

## E. ...Wait for it...

time limit per test: 3 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Barney is searching for his dream girl. He lives in NYC. NYC has  $n$  junctions numbered from 1 to  $n$  and  $n - 1$  roads connecting them. We will consider the NYC as a rooted tree with root being junction 1.  $m$  girls live in NYC,  $i$ -th of them lives along junction  $c_i$  and her weight initially equals  $i$  pounds.



Barney consider a girl  $x$  to be *better* than a girl  $y$  if and only if: girl  $x$  has weight strictly less than girl  $y$  or girl  $x$  and girl  $y$  have equal weights and index of girl  $x$  living junction index is strictly less than girl  $y$  living junction index, i.e.  $c_x < c_y$ . Thus for any two girls one of them is always better than another one.

For the next  $q$  days, one event happens each day. There are two types of events:

1. Barney goes from junction  $v$  to junction  $u$ . As a result he picks at most  $k$  **best girls he still have not invited** from junctions on his way and invites them to his house to test if one of them is his dream girl. If there are less than  $k$  not invited girls on his path, he invites all of them.
2. Girls living along junctions in subtree of junction  $v$  (including  $v$  itself) put on some weight. As result, their weights increase by  $k$  pounds.

Your task is for each event of first type tell Barney the indices of girls he will invite to his home in this event.

### Input

The first line of input contains three integers  $n$ ,  $m$  and  $q$  ( $1 \leq n, m, q \leq 10^5$ ) — the number of junctions in NYC, the number of girls living in NYC and the number of events respectively.

The next  $n - 1$  lines describes the roads. Each line contains two integers  $v$  and  $u$  ( $1 \leq v, u \leq n, v \neq u$ ) meaning that there is a road connecting junctions  $v$  and  $u$ .

The next line contains  $m$  integers  $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_m$  ( $1 \leq c_i \leq n$ ) — the girl's living junctions.

The next  $q$  lines describe the events in chronological order. Each line starts with an integer  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 2$ ) — type of the event.

If  $t = 1$  then the line describes event of first type three integers  $v$ ,  $u$  and  $k$  ( $1 \leq v, u, k \leq n$ ) follow — the endpoints of Barney's path and the number of girls that he will invite at most.

Otherwise the line describes event of second type and two integers  $v$  and  $k$  ( $1 \leq v \leq n, 1 \leq k \leq 10^9$ ) follow — the root of the subtree and value by which all the girls' weights in the subtree should increase.

### Output

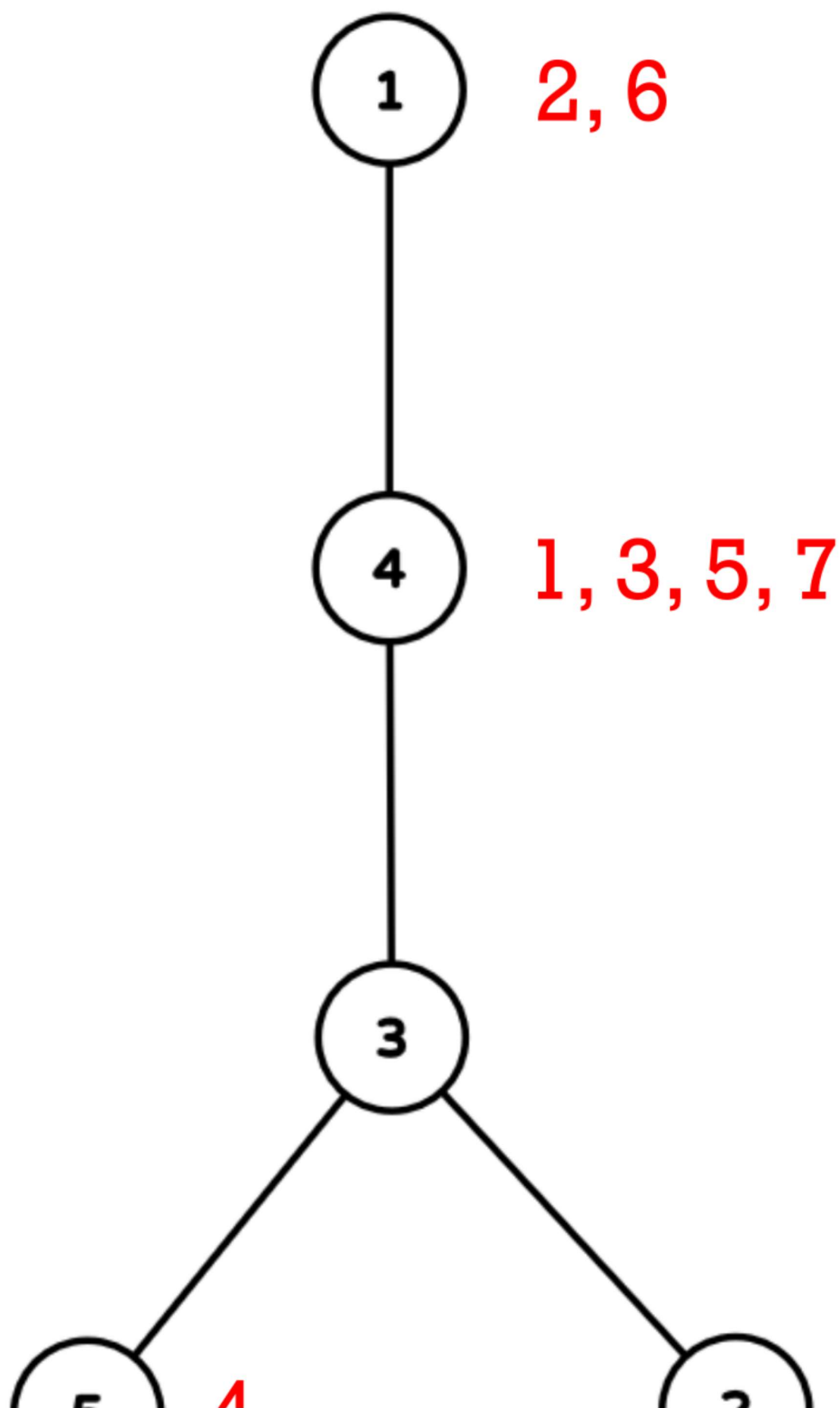
For each event of the first type, print number  $t$  and then  $t$  integers  $g_1, g_2, \dots, g_t$  in one line, meaning that in this event Barney will invite  $t$  girls whose indices are  $g_1, \dots, g_t$  **in the order from the best to the worst** according to Barney's considerations.

### Example

input	Copy
5 7 11 3 5 2 3 4 3 1 4 4 1 4 5 4 1 4 2 4 3 1 2 1 2 1 4 2 1 2 2 10 2 1 10 1 2 4 1 1 2 3 4 2 5 2 2 4 9 1 3 5 2 1 1 2 3	
output	Copy
2 2 1 1 3 1 5 0 1 4 2 6 7	

### Note

For the first sample case:





Description of events:

1. Weights of girls in subtree of junction 4 increase by 3. These girls have IDs: 1, 3, 5, 4, 7.
2. Barney goes from junction 2 to 1. Girls on his way have IDs 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 with weights 4, 2, 6, 8, 6, 10 respectively. So, he invites girls 2 and 1.
3. Barney goes from junction 4 to junction 2. Girls on his way has IDs 3, 5, 7 with weights 6, 8, 10 respectively. So he invites girl 3.
4. Weight of girls in subtree of junction 2 increase by 10. There are no not invited girls, so nothing happens.
5. Weight of girls in subtree of junction 1 increase by 10. These girls (all girls left) have IDs: 4, 5, 6, 7.
6. Barney goes from junction 2 to junction 4. Girls on his way has IDs 5, 7 with weights 18, 20 respectively. So he invites girl 5.
7. Barney goes from junction 2 to junction 3. There is no girl on his way.
8. Weight of girls in subtree of junction 5 increase by 2. The only girl there is girl with ID 4.
9. Weight of girls in subtree of junction 4 increase by 9. These girls have IDs: 4, 6, 7.
10. Barney goes from junction 3 to junction 5. Only girl on his way is girl with ID 4.
11. Barney goes from junction 1 to junction 2. Girls on his way has IDs 6, 7 with weights 16, 29 respectively.