

CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science

S. Krishna

Deterministic Finite Automata

- ▶ Every state on every symbol goes to a unique state
 - ▶ $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow Q$ is a transition function
- ▶ Given a string $w \in \Sigma^*$ and a state $q \in Q$, iteratively apply δ

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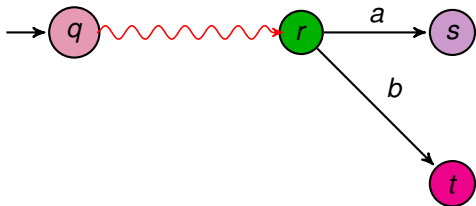
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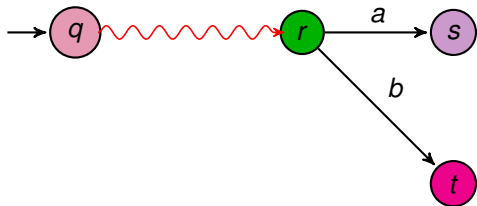
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 - ▶ $\hat{\delta} : Q \times \Sigma^* \rightarrow Q$ extension of δ to strings
 - ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q, \epsilon) = q$
 - ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q, wa) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), a)$

DFA : Transition Function on Words



DFA : Transition Function on Words



- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q, wa) = s = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), a) = \delta(r, a)$
- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q, wb) = t = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), b) = \delta(r, b)$

DFA Acceptance

- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is accepted iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in F$
- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is rejected iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \notin F$

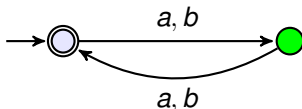
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DFA Acceptance

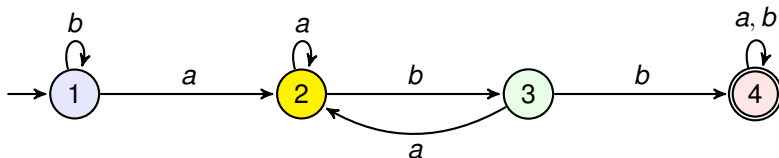
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- ▶ Any string $w \in \Sigma^*$ is either accepted or rejected by a DFA A
- ▶ $L(A) = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in F\}$
- ▶ $\Sigma^* = L(A) \cup \overline{L(A)}$

Closer Look : DFA



- ▶ Blue state : $\epsilon, ab, ba, bb, aa, \dots$
- ▶ Green state : $a, b, aaa, aba, baa, bbb, bba, bab, \dots$
- ▶ All words in Σ^* reach a unique state from the initial state
- ▶ Words reaching a final state are **accepted**; all others are rejected

Closer Look : DFA

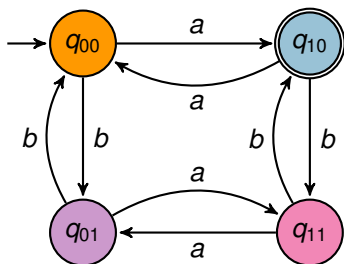


- ▶ state 1 : b^*
- ▶ state 2: $b^*a, b^*aa^*, b^*aa^*(ba)^*$
- ▶ state 3 : $b^*ab, b^*aa^*b, b^*aa^*(ba)^*b$
- ▶ state 4 : $b^*abb\Sigma^*, b^*aa^*bb\Sigma^*, b^*aa^*(ba)^*bb\Sigma^*$
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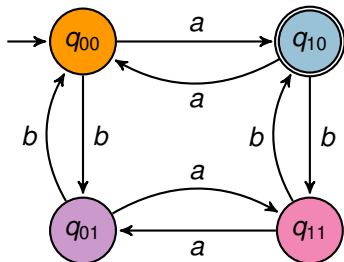
Closer Look : DFA

- ▶ Each state is a **bucket** holding infinitely many words
- ▶ Thus we have good and bad buckets
- ▶ The buckets partition Σ^*
- ▶ **Good buckets** determine the language accepted by the DFA
- ▶ Words that land in bad buckets are not accepted by the DFA

Language Acceptance : Proof

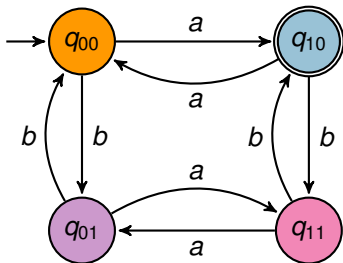


Language Acceptance : Proof



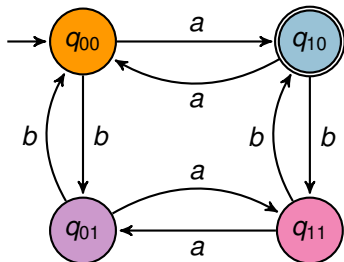
- $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |w|_a \text{ is odd and } |w|_b \text{ is even}\}$

Language Acceptance : Proof



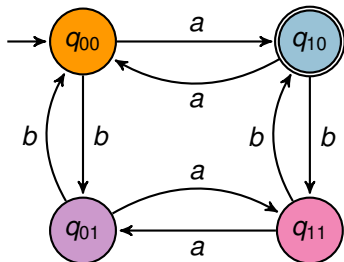
- ▶ $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |w|_a \text{ is odd and } |w|_b \text{ is even}\}$
- ▶ Show that for any $w \in \Sigma^*$,
 - ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, w) = q_{ij}$ with $i, j \in \{0, 1\}$, parity of i same as $|w|_a$ and parity of j same as $|w|_b$

Language Acceptance : Proof



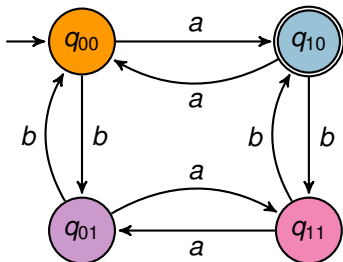
- Prove by induction on $|w|$

Language Acceptance : Proof



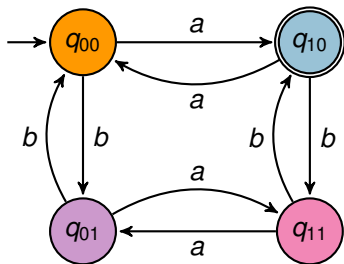
- ▶ Prove by induction on $|w|$
- ▶ Base case : For $|w| = \epsilon$, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, \epsilon) = q_{00}$

Language Acceptance : Proof



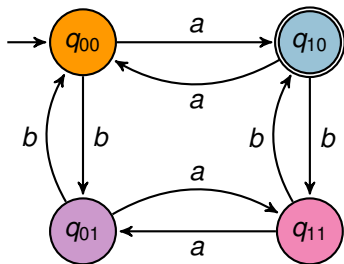
- ▶ Prove by induction on $|w|$
- ▶ Base case : For $|w| = \epsilon$, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, \epsilon) = q_{00}$
- ▶ Assume the claim for $x \in \Sigma^*$, and show it for xc , $c \in \{a, b\}$.

Language Acceptance : Proof



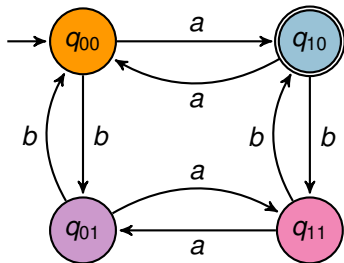
► $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, xc) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x), c)$

Language Acceptance : Proof



- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, xc) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x), c)$
- ▶ By induction hypothesis, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x) = q_{ij}$ iff
 - ▶ parity of i and $|x|_a$ are the same
 - ▶ parity of j and $|x|_b$ are the same

Language Acceptance : Proof



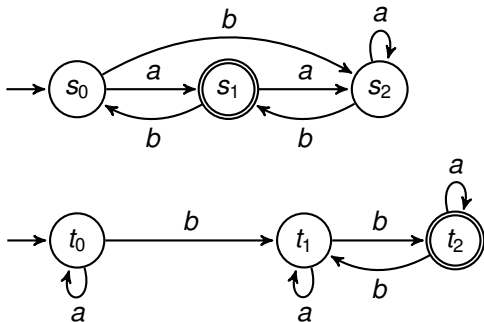
- ▶ Case Analysis : If $|x|_a$ odd and $|x|_b$ even, then $i = 1, j = 0$
 - ▶ $\delta(q_{10}, a) = q_{00}, \delta(q_{10}, b) = q_{11}$
 - ▶ $|xa|_a$ is even and $|xa|_b$ is even
 - ▶ $|xb|_a$ is odd and $|xb|_b$ is odd
- ▶ Other Cases : Similar
- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x) = q_{10}$ iff $|x|_a$ odd and $|x|_b$ even

Closure Properties : DFA

Closure under Complementation

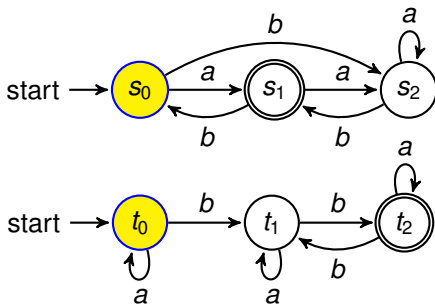
- ▶ If L is regular, so is \overline{L}
 - ▶ Let $A = (Q, q_0, \Sigma, \delta, F)$ be the DFA such that $L = L(A)$
 - ▶ For every $w \in L$, $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) = f$ for some $f \in F$
 - ▶ For every $w \notin L$, $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) = q$ for some $q \notin F$
 - ▶ Construct $\overline{A} = (Q, q_0, \Sigma, \delta, Q - F)$
 - ▶ $w \in L(\overline{A})$ iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in Q - F$ iff $w \notin L(A)$
 - ▶ $L(\overline{A}) = \overline{L(A)}$

Closure under Intersection



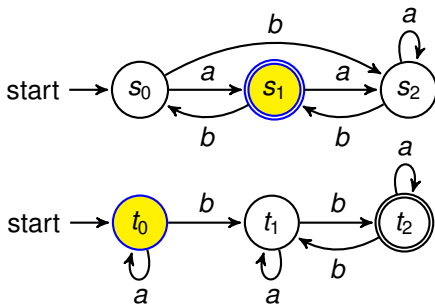
Closure under Intersection

► *aaab*



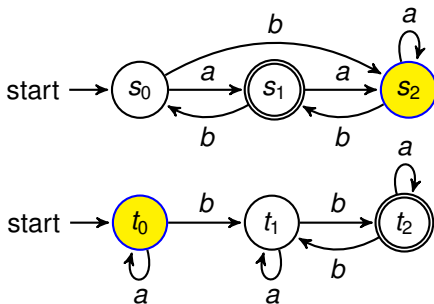
Closure under Intersection

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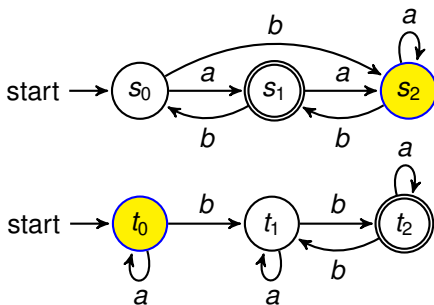
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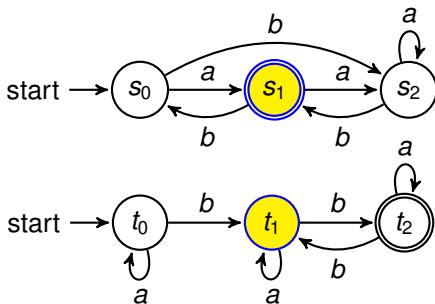
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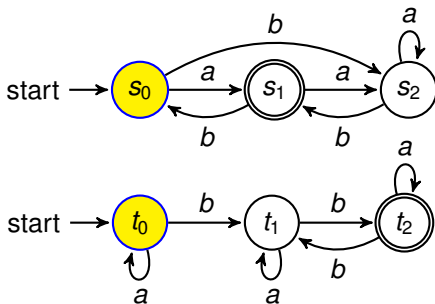
Closure under Intersection

► aaa^b



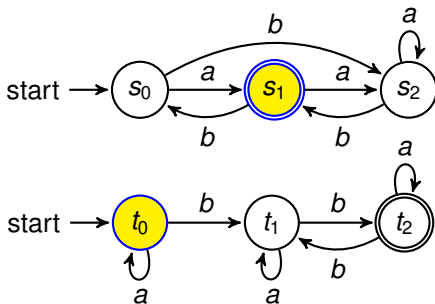
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



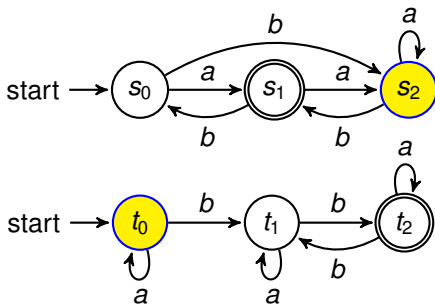
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



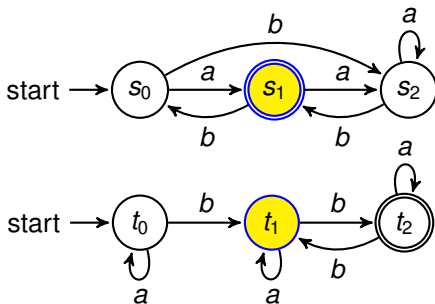
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



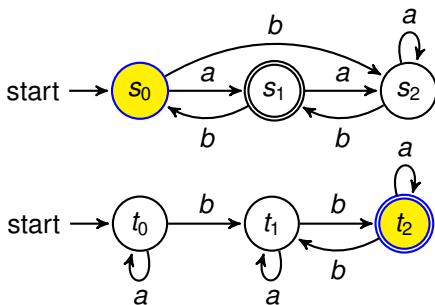
Closure under Intersection

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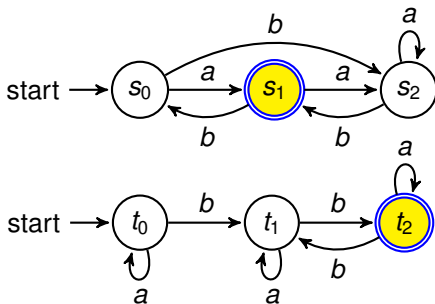
Closure under Intersection

► *aabba*



Closure under Intersection

► *aabb***a**



Closure under Intersection

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F),$
 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$

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 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = F_1 \times F_2$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $\hat{\delta}((q_0, s_0), x) \in F$

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 $\hat{\delta}_1(q_0, x) \in F_1$ and $\hat{\delta}_2(s_0, x) \in F_2$ iff $x \in L(A_1)$ and $x \in L(A_2)$

Closure under Union

- ▶ $A_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_0, F_1)$
- ▶ $A_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, s_0, F_2)$
- ▶ $A = (Q_1 \times Q_2, \Sigma, \delta, (q_0, s_0), F),$
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Closure under Union

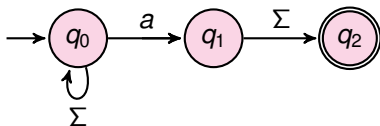
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 - ▶ $\delta((q, s), a) = (\delta_1(q, a), \delta_2(s, a))$
 - ▶ $F = (F_1 \times Q_2) \cup (Q_1 \times F_2)$
- ▶ Show that for all $x \in \Sigma^*$, $\hat{\delta}((p, q), x) = (\hat{\delta}_1(p, x), \hat{\delta}_2(q, x))$

$x \in L(A)$ iff $x \in L(A_1)$ or $x \in L(A_2)$

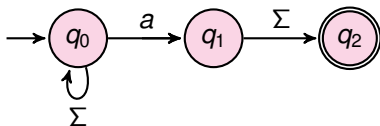
Moving on to Non-determinism

- ▶ We looked at DFA
- ▶ Showed closure under union, intersection and complementation
- ▶ Before we examine closure under concatenation, we look at a more relaxed model, which is as good as a DFA

The Comfort of Non-determinism

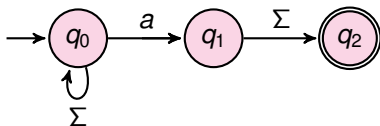


The Comfort of Non-determinism



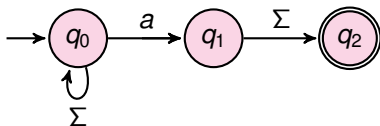
- ▶ Assume we relax the condition on transitions, and allow
 - ▶ $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow 2^Q$
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The Comfort of Non-determinism



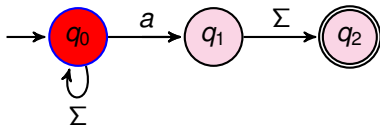
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 - ▶ $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow 2^Q$
 - ▶ $\delta(q_0, a) = \{q_0, q_1\}, \delta(q_2, a) = \emptyset$
 - ▶ Is *aabb* accepted?

The Comfort of Non-determinism



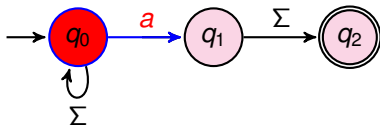
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- ▶ Is *aabb* accepted?



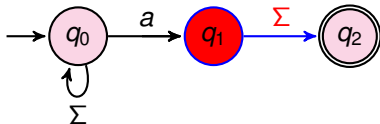
One run of *aabb*

Is *aabb* accepted?



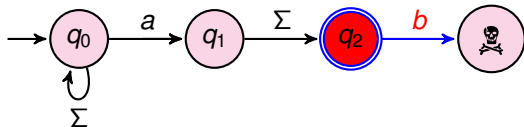
One run of *aabb*

Is *aabb* accepted?



One run of $aabb$

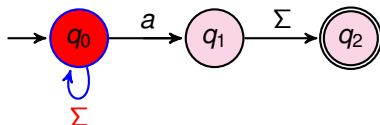
Is $aabb$ accepted?



- A non-accepting run for $aabb$

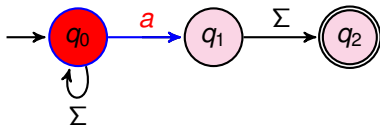
Another run of *aabb*

Is *aabb* accepted?



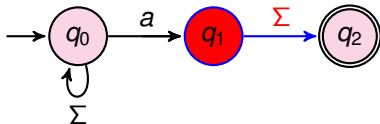
Another run of *aabb*

Is *aabb* accepted?



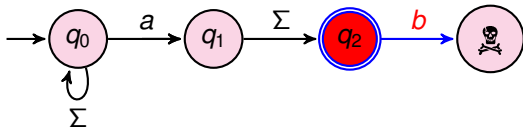
Another run of *aabb*

Is *aab**b*** accepted?



Another run of *aabb*

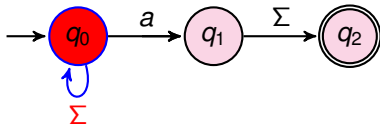
Is *aab****b*** accepted?



- A non-accepting run for *aabb*

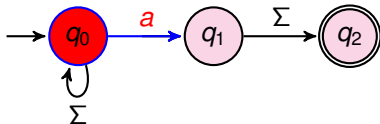
A run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



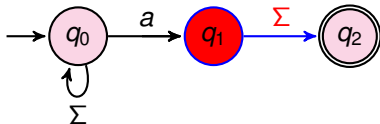
A run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



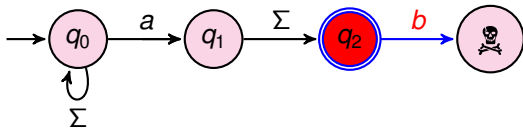
A run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



A run of *aaab*

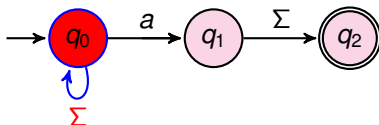
Is *aaab* accepted?



- ▶ A non-accepting run for *aaab*

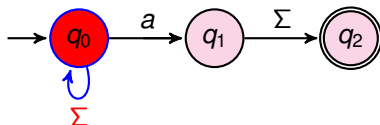
Another run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



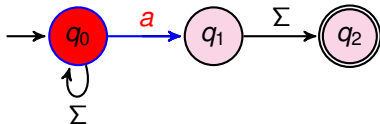
Another run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



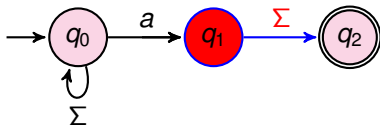
Another run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?



Another run of *aaab*

Is *aaab* accepted?

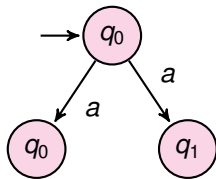


- An accepting run for *aaab*

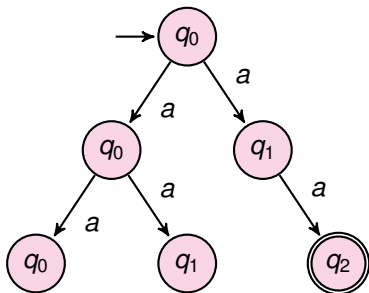
Nondeterministic Finite Automata(NFA)

- ▶ $N = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, Q_0, F)$
 - ▶ Q is a finite set of states
 - ▶ $Q_0 \subseteq Q$ is the set of initial states
 - ▶ $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow 2^Q$ is the transition function
 - ▶ $F \subseteq Q$ is the set of final states
- ▶ Acceptance condition : A word w is accepted iff it has atleast one accepting path

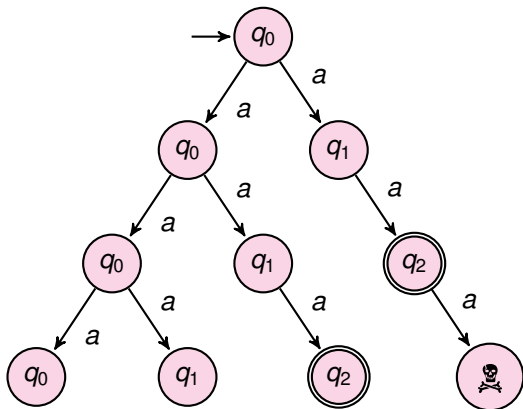
Run Tree of *aaab*



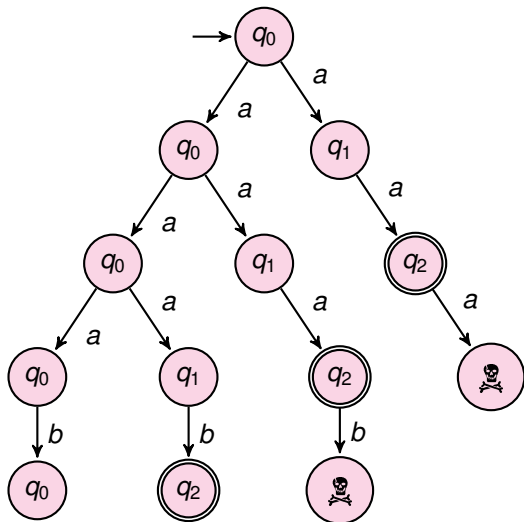
Run Tree of *aaab*



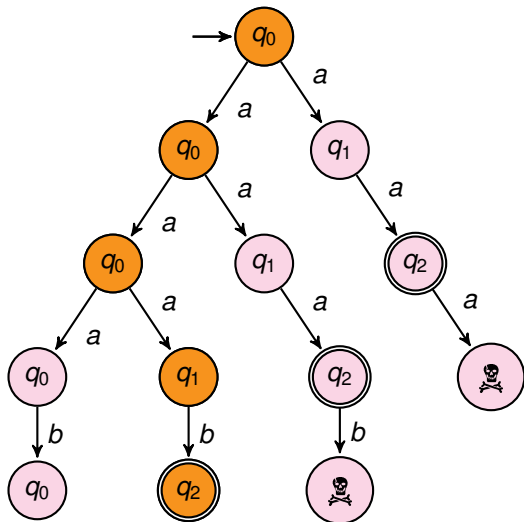
Run Tree of *aaab*



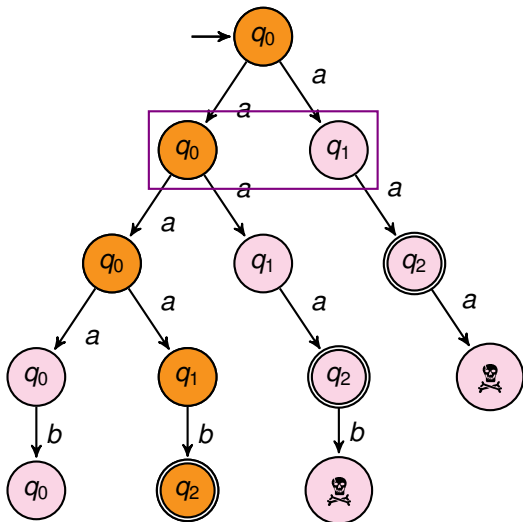
Run Tree of *aaab*



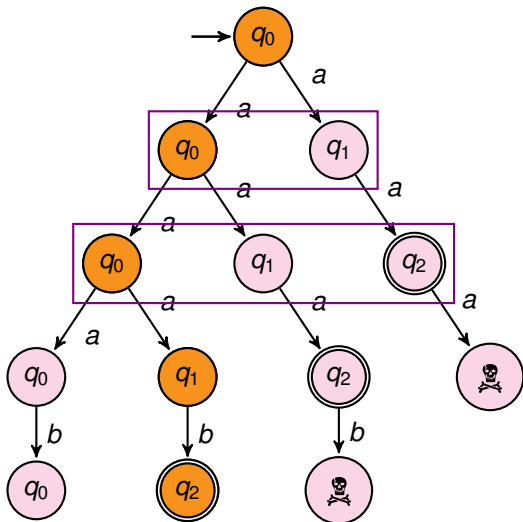
Run Tree of *aaab*



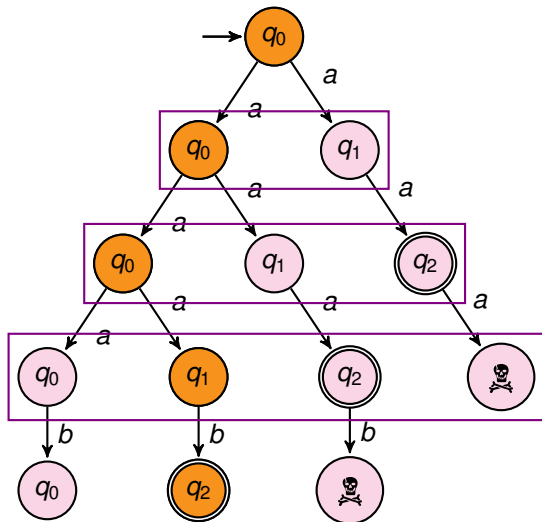
Run Tree of *aaab*



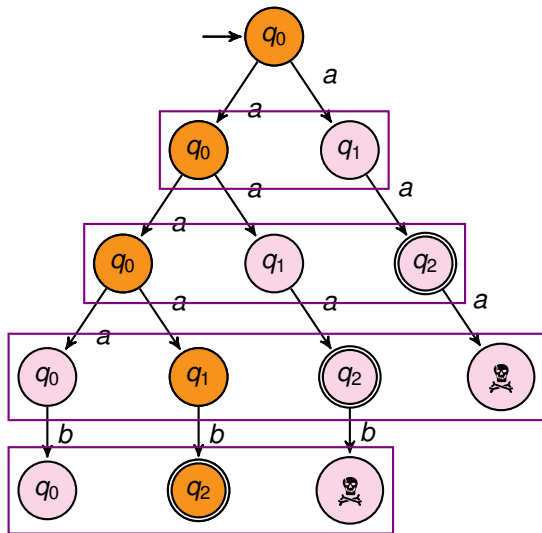
Run Tree of *aaab*



Run Tree of *aaab*



Run Tree of *aaab*



The Single Run

