

# dlcv-programs

May 4, 2024

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[ ]: df = pd.read_csv("/content/kc_house_data - kc_house_data.csv")
```

```
[ ]: df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
```

	id	date	price	bedrooms	bathrooms	sqft_living	\
0	7129300520	10/13/2014	221900.0	3	1.00	1180	
1	6414100192	12/9/2014	538000.0	3	2.25	2570	
2	5631500400	2/25/2015	180000.0	2	1.00	770	
3	2487200875	12/9/2014	604000.0	4	3.00	1960	
4	1954400510	2/18/2015	510000.0	3	2.00	1680	

	sqft_lot	floors	waterfront	view	...	grade	sqft_above	sqft_basement	\
0	5650	1.0	0	0	...	7	1180	0	
1	7242	2.0	0	0	...	7	2170	400	
2	10000	1.0	0	0	...	6	770	0	
3	5000	1.0	0	0	...	7	1050	910	
4	8080	1.0	0	0	...	8	1680	0	

	yr_built	yr_renovated	zipcode	lat	long	sqft_living15	\
0	1955	0	98178	47.5112	-122.257	1340	
1	1951	1991	98125	47.7210	-122.319	1690	
2	1933	0	98028	47.7379	-122.233	2720	
3	1965	0	98136	47.5208	-122.393	1360	
4	1987	0	98074	47.6168	-122.045	1800	

	sqft_lot15
0	5650
1	7639
2	8062
3	5000
4	7503

[5 rows x 21 columns]

```
[ ]: df.describe()
```

```
[ ]:
```

	id	price	bedrooms	bathrooms	sqft_living	\
count	2.159700e+04	2.159700e+04	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	
mean	4.580474e+09	5.402966e+05	3.373200	2.115826	2080.321850	
std	2.876736e+09	3.673681e+05	0.926299	0.768984	918.106125	
min	1.000102e+06	7.800000e+04	1.000000	0.500000	370.000000	
25%	2.123049e+09	3.220000e+05	3.000000	1.750000	1430.000000	
50%	3.904930e+09	4.500000e+05	3.000000	2.250000	1910.000000	
75%	7.308900e+09	6.450000e+05	4.000000	2.500000	2550.000000	
max	9.900000e+09	7.700000e+06	33.000000	8.000000	13540.000000	

	sqft_lot	floors	waterfront	view	condition	\
count	2.159700e+04	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	
mean	1.509941e+04	1.494096	0.007547	0.234292	3.409825	
std	4.141264e+04	0.539683	0.086549	0.766390	0.650546	
min	5.200000e+02	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	
25%	5.040000e+03	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000	
50%	7.618000e+03	1.500000	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000	
75%	1.068500e+04	2.000000	0.000000	0.000000	4.000000	
max	1.651359e+06	3.500000	1.000000	4.000000	5.000000	

	grade	sqft_above	sqft_basement	yr_built	yr_renovated	\
count	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	
mean	7.657915	1788.596842	291.725008	1970.999676	84.464787	
std	1.173200	827.759761	442.667800	29.375234	401.821438	
min	3.000000	370.000000	0.000000	1900.000000	0.000000	
25%	7.000000	1190.000000	0.000000	1951.000000	0.000000	
50%	7.000000	1560.000000	0.000000	1975.000000	0.000000	
75%	8.000000	2210.000000	560.000000	1997.000000	0.000000	
max	13.000000	9410.000000	4820.000000	2015.000000	2015.000000	

	zipcode	lat	long	sqft_living15	sqft_lot15
count	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000	21597.000000
mean	98077.951845	47.560093	-122.213982	1986.620318	12758.283512
std	53.513072	0.138552	0.140724	685.230472	27274.441950
min	98001.000000	47.155900	-122.519000	399.000000	651.000000
25%	98033.000000	47.471100	-122.328000	1490.000000	5100.000000
50%	98065.000000	47.571800	-122.231000	1840.000000	7620.000000
75%	98118.000000	47.678000	-122.125000	2360.000000	10083.000000
max	98199.000000	47.777600	-121.315000	6210.000000	871200.000000

```
[ ]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

RangeIndex: 21597 entries, 0 to 21596

Data columns (total 21 columns):

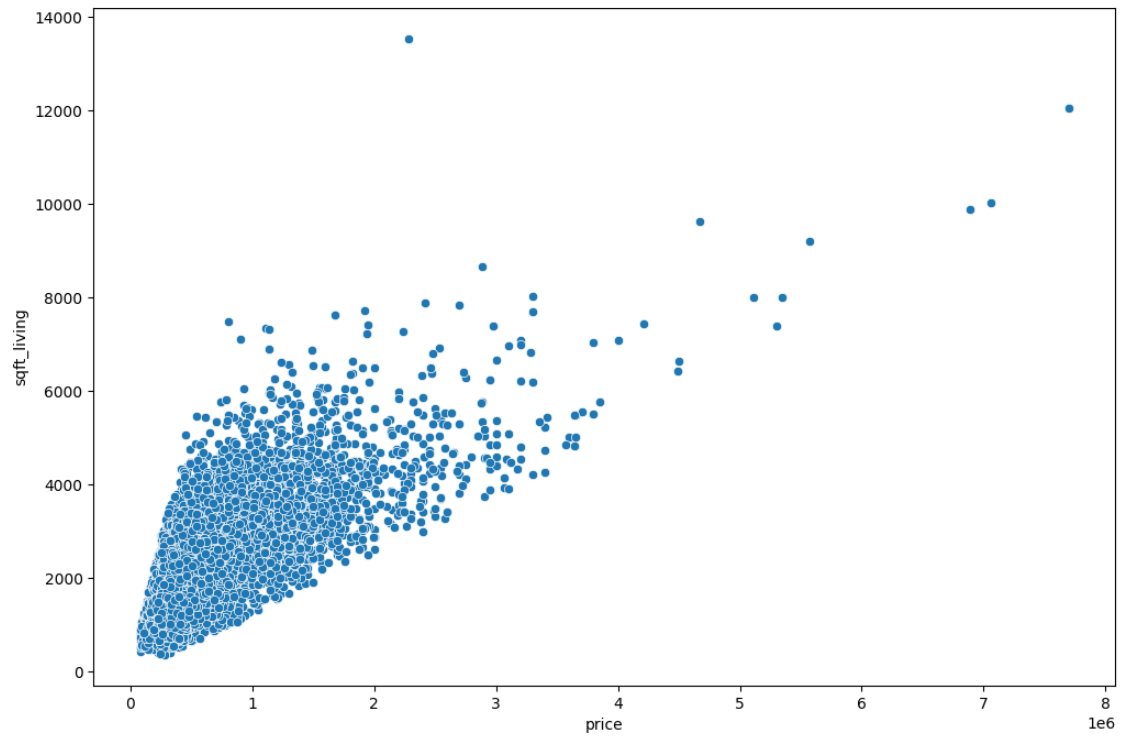
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	id	21597 non-null	int64
1	date	21597 non-null	object
2	price	21597 non-null	float64
3	bedrooms	21597 non-null	int64
4	bathrooms	21597 non-null	float64
5	sqft_living	21597 non-null	int64
6	sqft_lot	21597 non-null	int64
7	floors	21597 non-null	float64
8	waterfront	21597 non-null	int64
9	view	21597 non-null	int64
10	condition	21597 non-null	int64
11	grade	21597 non-null	int64
12	sqft_above	21597 non-null	int64
13	sqft_basement	21597 non-null	int64
14	yr_built	21597 non-null	int64
15	yr_renovated	21597 non-null	int64
16	zipcode	21597 non-null	int64
17	lat	21597 non-null	float64
18	long	21597 non-null	float64
19	sqft_living15	21597 non-null	int64
20	sqft_lot15	21597 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(5), int64(15), object(1)

memory usage: 3.5+ MB

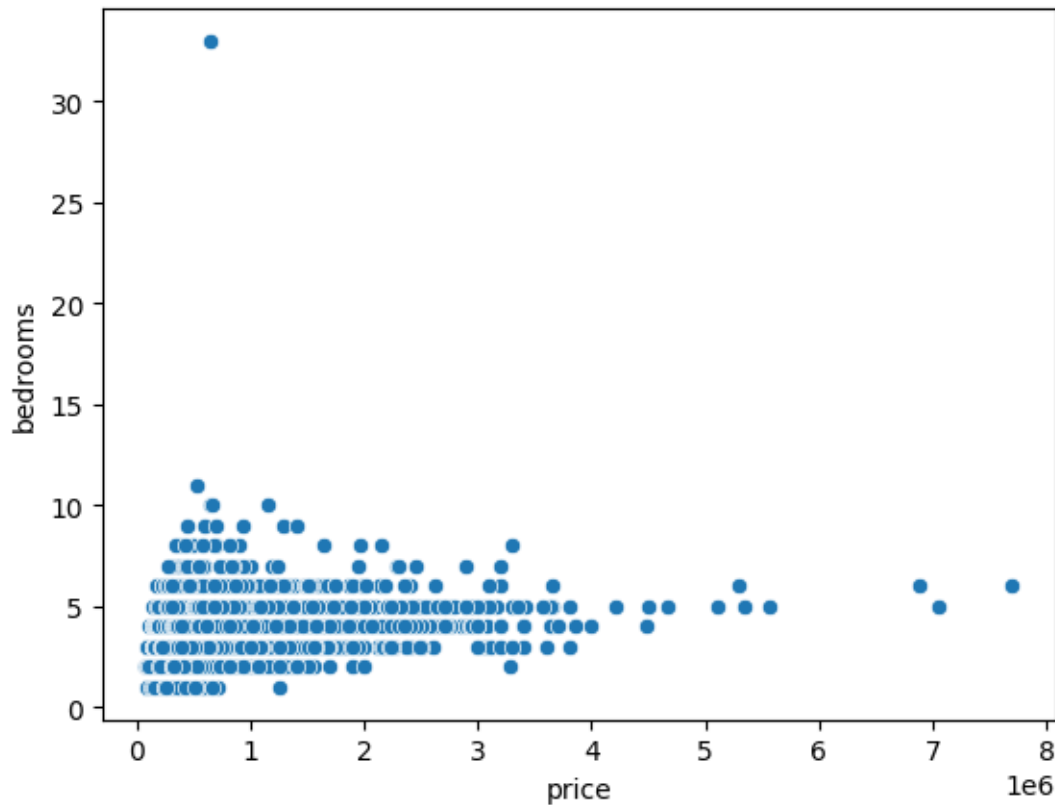
```
[ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
     sns.scatterplot(x='price',y='sqft_living',data=df)
```

```
[ ]: <Axes: xlabel='price', ylabel='sqft_living'>
```



```
[ ]: sns.scatterplot(x='price',y='bedrooms',data=df)
```

```
[ ]: <Axes: xlabel='price', ylabel='bedrooms'>
```



```
[ ]: df = df.drop('id',axis=1)
```

```
[ ]: df = df.drop('date',axis=1)
```

```
[ ]: df = df.drop('zipcode',axis=1)
```

```
[ ]: X = df.drop('price',axis=1)
     y = df['price']
```

```
[ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
[ ]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.
     ↪3,random_state=101)
```

```
[ ]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
     scaler = MinMaxScaler()
     X_train= scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
     X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

```
[ ]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Activation
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
```

```
[ ]: model = Sequential()

model.add(Dense(19,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(19,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(19,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(19,activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1))

model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mse')
```

```
[ ]: model.fit(x=X_train,y=y_train.values,
              validation_data=(X_test,y_test.values),
              batch_size=128,epochs=40)
```

```
Epoch 1/40
119/119 [=====] - 2s 4ms/step - loss: 430249672704.0000
- val_loss: 418971287552.0000
Epoch 2/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 429839089664.0000
- val_loss: 417413103616.0000
Epoch 3/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 422650347520.0000
- val_loss: 400060121088.0000
Epoch 4/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 381574643712.0000
- val_loss: 327786987520.0000
Epoch 5/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 270787510272.0000
- val_loss: 188310421504.0000
Epoch 6/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 139636097024.0000
- val_loss: 98309341184.0000
Epoch 7/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 95262654464.0000
- val_loss: 89510789120.0000
Epoch 8/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 91792924672.0000
- val_loss: 88237350912.0000
Epoch 9/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 90371563520.0000
- val_loss: 86868508672.0000
Epoch 10/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 88918220800.0000
- val_loss: 85576867840.0000
Epoch 11/40
```

```

119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 87456022528.0000
- val_loss: 84077469696.0000
Epoch 12/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 85961760768.0000
- val_loss: 82615631872.0000
Epoch 13/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 84426514432.0000
- val_loss: 81133944832.0000
Epoch 14/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 82835832832.0000
- val_loss: 79603769344.0000
Epoch 15/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 81204551680.0000
- val_loss: 78028111872.0000
Epoch 16/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 79485132800.0000
- val_loss: 76351594496.0000
Epoch 17/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 77710712832.0000
- val_loss: 74618806272.0000
Epoch 18/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 75940216832.0000
- val_loss: 72907931648.0000
Epoch 19/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 74136600576.0000
- val_loss: 71116767232.0000
Epoch 20/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 72276418560.0000
- val_loss: 69305352192.0000
Epoch 21/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 70353641472.0000
- val_loss: 67475832832.0000
Epoch 22/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 68435341312.0000
- val_loss: 65610268672.0000
Epoch 23/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 66520584192.0000
- val_loss: 63833935872.0000
Epoch 24/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 64601067520.0000
- val_loss: 61938171904.0000
Epoch 25/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 62775332864.0000
- val_loss: 60234399744.0000
Epoch 26/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 60946124800.0000
- val_loss: 58477793280.0000
Epoch 27/40

```

```

119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 59250962432.0000
- val_loss: 56911044608.0000
Epoch 28/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 57630973952.0000
- val_loss: 55405420544.0000
Epoch 29/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 56191746048.0000
- val_loss: 54074175488.0000
Epoch 30/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 54857224192.0000
- val_loss: 52855857152.0000
Epoch 31/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 53691281408.0000
- val_loss: 51818115072.0000
Epoch 32/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 52659077120.0000
- val_loss: 50878496768.0000
Epoch 33/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 51745894400.0000
- val_loss: 50068185088.0000
Epoch 34/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 50916413440.0000
- val_loss: 49338159104.0000
Epoch 35/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 50248773632.0000
- val_loss: 48698892288.0000
Epoch 36/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 49509707776.0000
- val_loss: 48246181888.0000
Epoch 37/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 49016295424.0000
- val_loss: 47633457152.0000
Epoch 38/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 48410259456.0000
- val_loss: 47078539264.0000
Epoch 39/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 47886741504.0000
- val_loss: 46799671296.0000
Epoch 40/40
119/119 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 47501975552.0000
- val_loss: 46111432704.0000

```

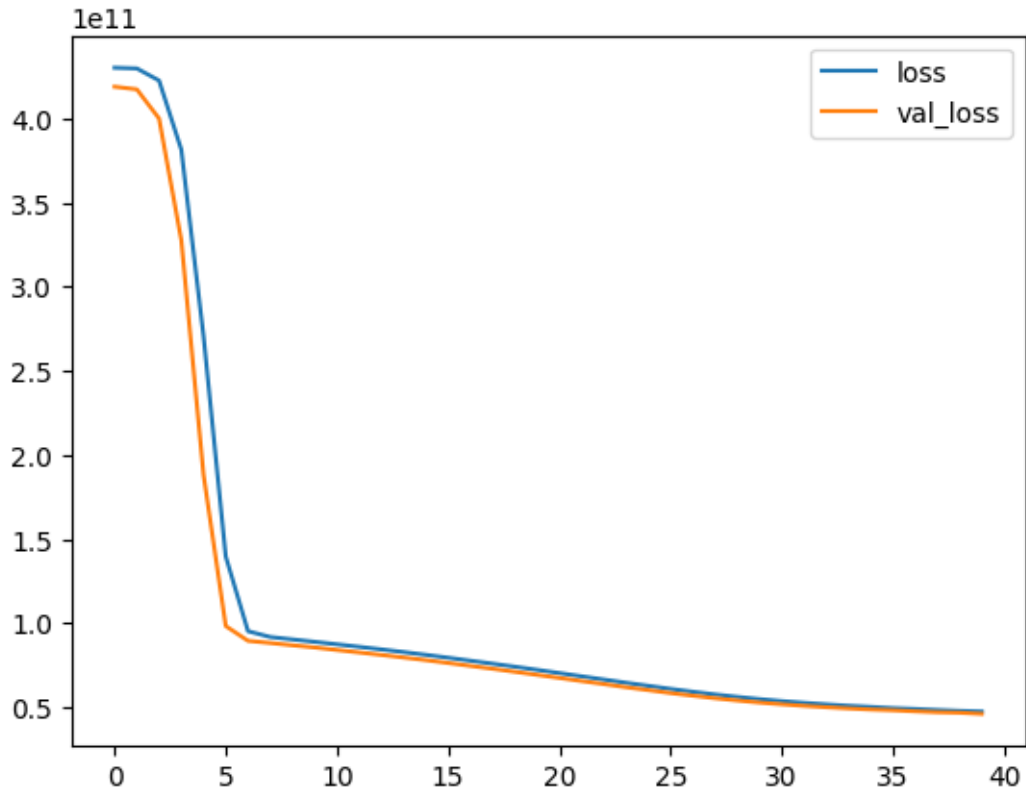
```
[ ]: <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7c8c100f7df0>
```

```
[ ]: losses = pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
```

```
[ ]: losses.plot()
```



[ ]: <Axes: >



```
[ ]: from sklearn.metrics import   
      mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, explained_variance_score
```

```
[ ]: predictions = model.predict(X_test)  
      mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
```

203/203 [=====] - 1s 2ms/step

[ ]: 128543.12028763382

```
[ ]: single_house = df.drop('price', axis=1).iloc[0]  
      single_house = scaler.transform(single_house.values.reshape(-1, 17))  
      model.predict(single_house)
```

1/1 [=====] - 0s 21ms/step

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but MinMaxScaler was fitted with feature names  
warnings.warn(

```
[ ]: array([[255590.75]], dtype=float32)
```

```
[ ]:
```

2nd program

```
_____
_____
_____
_____
```

```
[ ]: from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense
from keras.utils import to_categorical
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[ ]: # Step 1: Load and preprocess the MNIST dataset
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
```

```
[ ]: x_train = x_train.reshape((x_train.shape[0], 28, 28, 1)).astype('float32') / 255
x_test = x_test.reshape((x_test.shape[0], 28, 28, 1)).astype('float32') / 255
```

```
[ ]: y_train = to_categorical(y_train)
y_test = to_categorical(y_test)
```

```
[ ]: # Step 2: Change the hyperparameters of the classification model and analyze
      ↪ performance
hyperparameter_combinations = [
    {'filters': 32, 'kernel_size': (3, 3), 'pool_size': (2, 2)},
    {'filters': 64, 'kernel_size': (3, 3), 'pool_size': (2, 2)},
    {'filters': 64, 'kernel_size': (3, 3), 'pool_size': (4, 4)},
    # Add more hyperparameter combinations as needed
]
```

```
[ ]: for hyperparameters in hyperparameter_combinations:
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(Conv2D(hyperparameters['filters'],
                     kernel_size=hyperparameters['kernel_size'],
                     activation='relu',
                     input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=hyperparameters['pool_size']))
    model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax')) # 10 classes for digits 0-9
```

```
[ ]: model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy',  
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
[ ]: # Train the model  
    history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5, validation_data=(x_test,  
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
```

```
[ ]: # Evaluate the model  
    test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
```

```
[ ]: # Print metrics and hyperparameters  
    print(f'Model with Hyperparameters: {hyperparameters}')
```

```
    print(f'Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy}')
```

```
    print(f'Test Loss: {test_loss}')
```

```
[ ]: # Plot training history  
    plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
```

```
    plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
```

```
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
```

```
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
```

```
    plt.legend()
```

```
    plt.show()
```

3rd program

---

---

---

```
[ ]: import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[ ]: #import libraries  
from keras.datasets import imdb  
from keras.models import Sequential  
from keras.layers import Dense  
from keras.layers import LSTM  
from keras.layers import Embedding  
from keras.preprocessing import sequence  
np.random.seed(7)
```

```
[ ]: import warnings  
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[ ]: top_words = 5000  
(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = imdb.load_data(num_words=top_words)
```

```
[ ]: print('Shape of training data: ')
      print(X_train.shape)
      print(y_train.shape)
      print('Shape of test data: ')
      print(X_test.shape)
      print(y_test.shape)
```

```
[ ]: # truncate and pad input sequences
      max_review_length = 500
      X_train = sequence.pad_sequences(X_train, maxlen=max_review_length)
      X_test = sequence.pad_sequences(X_test, maxlen=max_review_length)
```

```
[ ]: from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
      from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout

      model = Sequential()
      model.add(Embedding(top_words,max_review_length,
        ↪input_length=max_review_length))
      model.add(LSTM(16, return_sequences=True))
      model.add(Dropout(0.5))
      model.add(LSTM(16, return_sequences=True)) # Add another LSTM layer with
        ↪return_sequences=True
      model.add(Dropout(0.5))
      model.add(LSTM(16)) # Add another LSTM layer
      model.add(Dropout(0.5))
      model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

      model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',
        ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
      model.summary()
```

```
[ ]: model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='binary_crossentropy',
        ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
      history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),
        ↪epochs=10, batch_size=64)
```

```
[ ]: #evaluate the model
      test = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
      print("Testing Accuracy: %.2f%%" % (test[1]*100))
```

```
[ ]: def plot_result(history, epoch):

      epoch_range = range(1, 11)

      plt.plot(epoch_range, history.history['accuracy'], label='Training acc')
      plt.plot(epoch_range, history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation
        ↪acc')
```

```

plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('acc')
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.savefig('acc.jpg')

plt.show()

plt.plot(epoch_range, history.history['loss'], label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epoch_range, history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
plt.savefig('loss.jpg')

plt.show()

```

```
[ ]: plot_result(history, 10)
```

```
[ ]:
```

4th program

---



---



---

```
[ ]: import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk import NaiveBayesClassifier
from nltk.classify import accuracy

```

```
[ ]: # Download necessary resources
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')

```

```
[ ]: # Preprocessing function
def preprocess(text):
    tokens = word_tokenize(text.lower()) # Tokenization and lowercase
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [word for word in tokens if word.isalpha() and word not in
↪stop_words] # Removing stopwords and non-alphabetic tokens
    stemmer = PorterStemmer()
    tokens = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in tokens] # Stemming

```

```
return dict([(token, True) for token in tokens])
```

```
[ ]: # Read dataset from a text file
dataset_file = "dataset.txt" # Path to your dataset file
dataset = []
with open(dataset_file, 'r') as file:
    for line in file:
        text, label = line.strip().split(",")
        dataset.append((text, label))
```

```
[ ]: # Preprocess the dataset
preprocessed_dataset = [(preprocess(text), label) for text, label in dataset]
```

```
[ ]: # Split data into training and testing sets
train_data = preprocessed_dataset[:90]
test_data = preprocessed_dataset[10:]
```

```
[ ]: # Train the Naive Bayes Classifier
classifier = NaiveBayesClassifier.train(train_data)
```

```
[ ]: # Test the classifier
print("Accuracy:", accuracy(classifier, test_data))
```

```
[ ]: # Test a new text segment
text_to_classify = "The product exceeded my expectations" # You can change
↳ this text to test different segments
preprocessed_text = preprocess(text_to_classify)
print("Classification:", classifier.classify(preprocessed_text))
```

5th program

```
_____
_____
_____
```

```
[ ]: ! python -m ipykernel install --user --name gan
```

```
[ ]: import torch
from torch import nn

import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[ ]: torch.manual_seed(111)
```

```
[ ]: train_data_length = 1024
train_data = torch.zeros((train_data_length, 2))
train_data[:, 0] = 2 * math.pi * torch.rand(train_data_length)
train_data[:, 1] = torch.sin(train_data[:, 0])
train_labels = torch.zeros(train_data_length)
train_set = [
    (train_data[i], train_labels[i]) for i in range(train_data_length)
]
```

```
[ ]: plt.plot(train_data[:, 0], train_data[:, 1], ".")
```

```
[ ]: batch_size = 32
train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
    train_set, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True
)
```

```
[ ]: class Discriminator(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.model = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(2, 256),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.3),
            nn.Linear(256, 128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.3),
            nn.Linear(128, 64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.3),
            nn.Linear(64, 1),
            nn.Sigmoid(),
        )

    def forward(self, x):
        output = self.model(x)
        return output
```

```
[ ]: discriminator = Discriminator()
```

```
[ ]: class Generator(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.model = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(2, 16),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Linear(16, 32),
            nn.ReLU(),
        )
```

```

        nn.Linear(32, 2),
    )

    def forward(self, x):
        output = self.model(x)
        return output

generator = Generator()

```

```

[ ]: lr = 0.001
    num_epochs = 300
    loss_function = nn.BCELoss()

```

```

[ ]: optimizer_discriminator = torch.optim.Adam(discriminator.parameters(), lr=lr)
    optimizer_generator = torch.optim.Adam(generator.parameters(), lr=lr)

```

```

[ ]: for epoch in range(num_epochs):
    for n, (real_samples, _) in enumerate(train_loader):
        # Data for training the discriminator
        real_samples_labels = torch.ones((batch_size, 1))
        latent_space_samples = torch.randn((batch_size, 2))
        generated_samples = generator(latent_space_samples)
        generated_samples_labels = torch.zeros((batch_size, 1))
        all_samples = torch.cat((real_samples, generated_samples))
        all_samples_labels = torch.cat(
            (real_samples_labels, generated_samples_labels)
        )

        # Training the discriminator
        discriminator.zero_grad()
        output_discriminator = discriminator(all_samples)
        loss_discriminator = loss_function(
            output_discriminator, all_samples_labels)
        loss_discriminator.backward()
        optimizer_discriminator.step()

        # Data for training the generator
        latent_space_samples = torch.randn((batch_size, 2))

        # Training the generator
        generator.zero_grad()
        generated_samples = generator(latent_space_samples)
        output_discriminator_generated = discriminator(generated_samples)
        loss_generator = loss_function(
            output_discriminator_generated, real_samples_labels
        )
        loss_generator.backward()

```



```
optimizer_generator.step()

# Show loss
if epoch % 10 == 0 and n == batch_size - 1:
    print(f"Epoch: {epoch} Loss D.: {loss_discriminator}")
    print(f"Epoch: {epoch} Loss G.: {loss_generator}")
```

```
[ ]: latent_space_samples = torch.randn(100, 2)
generated_samples = generator(latent_space_samples)
```

```
[ ]: generated_samples = generated_samples.detach()
plt.plot(generated_samples[:, 0], generated_samples[:, 1], ".")
```

```
[ ]:
```