزہ ہے بیکور ہے میری  


17/2/2013 i/2009 Qd < Exp. n/a c. 2005

کوئی خرہ گردواری نہیں ہے۔ روسی

2. ipib'g wimb'ib'c siw. j̄i exp, /

از ۱۹۹۷ تا ۲۰۰۰

سکریپٹ کا نام دنیا خارجہ میں صدیق نے جھنڈی

Veri<sup>o</sup>d<sup>ic</sup> ExP<sub>N</sub> ExP<sub>I</sub> - 2.0 x 10<sup>6</sup>

کوئنڈیم ۲۰۰۰ء کی نئی جمعنی اکھیں تاریخی ارزخونہ

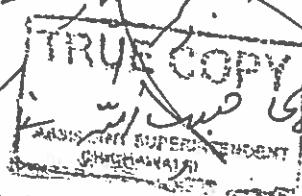
جیلیکس - سوسن ایکس دی ۳ میں مزید اور

بَحْرِ كَانْدَرْ بَحْرِ كَانْدَرْ بَحْرِ كَانْدَرْ بَحْرِ كَانْدَرْ

ریاضی دفتر ۹۰ بجود چند نفر  $\frac{93}{12.1}$

کیا - اے چھوپ پر اور جیسا کہ  
کسی نے اپنے offer کیا تھا

**TRUE COPY**  
TRANSCRIPTION SUPERVISOR  
CHACHAHANA



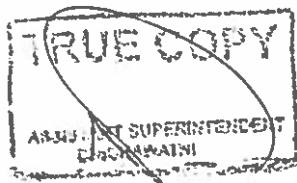
26 JUL 2023

83

فیض نے ملکہ شریعت کی  
ایجاد کی تھی اور اس کی  
مدد کی تھی اسی سبب  
انہوں نے اسی سبب  
کیا تھا۔

- ملکہ شریعت

HUMERA TAUSEEF  
Civil Service Class I  
CHINCHANATNI



26 JUL 2025

84

دہلی نو ارکانی، دہلی نو ارکانی، DW-7  
31-10-16

پولیس اسٹیشن 2008 میں ملبوس ہے  
93/1246 - ف۔ کے۔ میں جلیل، دہلی نو ارکانی،  
میں کے۔ میں جلیل، دہلی نو ارکانی،  
زیر دست 25-10-2008 کو ملبوس تھا۔

Each 01 - سوڑی جنگل میں پولیس کے

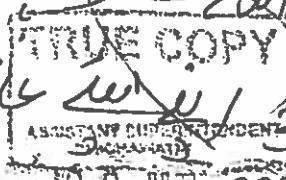
کریت - Each 02، 16

100% 16% میں جلیل، دہلی نو ارکانی،  
0% میں جلیل، دہلی نو ارکانی،

جس کے لئے اسے "آئینی" کہا جاتا ہے

کہ "آئینی" کے لئے اسے "آئینی" کہا جاتا ہے

جس کے لئے اسے "آئینی" کہا جاتا ہے



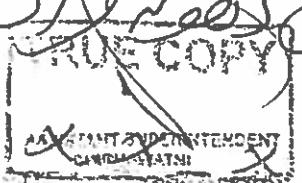
14 JUL 2021

K-4M

85

وَيَنْهَا مُؤْمِنٌ بِالْجَنَاحِيَّةِ  
أَنْهَا لِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ  
- لِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ  
ExhD1  
3. ٤٥٪ ExhD1 ٣٦٪ Exh  
٤٥٪ ExhD2، ١٩٪ ExhS - ٢٧٪  
ExhD2/ExhD - ٣٨٪ ExhD2/Exh  
- ٣٪ ٦٠٪ اِنْتِهَا  
٦٥٪ اِنْتِهَا  
صَادِقٌ بِعِبَرِهِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ  
صَادِقٌ بِعِبَرِهِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيَّةِ

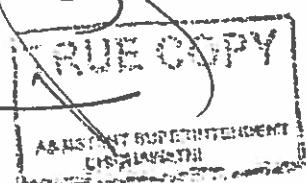
35/5 نیو جلین - ۱۲۰۰  
عین جلیلی ۱۰-۲۵-۱۰  
جلین - سوچی ۲۵-۱۰  
جلین ۲۰۰۸  
کافن لیک دریا ۲۰۰۸  
کافن لیک دریا ۲۰۰۸



26 JUL 2025

86

87



20 JUL 2003

88

بیان ارزش کنفرانسی عرضه شد 16-11-16

دوستی و معاشرانه

09/11/1991 - دک DS

دستورالعمل

ویژگی

مشخص

تکمیل



26 JUL 2025

1

فلكي ملوك امارات ورق ببر  
كتاب تجربه سنه ١٥٢٨

برادر اخنونج عال ۲۹ نمبر جلد سیمین ۲۷ مصیل و سیمین

39

**PLEASE SEE  
CLEAR COPY**

200 705 92

90

شیراز

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90

لَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ  
وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ  
وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ  
وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ وَلَمْ يَرْجِعْ إِلَيْهِ الْمُنْكَرُ

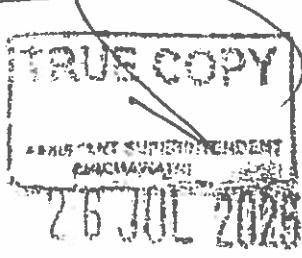
25-10  
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مَنْ يَرْجُو دُرْجَاتٍ فَلْيَعْلُمْ أَنَّهُ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِ  
وَمَنْ يَرْجُو حَسَنَاتِهِ فَلْيَعْلُمْ أَنَّهُ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِ

36501-503 8593-->  
36501-08285227-->  
36501-1865221/-1  
36501-1782000-3

— 18245 —

ibidem 1859.



92

پختہ بیکاری

卷之三

**SANITÄR STATIONEN** **WALLAN FÖRM NO. 324**

Treasury/Sub-Treasury  
National Bank of Pakistan  
State Bank of Pakistan

תְּאַמְּנָה כְּלָלִית

הנְּבָאָה וְהַתְּמִימָה

بخاری و مسلم

3575

أنا حبيبة الله ورفيق ابن شميم

Ms. A. 1. 1. 1. 1.

شیخ احمد مختار علوی

~~١٤~~ ١٤٢١/٦/٣٠

بستان پیش از ۳۲-۴۷  $\overline{115}$  میلادی

جَنْدِيَةٌ مُكَبَّلَةٌ

W.C. / C.H. 29/29/1911

Li Wei-hui / Li Wei-hui

W. J. Jones

10/20/11

3511

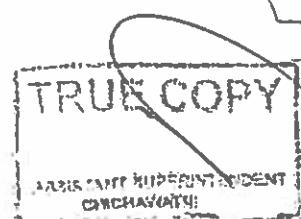
٢٠٠٨  
تموز ١٦ ٥٨  
مودودا

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5  $\frac{1}{16}$   $\text{in}^{\circ}$   $\text{dia}$

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14/16



כָּלְבִּים

94

تقلیل رجسٹر حقداران زمین موضع ٩٣/٩٣ حد بست ٣٧٢ تخلیل چیچہ وطنی ضلع ساہیوال ۲۰۰۰/۱۷۸

نجل از خسرو کرداوری <sup>بیان</sup> مرض <sup>بیان</sup> پک پیشیں <sup>بیان</sup> کچل <sup>بیان</sup> کچل <sup>بیان</sup>

95

2007-10-03

96 *Habenicht, Justus* 93-10224 *Mulder*

Sl No	Location	Land Type	Area (Acre)	Area (Marla)	Owner Name	Address
1	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	62.65	4.7,13,20,25	3,719,100 Acre
2	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	66.67	1-9,12,19,22,24	225,803 Marla
3	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	67	10-11,20-21,25	4,648,880 Acre
4	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	91,93,98	1-25	822,250 Marla
5	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Agricultural	On Link Road	92,99,102,105,111,115	1-25	822,250 Marla
6	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	100	10/1,11/1,20/1,21/1	822,250 Marla
7	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	113	1/12/1,10/1,11/1,20/1,21/1	822,250 Marla
8	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	28	25/2	822,250 Marla
9	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	29	21	822,250 Marla
10	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	60	1/1,10/1,11/1,20/1,21/1	822,250 Marla
11	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	61	5/1,15/1,25/1	822,250 Marla
12	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	66,99,114	5/16/1,15/1,16/1,25/1	822,250 Marla
13	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	67	1/19/1,10/1,11/1,12/1,19/1,20/1,21/1	822,250 Marla
14	Shahkot Chak No 93/12-L	Commercial	Link Road	92	1,2/2/1	822,250 Marla
15	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Residential	Link Road	28	6/1,15/1,16/1,17/1,24/1,25/1	822,250 Marla
16	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Residential	Off Road	61	25/2	822,250 Marla
17	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Residential	Off Road	30,59,64,94	1-25	215,050 Marla
18	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Residential	Off Road	61	1-3,8,12,21-24	215,050 Marla
19	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Residential	On Link Road	92,99,100,113,114	1-25	822,250 Marla
20	Shahkot Chak No. 93/12-L	Sakni Ahata Jat	Link Road		Sakni Ahata Jat	102,465 Marla
21	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	10	Upto 2 Kanal	46,000 Marla
22	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	10	5-5,15-16	District Council Sahiwal
23	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	10-11	3,8;13,18,21-23,25	District Council Sahiwal
24	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	11	1-2,4,7,9-12,14;17,19-20,24	District Council Sahiwal
25	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	11-18,20-21	6;15-16	District Council Sahiwal
26	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	11-22	5	District Council Sahiwal
27	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	12-18	7,9-12,14,17,19-22	District Council Sahiwal
28	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	12-20,22	1	District Council Sahiwal
29	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	12-28	2-4;8,13,18,23-24	District Council Sahiwal
30	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	13	24	District Council Sahiwal
31	Shahkot Chak No. 94/12-L	Agricultural	Off Road	14	26-28	District Council Sahiwal

97

نقل رجسٹر حقداران زمین موضع 7.12.1993 کے بعد از وطن صلی علیہ السلام

2000

کیفیت

(1) نمبردار شرح احوال

(2) الیکٹریشن خاتم

(3) لگان مشکوک

(4) بھروسہ ایجاد

(5) پیکٹریں اور سیر

(6) نمبر کشیدا

(7) نام کاشنگار

معدا احوال

نام مالک معا احوال

نمبر کشاد  
کھوئی  
کاشنگار  
مالک

بزرگ دہشت فر 168/19/19

27/13 حکم رستمی لعلت

خاں شاہله شیخ نوچان

بڑی وطن بدل ہے ہمار

جس سر بنا عالم

کارہ صور عبارت

خود اپنے عدالت

109

8

9/1

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19/2

عبدالرسول دل حسیب

قوم جب دھوک

سندھ

ملکیت عالم

مسیران لیسوں

قطع 5

32-6

10-4

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93-12-1

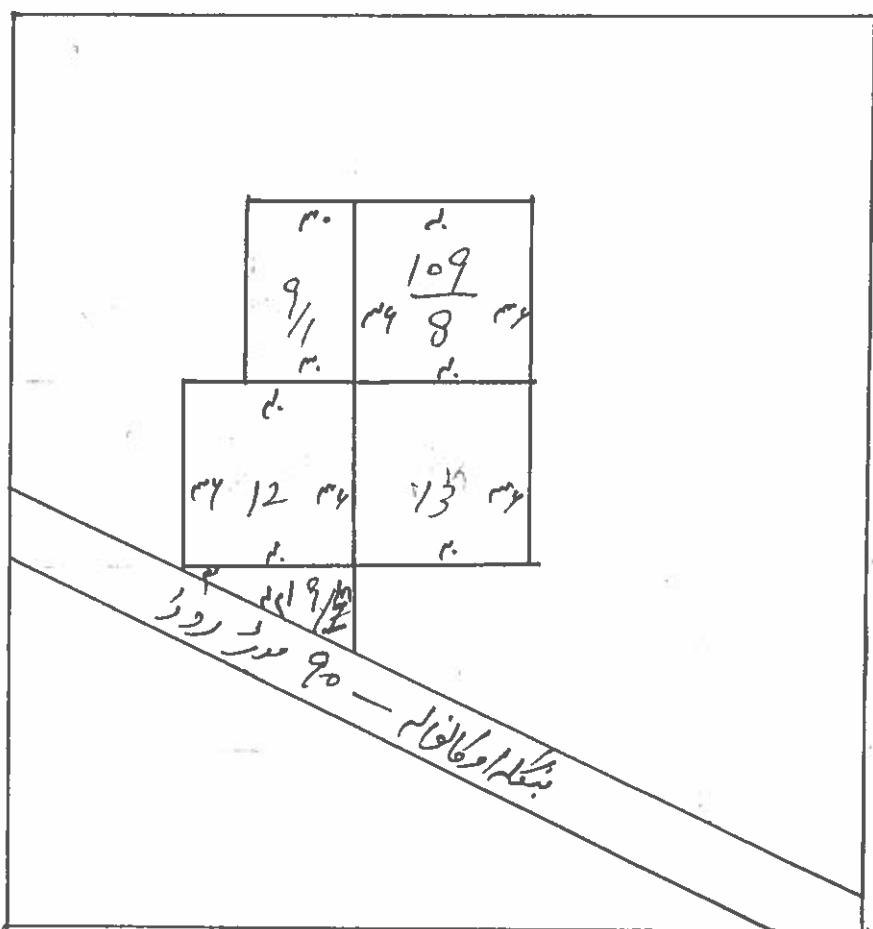
12-1

نمرہ ۹۸ شمارہ ۹۳ صوبہ سندھ حیدر آباد ۱۲.۴

شمال

غرب

جنوب



18/7  
2025

J P I Q, 0662

~~W.L.D.~~  
93/26  
12.C

## عمل بخط کرد و اوری

99

نیویورک ۹۳/۱۲

100

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN  
(APPELLATE JURISDICTION)**

OCT 19 2025

PAKISTAN  
COURT FEE

C.M.A. No. \_\_\_\_\_ /L/2025

In \_\_\_\_\_

Civil Appeal No. \_\_\_\_\_ /L/2025

Ghulam Rasool-----Appellant

**VERSUS**

Habib Ullah (deceased) through legal heirs-----Respondents

**APPLICATION UNDER ORDER V RULE 2 (18) READ WITH  
ORDER XX RULE 1 OF THE SUPREME COURT RULES, 1980  
FOR THE GRANT OF STAY.**

**RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH:-**

1. That the petitioner has filed the above titled Civil Appeal before this Apex Court, in which no date of hearing has been fixed so far.
2. That the contents of the accompanying Civil Appeal may kindly be considered as integral part of the instant application.
3. That the petitioner has got a strong good, prima-facie arguable case and there is every likelihood of its success.
4. That balance of convenience also lies in favour of the petitioner.
5. That if the operation of the impugned judgment is not suspended, the petitioner shall suffer an irreparable loss and injury.

## P R A Y E R

101

Under the submissions made above, it is, therefore, most respectfully prayed that while accepting the instant application, the operation of the impugned judgment dated 11.06.2025 passed by the Honourable Lahore High Court, Multan Bench, Multan in Civil Revision No.1487/D/2018 and the judgment & decree of the learned Trial Court may kindly be suspended till the final decision of the Civil Appeal.

Ad-interim relief is also prayed for.

### DRAWN & FILED BY:

**MIAN GHULAM HUSSAIN**

Advocate-on-Record,  
Supreme Court of Pakistan,  
Sohail Law Chambers,  
4-Mozang Road, Lahore.

Email: mghussain40@gmail.com  
Enrollment No.228  
Mob. No.0300-8059359

Dated: 30.07.2025