

D. Gadgets for dollars and pounds

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Nura wants to buy k gadgets. She has only s burles for that. She can buy each gadget for dollars or for pounds. So each gadget is selling only for some type of currency. The type of currency and the cost in that currency are not changing.

Nura can buy gadgets for n days. For each day you know the exchange rates of dollar and pound, so you know the cost of conversion burles to dollars or to pounds.

Each day (from 1 to n) Nura can buy some gadgets by current exchange rate. Each day she can buy any gadgets she wants, but each gadget can be bought no more than once during n days.

Help Nura to find the minimum day index when she will have k gadgets. Nura always pays with burles, which are converted according to the exchange rate of the purchase day. Nura can't buy dollars or pounds, she always stores only burles. Gadgets are numbered with integers from 1 to m in order of their appearing in input.

Input

First line contains four integers n, m, k, s ($1 \leq n \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$, $1 \leq k \leq m \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$, $1 \leq s \leq 10^9$) — number of days, total number and required number of gadgets, number of burles Nura has.

Second line contains n integers a_i ($1 \leq a_i \leq 10^6$) — the cost of one dollar in burles on i -th day.

Third line contains n integers b_i ($1 \leq b_i \leq 10^6$) — the cost of one pound in burles on i -th day.

Each of the next m lines contains two integers t_i, c_i ($1 \leq t_i \leq 2$, $1 \leq c_i \leq 10^6$) — type of the gadget and it's cost. For the gadgets of the first type cost is specified in dollars. For the gadgets of the second type cost is specified in pounds.

Output

If Nura can't buy k gadgets print the only line with the number -1 .

Otherwise the first line should contain integer d — the minimum day index, when Nura will have k gadgets. On each of the next k lines print two integers q_i, d_i — the number of gadget and the day gadget should be bought. All values q_i should be different, but the values d_i can coincide (so Nura can buy several gadgets at one day). The days are numbered from 1 to n .

In case there are multiple possible solutions, print any of them.

Examples

input	Copy
5 4 2 2 1 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 2 3 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2	

output	Copy
<pre>3 1 1 2 3</pre>	

input	Copy
<pre>4 3 2 200 69 70 71 72 104 105 106 107 1 1 2 2 1 2</pre>	

output	Copy
<pre>-1</pre>	

input	Copy
<pre>4 3 1 1000000000 900000 910000 940000 990000 990000 999000 999900 999990 1 87654 2 76543 1 65432</pre>	

output	Copy
<pre>-1</pre>	