

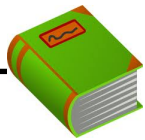


MDPs: value iteration



Optimal value and policy

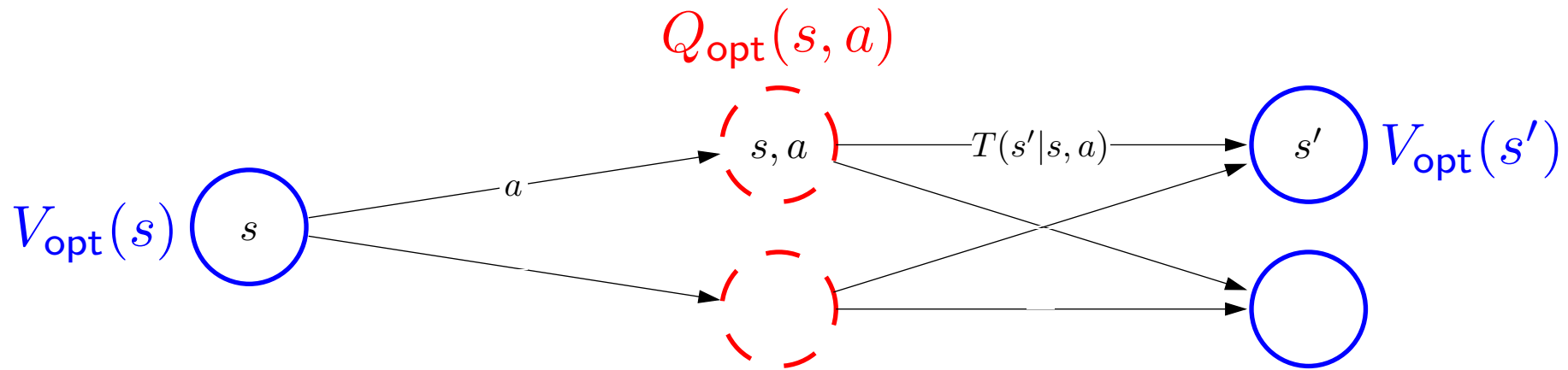
Goal: try to get directly at maximum expected utility



Definition: optimal value

The **optimal value** $V_{\text{opt}}(s)$ is the maximum value attained by any policy.

Optimal values and Q-values



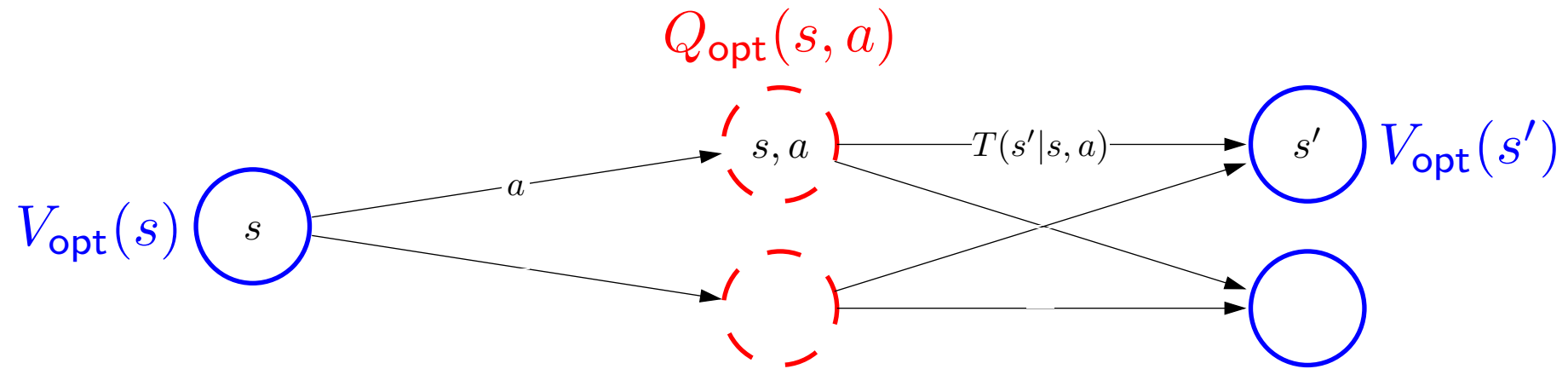
Optimal value if take action a in state s :

$$Q_{\text{opt}}(s, a) = \sum_{s'} T(s, a, s') [\text{Reward}(s, a, s') + \gamma V_{\text{opt}}(s')].$$

Optimal value from state s :

$$V_{\text{opt}}(s) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if IsEnd}(s) \\ \max_{a \in \text{Actions}(s)} Q_{\text{opt}}(s, a) & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Optimal policies



Given Q_{opt} , read off the optimal policy:

$$\pi_{\text{opt}}(s) = \arg \max_{a \in \text{Actions}(s)} Q_{\text{opt}}(s, a)$$

Value iteration



Algorithm: value iteration [Bellman, 1957]

Initialize $V_{\text{opt}}^{(0)}(s) \leftarrow 0$ for all states s .

For iteration $t = 1, \dots, t_{\text{VI}}$:

For each state s :

$$V_{\text{opt}}^{(t)}(s) \leftarrow \max_{a \in \text{Actions}(s)} \underbrace{\sum_{s'} T(s, a, s') [\text{Reward}(s, a, s') + \gamma V_{\text{opt}}^{(t-1)}(s')]}_{Q_{\text{opt}}^{(t-1)}(s, a)}$$

Time: $O(t_{\text{VI}} S A S')$

[semi-live solution]

Value iteration: dice game

s	end	in
$V_{\text{opt}}^{(t)}$	0.00	12.00 ($t = 100$ iterations)
$\pi_{\text{opt}}(s)$	-	stay

Convergence



Theorem: convergence

Suppose either

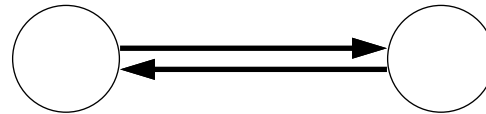
- discount $\gamma < 1$, or
- MDP graph is acyclic.

Then value iteration converges to the correct answer.



Example: non-convergence

discount $\gamma = 1$, zero rewards



Summary of algorithms

- Policy evaluation: $(\text{MDP}, \pi) \rightarrow V_\pi$
- Value iteration: $\text{MDP} \rightarrow (Q_{\text{opt}}, \pi_{\text{opt}})$

Unifying idea

Algorithms:

- Search DP computes $\text{FutureCost}(s)$
- Policy evaluation computes policy value $V_{\pi}(s)$
- Value iteration computes optimal value $V_{\text{opt}}(s)$

Recipe:

- Write down recurrence (e.g., $V_{\pi}(s) = \dots V_{\pi}(s') \dots$)
- Turn into iterative algorithm (replace mathematical equality with assignment operator)