

A. Panoramix's Prediction

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

A prime number is a number which has exactly two distinct divisors: one and itself. For example, numbers 2, 7, 3 are prime, and 1, 6, 4 are not.

The next prime number after x is the **smallest** prime number greater than x . For example, the next prime number after 2 is 3, and the next prime number after 3 is 5. Note that there is exactly one next prime number after each number. So 5 **is not** the next prime number for 2.

One cold April morning Panoramix predicted that soon Kakofonix will break free from his straitjacket, and this will be a black day for the residents of the Gallic countryside.

Panoramix's prophecy tells that if some day Asterix and Obelix beat exactly x Roman soldiers, where x is a prime number, and next day they beat exactly y Roman soldiers, where y is **the next prime number** after x , then it's time to wait for Armageddon, for nothing can shut Kakofonix up while he sings his infernal song.

Yesterday the Gauls beat n Roman soldiers and it turned out that the number n was prime! Today their victims were a troop of m Romans ($m > n$). Determine whether the Gauls should wait for the black day after today's victory of Asterix and Obelix?

Input

The first and only input line contains two positive integers — n and m ($2 \leq n < m \leq 50$). It is guaranteed that n is prime.

Pretests contain all the cases with restrictions $2 \leq n < m \leq 4$.

Output

Print YES, if m is the next prime number after n , or NO otherwise.

Examples

input	Copy
3 5	
output	Copy
YES	
input	Copy
7 11	
output	Copy
YES	
input	Copy
7 9	

output

Copy

NO