

Problem 1. (b) Show $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$.

Proof.

$$A \cup (B \cap C) \Leftrightarrow x \in A \text{ or } (x \in B \text{ and } x \in C) \quad (1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x \in A \text{ or } x \in B) \text{ and } (x \in A \text{ or } x \in C) \quad (2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C) \quad (3)$$

$$\therefore A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

□

Problem 2. (c) Show $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$.

Proof.

$$(A \cup B)^c \Leftrightarrow x \notin (A \cup B) \quad (4)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \notin A \text{ and } x \notin B \quad (5)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \in A^c \text{ and } x \in B^c \quad (6)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow A^c \cap B^c \quad (7)$$

$$\therefore (A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$$

□

Problem 3. (d) Show $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$.

Proof.

$$(A \cap B)^c \Leftrightarrow x \notin (A \cap B) \quad (8)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \notin A \text{ or } x \notin B \quad (9)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x \in A^c \text{ or } x \in B^c \quad (10)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow A^c \cup B^c \quad (11)$$

$$\therefore (A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$$

□

Problem 4. If set A has n elements, then show that $\mathcal{P}(A)$ has 2^n elements.

Proof. A combination of the presence or absence of each element in a set A .

$$\overbrace{2 \times 2 \times \cdots \times 2}^{n \text{ times}} = 2^n$$

□

Problem 5. Show $f(A_1 \cup A_2) = f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$

Proof. ① $f(A_1 \cup A_2) \subseteq f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$

$$x \in A_1 \cup A_2 \Leftrightarrow x \in A_1 \text{ or } x \in A_2 \quad (12)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f(x) \in f(A_1) \text{ or } f(x) \in f(A_2) \quad (13)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f(x) \in f(A_1) \cup f(A_2) \quad (14)$$

$$\therefore f(A_1 \cup A_2) \subseteq f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$$

② $f(A_1) \cup f(A_2) \subseteq f(A_1 \cup A_2)$

$$y \in f(A_1) \cup f(A_2) \Leftrightarrow y \in f(A_1) \text{ or } y \in f(A_2) \quad (15)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists x \in A_1 \mid f(x) = y \quad (16)$$

$$\text{or } \exists x \in A_2 \mid f(x) = y$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \exists x \in A_1 \cup A_2 \mid f(x) = y \quad (17)$$

$$\therefore f(A_1) \cup f(A_2) \subseteq f(A_1 \cup A_2)$$

From ① and ②, $f(A_1 \cup A_2) = f(A_1) \cup f(A_2)$. □

Problem 6. Show $f(A_1 \cap A_2) \subseteq f(A_1) \cap f(A_2)$

Proof.

$$x \in A_1 \cap A_2 \Leftrightarrow x \in A_1 \text{ and } x \in A_2 \quad (18)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f(x) \in f(A_1) \text{ and } f(x) \in f(A_2) \quad (19)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f(x) \in f(A_1) \cap f(A_2) \quad (20)$$

$$\therefore f(A_1 \cap A_2) \subseteq f(A_1) \cap f(A_2)$$

□