AveTools v3.0 [10-DEC-2014]

ENSDF evaluation tool to calculate averages *T. Kibédi (ANU, e-mail: Tibor.Kibedi@anu.edu.au)*

Introduction

The program AveTools combines three different statistical methods to calculate averages of experimental data with uncertainties. These include:

- a) LWM Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight
- b) NRM Normalised Residual Method
- c) RT Rajeval Technique
- d) Bootstrap method
- e) Mandel-Paule approach

A detailed description of the methods used can be found in the following references:

LWM, NRM, [1992Ra08] M.U. Rajput and T.D. MacMahon, Nucl. Instr. and

RT Meth. in Phys. Res. **A312** (1992) 289

Bootstrap [2002He06] O. Helene and V.R. Vanin

Nucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. A481 (2002) 626

Mandel-Paule [2011Ch22] J. Chen, S.D. Geraedts, C. Quellet, B. Singh

Applied Radiation and Isotopes 69 (2011) 1069

The program is based on LWEIGHT v1.3, EV4 and RajNew codes developed by D. MacMahon (Imperial Collage Reactor Centre, London, UK) and E. Browne (LBL, Berkeley, USA). The Mandel-Paule code was developed by J. Chen (McMaster, Canada)

Input data file

The input data is given in blocks. Each block may contain up to 500 data points. A data point contains

- a) **Label** (maximum of 40 characters long with NO embedded spaces)
- b) **X-value** (a numerical value in free format: 147, 147.0 or 1.47E+2)
- c) **Symmetric Uncertainty in Nuclear Data Sheets style** (a maximum of two digits integer)

They can be given in free format separated by space(s) characters, for example:

1969He19 0.00444 21

The structure of a data block is

Title (max 132 characters)
X-title (max 40 character)
1 st Data Point
2 nd Data Point

500th Data Point

Data blocks starting with # (hash character or number sign) will be skipped in the numerical calculations. Lines starting with # can be used to insert comments into the input file.

The program will verify each data entry. An error message with the line number in the input file will be generated if an error is detected.

In cases, when X-values are identical in a data set, no real calculation can be carried out, however the program will attempt to evaluate the (internal) uncertainties.

Several data blocks cane be combined with a line containing ***NEW** (not case sensitive)

A sample data file (Avetoolst.in) looks like:

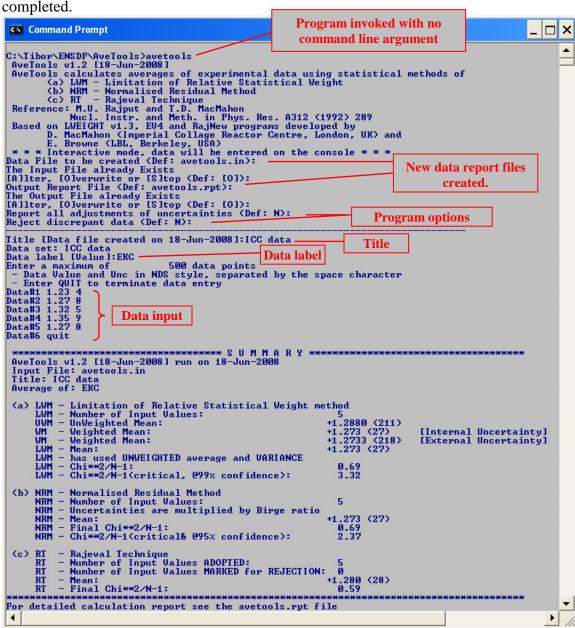
```
198Au T1/2 data from 2011Ch22 J. Chen et al., Appl. Radiat. Isot.
69, 1064 (2011)
T1/2[days]
# User comments can be inserted with a line starting with "#"
# Make sure data entry LABELs have no embedded space character!
# Data points with no uncertainties are excluded #Amaldi_etal.(1935) 2.7
                                           2.7
#McMillan_etal.(1937)
#Pool_etal.(1937)
                                           2.7
#Sherr_etal.(1941)
Diemer_Groendijk(1946)
                                                     2
#Seren_etal.(1947)
#Saxon_(1948)
                                           2.66
                                                     1
#Saxon_(1949)
Saxon_Heller(1949)
#Steffan_etal.(1949)
Cavanagh_etal.(1951)
Silver_(1951)
                                                      2
                                           2.69
                                           2.7
                                           2.66
                                                      1
                                           2.73
                                           2.69
                                                      13355564
Lockett_Thomas(1953)
                                           2.697
Bell_Yaffe(1954)
                                           2.699
Tobailem(1955b)
                                           2.686
#Tobailem_(1955a)
                                           2.686
Johansson_(1956)
                                           2.697
Sastre_Price(1956)
                                           2.694
Keene_(1958)
Robert_(1960)
                                           2.704
                                           2.699
Starodubtsev_etal.(1963)
Anspach_etal.(1965)
                                                     5
4
7
5
2
10
                                           2.687
                                           2.694
Goodier_(1968)
                                           2.695
Lagoutine_etal (1968)
                                           2.697
Reynolds_etal.(1968)
                                           2.693
Vuorinen_Kaloinen(1969)
                                           2.695
Cabell_wilkins(1969)
                                           2.6946
CostaPaivaandMartinho(1970)
                                           2.696
Debertin_(1971)
                                                      3
                                           2.693
Hoppes_etal. (1982)
                                                      2
                                           2.695
                                                      4
7
Rutledge_etal (1982)
                                           2.6935
Abzouzi_etal.(1990)
                                           2.6966
# Unterweger`s 1992 paper superseded
#Unterweger_etal.(1992) 2
                                          2.69517
                                                     21
Mignonsin_(1994)
                                           2.6837
                                                      50
Unterweger_Lindstrom(2004)
                                           2.69573
```

```
Lindstrom_etal.(2005)
Novkovic_etal.(2006)
Goodwin_etal.(2007)
Spillane_etal.(2007)
Kumar_etal.(2008)
Ruprecht_etal.(2010)
Goodwin_etal.(2010)
#Lindstrom_etal.(2010)
                                                                                            2.6924
2.6947
2.6949
                                                                                                                    11
                                                                                                                    6
                                                                                                                    8
                                                                                            2.706
2.6971
2.6939
                                                                                                                    19
20
                                                                                                                    4
                                                                                            2.684
2.6948
                                                                                                                    4
                                                                                                                    9
#Lindstrom_etal.(2010)
                                                                                            2.6910
                                                                                                                    4
# second data set
*NEW
 59Co 1099.245 CC
   ECC
1952ME53 1.94E-4 7
1953HI02 1.84E-4 27
1964C034 1.36E-4 10
```

The minimum number of data points is 2, however the Rajeval Technique is required a minimum of 3 data points.

Terminal dialogue

The program can be run interactively, i.e. no input file is required and the data, including title, label, values and associated uncertainties will be written into the data file. This is shown in the figure below. The user has the choice to use default file names (avetools.in, avetools.rpt) or use different ones. The program options will enable or disable a more detailed list of the calculations and to automatically reject discrepant data. Note, that the data labels are generated automatically, but they can be modified after the program run



Alternatively all arguments can be given in the command line, including input and output file names, and switches. Using ":" (colon) instead of the output file name will create an output file name form the input file name by replacing the extension with an "rpt".

Program switches:

- -a Report all adjustments of uncertainties
- -r Reject (exclude) discrepant data (default: NO)

Typical program dialogue, using the sample input file, Discrepant.in, is shown below (Windows).

```
Command Prompt
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      _ 🗆 ×
C:\Tibor\ENSDF\AveTools\avetools Discrepant.in
AveTools v1.2 [18-Jun-2008]
AveTools calculates averages of experimental data using statistical methods of
(a) LWM - Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight
(b) NRM - Normalised Residual Method
(c) RT - Rajeval Technique
Reference: M.U. Rajput and T.D. MacMahon
Mucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. A312 (1992) 289
Based on LWEIGHT v1.3, EV4 and RajNew programs developed by
D. MacMahon (Imperial Collage Reactor Centre, London, UK) and
E. Browne (LBL, Berkeley, USA)
Input data File: Discrepant.in
Output Report File (Def: Discrepant.rpt):
The Output File already Exists
[Allter, [O]\uverwrite or [S]\uverline{\text{top}} (Def: [O]):
Report adjustments of uncertainties: N
Reject discrepant data: N
Data set: 59Co 1099.245 ECC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       _
   (a) LWM - Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight method
LWM - Number of Input Values:

UWM - UnWeighted Mean:

WM - Weighted Mean:

WM - Weighted Mean:

UWM - Weighted Mean:

UWM - Weighted Mean:

UWM - Weighted Mean:

UWM - Mean:

UWM - Mean:

UWM - Includes the most precise value of: +1.94E-4 (9) 1952ME53

UWM - Chi**2/N-1:

UWM - Chi**2/N-1(critical, @99% confidence):

4.61
                                                                                                                                                                   3
+0.0001713 (179)
+0.0001679 (67) [Internal Uncertainty]
+0.0001679 (201)[External Uncertainty]
+0.000168 (27)
    (b) NRM - Normalised Residual Method
NRM - Number of Input Values:
NRM - Uncertainties are multiplied by Birge ratio
NRM - Mean:
NRM - Final Chi**2/N-1:
NRM - Chi**2/N-1(critical& @95% confidence):
                                                                                                                                                                    +0.0001727 (143)
     (c) RT - Rajeval Technique
RT - Number of Input Values ADOPTED: 3
RT - Number of Input Values MARKED for REJECTION: 0
                         - Mean:
- Final Chi**2/N-1:
                                                                                                                                                                   +0.0001916 (85)
   Data set: 111CD 245.395 EKC/ELC
    (a) LWM - Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight method
LWM - Number of Input Values:

UWM - UnWeighted Mean:

WM - Weighted Mean:

WM - Weighted Mean:

LWM - Weighted Mean:

LWM - Weighted Mean:

LWM - Mean:

LWM - Mean:

LWM - Has used WEIGHTED average and EXTERNAL uncertainty

LWM - Chi**2/N-1:

29.96

LWM - Chi**2/N-1(critical, @99% confidence):

6.63
                                                                                                                                                                   +10.90 (105)
+10.895 (191)
+10.89 (105)
+10.89 (105)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  [Internal Uncertainty]
[External Uncertainty]
    (b) NRM - Normalised Residual Method
NRM - Number of Input Values:
NRM - Uncertainties are multiplied by Birge ratio
NRM - Mean:
NRM - Final Chi**2/N-1:
NRM - Chi**2/N-1(critical& @95% confidence):
                                                                                                                                                                   +10.88 (74)
    (c) RT — Rajeval Technique
RT — A minimum of 3 data entries are required to use the Rajeval Technique
RT — Skipping
  Calculations finished
```

Typical program dialogue, using the sample input file, Discrepant.in, is shown below (Linux/Mac OS).

```
■ ■ tibor@ubuntu: ~/fortran/avetools3
tibor@ubuntu:~/fortran/avetools3$ avetools avetools.in :
AveTools v3.0 [10-Dec-2014]
AveTools calculates averages of experimental data using statistical methods of
       (a) LWM - Limitation of Relative Statistical Weight
       (b) NRM - Normalised Residual Method
       (c) RT - Rajeval Technique
       (d) BS - Bootstrap method
       (e) MP - Mandel-Paule approach
References:
      [1992Ra08] M.U. Rajput and T.D. MacMahon
           Nucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. A312 (1992) 289
      [2002He06] O. Helene and V.R. Vanin
           Nucl. Instr. and Meth. in Phys. Res. A481 (2002) 626
      A.L. Rukhin and M.G. Vangel
           J. of Am. Stat. Assoc. 93 (1998) 303
       [2011Ch22] J. Chen, S.D. Geraedts, C. Quellet, B. Singh
           Applied Radiation and Isotopes 69 (2011) 1069
Based on LWEIGHT v1.3, EV4, RajNew and Mandel-Paule routines developed by D. MacMahon (Imperial Collage Reactor Centre, London, UK),
      E. Browne (LBL, Berkeley, USA) and
J. Chen (McMaster, Canada)
<W> The Output File already Exists
   [A]lter, [0]verwrite or [S]top (Def: [0]):
```

Calculation report file

Detailed calculation report is given for all three statistical methods used, followed by a summary. The calculation summary is displayed on the Terminal console.

Code description

The program is written in FORTRAN. The original numerical procedures of LWEIGHT, EV4 and RAJNEW have been ported to F90 and modified significantly. The program uses a modified version of the NNDClib F90 library (dated November 19, 2003) and kindly provided C.L. Dunford (NNDC).

Critical reduced χ^2 values are evaluated using the DCDFLIB, "Library of Fortran Routines for Cumulative Distribution Functions, Inverses, and Other Parameters" (February, 1994) by Barry W. Brown, James Lovato and Kathy Russell, Department of Biomathematics, Box 237, The University of Texas, M.D. Anderson Cancer Center 1515 Holcombe Boulevard Houston, TX 77030.

The program was developed on MS Windows, using MS Visual studio and Intel FORTRAN 90 compiler.

Program distribution and installation

Avetools is distributed for Windows, Linux and MAC OS. The following files are included:

AveTools.exe AveTools.in (sample input) AveTools.rpt (calculation report file) AveTools.pdf (program manual, this file)

Windows all steps of the installation are automated using Inno Setup utility, which will create a program group and append the installation directory to the PATH.

On Linux and MAC the files are distributed as a single TAR file. Please add the installation directory to the path manually.

Please direct all comments and bug reports to Tibor.Kibedi@anu.edu.au