Georgia State University

CSc 4320/6320 Operating Systems

Fall 2020

Programming Homework 1

Due Time: 11:59 PM, September 17, 2020

Objective:

To understand and experiment with process creation and pipes in Linux.

Problem Statement:

D.R. Kaprekar's Operation, a process named after Indian mathematician D.R. Kaprekar, is described as

Given any three- or four-digit number where not all digits are the same, i.e., not 111, 8888, etc.,

- 1. Rearrange the digits of the number in descending and ascending orders in order to make the largest and smallest numbers out of those digits. For example, given 2418, the largest number using these four digits is 8421 and the smallest one is 1248.
- 2. Subtract the smaller number from larger one.
- 3. Take the result from step 2. Go to step 1 and repeat the process until the result converges. Given the number 5438, the Kaprekar's process is:

8543-3458 = 5085 8550-558 = 7992

9972-2799 = 7173

7731 - 1377 = 6354

6543 - 3456 = 3087

8730-378 = 8352

8532-2358 = 6174 7641-1467 = 6174

7641-1467 = 6174

..... (converged)

For any 3-digit number where not all digits are the same, the final result will be 495!

Requirement:

Write a C program using the fork() system call to create a child process that executes Kaprekar's Operation for a 3-digt number. The child process is required to *print out* the intermediate results as shown in the example above. The input number should be provided from the command line. *For consistency, use the number "123" as the testing input.*

In addition, the child process should inform the parent process about the completion of the operation, i.e., when the operation converges to a fixed number. This is done by sending the final converged number to the parent process using an ordinary pipe (refer to figure 3.25-3.26 for pipe creation). Upon receiving the message from the child, the parent process is required to *print out* the message. Have the parent invoke the wait() call to wait for the child process to complete before exiting the program.

Steps:

- Download the incomplete source file *hw1.c* from iCollege. The incomplete code obtains the input number and assigns it to variable *n*.
- Complete the code
- Compile the C source file using gcc (see screenshot 1 below)
- Take a screenshot of the program intermediate results and final output (see screenshot 2 below as a sample output).

Submission:

Submit the following to iCollege:

- The C source file hw1.c
- A report in PDF that includes (1) the screenshot of your program output and (2) a copy of your C source code from *hw1.c* file

<u>Failure to follow the submission requirement will cause 10% deduction in the score.</u>

```
king@king-Latitude-E5540: ~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild (base) king@king-Latitude-E5540: ~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$ ls csc4320_hw_1.c (base) king@king-Latitude-E5540: ~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$ gcc csc4320_hw_1.c -o csc4320_hw_1 (base) king@king-Latitude-E5540: ~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$ ls csc4320_hw_1 csc4320_hw_1.c (base) king@king-Latitude-E5540: ~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$
```

Screenshot 1

```
(base) king@king-Latitude-E5540:~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$
./csc4320_hw_1 123

Child process 2659: 1th: 321 - 123 = 198

Child process 2659: 2th: 981 - 189 = 792

Child process 2659: 3th: 972 - 279 = 693

Child process 2659: 4th: 963 - 369 = 594

Child process 2659: 5th: 954 - 459 = 495

Child process 2659: 6th: 954 - 459 = 495

Result from child process 1: 495
(base) king@king-Latitude-E5540:~/Documents/os-ass1/onechild$
```

Screenshot 2