# Introduction to Inheritance and Object Oriented Programming Example Instruction Demo

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## Outline

High Level

- 2 Examples
  - The Circle
  - The Rectangle
  - The Generic Shape

# What Problems Do Objects Solve

# What Problems Does Inheritance Solve

## The Circle Class

#### code/shapes/circle.py

```
from shapes.shape import Shape
import math

class Circle(Shape):
    def __init__(self, radius: float):
        self.radius = radius

def area(self):
    return math.pi * math.pow(self.radius, 2)
```

## Our First Circle

```
code/main.py

circ = Circle(3)
print(f"circ area: {circ.area():.2f}")
```

#### output

```
circ area: 28.27
circ2 area: 78.54
```

#### **Code Snippets**

main.py and the output will be shown in snippets. The full text is in the appendix.

## Two Circles

#### code/main.py

```
1 \text{ circ} = \text{Circle}(3)
print(f"circ area: {circ.area():.2f}")
3
4 \text{ circ2} = \text{Circle}(5)
5 print(f"circ2 area: {circ2.area():.2f}")
6
7 print(f"circ.area() > circ2.area(): {circ.area() >
      circ2.area()}")
```

```
1 circ area: 28.27
2 circ2 area: 78.54
3 circ.area() > circ2.area(): False
4 rect area: 20
```

# The Rectangle Class

#### code/shapes/rectangle.py

```
from shapes.shape import Shape

class Rectangle(Shape):
    def __init__(self, length: float, width: float):
        self.length = length
        self.width = width

def area(self):
    return self.length * self.width
```



# Comparing Our Shapes

#### code/main.py

```
circ = Circle(3)
print(f"circ area: {circ.area():.2f}")
rect = Rectangle(4, 5)
print(f"rect area: {rect.area()}")

print(f"circ.area() > rect.area(): {circ.area() > rect.area()}")
```

```
circ area: 28.27
rect area: 20
circ.area() > rect.area(): True
```



# The Shape Class

#### code/shapes/shape.py

```
1 from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
  class Shape(ABC):
      @abstractmethod
4
      def area(self):
5
6
          pass
7
      def __gt__(self, other) -> bool:
8
          if isinstance (other, Shape):
9
               return self.area() > other.area()
10
          else:
               raise ValueError("Can only compare with
      shapes")
```

# Comparing Our Shapes, With Style

#### code/main.py

```
circ = Circle(3)
print(f"circ area: {circ.area():.2f}")
circ2 = Circle(5)
print(f"circ2 area: {circ2.area():.2f}")
rect = Rectangle(4, 5)
print(f"rect area: {rect.area()}")
print(f"circ > circ2: {circ > circ2}")
print(f"circ > rect: {circ > rect}")
```

```
circ area: 28.27
circ2 area: 78.54
rect area: 20
circ > circ2: False
circ > rect: True
```

## Folder Structure

```
code/
main.py
shapes/
shape.py
circle.py
rectangle.py
```

### main.py

```
1 #!/bin/env python3
2 from shapes.rectangle import Rectangle
3 from shapes.circle import Circle
4
5
6 circ = Circle(3)
7 print(f"circ area: {circ.area():.2f}")
8
g circ2 = Circle(5)
print(f"circ2 area: {circ2.area():.2f}")
print(f"circ.area() > circ2.area(): {circ.area() >
     circ2.area()}")
14 rect = Rectangle(4, 5)
print(f"rect area: {rect.area()}")
```

## main.py - cont

# shapes/shape.py

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
  class Shape(ABC):
      @abstractmethod
4
      def area(self):
5
6
          pass
7
      def __gt__(self, other) -> bool:
8
          if isinstance (other, Shape):
9
               return self.area() > other.area()
10
          else:
               raise ValueError ("Can only compare with
12
      shapes")
```

# shapes/circle.py

```
from shapes.shape import Shape
import math

class Circle(Shape):
    def __init__(self, radius: float):
        self.radius = radius

def area(self):
    return math.pi * math.pow(self.radius, 2)
```



# shapes/rectangle.py

```
from shapes.shape import Shape

class Rectangle(Shape):
    def __init__(self, length: float, width: float):
        self.length = length
        self.width = width

def area(self):
    return self.length * self.width
```

```
circ area: 28.27
circ2 area: 78.54
circ.area() > circ2.area(): False
rect area: 20
circ.area() > rect.area(): True
circ > circ2: False
circ > rect: True
```