

## B. Lucky Numbers (easy)

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Petya loves lucky numbers. Everybody knows that positive integers are lucky if their decimal representation doesn't contain digits other than 4 and 7. For example, numbers 47, 744, 4 are lucky and 5, 17, 467 are not.

Lucky number is super lucky if it's decimal representation contains equal amount of digits 4 and 7. For example, numbers 47, 7744, 474477 are super lucky and 4, 744, 467 are not.

One day Petya came across a positive integer  $n$ . Help him to find the least super lucky number which is not less than  $n$ .

### Input

The only line contains a positive integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^9$ ). This number doesn't have leading zeroes.

### Output

Output the least super lucky number that is more than or equal to  $n$ .

Please, do not use the %lld specifier to read or write 64-bit integers in C++. It is preferred to use the cin, cout streams or the %I64d specifier.

### Examples

<b>input</b>	Copy
4500	
<b>output</b>	Copy
4747	
<b>input</b>	Copy
47	
<b>output</b>	Copy
47	