

#### **Lesson Objectives**



#### By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- Describe the use of AJAX with in Visualforce
- Create access to standard actions via the URLFOR expression
- Create reusable functions within <script> tags
- Create partial page refreshers on JavaScript events
- Describe the usage of the AJAX action components



## Action Binding and JavaScript



At this point, only actions that are shared across all objects are exposed through standard controllers. But further standard Salesforce action are available by using JavaScript and the expression syntax with the !URLFOR and \$Action keywords.

A'dditional standard actions will be added into standard controllers in future

releases

See the online help for more information regarding global \$variables

#### **Example**

- 1 <apex:PageBlockButtons>
- 2 <apex:commandButton value="Edit" action={!edit}"/>
- 3 <apex:commandButton
  onclick="parent.window.location.href='{!URLFOR(\$Action.Position\_\_c.Cl
  one,position.id)}'" value="Clone"/>
- 4 </apex:PageBlockButtons>



#### JavaScript Functions



It is possible to create reusable JavaScript functions with HTML <script> tag.

 This creates functions that can be called from within the Visualforce page

Creating functions can be helpful if the same JavaScript code is needed multiple times on a page.

These functions can then be used on the embedded Javascript event attributes in many Visualforce tags.

• Example: onclick="changeFont();"

It can also be useful to isolate the Javascript at the top of the page for maintenance purposes.



#### JavaScript Functions



```
<apex:page id="thePage">
123456789
 </script>
 10
11
12
13
15
 </apex:outputPanel>
 </apex:page>
```

#### Partial Page Update



Due to the data binding capabilities of Visualforce, AJAX is not required for API access.

AJAX is a way to create better performing websites through partial page refreshes.

 By just refreshing a small section of the page, performance is improved by not reloading the entire page.





The simplest way to implement a partial page update is to use the reRender attribute on a button or link.

First, isolate the portion of the page that should be rerendered when the button or link is clicked by surrounding it with the <apex:outputPanel>tags.

Be sure to give the outputPanel an id

Then, create the command button or link that will trigger the partial refresh.

 Add the reRender attribute to the button or link tag and assign it the value of the id of the outputPanel created earlier



#### Partial Page Update (cont.)



```
<apex:page standardController="Account">
     <apex:pageBlock title="Hello {!$User.FirstName}!">
         You are displaying contacts from the {!account.name} account.
3
         Click a contact's name to view his or her details.
5
     </apex:pageBlock>
    <apex:pageBlock title="Contacts">
6
       <apex:dataTable value="{!account.Contacts}" var="contact" cellPadding="4" border="1">
8
        <apex:column>
9
          <apex:commandLink rerender="detail">
10
             {!contact.Name}
11
            <apex:param name="cid" value="{!contact.id}"/>
12
          </apex:commandLink>
13
       </apex:column>
14
     </apex:pageBlock>
15
     <apex:outputPanel id="detail">
        <apex:detail subject={!$CurrentPage.parameters.cid}" relatedList="false" title="false"/>
16
     </apex:outputPanel>
   </apex:page>
```





AJAX behaviors (like partial page updates) are asynchronous events that occur in the background while a user continues to work on the page.

In the event that these updates take longer than near-instantaneous. Visualforce supports displaying status updates using the actionStatus tag.

- You can display text at the beginning or end of the asynchronous event using the startText and stopText tags
- You can specify what is to be displayed after the refresh by using the <apex:facet name="stop"> tags



### **Asynchronous Operation Status**



```
<apex:page standardController="Account">
    <! - - Same as previous example - - >
          <apex:commandLink rerender="detail" status="detailStatus">
3
             {!contact.Name}
            <apex:param name="cid" value="{!contact.id}"/>
5
          </apex:commandLink>
6
    <apex:pageBlock>
     <apex:outputPanel id="detail">
8
9
        <apex:actionStatus startText="Requesting..." id="detailStatus">
10
        <apex:facet name="stop">
11
         <apex:detail subject="{!$CurrentPageReference.parameters.cid}" relatedList="false"</pre>
    title="false"/>
12
     </apex:facet>
    </apex:actionStatus>
     </apex:outputPanel>
   </apex:page>
```

# AJAX Behavior on Events Visualforce Components & Javascript Events



Many Visualforce tags relate to different UI components. These often have attributes equivalent to JavaScript events to handle user actions to those components.



## AJAX Behavior on Events Javascript Events



Most Visualforce tags that produce concrete HTML elements support appropriate Javascript event attributes.

	Atribute	The event occurs when
	onabort	Loading of an image is interrupted
	onblur	An element loses foucs
	onchange	User changes the contents of the field
	onclick	Mouse clicks an object
	ondblclick	Mouse double clicks an object
	onerror	An error occurs while loading a document or image
	onfocus	An element gets focus
	onkeydown	A keyboard key is pressed
	onkeypress	A keyboard key is pressed or held down
	onkeyup	A keyboard key is released
	onload	A page or an image is finished loading
	onmouseover	The mouse is moved over an element
	onselect	Text is selected
	onsubmit	The submit button is clicked

#### AJAX Behavior on Events



This method of having the button or link click trigger the refresh is simple to implement, but often there are better ways to improve the user experience.

 Example: instead of clicking a link, the detail section should refresh when the mouse hovers over a name

If the event is happening to the same component that should take the action, use the built-in Javascript event attributes.

If the event is happening to a different component than will take the action, use the actionSupport tag to handle the event.



#### AJAX Behavior on Events



```
<apex:page standardController="Account">
    <! - - Same as previous example - - >
3
          <apex:outputPanel>
             <apex:actionSupport event="onmouseover" rerender="detail">
4
                <apex:param name="cid" value="{!contact.id}"/>
5
             </apex:actionSupport>
6
             {!contact.Name}
          </apex:outputPanel>
8
        </apex:column>
9
10
     </apex:dataTable>
    </apex:form>
    <apex:pageBlock>
13
     <apex:outputPanel id="detail">
        <apex:actionStatus startText="Requesting...">
14
15
        <apex:facet name="stop">
16
         <apex:detail subject="{!$CurrentPageReference.parameters.cid}" relatedList="false" title="false"/>
17
      </apex:facet>
18
     </apex:actionStatus>
     </apex:outputPanel>
19
    </apex:page>
```





There are a few additional AJAX components.

actionPoller: similar to actionSupport, but the event is based on a timer instead of a user action

actionFunction: provides support for invoking a controller action from Javascript code using an AJAX request by defining a new JavaScript function

actionRegion: used to demarcate which parts of the page the server should reprocess

 It does not, however, say which areas should be rerendered, which should be specified with a panel



#### Demo



## Creating Partial Page refreshers for Conditional Fields





#### Summary



<apex:component> tag can be used to create your own custom, reusable components Template Tags Visualforce Performance Considerations