













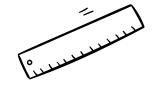
# EXPERIMENTAL LAYOUT RANDOMIZATION AND ANOVA USING R STUDIO













#### Installing a package in R

- R comes in a set of **base** packages stored in system library → basic statistics and graphics functions
- There are other add-on packages that can run fancier graphs and other complicated statistical analysis which are not provided by the base package.
- The add-on package can be downloaded for free from CRAN website. These packages is stored in the user library once installed.

#### **Examples of package**

- Some examples of R packages:
  - ggplot2 graphics (graphs)
  - agricolae experimental design and analysis in agriculture
- The packages can be installed using the "Package" tab in the lower right panel or use "install.packages()" command
- After install, the package need to be activated using "library()" function before using all the functions in that package

Files	Plots	Packages	Help	Viewer			= [
ol I	nstall (	Update			Q		
	Name			Description	Version		
Jser	Library						
	abd			The Analysis of Biological Data	0.2-8	-	8
	abind			Combine Multidimensional Arrays	1.4-5	-	8
	agricolae			Statistical Procedures for Agricultural Research	1.3-3	-	8
	AlgDesig	n		Algorithmic Experimental Design	1.2.0	-	8
	askpass			Safe Password Entry for R, Git, and SSH	1.1	-	8
	asserttha	t		Easy Pre and Post Assertions	0.2.1	-	8
	backport	S		Reimplementations of Functions Introduced Since R-3.0.0	1.2.1	•	8
	base64er	nc		Tools for base64 encoding	0.1-3	-	8
	ВН			Boost C++ Header Files	1.75.0-0	-	8
	bit			Classes and Methods for Fast Memory-Efficient Boolean Selections	4.0.4	-	8
	bit64			A S3 Class for Vectors of 64bit Integers	4.0.5	•	8
	blob			A Simple S3 Class for Representing Vectors of Binary Data ('BLOBS')	1.2.1	•	8
	brew			Templating Framework for Report Generation	1.0-6	•	8
	brio			Basic R Input Output	1.1.1	•	8
	broom			Convert Statistical Objects into Tidy Tibbles	0.7.6	-	8
	bslib			Custom 'Bootstrap' 'Sass' Themes for 'shiny' and 'rmarkdown'	0.2.4	-	8
	cachem			Cache R Objects with Automatic Pruning	1.0.4	-	8
	callr			Call R from R	3.6.0	-	8
	car			Companion to Applied Regression	3.0-10	-	8
	carData			Companion to Applied Regression Data Sets	3.0-4	-	8
)	cellrange	r		Translate Spreadsheet Cell Ranges to Rows and Columns	1.1.0	•	×

#### The 'agricolae' package

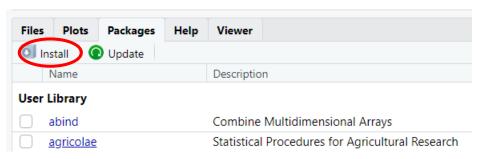
- The agricolae package offers a broad functionality in the designs of experiments especially in agriculture, which can also be used in other fields.
- This package offers statistical analysis in experimental designs that are commonly used in agricultural research such as completely randomized design, randomized complete block design, latin square, split plot and other designs.
- Further details on the analysis are provided in the package documentation (vignette)

#### The 'agricolae' package

- Layout randomization can be conducted using the 'agricolae' package.
- The package needs to be installed in your computer before using the codes for this package (Thus, internet connection is required for the installation)
- To install the 'agricolae' package:
  - Use codes: install.packages('agricolae')

• Or you can click the install package button at the Package tab in R Studio, and

search for the 'agricolae' package



#### The 'agricolae' package

- The documentation or vignette about the package can be viewed at: <a href="https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/agricolae/vignettes/tutorial.pdf">https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/agricolae/vignettes/tutorial.pdf</a>
- This documentation provides explanation about the function and some examples how to use and the output

agricolae tutorial (Version 1.3-5)

Felipe de Mendiburu<sup>(1)</sup> 2021-06-05

#### Preface

The following document was developed to facilitate the use of agricolae package in R, it is understood that the user knows the statistical methodology for the design and analysis of experiments and through the use of the functions programmed in agricolae facilitate the generation of the field book experimental design and their analysis. The first part document describes the use of graph.freq role is complementary to the hist function of R functions to facilitate the collection of statistics and frequency table, statistics or grouped data histogram based training grouped data and graphics as frequency polygon or ogive; second part is the development of experimental plans and numbering of the units as used in an agricultural experiment; a third part corresponding to the comparative tests and finally provides agricolae miscellaneous additional functions applied in agricultural research and stability functions, soil consistency, late blight simulation and others.

> oldpar<-par(mfrow=c(2,2),mar=c(3,3,2,1),cex=0.7)
> c1<-colors()[480]; c2=colors()[65]
> bar.err(outHSD\$means, variation="range",ylim=c(0,50),col=c1,las=1)
> bar.err(outHSD\$means, variation="IQR",horiz=TRUE, xlim=c(0,50),col=c2,las=1)
> plot(outHSD, variation="range",las=1)
> plot(outHSD, horiz=TRUE, variation="SD",las=1)
> par(oldpar)

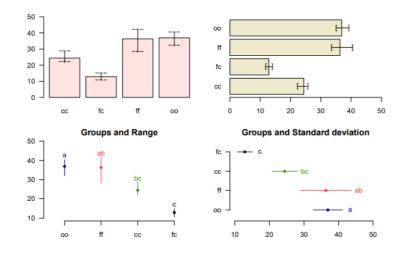


Figure 5: Comparison between treatments

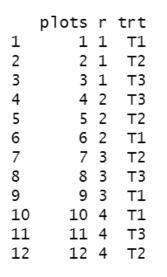
## **Experimental design | Layout randomization**

#### **Completely randomized design (CRD)**

• R codes:

```
trt <- c("T1", "T2", "T3")
rep <- c(4, 4, 4)
outdesign <- design.crd(trt,r=rep,serie=0)
(book1 <- outdesign$book) # parentheses to display output right away</pre>
```

• Output:





plots	r	trt
1	1	T1
2	1	12
3	1	T3
4	2	Т3
5	2	T2
6	2	T1
7	3	T2
8	3	Т3
9	3	T1
10	4	T1
11	4	T3
12	4	T2

Plot number

(1)	2	3				
4	5	6				
7	8	9				
10	11	12				

Assignment of treatments to plot number

(T1)	T2	T3			
T3	T2	T1			
T2	Т3	T1			
T1	T3	T2			

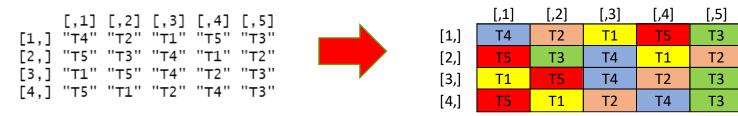
## **Experimental design | Layout randomization**

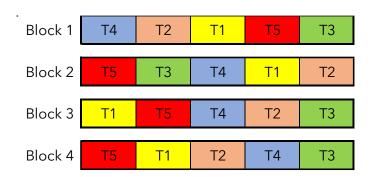
#### Randomized complete block design (RCBD)

• R codes:

```
trt <- c("T1", "T2", "T3", "T4", "T5")
rep <- 4
outdesign <- design.rcbd(trt,r=rep, serie=2)
book2<- zigzag(outdesign) # zigzag numeration
print(outdesign$sketch)</pre>
```

#### • Output:





## **Analysis of variance | R codes**

The codes for each design follows the components in the statistical model

## Completely randomized design (CRD)

To fit the ANOVA (CRD) model:

```
fit1 <- lm (y ~ trt , data=data)</pre>
```

Display the output:

```
anova(fit1)
```

Linear additive model for CRD

```
Y = mean + treatment + error
```

# Randomized complete block design (RCBD)

To fit the ANOVA (RCBD) model:

```
fit2 <- lm (y ~ trt + block, data=data)
```

Display the output:

```
anova(fit2)
```

Linear additive model for RCBD

```
Y = mean + treatment + block + error
```