



AI/ML BASED MAPPING OF PLANETARY MORPHOLOGY

Exploring advanced techniques for analyzing planetary surface features using AI and ML.

1

Project AIM

To develop an AI/ML-based system that accurately identifies and analyzes planetary objects in the universe.

2

Importance of Project

This project is significant for advancing space research, as it provides tools to explore planetary surfaces remotely, reducing the need for physical exploration and paving the way for automated planetary studies.

3

Impact of Project

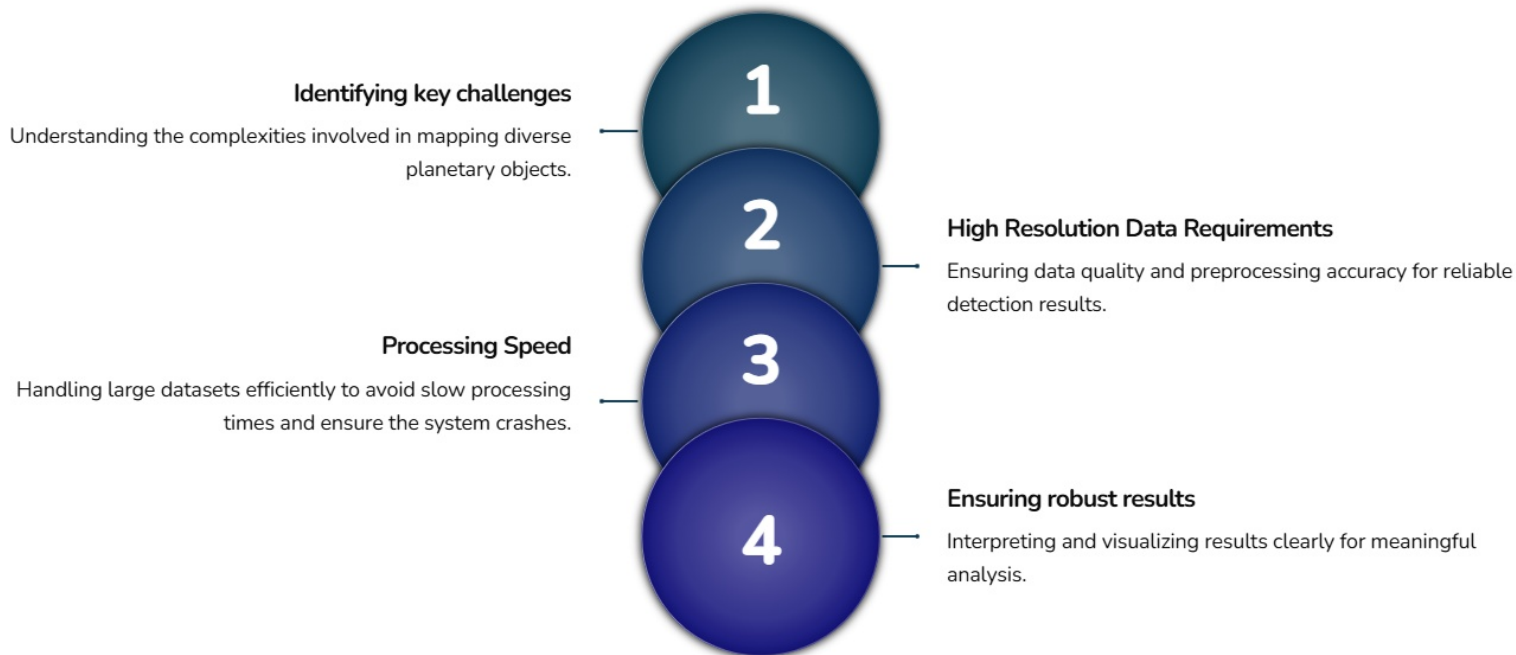
The Project assist space agencies in planning exploration missions, facilitate real-time monitoring of planetary changes, and inspire further advancements in astronomical AI applications.

INTRODUCTION

Identifying Diverse planetary objects for Various Applications

CHALLENGES

Identifying and addressing key issues in planetary morphology mapping



Data Requirements	Hardware Requirements	Software Requirements
High-resolution satellite imagery, multispectral data.	Processor: 6-core or higher (e.g., Intel i7/Ryzen 7 or better) RAM: 16 GB or more GPU:(NVIDIA Tesla V100 better for deep learning)	TensorFlow, Colab Jupyter Notebook, python, keras, matplotlib other tools

REQUIREMENTS

Essential tools and resources for effective mapping techniques

METHODOLOGY



Data Collection

Gathering relevant datasets from various sources to form the foundation for model training.

Data Preprocessing

Cleaning and transforming raw data into a suitable format for analysis, enhancing model performance.

Model Training

Applying algorithms to the preprocessed data to train the AI/ML model, learning from the patterns within the data.

Model Validation

Evaluating the trained model using validation datasets to assess its performance and generalizability.

CNN MODEL ARCHITECTURE

Overview of AI/ML techniques (e.g., CNNs, U-Net) applied for mapping.

YOLO MODEL ARCHITECTURE

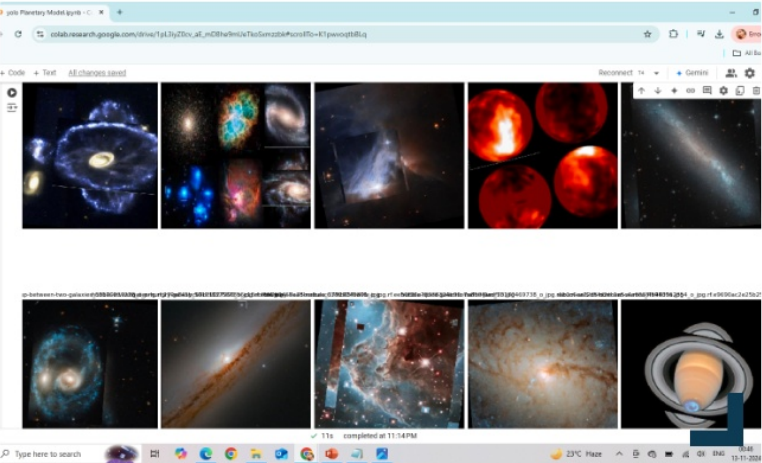
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DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CNN AND YOLO

	CNN	YOLO
Basic Concept	Multi-stage detection with separate proposal.	Single-stage detection in one forward pass.
Speed	Slower, less suited for real-time use.	Very fast, ideal for real-time applications.
Detection Process	Region proposals followed by classification.	Directly predicts bounding boxes and classes per grid cell.
Emerging Use	Static image analysis, segmentation, and complex object detection.	Text to formula, data wrangling, synthetic data

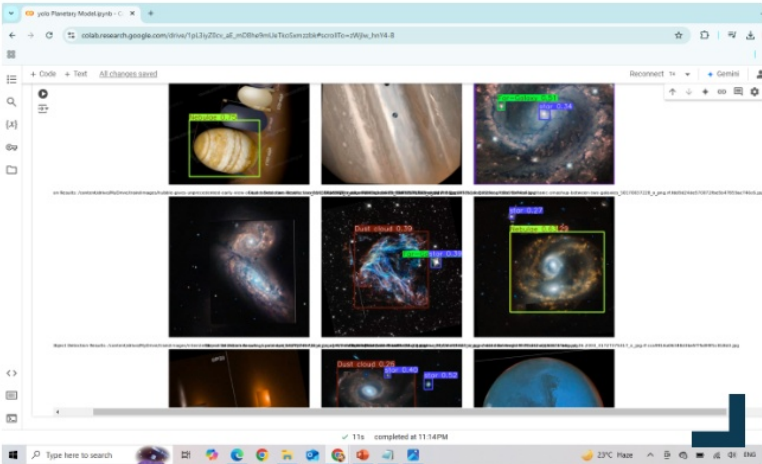
RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

Effectiveness of AI/ML Models in Terrain Mapping



Input Images

Description of a primary heading



Output Images

Description of a primary heading

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Exploring the Potential of AI/ML in Planetary Morphology Mapping

