

QMC & QMCPACK

Summer School 2025

Tuesdays and Thursdays, 1 through 24 July

Session 1 Introduction: Paul Kent, kentpr@ornl.gov

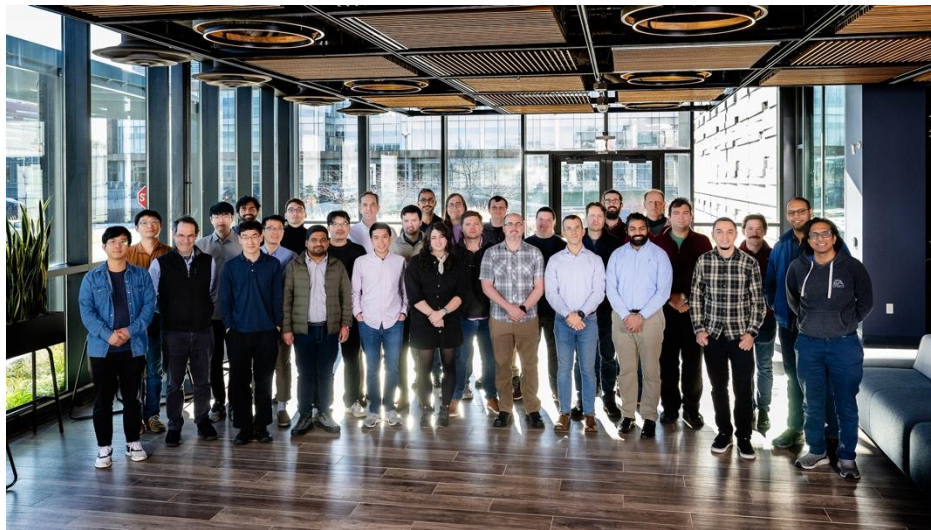
https://github.com/QMCPACK/qmc_summer_school_2025

Funding: U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Basic Energy Sciences, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division, as part of the Computational Materials Sciences Program and Center for Predictive Simulation of Functional Materials.

Welcome

We have >200 registrants for this summer school from across the globe.

To help with time zone differences, recordings will be uploaded to YouTube.



2023 QMCPACK Users Workshop

Outline

Motivation: Why quantum Monte Carlo?

Logistics for the summer school

Using the summer school virtual machines (VirtualBox & UTM)

Quick example

Questions

Thursday: Theory of real space Quantum Monte Carlo. Foundation for what follows!

Zoom Practicalities

We are recording these presentations for upload to YouTube

Questions and interaction improves the talks! Use the chat feature or Slack for questions. Indicate if you wish to ask the question “live”.

Slack will remain accessible after each presentation while the chat will not.

Thanks to Jaron Krogel @ ORNL who is watching Slack & the Zoom chat.

Acknowledgements

Thanks to the presenters:

Hyeondeok Shin, Ye Luo @ Argonne National Lab

Lubos Mitas @ North Carolina State University

Jaron Krogel, Kayahan Saritas @ Oak Ridge National Lab

Ray Clay, Amanda Dumi @ Sandia National Labs

Juha Tiihonen @ Tampere University

Current QMCPACK users and previous workshop attendees.

Goals for Summer School

1. Cover the fundamentals of real space Quantum Monte Carlo
2. Provide foundation for practical molecular & solid-state calculations using QMCPACK in combination with PySCF and Quantum ESPRESSO
3. Illustrate some real-world research level calculations
4. Provide routes for follow-on support after the school

The above topics were most requested. More advanced topics can be covered at our office hours – put what you would like to see in the survey.

Schedule

Tuesdays & Thursday 11am Eastern Time in July for up to 2 hours, covering presentations and worked examples. Work through examples and make your own experiments afterwards.

“Out of hours” support via Slack.

Thursday 24th July is reserved as a backup session in case of technical issues

Schedule

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| Session 1, 1 July | Introduction and Kickoff (Paul Kent) |
| Session 2, 3 July | Fundamentals of Quantum Monte Carlo (Paul Kent) |
| Session 3, 8 July | Pseudopotentials (Lubos Mitas). Computational workflows with NEXUS, Statistical Analysis (Jaron Krogel) |
| Session 4, 10 July | Molecular Calculations (Amanda Dumi, Paul Kent) |
| Session 5, 15 July | Solid-State Calculations (Raymond Clay) |
| Session 6, 17 July | Real-world Research Calculations (Paul Kent, Kayahan Saritas, Hyeondeok Shin) |
| Session 7, 22 July | Running on GPUs (Ye Luo), Geometry Optimization with STALK (Juha Tiihonen), Wrap Up (Paul Kent) |
| Session 8, 24 July | Back session. Only if needed |

Slack

Short link to register: <https://bit.ly/qmcworkshopslack>

Pick appropriate channels:

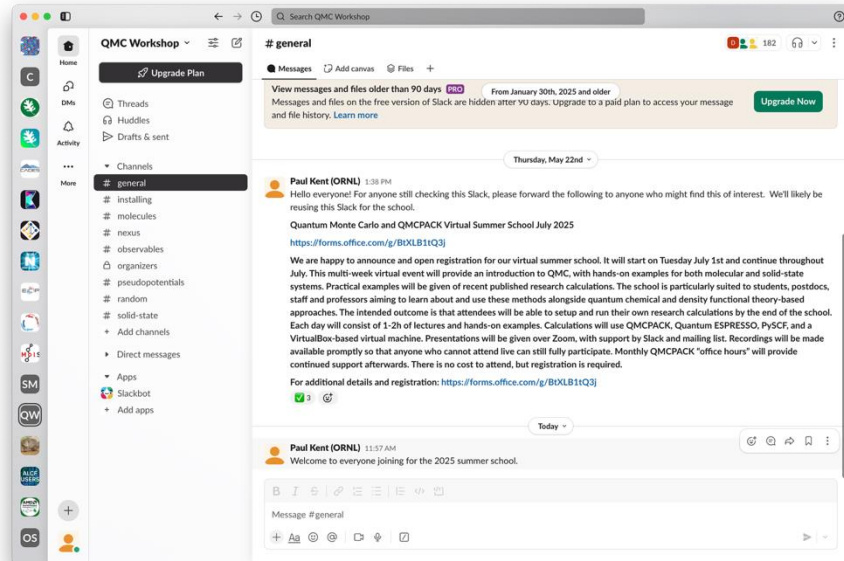
#general

#installing

#nexus

#molecules

#solid-state



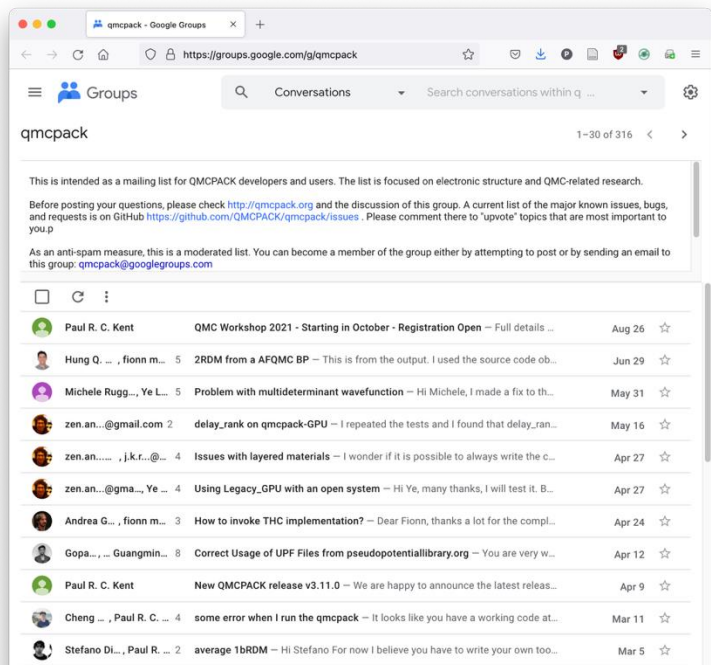
We encourage interactivity! Questions & discussion welcomed!

Mute or leave Slack notifications enabled as you prefer

QMC Summer School 2025

Support after the Summer School

Slack channel will remain open. Open an issue on QMCPACK GitHub. Use the QMCPACK Google Group. Attend our monthly “office hours”, typically on Thursdays in the last week of each month. See pinned issue on GitHub.



QMCPACK Office Hours

June 2025

Supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Basic Energy Sciences, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division, as part of the Computational Materials Sciences Program and Center for Predictive Simulation of Functional Materials.

CPSFM
Center for Predictive Simulation
of Functional Materials

Brookhaven
National Laboratory

Argonne
NATIONAL LABORATORY

NC STATE
UNIVERSITY

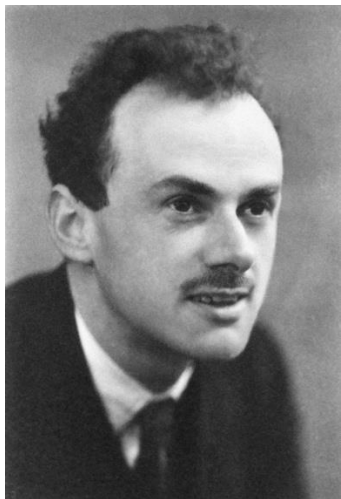
BROWN

OAK RIDGE
National Laboratory

Why Quantum Monte Carlo?

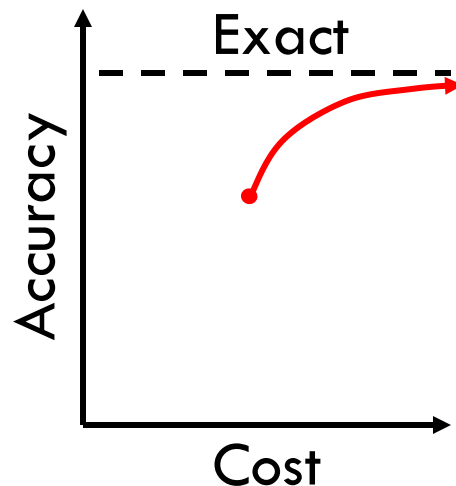
The Electronic Structure Problem

We seek accurate and reliable solutions of the Schrödinger equation. Workhorse DFT based methods are computationally affordable but approximate in practice. We need additional methods where the approximations can be made smaller and applied to general systems: molecules, insulators, metals, surfaces, interfaces, and nanostructures...



“The underlying physical laws necessary for the mathematic theory of a large part of physics and the whole of chemistry are thus completely known, and the difficulty is only that **the exact application of these laws leads to equations much too complicated to be soluble.** It therefore becomes desirable that **approximate practical methods of applying quantum mechanics should be developed...**”

Paul Dirac, Proc. Roy. Soc. (1929)

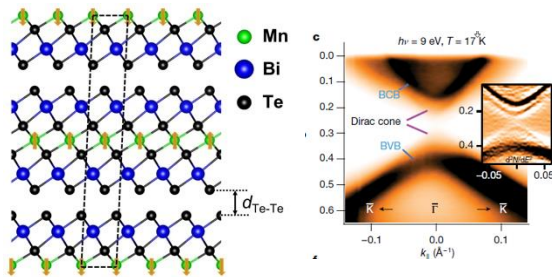


Key Features of Quantum Monte Carlo

1. The methods are very accurate even in their simplest forms.
 2. The methods are increasingly affordable and usable for timely and interesting science problems. Scaling $O(N^2-N^4)$.
 3. The few approximations made are known, testable and increasingly able to be converged.
 4. The methods provide access to the full many-body wavefunction and many-body physics; choice of input trial wavefunctions is highly flexible.
- ...

Recent Applications of QMC

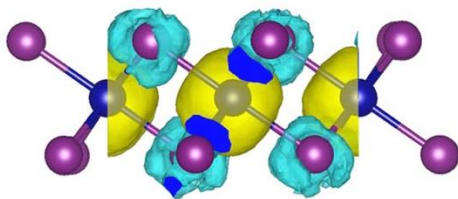
Topology & nature of surface states in MnBi_2Te_4



Variation in reported topology of states and band gap explained via stacking faults.

J. Ahn et al.
JPC Letters **14** 9052 (2023)

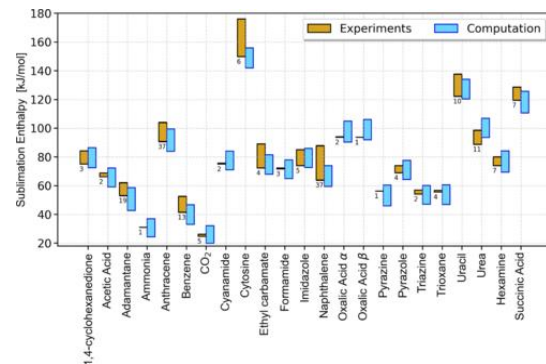
Magnetic and phononic properties of CrI_3



CrI_3 geometry from DMC in agreement with independent STM expt. Novel magnetic structure.

D. Staros et al. JCP **157** 014707 (2022); D. Staros et al. npj Spintronics **2** 4 (2024)

Lattice Energies of Molecular Crystals



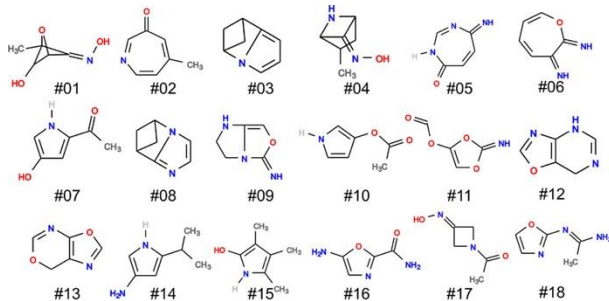
DMC for X23 dataset finds “same or better” reliability than expt (!).

[CASINO] Pia et al.
PRL **133** 046401 (2024)

Computational Cost

Small molecular calculations may take only a few node hours. Many of the earliest nanostructure and solid-state defect calculations can now be run on workstations! Many calculations are in scope using departmental level resources. Heavier elements & large systems still need HPC and careful planning.

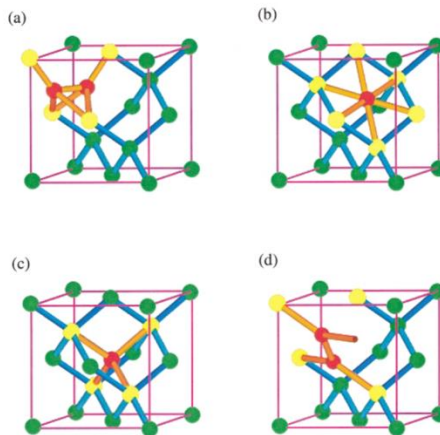
1175 QM9 test set molecules
used for delta learning instead
of CCSD(T)



“32 node hours per molecule”

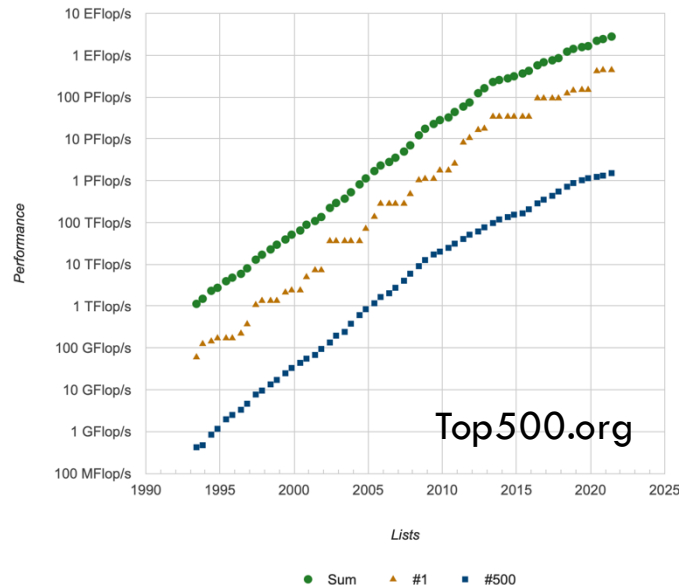
B. Huang et al.
JCTC **19** 1711 (2023)

Si self-interstitial defects



W. K. Leung et al.
PRL **83** 2351 (1999)

Performance Development



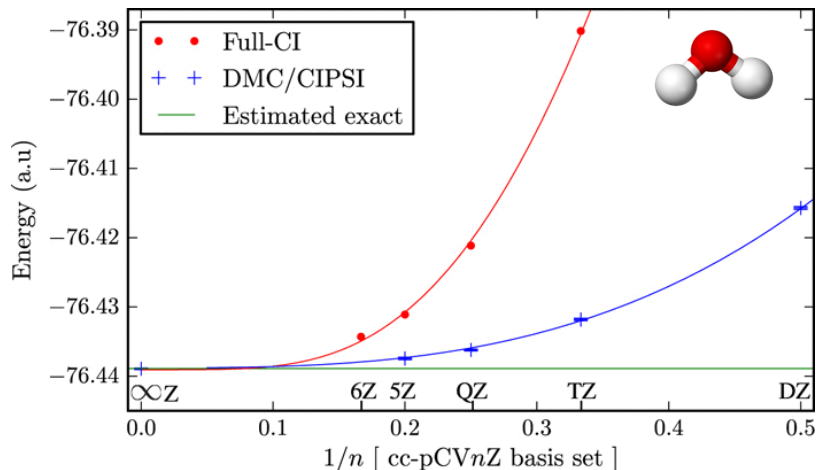
Improvability (rare/unique capability)

While highly accurate, QMC methods make a few approximations in solving the Schrodinger equation, as typically applied.

The approximations can now be tested and converged. E.g. Using large multideterminant expansions to converge the nodal error due to the Fermion sign problem. Importantly, most QMC methods are variational in the energy.

All technical convergence parameters also need to be handled: time step, cell size etc.

“Pay more, get more”



H₂O molecule
-76.438 94(12) a.u. CIPSI-DMC
vs -76.438 9 a.u. Experiment

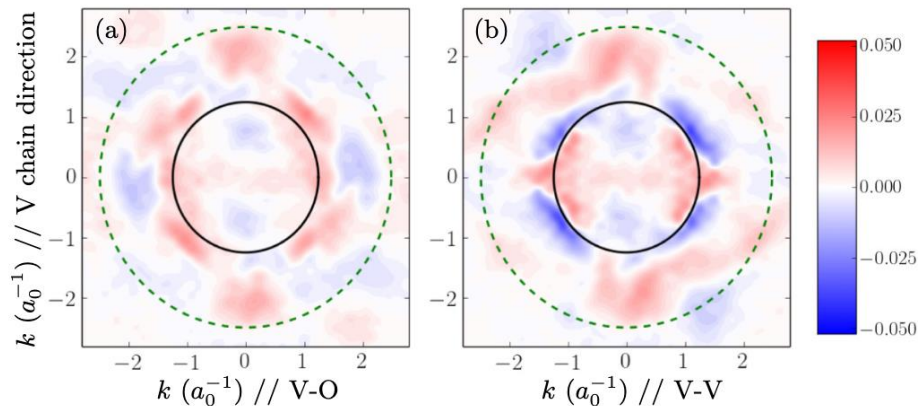
Most accurate water calculation to-date

Caffarel et al. JCP **144** 151103 (2016)

Solids: Benali et al. JCP **153** 1841 (2020)

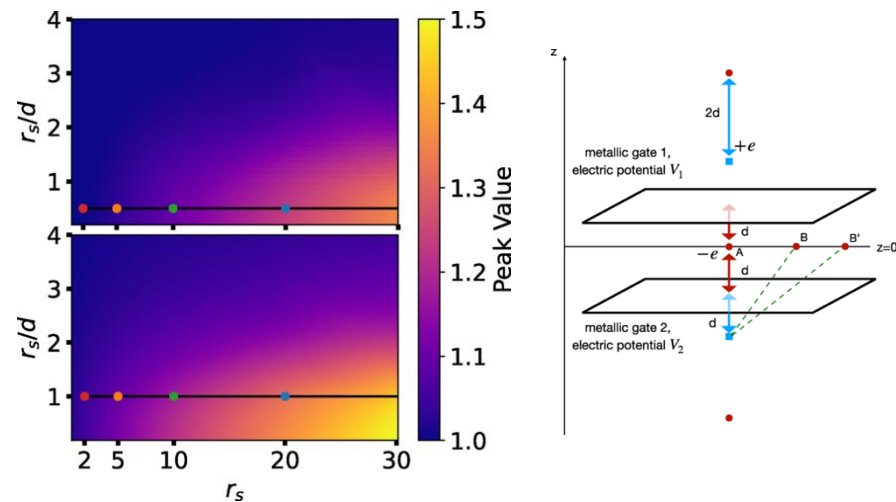
Many-body physics

QMC methods give access to the full many-body quantum mechanical wavefunction. Can compute any property! Density matrices, momentum distributions, pair-correlation functions, and ‘beyond single particle physics’ can be studied in general. Under exploited!



Difference in momentum distribution $n(\mathbf{k})$ in VO_2 through R-M1 phase transition

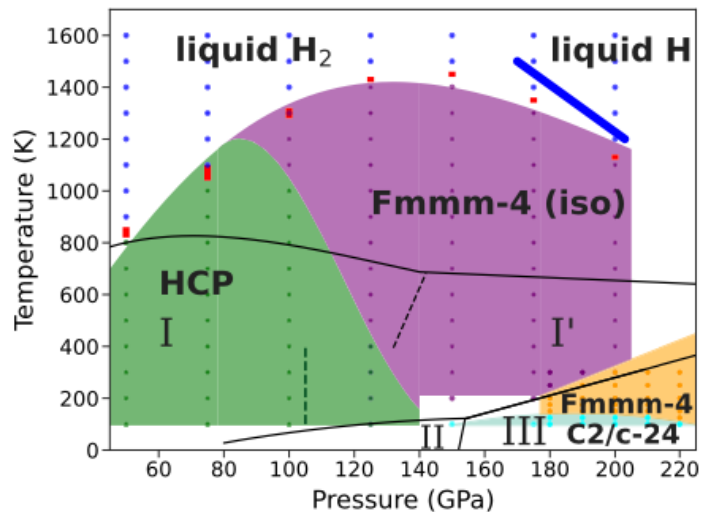
I. Kylanpaa et al. PRB **99** 075154 (2019)



Analysis of structure factor $S(k)$ in 2D Homogeneous electron gas under dual gate screening. DFT functional also created from correlation energy. Y. Yang et al. PRB **111** 045136 (2025)

Use for Machine Learning

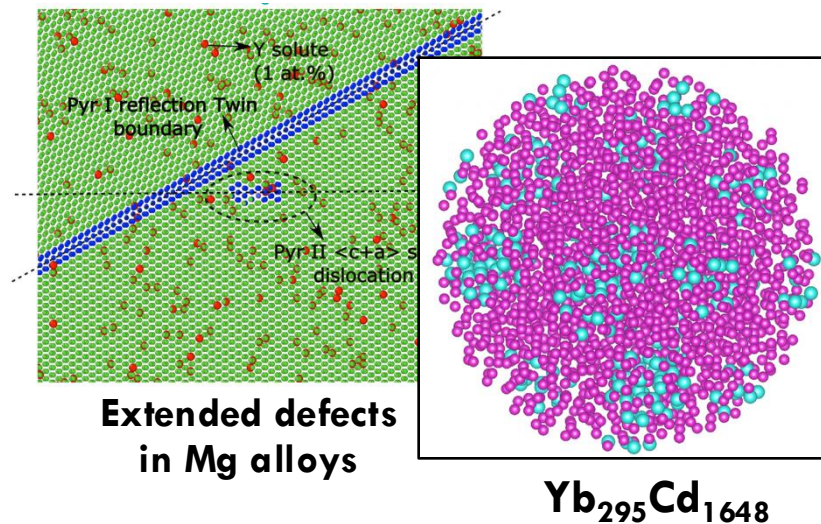
MLIPs from QMC data



Niu et al. PRL **130** 076102 (2023), UIUC group

Hydrogen phase diagram using machine learned potential from QMCPACK data. Testable approximations required for progress.

New DFT approximations from QMC?



2023 Gordon Bell Prize, V. Gavini et al. (U. Michigan)

Mg alloys and quasicrystals using machine-learned DFT approximation; called for QMC data.
See also: Skala, DM21 functionals

Machine learning provides several routes to systematic (non-ad hoc) upscaling

Using the summer school Virtual Machine

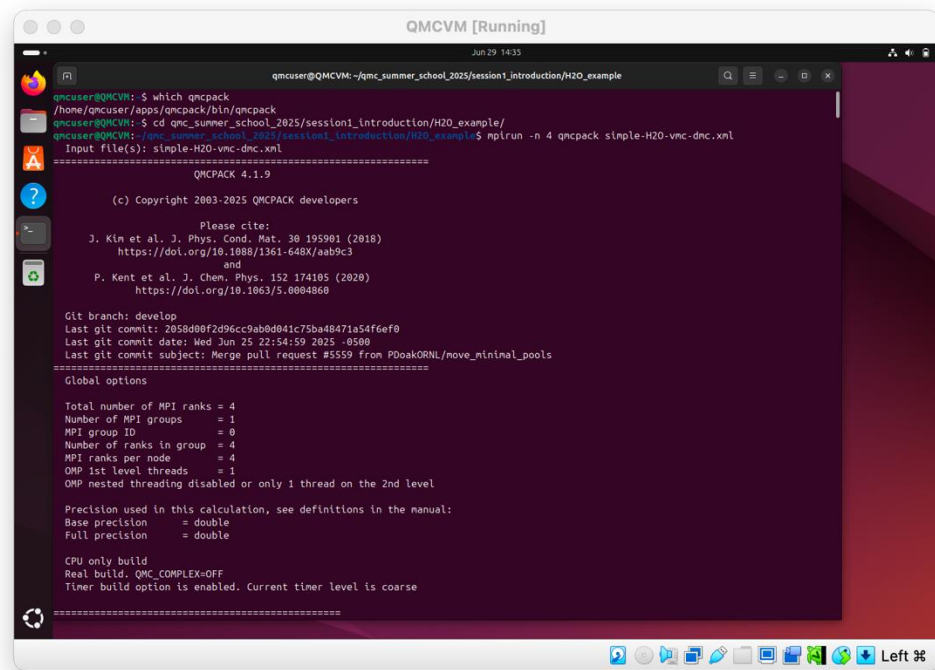
Summer School Virtual Machine

The VirtualBox & UTM Virtual Machine image is a complete desktop for running QMC, DFT and quantum chemical calculations.

The VM is an Ubuntu 24.04 or 25.04 desktop with QMCPACK, NEXUS, Quantum ESPRESSO (QE), PySCF installed, as well as the summer school files.

- Use VirtualBox on x86 (Windows, Linux, MacOS)
- Use UTM on Apple Silicon (MacOS)
- We assume 4 cores, 8GB memory

While the Virtual Machine is only really needed by Session 3, please try earlier so that any problems can be debugged.



```
QMCVM [Running]
Jun 29 14:35
qmcuser@QMCVM: ~/qmc_summer_school_2025/session1_introduction/H2O_example
qmcuser@QMCVM: $ which qmcpack
/home/qmcuser/apps/qmcpack/bin/qmcpack
qmcuser@QMCVM: $ cd qmc_summer_school_2025/session1_introduction/H2O_example/
qmcuser@QMCVM: ~ - ssh - sshd: pam_unix(sshd:session) session opened for user qmcuser on /dev/pts/1
Input file(s): simple-H2O-vnc-dmc.xml
=====
QMCPACK 4.1.9
=====
(c) Copyright 2003-2025 QMCPACK developers

Please cite:
J. Kim et al. J. Phys.: Cond. Mat. 30 195901 (2018)
https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-648X/aab9c3
and
P. Kent et al. J. Chem. Phys. 152 174105 (2020)
https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0004860

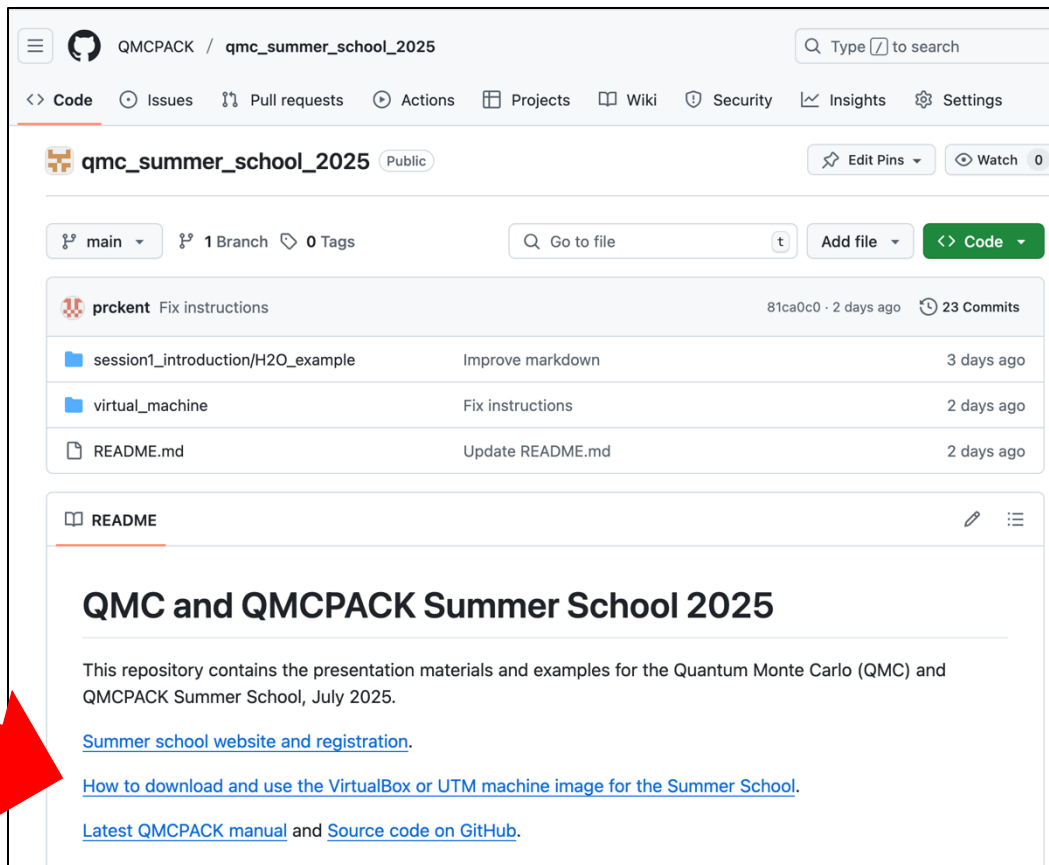
Git branch: develop
Last git commit: 2058d00f2d96cc9ab0d041c75ba48471a54f6ef0
Last git commit date: Wed Jun 25 22:54:59 2025 -0500
Last git commit subject: Merge pull request #5559 from PDoakORNL/move_minimal_pools
=====
Global options
=====
Total number of MPI ranks = 4
Number of MPI groups = 1
MPI group ID = 0
Number of ranks in group = 4
MPI ranks per node = 4
OMP 1st level threads = 1
OMP nested threading disabled or only 1 thread on the 2nd level

Precision used in this calculation, see definitions in the manual:
Base precision = double
Full precision = double

CPU only build
Real build, QMC_COMPLEX=OFF
Timer build option is enabled. Current timer level is coarse
=====
```

Installation

Follow the instructions linked at https://github.com/QMCPACK/qmc_summer_school_2025



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `QMCPACK / qmc_summer_school_2025`. The repository is public and has 1 branch and 0 tags. The commit history shows three recent commits: `session1_introduction/H2O_example` (3 days ago), `virtual_machine` (2 days ago), and `README.md` (2 days ago). The README section is highlighted with a red arrow, showing the title **QMC and QMCPACK Summer School 2025** and the following text:

This repository contains the presentation materials and examples for the Quantum Monte Carlo (QMC) and QMCPACK Summer School, July 2025.

[Summer school website and registration.](#)

[How to download and use the VirtualBox or UTM machine image for the Summer School.](#)

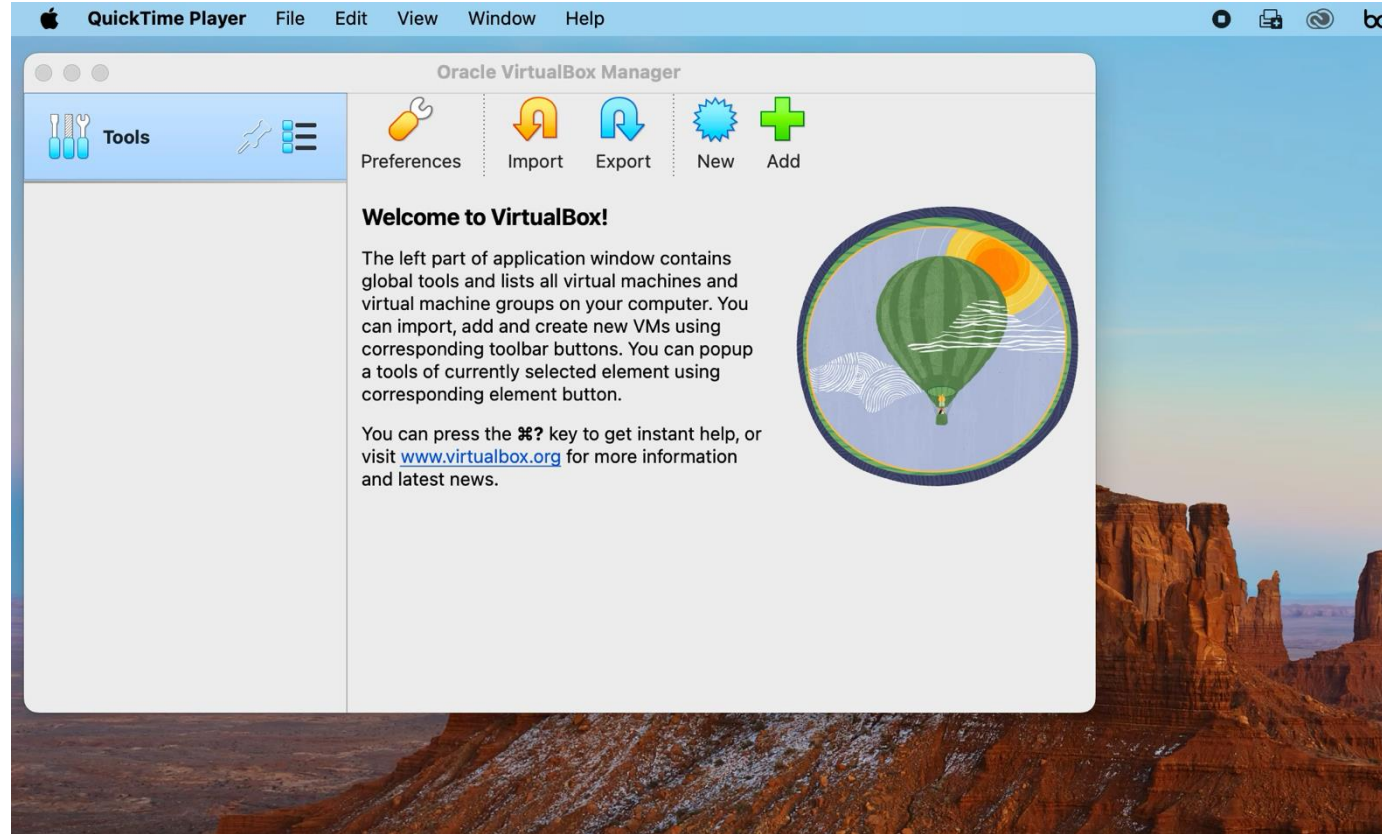
[Latest QMCPACK manual](#) and [Source code on GitHub.](#)

Using the Virtual Machine – Virtual Box

- Install VirtualBox (free). <https://www.virtualbox.org/> or via package manager.
- Download the virtual machine image file <https://bit.ly/qmcsummerschool2025vbximage> (~6GB). Be patient and try downloading again at a different time or using a different network if initially unsuccessful.
- Run VirtualBox and import the image to setup the virtual machine:
- In VirtualBox, select File->Import Appliance. Import QMCSummerSchool2025Image.ova.
- **Customize the "Appliance" Settings during Import to suit your computer.** e.g. Increase the CPU count to match the machine you are running on (maybe 4 for laptop, 16-128 for a workstation), Increase the memory (4GB should be OK on laptops). Not setting the core count and memory sufficiently large will result in poor performance.

Virtual Box Setup

Use the latest/most powerful machine you can. Customize the "Appliance" Settings during Import to suit your computer. To help performance, increase the CPU count to match the machine you are running on (maybe 4 for laptop, 16-128 for a workstation), and increase the memory.



(Movie)

Using the Summer School VM

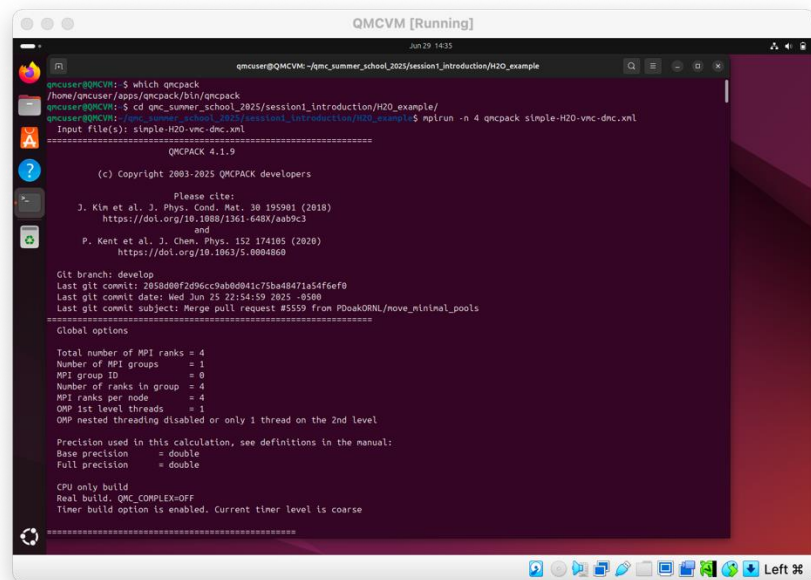
Select the VM, then "Start" (green arrow). Ubuntu will boot and a standard desktop should appear.

User is "qmcuser". Should you need to authenticate the word you need is "qmc2025" (no quotes).

You can get a Terminal (or other application) by clicking the circle icon at the bottom left and either typing or selecting the application you want.

"qmcpack", "qmcpack_complex", "pw.x", are on the path. NEXUS and PySCF are available through python. These are installed in \$HOME/apps

"sudo apt-get install your_favorite_editor" to install software



```
qmcuser@QMCVM: ~$ which qmcpack
/home/qmcuser/apps/qmcpack/bin/qmcpack
qmcuser@QMCVM: ~$ cd /qmc_summer_school_2025/session1_introduction/H2O_example/
qmcuser@QMCVM: /qmc_summer_school_2025/session1_introduction/H2O_example$ mpirun -n 4 qmcpack simple-H2O-qmc-dmc.xml
Input file(s): simple-H2O-qmc-dmc.xml
=====
QMCpack 4.1.9
=====
(c) Copyright 2003-2025 QMCPACK developers

Please cite:
J. Kim et al. J. Phys. Cond. Mat. 30 195501 (2018)
https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-648X/aa9bc3
and
P. Kent et al. J. Chem. Phys. 152 174105 (2020)
https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0004060

Git branch: develop
Last git commit: 2b5d80f2d96cc9abb0941c7ba48471a54ffe0
Last git commit date: Wed Jun 25 22:54:59 2025 -0500
Last git commit subject: Merge pull request #5559 from PDoakORNL/nove_minimal_pools
=====
Global options
=====
Total number of MPI ranks = 4
Number of MPI groups      = 1
MPI group ID              = 0
Number of ranks in group  = 4
MPI ranks per node        = 4
OMP 1st level threads     = 1
OMP nested threading disabled or only 1 thread on the 2nd level

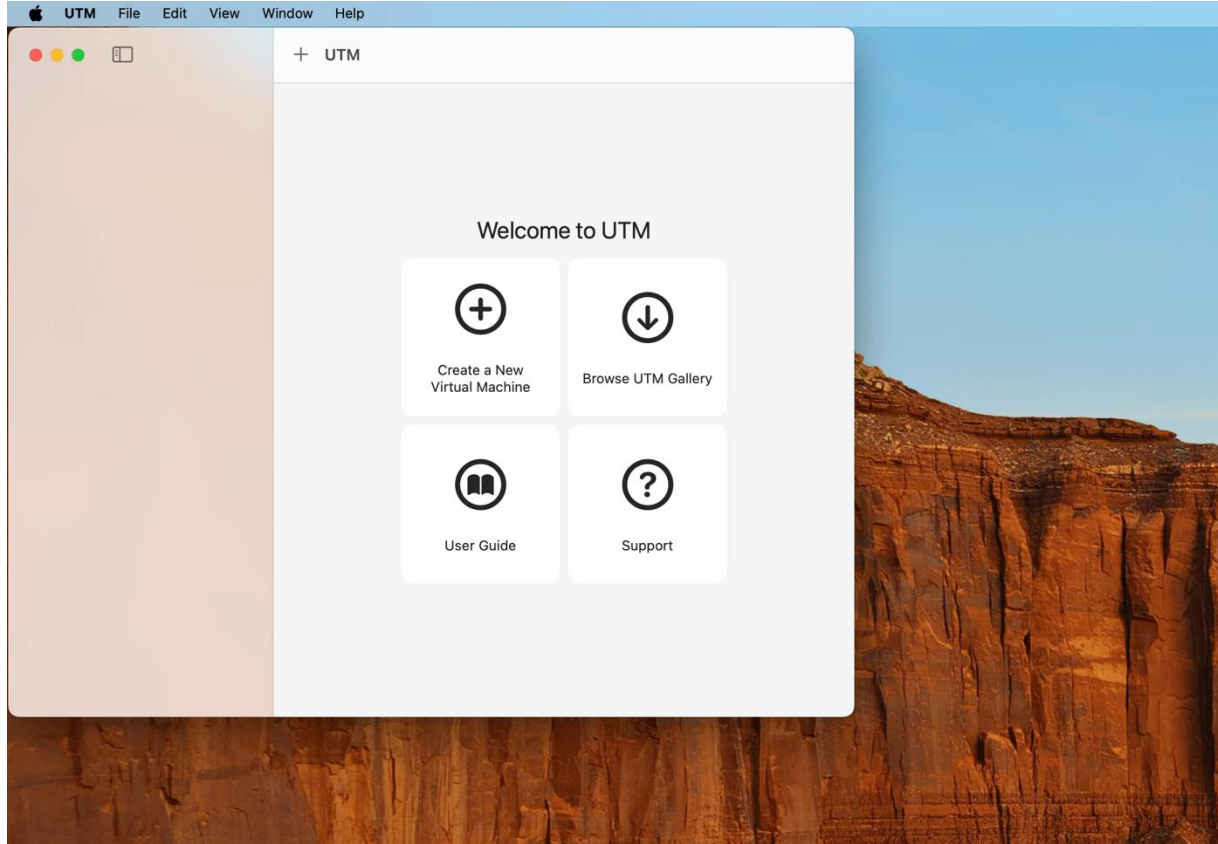
Precision used in this calculation, see definitions in the manual:
Base precision            = double
Full precision            = double

CPU only build
Real build, QMC_COMPLEX=OFF
Timer build option is enabled. Current timer level is coarse
=====
```


Using the Virtual Machine – Apple Silicon

- Install UTM (free). <https://mac.getutm.app/> or support development via App Store.
- Download the image file <https://bit.ly/qmcsummerschool2025utmimage> (~6GB). Be patient and try downloading again at a different time or using a different network if initially unsuccessful.
- Run UTM and setup the summer school virtual machine:
- In UTM, select “Create a New Virtual Machine”, then “Open..” an existing image. Select QMCSummerSchool2025Image.ova.
- **Edit the settings to suit your computer.** e.g. Increase the CPU count to match the machine you are running on, increase the memory etc.

UTM Setup



(Movie)

QMC Summer School 2025

Alternatives

1. Install VirtualBox on a remote workstation. Better than using a weak laptop.
2. On an Ubuntu 24+ machine, run the setup script directly.
3. On a Windows machine, use WSL2 and Ubuntu 24. Run the setup script directly.
4. Install the software directly. Adopt the setup script for other UNIXes by changing the package manager. Best route if available. Every workshop, several people choose this route and are successful.

Installation script and instructions are in

https://github.com/QMCPACK/qmc_summer_school_2025/ “virtual_machine” directory. See QMCPACK installation instructions at <https://qmcpack.readthedocs.io>

Ask on Slack for advice!

Updating Files

Summer school example files and slides (expect regular updates):

```
cd $HOME/qmc_summer_school_2025
```

```
git pull
```

QMCPACK & NEXUS python updates:

```
cd $HOME/apps/qmcpack/qmcpack
```

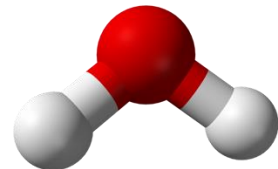
```
git pull
```

We will try to minimize full rebuilds or redownloads!

Example Calculation

See qmc_summer_school_2025/session1_introduction/H2O_example

Instructions in README.md



Compute the energy of a single water molecule by VMC and DMC. O(1) minute.

```
mpirun -n 4 qmcpack simple-H2O-vmc-dmc.xml # Run
```

```
qmca -q ev --equilibration=20 --units=ev H2O.s00*.scalar.dat # Analyze
```

```
qmca -t -q e --equilibration=20 --units=ev H2O.s00*.scalar.dat # Plot trace
```

Reference output files are in “results”

Try varying the # blocks at the end of simple-H2O-vmc-dmc.xml ; Increasing the statistics by 4x should halve the error bar.

Ubuntu25Test

Jun 26 14:24

qmcuser@qmcvm: ~/H2O_example

qmcuser@qmcvm:~/H2O_example\$ qmca -t -q e --equilibration=20 --units=ev H2O.s00*.scalar.dat

H2O series 1 LocalEnergy = -469.391489 +/- 0.113465

H2O series 2 LocalEnergy = -469.648041 +/- 0.103980

Figure 1

Trace of LocalEnergy

WORKSHOP README.txt

Home

2025

Things to do

1. Register on Slack: <https://bit.ly/qmcworkshopslack>
2. Install virtual machine using instructions linked at https://github.com/QMCPACK/qmc_summer_school_2025/
3. Try running the water molecule example

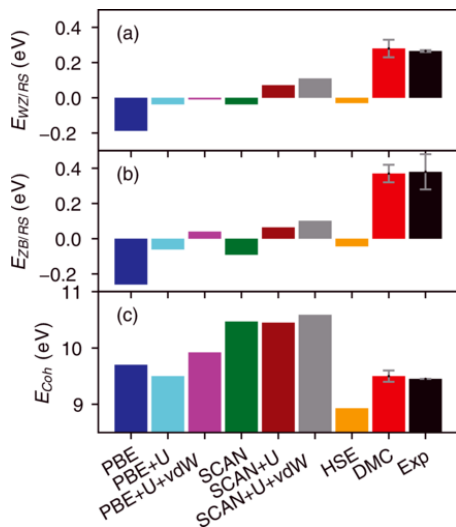
Questions?

This Thursday: Theory of real space Quantum Monte Carlo

Accuracy in standard forms

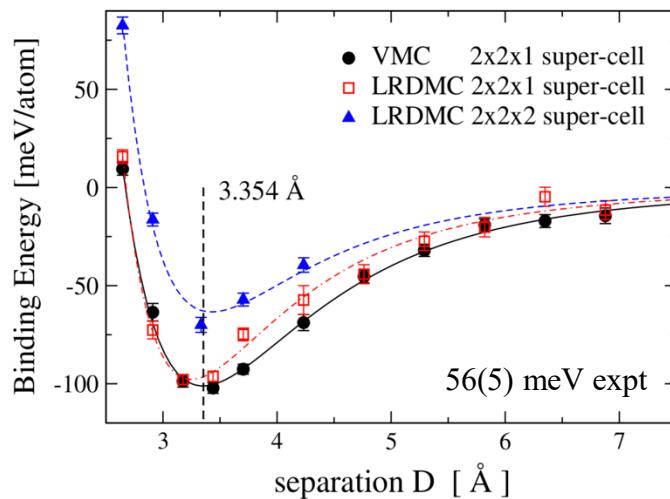
QMC methods naturally avoid double counting & self interaction errors, and accurately account for the van der Waals interaction. This avoids key problems with most density functional theory approximations.

Scandium oxide polymorphs



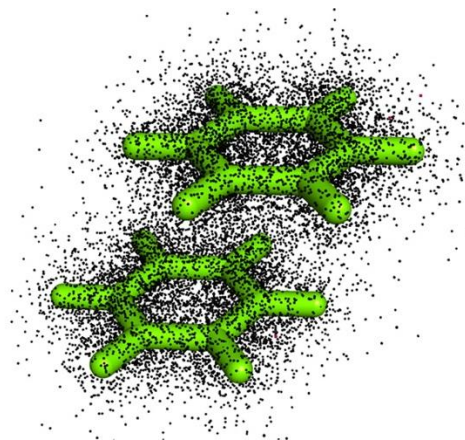
K. Saritas et al.
PRB **98** 155130 (2018)

Graphite



L. Spanu et al.
PRL **103** 196401 (2009)

Molecular Systems



M. Dubecky et al.
Chem Rev. **116** 5188 (2016)