

## D. Prefixes and Suffixes

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

You have a string  $s = s_1 s_2 \dots s_{|s|}$ , where  $|s|$  is the length of string  $s$ , and  $s_i$  its  $i$ -th character.

Let's introduce several definitions:

- A substring  $s[i..j]$  ( $1 \leq i \leq j \leq |s|$ ) of string  $s$  is string  $s_i s_{i+1} \dots s_j$ .
- The prefix of string  $s$  of length  $l$  ( $1 \leq l \leq |s|$ ) is string  $s[1..l]$ .
- The suffix of string  $s$  of length  $l$  ( $1 \leq l \leq |s|$ ) is string  $s[|s| - l + 1..|s|]$ .

Your task is, for any prefix of string  $s$  which matches a suffix of string  $s$ , print the number of times it occurs in string  $s$  as a substring.

### Input

The single line contains a sequence of characters  $s_1 s_2 \dots s_{|s|}$  ( $1 \leq |s| \leq 10^5$ ) — string  $s$ . The string only consists of uppercase English letters.

### Output

In the first line, print integer  $k$  ( $0 \leq k \leq |s|$ ) — the number of prefixes that match a suffix of string  $s$ . Next print  $k$  lines, in each line print two integers  $l_i c_i$ . Numbers  $l_i c_i$  mean that the prefix of the length  $l_i$  matches the suffix of length  $l_i$  and occurs in string  $s$  as a substring  $c_i$  times. Print pairs  $l_i c_i$  **in the order of increasing**  $l_i$ .

### Examples

<b>input</b>	Copy
ABACABA	
<b>output</b>	Copy
3 1 4 3 2 7 1	

  

<b>input</b>	Copy
AAA	
<b>output</b>	Copy
3 1 3 2 2 3 1	