A. Points on Line

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

Little Petya likes points a lot. Recently his mom has presented him n points lying on the line OX. Now Petya is wondering in how many ways he can choose three distinct points so that the distance between the two farthest of them doesn't exceed d.

Note that the order of the points inside the group of three chosen points doesn't matter.

Input

The first line contains two integers: n and d ($1 \le n \le 10^5$; $1 \le d \le 10^9$). The next line contains n integers $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$, their absolute value doesn't exceed 10^9 — the x-coordinates of the points that Petya has got.

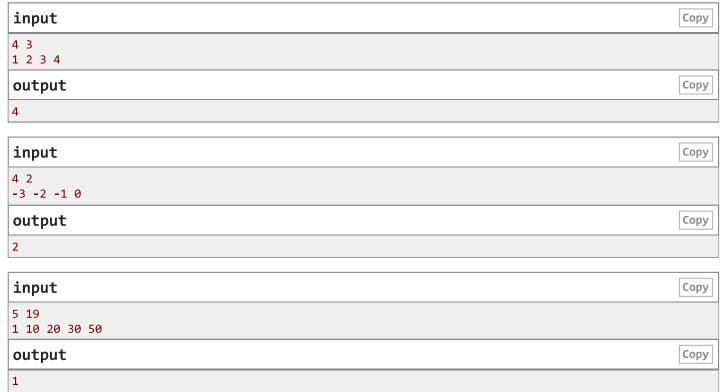
It is guaranteed that the coordinates of the points in the input **strictly increase**.

Output

Print a single integer — the number of groups of three points, where the distance between two farthest points doesn't exceed d.

Please do not use the %11d specifier to read or write 64-bit integers in C++. It is preferred to use the cin, cout streams or the %164d specifier.

Examples



Note

In the first sample any group of three points meets our conditions.

In the seconds sample only 2 groups of three points meet our conditions: $\{-3, -2, -1\}$ and $\{-2, -1, 0\}$. In the third sample only one group does: $\{1, 10, 20\}$.