

TP03 Infrastructures Cloud

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Mise en place d'une IGC

Pour ce TP nous choisissons la machine 1 avec l'adresse 100.127.217.69 comme serveur PKI.

Installation des paquets et clés

Pour chaque poste de travail des membres de l'équipe on génère une clé SSH et on la copie sur les postes de travail.

Sous MAC:

On crée la paire de clé :

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "studentlab@machine"
```

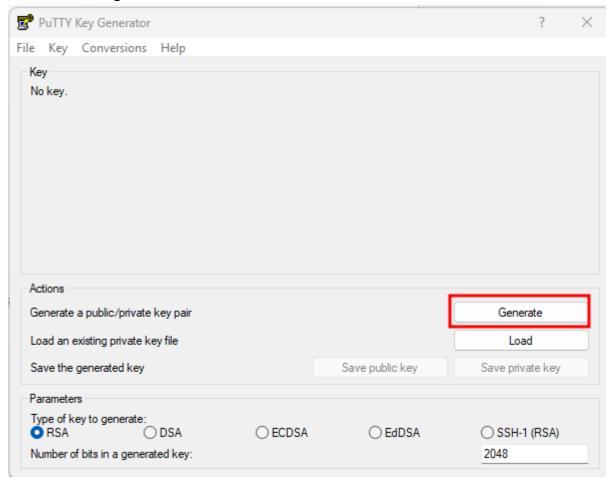
On déploie la clé publique sur les serveurs cibles :

```
ssh-copy-id studentlab@100.127.217.69
ssh-copy-id studentlab@100.98.204.70
ssh-copy-id studentlab@100.79.188.4
```

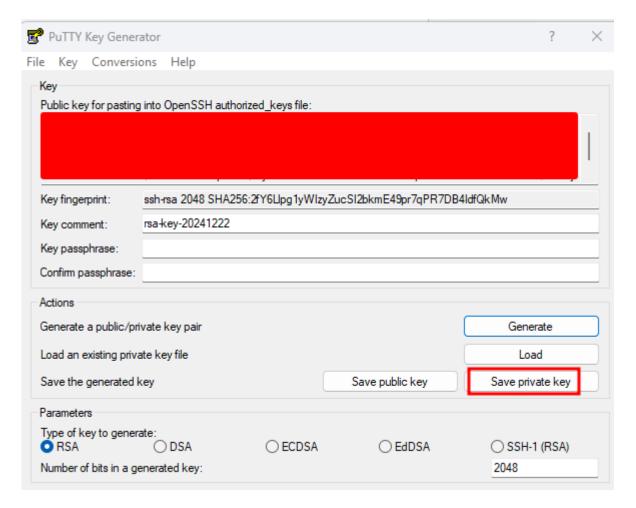
On teste ensuite la connexion avec l'utilitaire ssh.

Sous Windows:

On ouvre **PuTTYgen**:



On enregistre la clé privée et la clé publique sur le poste :



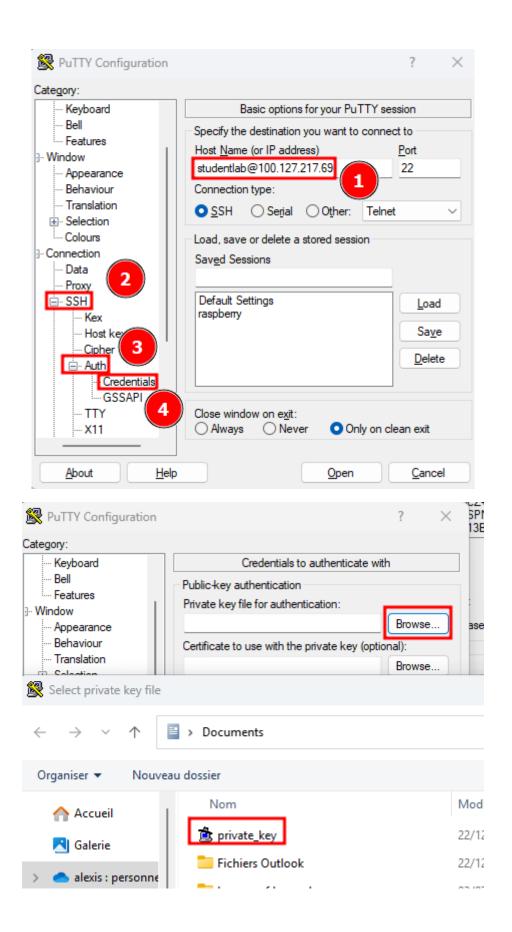
Dans la zone **Public key for pasting into OpenSSH authorized_keys file**, on copie la clé publique.

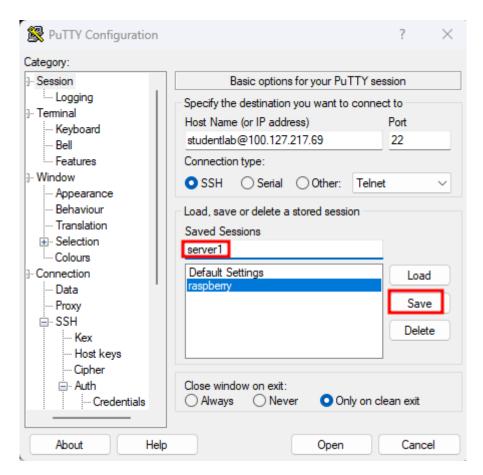
Ensuite dans **PuTTY** on se connecte aux différentes VMs. On ajoute notre clé au fichier .ssh/authorized_keys :

```
studentlab@1124BUBUSTD25:~$ sudo mkdir /.ssh
studentlab@1124BUBUSTD25:~$ nano .ssh/authorized_keys
```

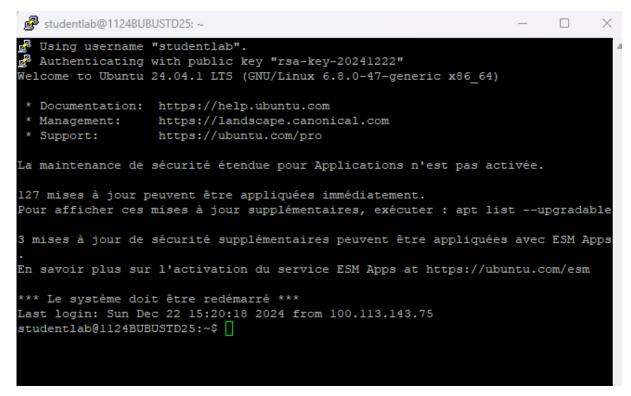
On crée d'abord le fichier sur toutes les VMs

Ensuite on paramètre la session pour la connexion sans mot de passe dans PuTTY:





On sauvegarde pour des utilisations futures



La connexion est directe sans demande de mot de passe

On fait de même pour enregistrer les autres sessions des serveurs.

On installe les paquets suivants :

sudo apt install jq nload tcpdump tmux golang -y

Déploiement du service cfssl

Préparation de l'environnement

On installe les binaires dans \$HOME:

go install github.com/cloudflare/cfssl/cmd/cfssl@latest go install github.com/cloudflare/cfssl/cmd/cfssljson@latest go install github.com/cloudflare/cfssl/cmd/multirootca@latest

On copie ces binaires dans /usr/local/bin.

sudo cp \$HOME/go/bin/cfssl /usr/local/bin/ sudo cp \$HOME/go/bin/cfssljson /usr/local/bin/ sudo cp \$HOME/go/bin/multirootca /usr/local/bin/

On crée les répertoires /var/lib/pki/{root,intermediate,config,certificates}.

Création de la CA racine

On passe en **root** et on lance les commandes suivantes pour créer le certificat racine.

```
export PKI=/var/lib/pki
cat << EOF > $PKI/root/root-csr.json
"CN": "EFREI RS Root Certificate Authority",
"key": {
"algo": "ecdsa",
"size": 256
},
"names": [
"C": "FR",
"L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
"O": "EFREI",
"OU": "CA Services",
"ST": "IDF"
],
"ca": {
"expiry": "87600h"
}
}
EOF
cfssl gencert -initca $PKI/root/root-csr.json \
| cfssljson -bare $PKI/root/root-ca
```

Création de la CA intermédiaire

```
cat << EOF > $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-csr.json
"CN": "EFREI RS Root Certificate Authority",
"key": {
"algo": "ecdsa",
"size": 256
},
"names": [
"C": "FR",
"L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
"O": "EFREI",
"OU": "CA Services",
"ST": "IDF"
}
]
}
EOF
cfssl genkey $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-csr.json \
| cfssljson -bare $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca
cat << EOF > $PKI/config/config.json
"signing": {
"default": {
"expiry": "8760h"
},
"profiles": {
"intermediate": {
"usages": ["cert sign", "crl sign"],
"expiry": "70080h",
"ca_constraint": {
"is_ca": true,
"max_path_len": 1
}
```

```
}
}

EOF

cfssl sign \
-ca $PKI/root/root-ca.pem \
-ca-key $PKI/root/root-ca-key.pem \
-config $PKI/config/config.json \
-profile intermediate $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.csr \
| cfssljson -bare $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca
```

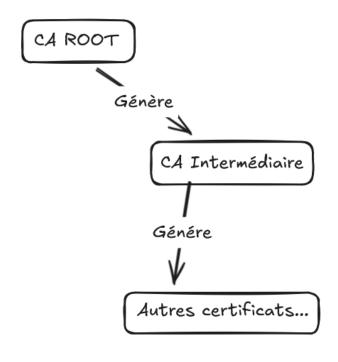


Schéma résumé de l'infrastructure PKI

Il est judicieux de créer un CA intermédiaire afin de limiter les risques de compromission de la CA root. En réduisant l'exposition du CA root et en le réservant uniquement à la signature de CA intermédiaires, on limite les risques de compromission. Ainsi, même si un CA intermédiaire est compromis, le CA root reste intact.

On pourrait mettre en place d'autres mesures de sécurité :

- Mettre des mots de passe pour les certificats
- Créer d'autres CA intermédiaires pour les catégories de certificat
- Activer l'OCSP pour permettre la révocation en temps réel des certificats compromis

Création des certificats intermédiaires

On vérifie la création d'un certificat test :

```
# Configuration du fichier config.json pour le CA
cat << EOF > $PKI/config/config.json
 "signing": {
  "default": {
    "expiry": "8760h"
  },
  "profiles": {
    "intermediate": {
     "usages": ["cert sign", "crl sign"],
     "expiry": "70080h",
     "ca_constraint": {
      "is_ca": true,
      "max_path_len": 1
    }
   },
    "host": {
     "usages": ["signing", "digital signing", "key encipherment", "server auth"],
     "expiry": "8760h"
}
EOF
# Configuration d'un certificat de test
cat << EOF > $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei-csr.json
 "CN": "lab.efrei.io",
 "hosts": ["lab.efrei.io", "192.168.122.120"],
 "names": [
  {
    "C": "FR",
```

```
"L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
    "O": "EFREI",
    "OU": "CA Services"
 ]
EOF
# Génération du certificat pour le test
cfssl gencert \
 -ca $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
 -ca-key $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca-key.pem \
 -config $PKI/config/config.json \
 -profile host $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei-csr.json \
| cfssljson -bare $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei
# Lecture du certificat généré
openssl x509 \
 -in $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei.pem \
 -noout -subject -issuer -startdate -enddate
# Création d'un bundle complet (fullchain)
cat \
 $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei.pem \
 $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
> $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei-fullchain.pem
# Vérification du certificat généré
openssl verify \
 -CAfile <(cat $PKI/root/root-ca.pem $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem) \
 $PKI/certificates/lab-efrei.pem
```

```
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] generate received request
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] received CSR
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] generating key: ecdsa-256
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] encoded CSR
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:45 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:47 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 27395110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed certificate with serial number 273951110833123150052091104666372858959759498599
2024/12/23 09:02:44 [INFO] signed cert
```

Lancement du webservice

Tout d'abord, on crée un certificat pour le webservice :

```
# CSR
cat << EOF > $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server-csr.json
 "CN": "pki.efrei.io",
 "hosts": ["pki.efrei.io", "$IP_ADDR"],
 "names": [
    "C": "FR",
    "L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
    "O": "EFREI",
    "OU": "CA Services"
EOF
# Certificat
cfssl gencert \
 -ca $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
 -ca-key $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca-key.pem \
 -config $PKI/config/config.json \
 -profile host $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server-csr.json \
| cfssljson -bare $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server
# Création du bundle
cat \
 $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server.pem \
 $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
 > $PKI/certificates/multirootca.pem
# Sécurisation des profils avec une clé
KEY=$(openssl rand -hex 16)
echo $KEY > $PKI/auth.key
```

```
cat << EOF > $PKI/config/config.json
 "signing": {
  "default": {
    "expiry": "8760h"
  },
  "profiles": {
   "intermediate": {
     "usages": ["cert sign", "crl sign"],
     "expiry": "70080h",
     "ca_constraint": {
      "is_ca": true,
      "max_path_len": 1
    }
   },
    "host": {
     "usages": ["signing", "digital signing", "key encipherment", "server auth",
"client auth"],
     "expiry": "8760h",
     "auth_key": "default"
 },
 "auth_keys": {
  "default": {
    "key": "$KEY",
   "type": "standard"
EOF
```

On crée un fichier de configuration :

```
name: PKI | Webservice | Création du fichier de configuration pour le webservice
notify:

Redémarrage de la machine
Test du webservice par localhost
copy:
dest: "$PKI/config/multiroot-profile.ini"
content: |
[efrei]
private = file://$PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca-key.pem
certificate = $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem
config = $PKI/config/config.json
```

On lance le service :

```
sudo /usr/local/bin/multirootca -a 0.0.0.0:8000 \
-l efrei \
-roots $PKI/config/multiroot-profile.ini \
-tls-cert $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server.pem \
-tls-key $PKI/certificates/multirootca-server-key.pem \
-loglevel 0
```

On crée un systemd pour notre service :

```
[Unit]
Description=MultiRootCA
Service After=network.target

[Service]
Type=simple
ExecStart=sudo /usr/local/bin/multirootca \
-a 0.0.0.0:8000 \
-l efrei \ -roots /var/lib/pki/config/multiroot-profile.ini \
-tls-cert /var/lib/pki/certificates/multirootca-server.pem \
-tls-key /var/lib/pki/certificates/multirootca-server-key.pem \
-loglevel 0
User=root
Restart=on-failure

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

On rend notre service disponible:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable multirootca
```

On crée la demande de certificat pour tester le webservice :

```
cd $HOME
export IP_ADDR=100.127.217.69 # IP d'écoute du webservice
export KEY="0b2b7cda34425ec452e71d8ea0fd4676" # Secret généré plus haut
pour s'authentifier sur le webservice
# CSR
cat << "EOF" > my-cert-request-csr.json
{
"CN": "compute.efrei.io",
"hosts": ["$HOST_NAME", "$HOST_IP"],
8
"names": [
{
"C": "FR",
```

```
"L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
"O": "EFREI",
"OU": "CA Services"
}
]
}
EOF
# Configuration de la demande
cat << EOF > request-profile.json
"signing": {
"default": {
"auth_remote": {
"remote": "ca_server",
"auth_key": "default"
}
}
},
"auth_keys": {
"default": {
"key": "$KEY",
"type": "standard"
}
},
"remotes": {
"ca_server": "https://$IP_ADDR:8000"
}
}
EOF
# Envoi de la demande
cfssl gencert \
-config ./request-profile.json \
-tls-remote-ca $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
-profile host ./my-cert-request-csr.json \
| cfssljson -bare my-cert
# Vérification du certificat
```

```
openssl x509 -in ./my-cert.pem -noout -subject -issuer -startdate -enddate
cd $HOME
export IP_ADDR=100.127.217.69 # IP d'écoute du webservice
export KEY="0b2b7cda34425ec452e71d8ea0fd4676" # Secret généré pour
s'authentifier sur le webservice
# CSR
cat << "EOF" > my-cert-request-csr.json
 "CN": "compute.efrei.io",
 "hosts": ["$HOST_NAME", "$HOST_IP"],
 "names": [
  {
    "C": "FR",
    "L": "Ivry-sur-Seine",
    "O": "EFREI",
    "OU": "CA Services"
  }
]
}
EOF
# Configuration de la demande
cat << EOF > request-profile.json
 "signing": {
  "default": {
    "auth_remote": {
     "remote": "ca_server",
     "auth_key": "default"
  }
 },
 "auth_keys": {
```

```
"default": {
    "key": "$KEY",
    "type": "standard"
  }
 },
 "remotes": {
  "ca_server": "https://$IP_ADDR:8000"
}
EOF
# Envoi de la demande
cfssl gencert \
 -config ./request-profile.json \
 -tls-remote-ca $PKI/intermediate/intermediate-ca.pem \
 -profile host ./my-cert-request-csr.json \
 | cfssljson -bare my-cert
# Vérification du certificat
openssl x509 -in ./my-cert.pem -noout -subject -issuer -startdate -enddate
```

```
| Sudo | Number | Sudo | Sudo
```

On voit que le certificat a bien été signé