

# K. J. Somaiya College of Engineering, Mumbai-77

**Department of Computer Engineering** 

Batch: D-2 **Roll No.:** 16010122151

Experiment / assignment / tutorial No.

Grade: AA / AB / BB / BC / CC / CD /DD

Signature of the Staff In-charge with date

Title: Implementation of MongoDB, Node.js and Express js.

**AIM:** Implementation of MongoDB, Node.js and Express js.

#### **Problem Definition:**

Design and develop a backend for a web application that connects to a MongoDB database using Node.js and Express.js. The system should handle HTTP requests, interact with the database to store and retrieve data, and return appropriate responses to the client.

#### **Resources used:**

- Node.js for the backend server
- Express.js as the web framework
- MongoDB as the database for storing data
- Mongoose for handling MongoDB connections and schema validation in Node.js
- Postman for testing API endpoints

#### **Expected OUTCOME of Experiment:**

CO 4: Test the concepts and components of various front-end, back-end web app

#### **Books/ Journals/ Websites referred:**

1. Shelly Powers Learning Node O' Reilly 2 nd Edition, 2016.



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## **Pre Lab/ Prior Concepts:**

## Write details about the following content

Mongo DB

MongoDB is a NoSQL, document-oriented database that stores data in flexible, JSON-like documents. It is schema-less, meaning each document can have a different structure. It is widely used for its scalability and flexibility.

Connection using node is Express is And MongoDB

To connect to a MongoDB database from Node.js, the mongoose library is typically used. Express.js provides routing and middleware, which makes it easy to create APIs.

Steps to establish the connection:

- Install necessary libraries (express, mongoose, body-parser).
- Set up a Node.js server using Express.
- Use Mongoose to connect to the MongoDB database.
- Create schema and model for the MongoDB collections.
- Create Express routes to handle requests like GET, POST, PUT, DELETE for CRUD operations.



### **Implementation Details:**

Students have to write stepwise details of implementation.

# Home page

# **Register Page**

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';

const RegistrationForm = () => {
   const [formData, setFormData] = useState({
      username: '',
      password: '',
   });
   const [errorMessage, setErrorMessage] = useState('');

const handleChange = (e) => {
    setFormData({ ...formData, [e.target.name]: e.target.value });
   };

const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
```



```
try {
      const response = await axios.post('http://localhost:5000/api/auth/register',
formData);
      console.log(response.data);
   } catch (error) {
      console.log(error);
     if (error.response) {
        setErrorMessage(error.response.data.message);
      } else {
        setErrorMessage('An error occurred. Please try again.');
 };
 return (
    <div>
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
        <input</pre>
          type="text"
          name="username"
          placeholder="Username"
         value={formData.username}
          onChange={handleChange}
        <input</pre>
          type="password"
         name="password"
          placeholder="Password"
          value={formData.password}
          onChange={handleChange}
        <button type="submit">Register</button>
      {errorMessage && {errorMessage}}
      <a href="/">Click to Home Page</a>
      <a href="/data">Click to view data entries</a>
    </div>
  );
};
```



export default RegistrationForm;

# **Data Page**

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';
const RegistrationData = () => {
  const [entries, setEntries] = useState([]);
  useEffect(() => {
      axios.get('http://localhost:5000/api/data/entries')
      .then(response => {
       console.log(response);
       setEntries(response.data);
      .catch(error => {
       console.error(error);
     });
  }, []);
  return (
   <div>
     <h1>Registered Entries</h1>
       {entries.map((entry, index) => (
         {entry.username}
       ))}
     </div>
  );
};
export default RegistrationData;
```

Schema



```
onst mongoose = require('mongoose');

const userSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
   username: { type: String, unique: true, required: true },
   password: { type: String, required: true },
});

const User = module.exports = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);

module.exports = User;
```

# **Registration logic**

```
const express = require('express');
const router = express.Router();
const bcrypt = require('bcrypt');
const User = require('../models/user');
const register = async (req, res) => {
  console.log("Register");
  try {
    console.log(req.body);
    const { username, password } = req.body;
    const existingUser = await User.findOne( {username} );
    if (existingUser) {
      return res.status(400).json({ message: 'Username already exists' });
    const hashedPassword = await bcrypt.hash(password, 10);
    const newUser = new User({ username, password: hashedPassword });
    await newUser.save();
    res.status(201).json({ message: 'User registered successfully' });
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```



```
res.status(500).json({ message: 'Server error' });
};
module.exports = register;
```

# **Server Page**

```
const express = require('express');
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const cors = require('cors');
const authRoutes = require('./routes/auth');
const dataRoutes = require('./routes/data');
const app = express();
app.use(cors());
app.use(express.json());
const port = process.env.PORT || 5000;
const mongoURI = "mongodb+srv://minavk:minav-
mk@cluster0.wecbstk.mongodb.net/?retryWrites=true&w=majority";
mongoose.connect(mongoURI, {
 useNewUrlParser: true,
 useUnifiedTopology: true,
});
const db = mongoose.connection;
db.on('error', console.error.bind(console, 'MongoDB connection error:'));
db.once('open', () => {
  console.log('Connected to MongoDB');
});
app.use('/api/auth/register', authRoutes);
app.get('/api/data/entries', dataRoutes);
app.listen(port, () => {
  console.log(`Server is running on port ${port}`);
});
```



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#### **Conclusion:**

In this experiment, we successfully implemented a simple backend using Node.js, Express.js, and MongoDB. We explored how to connect to a MongoDB database and perform CRUD operations using Mongoose. This experiment helped understand how to build a scalable backend using these technologies and solidified the concepts of full-stack development.