Results tables

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alsa	7
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This report prints the restuls tables from estimated models	
Relies on the previous execution of the following scripts:/reports/report-governor/models//co/models//compile-tables.R	ompile-models.R
<pre># prepared by Ellis Island and ./reports/report-governor.R dto <- readRDS("./data/unshared/derived/dto_h.rds")</pre>	
<pre># prepared by/compile-models.R models_pooled <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/models/models_pooled.rds")# glm objec subset_pooled <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/models/subset_pooled.rds")# glmulti o</pre>	
<pre>models_local <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/models/models_local.rds") subset_local <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/models/subset_local.rds")</pre>	
# prepared by/compile-tables.R	
<pre>tables_pooled <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables/tables_pooled.rds")</pre>	
<pre>tables_local <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables/tables_local.rds")</pre>	
<pre>tables_bw_pooled <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables/tables_bw_pooled.rds")</pre>	
tables_bw_local <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables_bw_local.rds")	
<pre>ds_within <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables/ds_within.rds")</pre>	
ds_between <- readRDS("./data/shared/derived/tables/ds_between.rds")	

Guide to Models

Each of the following models (A, B, AA, and BB) are fitted to the data from each study separately. When fitted to the pooled data, an additional predictor, study_name is added after the intercept.

predictors/model	A	В	AA	BB	best
age	age_in_years_70	age_in_years_70	age_in_years_70	age_in_years_70	?
sex	female	female	female	female	?

predictors/model	A	В	AA	BB	best
education	educ3	educ3	educ3	educ3	?
marital status	single	single	single	single	?
health		poor_health		poor_health	?
physical activity		sedentary		sedentary	?
employment		$\operatorname{current}\operatorname{\underline{\hspace{1em}-work}}$		$\operatorname{current}\operatorname{\underline{\hspace{1em}-work}}$?
alcohol use		$current_drink_2$		$current_drink_2$?
INTERACTIONS	NONE	NONE	$ALL\ PAIRWISE$	$ALL\ PAIRWISE$?

Odds-ratios with 95% confidence intervals are reported. The model labeled "best" represents the solution suggested by the top ranked model from the best subset search propelled by genetic algorithm with AICC as the guiding selection criteria.

Dynamic tables

Between models

The following table reports comparison across five model types (A, B, AA, BB, best) and six datasets (alsa, lbsl, satsa, share, tilda, pooled). You can think of this as multiple tables stacked on top of each other. You select a single table by choosing the value for study_name. (you may need to adjust the number of entries to view, at the top left of the dynamic table)

Within models

The following table reports estimates and odds from every model that has been fit during the exercise. You can think of this as multiple tables of various heights stacked on top of each other. You select a single table by chosing the values for study_name and model_type. (you may need to adjust the number of entries to view, at the top left of the dynamic table)

Static tables

pooled

BETWEEN

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB
(Intercept)	.16(.14,.19)***	.1(.08,.12)***	.16(.13,.19)***	.11(.08,.16)***
study_name_f(LBLS)	.86(.63,1.15)	.93(.68, 1.26)	.99(.72, 1.35)	1.06(.76, 1.45)
$study_name_f(SATSA)$	1.32(1.05,1.65)*	1.24(.98, 1.55).	1.47(1.17,1.86)**	1.26(.99, 1.61).
study_name_f(SHARE)	.91(.75,1.11)	1.14(.93,1.41)	1.04(.84,1.28)	1.2(.96, 1.51)
study_name_f(TILDA)	.85(.71,1.03).	.97(.8,1.18)	.95(.78, 1.17)	1.03(.83,1.27)
age_in_years_70	.96(.96,.97)***	.96(.95,.96)***	.97(.96,.99)***	.97(.96,.99)**
femaleTRUE	.81(.73,.89)***	.81(.73,.9)***	.77(.62,.94)*	.78(.59, 1.03).
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.22(1.08,1.37)***	1.18(1.05,1.32)**	1.14(.94, 1.38)	.97(.72,1.31)
$educ3_f(HS <)$.77(.66,.91)**	.8(.68,.93)**	.77(.6,.99)*	.87(.59, 1.28)
singleTRUE	1.48(1.33,1.65)***	1.49(1.33,1.66)***	1.4(1.1,1.78)**	1.35(.97,1.87).
poor_healthTRUE		1.26(1.13,1.4)***		1.29(.95, 1.74).

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB
= sedentaryTRUE		1.45(1.29,1.62)***		1.4(1.02,1.92)*
current_work_2TRUE		.71(.63,.81)***		.82(.56,1.2)
current drinkTRUE		1.53(1.36,1.71)***		1.26(.96,1.67).
age in years 70:femaleTRUE		1.00(1.00,1.11)	.98(.97,.99)***	.99(.98,1)*
age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)			1(.99,1.01)	1(.98,1.01)
age_in_years_70:educ3_f(\land HS \rangle)			1.02(1.01,1.04)**	1.02(1,1.03)
age_in_years_70:singleTRUE			.99(.98,1)*	.99(.98,1)
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE			.55(.50,1)	1(.99,1.01)
age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE				1(.98,1.01) 1(.98,1.01)
age in years 70:current work 2TRUE				1.01(.99,1.02)
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				.99(.98,1).
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)			.96(.77,1.21)	.98(.78,1.24)
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			1.2(.87,1.65)	1.18(.85,1.63)
femaleTRUE:singleTRUE			.85(.68,1.06)	.9(.72,1.13)
femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE			.00(.00,1.00)	1.06(.85, 1.33)
femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				.84(.67,1.05)
femaleTRUE:current work 2TRUE				1.19(.91,1.54)
femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				.95(.76,1.18)
educ3 f(< HS):singleTRUE			1.23(.95,1.58)	1.26(.97, 1.63).
educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE			1(.71,1.41)	.99(.7,1.41)
educ3 f(< HS):poor healthTRUE			1(.71,1.41)	1.33(1.03,1.71)*
educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE				.86(.61,1.22)
educ3_f($HS < f$).pool_hearthTRUE educ3_f($HS = f$):sedentaryTRUE				1.16(.9,1.51)
educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE				1.05(.73,1.49)
educ3 f(< HS):sedentary THOE educ3 f(< HS):current work 2TRUE				.88(.67,1.17)
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				.82(.54,1.25)
educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE				1.01(.79,1.3)
educ3_f(\leftarrow \text{IIS}):current_drinkTRUE				.99(.71,1.38)
singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE				.83(.65,1.05)
singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				.89(.69,1.14)
singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				.92(.69,1.14)
singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.24(.98,1.58).
poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				$.76(.6,.96)^*$
poor healthTRUE:current work 2TRUE				.82(.62,1.09)
poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.03(.83,1.3)
sedentaryTRUE:current work 2TRUE				1.05(.86, 1.53) 1.15(.86, 1.53)
sedentary TRUE: current_drinkTRUE				1.2(.95,1.51)
current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE				.99(.76,1.31)
current_work_211toE;current_drink11tOE				.55(.10,1.31)

${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to combined and harmonized data from ${\bf ALL}$ studies

logLi	dev dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5326.85	1 10653.7	10673.7	10747.9	12327	12318	9

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.16	(.14,.19)	-1.82	.09	0.0000	<=.001
	$study_name_f(LBLS)$.86	(.63, 1.15)	16	.16	0.3147	> .10
	study name f(SATSA)	1.32	(1.05, 1.65)	.28	.11	0.0162	<=.05

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	study_name_f(SHARE)	.85	(.69, 1.04)	17	.1	0.1029	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA)	.85	(.71, 1.03)	16	.1	0.0979	<=.10
*	age_in_years_70	.96	(.96, .97)	04	0	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.81	(.73,.89)	21	.05	0.0000	<=.001
*	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.22	(1.08, 1.37)	.2	.06	0.0010	<=.001
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.77	(.66, .91)	26	.08	0.0019	<=.01
*	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.48	(1.33, 1.65)	.39	.06	0.0000	<=.001

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to combined and harmonized data from ${\bf ALL}$ studies

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5258.86	10517.72	10545.7	10649.6	12327	12314	13

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$\mathrm{sign}_$
***	(Intercept)	.1	(.08,.12)	-2.29	.11	0.0000	<=.001
	$study_name_f(LBLS)$.93	(.68, 1.26)	07	.16	0.6513	> .10
	$study_name_f(SATSA)$	1.24	(.98, 1.55)	.21	.12	0.0687	<=.10
	$study_name_f(SHARE)$	1.04	(.85, 1.29)	.04	.11	0.6868	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA)	.97	(.8,1.18)	03	.1	0.7660	> .10
*	age_in_years_70	.96	(.95, .96)	05	0	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.81	(.73,.9)	21	.05	0.0000	<=.001
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.18	(1.05, 1.32)	.16	.06	0.0068	<=.01
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.8	(.68,.93)	23	.08	0.0054	<=.01
*	singleTRUE	1.49	(1.33, 1.66)	.4	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	poor_healthTRUE	1.26	(1.13,1.4)	.23	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	sedentaryTRUE	1.45	(1.29, 1.62)	.37	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	current_work_2TRUE	.71	(.63,.81)	34	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$	1.53	(1.36, 1.71)	.42	.06	0.0000	<=.001

 ${\bf AA}$ solution of model ${\bf AA}$ fit to combined and harmonized data from ${\bf ALL}$ studies

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5308.01	10616.02	10654	10795	12327	12309	18

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.16	(.13,.19)	-1.85	.1	0.0000	<=.001
	$study_name_f(LBLS)$.98	(.72, 1.34)	02	.16	0.9165	> .10
	$study_name_f(SATSA)$	1.48	(1.17, 1.87)	.39	.12	0.0011	<=.01
	$study_name_f(SHARE)$.97	(.78, 1.2)	03	.11	0.7592	> .10
	$study_name_f(TILDA)$.95	(.78, 1.17)	05	.1	0.6355	> .10
*	age_in_years_70	.97	(.96, .98)	03	.01	0.0000	<=.001
	femaleTRUE	.76	(.61,.93)	28	.11	0.0085	<=.01

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.13	(.93, 1.38)	.13	.1	0.2101	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.79	(.61, 1.01)	24	.13	0.0573	<=.10
	singleTRUE	1.4	(1.09, 1.78)	.34	.12	0.0068	<=.01
*	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.98	(.97, .99)	02	0	0.0003	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1	(.99, 1.01)	0	.01	0.5561	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.02	(1.01, 1.03)	.02	.01	0.0055	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:singleTRUE$.99	(.98,1)	01	0	0.0492	<=.05
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.97	(.77, 1.21)	03	.11	0.7734	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.19	(.87, 1.64)	.17	.16	0.2837	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.85	(.68, 1.06)	16	.11	0.1525	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.23	(.95, 1.58)	.2	.13	0.1111	> .10
	educ3_f($HS <$):singleTRUE	1	(.7,1.41)	0	.18	0.9885	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to combined and harmonized data from ${\bf ALL}$ studies

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5221.406	10442.81	10540.8	10904.4	12327	12279	48

	C	1.1	11 .				
sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_{-}
***	(Intercept)	.11	(.08,.16)	-2.17	.17	0.0000	<=.001
	$study_name_f(LBLS)$	1.05	(.76, 1.43)	.04	.16	0.7829	> .10
	$study_name_f(SATSA)$	1.26	(.99, 1.61)	.23	.13	0.0659	<=.10
	$study_name_f(SHARE)$	1.1	(.88, 1.39)	.1	.12	0.4007	> .10
	$study_name_f(TILDA)$	1.03	(.83, 1.27)	.03	.11	0.8043	> .10
*	age_in_years_70	.97	(.95, .99)	03	.01	0.0007	<=.001
	femaleTRUE	.77	(.58, 1.01)	26	.14	0.0610	<=.10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$.97	(.72, 1.31)	03	.15	0.8408	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.89	(.61, 1.31)	11	.2	0.5667	> .10
	singleTRUE	1.35	(.97, 1.86)	.3	.17	0.0746	<=.10
	poor_healthTRUE	1.3	(.96, 1.75)	.26	.15	0.0882	<=.10
	sedentaryTRUE	1.4	(1.01, 1.92)	.33	.16	0.0408	<=.05
	$current_work_2TRUE$.82	(.56, 1.2)	2	.2	0.3020	> .10
	current_drinkTRUE	1.25	(.95, 1.65)	.22	.14	0.1184	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.99	(.98,1)	01	.01	0.0245	<=.05
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1	(.98, 1.01)	0	.01	0.5821	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.01	(1,1.03)	.01	.01	0.1425	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	.99	(.98, 1.01)	01	.01	0.2926	> .10
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	1	(.99, 1.01)	0	.01	0.6316	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE$	1	(.98, 1.01)	0	.01	0.5225	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	1.01	(.99, 1.02)	.01	.01	0.3672	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE$.99	(.98,1)	01	.01	0.0899	<=.10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.99	(.78, 1.24)	01	.12	0.9049	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.17	(.85, 1.61)	.16	.16	0.3414	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.9	(.72, 1.13)	1	.12	0.3702	> .10
	$female TRUE: poor_health TRUE$	1.06	(.85, 1.33)	.06	.11	0.5916	> .10
	${\it femaleTRUE} : {\it sedentaryTRUE}$.84	(.67, 1.05)	17	.11	0.1330	> .10
	femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.19	(.91, 1.54)	.17	.13	0.1983	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	.95	(.77, 1.18)	05	.11	0.6647	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.26	(.97, 1.63)	.23	.13	0.0817	<=.10
	educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE	.99	(.7,1.4)	01	.18	0.9501	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE	1.33	(1.03, 1.71)	.28	.13	0.0279	<=.05
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	.86	(.61, 1.22)	15	.18	0.4105	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$	1.17	(.9,1.51)	.15	.13	0.2488	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$	1.05	(.73, 1.49)	.05	.18	0.7971	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE$.89	(.67, 1.17)	12	.14	0.3982	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	.81	(.53, 1.23)	21	.22	0.3220	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE	1.02	(.8,1.3)	.02	.13	0.8742	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE	.98	(.71, 1.37)	02	.17	0.9217	> .10
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.82	(.65, 1.04)	2	.12	0.1022	> .10
	singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.89	(.69, 1.14)	12	.13	0.3496	> .10
	$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$.93	(.7, 1.25)	07	.15	0.6386	> .10
	$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.25	(.99, 1.59)	.22	.12	0.0672	<=.10
	$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$.76	(.6, .96)	28	.12	0.0200	<=.05
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.83	(.63, 1.11)	18	.15	0.2173	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	1.03	(.82, 1.29)	.03	.11	0.7887	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.15	(.86, 1.53)	.14	.15	0.3333	> .10
	$sedentaryTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.2	(.96, 1.52)	.19	.12	0.1158	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.99	(.75,1.3)	01	.14	0.9172	> .10

 $\label{eq:best_solution} \textbf{best} \text{ fit to combined and harmonized data from } \textbf{ALL} \text{ studies}$

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5143.964	10287.93	10407.9	10853.1	12327	12268	59

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign
***	(Intercept)	.12	(.08, .19)	-2.1	.24	0.0000	<=.001
	study_name_f(LBLS)	.75	(.3,1.8)	29	.45	0.5297	> .10
	$study_name_f(SATSA)$.56	(.24, 1.26)	58	.42	0.1644	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE)	1.36	(.79, 2.37)	.31	.28	0.2682	> .10
	$study_name_f(TILDA)$.61	(.36, 1.04)	5	.27	0.0647	<=.10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.28	(.8,2.03)	.25	.24	0.2933	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.94	(.61, 1.46)	06	.22	0.7940	> .10
*	age_in_years_70	.96	(.93,.98)	04	.01	0.0008	<=.001
	femaleTRUE	.67	(.49, .92)	39	.16	0.0141	<=.05
	singleTRUE	1.4	(1,1.95)	.34	.17	0.0486	<=.05
	poor_healthTRUE	1.35	(.92, 1.96)	.3	.19	0.1241	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE	1.28	(.94, 1.75)	.25	.16	0.1169	> .10
	current_work_2TRUE	2.25	(.8, 5.41)	.81	.48	0.0905	<=.10
	current_drinkTRUE	1.35	(.94, 1.96)	.3	.19	0.1113	> .10
	$study_name_f(LBLS):educ3_f(< HS)$	1.33	(.5, 3.46)	.29	.49	0.5555	> .10
	$study_name_f(SATSA):educ3_f(< HS)$	1.16	(.6,2.31)	.15	.34	0.6570	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE):educ3_f(< HS)	.81	(.5, 1.35)	21	.25	0.4194	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):educ3_f(< HS)	1.12	(.71, 1.77)	.11	.23	0.6326	> .10
	study_name_f(LBLS):educ3_f($\overline{HS} <)$	1.11	(.54, 2.32)	.1	.37	0.7807	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	$study_name_f(SATSA):educ3_f(HS <)$	1.29	(.58, 2.87)	.26	.41	0.5244	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE):educ3_f(HS <)	1.08	(.66, 1.75)	.07	.25	0.7619	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):educ3_f(HS <)	.47	(.26,.81)	76	.29	0.0079	<=.01
*	age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE	.98	(.97,.99)	02	.01	0.0001	<=.001
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.83	(.66, 1.05)	18	.12	0.1165	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.76	(.59, .96)	28	.12	0.0220	<=.05
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.81	(.63, 1.05)	21	.13	0.1209	> .10
	study_name_f(LBLS):age_in_years_70	1.02	(.99, 1.06)	.02	.02	0.2339	> .10
	study_name_f(SATSA):age_in_years_70	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.02	0.9971	> .10
*	study_name_f(SHARE):age_in_years_70	1.06	(1.03, 1.09)	.06	.01	0.0001	<=.001
	study_name_f(TILDA):age_in_years_70	1	(.97, 1.02)	0	.01	0.7631	> .10
	$study_name_f(LBLS):femaleTRUE$	1.83	(.95, 3.53)	.6	.33	0.0710	<=.10
	$study_name_f(SATSA):femaleTRUE$.57	(.37,.89)	56	.23	0.0143	<=.05
	study_name_f(SHARE):femaleTRUE	1.39	(.93, 2.1)	.33	.21	0.1121	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):femaleTRUE	1.13	(.78, 1.64)	.12	.19	0.5270	> .10
	study_name_f(LBLS):singleTRUE	1.4	(.74, 2.66)	.34	.32	0.2956	> .10
	study_name_f(SATSA):singleTRUE	1.27	(.82, 1.98)	.24	.23	0.2921	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE):singleTRUE	.68	(.44, 1.05)	39	.22	0.0803	<=.10
	study_name_f(TILDA):singleTRUE	1.4	(.98, 2.02)	.34	.18	0.0674	<=.10
	study_name_f(LBLS):poor_healthTRUE	.7	(.36, 1.34)	35	.33	0.2852	> .10
	study_name_f(SATSA):poor_healthTRUE	1.02	(.63, 1.64)	.02	.24	0.9382	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE):poor_healthTRUE	.72	(.48, 1.08)	33	.21	0.1078	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):poor_healthTRUE	1.19	(.8,1.77)	.17	.2	0.3919	> .10
	$study_name_f(LBLS):sedentaryTRUE$	2.82	(1.39, 5.64)	1.04	.36	0.0037	<=.01
	study_name_f(SATSA):sedentaryTRUE	1.37	(.9,2.08)	.31	.21	0.1402	> .10
	study_name_f(SHARE):sedentaryTRUE	1.08	(.72, 1.6)	.08	.2	0.7107	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):sedentaryTRUE	1.34	(.94, 1.9)	.29	.18	0.1021	> .10
	study_name_f(LBLS):current_work_2TRUE	.56	(.18, 1.88)	58	.59	0.3254	> .10
	study_name_f(SATSA):current_work_2TRUE	.39	(.15, 1.15)	95	.52	0.0658	<=.10
	study_name_f(SHARE):current_work_2TRUE	.53	(.22, 1.51)	63	.49	0.1961	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):current_work_2TRUE	.33	(.13,.92)	-1.11	.48	0.0211	<=.05
	$study_name_f(LBLS):current_drinkTRUE$.44	(.23,.85)	82	.33	0.0135	<=.05
*	study_name_f(SATSA):current_drinkTRUE	2.59	(1.55, 4.35)	.95	.26	0.0003	<=.001
	study_name_f(SHARE):current_drinkTRUE	1.12	(.75, 1.67)	.11	.21	0.5790	> .10
	study_name_f(TILDA):current_drinkTRUE	1.19	(.8,1.77)	.18	.2	0.3901	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE$	1.29	(.98, 1.69)	.25	.14	0.0654	<=.10
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	.87	(.59, 1.26)	14	.19	0.4600	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE	.89	(.68, 1.15)	12	.13	0.3639	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	.63	(.42,.94)	46	.21	0.0239	<=.05
	$educ3_f(HS):current_drinkTRUE$.77	(.59, 1.02)	26	.14	0.0680	<=.10
	$educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE$	1.23	(.85, 1.79)	.21	.19	0.2805	> .10

alsa $m_{BETWEEN}$

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB	b
(Intercept) age_in_years_70 femaleTRUE	.19(.14,.26)*** .95(.93,.97)*** .57(.42,.76)***	.14(.09,.21)*** .95(.93,.97)*** .6(.44,.81)***	.15(.09,.24)*** .98(.93,1.03) .96(.53,1.71)	.18(.07,.42)*** .94(.87,1.01) .65(.28,1.56)	.1

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB	b
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.23(.81,1.84)	1.22(.8,1.82)	1.43(.64, 3.1)	1.44(.41,4.83)	
$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.06(.77, 1.45)	1.05(.76, 1.44)	1.16(.64, 2.11)	1.01(.42, 2.43)	
singleTRUE	1.28(.92,1.77)	1.3(.93,1.79)	1.02(.45, 2.19)	.69(.23, 1.91)	1.
poor_healthTRUE		1.12(.82,1.53)		1.17(.48, 2.83)	
sedentaryTRUE		1.16(.85, 1.56)		.96(.38, 2.35)	
current_work_2TRUE		1.75(.64,4.1)		61.72(.52,19638.03)	
$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$		1.38(1.01,1.92)*		.7(.31, 1.64)	
$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.92(.87,.98)**	.92(.87,.98)**	.9
age_in_years_70:educ3_f($<$ HS)			1.02(.95,1.1)	1(.93,1.08)	
$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$.98(.93,1.04)	.98(.92,1.04)	
$age_in_years_70:singleTRUE$			1(.95, 1.05)	1.01(.95, 1.07)	
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE				1(.94,1.06)	
age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE				1.01(.96, 1.07)	
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE				.75(.47, 1.02)	
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				1.05(.99, 1.12).	.9
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.45(.16, 1.18)	.31(.1,.89)*	
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)			.78(.39, 1.53)	.72(.35, 1.47)	
femaleTRUE:singleTRUE			1.7(.84, 3.54)	2.1(1,4.55).	
$femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$				1.36(.66, 2.79)	
femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				1.35(.67, 2.76)	
$femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$.14(0,4)	
femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.39(.66, 2.92)	
$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.74(.28, 1.93)	.88(.32,2.41)	
$educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE$			1.37(.67, 2.84)	1.33(.63,2.86)	
$educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE$.99(.4,2.46)	
$educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE$.77(.37, 1.57)	
$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$				2.71(1.11,6.82)*	
$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$				1.1(.54, 2.24)	
$educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE$				1.09(.03, 37.99)	
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				.46(.02, 6.09)	
$educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE$.67(.26, 1.75)	
educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE				1.38(.65, 2.93)	
$singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$				1.1(.53, 2.28)	
${\bf single TRUE} : {\bf sedentary TRUE}$.63(.3,1.28)	
$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$				2.3(.17, 38.18)	
$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				1.63(.76, 3.59)	1.
$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$.72(.37, 1.42)	
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				8.41(.69,204.5)	
$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				1.01(.5,2.07)	
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_work_2TRUE}$				3.27(.31,51.92)	
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_drinkTRUE}$				1.02(.51, 2.05)	
$current_work_2TRUE: current_drinkTRUE$.02(0,.81).	

${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf alsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-672.2898	1344.58	1356.6	1390.3	2052	2047	5

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	р	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.19	(.14,.26)	-1.65	.16	0.0000	<=.001
*	$age_in_years_70$.95	(.93,.97)	05	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.57	(.42,.76)	57	.15	0.0002	<=.001
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.23	(.81, 1.84)	.21	.21	0.3191	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.06	(.77, 1.45)	.06	.16	0.7215	> .10
	singleTRUE	1.28	(.92, 1.77)	.25	.17	0.1327	> .10

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to data from ${\bf alsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-669.032	1338.064	1358.1	1414.3	2052	2043	9

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	р	$sign_{_}$
***	(Intercept)	.14	(.09,.21)	-2	.22	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.95	(.93,.97)	05	.01	0.0001	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.6	(.44,.81)	51	.16	0.0009	<=.001
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.22	(.8,1.82)	.2	.21	0.3455	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.05	(.76, 1.44)	.05	.16	0.7644	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.3	(.93, 1.79)	.26	.17	0.1201	> .10
	$poor_healthTRUE$	1.12	(.82, 1.53)	.12	.16	0.4687	> .10
	$\operatorname{sedentaryTRUE}$	1.16	(.85, 1.56)	.15	.15	0.3424	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE$	1.75	(.64,4.1)	.56	.47	0.2300	> .10
	$current_drinkTRUE$	1.38	(1.01, 1.92)	.33	.16	0.0487	<=.05

 ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf alsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-664.002	1328.004	1358	1442.4	2052	2038	14

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.15	(.09,.24)	-1.9	.24	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.98	(.93, 1.03)	02	.03	0.3972	> .10
	femaleTRUE	.96	(.53, 1.71)	04	.3	0.8809	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.43	(.64, 3.1)	.36	.4	0.3695	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.16	(.64, 2.11)	.15	.3	0.6276	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.02	(.45, 2.19)	.02	.4	0.9673	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.92	(.87,.98)	08	.03	0.0046	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.02	(.95, 1.1)	.02	.04	0.5310	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$.98	(.93, 1.04)	02	.03	0.5682	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:singleTRUE$	1	(.95, 1.05)	0	.03	0.9437	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.45	(.16, 1.18)	8	.5	0.1141	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$.78	(.39, 1.53)	25	.35	0.4639	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	1.7	(.84, 3.54)	.53	.37	0.1477	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.74	(.28, 1.93)	3	.49	0.5408	> .10
	educ3_f($HS <$):singleTRUE	1.37	(.67, 2.84)	.31	.37	0.3950	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to data from ${\bf alsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-647.6469	1295.294	1385.3	1638.5	2052	2008	44

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.18	(.07,.42)	-1.69	.44	0.0001	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.94	(.87,1.01)	06	.04	0.1157	> .10
	femaleTRUE	.65	(.28, 1.56)	43	.44	0.3311	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.44	(.41, 4.83)	.36	.63	0.5615	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.01	(.42, 2.43)	.01	.45	0.9771	> .10
	singleTRUE	.69	(.23, 1.91)	37	.54	0.4889	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE	1.17	(.48, 2.83)	.16	.45	0.7236	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE	.96	(.38, 2.35)	04	.46	0.9378	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE$	61.72	(.52, 19638.03)	4.12	2.53	0.1036	> .10
	$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$.7	(.31, 1.64)	35	.42	0.4003	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.92	(.87,.98)	08	.03	0.0055	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1	(.93, 1.08)	0	.04	0.9132	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$.98	(.92, 1.04)	02	.03	0.5117	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1.01	(.95, 1.07)	.01	.03	0.7665	> .10
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	1	(.94, 1.06)	0	.03	0.9920	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE$	1.01	(.96, 1.07)	.01	.03	0.6563	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	.75	(.47, 1.02)	28	.19	0.1321	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	1.05	(.99, 1.12)	.05	.03	0.0968	<=.10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.31	(.1,.89)	-1.17	.55	0.0339	<=.05
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$.72	(.35, 1.47)	33	.36	0.3642	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	2.1	(1,4.55)	.74	.39	0.0543	<=.10
	$femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$	1.36	(.66, 2.79)	.31	.37	0.3975	> .10
	femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	1.35	(.67, 2.76)	.3	.36	0.4040	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$.14	(0,4)	-1.98	1.95	0.3098	> .10
	$female TRUE : current_drink TRUE$	1.39	(.66, 2.92)	.33	.38	0.3824	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.88	(.32, 2.41)	13	.52	0.8080	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE$	1.33	(.63, 2.86)	.29	.39	0.4551	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE$.99	(.4, 2.46)	01	.46	0.9886	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	.77	(.37, 1.57)	26	.36	0.4770	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$	2.71	(1.11, 6.82)	1	.46	0.0304	<=.05
	$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$	1.1	(.54, 2.24)	.1	.36	0.7884	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE	1.09	(.03, 37.99)	.09	1.67	0.9584	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	.46	(.02,6.09)	77	1.38	0.5762	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE$.67	(.26, 1.75)	4	.49	0.4083	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE	1.38	(.65, 2.93)	.32	.38	0.4004	> .10
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	1.1	(.53, 2.28)	.1	.37	0.7914	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.63	(.3,1.28)	47	.37	0.2051	> .10
	singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	2.3	(.17,38.18)	.83	1.32	0.5278	> .10
	$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.63	(.76, 3.59)	.49	.4	0.2191	> .10
	$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$.72	(.37, 1.42)	32	.34	0.3468	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	8.41	(.69, 204.5)	2.13	1.38	0.1217	> .10
	$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.01	(.5,2.07)	.01	.36	0.9782	> .10
	${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_work_2TRUE}$	3.27	(.31, 51.92)	1.18	1.24	0.3392	> .10
	${\bf sedentaryTRUE:} {\bf current_drinkTRUE}$	1.02	(.51, 2.05)	.02	.35	0.9583	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE: current_drinkTRUE$.02	(0,.81)	-3.77	2.13	0.0768	<=.10

 ${f best}$ solution of model ${f best}$ fit to data from ${f alsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5349.962	10699.92	10713.9	10765.9	12327	12321	6

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.14	(.13,.15)	-1.94	.04	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.98	(.97, .99)	02	0	0.0000	<=.001
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.39	(1.13, 1.69)	.33	.1	0.0014	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.99	(.99,1)	01	0	0.0999	<=.10
*	${\bf single TRUE:} {\bf female TRUE}$.7	(.59, .84)	35	.09	0.0001	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	.98	(.98,.99)	02	0	0.0001	<=.001
*	$single TRUE: current_drink TRUE$	1.52	(1.26, 1.83)	.42	.09	0.0000	<=.001

 $\begin{array}{c} lbsl \\ BETWEEN \end{array}$

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB
(Intercept)	.09(.05,.17)***	.11(.05,.22)***	.1(.04,.23)***	.05(.01,.28)**
age_in_years_70	.97(.95,.99)**	.97(.94,.99)**	.95(.9,1)*	$.9(.83,.98)^{*}$
femaleTRUE	1.45(.84, 2.53)	1.35(.78, 2.39)	.86(.25, 2.98)	.31(.04,2.11)
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.58(.67, 3.59)	1.62(.67, 3.77)	1.45(.25,6.78)	5.35(.33,70.89)
$educ3_f(HS <)$.84(.46, 1.57)	.95(.51,1.8)	1.02(.37, 3.14)	2.01(.35, 13.01)
singleTRUE	1.65(.97, 2.81).	1.68(.97,2.9).	1.2(.27,4.83)	2.27(.29,17.5)
poor_healthTRUE		.73(.42,1.27)		.66(.11, 3.76)
sedentaryTRUE		2.97(1.56,5.55)***		10.07(1.43,71.57)*
current_work_2TRUE		.9(.45, 1.78)		1.53(.16,11.94)
$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$.64(.37,1.11)		1(.16,6.62)
$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$		•	1.03(.99,1.08)	1.02(.97, 1.08)
$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$.98(.89,1.07)	.92(.81,1.03)
age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)			1.03(.99,1.08)	1.01(.95, 1.07)
age_in_years_70:singleTRUE			.97(.93,1.01)	.97(.92,1.03)
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE				1.03(.97,1.09)

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB 1
age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE				1.04(.97,1.12)
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE				1.05(.99,1.11).
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				1.04(.98,1.1)
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$			2.06(.28,16.57)	1.17(.1,14.18)
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)			1.71(.43,6.72)	1.89(.37,10.14)
femaleTRUE:singleTRUE			2.37(.71, 8.72)	5.13(1.23,25.99)*
femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE				1.73(.43,7.25)
femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				.98(.18, 5.75)
femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				.81(.17,3.82)
$femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				2.01(.44, 9.83)
$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.85(.11, 6.93)	3.16(.23,49.8)
educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE			.49(.13,1.83)	.46(.08,2.41)
educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE				.81(.1,6.52)
educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE				.96(.23, 4.04)
$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$.89(.09,10.33)
$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$.33(.06, 1.78)
$educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE$.12(0,2.21)
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				.3(.05, 1.56)
$educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE$.28(.03, 2.56)
$educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE$				1.1(.23, 5.45)
$single TRUE: poor_health TRUE$.52(.13, 2.15)
${\bf single TRUE:} {\bf sedentary TRUE}$.64(.12, 3.32)
$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$				1.78(.35, 9.33)
$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.26(.05,1.12).
$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$				1.33(.3,6.14)
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				.85(.16, 4.09)
$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				1.82(.47, 7.41)
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_work_2TRUE}$				6.53(.89,55.81).
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_drinkTRUE}$.25(.04,1.24)
current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.94(.39,11.33)

${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf lbsl}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-195.815	391.63	403.6	429.2	522	517	5

sign	$coef_name$	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.09	(.05,.17)	-2.39	.32	0.0000	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70$.97	(.95, .99)	03	.01	0.0038	<=.01
	femaleTRUE	1.45	(.84, 2.53)	.37	.28	0.1873	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.58	(.67, 3.59)	.46	.42	0.2823	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.84	(.46, 1.57)	17	.31	0.5807	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.65	(.97, 2.81)	.5	.27	0.0668	<=.10

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to data from ${\bf lbsl}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-188.4152	376.8303	396.8	439.4	522	513	9

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.11	(.05,.22)	-2.22	.38	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.97	(.94,.99)	03	.01	0.0052	<=.01
	femaleTRUE	1.35	(.78, 2.39)	.3	.29	0.2908	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.62	(.67, 3.77)	.48	.44	0.2667	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.95	(.51, 1.8)	05	.32	0.8646	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.68	(.97, 2.9)	.52	.28	0.0621	<=.10
	$poor_healthTRUE$.73	(.42, 1.27)	31	.28	0.2740	> .10
*	$\operatorname{sedentaryTRUE}$	2.97	(1.56, 5.55)	1.09	.32	0.0007	<=.001
	$current_work_2TRUE$.9	(.45, 1.78)	1	.35	0.7647	> .10
	$current_drinkTRUE$.64	(.37, 1.11)	45	.28	0.1108	> .10

 ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf lbsl}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-190.5223	381.0446	411	474.9	522	508	14

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_{-}
***	(Intercept)	.1	(.04,.23)	-2.29	.46	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.95	(.9,1)	05	.03	0.0383	<=.05
	femaleTRUE	.86	(.25, 2.98)	15	.62	0.8135	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.45	(.25, 6.78)	.37	.82	0.6502	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.02	(.37, 3.14)	.02	.54	0.9733	> .10
	singleTRUE	1.2	(.27, 4.83)	.18	.73	0.8008	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$	1.03	(.99, 1.08)	.03	.02	0.1418	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$.98	(.89, 1.07)	02	.05	0.6083	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.03	(.99, 1.08)	.03	.02	0.1543	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	.97	(.93, 1.01)	03	.02	0.1590	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$	2.06	(.28, 16.57)	.72	1.02	0.4820	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	1.71	(.43,6.72)	.54	.69	0.4388	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	2.37	(.71, 8.72)	.86	.63	0.1731	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.85	(.11, 6.93)	17	1.05	0.8732	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE	.49	(.13,1.83)	7	.67	0.2953	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to data from ${\bf lbsl}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-171.3046	342.6091	432.6	624.3	522	478	44

singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE .64 (.12,3.32) 44 .84 0.5982 singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE 1.78 (.35,9.33) .57 .83 0.4892 singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE .26 (.05,1.12) -1.35 .77 0.0793	p sign_
femaleTRUE .31 (.04,2.11) -1.17 1 0.2404 educ3_f(S S) .63 3.37,0.89 1.68 1.34 0.2115 educ3_f(S S) 2.01 (.33,70.89) 1.68 1.34 0.2115 singleTRUE 2.27 (.29,17.5) .82 1.04 0.4310 poor_healthTRUE 66 (.11,3.76) -41 .89 0.6446 sedentaryTRUE 1.007 (.14,3.71.57) 2.31 .99 0.0192 current_drinkTRUE 1.53 (.16,11.94) .43 1.08 0.6926 current_drinkTRUE 1.02 (.97,1.08) .02 .03 0.4195 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(S S) .92 (.81,1.03) .09 .06 0.1511 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(S S) .92 (.81,1.03) .09 .06 0.1511 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(S S) .1.01 (.95,1.07) .01 .03 0.7474 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(S S) .1.04 (.97,1.12) .04 .	17 <=.01
educ3_f(< HS)	65 <=.05
educ3_f(HS <)	04 > .10
singleTRUE 2.27 (.29,17.5) .82 1.04 0.4310 poor_healthTRUE .66 (.11,3.76) 41 .89 0.6446 sedentaryTRUE 10.07 (.143,71.57) 2.31 .99 0.0192 current_work_2TRUE 1.53 (.16,11.94) .43 1.08 0.6926 current_drinkTRUE 1 (.16,6.62) 0 .94 0.9984 age_in_years_70:feduc3_f(< HS)	15 > .10
poor_healthTRUE .66	46 > .10
sedentaryTRUE 10.07 (1.43,71.57) 2.31 .99 0.0192 current_work_2TRUE 1.53 (16,11.94) .43 1.08 0.6926 current_drinkTRUE 1 (16,6.62) 0 .94 0.9984 age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE 1.02 (.97,1.08) .02 .03 0.4195 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)	
current_work_2TRUE 1.53 (.16,11.94) .43 1.08 0.6926 current_drinkTRUE 1 (.16,6.62) 0 .94 0.9984 age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE 1.02 (.97,1.08) .02 .03 0.4195 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS > .92 (.81,1.03) .09 .06 0.1511 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS .01 (.95,1.07) .01 .03 0.7474 age_in_years_70:singleTRUE .97 (.92,1.03) .03 .03 0.2938 age_in_years_70:scdentaryTRUE 1.03 (.97,1.09) .03 .03 0.4032 .age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE 1.05 (.99,1.11) .05 .03 0.0909 age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE 1.04 (.98,1.1) .04 .03 0.1938 femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS 1.17 (.1,14.18) .16 1.25 0.8983 femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS 1.189 (.37,10.14) .64 .83 0.4450	46 > .10
current_drinkTRUE 1 (.16,6.62) 0 .94 0.9984 age in _years_70:educ3_f(< HS)	
age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE 1.02 (.97,1.08) .02 .03 0.4195 age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)	95 > .10
age_in_years_70:singleTRUE .97 (.92,1.03) 03 .03 0.2938 age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE 1.03 (.97,1.09) .03 .03 0.4032 age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE 1.04 (.97,1.12) .04 .04 0.2757 age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE 1.05 (.99,1.11) .05 .03 0.0909 age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE 1.04 (.98,1.1) .04 .03 0.1938 femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS) 1.17 (.1,14.18) .16 1.25 0.8983 femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	11 > .10
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	74 > .10
age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE	38 > .10
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE 1.05 (.99,1.11) .05 .03 0.0909 age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE 1.04 (.98,1.1) .04 .03 0.1938 femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)	32 > .10
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	57 > .10
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)	09 <=.10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38 > .10
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	83 > .10
femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE 1.73 (.43,7.25) .55 .72 0.4437 femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE .98 (.18,5.75) 02 .87 0.9813 femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE .81 (.17,3.82) 21 .79 0.7878 femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE 2.01 (.44,9.83) .7 .78 0.3717 educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE	50 > .10
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	32 <=.05
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	78 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	84 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 > .10
educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE	78 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31 > .10
singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE .52 (.13,2.15) 64 .72 0.3689 singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE .64 (.12,3.32) 44 .84 0.5982 singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE 1.78 (.35,9.33) .57 .83 0.4892 singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE .26 (.05,1.12) -1.35 .77 0.0793	78 > .10
singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE .64 (.12,3.32) 44 .84 0.5982 singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE 1.78 (.35,9.33) .57 .83 0.4892 singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE .26 (.05,1.12) -1.35 .77 0.0793	24 > .10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	89 > .10
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	82 > .10
	92 > .10
	93 <=.10
poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE 1.33 (.3,6.14) .29 .76 0.7089	89 > .10
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	83 > .10
poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE 1.82 (.47,7.41) .6 .7 0.3917	
. sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE 6.53 (.89,55.81) 1.88 1.04 0.0724	
sedentaryTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	
current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE 1.94 (.39,11.33) .66 .85 0.4373	73 > .10

 ${f best}$ solution of model ${f best}$ fit to data from ${f lbsl}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5303.738	10607.48	10627.5	10701.7	12327	12318	9

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.14	(.13,.15)	-1.99	.04	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.98	(.96, .99)	03	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	sedentaryTRUE	1.6	(1.43, 1.77)	.47	.05	0.0000	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.99	(.99,1)	01	0	0.1992	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:singleTRUE$.99	(.98,1)	01	0	0.1566	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.82	(.71,.95)	2	.08	0.0103	<=.05
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	.99	(.98,1)	01	0	0.0321	<=.05
*	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	1.02	(1.01, 1.03)	.02	0	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	.98	(.97, .99)	02	0	0.0000	<=.001
*	$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.84	(1.59, 2.13)	.61	.08	0.0000	<=.001

satsa BETWEEN

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB
(Intercept)	.25(.15,.42)***	.08(.04,.15)***	.13(.04,.34)***	.03(0,.25)**
age_in_years_70	.95(.94,.96)***	.95(.93,.96)***	.93(.87,.98)*	.76(.64,.87)***
femaleTRUE	.44(.34,.57)***	.48(.37,.63)***	.66(.22, 1.98)	.7(.15, 3.2)
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.17(.72,1.98)	1.27(.77, 2.17)	2.93(1.13, 9.05)*	4.14(.47,73.97)
$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.03(.51, 2.06)	1.13(.56, 2.28)	1.39(.36, 5.56)	3.51(.24,85.22)
$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.46(1.09, 1.94)*	1.59(1.18, 2.13)**	2.17(.66, 7.31)	4.75(.97, 24.56).
poor_healthTRUE		1.19(.9,1.57)		1.68(.34, 7.77)
sedentaryTRUE		1.58(1.19,2.12)**		.64(.14, 3.08)
$current_work_2TRUE$.67(.46,.97)*		.01(0,.1)***
$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$		2.87(2.03,4.12)***		9.1(1.32,119.98)*
$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.96(.93,.98)***	.98(.95, 1.02)
age_in_years_70:educ3_f($<$ HS)			1.05(.99,1.12)	1.23(1.1,1.45)**
age_in_years_70:educ3_f($HS <)$			1.02(.95,1.11)	1.15(1,1.37).
$age_in_years_70:singleTRUE$			1(.98,1.02)	1.01(.98, 1.05)
$age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE$				1(.97,1.03)
$age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE$				1(.96,1.03)
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE				.99(.96, 1.03)
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				1.04(.99, 1.08)
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.4(.13,1.19).	.44(.12,1.62)
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$.69(.16, 2.95)	.6(.11, 3.15)
${\it femaleTRUE:} {\it singleTRUE}$.76(.42, 1.36)	.78(.42, 1.45)
$female TRUE: poor_health TRUE$.73(.4,1.33)
${\it femaleTRUE:} {\it sedentaryTRUE}$				1.1(.6,2.05)
$female TRUE: current_work_2 TRUE$				2.04(.91, 4.59).
${\it femaleTRUE:} current_drinkTRUE$.99(.46, 2.11)

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB
educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE			.8(.24,2.62)	.81(.19,3.26)
educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE			1.17(.25, 5.51)	.89(.15, 5.09)
educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE				1.18(.32,4.77)
educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE				1.29(.24, 7.39)
$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$				1.83(.49,6.57)
educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE				2.03(.36,11.93)
$educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE$				30.16(3.81,392.84)*
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				10.75(.78,201.89).
$educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE$.36(.03, 2.06)
educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE				.22(.02,2.01)
$singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$.54(.28, 1.02).
${\bf single TRUE:} {\bf sedentary TRUE}$.66(.35, 1.27)
$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$				1.26(.5, 3.16)
$singleTRUE: current_drinkTRUE$.8(.37,1.71)
$poor_health TRUE : sedentary TRUE$				1.09(.57, 2.11)
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				1.38(.61,3.1)
$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.62(.29,1.31)
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_work_2TRUE}$				1.25(.53, 2.99)
${\bf sedentaryTRUE:} {\bf current_drinkTRUE}$				1.43(.64, 3.15)
current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUI	₹.			1.56(.54, 4.67)

 ${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf satsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-688.693	1377.386	1389.4	1420.6	1351	1346	5

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept) age_in_years_70	.25 .95	(.15,.42) (.94,.96)	-1.37 06	.26	0.0000	<=.001 <=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.93 .44	(.34,.50) (.34,.57)	83	.13	0.0000	<=.001 <=.001
	$\begin{array}{l} educ3_f(\ < HS\) \\ educ3_f(\ HS\ <\) \end{array}$	1.17 1.03	(.72,1.98) (.51,2.06)	.16 .03	.26 .35	0.5407 0.9352	> .10 > .10
	singleTRUE	1.46	(1.09, 1.94)	.38	.15	0.0103	<=.05

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to data from ${\bf satsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-663.8472	1327.694	1347.7	1399.8	1351	1342	9

sign	$coef_name$	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_{-}
***	(Intercept)	.08	(.04,.15)	-2.5	.33	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.95	(.93, .96)	06	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.48	(.37, .63)	73	.14	0.0000	<=.001
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.27	(.77, 2.17)	.24	.26	0.3553	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.13	(.56, 2.28)	.12	.36	0.7405	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.59	(1.18, 2.13)	.46	.15	0.0023	<=.01
	$poor_healthTRUE$	1.19	(.9, 1.57)	.17	.14	0.2304	> .10
	$\operatorname{sedentaryTRUE}$	1.58	(1.19, 2.12)	.46	.15	0.0019	<=.01
	$current_work_2TRUE$.67	(.46, .97)	4	.19	0.0369	<=.05
*	$current_drinkTRUE$	2.87	(2.03, 4.12)	1.05	.18	0.0000	<=.001

 ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf satsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-675.0522	1350.104	1380.1	1458.2	1351	1337	14

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_{-}
***	(Intercept)	.13	(.04,.34)	-2.02	.52	0.0001	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.93	(.87,.98)	08	.03	0.0131	<=.05
	femaleTRUE	.66	(.22, 1.98)	41	.55	0.4559	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	2.93	(1.13, 9.05)	1.08	.53	0.0409	<=.05
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	1.39	(.36, 5.56)	.33	.69	0.6362	> .10
	singleTRUE	2.17	(.66, 7.31)	.78	.61	0.2020	> .10
*	age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE	.96	(.93,.98)	05	.01	0.0001	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.05	(.99, 1.12)	.05	.03	0.1140	> .10
	age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)	1.02	(.95, 1.11)	.02	.04	0.5602	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1	(.98, 1.02)	0	.01	0.9965	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.4	(.13, 1.19)	91	.55	0.0983	<=.10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	.69	(.16, 2.95)	37	.74	0.6180	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.76	(.42, 1.36)	28	.3	0.3530	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.8	(.24, 2.62)	22	.6	0.7145	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE$	1.17	(.25, 5.51)	.16	.79	0.8376	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to data from ${\bf satsa}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-635.8426	1271.685	1361.7	1596.1	1351	1307	44

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
**	(Intercept)	.03	(0,.25)	-3.63	1.31	0.0057	<=.01
*	age_in_years_70	.76	(.64, .87)	28	.07	0.0002	<=.001

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$\mathrm{sign}_$
	femaleTRUE	.7	(.15, 3.2)	36	.77	0.6411	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	4.14	(.47,73.97)	1.42	1.25	0.2572	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$	3.51	(.24,85.22)	1.25	1.46	0.3910	> .10
	singleTRUE	4.75	(.97, 24.56)	1.56	.82	0.0569	<=.10
	poor_healthTRUE	1.68	(.34, 7.77)	.52	.79	0.5146	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE	.64	(.14, 3.08)	44	.78	0.5730	> .10
*	$current_work_2TRUE$.01	(0,.1)	-4.72	1.34	0.0004	<=.001
	$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$	9.1	(1.32,119.98)	2.21	1.11	0.0473	<=.05
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.98	(.95, 1.02)	02	.02	0.3450	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.23	(1.1,1.45)	.21	.07	0.0027	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.15	(1,1.37)	.14	.08	0.0720	<=.10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1.01	(.98, 1.05)	.01	.02	0.4881	> .10
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.02	0.9173	> .10
	age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE	1	(.96, 1.03)	0	.02	0.9352	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	.99	(.96,1.03)	01	.02	0.6923	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	1.04	(.99,1.08)	.03	.02	0.1220	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.44	(.12,1.62)	82	.66	0.2104	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	.6	(.11, 3.15)	5	.84	0.5495	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.78	(.42, 1.45)	25	.32	0.4375	> .10
	femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.73	(.4,1.33)	31	.3	0.3048	> .10
	femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	1.1	(.6,2.05)	.1	.31	0.7555	> .10
	femaleTRUE:current work 2TRUE	2.04	(.91, 4.59)	.71	.41	0.0836	<=.10
	femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	.99	(.46, 2.11)	01	.39	0.9831	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$.81	(.19, 3.26)	2	.71	0.7740	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE	.89	(.15, 5.09)	11	.89	0.9002	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE	1.18	(.32, 4.77)	.17	.68	0.8050	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	1.29	(.24, 7.39)	.25	.87	0.7694	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE	1.83	(.49, 6.57)	.6	.66	0.3578	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE	2.03	(.36, 11.93)	.71	.89	0.4266	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE	30.16	(3.81,392.84)	3.41	1.17	0.0035	<=.01
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	10.75	(.78,201.89)	2.38	1.4	0.0892	<=.10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE	.36	(.03, 2.06)	-1.02	1.02	0.3147	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE	.22	(.02, 2.01)	-1.49	1.2	0.2118	> .10
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.54	(.28, 1.02)	62	.33	0.0570	<=.10
	singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.66	(.35, 1.27)	41	.33	0.2170	> .10
	singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.26	(.5,3.16)	.24	.47	0.6142	
	singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	.8	(.37, 1.71)	23	.39	0.5613	> .10
	poor healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	1.09	(.57, 2.11)	.09	.33	0.7878	> .10
	poor healthTRUE:current work 2TRUE	1.38	(.61,3.1)	.32	.41	0.4389	> .10
	poor healthTRUE:current drinkTRUE	.62	(.29, 1.31)	48	.39	0.2090	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.25	(.53, 2.99)	.22	.44	0.6182	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current drinkTRUE	1.43	(.64,3.15)	.36	.41	0.3738	> .10
	current work 2TRUE:current drinkTRUE	1.56	(.54,4.67)	.45	.55	0.4145	> .10

 ${f best}$ solution of model ${f best}$ fit to data from ${f satsa}$ study

logL	ik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5259.3	15	10518.63	10548.6	10659.9	12327	12313	14

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	р	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.13	(.11,.15)	-2.04	.07	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.96	(.95, .97)	04	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE	.74	(.66, .84)	3	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.6	(1.4, 1.84)	.47	.07	0.0000	<=.001
*	poor_healthTRUE	1.39	(1.22, 1.58)	.33	.07	0.0000	<=.001
*	$current_work_2TRUE$.64	(.5,.8)	45	.12	0.0002	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$	1.25	(1.12,1.4)	.22	.06	0.0001	<=.001
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.85	(.68, 1.06)	17	.11	0.1415	> .10
	age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE	.99	(.98,1)	01	0	0.0074	<=.01
	femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.36	(1.1, 1.67)	.31	.11	0.0037	<=.01
*	$current_drinkTRUE:sedentaryTRUE$	1.54	(1.32, 1.79)	.43	.08	0.0000	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$.99	(.98, 1.01)	01	.01	0.3706	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.01	(.99, 1.03)	.01	.01	0.3018	> .10
	current_work_2TRUE:educ3_f(< HS)	1.01	(.78,1.3)	.01	.13	0.9437	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE:educ3_f(\ HS<)$.72	(.5, 1.02)	33	.18	0.0661	<=.10

share

$\mathbf{BETWEEN}$

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB	bes
(Intercept)	.19(.15,.24)***	.18(.13,.24)***	.19(.13,.26)***	.23(.14,.39)***	.13
age_in_years_70	1(.99,1.01)	1(.99,1.01)	.99(.97, 1.02)	.98(.95, 1.02)	ŀ
femaleTRUE	1.11(.89, 1.39)	1.09(.87, 1.37)	1.07(.7,1.65)	.71(.4,1.26)	.64
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1(.78, 1.29)	1.03(.8,1.32)	1.09(.71, 1.67)	.58(.32, 1.07).	1.0
$educ3_f(HS <)$.84(.64,1.11)	.85(.64, 1.12)	.8(.5,1.29)	.78(.4,1.52)	.83
singleTRUE	.86(.64, 1.13)	.85(.63, 1.12)	.74(.37, 1.42)	1.24(.52, 2.81)	ļ
poor_healthTRUE	•	.88(.7,1.11)		.86(.48, 1.54)	1.3
sedentaryTRUE		1.23(.94, 1.58)		1.02(.49, 2.07)	•
current_work_2TRUE		.94(.72,1.23)		.82(.4,1.64)	.63
current_drinkTRUE		1.45(1.15,1.83)**		.75(.39, 1.43)	ļ
age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE			1(.97, 1.02)	1(.97,1.03)	ļ
$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$			1.02(.99,1.04)	1(.97,1.03)	ļ
age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)			1.01(.98,1.04)	1(.96,1.04)	ŀ
age_in_years_70:singleTRUE			1(.97,1.03)	1(.97,1.03)	ŀ
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE				1.03(1,1.05).	ŀ
age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE				1(.97, 1.04)	ŀ
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE				1.01(.97, 1.05)	ŀ
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				1.01(.98, 1.04)	1(.
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.93(.55, 1.57)	.91(.52, 1.59)	ļ
femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)			1.24(.69, 2.22)	1.22(.68, 2.22)	ļ
femaleTRUE:singleTRUE			.99(.54,1.89)	.95(.5,1.84)	ļ
femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE				1.31(.79, 2.21)	ļ
femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				1.16(.66, 2.04)	ļ
femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				1.46(.81,2.62)	ļ
$female TRUE: current_drink TRUE$				1.43(.87, 2.36)	1.4
$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$			1.31(.68, 2.57)	1.52(.75, 3.12)	ļ
educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE			1.13(.52,2.42)	1.1(.49, 2.44)	ļ
educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE			•	2.14(1.22,3.79)**	1.3
educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE				1.01(.52, 1.95)	.92
, –					

coef_name	A	В	AA	BB	bes
educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE				2.11(1.1,4.09)*	
educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE				1.13(.54, 2.31)	
educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE				.76(.38, 1.48)	
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				.57(.28, 1.14)	
educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE				1.24(.69, 2.23)	
educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE				1.5(.82,2.74)	
$singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$.47(.24,.91)*	
singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				.48(.2,1.05).	1.5
$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$.75(.33, 1.65)	
$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				1.13(.61,2.07)	
poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				.49(.27,.9)*	.71
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				.91(.49, 1.66)	
poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.03(.6,1.78)	
sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				1.41(.74, 2.72)	
sedentaryTRUE:current_drinkTRUE				1.36(.7,2.6)	
$current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE$				1.93(1.04,3.6)*	1.2

 ${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf share}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-1115.067	2230.134	2242.1	2277.2	2554	2549	5

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$sign_$
***	(Intercept)	.19	(.15,.24)	-1.65	.12	0.0000	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70$	1	(.99, 1.01)	0	.01	0.8531	> .10
	femaleTRUE	1.11	(.89, 1.39)	.1	.11	0.3571	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1	(.78, 1.29)	0	.13	0.9787	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.84	(.64, 1.11)	17	.14	0.2177	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$.86	(.64, 1.13)	16	.15	0.2816	> .10

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to data from ${\bf share}$ study

•	logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
	-1109.27	2218.539	2238.5	2297	2554	2545	9

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.18	(.13,.24)	-1.73	.15	0.0000	<=.001
	$age_in_years_70$	1	(.99, 1.01)	0	.01	0.8845	> .10
	femaleTRUE	1.09	(.87, 1.37)	.09	.12	0.4469	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.03	(.8, 1.32)	.03	.13	0.8397	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.85	(.64, 1.12)	17	.14	0.2371	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$.85	(.63, 1.12)	17	.15	0.2554	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	poor_healthTRUE	.88	(.7,1.11)	13	.12	0.2770	> .10
	$\operatorname{sedentaryTRUE}$	1.23	(.94, 1.58)	.21	.13	0.1200	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE$.94	(.72, 1.23)	06	.14	0.6660	> .10
	$current_drinkTRUE$	1.45	(1.15, 1.83)	.37	.12	0.0017	<=.01

 ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf share}$ study

•	logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
	-1112.934	2225.869	2255.9	2343.6	2554	2540	14

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$\mathrm{sign}_$
***	(Intercept)	.19	(.13,.26)	-1.67	.17	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.99	(.97, 1.02)	01	.01	0.5547	> .10
	femaleTRUE	1.07	(.7, 1.65)	.07	.22	0.7611	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.09	(.71, 1.67)	.08	.22	0.7024	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.8	(.5, 1.29)	22	.24	0.3626	> .10
	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$.74	(.37, 1.42)	3	.34	0.3885	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$	1	(.97, 1.02)	0	.01	0.8562	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.02	(.99, 1.04)	.02	.01	0.2182	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.01	(.98, 1.04)	.01	.02	0.4082	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.01	0.9320	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.93	(.55, 1.57)	07	.27	0.7840	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.24	(.69, 2.22)	.22	.3	0.4643	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.99	(.54, 1.89)	01	.32	0.9814	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.31	(.68, 2.57)	.27	.34	0.4224	> .10
	educ3_f($HS <$):singleTRUE	1.13	(.52, 2.42)	.12	.39	0.7612	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to data from ${\bf share}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-1084.736	2169.472	2259.5	2522.5	2554	2510	44

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$\mathrm{sign}_$
***	(Intercept)	.23	(.14,.39)	-1.45	.27	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.98	(.95, 1.02)	02	.02	0.3026	> .10
	femaleTRUE	.71	(.4,1.26)	34	.29	0.2437	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$.58	(.32, 1.07)	54	.31	0.0806	<=.10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.78	(.4,1.52)	24	.34	0.4731	> .10
	singleTRUE	1.24	(.52, 2.81)	.21	.43	0.6213	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE	.86	(.48, 1.54)	15	.3	0.6107	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE	1.02	(.49, 2.07)	.02	.37	0.9469	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	current_work_2TRUE	.82	(.4, 1.64)	2	.36	0.5725	> .10
	current_drinkTRUE	.75	(.39, 1.43)	28	.33	0.3909	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.01	0.9366	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.02	0.8265	> .10
	age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)	1	(.96, 1.04)	0	.02	0.9352	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1	(.97, 1.03)	0	.02	0.9585	> .10
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	1.03	(1,1.05)	.02	.01	0.0850	<=.10
	$age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE$	1	(.97, 1.04)	0	.02	0.8840	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	1.01	(.97, 1.05)	.01	.02	0.5474	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	1.01	(.98, 1.04)	.01	.02	0.3921	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$.91	(.52, 1.59)	09	.29	0.7435	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	1.22	(.68, 2.22)	.2	.3	0.5041	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.95	(.5,1.84)	05	.33	0.8718	> .10
	femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	1.31	(.79, 2.21)	.27	.26	0.2996	> .10
	femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	1.16	(.66, 2.04)	.15	.29	0.6111	> .10
	femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.46	(.81, 2.62)	.38	.3	0.2016	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.43	(.87, 2.36)	.36	.26	0.1648	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.52	(.75, 3.12)	.42	.36	0.2490	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE	1.1	(.49, 2.44)	.1	.41	0.8077	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE	2.14	(1.22, 3.79)	.76	.29	0.0084	<=.01
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	1.01	(.52, 1.95)	.01	.34	0.9766	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$	2.11	(1.1,4.09)	.75	.33	0.0257	<=.05
	$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$	1.13	(.54, 2.31)	.12	.37	0.7489	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE$.76	(.38, 1.48)	28	.35	0.4234	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	.57	(.28, 1.14)	57	.36	0.1092	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE$	1.24	(.69, 2.23)	.21	.3	0.4766	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE	1.5	(.82, 2.74)	.41	.31	0.1870	> .10
	singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE	.47	(.24,.91)	75	.34	0.0251	<=.05
	${\bf single TRUE:} {\bf sedentary TRUE}$.48	(.2,1.05)	74	.42	0.0775	<=.10
	singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.75	(.33, 1.65)	29	.41	0.4727	> .10
	singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	1.13	(.61, 2.07)	.12	.31	0.7046	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.49	(.27,.9)	71	.31	0.0222	<=.05
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.91	(.49, 1.66)	09	.31	0.7627	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	1.03	(.6,1.78)	.03	.28	0.9063	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.41	(.74, 2.72)	.35	.33	0.2988	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current_drinkTRUE	1.36	(.7,2.6)	.31	.33	0.3549	> .10
	current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE	1.93	(1.04, 3.6)	.66	.32	0.0371	<=.05

 ${f best}$ solution of model ${f best}$ fit to data from ${f share}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5259.089	10518.18	10554.2	10687.7	12327	12310	17

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.13	(.11,.15)	-2.04	.07	0.0000	<=.001
	educ3 f(< HS)	1.08	(.94, 1.24)	.08	.07	0.2649	> .10

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.83	(.69,1)	18	.09	0.0500	<=.10
*	femaleTRUE	.64	(.56, .74)	44	.07	0.0000	<=.001
	poor_healthTRUE	1.31	(1.04, 1.65)	.27	.12	0.0227	<=.05
*	$current_work_2TRUE$.63	(.51, .77)	47	.11	0.0000	<=.001
*	poor_healthFALSE:age_in_years_70	.96	(.95, .97)	05	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	poor_healthTRUE:age_in_years_70	.96	(.95, .97)	04	.01	0.0000	<=.001
*	$poor_healthFALSE:singleTRUE$	1.69	(1.45, 1.96)	.52	.08	0.0000	<=.001
*	$poor_healthTRUE:singleTRUE$	1.41	(1.15, 1.71)	.34	.1	0.0007	<=.001
*	singleFALSE:sedentaryTRUE	1.83	(1.57, 2.12)	.6	.08	0.0000	<=.001
*	singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	1.5	(1.21, 1.87)	.41	.11	0.0002	<=.001
	$poor_healthTRUE:sedentaryTRUE$.71	(.57,.88)	35	.11	0.0021	<=.01
	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	1	(.98, 1.01)	0	.01	0.4477	> .10
*	$femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.4	(1.2, 1.64)	.34	.08	0.0000	<=.001
	$current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.21	(.95, 1.56)	.19	.13	0.1247	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE$	1.37	(1.08, 1.74)	.31	.12	0.0107	<=.05
	$educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE$.92	(.65, 1.29)	08	.17	0.6290	> .10

${f tilda}$

coef_name	A	В	AA	ВВ
(Intercept)	.11(.09,.13)***	.08(.07,.11)***	.15(.11,.2)***	.07(.04,.12)***
age_in_years_70	.95(.95,.96)***	.94(.93,.95)***	.97(.95,.99)**	.97(.94,1).
femaleTRUE	.93(.81,1.07)	.91(.79, 1.05)	.65(.47,.9)*	.78(.49, 1.24)
$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.27(1.09,1.47)**	1.18(1.01,1.38)*	.88(.65,1.2)	1.26(.79, 2.05)
$educ3_f(HS <)$.39(.25,.58)***	.42(.27,.63)***	.47(.22,.91)*	.16(.02,.75)*
singleTRUE	1.82(1.56, 2.12)***	1.8(1.54,2.1)***	1.69(1.17,2.41)**	1.39(.83, 2.31)
poor_healthTRUE		1.59(1.35,1.87)***		1.85(1.07,3.18)*
sedentaryTRUE		1.54(1.29,1.83)***		2.3(1.28,4.09)**
current_work_2TRUE		.64(.54,.76)***		.88(.49, 1.59)
$current_drinkTRUE$		1.36(1.16,1.61)***		2.09(1.29,3.46)*
$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.98(.96,1)*	.98(.96,1)*
age_in_years_70:educ3_f($<$ HS)			.99(.97, 1.01)	.99(.97, 1.01)
$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$			1.02(.97, 1.07)	1.03(.97,1.09)
age_in_years_70:singleTRUE			.99(.98, 1.01)	1(.98,1.02)
age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE				.98(.96,1)
$age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE$				1.01(.99, 1.04)
age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE				1(.98,1.03)
age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE				.99(.97, 1.01)
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$			1.49(1.1,2.03)*	1.3(.94,1.79)
$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)$.94(.36, 2.38)	.95(.36, 2.47)
femaleTRUE:singleTRUE			.81(.59,1.1)	.86(.62,1.19)
$femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$				1.01(.71, 1.43)
female TRUE : sedentary TRUE				.94(.65, 1.36)
$femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$				1.01(.71,1.44)
$femaleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.79(.55, 1.12)
$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$			1.29(.92, 1.82)	1.32(.93,1.89)
$educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE$			1.16(.46, 2.81)	1.34(.51, 3.38)
educ3_f($<$ HS):poor_healthTRUE				1.06(.72, 1.57)

coef_name	A	В	AA	ВВ
educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE				1.63(.45,5.1)
$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$.84(.56, 1.26)
educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE				2.02(.67,5.72)
educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE				.88(.62,1.26)
educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE				1.53(.54,4.48)
educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE				.64(.43,.95)*
educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE				2.1(.51,14.64)
$singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$				1.03(.72,1.48)
singleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE				1.08(.72, 1.61)
$singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE$.98(.67, 1.43)
$singleTRUE: current_drinkTRUE$				1.21(.84, 1.76)
$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$.76(.51, 1.12)
poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE				.63(.41,.96)*
$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.78(.54, 1.14)
${\tt sedentaryTRUE:} {\tt current_work_2TRUE}$.96(.61,1.48)
${\bf sedentaryTRUE:} {\bf current_drinkTRUE}$.88(.59, 1.32)
current_work_2TRUE:current_drinkTRUE				.91(.6,1.41)

 ${\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf tilda}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-2588.705	5177.409	5189.4	5229.4	5844	5839	5

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.11	(.09,.13)	-2.19	.09	0.0000	<=.001
*	$age_in_years_70$.95	(.95, .96)	05	0	0.0000	<=.001
	femaleTRUE	.93	(.81, 1.07)	07	.07	0.3197	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.27	(1.09, 1.47)	.24	.08	0.0023	<=.01
*	$educ3_f(HS <)$.39	(.25,.58)	94	.21	0.0000	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.82	(1.56, 2.12)	.6	.08	0.0000	<=.001

 ${\bf B}$ solution of model ${\bf B}$ fit to data from ${\bf tilda}$ study

	logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-2	535.063	5070.126	5090.1	5156.9	5844	5835	9

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.08	(.07,.11)	-2.48	.12	0.0000	<=.001
*	age_in_years_70	.94	(.93,.95)	06	0	0.0000	<=.001

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	sign_{-}
	femaleTRUE	.91	(.79, 1.05)	09	.07	0.2090	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.18	(1.01, 1.38)	.16	.08	0.0362	<=.05
*	$educ3_f(HS <)$.42	(.27,.63)	86	.21	0.0000	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{singleTRUE}$	1.8	(1.54, 2.1)	.59	.08	0.0000	<=.001
*	$poor_healthTRUE$	1.59	(1.35, 1.87)	.46	.08	0.0000	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{sedentaryTRUE}$	1.54	(1.29, 1.83)	.43	.09	0.0000	<=.001
*	$current_work_2TRUE$.64	(.54, .76)	44	.08	0.0000	<=.001
*	$current_drinkTRUE$	1.36	(1.16, 1.61)	.31	.08	0.0003	<=.001

 ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ solution of model ${\bf A}{\bf A}$ fit to data from ${\bf tilda}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-2578.473	5156.947	5186.9	5287	5844	5830	14

sign	coef_name	odds	$odds_ci$	est	se	p	$\mathrm{sign}_$
***	(Intercept)	.15	(.11,.2)	-1.89	.14	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.97	(.95, .99)	03	.01	0.0015	<=.01
	femaleTRUE	.65	(.47,.9)	43	.17	0.0102	<=.05
	$educ3_f(< HS)$.88	(.65, 1.2)	13	.16	0.4142	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <)$.47	(.22,.91)	76	.36	0.0344	<=.05
	singleTRUE	1.69	(1.17, 2.41)	.52	.18	0.0045	<=.01
	age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE	.98	(.96,1)	02	.01	0.0133	<=.05
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$.99	(.97, 1.01)	01	.01	0.4150	> .10
	age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)	1.02	(.97, 1.07)	.02	.03	0.3972	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	.99	(.98, 1.01)	01	.01	0.5054	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.49	(1.1, 2.03)	.4	.16	0.0100	<=.05
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	.94	(.36, 2.38)	06	.48	0.8950	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.81	(.59,1.1)	21	.16	0.1793	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.29	(.92, 1.82)	.25	.17	0.1442	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE$	1.16	(.46, 2.81)	.15	.46	0.7476	> .10

 ${\bf BB}$ solution of model ${\bf BB}$ fit to data from ${\bf tilda}$ study

	logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-2	2512.134	5024.269	5114.3	5414.6	5844	5800	44

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.07	(.04,.12)	-2.62	.27	0.0000	<=.001
	age_in_years_70	.97	(.94,1)	03	.02	0.0917	<=.10
	femaleTRUE	.78	(.49, 1.24)	25	.24	0.2971	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS)$	1.26	(.79, 2.05)	.23	.24	0.3410	> .10
	educ3 f(HS <)	.16	(.02, .75)	-1.82	.88	0.0393	<=.05

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	p	sign_
	singleTRUE	1.39	(.83, 2.31)	.33	.26	0.2045	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE	1.85	(1.07, 3.18)	.61	.28	0.0268	<=.05
	sedentaryTRUE	2.3	(1.28, 4.09)	.83	.3	0.0048	<=.01
	$current_work_2TRUE$.88	(.49, 1.59)	12	.3	0.6828	> .10
	current_drinkTRUE	2.09	(1.29, 3.46)	.74	.25	0.0035	<=.01
	$age_in_years_70:femaleTRUE$.98	(.96,1)	02	.01	0.0156	<=.05
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(< HS)$.99	(.97, 1.01)	01	.01	0.2212	> .10
	$age_in_years_70:educ3_f(HS <)$	1.03	(.97, 1.09)	.03	.03	0.3278	> .10
	age_in_years_70:singleTRUE	1	(.98, 1.02)	0	.01	0.8225	> .10
	age_in_years_70:poor_healthTRUE	.98	(.96,1)	02	.01	0.1056	> .10
	age_in_years_70:sedentaryTRUE	1.01	(.99, 1.04)	.01	.01	0.2551	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_work_2TRUE	1	(.98, 1.03)	0	.01	0.7688	> .10
	age_in_years_70:current_drinkTRUE	.99	(.97, 1.01)	01	.01	0.2739	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3 $_f$ (< HS)	1.3	(.94, 1.79)	.26	.16	0.1142	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(HS <)	.95	(.36, 2.47)	05	.49	0.9189	> .10
	femaleTRUE:singleTRUE	.86	(.62, 1.19)	15	.16	0.3658	> .10
	$femaleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$	1.01	(.71, 1.43)	.01	.18	0.9472	> .10
	femaleTRUE:sedentaryTRUE	.94	(.65, 1.36)	06	.19	0.7424	> .10
	femaleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	1.01	(.71, 1.44)	.01	.18	0.9528	> .10
	$female TRUE: current_drink TRUE$.79	(.55, 1.12)	24	.18	0.1921	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):singleTRUE$	1.32	(.93, 1.89)	.28	.18	0.1226	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):singleTRUE	1.34	(.51, 3.38)	.29	.48	0.5412	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):poor_healthTRUE	1.06	(.72, 1.57)	.06	.2	0.7747	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):poor_healthTRUE	1.63	(.45, 5.1)	.49	.61	0.4254	> .10
	$educ3_f(< HS):sedentaryTRUE$.84	(.56, 1.26)	17	.21	0.3957	> .10
	$educ3_f(HS <):sedentaryTRUE$	2.02	(.67, 5.72)	.71	.54	0.1928	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_work_2TRUE	.88	(.62, 1.26)	13	.18	0.4885	> .10
	educ3_f(HS <):current_work_2TRUE	1.53	(.54, 4.48)	.43	.54	0.4264	> .10
	educ3_f(< HS):current_drinkTRUE	.64	(.43,.95)	45	.2	0.0273	<=.05
	educ3_f(HS <):current_drinkTRUE	2.1	(.51, 14.64)	.74	.82	0.3667	> .10
	$singleTRUE:poor_healthTRUE$	1.03	(.72, 1.48)	.03	.18	0.8577	> .10
	${\bf single TRUE:} {\bf sedentary TRUE}$	1.08	(.72, 1.61)	.08	.21	0.7149	> .10
	singleTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.98	(.67, 1.43)	02	.19	0.9173	> .10
	$singleTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$	1.21	(.84, 1.76)	.19	.19	0.3114	> .10
	$poor_healthTRUE: sedentaryTRUE$.76	(.51, 1.12)	28	.2	0.1601	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.63	(.41,.96)	46	.22	0.0325	<=.05
	$poor_healthTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.78	(.54, 1.14)	24	.19	0.2023	> .10
	sedentaryTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.96	(.61, 1.48)	04	.22	0.8447	> .10
	$sedentaryTRUE:current_drinkTRUE$.88	(.59, 1.32)	13	.21	0.5315	> .10
	$current_work_2TRUE: current_drinkTRUE$.91	(.6,1.41)	09	.22	0.6784	> .10

 ${f best}$ solution of model ${f best}$ fit to data from ${f tilda}$ study

logLik	dev	AIC	BIC	df_Null	df_Model	df_drop
-5254.911	10509.82	10543.8	10670	12327	12311	16

sign	coef_name	odds	odds_ci	est	se	р	sign_
***	(Intercept)	.1	(.08,.13)	-2.26	.11	0.0000	<=.001
	femaleTRUE	.74	(.61,.89)	31	.1	0.0016	<=.01
*	singleTRUE	1.51	(1.35, 1.68)	.41	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	poor_healthTRUE	1.35	(1.19, 1.53)	.3	.06	0.0000	<=.001
*	sedentaryTRUE	1.53	(1.37,1.7)	.42	.05	0.0000	<=.001
*	current_work_2TRUE	.77	(.67,.9)	26	.08	0.0007	<=.001
*	$\operatorname{current_drinkTRUE}$	1.46	(1.21, 1.77)	.38	.1	0.0001	<=.001
*	femaleFALSE:age_in_years_70	.96	(.96,.97)	04	0	0.0000	<=.001
*	femaleTRUE:age_in_years_70	.95	(.94,.96)	05	0	0.0000	<=.001
	poor_healthTRUE:age_in_years_70	1	(.99, 1.01)	0	.01	0.5072	> .10
	poor_healthTRUE:current_work_2TRUE	.79	(.6, 1.04)	23	.14	0.1001	> .10
	$femaleFALSE:educ3_f(< HS)$	1.22	(.96, 1.55)	.2	.12	0.0987	<=.10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)	1.17	(.95, 1.45)	.16	.11	0.1384	> .10
	femaleFALSE:educ3_f(HS <)	.8	(.59, 1.1)	22	.16	0.1726	> .10
	femaleTRUE:educ3_f(`HS <)	.85	(.63, 1.14)	16	.15	0.2884	> .10
	current_drinkTRUE:educ3_f(< HS)	1.02	(.81,1.3)	.02	.12	0.8451	> .10
	$current_drinkTRUE:educ3_f(~HS<)$.96	(.7, 1.33)	04	.17	0.8151	> .10

session

sessionInfo()

R version 3.2.5 (2016-04-14)

Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 10586)

locale:

[1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.1252 LC_CTYPE=English_United States.1252 LC_MONETARY=English_United LC_NUMERIC=C LC_TIME=English_United States.1252

attached base packages:

[1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base

other attached packages:

[1] ggplot2_2.1.0 magrittr_1.5 knitr_1.12.3

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

			, .			
[1]	Rcpp_0.12.5	munsell_0.4.3	testit_0.5	colorspace_1.2-6	R6_2.1.2	stringr_1.0.0
[7]	highr_0.5.1	plyr_1.8.3	dplyr_0.4.3	tools_3.2.5	parallel_3.2.5	grid_3.2.5
[13]	gtable_0.2.0	DBI_0.4-1	htmltools_0.3.5	yaml_2.1.13	digest_0.6.9	assertthat_0.
[19]	formatR_1.3	tidyr_0.4.1	evaluate_0.9	rmarkdown_0.9.6	stringi_1.0-1	scales_0.4.0