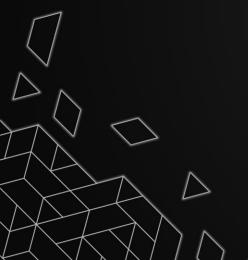
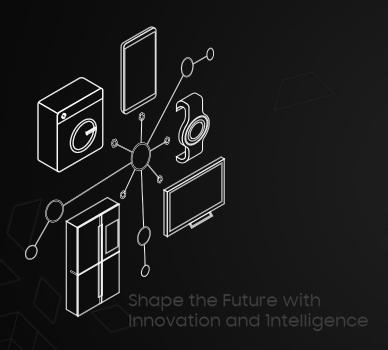
Seoul IoT x Tizen

Controlling LED Light with Motion Sensor

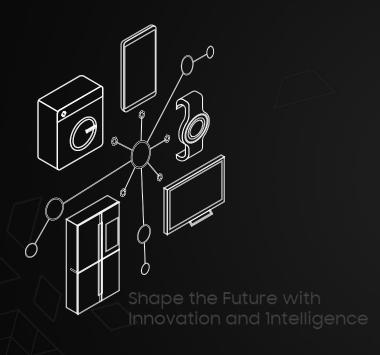
August 22, 2018 Boyeon Son





Contents

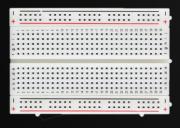
- I Introduction
- - Ⅱ-i Hardware Setup
 - II-ii Code Implementation
- SmartThings App
 - Ⅲ-i Overview
 - Ⅲ-ii Developer Workspace
 - III-iii Tizen Development
 - **III-iv** Code Implementation



I Introduction



Eagleye 530s



빵판과 전선 ☺





330Ω 저항





Tizen Studio



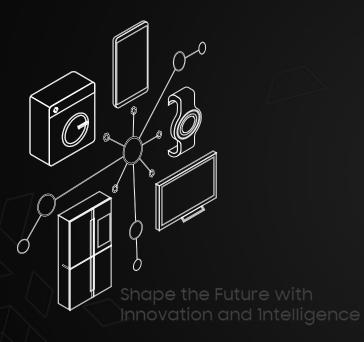
Introduction: Today's Goal

1. 모션 센서 값에 따라 LED 전구 On/Off 시키기



2. SmartThings App에서 디바이스(센서) 컨트롤하기

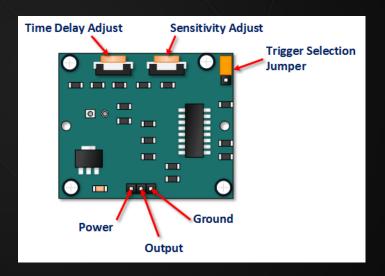




II Motion Light Control App Hardware Setup

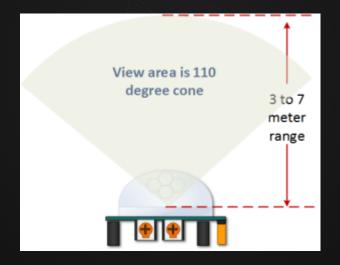
- Passive Infrared Motion Sensor (HC-SR501)
 - 사용자 메뉴얼 https://www.mpja.com/download/31227sc.pdf





○ 모션 감지 범위

• 3~7m 거리 안의 110도 부채꼴 모양 내 적외선 변화 감지



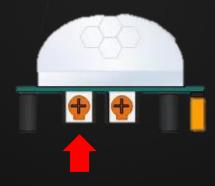
○ 감지 범위 조정

- 시계 방향으로 돌리면 감지 범위 감소 (min 3m)
- 반시계 방향으로 돌리면 감지 범위 증가 (max 7m)



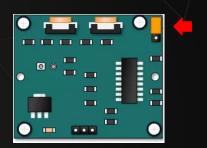
• 지연 시간 조정

- 움직임이 감지된 후부터 얼마동안 데이터가 'On'으로 머무를 지 결정
- 시계 방향으로 돌리면 지연 시간 증가 (max 5분)
- 반시계 방향으로 돌리면 지연 시간 감소 (min 3초)

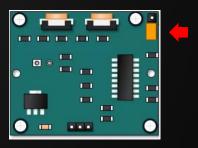


○ 트리거 모드 변경

• Single 트리거 모드: 최초 움직임이 감지되면 지연 시간이 시작되어 설정된 시간동안 움직임이 있어도 지연 시간이 갱신되지 않음



• Repeatable 트리거 모드: 움직임이 감지될 때마다 지연 시간이 갱신됨



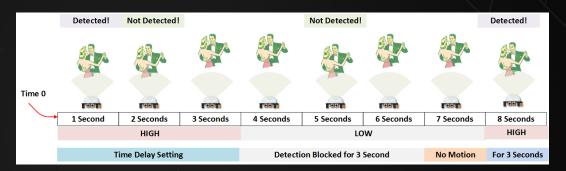
Hardware Setup: The Motion Sensor

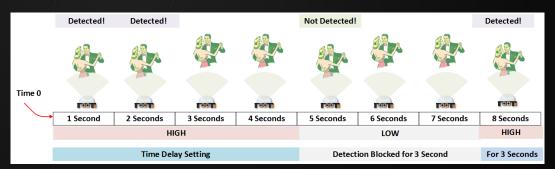
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○ 트리거 모드 / 지연 시간 예제

Single 트리거
 지연시간 3초

Repeatable 트리거
 지연시간 3초





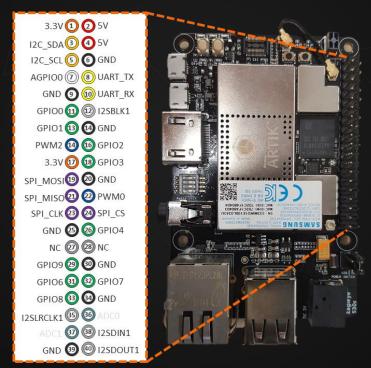
ㅇ 실습 준비



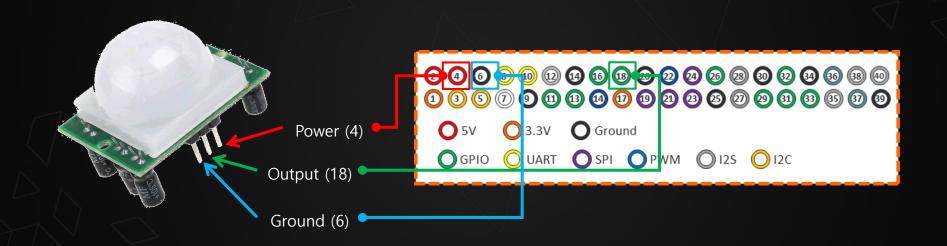
Hardware Setup: The Eagleye 530s Board

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Eagleye 530s Pins



♥ Eagleye Board - Motion Sensor 연결



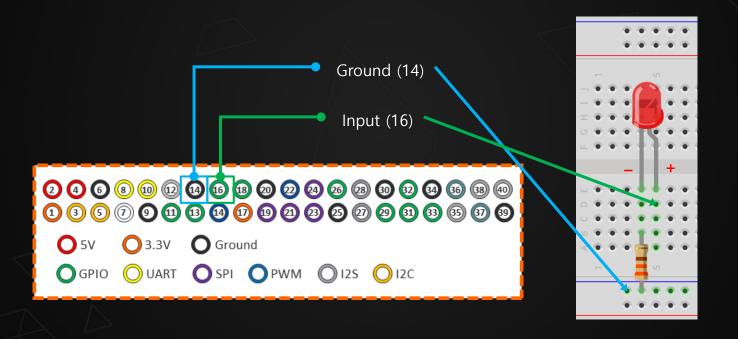
○ LED 전구 및 저항 연결

• 5파이 LED 전구 (전압 2.2V / 전류 50mA)

공급전압 5V 시, 100~400Ω 저항 사용



ㅇ Eagleye Board - LED 전구 및 저항 연결



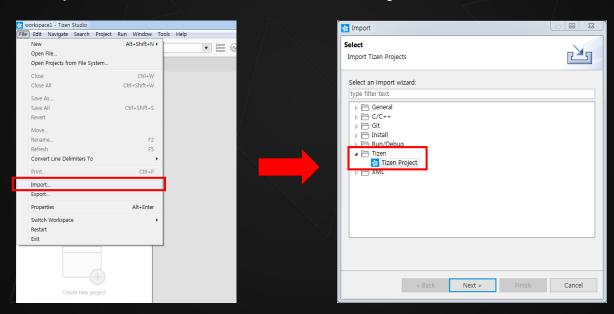


II Motion Light Control App Code Implementation

- O Git Bash에서 rcc/smart-motion-light 코드 clone 받기
 - git clone https://git.tizen.org/cgit/apps/native/rcc
 - -b smart-motion-light smart-motion-light

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/samsung/Tizen/smart-motion-light
  msung@samsung-PC MINGW64 ~/Tizen
$ git clone git://git.tizen.org/apps/native/rcc -b smart-motion-light smart-moti
Cloning into 'smart-motion-light'...
remote: Counting objects: 1176, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (651/651), done.
remote: Total 1176 (delta 805), reused 698 (delta 499)
Receiving objects: 100% (1176/1176), 451.38 KiB | 3.76 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (805/805), done.
 amsung@samsung-PC MINGW64 ~/Tizen
$ 1s
smart-motion-light/
 amsung@samsung-PC MINGW64 ~/Tizen
$ cd smart-motion-light/
 amsung@samsung-PC MINGW64 ~/Tizen/smart-motion-light (smart-motion-light)
basic-final/ basic-init/ smartthings-final/ smartthings-init/
```

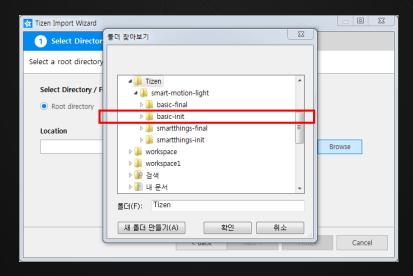
- Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-basic 프로젝트 불러오기
 - File > Import 클릭 > Tizen > Tizen Project 선택



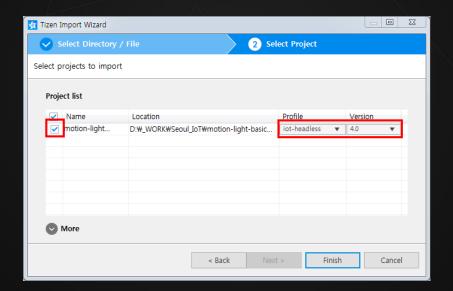
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○ Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-basic 프로젝트 불러오기

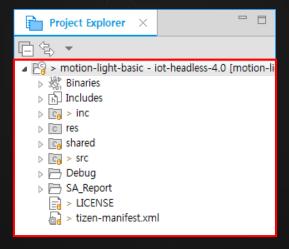
- Root directory 선택 > Browse 클릭
- smart-motion-light/basic-init 폴더 선택



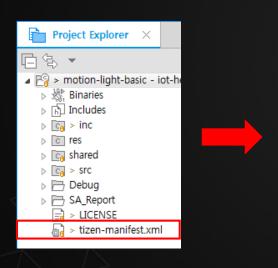
- Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-basic 프로젝트 불러오기
 - Profile: iot-headless / Version: 4.0 선택 > 체크박스 선택

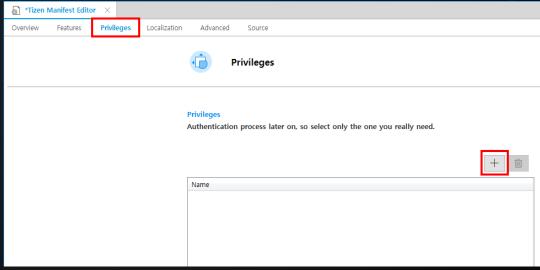


- Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-basic 프로젝트 불러오기
 - Project Explorer에서 motion-light-basic 프로젝트 확인

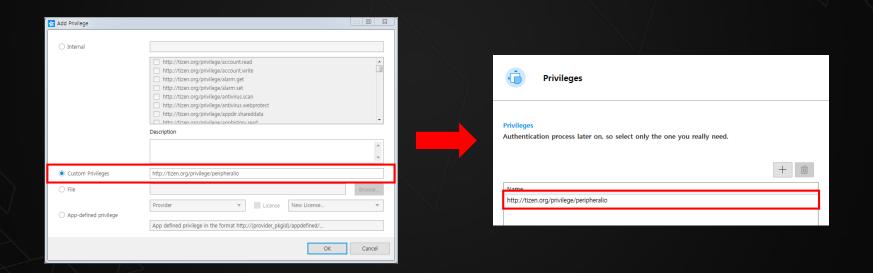


- Peripheral IO API 사용을 위해 peripheralio privilege 추가
 - tizen-manifest.xml 파일 선택 > Privileges 탭 > 추가(+) 버튼 클릭

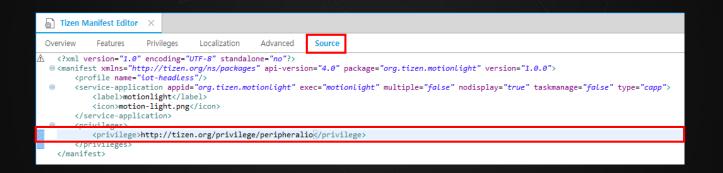




- Peripheral IO API 사용을 위해 peripheralio privilege 추가
 - Custom Privileges 선택 > http://tizen.org/privilege/peripheralio 추가



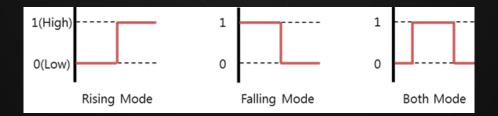
- Peripheral IO API 사용을 위해 peripheralio privilege 추가
 - 파일 저장 후, Source 탭에서 privilege 추가된 것을 재확인



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General Purpose Input / Output (GPIO)

- Binary input peripheral 상태 읽기/쓰기 가능한 interface
- Tizen Peripheral IO Native APIs GPIO 가이드 https://developer.tizen.org/development/iot-preview/iot-apis/tizenperipheral-io-native-api/gpio



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peripheral_gpio_open()

• 특정 pin 넘버의 Peripheral GPIO 핸들을 열어줌

```
int pin = 26; /* ARTIK 530 : GPIO8, Raspberry Pi 3 : GPIO26 */
peripheral_gpio_h gpio_h;

Int ret = peripheral_gpio_open(pin, &gpio_h);
```

peripheral_gpio_close()

• 더 이상 사용되지 않는 Peripheral GPIO 핸들을 닫아줌

```
peripheral_gpio_close(gpio_h);
```

SAMSUNG Research

peripheral_gpio_set_direction()

- 데이터 전송 방향을 설정함
 - PERIPHERAL_GPIO_DIRECTION_IN: 데이터 읽기 모드
 - PERIPHERAL_GPIO_DIRECTION_OUT_INITIALLY_HIGH: 데이터
 쓰기 모드, 초기값을 high(1)로 설정
 - PERIPHERAL_GPIO_DIRECTION_OUT_INITIALLY_LOW: 데이터
 쓰기 모드, 초기값을 low(0)로 설정

peripheral_gpio_set_direction(gpio_h, PERIPHERAL_GPIO_DIRECTION_OUT_INITIALLY_LOW);

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peripheral_gpio_read()

• Peripheral 핸들로부터 binary 데이터 값을 읽어옴

```
uint32_t value;
peripheral_gpio_read(gpio_h, &value);
```

peripheral_gpio_write()

• Peripheral 핸들에 binary 데이터 값을 입력함

```
uint32_t value = 1;
peripheral_gpio_write(gpio_h, value);
```

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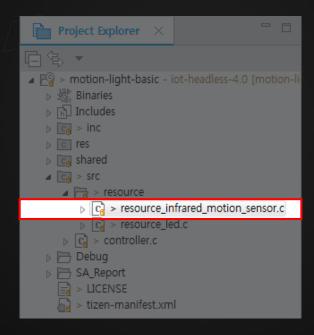
GPIO Pin Number for Eagleye Board



Pin Order	Pin Param	Pin Order	GPIO Param
11	28	29	27
13	29	31	25
16	130	32	0
18	46	33	26
26	14		

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src/resource/resource_infrared_motion_sensor.c



SAMSUNG Research

○ resource_read_infrared_motion_sensor() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인 (1)

```
int resource read infrared motion sensor(int pin num, uint32 t *out value)
   int ret = PERIPHERAL ERROR NONE;
   if (!g sensor h) {
       peripheral gpio h temp = NULL;
                                                        모션 센서가 연결된 특정 pin 넘버의 Peripheral GPIO 핸들 열기
       ret = peripheral gpio open(pin num, &temp);
       retv_if(ret, -1);
                                                                             데이터 전송 방향 설정 (읽기 모드)
       ret = peripheral gpio set direction(temp, PERIPHERAL GPIO DIRECTION IN);
       if (ret) {
          peripheral gpio close(temp);
                                                                        방향 설정 실패 시 열어둔 GPIO 핸들 닫기
          _E("peripheral_gpio_set_direction failed.");
          return -1:
       g sensor h = temp;
       g pin num = pin num;
```

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○ resource_read_infrared_motion_sensor() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인 (2)

```
int resource_read_infrared_motion_sensor(int pin_num, uint32_t *out_value)
{
...

if (g_pin_num != pin_num) {
    _E("Invalid pin number.");
    return -1;
}

ret = peripheral_gpio_read(g_sensor_h, out_value);
    retv_if(ret < 0, -1);

return 0;
}
```

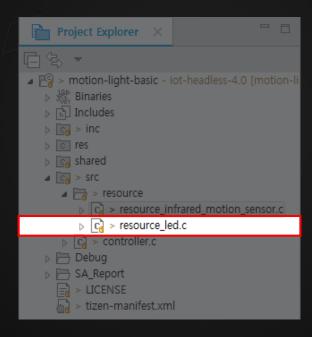
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○ resource_close_infrared_motion_sensor() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인

LED Light Control: Code Implementation

SAMSUNG Research

src/resource/resource_led.c



SAMSUNG Research

○ resource_write_led() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인 (1)

```
int resource write led(int pin num, int write value)
   int ret = PERIPHERAL ERROR NONE;
   if (!g sensor h) {
       peripheral gpio h temp = NULL;
                                                             LED가 연결된 특정 pin 넘버의 Peripheral GPIO 핸들 열기
       ret = peripheral_gpio_open(pin_num, &temp);
       retv_if(ret, -1);
                                                                             데이터 전송 방향 설정 (쓰기 모드)
       ret = peripheral gpio set direction(temp, PERIPHERAL GPIO DIRECTION OUT INITIALLY LOW);
       if (ret) {
           peripheral gpio close(temp);
                                                                        방향 설정 실패 시 열어둔 GPIO 핸들 닫기
          E("peripheral gpio set direction failed.");
           return -1:
       g sensor h = temp;
       g pin num = pin num;
```

SAMSUNG Research

ㅇ resource_write_led() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인 (2)

```
int resource write led(int pin num, int write value)
{
    . . .
   if (g pin num != pin num) {
       _E("Invalid pin number.");
       return -1;
                                                                           GPIO 핸들을 통해 LED값 설정하기
   ret = peripheral_gpio_write(g_sensor_h, write_value);
   retv if(ret < 0, -1);
   I("LED Value : %s", write value ? "ON":"OFF");
   return 0;
```

SAMSUNG Research

○ resource_close_led() 함수 내 GPIO 설정 확인

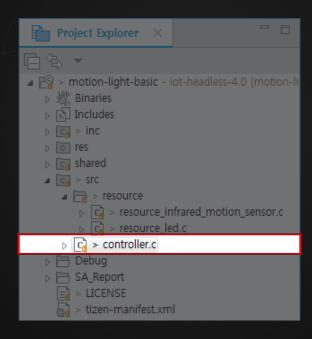
```
void resource_close_led(void)
{
    if (!g_sensor_h) return;
    _I("LED is finishing...");
    peripheral_gpio_close(g_sensor_h);
        LED가 연결된 Peripheral GPIO 핸들 닫기

        g_sensor_h = NULL;
        g_pin_num = -1;
}
```

Motion Detection: Code Implementation

SAMSUNG Research

src/controller.c



SAMSUNG Research

O Motion Sensor 값 읽어오기

• 모션 센서가 연결된 특정 Pin에 접근하여 값을 읽어와 value에 저장

```
static Eina_Bool __read_motion_write_led(void *data)
{
    uint32_t value = 0;
    int ret = -1;

    /* Gets value from motion sensor */
    // TODO: Read data from motion sensor
    ret = resource_read_infrared_motion_sensor(SENSOR_MOTION_PIN_NUM, &value); 모션 센서 읽기 함수 호출

    if (ret != 0) _E("Cannot read sensor value");
    __D("Detected motion value is: %d", value);
    ...
}
```





GPIO Pin	Pin Number	GPIO Pin	Pin Number
GPIO 11	28	GPIO 29	27
GPIO 13	29	GPIO 31	25
GPIO 16	130	GPIO 32	0
GPIO 18	46	GPIO 33	26
GPIO 26	14		

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O Motion Sensor 값 읽어오기

• 모션 센서가 연결된 특정 Pin에 접근하여 값을 읽어와 value에 저장

```
static Eina_Bool __read_motion_write_led(void *data)
{
    uint32_t value = 0;
    int ret = -1;

    /* Gets value from motion sensor */
    // TODO: Read data from motion sensor
    ret = resource_read_infrared_motion_sensor(46, &value);

    If (ret != 0) _E("Cannot read sensor value");
    __D("Detected motion value is: %d", value);
    ...
}
```

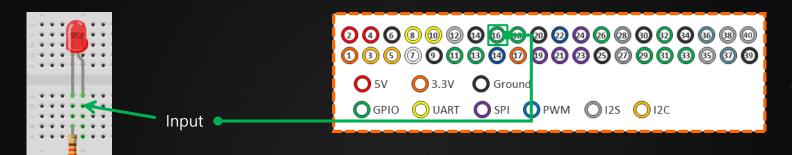
46번 Pin에 접근하여 값을 읽어오도록 설정

LED Light Control: Code Implementation

SAMSUNG Research

○ LED 값 변경하기

• LED가 연결된 특정 Pin에 접근하여 value 값을 전달



GPIO Pin	Pin Number	GPIO Pin	Pin Number
GPIO 11	28	GPIO 29	27
GPIO 13	29	GPIO 31	25
GPIO 16	130	GPIO 32	0
GPIO 18	46	GPIO 33	26
GPIO 26	14		

LED Light Control: Code Implementation

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○ LED 값 변경하기

• LED가 연결된 특정 Pin에 접근하여 value 값을 전달

130번 Pin에 접근하여 값을 쓰도록 설정

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- service_app_create() 함수 내 타이머 생성
 - 특정 주기마다 모션 센서 값을 불러오고 LED 값을 설정해주는 _read_motion_write_led 함수 호출

```
static bool service_app_create(void *data)
{
...

ad->getter_timer = ecore_timer_add(1.0f, __read_motion_write_led, ad);

if (!ad->getter_timer) {
    _E("Failed to add infrared motion return false;
}
...
}
```

주기는 1초(1.0f)로 설정

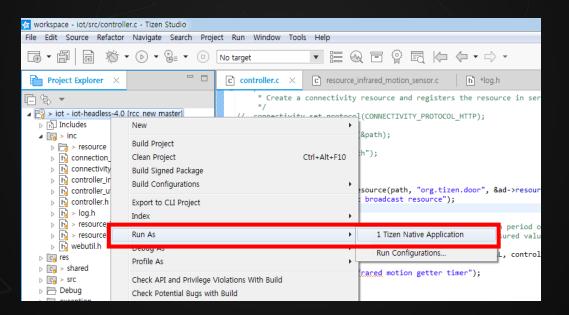
- service_app_terminate() 함수 내 리소스 정리
 - App 종료 시, 사용하던 리소스 정리

```
static void service app terminate(void *data)
   app data *ad = (app data *)data;
    // TODO: Delete timer
   if (ad->getter timer)
                                                                                         타이머 삭제
       ecore timer del(ad->getter timer);
   // TODO: Close infrared motion & led resources
   resource close infrared motion sensor();
                                                                                  리소스 종료 함수 호출
   resource close led();
    // TODO: Free data resource
   free(ad);
                                                                                    데이터 리소스 해제
```

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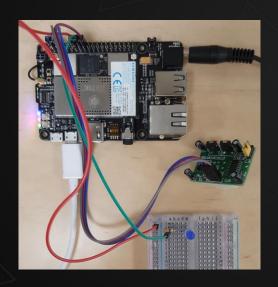
ㅇ Tizen App 실행

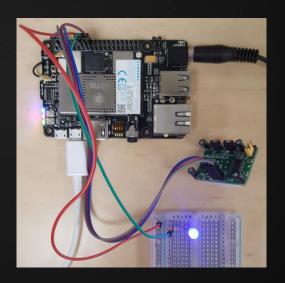
• Project Explorer 내 프로젝트 우클릭 > Run As > Tizen Native App



LED Light Control: Code Implementation

- O Motion LED Light 확인
 - Motion sensor 값에 따른 LED Light 변화 확인





SAMSUNG Research



■ SmartThings App Overview

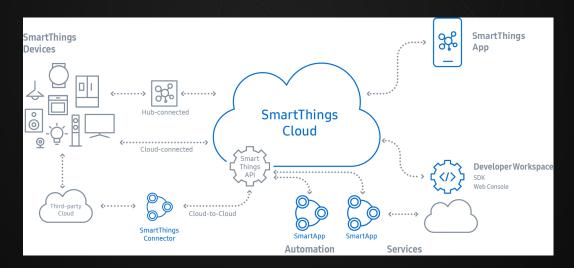
SmartThings

- SmartThings 앱으로 스마트 디바이스를 연결하여 관리 및 제어할 수 있도록 제공되는 IoT 플랫폼
- 높은 확장성을 가져 삼성전자의 제품 외에도 다양한 제품군을 지원함
- 타이젠을 통해 보다 쉽게 SmartThings 앱 개발이 가능

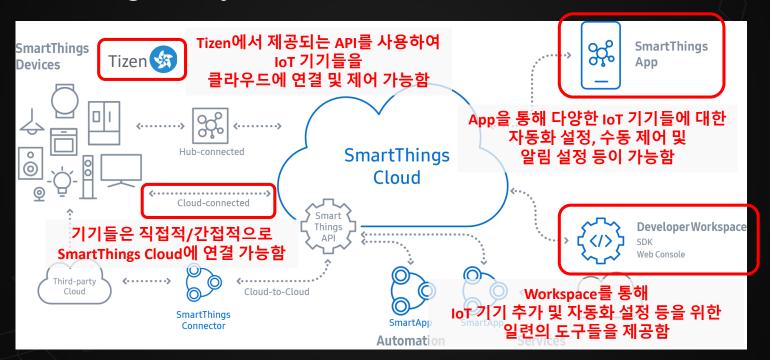
- SmartThings 공식 홈페이지
- <u>SmartThings Developers 홈페이지</u>

SmartThings Ecosystem

• 다양한 스마트 기기와 SmartThings App 등이 SmartThings Cloud를 통해 서로 연결되고, 제공되는 SmartThings API를 통해 제어 가능

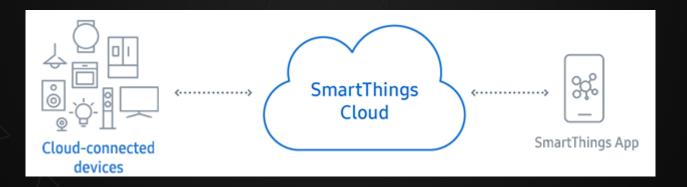


SmartThings Ecosystem

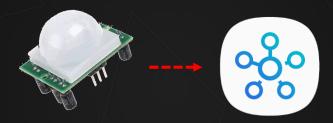


Cloud-connected Device

 Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) spec의 통신 protocol에 기반하여 SmartThings Cloud와 직접적으로 통신하는 Cloud-connected Tizen App 개발



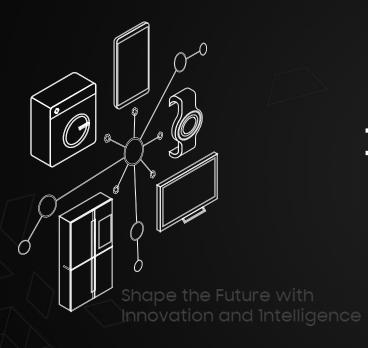
- Today's SmartThings App
 - 1. 모션 센서에 움직임이 감지되면 SmartThings App을 통해 알림 받기



2. SmartThings App을 통해 LED Light를 on/off 시키기



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■ SmartThings App Developer Workspace

SmartThings: Developer Workspace

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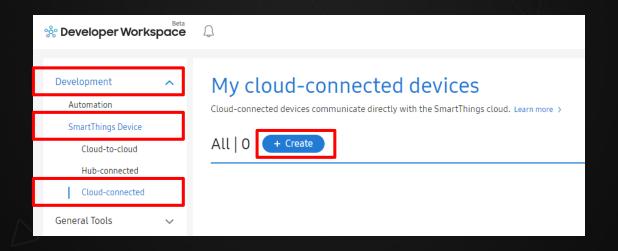
O Developer Workspace 가입

- https://devworkspace.developer.samsung.com/smartthingsconsole
- 삼성 계정으로 가입 및 로그인

◆ SmartThings App 다운로드

- 안드로이드 모바일 앱 다운로드
- SmartThings (* SmartThings Classic 아님)

- Cloud-connected 디바이스 생성
 - Developer Workspace > Development > SmartThings Device > Cloud-connected > + Create 버튼 클릭



- O Device Information 기본 정보 입력
 - Device Name 및 VID 정보는 Tizen App의 정보와 같아야 함으로 유의

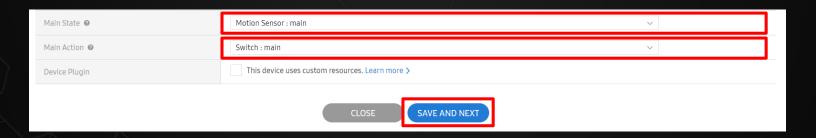


SmartThings: Developer Workspace

- O Device Information Device Profile 입력
 - Sensor에 따라 device type과 필요한 capabilities 선택
 - Device Type: MotionSensor
 - Capabilities: Motion Sensor & Switch

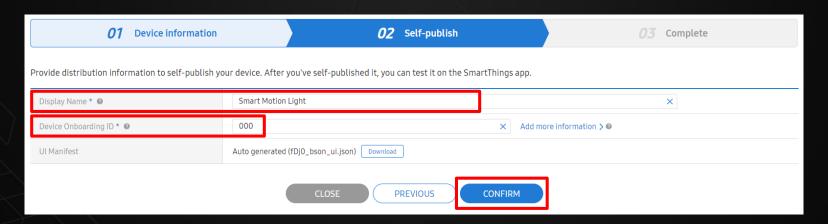


- O Device Information Main State & Action 설정
 - SmartThings App 메인 화면에 표시될 State와 Action 설정
 - Main State: Motion Sensor: main
 - Main Action: Switch: main
 - App의 UI 변경이 필요하다면 Custom Device Plugin 사용

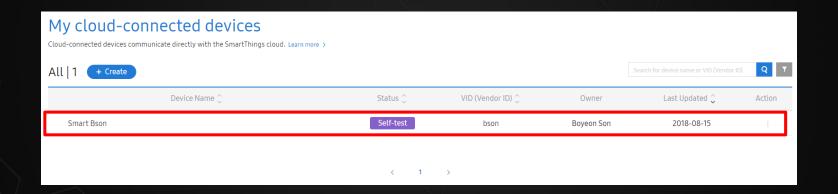


Self-publish

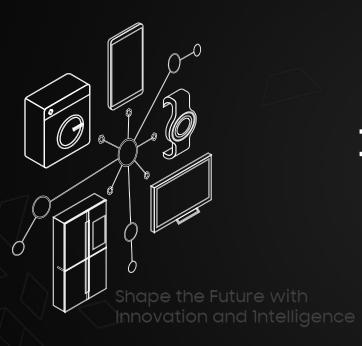
- Display Name: 연결 시 표시 될 디바이스 이름
- Device Onboarding ID: SmartThings App과의 easy setup 시 디바이스의 soft AP 이름에 사용될 임의의 숫자 3개



- ㅇ 새로 생성된 디바이스 확인
 - My cloud-connected devices 목록에서 추가된 디바이스 확인

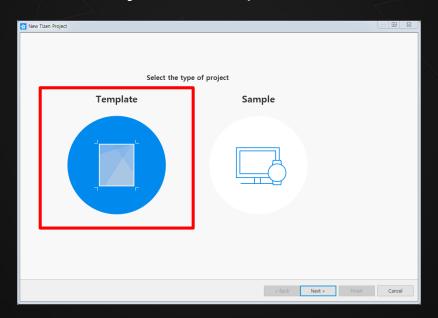


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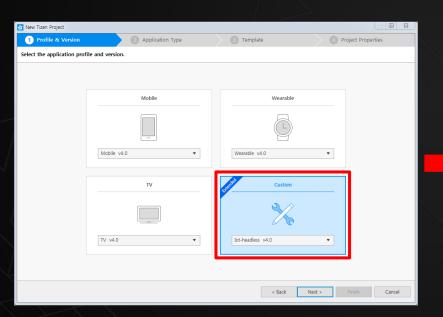


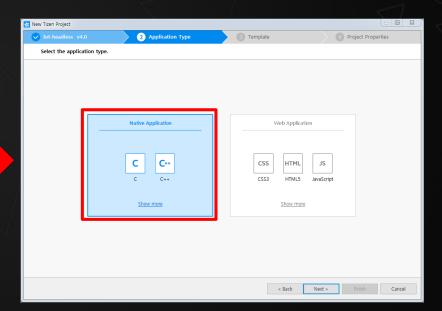
Ⅲ SmartThings App Tizen Development

- Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성
 - File > New > Tizen Project > Template 선택



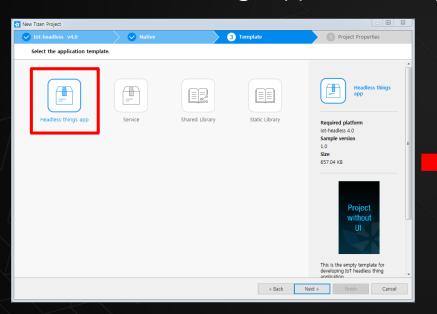
- Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성
 - lot-headless v4.0 선택 > Native Application 선택

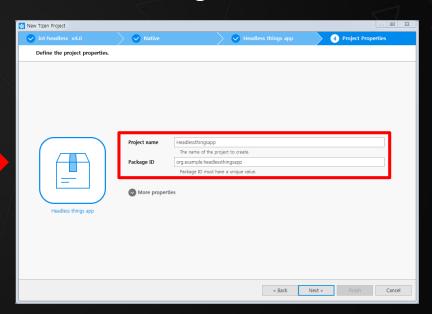




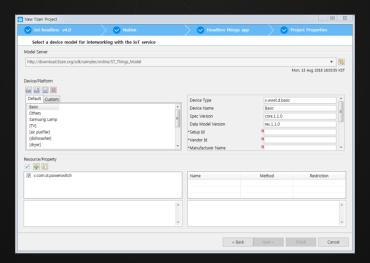
Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성

• Headless things app 선택 > Project Name & Package ID 설정



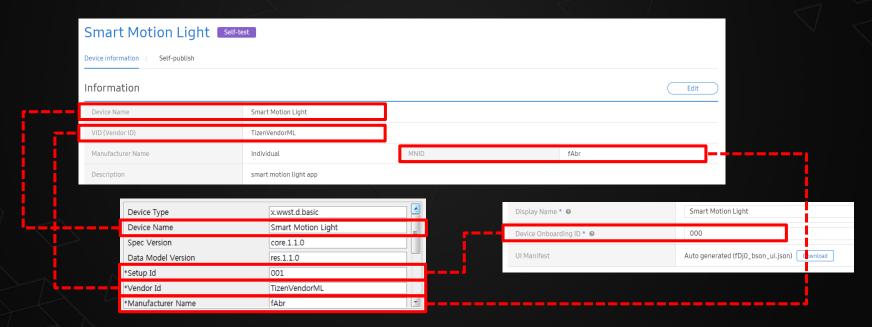


- Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성
 - Device 관련 정보 입력
 - Developer Workspace 내 Device 정보와 동일하게 입력



Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성

• Developer Workspace 내 Device 정보와 동일하게 입력

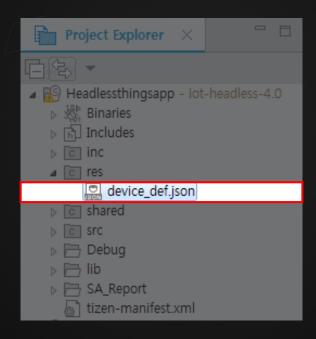


SmartThings: Tizen Development

- ㅇ Tizen Studio 내 Headless things App Template 생성
 - Developer Workspace 내 Device 정보와 동일하게 입력

Device Profile	Device Type MotionSensor Capabilities (2)			
	Capability	Resource	Status	
	Motion Sensor	oic.r.sensor.motion	Live	
	Switch	x.com.st.powerswitch	Live	
	Resource/Property			
	✓ x.com.st.powerswitch✓ oic.r.sensor.motion			
		A		

res/device_def.json



SmartThings: Tizen Development

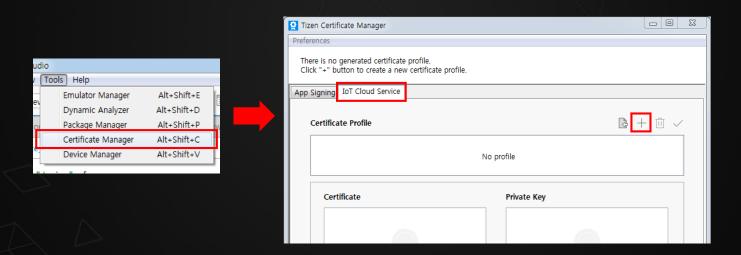
○ device_def.json에서 설정 값 확인

```
device_def.json
     'device": [
         "specification": {
           "device": {
             "deviceType": "x.wwst.d.basic"
             "deviceName": "Smart Motion Light",
              specversion : core.i.i.ט ,
             "dataModelVersion": "res.1.1.0"
             "manufacturerName": "fAbr",
              manufacturerUrl": "http://www.samsung.com/sec/",
             "manufacturingDate": "2017-11-29",
             "modelNumber": "NWSP-01",
             "platformVersion": "1.0",
             "osVersion": "1.0",
             "hardwareVersion": "1.0".
             "firmwareVersion": "1 0"
             "vendorId": "TizenVendorML"
         "resources": {
           "single": [
               "uri": "/capability/switch/main/0",
               "types": [
                 "x.com.st.powerswitch"
```

```
device_def.json
     resourceTypes": [
         "type": "x.com.st.powerswitch",
          properties":
             "kev": "power",
             "type": 3,
             "mandatory": true,
             "rw": 3
         "type": "oic.r.sensor.motion",
          properties": |
             "kev": "value".
             "type": 0,
             "mandatory": false,
             "rw": 1
      configuration": {
       "easySetup": {
```

O IoT Cloud Certificate 생성

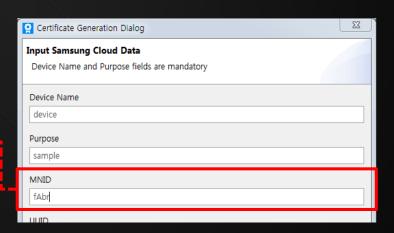
- SmartThings App은 별도의 lot Cloud용 인증서가 필요
- Tools > Certificate Manager 선택 > IoT Cloud Service 탭 선택



O IoT Cloud Certificate 생성

- 개인 정보 입력 / 디바이스 정보 입력
 - MNID는 Developer Workspace의 MNID와 동일해야함으로 유의
 - 본인의 MNID는 Worksapce의 계정 settings에서 확인 가능

Settings	
User Name	Jay TT
E-mail ID	jay.tt.test@gmail.com
Manufacturer ID (MNID) *	Individual (fAbr)
Time Zone (GMT) Setting *	UTC+09:00 : Korea Standard Time



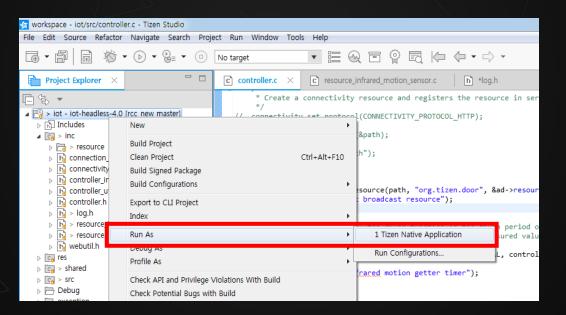
- O IoT Cloud Certificate 생성
 - Developer Workspace에 등록된 Samsung 계정으로 로그인

	X
Samsung account	
Email or phone number	
jay.tt.test@gmail.com	
Password	
Remember my ID Show Password	=
Security Code Type the characters you see in the picture below.	
R5eUay 69	
Sign in	

SmartThings: Tizen Development

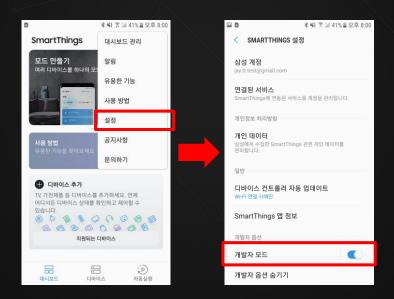
○ Tizen App 실행

Project Explorer 내 프로젝트 우클릭 > Run As > Tizen Native App



SmartThings: Easy Setup

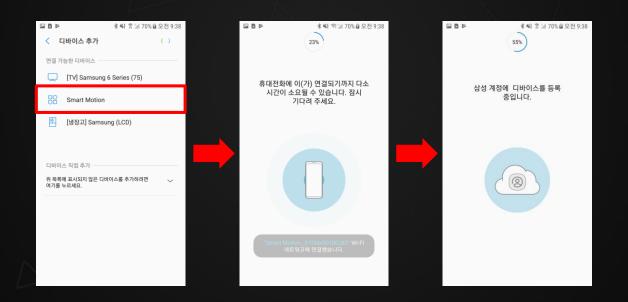
- SmartThings Mobile App 개발자 모드 설정
 - 우측 상단 More(...) 버튼 클릭 > 설정 > 개발자 모드 ON



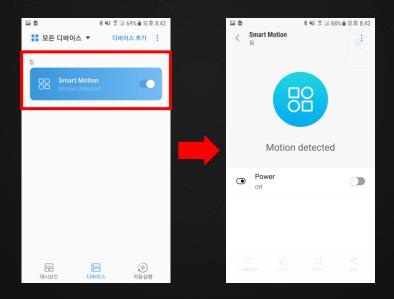
- Easy Setup: SmartThings App Device 연결
 - 디바이스 탭 선택 > 디바이스 추가



- Easy Setup: SmartThings App Device 연결
 - 본인의 디바이스 선택



- Easy Setup: SmartThings App Device 연결
 - App UI (Motion 표시창, Power 버튼) 확인



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■ SmartThings App Code Implementation

ㅇ Tizen에서 제공되는 Things SDK API를 활용

- Tizen Things SDK API
 https://developer.tizen.org/development/iot-preview/iot-apis/things-sdk-api
- Tizen Things SDK API Usage
 https://developer.tizen.org/development/iot-preview/iot-apis/things-sdk-api/api-usage
- ST Things SDK Documentation
 https://developer.tizen.org/dev-guide/things-sdk/index.html

- ㅇ 디바이스 설정 파일 설정
 - 디바이스 설정 파일이 저장되는 경로를 지정

int st_things_set_configuration_prefix_path(const char* ro_path, const char* rw_path);

- 디바이스 초기화
 - SmartThings와의 연동을 위한 초기화 진행 & easy setup status 확인

int st_things_initialize(const char *json_path, bool *easysetup_complete);

- ㅇ 디바이스 자원 정리
 - SmartThings와의 연동이 끝날 때 detinitialize 프로세스 진행

int st_things_deinitialize(void);

○ 주요 콜백 등록

- Request Callback: SmartThings 클라우드로부터의 요청 처리
- Reset Callback: 디바이스 초기화 관련 요청 처리
- User Confirm Callback: 상호인증 방식으로 easy setup 진행 처리
- Things Status Change Callback: SmartThings 클라우드와의 연동 과정에서 벌어지는 상태 변화를 확인

```
int st_things_register_request_cb(st_things_get_request_cb get_cb, st_things_set_request_cb set_cb);
int st_things_register_reset_cb(st_things_reset_confirm_cb confirm_cb, st_things_reset_result_cb result_cb);
int st_things_register_user_confirm_cb(st_things_user_confirm_cb confirm_cb);
int st_things_register_reset_cb(st_things_reset_confirm_cb confirm_cb, st_things_reset_result_cb result_cb);
```

Get Request Callback

• 특정 리소스의 property에 대하여 Get 요청 처리

typedef bool (*st_things_get_request_cb)(st_things_get_request_message_s *req_msg, st_things_representation_s *resp_rep);

Set Request Callback

• 특정 리소스의 property에 대하여 Set 요청 처리

typedef bool (*st_things_set_request_cb)(st_things_set_request_message_s *req_msg, st_things_representation_s *resp_rep);

SmartThings: Code Implementation

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Notifying Observers

• 특정 리소스(센서)에 변동사항이 생기면 클라우드에 알려줌

int st_things_notify_observers(const char *resource_uri);

ㅇ 클라우드 연동 시작

• SmartThings Cloud와의 연동 시작

int st_things_start(void);

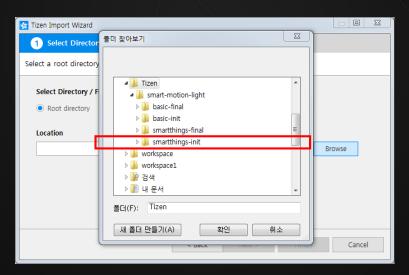
ㅇ 클라우드 연동 종료

• SmartThings Cloud와의 연동 종료

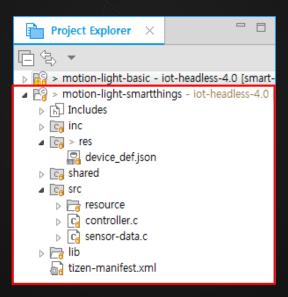
int st_things_stop(void);

○ Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-smartthings 프로젝트 불러오기

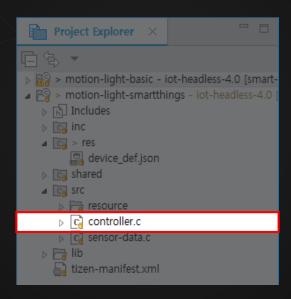
- Root directory 선택 > Browse 클릭
- smart-motion-light/smartthings-init 폴더 선택



- ㅇ Tizen Studio에서 motion-light-smartthings 프로젝트 불러오기
 - Project Explorer에서 motion-light-smartthings 프로젝트 확인



src/controller.c



○ SmartThings API 사용 시 필요한 Macro 값 확인

```
device def.json
         "resources": {
           "single": [
               "uri": "/capability/switch/main/0",
                types :
                 "x.com.st.powerswitch"
                "interfaces": [
                 "oic.if.a",
                 "oic.if.baseline"
                'policy": 3
               "uri": "/capability/motionSensor/main/0",
                types":
                 "oic.r.sensor.motion"
                "interfaces": [
                 "oic.if.s",
                 "oic.if.baseline"
                "policy": 3
```

```
#define JSON_NAME "device_def.json"
#define SENSOR MOTION URI "/capability/motionSensor/main/0"
#define SENSOR_MOTION_KEY "value"
#define SENSOR_LED_URI "/capability/switch/main/0"
#define SENSOR_LED_KEY "power"
#define SENSOR_LED_INIT "off"
```

○ SmartThings API 사용 시 필요한 Macro 값 확인

```
device def.json
     resourceTypes": [
          "type": "x.com.st.powerswitch",
         "properties": [
             "key": "power",
              type": 3,
              "mandatory": true.
              "rw": 3
          "type": "oic.r.sensor.motion",
          properties": [
              "key": "value",
              'type": 0,
             "mandatory": false,
              "rw": 1
```

```
#define JSON NAME "device def.json"
#define SENSOR_MOTION_URI "/capability/motionSensor/main/0"
#define SENSOR_MOTION_KEY "value"
#define SENSOR_LED_URI "/capability/switch/main/0"
#define SENSOR_LED_KEY "power"
#define SENSOR_LED_INIT "off"
```

- _thing_init() 함수 내 디바이스 초기화
 - 디바이스 설정 파일이 저장되는 경로를 지정

```
static int things init(void)
 app res path = app get resource path();
                                                                       read-only 파일을 저장할 경로 (app_res_path) 및
 app data path = app get data path();
                                                                    read-write 파일을 저장할 경로 (app data path) 지정
 // TODO: Specify the read-only and read-write path
 if (0 != st_things_set_configuration_prefix_path(app_res_path, app_data_path)) {
   E("st things set configuration prefix path() failed!!");
   free(app res path);
   free(app data path);
   return -1:
```

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- _thing_init() 함수 내 디바이스 초기화
 - SmartThings와의 연동을 위한 초기화 진행

SmartThings: Code Implementation

- _thing_init() 함수 내 주요 콜백 등록
 - request / restet / user_confirm / status_change에 대한 콜백 함수 등록

```
static int things init(void)
 // TODO: Register callback for handling request get (handle get request) and request set (handle set request)
messages
 st things register request cb(handle get request, handle set request);
 // TODO: Register callback for reset confirmation (handle reset request) and reset result(handle reset result)
functions
 st things register reset cb(handle reset request, handle reset result);
 // TODO: Register callback for getting user confirmation for ownership transfer (handle ownership transfer request)
 st things register user confirm cb(handle ownership transfer request);
 // TODO: Register callback for getting notified when ST Things state changes (handle things status change)
 st things register things status change cb(handle things status change);
```

SmartThings: Code Implementation

handle_get_request()

• Request 메시지의 resource_uri에 따라 get request 처리 함수 호출

```
static bool handle get request(st things get request message s* req msg, st things representation s* resp rep)
 D("resource uri [%s]", req msg->resource uri);
 retv if(!g ad, false);
 if (0 == strcmp(req_msg->resource_uri, SENSOR_MOTION URI)) {
                                                                                     get request 메시지의 resource uri가
   D("query: %s, property: %s", req msg->query, req msg->property key);
                                                                                        SENSOR MOTION URI와 같으면
   // TODO: Call handle get request function for motion sensor
                                                                          Motion sensor에 대한 get_request 처리 함수 호출
   ret = handle get request on motion(req msg, resp rep);
 } else if (0 == strcmp(req msg->resource uri, SENSOR LED URI)) {
                                                                                     get request 메시지의 resource_uri가
   D("query: %s, property: %s", req msg->query, req msg->property key);
                                                                                            SENSOR LED URI와 같으면
  // TODO: Call handle get request function for LED
                                                                                   LED에 대한 get request 처리 함수 호출
   ret = __handle_get_request_on_led(req_msg, resp_rep);
```

- handle_get_request_on_motion()
 - Motion property 관련 데이터 값을 변경

```
static bool handle get request on motion (st things get request message s* req msg, st things representation s*
resp_rep)
 if (req msg->has property key(req msg, SENSOR MOTION KEY)) {
   bool value = false;
   sensor data get bool(g ad->motion data, &value);
   // TODO: Update the response representation about the Sensor property which is sent to the client
   resp rep->set bool value(resp rep, SENSOR MOTION KEY, value);
   D("Value : %d", value);
   return true;
 } else {
   E("not supported property");
   return false;
```

- handle_get_request_on_led()
 - LED property 관련 데이터 값을 변경

```
static bool handle get request on led (st things get request message s* req msg, st things representation s*
resp rep)
 if (req msg->has property key(req msg, SENSOR LED KEY)) {
   const char *str = NULL;
   sensor data get string(g ad->led data, &str);
   if (!str) {
     str = SENSOR LED INIT;
   // TODO: Update the response representation about the LED property which is sent to the client
   resp rep->set str value(resp rep, SENSOR LED KEY, str);
```

handle_set_request()

• Request 메시지의 resource_uri에 따라 set request 처리 함수 호출

```
static bool handle_set_request(st_things_set_request_message_s* req_msg, st_things_representation_s* resp_rep)
{
  bool ret = false;

  _D("resource_uri [%s]", req_msg->resource_uri);
  retv_if(!g_ad, false);

  if (0 == strcmp(req_msg->resource_uri, SENSOR_LED_URI)) {
    // TODO: Call handle set request function for LED
    ret = _ handle_set_request_on_led(req_msg, resp_rep);
  } else {
    _E("not_supported_uri");
  }

  return ret;
}
```

- __handle_set_request_on_led()
 - LED property 관련 데이터 값 변경 및 LED의 상태 변경

```
static bool __handle_set_request_on_led (st_things_set_request_message s* req msg, st things representation s*
resp rep)
 int ret = 0;
 char *str = NULL:
 if (req msg->rep->get str value(req msg->rep, SENSOR LED KEY, &str)) {
   // TODO: Update the response representation about the LED property which is sent to the client
   resp rep->set str value(resp rep, SENSOR LED KEY, str);
   // Turn on LED light with change led data()
   ret = change led data(g ad, strdup(str));
   retv if(ret != 0, false);
 } else {
```

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- ㅇ __change_led_data() 함수 내 notify 설정
 - LED 데이터 변경 시, 클라우드에 notify하도록 설정

```
static int change led data(void *data, char *state) {
 sensor data set string(g ad->led data, state, strlen(state));
 if (0 == strcmp(state, LED ON)) {
   ret = resource write led(130, 1);
 } else {
   ret = resource write led(130, 0);
 retv if(ret != 0, -1);
 // TODO: Notify observers of the LED resource
 st things notify observers(SENSOR LED URI);
return 0:
```

- __change_motion_sensor_data() 함수 내 notify 설정
 - Motion sensor 데이터 변경 시, 클라우드에 notify하도록 설정

```
static Eina Bool change motion sensor data(void *data)
 uint32 t value = 0;
 /* Gets value from motion sensor */
 int ret = resource read infrared motion sensor(46, &value);
 if (ret != 0) E("Cannot read sensor value");
 sensor data set bool(g ad->motion data, value);
 D("Detected motion value is: %d", value);
 // TODO: Notify observers of the Sensor motion resource
 st things notify observers(SENSOR MOTION URI);
 return ECORE CALLBACK RENEW;
```

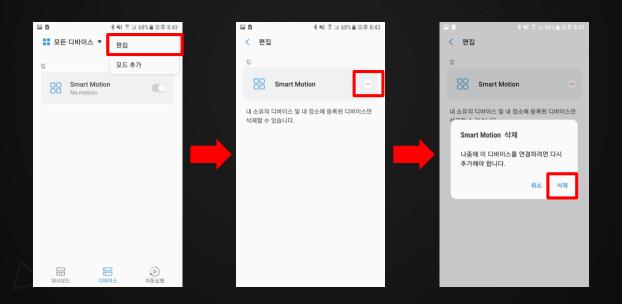
○ 기존 설치된 app package 삭제

- sdb shell 접속
 Device Manager > 폴더 표시창에서 우클릭 > Open shell 선택
- 설치된 패키지 확인 pkgcmd -/ -t tpk
- 패키지 삭제

 pkgcmd -u -n org.tizen.motionlight

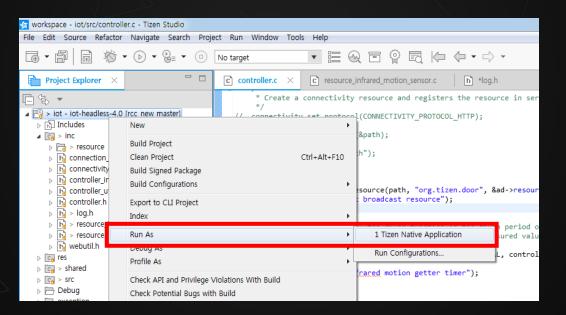
 pkgcmd -u -n org.example.headlessthingsapp

- ㅇ 기존 연결된 디바이스 삭제
 - 우측 상단 More(...) 버튼 클릭 > 편집 > 삭제(-) 버튼 클릭 > 삭제



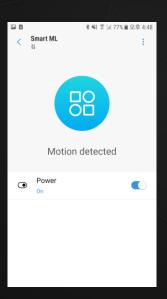
O Tizen App 실행

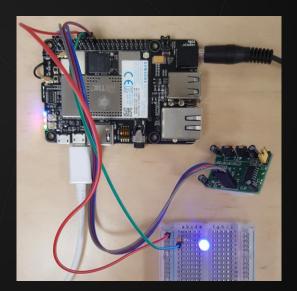
Project Explorer 내 프로젝트 우클릭 > Run As > Tizen Native App



- Easy Setup: SmartThings App Device 연결
 - App UI (Motion 표시창, Power 버튼) 확인







Thank you

