

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN
(Appellate Jurisdiction)

PART-I

Civil Appeal No. IJ/2025

APPELLANT

MUHAMMAD UMAR

VERSUS

RETURNING OFFICER PP-33, GUJRAT ETC

RESPONDENTS

Court appealed from:

Against the Judgment of Election Tribunal,
Lahore High Court, Lahore dated 16.05.2025
passed in Election Petition No.2/2024

Counsel for the petitioners:-

CH. ZULFIQAR ALI ASC with SYED
MUSHTAQ AHMAD ZAIDI Advocate on
Record, Supreme Court of Pakistan, LAHORE

Counsel for the respondent:-

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Certified that this paper book has been prepared in accordance with the Rules of the Court and that all the documents necessary for the appreciation of the case have been included in it.

(Signature)

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I

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN
(Appellate Jurisdiction)

Civil Appeal No. 1/2025

MUHAMMAD UMAR APPELLANT
VERSUS
RETURNING OFFICER PP-33, GUJRAT ETC RESPONDENTS

Bench Jurisdiction: **Regular Bench**

Whether vires of any law have been challenged or interpretation of any constitutional provision is involved	No
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Case category	Election Act, 2017
Sub-Category	Election Petition
Gist of the case before High Court	The petitioner being candidate for the PP-33 Gujrat contested election for the Provincial Assembly PP-33 and respondent No.4 to 40 were also contested election from the said constituency held on 08.02.2024. The petitioner filed Election Petition No.2/2024 wherein the Election Tribunal dismissed the same vide the impugned order dated 16.06.2025.
Question of Law involved	Whether the judgment dated 16.06.2025 passed by learned Single Judge of Election Tribunal Punjab Lahore (Lahore High Court, Lahore) has not erred while dismissing the Election Petition on the technicalities? Whether the Judge of High Court / Tribunal was not erroneous basis decided the case of the Appellant without application of judicious mind?

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN
(Appellate Jurisdiction)

Civil Appeal No. _____ /2025
MUHAMMAD UMAR APPELLANT
VERSUS
RETURNING OFFICER PP-33, GUJRAT ETC RESPONDENTS

CONCISE STATEMENT

III	Court/Forum	Dates a)Filing b)Decision	Who filed it and with what result
1 st	Election Tribunal, Lahore High Court, Lahore	A:29.03.2024 B:16.05.2025	The appellant filed Election Petition No.2/2024 and the same was dismissed vide judgment dated 16.06.2025.

IV	Point noted in the Impugned Judgment	Treatment of the Points in the Impugned Judgment and page/s
	<p>Whether the judgment dated 16.06.2025 passed by learned Single Judge of Election Tribunal Punjab Lahore (Lahore High Court, Lahore) has not erred while dismissing the Election Petition on the technicalities?</p> <p>Whether the Judge of High Court / Tribunal was not erroneous basis decided the case of the Appellant without application of judicious mind?</p>	<p>Similarly, in verification, the election petitioner in that particular case made verification without making distinction between the correctness of the paragraphs, according to his information and belief, respectively, and it was with this background held that the omission by itself would not be sufficient to non-suit the election petitioner.</p>

- V. Case law / Ruling on the points involved.**

Certified that I have myself prepared this Concise Statement point noted Index
and is found correct

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IN THE HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN.

(Appellate Jurisdiction)

Institution Section
Oy. No. 17129/25
Date.....
Initials.....

16/7/25 Alred 2nd ADN
Filed on 16/7/25
by Mr. Syed Ali Shah
Instituted Section

7 days time is
requested to do
the needful. Pl.
M. Agha
31/7/25

Pl. copy
16/7/25

Civil Appeal No..... 1/2025

Muhammad Umar Liaqat son of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza
Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Appellant

Versus

7 days time is allowed to do
the needful.

E.O.L.
3/7/25

1. Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat.
2. District Returning Officer Gujrat.
3. Election Commission of Pakistan through its Secretary Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad.
4. Syed Madad Ali Shah son of Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah, Resident of Kulewal Syedan, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
5. Nadeem Asghar Kaira son of Haji Muhammad Asghar Kaira, Resident of Kaira House lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
6. Muhammad Ali son of Abdul Malik, Resident of Kotla Arab Ali Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
7. Akhlaq Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
8. Asad Ali son of Mukhtar Ahmad, Resident of Jilyani, Post Office Dewna Mandi, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
9. Bilal Hussain son of Tufail Hussain, Resident of Kotla Qasim Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
10. Pervaiz Ellahi son of Fazal Ellahi, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil kharian, District Gujrat.
11. Chaudry Ijaz Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
12. Ch. Rukhsar Mohiu Din son of Muhammad Zaman, Resident of House No. 56-B, Muhalla Saida Gole, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
13. Ch. Sajjad Ahmed son of Ch. Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Miana Dahu, Post office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
14. Ch. Muhammad Khalid Bashir son of Ch. Bashir Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

A.D.M.

Dated 18/7/25

15. Ch. Naeem Akhtar son of Choudry Mian Khan, Resident of Jhanday Wali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
16. Hassan Babar son of Babar Rashid, Resident of Muhalla Kaira, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
17. Hafeez Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul Lateef, Muhalla Main Bazar Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
18. Haq Nawaz son of Faiz Ahmed, Resident of Mandher, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
19. Hamza Qamar Kaira son of Qamer Zaman Kaira, Resident of Kaira House Muhalla Kaira Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
20. Hanifan Bibi wife of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
21. Raja Asad Iqbal son of Raja Saber, Resident of Bhota, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
22. Raza Ali Mumtaz son of Choudry Mumtaz Hussain, Post office Khas Dewna, Tehsil and District Gujrat.
23. Zahid Hussain son of Muhammad Akram, Resident of Thekrian, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
24. Sajid Yousaf son of Muhammad Yousaf, Resident of Channi Nikkowani, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
25. Syed Haider Ali son of Syed Ihsan Ullah, Resident of House No. 112, Street No. 3, IJ Colony Kharian Cantt., Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
26. Saif Ur Rehman son of Muhammad Suleman, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
27. Shakil Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul lateef Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
28. Shahzad Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Dewna, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
29. Abdul Saeed Chaudhry son of Chaudry Mushtaq Ahmed, Resident of Kundawana House, Chak Dina, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
30. Ali Asim son of Abdul Khaliq, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
31. Ghulam Abbass son of Ghulam Hussain, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
32. Mujahid Ashraf son of Muhammad Ashraf, Resident of Muhalla Sabr Kot, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
33. Muhammad Ayoub Butt son of Muhammad Bashir, House No. 285/20, Muhalla Water Tainki, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
34. Muhammad Toseef ul Islam son of Muhammad Ikram uddin, Resident of House No. 13-A/72, Street No. Ali Chakian, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
35. Muhammad Rizwan son of Gulzar Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar Post Office Bihaal, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
36. Muhammad Sagheer son of Muhammad Bashir, Resident of Thekrian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
37. Muhammad Abdullah Arshad son of Ch. Muhammad Arshad, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

- ✓ 38. Nasir Ali son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Ghalla Mandi, House No. 10/50, Muhalla Band Kocha, Tehsil kharian, District Gujrat.
39. Nabeel Shahzad son of Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Pindi, Post Office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
40. Yasir Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Jhandaywali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Respondents

**CIVIL APPEAL UNDER SECTION 155 OF THE
ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH ALL
ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW AGAINST
THE JUDGMENT DATED 16.06.2025 PASSED
BY THE LEARNED ELECTION TRIBUNAL
LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE IN
ELECTION PETITION NO. 2/2024**

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:-

LAW POINTS

1. Whether the Judgment dated 16.06.2025 passed by learned Single Judge of Election Tribunal Punjab Lahore (Lahore High Court, Lahore) has not erred while dismissing the Election Petition on the technicalities?
2. Whether the Judge of High Court / Tribunal was not on erroneous basis decided the case of the Appellant without application of judicious mind?
3. Whether the technicalities can be a hurdle in the way of justice?
4. Whether the technicalities can be deprived a person from his legitimate lawful fundamental right?
5. Whether the judgment is not based on technicalities and further tribunal dismissed the application for casting proper issues in accordance with law?
6. Whether the injustice has not been done to the Appellant?
7. Whether the Appellant has not been deprived of his right to become the Member of Provincial Assembly?
8. Whether the technicalities is not become the hurdle in the way of the justice?
9. Whether an application under Section 139 can be rejected under the preamble of technicalities?
10. Whether the Learned Judge in Chamber has not overlooked this aspect of the case when the election petition was pending before them and dismissed the election petition solely on ground of maintainability regarding attestation from oath commissioner?

BRIEF FACTS

1. That the addresses of parties in the captioned of the tilted appeal are true and correct for affecting the services to the parties and other ancillary matters thereto from this Honorable Court from time to time.
2. That the concise facts and defining features of the present case, which leading to the institution of instant petition are delineated in the following paras-
3. Brief facts of the appeal in hand are that the appellant being candidate for the PP-33 Gujrat contested election for the provincial assembly PP-33 and respondent No. 4 to 40 were also contested election from the said constituency held on 08.02.2024. List of validly nominated candidates in the Form 32 is annex herewith as **ANNEXURE-A**.
4. That the election held on 08.02.2024 and as per result of the all Polling Stations, the appellant won the election by gaining majority but unfortunately the Returning Officer with connivance and joining hand with the respondent No. 4 in contravention of the Forms 45 issued by the presiding officers prepared Form 47 and thereafter Form 49 and in-spite of the fact that the appellant obtained 42,346/- votes and Syed Madad Ali Shah obtained 21,422/- votes but they declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat, VII. Therefore, the appellant moved an application to respondent No. 1/Returning officer complaining therein that illegalities and irregularity in the process of election but due to no response, appellant immediately rushed to the election commission of Pakistan/respondent No. 3 against this state of affairs, and moved an application regarding malpractice held against the petitioner by the returning officer, therefore, the appellant filed his application/representation on 12.02.2024 and later on appeared on 15 Feb, 21 Feb, 29 Feb, 13 March and again adjourned for 21 March 2024 but all in vain as it was very easy for the Election Commission of Pakistan to decide the representation of the petitioner but no avail.
5. That meanwhile election tribunal was constituted and appellant filed his well within time Election Petition under Section 139 of the Election Act. 2017 read with all enabling provisions of law, bearing Election petition No. 2/2024

✓ wherein the learned election tribunal issued notices to the respondents and only the returned candidate/responded No. 4 replied the election petition of the appellant whereas rest of respondents were proceeded ex-parte.

6. That the learned Election Tribunal by virtue of order dated 16.06.2025 dismissed the election petition of the appellant on single ground that the election petition is not maintainable and rejected the same under section 154 of the Election Act, 2017.
7. That the learned Election Tribunal committed grave miscarriage of justice, therefore, the appellant seeks setting aside the impugned judgment/ order dated 16.06.2025 inter alia on the following-

GROUNDS

- A. That the appellant as well as his supporters were not allowed by the forces to do campaign, factually not a single election meeting could be held in these circumstances but in-spite of this fact and by the grace of **ALLAH ALMIGHTY**, the appellant won the election but the election commission of Pakistan declared respondent No. 4 as returned candidate in whole of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat, VII and as per polling stations detail, the petitioner secured 42,346/- votes and won the election by margin of 21,422/-.
- B. That the election held on 08.02.2024 and at the time of announcement of election results, polling agents of the appellant got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the appellant or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the appellant in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.

- ✓ C. That Returning Officer didn't allowed appellant in participation of the consolidation of results and only returned candidate was present at that time due to which appellant filed a petition before Election Commission of Pakistan but no avail, Therefore, the learned Returning Officer initially did illegalities and irregularities while not allowed to participate the appellant at the time of consolidation of result and the Returning Officer joined hands with the returned candidate.
- D. That the impugned judgment/order dated 16.06.2025 is against the law & facts of the case, Admittedly there is a huge difference of secured votes between the appellant and the returned candidate but during consolidation of pole Returning officer issued the form 47 in contravention of the Form 45.
- E. That the appellant filed the election petition on solid grounds whereas the election tribunal dismissed the election petition of the appellant on technicalities and in mechanical manner which resulted in miscarriage of justice.
- 2 F. That mere perusal of the judgment/order dated 16.06.2025 the learned tribunal altogether ignored the grounds taken by the appellant and unlawfully decided the matter on the basis of technicalities and deprived the appellant from his right as per law even right of franchised of PP-33 has been snatched through the impugned judgment dated 16.06.2025.
- G. That the order of the Election Tribunal (Honorable Judge of Lahore High Court Lahore) is against the settled law keeping in view the dictum laid down by the Apex Court of Pakistan.
- H. That the appellant has been condemned unheard and whether the appellant under The Election Act, 2017 was not entitled to the right of becoming Member of Provincial Assembly upon successful candidate according to Form 45.

- ✓ I. That the impugned order passed by the learned judge is due to overlooking of the material on record and without any material before the Tribunal.
- J. That even when Election Tribunal didn't rejected the election petition under section 145(i) then Election Tribunal shall follow the procedure laid down in Section 146 to 149 of The Election Act, 2017 pertaining to trial of the petition and as such order/judgment dated 16.06.2025 is liable to be set-aside.
- K. That the impugned order of the Election Tribunal is due to misreading and non-reading of the material available on record.
- L. That from bare perusal of the impugned order it reflects that the impugned order was passed without taking into consideration the arguments raised by the appellant and other opposing party.
- M. That the impugned order is result of without application of judicious mind which required impartiality.
- Q N. That the learned judge in chamber erred in law while ignoring the facts and material on record resulted in miscarriage of justice.
- O. That the learned judge of Election Tribunal also dismissed the legal application filed by the appellant regarding framing of proper issues in election petition which is also illegality in the eyes of law.
- P. That any other ground may very kindly be agitated at the time of arguments of the petition.

PRAYER

It is, therefore, respectfully prayed that the appeal may very kindly be allowed and the Impugned Judgment/order dated 16.06.2025 passed by Election Tribunal (Hon'ble Lahore High

Court, Lahore) in Election Petition No. 2/2024 may very kindly be set aside, in the interest of justice.

Any other relief which this Honorable Tribunal/Court deems fit may also very kindly be awarded. (Memo of Appeal is attached)

DRAWN BY

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CERTIFICATE

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Enrl # 261

Certified that, as per instructions, this is the first Civil Appeal against the Impugned Judgment dated 16.06.2025 passed by (Election Tribunal) Lahore High Court, Lahore in Election Petition No. 2/2024, filed by Appellant before this Hon'ble Court.

It is certify that all clear / legible copies of illegible documents have been compared word to word and found correct in all respects.

mushie
Advocate-on-Record

CERTIFICATE

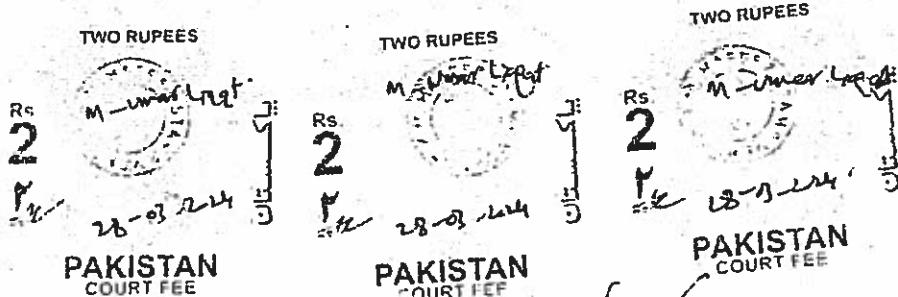
The Scanned / Soft copy of the Case Provided through USB is Complete as per original

mushie
A.O.R

2/24

- 9 -

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.



Election Petition No..... 20715 / 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat son of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Petitioner

Versus

1. Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat.
2. District Returning Officer Gujrat.
3. Election Commission of Pakistan through its Secretary Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad.
4. Syed Madad Ali Shah son of Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah, Resident of Kulewal Syedan, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
5. Nadeem Asghar Kaira son of Haji Muhammad Asghar Kaira, Resident of Kaira House lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
6. Muhammad Ali son of Abdul Malik, Resident of Kotla Arab Ali Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
7. Akhlaq Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhiloval, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
8. Asad Ali son of Mukhtar Ahmad, Resident of Jilyani, Post Office Dewna Mandi, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
9. Bilal Hussain son of Tufail Hussain, Resident of Kotla Qasim Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
10. Pervaiz Ellahi son of Fazal Ellahi, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil kharian, District Gujrat.
11. Chaudry Ijaz Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhiloval, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
12. Ch. Rukhsar Mohiu Din son of Muhammad Zaman, Resident of House No. 56-B, Muhalla Saida Gole, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
13. Ch. Sajjad Ahmed son of Ch. Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Miana Dahu, Post office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
14. Ch. Muhammad Khalid Bashir son of Ch. Bashir Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
15. Ch. Naeem Akhtar son of Chaudry Mian Khan, Resident of Jhunday Wali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

- 6.Hassan Babar son of Babar Rashid, Resident of Muhalla Kaira, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 17.Hafeez Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul Lateef, Muhalla Main Bazar Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 18.Haq Nawaz son of Faiz Ahmed, Resident of Mandher, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 19.Hamza Qamar Kaira son of Qamer Zaman Kaira, Resident of Kaira House Muhalla Kaira Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 20.Hanifan Bibi wife of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 21.Raja Asad Iqbal son of Raja Saber, Resident of Bhota, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 22.Raza Ali Mumtaz son of Choudry Mumtaz Hussain, Post office Khas Dewna, Tehsil and District Gujrat.
- 23.Zahid Hussain son of Muhammad Akram, Resident of Thekrian, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 24.Sajid Yousaf son of Muhammad Yousaf, Resident of Channi Nikkowani, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
- 25.Syed Haider Ali son of Syed Ihsan Ullah, Resident of House No. 112, Street No. 3, IJ Colony Kharian Cantt., Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 26.Saif Ur Rehman son of Muhammad Suleman, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 7.Shakil Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul lateef Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 28.Shahzad Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Dewna, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
- 29.Abdul Saeed Chaudhry son of Chaudry Mushtaq Ahmed, Resident of Kundawana House, Chak Dina, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 30.Ali Asim son of Abdul Khaliq, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 31.Ghulam Abbass son of Ghulam Hussain, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 32.Mujahid Ashraf son of Muhammad Ashraf, Resident of Muhalla Sabr Kot, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 33.Muhammad Ayoub Butt son of Muhammad Bashir, House No. 285/20, Muhalla Water Tainki, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 34.Muhammad Taseef ul Islam son of Muhammad Ikram uddin, Resident of House No. 13-A/72, Street No. Ali Chakian, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 35.Muhammad Rizwan son of Gulzar Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar Post Office Bihaar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 36.Muhammad Sagheer son of Muhammad Bashir, Resident of Thekrian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 37.Muhammad Abdullah Arshad son of Ch. Muhammad Arshad, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
- 38.Nasir Ali son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Ghatia Mandi, House No. 10/50, Muhalla Band Kocha, Tehsil kharian, District Gujrat.


Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

- / / .
39. Nabeel Shahzad son of Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Pindi, Post Office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
40. Yasir Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Jhandaywali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Respondents

**ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139
OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE
139 OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL
ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.**

Respectfully Sheweth,

1. That the addresses of parties in the captioned of the tilted petition are true and correct for affecting the services to the parties and other ancillary matters thereto.
2. That the concise facts and defining features of the present case, which leading to the institution of instant petition are delineated in the following paras-
3. That the brief facts of the case are that the petitioner contested the election for the seat of PP-33 Gujrat VII, Provincial Assembly, Punjab. List of validly nominated candidates in the Form 32 is annex herewith as ANNEXURE-A.
4. That the election held on 08.02.2024 and as per result of the 230 Polling Stations, the petitioner won the election by gaining majority but unfortunately the Returning Officer with connivance and joining hand with the respondent No. 4 in contravention of the Forms 45 issued by the presiding officer prepared Form 47 and thereafter Form 49 and in-spite of the fact that the petitioner obtained 42346/- votes and Syed Madiq Ali Shah obtained 21,422/- votes but they declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat, VII.
5. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the respondents No. 1 to 4 and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in spite of



Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE (R) MEHMOOD MAQBOOL BAJWA
ELECTION TRIBUNAL, LAHORE.

ELECTION PETITION NO.02 OF 2024

IN RE:

MUHAMMAD UMAR LIAQAT

VS.

RETURNING OFFICER PP-33, GUJRAT AND 39 OTHERS.

(ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF THE ELECTIONS ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF ELECTION RULES, 2017 WITH ALL OTHER ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW).

Ch. Pervaiz Elahi, Advocate for petitioner.

Barrister Umer Aslam Khan and Sardar Haider Tahir, Advocate for respondent No.4 (Returned Candidate).

JUDGMENT:

Questions the legality and validity of notification declaring respondent No.4 as returned candidate instead of petitioner statedly in utter disregard of the result tabulated by the Presiding Officers of all the polling stations in constituency, PP-33, Gujrat-VII, as is evident from Forms-45 delivered to polling agents of the petitioner.


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
0 Court Street, Lahore

2. Grievance of the petitioner is that he scored 42,346 votes while respondent No.4 obtained 21,422 votes, but while uploading the result, tampering was made in Forms No.47 to 49, corrupt practices not only on the part of the Returning Officer but also by Election Commission of Pakistan.

3. The election petition was contested by respondent No.4 legally as well as on facts. —*Sd/-*

4. Maintainability of election petition as laid and framed has been questioned, pointing out stated lapses offending the provisions of Sections 142 to 144 of The Elections Act, 2017 (Act XXXIII of 2017) (Hereinafter called The Act).

Making reference to the provision of Section 145 of The Act, prayer was made for summary rejection of the election petition.

On facts, grousing of the petitioner agitated was also disputed.

5. Since objection was raised on behalf of respondent No.4 regarding maintainability of petition, therefore, following issue was framed:

"Issue:

Whether election petition is not maintainable as laid and framed?OPP"

6. Opining that fate of the issue can be adjudicated upon without recording evidence, and as such, the issue was treated as preliminary issue.

7. On 10th March, 2025, when preliminary issue was cast, Mr. Umar Aslam, Advocate, representing respondent No.4, was heard as per his request.


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
3 Court Street, Lahore

8. On 4th of June, 2025, Ch. Pervaiz Elahi, appeared on 3rd call made at 12:34 p.m., when he filed application for framing proper issues, who was asked to submit arguments not only on the application filed, but also on preliminary issue.

9. Record has been perused in the light of submissions made by adversaries and case-law banked upon by learned Counsel for petitioner and respondent No.4.

10. Since the petitioner made an application for casting proper issues, therefore, it would be expedient to decide the said application first of all.

-Sd/-

11. During the course of arguments on the application as well as on the contents of the petition, attention was focused upon the provisions of Sections 145, 147 and 148 of The Act.

Referring to the provisions of Section 145(1)(2) of The Act and order dated 25th June, 2024, made by learned predecessor of this tribunal, it was contended on behalf of petitioner that as the petition was not rejected summarily, therefore, notices were issued to the respondents, including respondent No.4, under Section 145(2) of The Act ibid., and in pursuance of issuance of notices, appearance was made by respondent No.4, submitted written reply, raising various objections about the maintainability of petition, and as such now, the fate of the election petition can only be adjudicated upon after framing all issues arising out of the pleadings of the parties and after recording evidence.

12. I have gone through the order dated 25th June, 2024, referred. In para (1) of the said order, it was opined as follow:

“On a perusal of the petition, it seems complaint with the provisions of Sections 142, 143 and 144 of The Act, 2017 and does not warrant to be rejected summarily.”

(Emphasis supplied)

After these observations, notices were directed to be issued to the parties.

13. As the petition was later on transferred to this tribunal, therefore, direction was issued to procure the attendance of petitioner.


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Election Tribunal, Lahore
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On 18th November, 2024, the petitioner appeared through Counsel, Mr. Pervaiz Elahi, Advocate, who was asked to submit arguments on the maintainability of the petition, who drew attention of this tribunal to order dated 25th June, 2024, referred earlier.

Though notices were directed to be issued to the respondents, but "subject to all just exceptions," as is evident from para (2) of the order dated 18th November, 2024, made by this tribunal.

14. After appearance of respondent No.4, while submitting written reply, objections were raised regarding non-compliance of provisions of Sections 142 to 144 of The Act.

15. Conscious of the tentative observation made by learned predecessor of this tribunal, reference of which has been made in para (12) of the judgment, three points were formulated, including the power of review, etc., reflected in order dated 10th March, 2025, and it was concluded that fixation of petition for determination of question of maintainability of petition cannot be termed as "Review" of the order made by learned predecessor of this tribunal. In order to reach the conclusion, the term "seems" was defined, and then issue was cast, treated as preliminary, which expression is again defined.

16. Meaning of word "seem" are "To give impression or sensation" of being (seems ridiculous, seems certain to win, apparent but perhaps not real, apparent only, ostensible).

In view of the matter, it can be said without any fear of contradiction that use of word under discussion cannot be taken as conclusive opinion and result. It is tentative in nature.


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Election Tribunal, Lahore
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Pursuant to above, objection at that time or even now cannot be endorsed, particularly after appearance of the respondent No.4 and submission of written reply, raising objections regarding non-compliance of the provisions of Sections 142 to 144 of The Act.

If the interpretation put forward by the petitioner is taken as gospel truth, the result would be not to dilate upon the objections regarding the maintainability of petition, particularly on legal premises, which will not

-Sd/-

only offend the principle of "Audi Alteram Partem" but also Article 10-A of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973, as amended.

17. Though it can be argued that the objections regarding the maintainability of petition can be formulated in the shape of issue alongwith others (it is not the case of petitioner), but the simple query is whether in such eventuality (when non-compliance of mandatory provision is agitated), it should be decided alongwith issues on merits or should be adjudicated upon first of all.

In other words, whether issue of such nature can be treated as preliminary issue and for its decision first of all.

In order to decide question of maintainability of petition on the touchstone of provisions of Sections 142 to 144 of The Act, only the contents of petition and annexures are required to be examined. Proper construction of a document is a question of law and not a question of fact.¹

Doctrine of "Ambiguitas verborum patens nulla verificatione excluditur" also can be cited in support of it.

Where the document or deed does not give clear meaning without any addition or substitution, it will be considered as patent ambiguity, and oral evidence cannot be permitted to produce to supplement the lapse and defect.

Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
19-Court Street, Lahore

18. The question for determination is when objection is agitated for non-compliance of mandatory provision, what should be the proper course to be adopted by the election tribunal.

Reply to the query can be given by referring to the dictum laid down by Apex Court in "ZIA UR REHMAN v. Syed AHMAD HUSSAIN and

¹ Mst. MARYAM BIBI and others v. MUHAMMAD ALI through LRs. (2007 SCMR 281). *Sd/-*

others" (2014 SCMR 1015), in which it has been held in para (7) of the judgment as follow:

"When the law prescribes as certain format of an election petition."

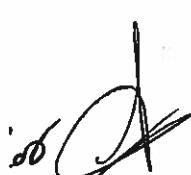
".....if an objection is raised with regard to maintainability of such a petition for non-compliance of a mandatory provision, the Court/Tribunal should decide the preliminary objection. Because if that objection is sustained then the court is left with no option but to dismiss the petition....."

Reference may also be made to "SULTAN MAHMOOD HINJRA v. Malik GHULAM MUSTAFA KHAR and others" (2016 SCMR 1312), in which, while relying upon the dictum laid down in "ZIA UR REHMAN" (supra), it was held as follows:

".....In conclusion to our discussion, we are of the opinion that when an objection with regard to the maintainability of an election petition for non-compliance of a mandatory provision is raised, then the tribunal should decide the very objection first because if such objection sustained then the tribunal left with no option but to dismiss the election petition....."

In view of settled proposition of law, no exception can be taken regarding framing of preliminary issue and its decision first.

19. Matter can be examined from another angle as well.



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20. In para (3) of the civil miscellaneous, it has been stated that when written reply has been submitted, then the only course with tribunal is to fix the election petition for trial under Section 148 of The Act.

Reference has also been made to the provision of Section 147 of The Act ibid. *-Sd-*

The later-stated provision deals with the contents of written reply to be submitted by the respondent. It also enumerates the list of documents to be appended with written reply.

Section 148 of The Act deals with the procedure before election tribunal for trial of petitions, which is reproduced for ready-reference:

"Subject to this Act and the Rules, the trial of an election petition shall be as nearly as possible, in accordance with the procedure applicable under The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908) to the trial of suits and the Qanun-e-Shahadat Order, 1984 (President Order No.X of 1984")

(Emphasis supplied)

No doubt, The Act contains certain provisions (Sections 145(2), 146, 147, 148(2) to (12), 149, 150, 154, 156 to 160), as well as in Election Rules, 2017 (Rule 139 to Rule 150), but admittedly does not suggest the whole procedure for conduct of trial, as there is no enabling provision for casting issues and material to be kept in view for framing of issues. In such eventuality, the relevant provisions of The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), (The Code), can be applied. Provisions of Order XIV of The Code can be invoked for the settlement of issues. Same order also provides procedure, where issues both of law and of fact arise in the same suit (see: Rule (2), which reads as follows:

"Where issues both of law and of fact arise in the same suit, and the court is of the opinion that the case or any part thereof may be disposed of on the issues of law only, it shall try those issues first, and for that purpose may, if it thinks fit, postpone the settlement of the issues of fact until after the issues of law have been determined."

(Underlining is mine)


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21. Viewed from whichever angle, no exception can be taken to casting of preliminary issue and its disposal first, postponing the settlement of issues of fact till the determination of issue of law.

Scl

The application as such, being misconceived and ill-founded, is accordingly dismissed.

22. In view of the discussion and conclusion, it also stands settled that despite issuance of notices to the respondents, appearance of respondent No.4, submission of written reply, despite tentative opinion in order dated 25th June, 2024, issue of law as framed can be adjudicated upon, particularly in the light of objections (preliminary) raised by the respondent No.4 in the written reply.

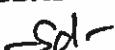
23. Perusal of the written reply submitted and as argued that the election petition has not been verified as required under Section 144(4) of The Act, according to which an election petition and its annexures shall be signed by the petitioner and the petition shall be verified in the manner laid down in The Code for the verification of pleadings.

24. Prior to dealing with the parameters of verification in brief in the light of different provisions relating to verification-attestation, it is desirable to deal with the importance and significance of verification/attestation, which was highlighted by the Apex Court² in the following manner:

“.....it is conclusively settled by this court that verification of an election petition is mandatory and a petition which lacks proper verification shall be summarily dismissed by the tribunal, even if the respondent has not asked for or prayed for its dismissal.”


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The learned Counsel for the petitioner on the strength of dictum laid down in “Haji Mian AZIZ-UR-REHMAN CHAN V. Mian ABBAS SHARIF and others” (1994 MLD 2293), contended that dispute between

² Lt. Col. (Rtd) GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH v. Mehr KHALID MEMOOD SARGANA and others (2015 SCMR 1585) 

parties shall be adjudicated upon on merits and technical knockout should be sparingly undertaken.

The decision was authored by a learned Judge of Honourable Lahore High Court as "Election Tribunal."

The reply to the dictum banked upon can be given while making reference to the Ratio of Apex Court in the case of "GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH"³, the relevant para of which has been reproduced earlier.

Even otherwise, objection in the dicta banked upon was overruled in view of composite form of verification and the Ratio referred above has to be read in the light of moot point referred.

Rule of law expounded in "JEWAN and 7 others V. FEDERATION OF PAKISTAN through Secretary, Revenue, Islamabad and 2 others" (1994 SCMR 826) deals with the parameter for rejection of plaint in a civil suit, having no nexus with the moot point.

Help was also sought on behalf of petitioner from the dictum laid down in "Moulvi ABDUL QADIR and others V. Moulvi ABDUL WASSAY and others" (2010 SCMR 1877), contending that the lapses in verification are not fatal to the case of petitioner.

I have gone through the Rule of law expounded, which by no stretch of imagination supports and substantiate the viewpoint canvassed with vehemence.

Moot point before the Apex Court was omission on the part of election petitioner to separately point out the paragraphs, which are true and correct according to information and belief, respectively.


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³Lt. Col. (Rtd) GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH v. Mehr KHALID MEMOOD SARGANA and others (2015 SCMR 1585)

Sd -

With this background, conclusion was highlighted. Same rule of law was enunciated in "FEROZE AHMAD JAMALI" (2016 SCMR 750).

Similar Ratio was enunciated by learned Judge of Honourable Karachi High Court as Election Tribunal in "Syed MASHOOQ MOHIUDDIN SHAH V. Syed FAZUL ALI SHAH and 37 others" (2014 Civil Law Cases 1181), and as such, need not to be discussed.

Another case-law⁴ banked upon by the petitioner is from the jurisdiction of Honourable Karachi High Court, deals with the proposition of filing of suit without verification under The Banking Companies (Recovery of Loans, Advances, Credit and Finances) Act (XV of 1997), which was refiled after due verification and it was held that non-compliance of the provision of Order VI, Rr 15 and 16 C.P.C. was a mere technicality to which no exception can be taken, but the proceedings under The Elections Act, 2017, stands on different footing, being part of mandatory provision as referred earlier.

25. It is important to note that line of distinction and demarcation has to be made between verification in an ordinary suit and verification-attestation of affidavit in election petition, which was highlighted in para (7) of the judgment⁵ by Apex Court in the following manner:


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"It is also relevant to note here that in an ordinary lis (suit etc) requiring verification and support by an affidavit, if the verification or affidavit is flawed, such lapse may be considered an irregularity and be treated as a curable defect, but we are not laying down any hard and fast rule, because the matter before us is not pertaining to ordinary litigation, how in the case of an election petition, the law is very stringent and imperative. Therefore, if the

⁴ QATAR AIRWAYS PLC v. ANZ GRINDLAYS BANK (2000 Civil Law Cases 1455).

⁵ Lt. Col. (Rtd) GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH v. Mehr KHALID MEMOOD SARGANA and others (2015 SCMR 1585) *Sd/-*

election petition has not been verified in accordance with law, this cannot be treated as a curable defect and the election tribunal particularly after the lapse of period of limitation prescribed for filing of election petition, cannot permit the election petitioner to cure the same."

26. As per settled law⁶, the verification-attestation of affidavit should be in the manner as provided by Section 144(4) of The Act. Further stipulates that verification-attestation must be in accord with the provision of Order VI, Rule 15, Order XIX of The Code and Chapter 12, Rules 11, 12, 14 to 16 of Volume-IV of High Court Rules and Orders (Lahore).

27. Keeping in view the yardstick, referred to, verification-attestation, shall be examined. I am intentionally not highlighting the requisite of verification-attestation in the precedents but will be pointed out at the time of discussion on the subject.

28. Election petition concludes at page (9). At the bottom, after signature of petitioner and advocates, there is verification clause, which reads as follow:

"VERIFICATION"

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 27th day of March, 2024 that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge."

Just above the verification, round rubber stamp of Oath Commissioner is fixed, containing his name and signature.


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Likewise, after verification, there is another stamp of Oath Commissioner, which reads as follows:

⁶ Lt. Col. (Rtd) GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH v. Mehr KHALID MAHMOOD SARGANA (2015 SCMR 1585).

Engr. ZAFAR IQBAL JHANGRA and others v. KHALIL-UR-REHMAN and 4 others (2000 SCMR 250)

Malik UMAR ASLAM v. SUMAIRA MALIK and others (PLD 2007 SC 362).
ZIA UR REHMAN v. Syed AHMAD HUSSAIN and others (2014 SCMR 1015).

Sd/-

“ATTESTED
Signature
MALIK TAZAKAT HUSSAIN
Oath Commissioner
Lahore High Court
Notification No.114 Gen.IX-B
(9)(1)(Not clearly readable)
Date- 10-2022 Expiry Date (also not clearly readable).”

29. Prior to dealing with the verification referred above, it is desirable to reproduce verification on affidavit. It starts from page (10) and concludes at page (15):

“VERIFICATION”

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 27th day of March, 2024 that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.”

Beneath the verification, there are two rubber stamps of Oath Commissioners, which are reproduced for ready-reference. On the left side, there is a stamp, which reads as follow:

“Declared on oath before me
on----- (It is blank)
Mr. Umar Liaqat
S/o Liaqat Ali
R/o Gujrat
identified by:-----” (Again Blank)

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Election Tribunal, Lahore
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After signature of Oath Commissioner, there is stamp of the Oath

Commissioner to the following:

(S/d)

MR. NAZIR HUSSAIN
Oath Commissioner
Lahore High Court, Lahore
Notification No.61/G/X.B 9(b)1
Dated 16.03.2022
Term Expiry Date 15.03.2025

Sd-

On the right side, another stamp starts with word "ATTESTED" with initial and date 27.05.2024, MR. NAZIR HUSSAIN, with same particular as referred above, with addition of 35202-2576595-5, 0325-8124515. (Appears to be CNIC and Cell No. of Attesting Officer).

30. As per Section 144(2)(c) of The Act, the petitioner was required to submit affidavit of service to the effect that a copy of the petition alongwith copies of all annexures, including list of witnesses, affidavits, and documentary evidence, have been sent to all the respondents by registered post or courier service.

Said affidavit is available at page-431 of the file. Though text of the affidavit is as per requirement, but verification as well as attestation on the affidavit is on the same footing, having stamp of Oath Commissioner with same endorsement. The attestation was made on 29th March, 2024, though in verification, date i.e., 28th March, 2024, is written.

31. Now all the three verifications-attestations are to be examined on the parameters specifically mentioned in the case of "GHAZANFAR ABBAS SHAH" (2015 SCMR 1585).

32. First of all, verification at page (9) after conclusion of prayer is taken into consideration while keeping in view the yardstick, the reference of which has been made in para (29) of the judgment.


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It is desirable to add here that in the case of "GHAZANFAR ABBAS" (supra) and other dicta, law was expounded keeping in view the provision of Section 55(3) of The Representation of the People Act (LXXXV of 1976) (ROPA), but the provision referred above and provision of Section 144 of The Act are similar and as such the argument would be of little help to the petitioner, that it was expounded under the old law.



33. Verification at the end of election petition (page-9) and verification at the conclusion of affidavit at page-15 and at page-431 are one and the same.

Bare perusal of the verifications clearly demonstrates lapses not curable, which in brief are as follows:

- i) There is no material even to suggest the identification of deponent as required under Rule (11) of Chapter-12, Volume-IV of High Court Rules and Order (Lahore High Court, Lahore).
- ii) It is not known, how the deponent was identified by Oath Commissioner.
- iii) The deponent was not personally known to the attesting officer, who identified the deponent before Oath Commissioner.
- iv) In case, deponent was identified by some other person (Advocate), the fact should have been clearly mentioned in the attestation and full particulars of identifier, alongwith his National Identity Card number, must have been mentioned.
- v) Time of attestation is also not mentioned, though it should have been specifically stated (Rule 11).
- vi) Particulars of the deponent and identifier should have been mentioned at the foot of the affidavit.
- vii) There must have been certificate of Oath Commissioner that verifications were made before him (Rule 12).
- viii) The National Identity Card number of deponent is not mentioned.
- ix) It is also not known whether oath was duly administered to the deponent personally.
- x) The verifications are totally silent, which paragraphs are correct as per information and belief, respectively.

However, premium has to be granted on this score in view of Ratio enunciated in "FEROZE AHMED JAMALI V. MASROOR AHMED KHAN JATOI and others" (2016 SCMR 750), according to which validity

Sd -


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of such defect depends on the facts of each case, but in the precedent, it was not found so material.

Having perused the contents of election petition as well as the affidavit, I am of the considered view that defect by itself would not be sufficient to non-suit the petitioner on this score.

34. However, in view of settled proposition of law and lapses pointed out in all the verifications (three in number), it cannot be said to be verification and affidavits as required and as such cannot fulfill the yardstick referred earlier, resulting in definite conclusion that the verifications on all the three documents offend the provision of Section 144(4) of The Act, by itself sufficient to non-suit the petitioner.

35. Though in the Index Sheet of Election Petition, it finds mentioned at Serial No.10 that affidavit with postal receipts and challan showing the deposit of fee is part of the file at pages 431-432.

However, same are available at pages 430-B to 430-F. Date on all the receipts is not visible, though month and year (March 2024) can be read. Likewise, weight of each parcel sent to respondents is not written.

As per Section 143(3) of The Act, the election petitioner shall serve a copy of the election petition alongwith all the annexures on each respondent, personally or by registered post or courier service, before or at the time of filing the election petition, and in order to support the stance, affidavit shall be annexed as required under Section 144(2)(c) of The Act.


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The words "Before or at the time of filing election petition" used in Section 143(3) of The Act ibid are important. For this purpose, again affidavit available at page-431 has to be examined. Bare perusal of the affidavit does not suggest the date when the documents sought to be sent were dispatched. However, verification mentions the date, i.e., 28th March, 2024 and it was attested (though defective) on 29th March, 2024, while petition was filed on 30th March 2024. However, the lapses in the

-Sd-

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verification and attestation, which have already been highlighted are important due to which the affidavit cannot be acted upon.

36. Another compulsion finds mentioned in Section 144(2)(a) of The Act, according to which complete list of witnesses and their statements on affidavits are required to be filed.

Complete list of witnesses is available at pages (16-17) of the file. While statements of witnesses in the form of affidavits are part of the record from pages-18 to 33.

Though all the affidavits contains verification and attestation, but same are ditto copies of verification-attestation made at pages (9)(15) and (431). Defects in later-mentioned documents have been highlighted in para (33) of the judgment. Since all the verifications-attestations as referred earlier are sailing in the same booth, therefore, deficiencies pointed out in para (33) of the judgment can be applied to these affidavits as well without any exception, another fatal blow to the case of petitioner.

37. The learned Counsel for the petitioner also banked upon the dictum laid down in "BASHIR AHMED BHANBHAN and another V. SHAUKAT ALI RAJPUR and others" (PLD 2004 SC 570), in which question of verification of a public document was a moot point before the Apex Court, which was dealt with the conclusion that notification issued by University and certificates issued by the Registrar declaring the degree of returned candidate as bogus as well as other certificates were public documents and same do not require any sort of verification.


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Similarly, in verification, the election petitioner in that particular case made verification without making distinction between the correctness of the paragraphs, according to his information and belief, respectively, and it was with this background held that the omission by itself would not be sufficient to non-suit the election petitioner.

-Sd-

There is no need to deal with the Ratio, as same has already been discussed with reference to the other precedents relied upon.

38. Viewed from whichever angle, the defects pointed out, patent in nature, are not curable, going to the root of the case, offending the mandate of the provisions of Sections 143 and 144 read with Section 145(1) of The Act.

39. Epitome of above discussion is that not only the application for casting proper issues, but also election petition is hereby dismissed, but without any order as to costs.

40. Record of the election petition be transmitted to the Election Commission of Pakistan as required under Section 160(2) of The Act.

Announced

16.06.2025.

— Sd —
(Justice (R) Mian Mohammad Bajwa)
Judge
Election Tribunal, Lahore.

— Sd —
Approved for reporting
Election Tribunal, Lahore.


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

ORDER SHEET
IN THE ELECTION TRIBUNAL, PUNJAB
LAHORE

Case No. Election Petition No. 02 of 2024

Muhammad Umar Linqat

VS Returning Officer, PP-33, Gujrat-VII &
Others.

S No	of Order proceedings	Date of Order Proceedings	Order with signature of Judge, and that of parties or counsel, where necessary

16.06.2025

11:45 AM

Nemo on behalf of parties.

Vide separate English Judgment of even date while sustaining the objections, preliminary issue is decided against the petitioner resulting in dismissal of election petition without any order as to cost.

2. Record of the election petition be sent to the Election Commission of Pakistan as required under Section 160(2) of The Elections Act, 2017.

Sd/-

(Justice (R) Memood Maqbool Bajwa)
Judge
Election Tribunal Lahore

[Signature]
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

IN THE ELECTION TRIBUNAL, PUNJAB
LAHORE

- 30 -

Case No. Election Petition No.2 of 2024.

MUHAMMAD UMAR LIAQAT VS RETURNING OFFICER, PP-33 GUJRAT & OTHERS

S.No	of Order proceedings	Date of Order Proceedings	Order with signature of Judge, and that of parties or counsel, where necessary
		04.06.2025 10:05 AM	Nemo on behalf of petitioner. Mr. Ali Raza Bhatti, Advocate, proxy counsel on behalf of Respondent No.4.

04.06.2025
10:05 AM Nemo on behalf of petitioner.
Mr. Ali Raza Bhatti, Advocate, proxy counsel on behalf of Respondent No.4.

Learned proxy counsel has maintained

that arguments were addressed by Mr. Umar

Aslam Advocate on behalf of respondent No.4 on

10th of March, 2025 and nothing is required to be

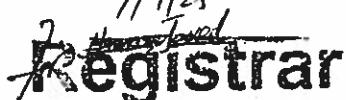
added as per instruction.

2. To come up after wait on behalf of
petitioner.


(Justice (R) Mehmood Maqbool Bajwa)
Judge
Election Tribunal Lahore

04.06.2025
11:30 AM Present Nemo on behalf of petitioner.

3. To come up after wait on behalf of
petitioner.

7/7/25
~~7/7/25~~

Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore


(Justice (R) Mehmood Maqbool Bajwa)
Judge
Election Tribunal Lahore

EP-02 of 2024

04.06.2025
12:34 PM Present

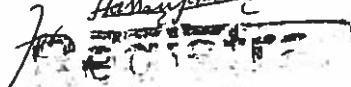
Ch. Parvaiz Elahi, Advocate for the petitioner.

4. Nemo on behalf of respondent No.4, at this time as proxy counsel on his behalf appeared at the first call.

5. An application has been made on behalf of petitioner for casting proper issues. The learned counsel for the petitioner was asked to submit arguments not only on the application but also on the question of maintainability of petition as the matter is being adjourned for lame excuses.

6. Arguments have been heard not only on the application submitted today but also on the question of maintainability of petition. To come up for announcement of order/judgment on 16th June, 2025.

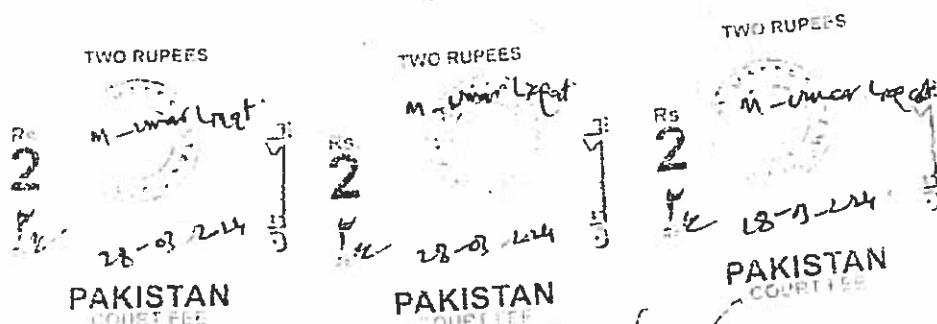
7. The learned counsel for the petitioner maintains that he wants to produce case law in order to support the arguments. He can submit the case law couple of days before the next date of hearing.

7/7/25
Hamayun Javed



(Justice (R) Mahmood Maqbool Bajwa)
Judge
Election Tribunal Lahore

2/24

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.



Election Petition No..... 20715 / 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat son of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Petitioner

Versus

1. Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat.
2. District Returning Officer Gujrat.
3. Election Commission of Pakistan through its Secretary Election Commission of Pakistan, Islamabad.
4. Syed Madad Ali Shah son of Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah, Resident of Kulewal Syedan, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
5. Nadeem Asghar Kaira son of Haji Muhammad Asghar Kaira, Resident of Kaira House lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
6. Muhammad Ali son of Abdul Malik, Resident of Kotla Arab Ali Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
7. Akhlaq Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
8. Asad Ali son of Mukhtar Ahmad, Resident of Jilyani, Post Office Dewna Mandi, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
9. Bilal Hussain son of Tufail Hussain, Resident of Kotla Qasim Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
10. Pervaiz Ellahi son of Fazal Ellahi, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil kharian, District Gujrat.
11. Chaudry Ijaz Ahmed son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
12. Ch. Rukhsar Mohiu Din son of Muhammad Zaman, Resident of House No. 56-B, Muhalla Saida Gole, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
13. Ch. Sajjad Ahmed son of Ch. Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Miana Dahu, Post office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
14. Ch. Muhammad Khalid Bashir son of Ch. Bashir Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
15. Ch. Naeem Akhtar son of Choudry Mian Khan, Resident of Jhanday Wali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

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16. Hassan Babar son of Babar Rashid, Resident of Muhalla Kaira, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
17. Hafeez Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul Lateef, Muhalla Main Bazar Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
18. Haq Nawaz son of Faiz Ahmed, Resident of Mandher, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
19. Hamza Qamar Kaira son of Qamer Zaman Kaira, Resident of Kaira House Muhalla Kaira Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
20. Hanifan Bibi wife of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
21. Raja Asad Iqbal son of Raja Saber, Resident of Bhota, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
22. Raza Ali Mumtaz son of Choudry Mumtaz Hussain, Post office Khas Dewna, Tehsil and District Gujrat.
23. Zahid Hussain son of Muhammad Akram, Resident of Thekrian, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
24. Sajid Yousaf son of Muhammad Yousaf, Resident of Channi Nikkowani, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
25. Syed Haider Ali son of Syed Ihsan Ullah, Resident of House No. 112, Street No. 3, IJ Colony Kharian Cantt., Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
26. Saif Ur Rehman son of Muhammad Suleiman, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
27. Shakil Hussain son of Talib Hussain, Resident of House No. 10/195, Street Qari Abdul Lateef Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
28. Shahzad Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Dewna, Post Office Basco, Tehsil & District Gujrat.
29. Abdul Saeed Chaudhry son of Chaudry Mushtaq Ahmed, Resident of Kundawana House, Chak Dina, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
30. Ali Azim son of Abdul Khalil, Resident of Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
31. Ghulam Abbass son of Ghulam Hussain, Resident of Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
32. Mujahid Ashraf son of Muhammad Ashraf, Resident of Muhalla Sabr Kot, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
33. Muhammad Ayoub Butt son of Muhammad Bashir, House No. 285/20, Muhalla Water Tainki, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
34. Muhammad Tasleef ul Islam son of Muhammad Ikramuddin, Resident of House No. 13-A/72, Street No. Ali Chakian, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
35. Muhammad Rizwan son of Gulzar Ahmed, Resident of Bhaddar Post Office Bihaal, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
36. Muhammad Sagheer son of Muhammad Bashir, Resident of Thekrian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
37. Muhammad Abdullah Arshad son of Ch. Muhammad Arshad, Resident of Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
38. Nasir Ali son of Muhammad Shafi, Resident of Ghali Mandi, House No. 10/50, Muhalla Band Kocha, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.


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39. Nabeel Shahzad son of Sardar Khan, Resident of Chak Pindi, Post Office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
40. Yasir Iqbal son of Ch. Muhammad Iqbal, Resident of Jhandaywali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

Respondents

**ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139
OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE
139 OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL
ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.**

Respectfully Sheweth,

1. That the addresses of parties in the captioned of the tilted petition are true and correct for affecting the services to the parties and other ancillary matters thereto.
2. That the concise facts and defining features of the present case, which leading to the institution of instant petition are delineated in the following paras-
3. That the brief facts of the case are that the petitioner contested the election for the seat of PP-33 Gujrat VII, Provincial Assembly, Punjab. List of validly nominated candidates in the Form 32 is annex herewith as ANNEXURE-A.
4. That the election held on 08.02.2024 and as per result of the 230 Polling Stations, the petitioner won the election by gaining majority but unfortunately the Returning Officer with connivance and joining hand with the respondent No. 4 in contravention of the Forms 45 issued by the presiding officer prepared Form 47 and thereafter Form 49 and in-spite of the fact that the petitioner obtained 42346/- votes and Syed Madad Ali Shah obtained 21,422/- votes but they declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat. VII.
5. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the respondents No. 1 to 4 and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in spite of

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Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore

securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore, the petitioner seeks kind indulgence of the Election Tribunal/Court inter alia on the following;

GROUNDS

- A. That the petitioner is the son of Ch. Liaqat Ali Bhaddar who remained member of Provincial Assembly of Punjab for 1985, 1997, 2017 and the father of petitioner belongs to Pakistan Tehreek Insaf and lastly contest the election upon the ticket of PTI and remained Parliamentary Secretary in the last Provincial Assembly on the recommendation of party head Imran Khan as it is evident that the PTI is not allowed the Party symbol by the decision of Election Commission of Pakistan which subsequently upheld by the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan.
- B. That further necessary to mention here that the petitioner's family decides to contest the election from their native constituency, petitioner his covering candidate his real brother Ali Liaqat and the mother Hanifan Bibi submitted their nomination papers to the Returning Officer/respondent No. 1 which were rejected in scrutiny Process on lame excuses, petitioner, his brother and mother aggrieved by the rejection order filed Election Appeal before Lahore High Court Lahore and by virtue of the orders dated 09.01.2024, petitioner, his brother and mother's nomination papers were allowed by the Lahore High Court Lahore but all in vain when thereafter the nomination papers of his real brother were unilaterally withdrawn by the stranger and real brother again filed writ petition No. 3125/2024 which was allowed by Honorable Lahore High Court Lahore.
- C. That the forces well known to GOD not wanted that either petitioner or his other family members contest election and they further raided on the house of petitioner on 29.01.2024 and


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abduct the employees namely (i) Mushtaq Ahmed (ii) Arslan (iii) Waseem Abbass with them and they continuously remained in their custody till the completion of the election process., i.e. 08.02.2024 this was the back ground in which the petitioner contest the election.

- D. That the petitioner as well as his supporters were not allowed by the forces to do campaign, factually not a single election meeting could be held in these circumstances but in-spite of this fact and by the grace of ALLAH ALMIGHTY, the petitioner won the election but the election commission of Pakistan declared respondent No. 4 as returned candidate out of 230 Polling Stations in whole of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat, VII and as per polling stations detail, the petitioner secured 42,346/- votes and won the election by margin of 21,422/-. The detail of polling stations results & copies of the Form 45 are annex herewith as Annexure B & C for kind perusal of this Honorable Court.
- E. That the election held on 08.02.2024 and at the time of announcement of election results, polling agents of the petitioner got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.


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Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

- F. That the petitioner through his representation to the Respondents No. 1 & 2 and election commission of Pakistan seeking the results as per vote casted and the result as per forms 45 issued by presiding officer but unfortunately Respondent No. 1 has not allowed the petitioner or his agent to participate at the time of provisional as well as final consolidations of result which is a corrupt and illegal practice on his part.
- G. That the petitioner immediately rushed to the election commission of Pakistan/respondent No. 3 against this state of affairs, and moved an application regarding malpractice held against the petitioner by the returning officer, therefore, the petitioner filed his application/representation on 12.02.2024 and later on appeared on 15 Feb, 21 Feb, 29 Feb, 13 March and again adjourned for 21 March 2024 but all in vain as it was very easy for the election commission of Pakistan to decide the representation of the petitioner but up-till now said representation has not been decided by the Election Commission of Pakistan. Copy of order dated 12.02.2024 is annex herewith as ANNEXURE-D.
- H. That the petitioner seeks restraining order through filling the petition before learned Election Commission of Pakistan but unfortunately the commission not issued the restraining order and as such during the concurrence of pendency of representation, Returning Officer issued the final consolidation result as per Form 49, unfortunately neither the Returning Officer nor the election commission of Pakistan decided the representation/objections of the petitioner on the irregularities or illegalities committed by the returned candidate while joining hands with the Returning Officer.
- I. That the petitioner has almost complete form 45 with sign and signatures of the presiding officer which is evident that the petitioner is the returned candidate but unfortunately instead of declaring the petitioner as returned candidate in Form 47 & 49,

respondents No. 1 to 3 declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate in Form 47 & 49 with malice and ulterior motives while playing fraud by using illegal practice, the Returning Officer not issued the result as per form 45s and a person who stood at Number 4 is declared as returned candidate which amounts to franchised murder of the people of the PP-33 and they have deprived the true representative, therefore, the result of returned candidate is liable to be declared illegal and void ab-initio and after the fulfilling of the cordial formalities, scrutinizing the Form 45, this tribunal may very kindly be declared the petitioner as returned candidate in place of Syed Madad Ali Shah. Copies of Form 47 & 49 are annex herewith as ANNEXURE- E & F.

- J. That the will of the people have been snatched through issuance of the impugned notification of the returned candidate who otherwise obtained 21,422/- votes and people of the PP-33 who awarded the petitioner more than 42,000/- votes, has been deprived from issuance of notification in the Form of 47 & 49, it is case of illegal practice as the result of returned candidate is void and the petitioner is the lawful and qualified returned candidate.
- K. That the results obtained by the respondent No. 4/ Syed Madad Ali Shah is patently illegal and the petitioner who otherwise obtained almost double vote is at the mercy of this Tribunal/Court, therefore, the result of the returned candidate may be declared obtained on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice and consequently the petitioner be declared the successful and returned candidate in place of Syed Madad Ali Shah.
- L. That total vote of the constituency of PP-33 in accordance with fabricated Form-47 is 316,651/- and petitioner secured 20,149/- respondent No. 4 secured 35,351/- the respondent No. 5 secured 26,328/- and respondent No. 6 secured 23,248/- and valid vote

poled are 131,655/- whereas rejected votes are 5,357/- but surprisingly in Form 49, Returning Officer again made a result as follow, total polled votes are 149,181/-, rejected votes are 4759, respondent No. 4 secured 35,492/-, respondent No. 5 secured 28,447/-, respondent No. 6 secured 25,347/- and petitioner secured 28,323/- votes and respondent No. 1 issued contradicted Forms 47 & 49 just to frustrate the result of petitioner, therefore how can Returning Officer justified two different results as per form 47 and form 49 in contravention of form 45 issued by presiding officers of PP-33, this clearly indicates that illegal & unlawful practice has been done by the respondent No. 1 to 4 in order to deprive the petitioner to represent the will of people of constituency of PP-33.

M. That any other ground may very kindly be agitated at the time of arguments of the petition.

PRAYER

It is therefore most humbly prayed that this petition may very kindly be allowed and declared as under,

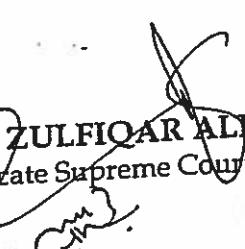
- (i) *Election of the returned candidate may very kindly be declared void and in lieu of Syed Madad Ali Shah, petitioner may very kindly be declared as returned Candidate on the basis of secured votes as petitioner secured 42,346/- votes and won the election by margin of 21,422/-.*
- (ii) *It is further declared that out of 37 candidate, the petitioner obtained 42,346/- votes, and lastly Syed Madad Ali Shah secured 21,422/- votes and a person who obtained the vote at fourth number how can he be declared returned candidate, therefore, petitioner may very kindly be declared as returned candidate on the basis of form 45.*

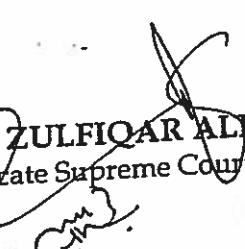

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(iii) Any other relief which this Honorable Tribunal/Court deems fit may also very kindly be awarded.


Petitioner

Through


CH. ZULFIQAR ALI
Advocate Supreme Court


CH. PERVAIZ ELLAHI
Advocate of High Court
REHMAN LAW ASSOCIATES
1st Floor Gardee Trust Building,
Nappier Road, Lahore.

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 27th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.


ATTESTED
MALIK TAZAKAT HUSSAIN
OATH SENDER
Lahore High Court, Lahore
Notification No. 114 Date/03/2024
Expiry Date: 03/03/2025


Petitioner


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....20715/2024
Muhammad Umar Liaqat
Versus
Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT,
2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH
ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.



AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Umar Liaqat son of Ch. Liaqat Ali, Resident
of Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

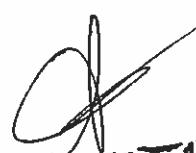
- 1) That the brief facts of the case are that the petitioner contested the election for the seat of PP-33 Gujrat VII, Provincial Assembly, Punjab.
- 2) That the election held on 08.02.2024 and as per result of the 230 Polling Stations, the petitioner won the election by gaining majority but unfortunately the Returning Officer with connivance and joining hand with the respondent No. 4 in contravention of the Forms 45 issued by the presiding officer prepared Form 47 and thereafter Form 49 and in-spite of the fact that the petitioner obtained 42346/- votes and Syed Madad Ali Shah obtained 21,422/- votes but they declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat, VII.
- 3) That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the respondents No. 1 to 4 and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore

Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore, the petitioner seeks kind indulgence of the Election Tribunal/Court inter alia on the following;

GROUNDS

- a) That the petitioner is the son of Ch. Liaqat Ali Bhaddar who remained member of Provincial Assembly of Punjab for 1985, 1997, 2017 and the father of petitioner belongs to Pakistan Tehreek Insaf and lastly contest the election upon the ticket of PTI and remained Parliamentary Secretary in the last Provincial Assembly on the recommendation of party head Imran Khan as it is evident that the PTI is not allowed the Party symbol by the decision of Election Commission of Pakistan which subsequently upheld by the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan.
- b) That further necessary to mention here that the petitioner's family decides to contest the election from their native constituency, petitioner his covering candidate his real brother Ali Liaqat and the mother Hanifan Bibi submitted their nomination papers to the Returning Officer/respondent No. 1 which were rejected in scrutiny Process on lame excuses, petitioner, his brother and mother aggrieved by the rejection order filed Election Appeal before Lahore High Court Lahore and by virtue of the orders dated 09.01.2024, petitioner, his brother and mother's nomination papers were allowed by the Lahore High Court Lahore but all in vain when thereafter the nomination papers of his real brother were unilaterally withdrawn by the stranger and real brother again filed writ petition No. 3125/2024 which was allowed by Honorable Lahore High Court Lahore.
- c) That the forces well known to GOD not wanted that either petitioner or his other family members contest election and they further raided on the house of petitioner on 29.01.2024 and abduct the employees namely (i)


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10-Court Street, Lahore

Mushtaq Ahmed (ii) Arslan (iii) Waseem Abbass with them and they continuously remained in their custody till the completion of the election process., i.e. 08.02.2024 this was the back ground in which the petitioner contest the election.

- d) That the petitioner as well as his supporters were not allowed by the forces to do campaign, factually not a single election meeting could be held in these circumstances but in-spite of this fact and by the grace of ALLAH ALMIGHTY, the petitioner won the election but the election commission of Pakistan declared respondent No. 4 as returned candidate out of 230 Polling Stations in whole of the constituency of PP-33 Gujrat. VII and as per polling stations detail, the petitioner secured 42,346/- votes and won the election by margin of 21,422/-. The detail of polling stations results & copies of the Form 45 are annex herewith as Annexure B & C for kind perusal of this Honorable Court.
- e) That the election held on 08.02.2024 and at the time of announcement of election results, polling agents of the petitioner got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the office staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.


for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

- f) That the petitioner through his representation to the Respondents No. 1 & 2 and election commission of Pakistan seeking the results as per vote casted and the result as per forms 45 issued by presiding officer but unfortunately Respondent No. 1 has not allowed the petitioner or his agent to participate at the time of provisional as well as final consolidations of result which is a corrupt and illegal practice on his part.
- g) That the petitioner immediately rushed to the election commission of Pakistan/respondent No. 3 against this state of affairs, and moved an application regarding malpractice held against the petitioner by the returning officer, therefore, the petitioner filed his application/representation on 12.02.2024 and later on appeared on 15 Feb, 21 Feb, 29 Feb, 13 March and again adjourned for 21 March 2024 but all in vain as it was very easy for the election commission of Pakistan to decide the representation of the petitioner but up-till now said representation has not been decided by the Election Commission of Pakistan.
- h) That the petitioner seeks restraining order through filling the petition before learned Election Commission of Pakistan but unfortunately the commission not issued the restraining order and as such during the concurrence of pendency of representation, Returning Officer issued the final consolidation result as per Form 49, unfortunately neither the Returning Officer nor the election commission of Pakistan decided the representation/objections of the petitioner on the irregularities or illegalities committed by the returned candidate while joining hands with the Returning Officer.
- i) That the petitioner has almost complete form 45 with sign and signatures of the presiding officer which is evident that the petitioner is the returned candidate but unfortunately instead of declaring the petitioner as returned candidate in Form 47 & 49 respondents No. 1




Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

to 3 declared the respondent No. 4 as returned candidate in Form 47 & 49 with malice and ulterior motives while playing fraud by using illegal practice, the Returning Officer not issued the result as per form 45s and a person who stood at Number 4 is declared as returned candidate which amounts to franchised murder of the people of the PP-33 and they have deprived the true representative, therefore, the result of returned candidate is liable to be declared illegal and void ab-initio and after the fulfilling of the cordial formalities, scrutinizing the Form 45, this tribunal may very kindly be declared the petitioner as returned candidate in place of Syed Madad Ali Shah.

- j) That the will of the people have been snatched through issuance of the impugned notification of the returned candidate who otherwise obtained 21,422/- votes and people of the PP-33 who awarded the petitioner more than 42,000/- votes, has been deprived from issuance of notification in the Form of 47 & 49, it is case of illegal practice as the result of returned candidate is void and the petitioner is the lawful and qualified returned candidate.
- k) That the results obtained by the respondent No. 4/ Syed Madad Ali Shah is patently illegal and the petitioner who otherwise obtained almost double vote is at the mercy of this Tribunal/Court, therefore, the result of the returned candidate may be declared obtained on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice and consequently the petitioner be declared the successful and returned candidate in place of Syed Madad Ali Shah.
- l) That total vote of the constituency of PP-33 in accordance with fabricated Form-47 is 316,651/- and petitioner secured 20,149/- respondent No. 4 secured 35,351/- the respondent No. 5 secured 26,328/- and respondent No. 6 secured 23,248/- and valid vote polled are 131,655/- whereas rejected votes are 5,357/- but surprisingly in Form 49, Returning Officer again made a result as follow, total polled votes are 149,181/-, rejected



[Handwritten signature]
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

votes are 4759, respondent No. 4 secured 35,492/-, respondent No. 5 secured 28,447/-, respondent No. 6 secured 25,347/- and petitioner secured 28,323/- votes and respondent No. 1 issued contradicted Forms 47 & 49 just to frustrate the result of petitioner, therefore how can Returning Officer justified two different results as per form 47 and form 49 in contravention of form 45 issued by presiding officers of PP-33, this clearly indicates that illegal & unlawful practice has been done by the respondent No. 1 to 4 in order to deprive the petitioner to represent the will of people of constituency of PP-33.



Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 27th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

Declared on Oath before me
On 27/03/2024
Mr. Nazir Hussain
S/o. Test. I.L.
R/o. Rawalpindi
Identified by: MR. NAZIR HUSSAIN

(MR. NAZIR HUSSAIN)
Oath Commissioner
Court of High Court, Lahore.
Identification no: 41/02/2024(b)1
Dated: 16-03-27
Term Expiry Date: 15-03-25

ATTESTED

(MR. NAZIR HUSSAIN)
Oath Commissioner
Court of High Court, Lahore.
Identification no: 41/02/2024(b)1
Dated: 16-03-27
Term Expiry Date: 15-03-25
55202-2076534-5
0329-8324515

Deponent

[Signature]
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN

Election Petition No. /2024

Election Petition No. 20715/2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer, PP-33, Gujrat & Others

REPLY ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT NO. 4 TO ELECTION
PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH
ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW

Respectfully Sheweth: -

Preliminary Objections: -

1. That the Election Petition is not maintainable in its present form and is liable to be dismissed summarily for having been filed without complying with the mandatory provisions of Elections Act, 2017 (the "Elections Act") and the rules framed thereunder i.e. Election Rules 2017 (the "Rules"). The Election Petition does not fulfill the mandatory requirements couched in Section 142, 143 & 144 of the Elections Act. It has consistently been held by Supreme Court of Pakistan that non-compliance of the mandatory requirements of the Election Laws entail penal consequences and petition with such statutory defects ought to be rejected summarily under Section 145 of the Elections Act.

2. That the Election Petition is not properly verified as required under Section 144(4) of the Elections Act and is therefore, liable to be summarily rejected for carrying defective verification. According to law which has been finally settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan in the case titled "Lt. Col. Naeel.) Ghazanfar Abbas Shah Versus Mehr Khalid Mehmood Sargana and others" reported as 2015 SCMR 1585, the Oath Commissioner is required to specifically state and certify while verifying the contents of the election petition that the petitioner appeared before him and he administered oath to

Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

the petitioner as per rule 16 of the High Court Rules and Orders, Chapter No. 12, Volume, No. IV. It has further been held in the above case that the Oath Commissioner is required to identify the deponent in the manner as required under rule 11 ibid and to attest the affidavit as required under rule 12 ibid. It is also obvious from the alleged attestation that no place of administering oath and attestation has been mentioned therein. There is absolutely no identifier of the deponent mentioned in the stamp of the Oath Commissioner. The purported verification fails to fulfill mandatory requirements as held by the Supreme Court; therefore, the Election Petition is liable to be summarily rejected. These inherent defects have rendered the verification available on the Election Petition, as well as, on the affidavit meaningless and against the law. The verification of the affidavit appended with the Election Petition is defective on all fours. Reliance in this context is placed on 2015 SCMR 1585 wherein at page 1599 the Supreme Court observed as follows: -

"Therefore, if the election petition has not been verified in accordance with law, this cannot be treated as a curable defect and the Election Tribunal particularly after the lapse of the period of limitation prescribed for filing of election petition, cannot permit the election petitioner to cure the same".

3. That as per Section 144 of the Act, 2017 contents of Petition need to be signed and verified in manner prescribed under the law, the same is reproduced for facility of ready reference,

(4) An election petition and its annexures shall be signed by the petitioner and the petition shall be verified in the manner laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 (Act V of 1908) for the verification of pleadings

The aforesaid section clearly demonstrate that the Election Petition must be verified in the manner laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908. The relevant provision i.e. Order VI Rule 15 CPC is reproduced herein below for ready reference;

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

Order VI Rule 15 CPC

(1) Save as otherwise provided by any law for the time being in force, every pleading shall be verified (on oath or solemn affirmation) at the foot by the

party or by the one of the parties pleading or by some other person proved to the satisfaction of the Court to be acquainted with the facts of the case.

(2) That person verifying shall specify, by reference to the numbered paragraphs of the pleading, what he verifies of his own knowledge and what he verifies upon information received and believed to be true.

(3) The verification shall be signed by the person making it and shall state the date on which and the place at which it was signed

4. That the provisions of Section 144 (4) of the "Elections Act 2017" are mandatory in nature as the spirit of law is to ensure that the person making the allegation of corrupt practice realizes the seriousness thereof as such a charge would be akin to a criminal charge, since it entails the party indulging in such practice with different penalties. It is, therefore, equally essential that the particulars of the charge or allegation are clearly and precisely stated on oath in the election petition to afford a fair opportunity to the person against whom it is leveled to effectively counter the same. In this regard, Reliance is also placed on the judgments pronounced by the Superior Courts of the Country from time to time regarding verification of Election Petition In terms of the provisions of the Representation of People Act 1976 and Elections Act, 2017. The Petition has not been verified at all in accordance with law and the verification of Election Petition has not been made on Oath before Oath Commissioner as required under the law as the Oath has not been administered according to the provisions Oath Act.1878. It shows that the Petitioner never appeared before the Oath Commissioner for verification of the Election Petition in contravention to the mandatory requirement of law, consequently making the election petition incompetent and liable to be summary rejection. The purposed verification did not mention that the contents of the affidavit were read over to the deponent in violation of Lahore High Court Rules & Order Vol IV, Chap. 12, Rule 14. The Oath Commissioner in purported verification clause did not "verify" the Oath before him nor "attested" the


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Election Tribunal, Lahore
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Petitioner before the Oath Commission nor the Oath Commissioner mentioned that Petitioner personally known to him. Full particulars of the Oath Commissioner are not mentioned on the purported verification.

5. That the annexures are not signed by the Petitioner at all. In view of Section 144, 145 of the Elections Act, Order VI of CPC, Lahore High Court Rules and Orders and Judgments pronounced by the Supreme Court of Pakistan, it is the case of the Answering Respondent that the Election Petition filed by the Petitioner is liable to summary rejection due to failure to verify the same in accordance with law.
6. That the Petition is liable to be dismissed for want of compliance of Section 143(3), 144(1)(a) (b) and 144(4) of the Elections Act. The Petitioner never served the Election Petition with its annexures, at least, upon the Answering Respondent. It is evident from the pleadings of Election Petition that the Election Petition is conspicuously silent in this regard. The Election Petition along with its annexures has not been delivered or served upon the Answering Respondent therefore, the Election Petition is liable to be summarily rejected under Section 145 of the Elections Act. It is a settled proposition that when the law prescribes a certain format for an election petition and its verification on oath, and provides penal consequences for its non-compliance, said provision has to be followed in letter and spirit by an Election Tribunal. In the instant case neither the election petition nor the annexures therewith have been signed by the Petitioner as required by Section 144(4) of the Elections Act, 2017 which is fatal to the competence of same.
7. That a vague and evasive affidavit of service has been attached with the Petition which neither specifies the date of delivery of the Election Petition nor any receipts have been attached with the Petition. Moreover, the affidavit itself does not contain any verification and is, thus, completely defective and unworthy of any consideration. Even otherwise in the affidavit, the Petitioner has not stated that he has served the entire petition along with all its annexures as required by law. List of witnesses presented with the petition does not contain any justification for the production of the said witnesses and is therefore, in violation of rule 145 of the Election Rules, 2017. The affidavits of the witnesses attached with the petition have not been attested by any oath commissioner and thus, are inconsequential. The election petition is, therefore, liable to be dismissed on this short ground alone.


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8. That the Petitioner has no "Prima Facie", satisfactory case in her favor, justifying the filing of the "Election Petition" on the basis of which any interference can be ordered by this Tribunal. The legislature has incorporated specific provisions in the Elections Act and for the purpose of filing an Election Petition, Section 139 of the Elections Act provides remedy but that remedy only caters for redressing genuine grievances, if any, of a candidate who contested election. The provisions of the Elections Act are not intended for providing an opportunity to a losing candidate to misuse these provisions for throwing undue challenges on the election process in order to make out political gains after losing the election.
9. That the Election Petition merits dismissal as it is hit by the provisions contained in section 144 (1) (a) (b) of the Elections Act which requires that every Election Petition shall contain precise statement on which the Petitioner relies. Sub-Clause (a) & (b) of the said section further imposes a condition that an Election Petition must disclose full particulars of any corrupt or illegal practice or other illegal acts alleged to have been committed, including the names of the parties and modes and manner leading to commission of corrupt practices or illegal acts. The law further mandates that the date and place of the commission of such practices or acts have to be specifically incorporated with material particulars for the maintainability of the Election Petition. The term corrupt or illegal practice is not a term of art or something alien to the scheme of law relating to election disputes. Corrupt Practice has been defined in Section 167 of the Elections Act and implies that for alleging the allegation of Corrupt Practice what contents have to be incorporated in an Election Petition. In the instant case no details or material particulars have been incorporated in the Election Petition and the Petitioner has opted to level vague, flimsy, baseless and unsubstantiated allegations without providing material particulars and any details in this respect. The above is merely a reflection of the contents of the Election Petition. Neither any name nor details or the manner of the so-called alleged rigging and illegalities have been spelt out in the Election Petition, therefore, the same is without any merits and is to be dismissed in view of non-compliance of provisions of section 144 of the Elections Act.


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10. That the Petitioner is guilty of tampering the record produced by him before this Tribunal. He is, thus, liable to be proceeded against for such blatant fraud. The answering Respondent will highlight the interpolation committed by the Election Petitioner during the course of hearing of this case.
11. That the Petitioner has most illegally impleaded the Respondents No. 1 to 3, as parties to the Petition in complete derogation of section 143 of Election Act, 2017 which clearly ordains that only the contesting candidates will be joined as Respondents and any other party may be added if, so, directed by the Election Tribunal. The election petition under reply is therefore, liable to be dismissed on this ground as well.
12. That the instant Petition is manifestly incompetent and is, therefore, liable to be dismissed.

On Facts:-

1. Paragraphs No. 1 to 3 need no reply.
2. Paragraphs No. 4 and 5 are denied. Allegations levelled by the Petitioner in the paragraphs is only pigmentation of his imagination having no bearing with the reality or as to how the events have played out. Contents of the corresponding paragraphs are controverted to be incorrect, false and misleading. It goes without saying that the Forms 45 relied upon by the Petitioner are fake and fabricated photocopies, which have been created by the Petitioner to add merit to a hopeless case. At no stage of the Election did the count of vote reflect that the votes of the Petitioner were 42346/-.

GROUPS:-


Registrar

A. Grounds A & B are a matter of record.
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore

B. Grounds C to M are denied. Unfortunately, as any other losing candidate, the Petitioner has resorted to leveling false accusations. As a matter of fact, after due consolidation carried out strictly in accordance with the results delivered

to the Returning Officer, he prepared form 47 whereby the answering Respondent was shown as the returned candidate. All the Presiding Officers of the concerned polling stations after undertaking proper count of votes issued Forms 45, which were immediately transmitted to the Returning Officer. The said forms were also duly uploaded on Election Commission of Pakistan's website. The entire story put forth in the paragraphs along with details of the polling stations is absolutely false and vexatious as also without any merit. Paragraphs under reply are accordingly controverted with the plea that the Petitioner is relying on fabricated evidence to inject some sort of merits in the Election Petition. Election Petition merits dismissal as it is hit by the provisions contained in section 144 (1) (a) (b) of the Elections Act which requires that every Election Petition shall contain precise statement on which the Petitioner relies. Sub-Clause (a) & (b) of the said section further imposes a condition that an Election Petition must disclose full particulars of any corrupt or illegal practice or other illegal acts alleged to have been committed, including the names of the parties and modes and manner leading to commission of corrupt practices or illegal acts. The law further mandates that the date and place of the commission of such practices or acts have to be specifically incorporated with material particulars for the maintainability of the Election Petition. The term corrupt or illegal practice is not a term of art or something alien to the scheme of law relating to election disputes. Corrupt Practice has been defined in Section 167 of the Elections Act and implies that for alleging the allegation of Corrupt Practice what contents have to be incorporated in an Election Petition. In the instant case no details or material particulars have been incorporated in the Election Petition and the Petitioner has opted to level vague, flimsy, baseless and unsubstantiated allegations without providing material particulars and any details in this respect. The above is merely a reflection of the contents of the Election Petition. Neither any name nor details or the manner of the so-called alleged rigging and illegalities have been spelt out in the Election Petition, therefore, the same is


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without any merits and is liable to be dismissed in view of non-compliance of provisions of section 144 of the Elections Act. Forms-45 are been annexed herewith on the basis of which the returned candidate was declared successful and same is also per the record being maintained. The Petitioner has attributed collusion, inter alia, to the Respondents No 1 to 3 without seeking permission of the Court to do so. The Petitioner is not on

a fishing expedition and is raising all possible grounds for maintaining an Election Petition but has no solid evidence. The Petitioner who claims that Forms 45 within the constituency were tampered is now asking this Tribunal to undertake a fishing expedition and merely for that sake he is requesting for inspection of the counted ballot paper and counter foil.

It is therefore, most respectfully prayed that the instant Election Petition may kindly be dismissed, being without any merit whatsoever. Exemplary cost be also imposed upon the Petitioner in view of the frivolous nature of this Election Petition.



Respondent No.4

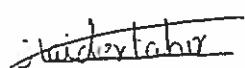
Through

BARRISTER UMER ASLAM
Advocate Supreme Court
Supreme Court of Pakistan
LL.B (Princ) B.A LL.B
PGDLS Legal Practice, J.S.S.U.London



Barrister Umer Aslam
Advocate Supreme Court

Umer Centre, F-8, Islamabad
G.F.I. No. 10-Court Street, Lahore



Sardar Haider Tahir
Advocate High Court

Office: -

Sardar Muhammad Aslam Law Associates
Flats No 1 & 2, 1st Floor, Block 13-F,
Umer Centre, F-8 Markaz, Islamabad
0321-5959925



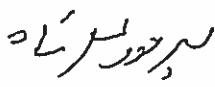
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

Verification of Oath Commissioner:-

It is certified that Syed Madad Ali Shah s/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah holding CNIC No. 34202-9267316-3 appeared before me at Lahore High Court, Lahore at 11.00 Am on 02.12.2024, where I administered oath to him and he was identified by his original CNIC and has also been identified by his Advocate Sardar Haider Tahir, S/o Tahir Sabir, Advocate High Court bearing CNIC No 37405-7759530-5.

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore this 02nd day of December, 2024 that the contents of preliminary objections, Para Nos. 1 to 02 and Grounds are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.


Respondent No.4

It is certified that the above oath has been administered by me and verification is made before Syed Madad Ali Shah s/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah holding CNIC No. 34202-9267316-3, at 11.00 Am on 02.12.2024, as mentioned above.

Oath Commissioner

Dated 02.12.2024

Time: 11.00 Am

Location Lahore High Court

02-12-24
Syed Madad Ali Shah
Sardar Haider Tahir
11:00 AM

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN

Election Petition No. /2024

Election Petition No. 20715/2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer, PP-33, Gujrati & Others

REPLY ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT NO. 4 TO ELECTION PETITION
UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL
ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW

Affidavit of Syed Madad Ali Shah s/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah CNIC
No 34202-9267316-3, R/o Kulewal Syedan, Post office Lalamusa,
Tehsil Kharaiyan, District Gujrati

- I. the above-named Deponent do hereby solemnly affirm and declare on oath that,
- I. That the Election Petition is not maintainable in its present form and is liable to be dismissed summarily for having been filed without complying with the mandatory provisions of Elections Act, 2017 (the "Elections Act") and the rules framed thereunder i.e. Election Rules 2017 (the "Rules"). The Election Petition does not fulfill the mandatory requirements couched in Section 142, 143 & 144 of the Elections Act. It has consistently been held by Supreme Court of Pakistan that non-compliance of the mandatory requirements of the Election Laws entail penal consequences and petition with such statutory defects ought to be rejected summarily under Section 145 of the Elections Act.
- II. That the Election Petition is not properly verified as required under Section 144(4) of the Elections Act and is therefore, liable to be summarily rejected for carrying defective verification. According to law which has been finally settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan in the case titled "Lt. Col. (Retd.) Ghazanfar Abbas Shah Versus Mehr Khalid Mehmood Sargana and Others" reported as 2015 SCMR 1585, the Oath Commissioner is required to specifically state and certify while verifying the contents of the election petition that the petitioner appeared before him and he administered oath to


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the petitioner as per rule 16 of the High Court Rules and Orders, Chapter No. 12, Volume, No. IV. It has further been held in the above case that the Oath Commissioner is required to identify the deponent in the manner as required under rule 11 ibid and to attest the affidavit as required under rule 12 ibid. It is also obvious from the alleged attestation that no place of administering oath and attestation has been mentioned therein. There is absolutely no identifier of the deponent mentioned in the stamp of the Oath Commissioner. The purported verification fails to fulfill mandatory requirements as held by the Supreme Court; therefore, the Election Petition is liable to be summarily rejected. These inherent defects have rendered the verification available on the Election Petition, as well as, on the affidavit meaningless and against the law. The verification of the affidavit appended with the Election Petition is defective on all fours. Reliance in this context is placed on 2015 SCMR 1585 wherein at page 1599 the Supreme Court observed as follows: -

"Therefore, if the election petition has not been verified in accordance with law, this cannot be treated as a curable defect and the Election Tribunal particularly after the lapse of the period of limitation prescribed for filing of election petition, cannot permit the election petitioner to cure the same".

- III. That as per Section 144 of the Act, 2017 contents of Petition need to be signed and verified in manner prescribed under the law, the same is reproduced for facility of ready reference,

(4) An election petition and its annexures shall be signed by the petitioner and the petition shall be verified in the manner laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 (Act V of 1908) for the verification of pleadings

for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

The aforesaid section clearly demonstrate that the Election Petition must be verified in the manner laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908. The relevant provision i.e. Order VI Rule 15 CPC is reproduced herein below for ready reference;

- (1) Save as otherwise provided by any law for the time being in force, every pleading shall be verified (on oath or solemn affirmation) at the foot by the party or by the one of the parties pleading or by some other person proved to the satisfaction of the Court to be acquainted with the facts of the case.
- (2) That person verifying shall specify, by reference to the numbered paragraphs of the pleading, what he verifies of his own knowledge and what he verifies upon information received and believed to be true.
- (3) The verification shall be signed by the person making it and shall state the date on which and the place at which it was signed

IV. That the provisions of Section 144 (4) of the "Elections Act 2017" are mandatory in nature as the spirit of law is to ensure that the person making the allegation of corrupt practice realizes the seriousness thereof as such a charge would be akin to a criminal charge, since it entails the party indulging in such practice with different penalties. It is, therefore, equally essential that the particulars of the charge or allegation are clearly and precisely stated on oath in the election petition to afford a fair opportunity to the person against whom it is leveled to effectively counter the same. In this regard, Reliance is also placed on the judgments pronounced by the Superior Courts of the Country from time to time regarding verification of Election Petition in terms of the provisions of the Representation of People Act 1976 and Elections Act, 2017. The Petition has not been verified at all in accordance with law and the verification of Election Petition has not been made on Oath before Oath Commissioner as required under the law as the Oath has not been administered according to the provisions Oath Act 1878. It shows that the Petitioner never appeared before the Oath Commissioner for verification of the Election Petition in contravention to the mandatory requirement of law, consequently

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making the election petition incompetent and liable to be summary rejection. The proposed verification did not mention that the contents of the affidavit were read over to the deponent in violation of Lahore High Court Rules & Order Vol IV, Chap. 12, Rule 14. The Oath Commissioner in purported verification above did not "swear" the Oath before him nor "attested" the

same in accordance with law. No identifier is mentioned who has identified the Petitioner before the Oath Commission nor the Oath Commissioner mentioned that Petitioner personally known to him. Full particulars of the Oath Commissioner are not mentioned on the purported verification.

V. That the annexures are not signed by the Petitioner at all. In view of Section 144, 145 of the Elections Act, Order VI of CPC, Lahore High Court Rules and Orders and Judgments pronounced by the Supreme Court of Pakistan, it is the case of the Answering Respondent that the Election Petition filed by the Petitioner is liable to summary rejection due to failure to verify the same in accordance with law.

VI. That the Petition is liable to be dismissed for want of compliance of Section 143(3), 144(1)(a) (b) and 144(4) of the Elections Act. The Petitioner never served the Election Petition with its annexures, at least, upon the Answering Respondent. It is evident from the pleadings of Election Petition that the Election Petition is conspicuously silent in this regard. The Election Petition along with its annexures has not been delivered or served upon the Answering Respondent therefore, the Election Petition is liable to be summarily rejected under Section 145 of the Elections Act. It is a settled proposition that when the law prescribes a certain format for an election petition and its verification on oath, and provides penal consequences for its non-compliance, said provision has to be followed in letter and spirit by an Election Tribunal. In the instant case neither the election petition nor the annexures therewith have been signed by the Petitioner as required by Section 144(4) of the Elections Act, 2017 which is fatal to the competence of same.

VII. That a vague and evasive affidavit of service has been attached with the Petition which neither specifies the date of delivery of the Election Petition nor any receipts have been attached with the Petition. Moreover, the affidavit itself does not contain any verification and is, thus, completely defective and

for 
Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore
as required by law. List of witnesses presented with the petition does not contain any justification for the production of the said witnesses and is

of the witnesses attached with the petition have not been attested by any oath commissioner and thus, are inconsequential. The election petition is, therefore, liable to be dismissed on this short ground alone.

VIII. That the Petitioner has no "Prima Facie", satisfactory case in her favor, justifying the filing of the "Election Petition" on the basis of which any interference can be ordered by this Tribunal. The legislature has incorporated specific provisions in the Elections Act and for the purpose of filing an Election Petition, Section 139 of the Elections Act provides remedy but that remedy only caters for redressing genuine grievances, if any, of a candidate who contested election. The provisions of the Elections Act are not intended for providing an opportunity to a losing candidate to misuse these provisions for throwing undue challenges on the election process in order to make out political gains after losing the election.

IX. That the Election Petition merits dismissal as it is hit by the provisions contained in section 144 (1) (a) (b) of the Elections Act which requires that every Election Petition shall contain precise statement on which the Petitioner relies. Sub-Clause (a) & (b) of the said section further imposes a condition that an Election Petition must disclose full particulars of any corrupt or illegal practice or other illegal acts alleged to have been committed, including the names of the parties and modes and manner leading to commission of corrupt practices or illegal acts. The law further mandates that the date and place of the commission of such practices or acts have to be specifically incorporated with material particulars for the maintainability of the Election Petition. The term corrupt or illegal practice is not a term of art or something alien to the scheme of law relating to election disputes. Corrupt Practice has been defined in Section 167 of the Elections Act and implies that for alleging the allegation of Corrupt Practice what contents have to be incorporated in an Election Petition. In the instant case no details or material particulars have been incorporated in the Election Petition and the Petitioner has opted to level vague, flimsy, baseless and unsubstantiated allegations without providing material particulars and any details in this respect. The above is merely a

liable to be dismissed in view of non-compliance of provisions of section 144 of the Elections Act.

- X. That the Petitioner is guilty of tampering the record produced by him before this Tribunal. He is, thus, liable to be proceeded against for such blatant fraud. The answering Respondent will highlight the interpolation committed by the Election Petitioner during the course of hearing of this case.
- XI. That the Petitioner has most illegally impleaded the Respondents No.1 to 3, as parties to the Petition in complete derogation of section 143 of Election Act, 2017 which clearly ordains that only the contesting candidates will be joined as Respondents and any other party may be added if, so, directed by the Election Tribunal. The election petition under reply is therefore, liable to be dismissed on this ground as well. The instant Petition is manifestly incompetent and is, therefore, liable to be dismissed.
- XII. That allegations levelled by the Petitioner in the paragraphs is only pigmentation of his imagination having no bearing with the reality or as to how the events have played out. Contents of the corresponding paragraphs are controverted to be incorrect, false and misleading. It goes without saying that the Forms 45 relied upon by the Petitioner are fake and fabricated photocopies, which have been created by the Petitioner to add merit to a hopeless case. At no stage of the Election did the count of vote reflect that the votes of the Petitioner were 42346/-.

- XIII. That unfortunately, as any other losing candidate, the Petitioner has resorted to leveling false accusations. As a matter of fact, after due consolidation carried out strictly in accordance with the results delivered to the Returning Officer, he prepared form 47 whereby the answering Respondent was shown as the returned candidate. All the Presiding Officers of the concerned polling stations after undertaking proper count of votes issued Forms 45, which were immediately transmitted to the Returning Officer. The said forms were also duly uploaded on Election Commission of Pakistan's website. The entire story put forth in the paragraphs along with details of the polling stations is absolutely false and vexatious as also without any merit. Paragraphs under

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10-Court Street, Lahore

on fabricated evidence to inject some sort of merits in the Election Petition. Election Petition merits dismissal as it is hit by the provisions contained in section 144 (1) (a) (b) of the Elections Act which requires that every Election Petition shall contain precise statement on which the Petitioner relies. Sub-Clause (a) & (b) of the said section further imposes a condition that an Election Petition must disclose full particulars of any corrupt or illegal practice or other illegal acts alleged to have been committed, including the names of the parties and modes and manner leading to commission of corrupt practices or illegal acts. The law further mandates that the date and place of the commission of such practices or acts have to be specifically incorporated with material particulars for the maintainability of the Election Petition. The term corrupt or illegal practice is not a term of art or something alien to the scheme of law relating to election disputes. Corrupt Practice has been defined in Section 167 of the Elections Act and implies that for alleging the allegation of Corrupt Practice what contents have to be incorporated in an Election Petition. In the instant case no details or material particulars have been incorporated in the Election Petition and the Petitioner has opted to level vague, flimsy, baseless and unsubstantiated allegations without providing material particulars and any details in this respect. The above is merely a reflection of the contents of the Election Petition. Neither any name nor details or the manner of the so-called alleged rigging and illegalities have been spelt out in the Election Petition, therefore, the same is without any merits and is liable to be dismissed in view of non-compliance of provisions of section 144 of the Elections Act. Forms-45 are been annexed herewith on the basis of which the returned candidate was declared successful and same is also per the record being maintained. The Petitioner has attributed collusion, inter alia, to the Respondents No 1 to 3 without seeking permission of the court for implead him as a party. It is clear that the Petitioner is out on a fishing expedition and is raising all possible grounds for maintaining an Election Petition but has no solid evidence. The Petitioner who claims that Forms 45 within the constituency were tampered is now asking this Tribunal to undertake a fishing expedition and merely for that sake he is requesting for inspection of the counted ballot paper and counter foil. It is It is, therefore, most respectfully


for _____
Election Tribunal Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore
prayed that the instant Election Petition may kindly be dismissed, being
without any merit whatsoever.

That the averments contained hereinabove are true and correct to the best of my belief and knowledge and nothing has been concealed therein.

D. J. D.
Deponent



Case No. 97-15-24
Mr. Asad Nadeem Ali, Advocate
S/o Asad Nadeem Hussain, Advocate
R/S. _____
Identified in Person
D. J. D. 11:00 AM
15-10-2027

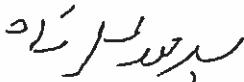
d
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

Verification of Oath Commissioner: -

It is certified that Syed Madad Ali Shah s/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah holding CNIC No. 34202-9267316-3 appeared before me at Lahore High Court, Lahore at 11.00 Am on 02.12.2024, where I administered oath to him and he was identified by his original CNIC and has also been identified by his Advocate Sardar Haider Tahir, S/o Tahir Sabir, Advocate High Court bearing CNIC No 37405-7759530-5.

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore this 02nd day of December, 2024 that the contents of affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.


Respondent No.4

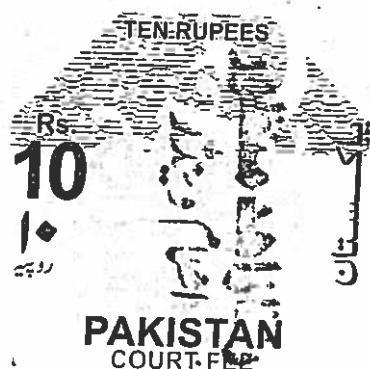
It is certified that the above oath has been administered by me and verification is made before Syed Madad Ali Shah s/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah holding CNIC No. 34202-9267316-3, at 11.00 Am on 02.12.2024, as mentioned above.

Dated 02.12.2024
On 02-12-24
Mr. Syed Madad Ali Shah
S/o Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah
P.O. Letter in Paper
Date 02-12-2024
Time 11:00 AM
Place Lahore High Court

Oath Commissioner
Dated 02.12.2024
Time: 11.00 Am
Location Lahore High Court

for 
Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE JUSTICE MEHMOOD MAQBOOL BAJWA,
ELECTION TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT.



In Re,

Election Petition No.-----2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat Versus R.O. PP-33 Gujrat etc

APPLICATION ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT/

MUHAMMAD UMAR LIAQAT FOR FRAMING

PROPER ISSUES.

Respectfully Sheweth,

7-7-25
Hassan Javed
Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
40 Court Street, Lahore

- 1) That the above titled election petition is pending for adjudication before this Honorable Tribunal and fixed

when petition is not rejected summarily in section 145 (1) of said act then section 145 (2) of The Elections Act. 2017 will be followed and petitioner followed the order of the Honorable Tribunal for summoning of the respondents.

- 3) That in the above titled election petition, respondents have been summoned through all prescribed modes in Civil Procedure Code as well in accordance with the Section 145 of the Elections Act, 2017 and in response petitioner got issued notices as well as publication and in response of that respondent No. 4 has been appeared in above titled election petition and on direction of this Honorable Tribunal has also submitted written reply of the main election petition submitted by the applicant in accordance with the section 147 of The Elections Act, 2017 and as such provisions of the said act says that whenever reply has been submitted by the respondents then section 148 of the said act will be followed which narrates that after submission of the reply of respondents, tribunal will fix the petition for trial.

provisions of Section 142, 143 & 144 of The Elections Act, 2017 and provisions of Civil Procedure Code as well as law enacted through Lahore High Court Rules & Orders, therefore, if the titled election petition is not fixed for proper trial of the election petition then petitioner shall suffer an irreparable loss and injury.

PRAYER

In view of above submissions, it is humbly prayed that application in hand may very kindly be accepted and proper issues from pleadings of the parties for trial may very kindly be passed in the interest of justice and fair play.

Any other relief which this Honorable Court may deems fit and proper

Umar

Petitioner

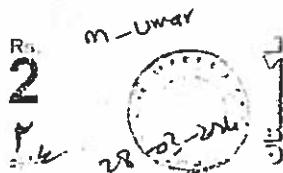
7/7/25
for *Hanif Farooq*
Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore

Through

CH. ZULFIQAR ALI
Advocate High Court
2nd Floor, Hussain Plaza,
12 Duman Road, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII. PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

TWO RUPEES



PAKISTAN

COURT FEE

Election Petition No..... 20715 / 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrati etc

(ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139
OF ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW).

LIST OF WITNESSES ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER

Respectfully Sheweth,

That petitioner is submitting the following witnesses in support of his claim,

1. Muhammad Umar Liaqat son of Ch Liaqat Ali, Mauza Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
2. Ihsan Ullah son of Munir Ahmed. Resident of Bhaati, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
3. Sadeer Abbass son of Khalid Hussain, Resident of Mauza Bhaati, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
4. Syed Saqlain Shah son of Razi Akbar, Resident of Mauza Jakhar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
5. Muhammad Amjad son of Muhammad Ashraf, Resident of Sukh Chainan, Post Office Shah Sarmast, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
6. Shamshair Ahmed son of Rehmat Khan, Resident of Chak Dina, Post Office Shah Sarmast, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
7. Imtiaz Ahmed son of Allah Ditta, Resident of Hanj Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
8. Ijaz Ahmed son of Nadir Ali, Resident of Nindowal, Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
9. Tariq Mehmood son of Muhammad Sadiq, Resident of Hanj Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
10. Muhammad Adil son of Muhammad Fazil, Resident of Nindowal, Tehsil Kharian District Gujrati
11. Muhammad Abdul Haseeb Riaz son of Muhammad Riaz, Resident of Bhota Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.
12. Raja Arshad Iqbal son of raja Sabir Hussain, Resident of Bhota Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati.

13. Shafqat Ali son of Liaqat Ali, resident of Hail, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.
14. Qasim Ijaz son of Muhammad Ijaz, resident of Chanun Bhoja, Kotla Qasim Khan, tehsil Kharian District Gujrat.
15. Muhammad Manan Zafar son of Zafar Iqbal, resident of Batoor, Tehsil Kharian District Gujrat.
16. Muhammad Noman Zafar son of Zafar Iqbal, resident of Batoor, Tehsil Kharian District Gujrat.
- 17.. Furqan Ahmed son of Safdar Ali, Rd. No. Nindawal, Kharian, Gujrat
- 18.. Bilal Ilyas son of Muhammad Ilyas Rd. Hail, Kharian.
19. Basib Ali son of M. Nawaz, Rd. Hail.

Petitioner

Through

CH. ZULFIQAR ALI
Advocate Supreme Court

CH. PERVAIZ ELLAHI
Advocate of High Court
REHMAT LAW ASSOCIATES
1st Floor, Gardee Trust Building,
Nappier Road, Lahore.
CNIC# 34202-2334603-1

[Signature]
Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No..... 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrath etc
ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Ihsan Ullah son of Munir Ahmed, Resident of
Bhaati, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrath.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

Deponent

Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECT. N
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No..... 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc
ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Sadeer Abbass son of Khalid Hussain,
Resident of Mauza Bhaati, Tehsil Kharian, District
Gujrat.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

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Deponent


Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Syed Saqlain Shah son of Razi Akbar,
Resident of Mauza Jakhar, Tehsil Kharian. District
Gujrat.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
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BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Amjad son of
Muhammad Ashraf, Resident of Sukh Chainan, Tehsil
Kharian, District Gujrat

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

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Deponent

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

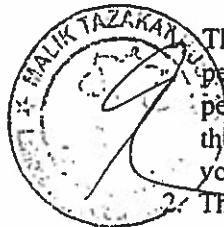
Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Shamshair Ahmed son of Rehman Khan, Resident of Chak Dina, Post Office Shah Sarmasi, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,



That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.

2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.

3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.

Mr. Shamshair Ahmed S/o Rehman Khan R/o Chak Dina That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

Deponent

for **Registrar**
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrath etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Imtiaz Ahmed son of Allah Ditta,
Resident of Hanj, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrath
That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
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Deponent


for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

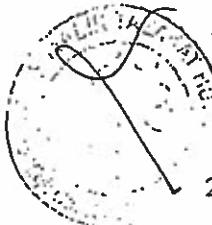
Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrati etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, ijaz Ahmed son of Nadir Ali, Resident
of Nindowal, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrati

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

- 
1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
 2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
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 4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

[Signature]
Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

[Signature]
Deponent

[Signature]
for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Tariq Mehmood son of Muhammad
Sadiq, Resident of Hanj, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024. the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
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Deponent

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Deponent


for Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Adil son of Muhammad
Fazil, Resident of Nindowal, Tehsil Kharian District
Gujrat

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
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4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

Deponent

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Deponent


for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Abdul Haseeb Riaz son
of Muhammad Riaz, Resident of Bhota, Tehsil Kharian
District Gujrat

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Deponent

for Registrar
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

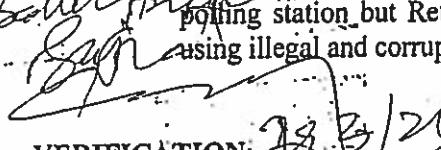
Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Raja Arshad Iqbal son of Sabir
Hussain, Resident of Bhota, Tehsil Kharian District
Gujrat

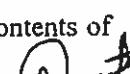
That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

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 Deponent

 **for Registrar**
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

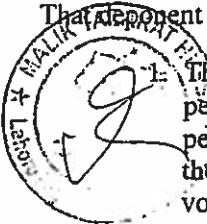
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Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Shafqat Ali son of Liaqat Ali, resident
of Hail, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujrat.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

- 
1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
 2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
 3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.

That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

Deponent

VERIFICATION

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

Deponent

for Registrar

Election Tribunal, Lahore
10 Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

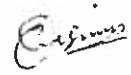
Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat etc
ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Qasim Ijaz son of Muhammad Ijaz,
resident of Chanun Bhoja, Kotla Qasim Khan, tehsil
Kharian District Gujrat.

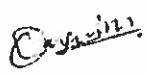
That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.


Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.


Deponent

for **Registrar**
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrath etc
ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Manan Zafar son of Zafar
Iqbal, resident of Batoor, Tehsil Kharian District Gujrath.

That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.

[Signature]
Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

[Signature]
Deponent

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No.....2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

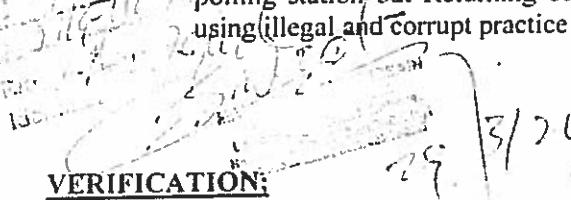
Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrath etc

ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT. 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW.

AFFIDAVIT OF, Muhammad Noman Zafar son of
Zafar Iqbal, Resident of Batoor, Tehsil Kharian District
Gujrat.

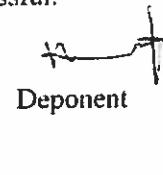
That deponent do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

1. That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.
2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.
3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
4. That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.


Deponent

VERIFICATION:

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.


Deponent


for **Registrar**
Election Tribunal, Lahore
10-Court Street, Lahore

BEFORE THE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE, ELECTION
TRIBUNAL, PP-33, GUJRAT VII, PUNJAB, PAKISTAN.

Election Petition No..... 2024

Muhammad Umar Liaqat

Versus

Returning Officer PP-33, Gujarat etc

**ELECTION PETITION UNDER SECTION 139 OF ELECTION ACT, 2017 READ WITH RULE 139 OF
ELECTION RULES 2017 WITH ALL ENABLING PROVISIONS OF LAW**

AFFIDAVIT OF, Furqan Ahmed son of Safdar Ali,
Resident of Nindowal, Tehsil Kharian District Gujrat

That defendant do hereby solemnly declares and affirms as under,

That a great miscarriage of justice has been done with the petitioner by the Returning officer etc and deprived the petitioner from his constitutional right to become member of the Provincial Assembly of Punjab in-spite of securing majority votes of PP-33 Constituency, therefore.

2. That on the election held on 08.02.2024, the deponent was present on polling station and presiding officer issued the Form 45 and polling agents of the petitioner and others got the signed copies of the Form 45 from almost whole of the constituency. The law is very much clear that after holding of the election, the returning officer should issue the notices to all the contesting candidates for provisional consolidated statement of result of the count but unfortunately no notice sent by the returning officer to the petitioner or to any others. Any how the polling agents and the other staff workers continuously sat outside the office of the Returning Officer with Form 45 but the Returning Officer not bothered to associate the petitioner in the consolidated proceedings to prepare the provisional result which is illegality, irregularity and due to the reasons to deprive the petitioner to become member of Provincial Assembly.

3. That the Returning officer has changed the result on Form 45 or replaced the same just to defeat the petitioner as it is evident from the record that petitioner is winning candidate according to Form 45 and also from our polling station.

to Form 45 and also from our polling station.
on 10/3/24 That the votes of the returned candidate was very low on our
M. No. polling station but Returning officer on the basis of fraud by
S/o using illegal and corrupt practice declared him successful.
R/o Deponent
Idang

Deponent

VERIFICATION

Verified on oath at Lahore on this 28th day of March 2024, that contents of petition are true and correct according to my belief and knowledge.

Defendant

[Signature]

FORM-32
[See Rule 55(1)]

LIST OF VALIDLY NOMINATED CANDIDATES

Election to the: • Provincial Assembly

No. and name of Constituency: PP-33 Gujarat-VII

Serial No:	Name of Candidate	Father's / Husband's name	Address of Candidate
1	Akhlaq Ahmed	Muhammad Shafi	Post Office Chakori, Bhilowal, Kharian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
2	Asad Ali	Mukhtar Ahmed	Post Office Dewna Mandi, Jilyani, Tehsil & District Gujarat
3	Bilal Hussain	Tufail Hussain	Post Office Khas, Kotla Qasim Khan, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
4	Pervaiz Ellahi	Fazal Ellahi	Bhaddar post office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
5	Ch. Sajjad Ahmad	Ch Sardar Khan	Chak Miana Daho Post Office Khas, Kharian, District Gujarat
6	Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad	Muhammad Shafi	Post Office Chakori, Bhilowal, Kharian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
7	Chaudhary Rokhsar Mohlu Din	Muhammad Zaman	House No.B 56 Mohallah Saida Gol, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
8	Chaudhry Muhammad Khalid Bashir	Chaudhry Bashir Ahmad	Bhaddar Post Office khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
9	Choudhry Naeem Akhtar	Choudhry Mian Khan	P.O khas, Jhundewali, Kharian, District Gujarat
10	Hassan Babar	Babar Rashid	Mohallah Kaira Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
11	Hafeez Hussain	Talib Hussain	Street Qari Abdul Latif House No.10/195, Mohallah Main Bazar Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
12	Haq Nawaz	Faiz Ahmed	PO Lalamusa Mandher, Kharian, District Gujarat
13	Hamza Qamar Kaira	Qamar Zaman Kaira	Kaira House Mohallah Kaira, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
14	Hanifan bibi	Ch Liaquat Ali	Bhaddar Post Office Khas, Kharian, District Gujarat
15	Raja Asad Iqbal	Sabir Hussain	Post Office Khas Bhotia, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
16	Raza Ali Mumtaz	Chaudhry Mumtaz Hussain	Post Office Khas Dewna, Tehsil & District Gujarat
17	Zahid Hussain	Muhammad Akram	Post Office Lalamusa, Thekarian, Tehsil, Kharian, District Gujarat
18	Sajid Yousaf	Muhammad Yousaf	Channi Nikuani, Post Office Basco, Gujarat
19	Syed Haider Ali	Syed Ihsan Ullah	House No. 112, Street No. 3 Mohallah I J Colony Kharian Cantt, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
20	Syed Madad Ali Shah	Syed Ashiq Hussain Shah	Kulewal Syedan Post Office Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat

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21	Saif Ur Rehman	Muhammad Suleman	Post office Khas Khawas Pur, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
22	Shakeel Hussain	Talib Hussain	Street Qari Abdul Latif House No.10/195, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
23	Shahzad Iqbal	Chaudhry Muhammad Iqbal	Post Office Basco, Dewna, Tehsil & District Gujrat
24	Abdul Saeed Choudhry	Chaudhry Mushtaq Ahmed	Kindwanा House Chak Dina, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
25	Ali Asim	Abduł Khalīq	Post Office Chakori, Bhilowal, Ranian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
26	Ghulam Abbas	Ghulam Hussain	Khawas Pur Post Office, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
27	Mujahid Ashraf	Muhammad Ashraf	Mohallah Sabir Kot Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
28	Muhammad Ayub Butt	Muhammad Bashir	House No.285/B Mohallah Water Tanki, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
29	Muhammad Tuseef ul Islam	Muhammad Ikramuddin	House No. A - 13/72 Street No. Ali Chakian, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
30	Muhammad Rizwan	Gulzar Ahmed	Bhaddar Post Office, Abhiyal, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
31	Muhammad Sagheer	Muhammad Bashir	Post Office Lalamusa, Tehkerian, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
32	Muhammad Abdullah Arshad	Muhammad Arshad	Bhaddar Post Office Khas, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
33	Muhammad Ali	Chaudhry Abdul Malik	Post Office Khas Kolla Arab Ali Khan, Tehsil Kharian District Gujarat
34	Muhammad Omer Liaquat	Ch Liaquat Ali	Post office Khas, Bhaddar, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
35	Nasir Ali	Muhammad Shafi	Gala Mandi, House No. 10/58, Mohallah Band Kocha, Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
36	Nabeel Shahzad	Sardar Khan	Post Office Khas Chak Pindi, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
37	Nadeem Asghar Kaira	Haji Muhammad Asghar Kaira	Kaira House Lalamusa, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat
38	Yasir Iqbal	Chaudhry Muhammad Iqbal	Post Office khas, Jhundewali, Tehsil Kharian, District Gujarat

Place: Assistant Commissioner Office Kharian
Date: 12.01.2024

()
RETURNING OFFICER
PP-33 GUJRAT VII

BEFORE THE ELECTION COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

PRESENT:

MR. NISAR AHMED DURRANI, MEMBER
MR. SHAH MOHAMMAD JATOI, MEMBER

Case No. 7 (29) /2024-LAW-II

In Re : REPRESENTATION UNDER SECTION 8 & 9 OF THE ELECTIONS ACT,
2017 READ WITH ARTICLE 218 (3) OF THE CONSTITUTION 1973

Muhammad Umar Liaqat s/o Ch. Liaqat Ali, PP-33, Gujrat

...Petitipner (s)

VERSUS

The Returning Officer PP-33, Gujrat

... Respondent (s)

For the Petitioner : Ch. Pervez Ellahi, AHC
Date of Hearing : 12.02.2024

ORDER

Mr. Nisar Ahmed Durrani, Member — Petitioner namely Muhammad Umar Liaqat was contestant in the General Election-2024 for the seat of Provincial Assembly from constituency PP-33, Gujrat-VII. As per Form 47, prepared and issued by the Returning Officer, PP-33, petitioner has obtained 20149 votes whereas his nearest rival candidate namely, Syed Madad Ali Shah has got 35351 votes in the contest. Petitioner being aggrieved with the result has filed instant petition whereby he has challenged the Form-47.

2. Learned counsel for the petitioner is in attendance. He emphatically contended that as per Form-45 prepared by the Presiding Officers and provided to his agents, he was returned candidate but in Form-47 result has been changed and his victory has been made into defeat. He further emphasized that an application was made to the Returning Officer but that has not been entertained by the RO as yet. He prayed that direction may

S/H/



11

be issued to the RO that application which is pending before him may be entertained.

3. Arguments heard. Let a copy of petition along with annexures be sent to Returning Officer for submission of his comprehensive report to the allegations. His report shall reach to this office before the date fixed. It is further directed that notice be issued notice to contesting candidates, if final consolidation has not been conducted so far, and conduct consolidation in presence of contesting candidates or their election agents as the case may be, strictly in accordance with law. Moreover, the RO shall address the grievances of candidates there and there including petitioner through summary inquiry, if any raised during final consolidation.

4. Apart from above, it is further directed that application of petitioner be entertained by the RO, if has been made so as argued by the learned counsel and that be decided on merits, strictly in accordance with law. Case to come up on 15.02.2024.

Sd/-
(Nisar Ahmed Durrani)
Member

Sd/-
(Sh. Muhammad Yatoi)
Member

Islamabad
The 12th February, 2024

دیکھنے قاعدہ (I) 84
غیر حصی نتائج کا مجموعی گنووارہ

(47)

فرومی اسمبلی
صوبائی اسمبلی

(454)

بی بی - 33 گجرات VII	سنہ	پنجاب
230		
316651 کل تعداد	خواتین 149617	مرد 167034
133651 کل تعداد	خواتین 56554	مرد 77097
	131655 ✓	5357 ✓
		43.27%

1 انتخابی حلقے کا نمبر اور نام:
پولنگ اسٹیشن کی کل تعداد:

4 انتخابی حلقے میں ووٹر کی کل تعداد: مرد 4
ذالیے گئے ووٹر کی تعداد:

5 ذالیے گئے نرمند ووٹر کی تعداد:

6 ذالیے گئے خارج ووٹر کی تعداد:

7 ذالیے گئے ووٹر کی سمجھ فیصد:

نامید وار کائنام	بلوچستان	جماعتی و اسلامی	حکومتی کاروبار و قومی
اخلاق احمد			86
اسد علی			340
بلال حسین			135
پرویز الپی			136
چوبدری اعجاز احمد			314
چوبدری رحسار محبی الدین			39
چوبدری سجاد احمد			115
چوبدری محمد خالد بشیر			8249
چوبدری نعیم اختر			89
حسن پاير			372
حافظ حسین			10163
حق نواز			127
حمزة قمر کاظمہ			145
حنفیہ بی بی			44
راجہ اسد اقبال			88
رضاء علی ممتاز			115
زبید حسین			276
ساجد یوسف			171
سید حیدر علی			2946 ✓
سید مدد علی شاہ			35351
سیف الرحمن			299
شکیل حسین			33
شبزاد اقبال			23
عبدالسید چوبدری			780
علی عاصم			667
غلام عباس			169
مجايد اشرف			28
محمد ایوب بٹ			208
محمد توصیف الاسلام			24
محمد رضوان			22

53	ازاد	محمد صفتیر
16	ازاد	محمد عبدالله ارشد 32
23248	پاکستان مسلم لیگ (ن)	محمد علی 33
20149	ازاد	محمد عمر لیاقت 34
86	جمهوری وطن پارٹی	ناصر علی 35
72	ازاد	نبیل شبزاد 36
26328	پاکستان پیاز پارٹی پارلیمنٹریں	نتیم اصغر کائزہ 37
46	ازاد	بلسر اقبال 38

Assistant Commissioner Office Kharian ممتاز:
69-09-2024 تاریخ:

ستخط و مبلغ پیش نتھے افسر
BABAR MUNIR KHAN
 RETURNING OFFICER
 PP 33 GUJRAT-VII

FORM-49

[See rule 8(1)]

FINAL CONSOLIDATED RESULT

Election to the Provincial Assembly Punjab

No. and name of constituency : PP-33 GUJRAT-VII

No. of registered voters : Male 167034 Female 149617 Total 316651

Sr. No.	Name of the contesting Candidate	Party Affiliation, If any	Number of valid votes polled
1	2	3	2
1	Akhiq Ahmed	Independent	99
2	Asad Ali	Pakistan Nazriyat Party	459
3	Bilal Hussain	Barbari Party Pakistan	207
4	Pervaiz Ellahi	Independent	163
5	Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad	Independent	383
6	Chaudhary Rukhsar Mohsin Din	Independent	23
7	Ch Sajid Ahmad	Independent	68
8	Chaudhry Muhammad Khalid Bashir	Independent	10024
9	Choudhry Naseem Akhtar	Independent	41
10	Hassen Babar	Independent	585
11	Hafeez Hussain	Tehreek Labbaik Pakistan	13003
12	Haq Nawaz	Independent	89
13	Hamza Qamar Kaira	Independent	116
14	Hanifan Bibi	Independent	23
15	Raja Asad Iqbal	Independent	1
16	Raza Ali Mumtaz	Independent	61
17	Zahid Hussain	Independent	97
18	Sajid Yousaf	Independent	25
19	Syed Halder Ali	Jamaat-e-Islami Pakistan	3307
20	Syed Madiad Ali Shah	Pakistan Muslim League	35492
21	Saif Ur Rehman	Independent	35
22	Shakeel Hussain	Independent	25
23	Shahzad Iqbal	Independent	1015
24	Abdul Saeed Choudhary	Pakistan Markazi Muslim League	546
25	All Asim	Independent	112
26	Ghulam Abbas	All Pakistan Muslim League (Jinnah)	43
27	Mujahid Ashraf	Independent	239
28	Muhammad Ayub Butt	Pakistan Awami Tehreek	24
29	Muhammad Tuseef Ul Islam	Independent	30
30	Muhammad Rizwan	Independent	53
31	Muhammad Saheer	Independent	20
32	Muhammad Abdullah Arshad	Pakistan Muslim League (N)	25347
33	Muhammad Ali	Independent	28323
34	Muhammad Omer Liaquat	Independent	102
35	Nasir Ali	Jamhoori Wattan Party	25
36	Nabeel Shahzad	Independent	28447
37	Nadeem Asghar Kaira	Pakistan Peoples Party Parliamentarians	72
38	Yasir Iqbal	Independent	

Total number of valid votes polled: 149181

Total number of invalid votes: 4759

BABAR MUNIR KHAN
RETURNING OFFICER
PP 33 GUJRAT-VII

FORM-48

[See rule 85(1)]

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF THE RESULTS OF THE COUNT FURNISHED BY THE PRESIDING OFFICERS

Election to the Provincial Assembly Punjab

No. and name of constituency : PP-33 GURAT-VII
 No. of registered voters : Male 167034 Female 149517 Total 316651
 Total number of polling stations : Male 51 Female 48

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes)																				Total votes per polling station																				
		cast in favour of																																								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
1	Government Boys Elementary School Sadiqri (Male)-I	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	19	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	412	0	0	3	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	44	23	0	0	46	0	577	11	588			
2	Government Boys Elementary School Sadiqri Female-II	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	49	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	151	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	30	232	0	0	35	0	509	33	542
3	Government Boys Elementary School Sadiqri (Primary Portion) (Female)-I	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	61	1	4	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	11	176	0	0	0	2	9	0	0	1	0	0	0	69	181	0	1	57	0	590	17	607	
4	Government Girls Primary School Sadiqri (Male)-I	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	27	0	0	23	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	6	400	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	88	38	0	0	79	0	677	26	703
5	Government Model Primary School Aakil (Combined)-I	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	52	0	1	51	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	18	575	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	32	0	0	35	0	815	40	855
6	Pakistan Railway Hospital Lail Musa (Male)-II	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	151	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	73	113	1	0	61	0	457	10	467

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																					Total votes per polling station																			
		Akhiq Ahmed			Asad Ali			Bilal Hussain			Feryniz Ellahi			Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad			Chaudhary Rukhsar			Mohsin Dila			Ch Sajid Ahmad																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
7	1.D Janjua Girls Degree College, Laiamusa (Female)-III	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	3	35	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	108	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	68	156	1	1	30	0	460	8	468		
8	ED Jagur Girls Degree College, Laiamusa (Male)-I	0	0	1	0	0	13	0	0	41	1	0	0	0	0	0	18	71	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	77	141	0	0	120	0	490	3	493				
9	1.D Janjua Girls Degree College, Laiamusa (Combined)	0	1	2	0	0	0	30	0	4	50	0	0	0	2	0	0	33	153	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	131	31	0	0	88	0	682	21	703			
10	1.D Janjua Girls Degree College, Laiamusa (Female)-II	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	25	11	0	34	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	24	33	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	121	0	0	83	0	421	8	429		
11	1.D Janjua Girls Degree College, Laiamusa (Female)-III	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	33	0	3	65	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	15	272	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	122	0	1	71	0	365	27	392	
12	Government Boys Elementary School, Laiamusa (Female)-III	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	82	6	7	126	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	15	320	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	90	13	1	0	69	0	794	58	852	
13	Government Girls Primary School, Laiamusa (Male)-I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	L	120	0	0	0	1	0	1	10	137	0	0	0	7	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	95	143	0	1	69	0	614	14	639	
14	Government Boys Elementary School, Laiamusa (Male)-III	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	22	1	0	81	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	137	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	47	107	0	0	53	0	465	15	481		
15	Ghousia High School, Laiamusa (Male)-I	0	0	1	0	0	0	28	0	0	94	0	1	100	0	2	14	133	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	96	130	0	0	107	0	659	15	674					
16	Ghousia High School, Laiamusa (Male)-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	171	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	146	191	1	0	74	0	837	58	895		
17	Government M.B Girls High School Laiamusa (Male)-I	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	15	0	0	157	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	193	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	184	123	3	0	165	0	961	16	977			

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes)																				Total voter per polling station																																																													
		Cast in favour of																																																																																	
		Akhiq Ahmed		Asad Ali		Bilal Hussain		Pervaiz Ellahi		Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad		Chaudhry Rukhsar		Mehiu Din		Ch Sajjad Ahmad		Chaudhry Muhammad		Khalid Bashir		Choudhry Naeem		Akhtar Hassan Babar		Hafez Hussain		Haq Nawaz		Hamza Qamer Kaira		Hanifan Bibi		Raja Asad Iqbal		Raza Ali Mumtaz		Zahid Hussain		Sajid Yousaf		Syed Haider Ali		Syed Madad Ali Shah		Soif Ur Rehman		Shakeel Hussain		Shahzad Iqbal		Abdul Saeed Choudhry		Ali Asim		Ghulam Abbas		Mujahid Ashraf		Muhammad Ayub Butt		Muhammad Tussef Ali		Islam Muhammad Rizwan		Muhammad Sagheer		Muhammad Abdullah		Arabed		Muhammad Ali		Muhammed Omér Liaquat		Nasir Ali		Nabeel Shahzad		Nadeem Asghar Kaira		Yasir Iqbal	
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43																																									
18	Government M.B Girls High School Lalamusa (Female)-II	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	44	0	1	46	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	74	41	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	164	188	0	0	178	0	747	7	754																																									
19	Government M.B Girls High School Lalamusa (Female)-II	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	23	0	2	24	0	1	0	0	0	0	31	51	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	0	0	119	0	442	16	458																																						
20	Government M.B Girls High School Lalamusa (Female)-II	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	36	0	1	72	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	18	70	1	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	123	179	2	0	110	2	626	2	628																																									
21	Government Model High School, Primary Portion, Lalamura (Male)-I	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	20	1	0	66	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	18	113	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	182	163	4	0	74	0	654	6	660																																									
22	Government Model High School, Primary Portion, Lalamura (Combined)-I	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	52	0	3	108	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	26	338	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	227	37	0	1	138	0	944	5	949																																								
23	Government Model High School, Primary Portion, Lalamura (Male)-II	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	10	0	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	76	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	88	104	0	0	67	0	408	1	409																																									
24	Government Excellent Girls High School Lala Musa (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	21	0	2	23	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	111	72	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	79	0	0	104	0	509	19	519																																								
25	Government Excellent Girls High School Lala Musa (Female)-I	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	40	0	1	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	32	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	132	123	2	0	28	1	404	15	419																																									
26	Government MC Boys P/S Gurdwara NO.2 Lala Musa (Male)-I	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	33	0	0	131	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	53	349	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	11	0	0	1	0	184	2	0	1	262	0	1036	10	1046																																									
27	Government MC Girls Primary School, No.7 Qasba Lalamura (Male)-I	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	28	0	1	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	18	353	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	156	29	0	0	82	0	781	3	784																																								

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (Including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																					Total votes per polling station																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498
44	Office, Lalamura (Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	30	0	1	13	0	1	0	0	0	0	40	22	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	168	0	0	130	0	461	39	500																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
45	Government Islamia High School, Lalamura (Male-I)	0	1	1	0	1	10	12	0	0	94	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	38	119	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	127	144	26	0	202	0	769	14	783																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
46	Government Islamia High School, Lalamura (Male-II)	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	78	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	76	2	0	77	0	385	6	391																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
47	Government Islamia High School, Lalamura (Female-I)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	25	0	2	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	44	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	71	1	0	41	0	282	5	287																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											

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Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of		Total votes per polling station
		Valid	Invalid	
1	2	3	4	Akilaq Ahmed
48	Government Girls High School Tonger Shabheed Lala Musa (Combined)-I	5	6	Asad Ali
49	Government Special Education Center GT Road Lalamusa (Male)-I	7	8	Bijal Hussain
50	Government Excellent Girls High School Lala Musa (Female)-II	9	10	Pervaiz Ellahi
51	Government Girls High School Lala Musa (Female)-III	11	12	Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad
52	Government Elementary School Railway Colony, lala Musa (Female)-I	13	14	Chaudhry Rukhsar
53	Government Model High School Lala Musa (Combined)-I	15	16	Mehmu-Din
54	Government Model High School Lala Musa (Combined)-II	17	18	Ch Sajid Ahmad
55	M.C Government Boys Primary School, Eid Gah, Lalamusa (Male)-I	19	20	Chaudhry Muhammad Khalid Bashir
	M.C Government Boys Primary School, Eid Gah, Lalamusa (Female)-I	21	22	Chaudhry Naeem Akhtar
		23	24	Hassan Babar
		25	26	Hafeez Husain
		27	28	Haq Nawaz
		29	30	Hamza Qamar Kaira
		31	32	Hanifan Bibi
		33	34	Raja Asad Iqbal
		35	36	Raza Ali Mumtaz
		37	38	Zahid Hussain
		39	40	Said Yousaf
		41	42	Syed Haider Ali
		43		Syed Madad Ali Shah
			44	Saif Ur Rehman
			45	Shakeel Hussain
			46	Shahzad Iqbal
			47	Abdul Saeed Choudhry
			48	Ali Asim
			49	Ghulam Abbas
			50	Mujahid Ashraf
			51	Muhammad Ayub Butt
			52	Muhammad Tuseef Ul Islam
			53	Muhammad Rizwan
			54	Muhammad Sagheer
			55	Muhammad Abidullah Ankaed
			56	Muhammad Ali
			57	Muhammad Omer Liaquat
			58	Nasir Ali
			59	Nabeel Shahzad
			60	Nadeem Asghar Kaira
			61	Yasir Iqbal
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Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																				Total Votes (excluding station)																				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
56	M.C Government Boys Primary School, Eid Gab, Lahore (Female)-II	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	4	46	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	34	67	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	87	114	8	0	89	1	408	8	496		
57	Government Girls Govt (Combined)-I	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	49	0	1	100	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	21	96	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	137	132	0	0	105	1	653	13	666
58	Government Elementary School, Saita Railway Colony, Jala Musa (Combined)-II	0	1	2	0	0	0	23	0	0	30	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	67	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	97	1	0	120	0	419	5	424			
59	Govt Model Primary School Murrarian (Combined)-I	0	0	0	2	0	0	42	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	188	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	70	181	1	0	156	0	652	16	668			
60	Government Boys High School, Khawaspur (Combined)-I	0	1	0	0	7	0	0	59	1	0	68	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	18	285	0	0	1	2	10	32	0	0	0	0	0	165	44	0	1	264	1	963	22	985	
61	Government Girls Government School, Khawaspur (Combined)-I	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	65	0	1	54	1	0	0	0	0	0	44	84	2	0	0	4	21	2	1	0	0	0	102	164	0	1	234	0	786	23	809			
62	Government Boys High School, Nindowal (Male)-I	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	44	0	2	40	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	7	244	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	73	22	0	0	198	0	638	11	649	
63	Government Girls Higher Secondary School, Nindowal (Female)-I	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	63	1	2	29	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	6	34	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	176	0	1	162	1	544	30	574	
64	Government Girl Higher Secondary School, Nindowal (Female)-II	0	10	0	0	7	0	0	69	0	1	24	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	22	323	0	0	0	9	0	0	1	0	0	0	210	16	0	0	156	0	853	27	880		

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Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tenders & Challenged votes)																										Total votes per polling station														
		cast in favour of												Total												Valid		Invalid														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
66	School-Hanj (Primary Level) (Combined)-I	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	51	0	2	38	2	3	0	0	0	0	15	431	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	255	13	0	0	90	0	910	22	932		
67	School Hanj-(Middle Level) (Male)-I	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	32	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	35	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	190	231	0	1	82	0	602	19	621			
68	Boys Elementary School Hanj, Middle Level) (Female)-I	0	5	1	1	2	0	0	61	1	1	11	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	4	10	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	117	236	1	2	59	0	524	15	540
69	Government Girls Primary School, Karats Board (Combined)-I	2	3	3	0	1	0	0	72	0	7	33	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	210	0	0	1	0	18	1	0	1	1	0	0	317	169	0	0	179	1	1027	21	1043		
70	Government Girls Primary School Batoor (Combined)-I	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	51	0	1	124	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	56	367	0	0	0	11	9	0	0	0	2	0	0	208	17	0	0	13	0	360	11	371	
71	Primary School Losar (Combined)-I	0	2	0	0	7	0	0	63	1	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	10	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	122	164	0	1	212	1	711	38	749			
72	Government Boys Primary School Verowal (Combined)-I	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	44	0	1	24	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	14	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	37	185	0	0	88	0	505	21	616		
73	Basic Health Unit, Chakori Sher Ghazi (Combined)-I	1	6	0	1	1	0	0	65	0	5	51	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	304	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	83	126	0	1	78	0	767	19	786	
74	Basic Health Unit, Chakori Sher Ghazi (Combined)-II	0	5	3	1	2	1	0	67	0	10	47	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	151	0	0	1	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	76	113	0	0	215	0	704	23	727	
75	Government Girls Primary School Chakori Sher Ghazi (Combined)-I	1	6	2	2	6	0	0	71	1	3	58	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	361	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	67	143	0	0	347	1	1023	36	1059			

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes)																									Total votes per polling station															
		cast in favour of												Valid Invalid Total																												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
86	Government Girls High School Dullanwala (Female)-I	3	11	0	0	3	0	1	78	1	5	52	1	1	1	0	3	1	3	119	0	0	1	5	0	1	1	0	1	36	93	0	1	126	1	550	4	554				
87	Government Girls Primary School Herra Pur (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	21	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	36	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	48	72	0	0	71	0	258	5	263			
88	Government Model Primary School Paul (Combined)-I	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	24	0	0	25	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	216	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	102	23	0	1	216	0	651	13	664		
89	Government Girls High School Uthalot Malidoom (Combined)-I	4	5	0	1	0	0	1	30	0	1	113	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	247	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	5	95	74	0	0	123	3	712	38	750			
90	Government Boys Primary School Pothla (Combined)-I	1	3	2	1	1	0	1	40	0	2	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	268	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0	0	0	230	88	0	1	107	0	808	60	868		
91	Government Girls Primary School Basal Sharif (Combined)-I	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	40	0	8	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	130	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	88	61	0	0	3	0	588	6	594				
92	Government Model Primary School Mandir (Combined)-I	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	54	0	2	21	2	1	0	0	0	0	7	312	0	1	0	10	1	0	5	0	0	1	0	113	105	1	0	6	0	652	15	667		
93	Government Model Primary School Kotli Shah Janani (Combined)-I	0	1	0	0	5	0	30	0	0	4	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	177	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	53	78	0	0	177	0	591	27	618		
94	Government Model Primary School Chak Murtza (Combined)-I	1	5	0	2	0	0	0	.51	0	4	93	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	26	333	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	325	162	0	0	64	0	1071	28	1099			
95	Government Model Primary School Chohan Kalan (Combined)-I	0	6	2	0	1	0	1	53	0	5	97	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	159	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	147	53	0	1	229	0	771	16	787			

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes cast in favour of												Total votes per polling station																												
		Valid			Invalid			Total																																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
96	Government Girls Primary School Verowal (Combined)-I	2	5	1	2	2	0	0	69	1	2	81	1	2	0	0	0	0	7	406	0	0	9	6	1	0	1	1	0	0	86	8	0	1	286	0	980	0	980			
97	Government Model Primary School Gill (Combined)-I	0	7	2	1	5	0	1	72	0	10	237	1	1	0	0	1	0	9	377	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	14	77	0	0	164	0	986	22	1008		
98	Government Boys Elementary School Mian Chak (Male)-I	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	36	0	0	43	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	10	61	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	137	216	0	0	81	0	593	11	604	
99	Government Boys Elementary School Mian Chak (Female)-I	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	61	0	3	26	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	233	1	0	0	1	9	0	1	0	0	0	0	106	25	0	0	75	0	553	7	560		
100	Government Model Primary School Qazi Iman Shah (Combined)-I	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	41	0	4	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	740	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	21	0	0	128	0	1074	24	1098			
101	Government Model Primary School Miridah (Combined)-I	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	53	0	1	197	3	1	0	0	1	0	2	258	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	87	71	1	0	59	1	742	11	753			
102	Government Girls Primary School Tulla (Combined)-I	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	34	0	7	154	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	110	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	123	114	0	2	118	0	679	31	710		
103	Girl Community Model School Shah Jahaniyan (Combined)-I	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	47	2	0	90	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	19	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	82	174	1	0	134	0	570	23	593	
104	Government Model Primary School Jhandewali (Combined)-I	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	48	1	2	189	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	27	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	206	173	0	0	19	3	683	10	693	
105	Government Model Primary School Aii Chak (Female)-I	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	33	0	6	31	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	368	0	0	0	3	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	23	54	0	0	159	1	690	40	750	

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																									Total votes per polling station																
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
105	Government Model Primary School Ali Chak (Male)-I	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	24	0	2	42	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	5	373	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	33	57	0	1	260	0	809	25	834		
107	Government Model Primary School, Makri (Combined)-I	1	14	0	0	1	0	0	28	0	1	49	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	99	0	0	0	2	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	21	115	0	0	119	0	455	16	471		
108	Government Model Primary School, Aakiu (Combined)-I	0	0	2	1	2	1	0	39	0	0	39	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	157	1	0	144	0	456	8	464		
109	Government Girls High School Panjan Katana (Male)-I	0	4	0	1	2	0	0	42	0	0	55	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	11	286	2	1	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	234	16	0	0	142	0	809	20	829		
110	Government Girls High School Panjan Kasana (Female)-I	0	3	2	1	8	0	0	86	0	2	42	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	12	239	2	0	0	1	9	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	174	12	0	0	121	1	722	21	743	
111	Government Girls Primary School Choudo (Combined)-I	2	1	1	0	5	0	0	51	0	2	40	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	87	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	104	147	0	1	248	0	702	11	713	
112	Government Boys Primary School Dehar (Combined)-II	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	18	1	1	47	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	17	238	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	98	31	0	0	60	1	526	12	538		
113	Government Boys Primary School Dehar (Combined)-II	0	2	3	4	2	0	0	44	0	3	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	55	0	0	1	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	123	229	0	0	76	0	593	19	612				
114	Government Boys Elementary School Hail (Male)-I	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	31	1	1	45	0	2	0	0	0	1	42	250	0	0	0	69	3	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	188	16	0	0	148	0	805	43	848		
115	Government Boys Elementary School Hail (Female)-I	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	103	0	3	21	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	31	12	0	0	0	62	8	0	0	1	1	0	7	0	117	202	0	0	101	2	682	26	708	
	Bijeran presently used as sera (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	43	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	129	124	0	0	177	0	517	9	526			

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (Including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																		Total votes per polling station																									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	15	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	Valid
1	Government Girls (Combined)-I	0	5	1	0	6	0	1	71	0	0	38	3	0	0	1	0	1	1	5	83	0	0	0	51	15	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	209	149	0	0	218	0	863	21	884			
117	Primary School Halkia (Combined)-I	0	5	1	0	6	0	1	71	0	0	38	3	0	0	1	0	1	1	5	83	0	0	0	51	15	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	209	149	0	0	218	0	863	21	884			
118	Government Girls Purana (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	31	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	7	77	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	96	69	0	1	171	0	487	15	502		
119	Government Boys Primary School Chak Sikandar No. 30 (Male)-I	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	25	0	1	34	1	0	0	0	1	0	13	31	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	68	151	0	3	198	0	533	22	555				
120	Government Girls Chak Sikandar No. 30 (Female)-I	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	47	0	1	25	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	11	46	0	1	0	0	8	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	37	166	0	0	187	1	539	49	588			
121	Government Elementary School, Kolla Qasim Khan (Combined)-II	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	76	0	3	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	59	2	0	1	107	0	0	1	0	0	0	100	0	148	160	0	2	99	10	739	49	788				
122	Govt. Girls Community Kolla Sarang Khan (Combined)-I	0	0	3	2	6	0	0	72	0	8	105	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	10	74	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	26	171	0	3	296	1	785	31	816			
123	Govt. Boys Elementary School, Kolla Sarang Khan (Combined)-I	1	1	1	2	5	1	0	85	0	3	134	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	6	71	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	0	27	162	0	2	372	1	883	54	937				
124	Government Girls High School, Kolla Qasim Khan (Combined)-I	0	0	8	0	2	0	0	49	1	2	276	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	106	0	0	0	84	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	120	113	2	0	85	0	860	37	897			
125	Government Girls High School, Kolla Qasim Khan (Combined)-II	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	34	0	1	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	1	0	0	79	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	67	123	1	0	61	0	479	45	524			

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Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes)
cast in favour of

Total votes per polling
station

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																											Total votes per polling station													
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
126	Government Elementary School , Kalla Qasim Khan (Combined)-II	0	2	43	0	1	0	0	38	0	0	192	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	31	0	1	0	3	5	0	0	3	0	0	0	109	63	1	0	67	1	564	10	574		
127	Government Girls Elementary School Puswal (Combined)-I	0	3	4	1	3	0	0	61	1	1	92	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	7	74	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	59	199	0	3	465	0	979	26	1005	
128	Government Model Primary School Suth Chainan (Combined)-I	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	66	0	9	54	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	667	0	0	0	35	6	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	87	6	0	0	28	0	977	39	1016
129	Government Girls Community Model School Charau Bhaja (Combined)-I	0	2	16	0	3	1	0	102	0	2	240	5	1	0	0	0	0	2	4	310	1	0	1	16	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	168	18	0	1	179	0	1078	47	1125	
130	Government Model Primary School Jatal Din (Combined)-I	0	3	2	0	5	0	0	51	6	2	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	60	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	117	0	1	255	0	622	39	661
131	Government Girls Primary School Siprai (Combined)-I	0	2	1	2	2	0	0	28	6	3	32	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	43	152	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	89	0	0	120	0	528	15	543	
132	Government Boys High School Thikrian (Primary Portion) (Male)-I	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	31	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	18	52	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	17	0	3	0	65	181	0	0	77	0	557	15	572
133	Government Boys High School Thikrian (Primary Portion) (Female)-I	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	53	1	1	35	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	18	24	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	44	156	0	0	39	0	400	0	400
134	Government Girls Primary School Thikrian (Combined)-I	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	91	1	0	0	0	0	0	29	1	7	24	0	0	0	18	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	70	145	0	0	132	0	564	8	572

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tended & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																										Total votes per polling station														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
135	Government Boys High School Thikrian (High Portion) (Female)-I	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	66	0	1	45	0	0	0	0	1	38	1	9	21	0	0	0	22	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	84	194	0	0	85	3	531	11	592
136	Government Boys High School Thikrian (High Portion) (Male)-I	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	21	0	1	83	0	0	0	0	1	32	0	10	60	0	0	0	41	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	98	193	0	0	119	0	668	0	668
137	Government Boys Primary School Badu Kalas (Male)-I	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	30	0	0	72	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	14	193	0	0	0	7	5	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	102	113	0	0	157	1	706	24	730
138	Government Boys Primary School Badu Kalas (Female)-I	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	61	0	4	45	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	12	88	0	0	1	7	10	2	1	5	0	1	1	0	79	103	0	0	120	0	548	20	568
139	Government Girls Elementary School Badu Kalas, Islam Pura (Combined)-I	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	44	1	1	95	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	293	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	78	186	0	1	181	0	900	14	914	
140	Government Model Primary School Chak Sikandar No. 53 (Combined)-I	1	1	1	1	5	0	1	42	0	2	34	1	1	0	0	4	0	4	70	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	125	85	1	0	114	0	499	9	508	
141	Government Model Primary School (Boys Portion) Campus-II Chuk Sikandar No.53 (Combined)-I	0	2	1	0	3	0	0	31	0	1	36	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	69	1	0	1	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	158	75	0	0	177	0	579	17	596	
142	Government Boys Elementary School Chuk Sarwani (Combined)-I	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	24	0	1	18	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	31	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	33	156	0	0	67	0	340	20	360	
143	Girls Community Model School Chuk Sarwani (Combined)-I	1	1	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	69	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	16	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	132	53	0	0	124	0	430	10	440	

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																								Total votes per polling station																
		Candidates												Polling Station												Valid	Invalid	Total														
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
144	Government Boys High School Ganja (Primary Portion) (Combined)-I	0	3	2	0	8	1	0	93	0	2	155	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	31	66	0	0	0	4	11	0	0	0	0	1	0	203	249	2	3	186	1	1028	22	1050	
145	Government Boys High School Ganja, (High Portion) (Combined)-I	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	63	0	3	94	1	0	0	0	0	6	2	50	48	0	0	0	6	4	1	0	0	2	0	1	124	157	0	0	132	1	702	31	733	
146	School Jattin Kalan (Combined)-I	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	83	0	1	82	4	6	0	0	0	1	0	43	131	0	0	0	1	6	0	1	1	0	0	0	243	263	0	1	249	0	1162	17	1079	
147	Government Girls Primary School Jattin Khurd (Combined)-I	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	47	0	2	31	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	105	0	1	0	4	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	100	239	0	1	224	0	757	27	764	
148	Government Boys Primary School Shah Sarmast (Male)-I	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	34	1	1	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	119	0	0	0	7	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	152	152	1	1	77	0	600	14	614		
149	Government Girls Primary School Shah Sarmast (Female)-I	0	2	0	0	7	1	0	53	0	3	51	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	89	0	0	0	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	1	131	149	0	0	65	3	580	22	602	
150	Government Boys Elementary School Saidia Barahim (Combined)-I	1	4	1	1	1	0	0	65	0	4	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	396	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	45	32	0	0	263	0	851	26	877	
151	Government Girls Primary School Thurgulla (Combined)-I	2	2	5	0	2	0	0	17	0	0	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95	0	0	102	0	357	11	368		
152	Government Model Primary School Bhola (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	45	0	3	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	344	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	19	35	0	0	208	0	699	33	732		
153	Government Model Primary School Umer Chak (Combined)-I	2	3	2	1	4	0	0	59	0	2	58	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	199	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	65	0	0	316	0	748	24	772		

Sr.No.	Polling Station			Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of			Total voter (Reporting station)		
		Valid	Invalid	Total					
1	Government Girls Community Model School Chak Dina (Combined)-I	Akhlaq Ahmed Asad Ali Bilal Hussain Pervaiz Ellahi Chaudhry Ijaz Ahmad Chaudhary Rukhsur Mehin Din Ch Sajjad Ahmad	Hafeez Hussain Haq Nawaz Hamza Qamar Kaira Hanifan Bibi Raja Asad Iqbal Raza Ali Mumtaz Zahid Hussain Sajid Yousaf Syed Haider Ali	Syed Madad Ali Shah Saif Ur Rehman Shakeel Hussain Shahzad Iqbal	Abdul Saeed Choudhury Ali Asim Ghulam Abbas Mujaheed Ashraf	Muhammad Ayub Butt Muhammad Tuseef Ul Islam Muhammad Rizwan Muhammad Saqheer Muhammad Abdurrahman Arshad	Muhammad Omer Lisquat Nasir Ali Nabeel Shahzad	Nadeem Asghar Kaira Yasir Iqbal	
154	Government Model Primary School Dhalla (Combined)-I	0 1 0 1 1 0 1 92 0 2 44 3 0 0 0 3 1 1 9 367 0 0 0 102 7 0 1 1 0 0 7 0 113 15 0 0 75 1 848	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	24 872	27 721	24 872	24 872	24 872	24 872
155	Government Boys Elementary School Rajjuri (New Building) (Combined)-II	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 22 0 0 21 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 41 0 0 0 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 169 132 0 0 38 0 437 50 487							
156	Government Boys Elementary School Rajjuri (New Building) (Combined)-II	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 39 0 0 60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 96 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 216 174 0 0 119 0 710 55 765							
157	Government Boys Elementary School Rajjuri (New Building) (Combined)-II	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 39 0 0 60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 96 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 216 174 0 0 119 0 710 55 765							
158	Government Model Primary School Mughalianwali (Combined)-I	0 1 0 1 6 0 0 22 0 1 7 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 14 53 0 0 0 6 8 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 112 153 0 0 138 0 528 22 550							
159	Government Boys High School Barnali (Combined)-I	1 1 2 3 2 0 1 59 1 2 26 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 17 1 1 1 0 6 2 0 1 0 1 0 81 222 0 0 96 2 531 19 550							
160	Government Girls High School Barnali (Combined)-I	2 5 0 1 2 0 0 108 0 3 105 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 3 524 1 2 0 3 10 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 142 43 0 0 64 0 1024 0 1024							
161	Government Boys Primary School Barnali (Male)-I	1 1 0 1 2 0 0 52 0 0 28 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 14 0 0 0 0 5 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 122 144 1 0 117 1 495 16 511							
162	Government Boys Primary School Barnali (Female)-I	0 4 0 2 4 0 0 78 0 2 26 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 97 185 0 1 113 1 531 29 560							

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																									Total votes per polling station															
																											Valid	Invalid	Total													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
163	Government Boys Primary School Bursarion (Female)-I	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	95	0	5	18	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	5	256	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	18	17	0	0	124	0	552	18	570		
164	Government Boys Primary School Bursarion (Male)-I	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	29	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	250	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	16	25	1	1	120	0	498	26	524	
165	Government Primary School Saharian (Combined)-I	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	59	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	370	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	13	34	0	0	97	0	587	12	599		
166	Government Boys Primary School Bhago (Male)-I	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	63	1	0	30	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	34	350	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	49	21	1	1	89	1	656	9	665	
167	Government Girls Elementary School Bhago (Female)-I	0	4	2	0	2	0	1	87	1	0	24	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	19	303	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	32	30	1	0	71	1	584	35	619	
168	Government Girls Primary School Basina (Combined)-I	2	3	2	1	8	0	0	47	1	0	33	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	211	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	21	125	0	0	425	0	891	9	900
169	Government Boys Primary School Luqman (Combined)-I	0	0	1	0	1	2	6	0	1	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	127	0	0	126	0	332	7	339		
170	Government Model Primary School Haji Chak (Combined)-I	4	4	1	0	0	0	2	139	0	4	20	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	564	0	0	2	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	59	0	0	56	0	892	34	926	
171	Government Girls High School Joura (Male)-I	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	23	1	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	33	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	203	1	0	104	0	452	12	464		
172	Government Girls High School Joura (Female)-I	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	44	0	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	11	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	29	184	0	0	72	0	378	34	412
173	Government Boys High School Joura Karuna (Combined)-II	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	41	0	2	22	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	6	284	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	48	26	1	0	203	2	649	9	658	

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tended & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																									Total votes polling station																
		Valid		Invalid		Total																																					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	
174	Government Boys Karnan (Combined)-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	44	0	0	33	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	294	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	20	53	1	0	40	0	496	9	505	✓✓			
175	Government Boys (Male)-I	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	34	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	369	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	49	16	0	1	110	0	634	27	661	✓✓		
176	Primary School Joura (Female)-I	0	1	0	1	7	0	1	64	0	2	26	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	9	260	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	7	3	0	67	0	475	18	493	✓✓		
177	Government Girls Community Model School Ghurka (Male)-I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	71	0	1	0	6	1	1	1	7	0	0	1	0	177	124	2	0	145	0	593	24	617	✓✓	
178	Government Girls Community Model School Ghurka (Female)-I	1	1	0	1	4	0	0	63	1	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	70	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	6	0	0	1	0	116	149	0	0	135	1	578	47	625	✓✓	
179	Government Boys Primary School Bohwala Joura (Combined)-I	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	3	17	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	93	94	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	99	90	0	0	4	0	434	6	440	✓✓		
180	Government Boys High School Karnan (Combined)-I	1	5	0	0	2	0	0	44	0	4	86	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	63	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	82	172	0	0	121	0	589	6	595	✓✓	
181	Government Boys High School Karnan (Combined)-II	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	50	0	0	88	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	130	0	0	52	0	440	15	455	✓✓		
182	Government Model Dand (Combined)-I	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	51	0	1	6	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	51	0	0	0	6	1	1	0	1	0	6	2	0	11	163	0	0	154	0	465	2	467	✓✓
183	Government Girls Elementary School Karnan (Combined)-I	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	53	0	2	70	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	134	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	156	0	0	81	0	617	47	664	✓✓	

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																				Total votes per polling station																				
		Valid					Invalid					Total																														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
184	Basic Health Unit, Kanana (Male)-I	0	2	1	0	3	0	0	39	0	1	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	74	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	90	90	0	1	105	0	470	18	483		
185	Basic Health Unit, Kanana (Female)-I	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	54	0	0	72	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	36	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	74	118	1	1	93	0	458	0	458			
186	Government Model Primary School Dhola (Combined)-I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	226	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	177	0	0	127	0	654	42	696			
187	Government Boys Primary School Ban Kalas (Combined)-I	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	36	0	1	40	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	338	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	1	132	0	570	35	605				
188	Government Girls High School Chechian (Combined)-I	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	134	0	0	0	0	11	1	0	2	0	0	0	114	33	0	0	84	0	406	29	435	
189	Government Girls High School Chechian (Combined)-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	320	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	227	58	0	0	129	0	795	19	814			
190	Government Girls Center Model School, Babanian (Combined)-I	2	2	0	3	0	0	0	15	0	3	29	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	6	153	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	54	61	0	0	205	0	542	7	549		
191	Government Model Primary School Ramian (Combined)-I	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	58	0	4	16	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	243	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	1	1	0	0	96	104	0	0	41	0	589	35	621		
192	Government Girls High School Sidih (Male)-II	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	11	0	0	23	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	1	100	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	463	142	0	0	4	1	659	10	669			
193	Government Boys High School Sidih (Female)-I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	1	0	18	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	345	170	0	0	9	0	580	15	595				
194	Government Primary School Uddaa Combined-II	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	56	0	1	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	350	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	394	8	0	0	4	2	865	17	882

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																										Total votes per polling station														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
1	Government Model Primary School Kharana Pir Ghazi (Combined)-II	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	37	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	0	42	0	3	10	1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	255	183	0	0	4	0	548	33	581				
195	Government Boys Aziz Bhatti Shahzad, Nishan-e-Haider School, Bhurchh,	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	20	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	2	3	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	278	217	0	0	21	0	604	25	629			
196	Government Boys Aziz Bhatti Shahzad, Nishan-e-Haider (Male)-II School, Bhurchh,	0	0	1	1	0	0	46	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	67	8	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	183	268	0	0	20	0	613	14	627		
197	Government Boys Aziz Bhatti Shahzad, Nishan-e-Haider School, Bhurchh, (Female)-II	0	0	1	1	0	0	46	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	67	8	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	183	268	0	0	20	0	613	14	627		
198	Government Primary School Bischha Combined-II	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	26	1	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	116	6	3	0	0	1	7	0	1	0	1	0	0	170	135	0	0	48	0	530	22	552	
199	Government Model Primary School Bhatti (Combined)-III	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	0	0	17	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	14	511	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	100	310	29	0	0	5	0	997	59	1056			
200	Government Girls Primary School Chakora Combined-II	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	11	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	311	114	0	0	5	0	575	25	600				
201	Government Girls High School Ladian (Combined)-I	1	2	0	2	1	0	1	52	1	0	85	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	6	5	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	2	0	324	212	1	0	222	1	933	19	952	
202	Government Girls Primary School Jhakkar Combined-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	409	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	195	51	0	0	60	0	894	66	960				
203	Government Boys High School Bhotia Combined-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	2	2	29	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	36	455	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	543	67	0	0	14	0	1187	19	1206		

Sr.No.	Polling Station	Number of valid votes (including Tendered & Challenged votes) cast in favour of																				Total votes per polling station																				
		Valid					Invalid					Total										Sr.No.	Polling Station	Total votes per polling station																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
204	Government Primary School Nither Combined-II	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	29	0	1	162	1	0	1	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	179	136	0	0	13	1	559	123	682					
205	Government Model Primary School Soombari Combined-II	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	44	0	3	137	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	40	0	0	0	2	21	4	0	0	0	1	0	266	366	1	0	86	0	932	22	104		
206	Government Girls High School Bhaddar Female-II	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	44	0	3	27	0	4	0	0	0	0	11	5	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	99	435	0	0	13	0	654	25	679	
207	Government Boys P/S Phulawan Combined-II	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	101	268	0	0	42	1	495	8	494		
208	Government Boys High School Bhaddar Male-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	1	43	1	0	0	0	0	0	22	6	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	126	480	1	0	17	0	716	22	738		
209	Government Model Primary School Kairaw Combined-II	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	1	182	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	151	502	1	1	17	1	919	9	928	
210	Government Girls Elementary School Thakkar Khokhar Combined-III	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	72	0	0	11	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	47	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	30	174	0	1	115	0	466	14	478		
211	Government Boys Primary School Gorsian Combined-II	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	2	60	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	73	184	0	0	75	0	438	8	446		
212	Government Girls Elementary School Thakkar Khokhar Combined-IV	0	3	0	0	4	1	0	55	0	2	132	2	1	1	0	0	0	13	59	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	126	144	0	0	85	0	634	23	657		
213	Government Model Primary School Mahmood Chima Combined-II	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	151	162	0	0	110	0	579	49	628		

420