

SQL > Database Manipulation

# SQLite Spot Check

Before we do some serious querying, let's first make sure our database is setup correctly and also learn some useful sqlite commands. Try:

```
sqlite> .tables
actors      directors_genres  movies_directors  roles
directors   movies            movies_genres
```

If that looks similar to what you're seeing, we're in the right place.

Another useful sqlite command is `.schema`. Type:

```
sqlite> .schema movies
CREATE TABLE "movies" (
  "id" int(11) NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',
  "name" varchar(100) DEFAULT NULL,
  "year" int(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  "rank" float DEFAULT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY ("id")
);
CREATE INDEX "movies_idx_name" ON "movies" ("name");
```

This command showed us the CREATE TABLE statement that created the `movies` table. This is how you can easily find out about the details of any table's schema.

You can find more commands by typing `.help`.

